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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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STATE IS ANNEXED

Roberts Tacks the Orange Free State to the British Empire.

ARE VERY SANGUINE

Britons Expect Roberts to Be at Pretoria Within Ten Days.

Cape Town, Monday, May 28.—The Free State was formally annexed today.

Lord Roberts yesterday announced to his troops the annexation of the Free State, which hereafter will be called the Orange River State.

London, May 29, 2 p. m.—The tenor of Lord Roberts' dispatch of last night and the news from Pretoria this morning leads the authorities to expect further important news from the British commander-in-chief, dated, they hope, from Johannesburg.

The remarkable rapidity of Lord Roberts' movements and the unwonted mobility of the whole British army under him have upset the calculations of the home observers as much as they appear to have disconcerted and demoralized Lord Roberts' federal opponents. Possibly even now he is at the gates of Johannesburg, and it is believed ten days hence or less he ought to be demanding admittance to the Transvaal capital itself.

If the federals ever really intend to "stagger humanity" by blowing up the gold reef city and mines, which is doubtful, Lord Roberts may be yet too quick for them and arrive before they have time to do any wrecking. The majority of the burghers will undoubtedly be glad of an excuse for saving the mines and they may find the excuse in Lord Roberts' skill in hustling them out of one position after another.

The effectiveness of the British invasion of the Transvaal is further emphasized by the news from Pretoria of the occupation of Zee Rust and the advance on Lindenburg. Apparently, the British drag net will be drawn through the Transvaal as it was in a similar manner hauled through the Free State.

The fighting at the Klip river Sunday, reported from Pretoria, was presumably done by Gens. French and Hamilton in forcing their way round to the northward of Johannesburg.

The Orange Free State was annexed to the British empire May 28, according to Cape Town advices, but Lord Roberts seemed to have given his army the first intimation on the previous day.

JOHANNESBURGERS WARNED.

Kruger Tells Them That They Had Better Leave.

London, May 29, 5 a m.—The Morning Post has the following dispatch from Lourenzo Marques, dated Monday:

"President Kruger has issued a public proclamation warning all people to leave Johannesburg or remain their at the peril of their lives, as it might be necessary to destroy the town and mines.

"Hundreds of cases of winter clothing for the prisoners at Pretoria have been sent by the Relief association to United States Consul Hay, as well as £1000 in cash."

ADVICES FROM PRETORIA.

British Advances Reported---Day of Prayer Is Ordered.

Pretoria, Monday, May 28.—The British occupied Zeerust this morning and a large force is marching on to Lichtenburg. An official bulletin states that the British crossed the Vaal river Saturday.

Gen. Lemmer had a severe fight at Klip river. Five of the burghers were wounded and two were captured. The British were 5000 strong.

By an order recently issued, the president decreed that May 27 and the two following days be observed by the whole country as days of prayer, humiliation and the confession of sins, and that petitions should be offered for relief from oppression.

Fighting took place at Van Wyrust, fifteen miles south of Johannesburg, with a large force of British which broke through from Klip river.

BOERS LEAVE THE KLIP.

They Retire Early After Preparing a Good Position.

Klip River, Transvaal, Monday, May 28.—The Boers, after preparing a good position fled early. The train bearing their last detachment was nearly caught by Pilkington's West Australians. Prisoners taken state that there was no intention of blowing up the mines, declaring that the threat was made simply with the intention of frightening away the burghers.

The British advance force is now within fifteen miles of Johannesburg.

BOMBARDING AT INGOGO.

British Guns Are Heavily Pounding the Boer Positions.

New Castle, Natal, May 29.—The British guns at Ingogo have been heavily bombarding the Boer positions since daylight. The Boer guns have replied intermittently.

CAPE TOWN RUMOR.

Cape Town, Monday May 28.—It is rumored here that Gen. French has cut the Boer communications between Heidelberg and Boksburg, within a few miles of Johannesburg.

SMITH REACHES AFRICA.

Durban, May 29.—James Smith, the American district messenger boy, who is carrying a message of sympathy from the Philadelphia school children to the Boers, has arrived at Lourenzo Marques, and President Kruger has sent his private car to convey him to Pretoria.

TANGLE OVER FUNDS.

Question of Auditing Disbursements of Porto Rico Moneys.

Washington, May 29.—A question has arisen in the office of the auditor of the war department as to whether he has authority to audit the accounts of the disbursements under the act of March 21, 1900, appropriating $2,995,455 for the government and people of Porto Rico, or whether these accounts should be passed upon by the auditor of the state department on the theory that they relate to territorial government.

The question arose on a requisition by the secretary of war for $100,000 out of this appropriation to go to the credit of Governor Allen, at San Juan. The auditor, for the war department, held that the jurisdiction of the auditor for the state department attaches to these accounts and that the money appropriated by the act of March 24 are necessarily public funds of Porto Rico, and that the treasurer of the island is chargeable with their disbursement.

Comptroller Tracewell takes a contrary view and says that it depends entirely upon the action of the president, who might assign a portion of the appropriation to the war department and a portion to some other department, in which case the accounts should be passed upon by the auditors for these respective departments. Or he might place a portion of the money in the hands of the treasurer of Porto Rico, in which case the accounts should be examined by the auditor of the island.

"If the president," he says, "intends the $100,000 to be alloted to the war department, it is a serious question whether it was properly advanced to Governor Allen, there being no evidence that he had been designated as a special disbursing agent and furnished a bond as required by section 3614 of the revised statutes. If this advance was intended as an allotment to Porto Rico, it would then become Porto Rican funds and as such should have been turned over to the treasurer of the island to be disbursed by him under section 22 of the act of April 12, 1900."

BIG RECORD.

Passports Issued In May Fifty Per Cent Above the Normal.

Washington, May 29.—The state department has issued over 3000 passports to European travelers in the twenty-eight days of May. It is said that the climax has been reached, and it is said from this point on the issues will diminish. As it is, the figures show a gain of 50 per cent above the normal passport issues for May. The figures for April were 3064, in that case a gain of more than 100 per cent over the normal business.

Most of these travelers are going to Paris, yet it is said at the state department that during the last portion of the first quarter of 1900 and that part of the second quarter which has already elapsed there has been an unusually large number of applications for passports from American merchants and commercial travelers bound abroad on business.

OLD MEMORIES.

Congressmen Who Fought For the Confederacy Have a Banquet.

Washington, May 29.—Members of congress, senators and representatives, who took part in the civil war on the side of the Confederacy, gathered at a banquet at the Metropolitan hotel. The occasion was impressive and unique. Hon. James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, who acted as toastmaster, was introduced in a fitting speech by Capt. John Lamb of Virginia, and Gen. Joseph Wheeler was one of the guest and speakeds.

At one end of the table hung a large oil painting of Gen. Robert E. Lee, to whom, in response to the toast of his state, Senator Daniel paid an eloquent tribute.

Toasts were responded to as follows: "Virginia," Senator Daniel; "Maryland," Representative Denny; "North Carolina," Representative Linney; "Missouri," Representative Benton; "South Carolina," Representative Talbert; "Tennessee," Representative Pierce; "Georgia," Representative Livingstone; "Mississippi," Representative Allen; "Florida," Senator Mallory; "Alabama," Gen. Wheeler; "The Infantry," Representative Lanham of Texas; "Artillery," Hon. William Elliott; "The Cavalry," Capt. Lamb of Virginia; "Confederate Navy," Representative Berry of Kentucky; "Confederate Chaplains," Rev. Dr. McKim, of Washington

The speeches were full of a spirit of affection for the South and loyalty to the Union as it now is.

GET HERNANDEZ

Venezuelan Revolutionary Leader Is Taken By Government Troops.

Caracas, Venezuela, May 29.—Gen. Joseph M. Hernandez, the revolutionary leader, has been captured by government troops. The revolution is now considered ended.

McCOY-RYAN GO.

It Is Practically For the Middleweight Championship.

Chicago, May 29.—Charles (Kid) McCoy and Tommy Ryan will fight six rounds tonight at Tattersall's. This battle of the two premier middleweights of the country is one of the most important bouts ever scheduled for Chicago. Despite the fact that Bob Fitzsimmons still claims the title, the winner of this affair, if the victory be decisive, will generally be regirded as the middleweight champion of the world. A knock-out will give almost an undisputed claim.

The principals in tonight's little contention for a $6000 purse, the largest amount ever offered for a 6-round bout, have met twice before. The first time McCoy knocked out his opponent in fifteen rounds at Maspeth, N. Y. That was in 1896. More than a year later they met again at Syracuse, N. Y., and the battle was stopped by the police in the fifth round. Both men afterward asserted they were entitled to the decision.

MRS. GLADSTONE WORSE.

London, May 29.—It was said this morning that Mrs. Gladstone is gradually growing weaker. Her right side is paralyzed.

SOCIALISTS GAIN.

Brussels, May 29.—The general elections have resulted in a reduction of the Catholic majority from 102 to 85. The Socialists are the gainers by the change.

MOVE BY RUSSIA

Russian Minister at Pekin Calls For Gunboats at Taku.

HAS TROOPS READY

A Large Force Is at Port Arthur---Boxers Are Recruiting.

Shanghai, May 29.—The Russian minister at Pekin has telegraphed asking that all the available gunboats be sent to Taku.

London, May 29.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says: It is believed that Russia is about to land troops at Taku from Port Arthur, where 20,000 are in readiness. The Chinese are reported to be sending large masses of troops overland from Hunan and Kiang, but the generalissimo refuses to assume command on the plea of sickness.

The "Boxers" assert that they are confident of receiving support from the dowager empress, Princes Kang-Yi and Ching-Tuan and the entire Manchu army.

Throughout the north the "Boxers" are enlisting hordes of desperadoes. They are intent upon expelling everything foreign.

PEKIN LINE OPENED.

Soldiers Clear the Railway and Trains Are Running.

Tien Tsin, May 29.—A detachment of 200 Chinese soldiers has cleared the railway between here and Pekin, and the ordinary service was resumed at noon.

No news has been received from the Belgian engineers engaged in the construction of the Luhan line In other respects the situation is more quiet.

Thirty Japanese have arrived from the gunboat Atagokan. The French flagship d'Entrescasteaux and the British gunboat Surprise have left Taku.

HAD A CLASH.

Chinese Mob Attacks British Commission's Escort at Wei Hai Wei.

Victoria, B. C., May 29.—On the day prior to that on which the steamship Breckonshire left Japan, news was received from Wei Hai Wei that serious disturbances had occurred on May 5 on the British station, Gulf of Pe Chi Li. Capt. Watson and sixty men were escorting the boundary commission, which had been engaged in delimitating borders of the leased territory at Wei Hai Wei, when they were attacked by a hostile mob. Thirty of the attacking party were killed. The losses in the Chinese batallion under Capt. Watson were two officers wounded, Maj. Penrose and Periar. The Chinese who attacked the British troops had long been holding meetings to complain of the taxes proposed to be collected.

MEETING CALLED EARLIER.

Democratic National Committee Is Summoned For July 2.

Washington, May 29.—Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, has sent the following to each member of the national committee:

"My Dear Sir: You remember the national committee adjourned to meet at Kansas City on the third day of July. It is clear in my mind that there should be a meeting of the full committee at least one day earlier, and I therefore request that you meet the committee in Kansas City at noon on Monday, July 2, for the purpose of transacting such business as may regularly come before the committee. Very truly yours,

"JAMES K. JONES, Chairman."

IS DYING OUT.

Fire In the Calumet & Hecla Mine Is Considered Under Control.

Milwaukee, May 29.—A Journal special from Calumet, Mich., says: There is every reason to believe that the fire in the Calumet & Hecla mine is under control and that it cannot last much longer. All shafts except five on the Hecla branch have been sealed with clay at the mouth to prevent the air circulating and fanning the fire. This morning very little gas is escaping anywhere, and the mine people believe the fire is dying out.

PRESIDENT'S PARTY BACK.

Arrives Safely From the Trip on the Dolphin.

Washington, May 29.—President McKinley and party reached Washington on the Dolphin at 10:35 o'clock this forenoon from Chesapeake bay, where they viewed the eclipse yesterday. They were all in good health, and reported having had a splendid time. There was no change in the personnel of the party on the homeward trip.

N. P. AT THE DOOR.

Fairhaven, Wash., May 29.—What is admittedly a move by the Northern Pacific to secure entrance into Billingham Bay, occurred when the Billingham Bay & Eastern Railway company applied to a special sesison of the city council for a franchise along the entire water front. This would parallel the Great Northern's tracks for a large part of the distance and would pass between a large part of the shore front, which they own, and deep water.

GALLIFET MAY GO OUT

The French War Minister Is Said to Insist on Resigning.

SAID TO BE HUFFY

Over an Incident In the Deputies Over the Dreyfus Affair.

Paris, May 29.—It is generally believed that the minister of war, Gen. the Marquis DeGallifet, insists on resigning, undoubtedly in consequence of yesterday's incident in the chamber of deputies, although the ministerial organs affirm that he is ill.

The premier, M. Waldeck Rousseau, is credited with the intention of replacing him as soon as possible, and it is said that Gen. DeGallifet's resignation and the appointment of his successor will be announced simultaneously.

The incident of yesterday was caused by an interpellation by Count Boni de Castellane relatively to the Dreyfus affair.

In replying, Premier Waldeck Rousseau denied that there was any agreement to open the Dreyfus affair after the exposition. Continuing, he said the officer (Fritsch) had divulged the Tomps letter in order to enable the Nationalists to commit a coup de theater, and his action was at once counteracted.

Gen. de Gallifet started to leave the chamber at this point, and was jeered at by the Nationalists.

PEEL IN COURT.

Sir Robert Committed For Trial on the Charge of Libel.

London, May 29.—At the Marlborough street police court today, Sir Robert Peel was committed for trial at the Old Bailey on the charge of libeling Daniel Vonderheydt, one of the trustees of the people of the Peel estates.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Vice President of the Milwaukee Addresses the Association.

Milwaukee, May 29.—The feature of the forenoon session today of the National Association of Railroad Commissioners was an address by A. C. Bird, vice president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Mr. Bird's subject was of his own choosing and was "Enforcements of the Interstate Commerce Law."

Mr. Bird contended that the interstate commerce law was so drawn as to make it inoperative, especially so when considered in connection with the anti-Sherman trust act. In the first place, there is no definite standard of reasonableness or of relative reasonableness; there is no guide but individual opinion, and there are usually as many opinions as interests, and many circumstances and conditions which appeal strongly to one interest are repudiated by rival interests. One principle must, however, be kept in view, that is, that no rates which are subject to frequent or violent fluctuations can be reasonable. Another is, that the only approximate test of a rate is comparisons. A rate of long standing and satisfactory to all concerned may suddenly become unsatisfactory and unreasonable by comparison with a newly established rate on some other article, or to or from some other market.

He cited three propositions as essential to good public policy: First, rates must be reasonable in all respects; second, to be so, they must not be subject to frequent or violent fluctuations; third, competition must have full sway; to prevent it is criminal although it inevitably causes frequent and violent fluctuations of rates.

In conclusion, he felt justified in saying that the interestate commerce law is not more fully complied with because every thing or account necessary to its observance is specifically prohibited by law.

LA NACION IN ENGLISH.

Havana's Official Democratic Organ Starts an English Edition.

Havana, May 29.—La Nacion, the official organ of the Democratic union, has started an English edition. It says it addresses itself to American readers in order to let them know the true state of affairs in Cuba, thus avoiding their having to use an interpreter and struggle with a foreign language.

In regard to the political situation, the paper says:

"The Republican party in Havana is a conglomeration of officeholders, ex-office holders and office seekers of the higher grade, ready for anything to bring them notoriety or fat office."

THE EPSOM CARNIVAL.

Sloan Wins the Craven Stakes and Egmont Plate.

London, May 29.—The great Epsom carnival was opened today with glorious weather. Good fields are promised throughout the meeting. The attendance was large. The prince of Wales and most of the sporting notabilities were present. The American jockeys opened well, Tod Sloan winning the Craven stakes on Mr. Lewis' bay colt, Joubert, and the Egmont plate on H. J. King's Wild Irishman.

NO BEER AT COLUMBIA.

New York, May 29.—Officers of the Columbia senior class say that there will be no beer drinking tournament on class day; that the proposal was a joke. The so-called joke led to newspapor editorials and sermons denouncing such a contest.

IT IS NOW HISTORY

The Methodist Church Conference Closes Its Business and Adjourns.

ITS WORK REVIEWED

The Most Noteworthy Since the Division on the Slavery Question.

Chicago, May 29.—The twenty-third delegated quadriennial conference of the Methodist Episcopal church came to an end today after a session of four weeks. The conference is considered to have been one of the most noteworthy since the days when Methodism was divided over the slavery question, and has resulted in many radical changes in the laws and polity of the church.

The conference was the largest in the history of the church, and its sessions were attended by thousands.

Principal among the important actions of the conference were the abolition of the time-limit on pastorates, the ratification of the equal-representation amendment as proposed by the Rock River conference, together with the seating of the provisional lay delegates; the adoption of a new constitution, subject to approval of the various annual conferences, including substitution of the words "lay members" for the term "laymen," thus permitting the seating of women in the general conference, and the election of two additional missionary bishops.

There was a huge amount of routine business, which was practically settled in committee.

The first day of the conference saw laymen and preachers given equal representation. Under the belief that this would be done, provisional delegates were on hand and were, following this action, admitted as regular lay delegates, making the nineteenth conference the largest of its kind in the history of the church.

Of great interest to Methodists was the abolition, total and unconditional, of the five-year limit on pastorates.

The conference did not modify paragraph 248 of the discipline, which, among other things, forbids attendance upon theaters, circuses and dancing.

Chicago, May 29.—The report of the committee on education, which was under discussion at last night's session of the Methodist conference, was taken up today. An amendment offered by Dr. Jordan, of South Dakota, requiring the university senate of the church to recognize certificates from students from other Methodist colleges presenting themselves for examination for the ministry, caused considerable discussion. The report as amended was finally adopted.

The conference also approved the authorization of unordained ministers to perform the marriage ceremony. Reports of minor importance were received from the other committee and adopted.

The delegates then indulged in a little amusement by auctioning off the table scarred by the bishop's gavel during the four weeks of the session.

The table was made by the boys of the manual training school at Venice. It was disposed of for $500.

Debate on proposed changes in the ratio of the representation to general conferences consumed much time. Arguments were made in favor of the majority report recommending a change in the ratio of one delegate to every sixty preachers instead of one delegate to every forty-five preachers as now prevails. It was contended that the present body was unwieldy. This statement was vigorously opposed.

Trustees of the American university at Washington were named and approved.

At 12 o'clock all business was laid on the table, and the usual complimentary resolutions attendant upon closing sessions, were adopted.

The Venerable Bishop Bowman, now superanuated, then made a brief address of parting to the delegates. The minutes of today's meeting were read and the roll was called. A brief prayer by Bishop Warren followed, and shortly before 1 o'clock the general conference passed into history.

PENSIONS AND PATENTS.

Two Duluth Men Take Out Patents on Inventions.

Washington, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Original—O. Roswold, of Duluth, $6. Widows—Margarette E. Dorlan, of Princeton, $8.

* * *

The following patents were issued to residents of Duluth today: Clarence E. Meade, strand or rope for weaving rugs; John Place, indicator mechanism for shafts.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ALBANY COMMISSIONED.

The New Cruiser That Was Long In Coming.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, May 29.—The United States cruiser Albany was commissioned here today.

VARIAG'S TRIAL.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 29.—The Russian cruiser Variag left Cramps' shipyard today for her preliminary or builders' trial. The Variag is now so near completion that it is likely that less than a month will elapse before the official speed trial is made. The trial will require two days. If the Variag meets her speed requirements she will be, perhaps, the fastest warship of her class afloat. She must maintain twenty-three knots an hour for twelve consecutive hours under natural draft. All her guns will be fired to test the structural strength. Edwin S. Cramp is in charge of the trial and nearly all the Russian naval officers stationed at Cramps went on the trip.

ONEIDA ARRIVES.

New York, May 29.—The steam yacht Oneida arrived here today from Bermuda, with her owner, E. C. Benedict, and former President Cleveland on board.

PLOT FOR REPRISAL

Welland Canal Affair Is Charged to the Clan-Na-Gael.

PLANNED IN DUBLIN

Alleged to Be In Revenge For Sending Troops to Africa.

New York, May 29.—A special to the Herald from Montreal says: The Dominion government secret service has discovered that Carl Dullman, J. Nolin and John Walsh, convicted of trying to destroy the Welland canal, came to Canada for the express purpose of wreaking vengeance on the colony for having sent troops to South Africa; that they threw up positions in Dublin to do so and that at least two of them were provided with funds by the Clan-na-Gael, which obtained the money through Maud Gonne. As a result of their investigations the government agents say:

"The explosion was designed as a reprisal against Canada for having sent troops to South Africa. The plot was conceived, instigated and carried through by orders of the executive officials of the Clan-na-Gael. It was set on foot at the very moment last autumn when all Canada was ringing with enthusiasm over the mobilization of the first contingent sent by the Dominion to participate in a war of the empire. The emissaries of the Clan-na-Gael were despatched from Ireland to America almost simultaneously with the departure of the Sardinian from Quebec.

"The cost of passage of these emissaries of the Cla-na-Gael was defrayed by a subscription organized by Miss Maud Gonne, a young woman who has been designated 'the Irish Joan of Arc' and who has, within the last four months, been appointed private secretary to the lord mayor of Dublin, Alderman Pile.

"From the time of their landing in America to their arrival in Canada, a few days previous to the explosion, and possibly since, Walsh and Nolin at least were in constant communication with the executive of the Clan-na-Gael and in receipt of moneys from that body."

The agents do not say that Maud Gonne knew the Welland canal was to be blown up.

DEWEY LOSES.

The Supreme Court Decides Against the Admiral's Claim For Bounty.

Washington, May 29.—The United States supreme court yesterday decided Admiral Dewey's bounty claim against the admiral's contention. Justice Harlan rendered the opinion of the court, which turned on whether the words "superiority" or "inferiority" in the statute had reference to the support of the enemy's vessels by land batteries, mines and torpedoes.

"We cannot do that," said Justice Harlan, "without going far beyond the obvious import of the words employed by congress. There is undoubtedly some force in the suggestion that in rewarding officers and sailors who have sunk or destroyed the enemy's vessels in a naval engagement, it is not unreasonable that the difficulties of every kind with which they were actually confronted should be taken into consideration. But that is a matter which we could not suppose was overlooked by congress, and we are not at liberty to see that it proceeded upon the broad basis suggested when it is expressly declared that the amount of its bounty shall depend upon the question whether the enemy's vessel—not the enemy's vessel and the land batteries, etc., by which it was supported—was of inferior or equal or superior force."

Upon the question of policy the court said: "All genuine Americans recall with delight and pride the marvellous achievements of our navy in the memorable engagement at Manilla. But this court cannot permit considerations of that character to induce it to depart from the established rules for the interpretation of statutes. Nor can we allow our judgment to be influenced by the circumstance that congress has recently repealed all statutes allowing bounty to officers or sailors of the navy for the sinking or destruction hereafter, in time of war, of any enemy's vessel, thereby it may be assumed that in the judgment of the legislative branch of the government the policy of granting bounties was not founded on wisdom and should be abandoned. This court has nothing to do with mere lines of policy which are supposed to underlie the actions of congress."

The original claim of Admiral Dewey and his crews was about $400,000. The court of claims reduced it to about $200,000. That decision is sustained by yesterday's decision. The admiral's personal claim is reduced from about $20,000 to about $10,000. Chief Justice Fuller and Justices White and McKenna dissented.

Ex-Secretary Herbert, counsel for Dewey and his men, filed a petition for a rehearing.

COUNTERCHECK FOR GERMANY.

Bill In the House For a Retaliatory Duty.

Washington, May 29.—As the result of conferences between Capt. F. P. Springer of Denver, of the Live Stock association and members of congress relative to the meat inspection question, the following bill was introduced into the house by Representative Bailey.

"That whenever the president of the United States shall be informed that the government of the German empire has passed a law imposing prohibitory duties on meat products which may be imported into that country from the United States he shall issue a proclamation fixing a time when articles produced or manufactured in the German empire for importation into the United States shall pay a duty of 10 per cent additional to those already imposed thereon from and after the passage of this bill at any time the president by proclamation shall declare discrimination against American goods exist."

The measure was referred to the agricultural committee.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

MAKES

Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

A TRUE TEMPERANCE MEDICINE.

Contains no Alcohol, Opium, or other Narcotic.

TO STAVE THEM OFF.

The Resolutions For Constitutional Amendments Postponed.

Washington, May 29.—Senator Hoar yesterday reported from the committee on judiciary a number of joint resolutions for constitutional amendments, recommending that they be indefinitely postponed. They were: "That no money of the United States should be appropriated for sustaining or aiding any institution, which is wholly or in part under sectarian control." Giving congress unlimited power to regulate marriage and divorce in the several states, territories and the District of Columbia." "Authorizing a tax on incomes" "Providing for the election of the chief justice of the supreme court by the qualified electors of the United States, and for the election of other federal judges by the votes of the qualified electors of the judicial districts and circuits." "To make Feb. 12, Lincoln's birthday, a national holiday."

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 4; Chicago, 2.
At Milwaukee—Minneapolis, 5; Milwaukee, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 11; New York, 0.
At Chicago—Brooklyn, 12; Chicago, 7.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia, 11; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	26	18	8	.692
Milwaukee	24	18	13	.581
Chicago	31	17	14	.548
Cleveland	29	14	15	.483
Kansas City	32	15	17	.469
Minneapolis	31	15	18	.455
Buffalo	29	12	17	.411
Detroit	29	11	18	.379

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	28	18	10	.64[illegible]
Brooklyn	29	17	12	.585
Chicago	31	17	14	.548
Pittsburg	33	18	15	.54[illegible]
St. Louis	30	16	14	.533
Cincinnati	29	13	16	.448
New York	36	10	18	.357
Boston	26	8	18	.308

Minneapolis—The North Dakota Agricultural college was defeated by the University of Minnesota team, 11 to 3.

I have not traced, nor can I trace a vestige of similarity in the substitute. Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is made by the Madison Medicine company, 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

ALABASTINE

LABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

EWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

ENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringement. Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

HE INTERIOR WALLS of every church and school should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work.

N BUYING ALABASTINE, customers should avoid getting cheap kalsomines under different names. Insist on having our goods in packages and properly labeled.

UISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

STABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write us for interesting booklet, free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

CHANGE IS COMPLETE

Administration Determined to Sacrifice Everything to England's Friendship.

KEPT UNDER COVER

Details of Understanding With England Concealed and Even Denied.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ourwhole foreign relationship is in process of undergoing a complete change, the administration being determined to sacrifice everything to England's friendship in harmony with the secret understanding established by John Hay while still ambassador to Eigland and Lord Pauncefote when he was still "Sir Julian." In reward of their first efforts to establish and carry out this policy, Ambassador Hay was recalled from London and made secretary of state and Sir Julian was raised to the peerage.

The new relationship in the first place contemplates the continuance of the most friendly intercourse with Great Britain and, natural acquiescence in each other's plans of extension, and concurrently designed to present a dual front against Germany. For reasons relating to the forthcoming campaign, the nature of the understanding with Great Britain is kept under cover and both powers are prepared to enter general denials as to some of the features, but if a Republican triumph is secured at the polls in November, the details will be allowed to percolate through the conventional London newspaper channels and the facts will not be denied on this side.

The most important feature of the understanding is that Germany is to be checkmated wherever her commercial interests may clash with the dual alliance. It is known in London that the German crown prince will some day be the queen's consort of the Netherlands and Queen Wilhelmina will become empress of Germany, which means that Holland will be incorporated in the federation of states known as the German empire.

Holland owns Sumatra and Java, and with these islands in the possession of Germany, the position of that power in the far East would be assured and would offer a menacing opposition to England and ourselves. It is in part to prevent this consummation that the administration feels itself called upon as a power now taking an active part in foreign politics to ally itself with the queen's government.

In order to divert public animosity from Great Britain, which is a historic inheritance, the efforts of the administration have been launched to give Germany the aspect of our incarnate foe, and it is only necessary to revert to recent speeches of Secretary Root—who is a favorite son of the Republican party for vice president—and Senator Lodge, the administration's spokesman in relation to foreign affairs, in order to comprehend the tendency of the administration's policy. That Great Britain is ably and diligently aiding and abetting in the scheme of arousing hatred against Germany through stupendous press facilities, goes without saying.

During the Spanish war not a day passed but brought some news of German perfidy. During the early stages of the war in the Philippines it was Germany, according to the omnipotent London correspondent, who was supplying the Filipinos with arms and ammunition to destroy the American troops. Since the war England nearly succeeded in involving us in a conflict with Germany over Somoa, and now it is Germany conspiring to prevent us from acquiring the Danish West Indies and to defy the Monroe doctrine in Brazil. If it is not one thing, it is another, and everywhere we see or are told to see, Germany protruding her horns and cloven feet so as to prepare the public mind for a war with that power, which has always been a friend when England was sacking our cities and conspiring with our enemies to humiliate and embarras us in the natural process of our development.

Administration leaders, such as Root and Lodge, are predicting a war with Germany. Statesmen like Hoar, who no longer enjoys the confidence of the administration, scan the horizon and see no cause for such a war. No one with a grain of sense credits the absurdity of Germany aspiring to acquire island possessions on the Atlantic coast of North America against the desire of the United States. Such possessions would simply be untenable in case of war, and the German government is the last to permit such a blunder. No one with sense believes for a moment that Germany aspires to indefensible possessions in Brazil. That she should cultivate commercial relations there with the German colonies which have developed sections of Brazil, is natural.

On the other hand, the administration has done everything possible to aid and abet Great Britain in fastening her monarchistic grip upon her crown possessions in this continent, and while she says, as a justification for destroying the South African republics, that their existence is a menace "to the imperial institutions of Great Britain" —meaning Cape Colony, Natal, etc.—the American republic sits by in peace to see Great Britain drawing the imperial colony of Canada into closer communion with her and establishing more firmly the principle of empire in our northern border.

It is not forgotten that Sir Winfred Laurier, premier of Canada just before the outbreak of the South African war, hurled defiance at the United States and openly, in an address to a public gathering, threatened to resort to war if the United States insisted on carrying out their rights in the gold region at the Klondike, in the now almost forgotten boundary dispute.

The Boer war was imminent just then. Great Britain had carefully matured her plans to seize the Transvaal. In return for the "friendly services" which Great Britain rendered our cause in giving her moral support to our efforts to crush Spain. Hay had agreed not to throw any embarrassments in the way of England to crush the South African republic and so maintain such an attitude as to prevent the European powers from interfering. Sir Winfred was promptly called down from his attitude of bristling aggressiveness toward this country, and it was made plain to him that this was not the time to get into a quarrel over the boundary line. Sir Winfred promptly subsided, and a short time after was making a speech at the cornerstone laying of a public building in Chicago, drawing roscate views and flowery perspectives of the brotherhood of Americans and Anglo-Saxons.

Hay and Pauncefote hastily patched up a truce regarding the boundary dispute, in which the United States in principle yielded the main point worth contending for. Nothing was said of the extortion to which American miners were subjected on the Yukon by the Canadian authorities, where the charge on the output of mining was twice and four times the charge assessed against the suffering British Uitlanders in the Transvaal, and with this dispute relegated to a side issue, to be revived when Great Britain, flushed with victory abroad, sees fit to revive it, Salisbury and Chamberlain, with the assistance of Secretary John Hay and Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador to Washington, were ready to proceed with their raid of rapine against the South African republic, assured that the United States would stand between them and a European alliance.

The United States took possession of the Philippines to prevent Germany from getting them and to please Great Britain. Pauncefote told a friend that he was teaching the Americans how to take advantage of their opportunities, in other words, giving them lessons in the game of foreign politics, which has since borne such good fruit that Hay boasts of a diplomatic triumph over the simple Boer envoys because they did not literally observe the delicate tracery and intricacies of European diplomatic form in presenting their credentials for recognition—in other words, neglecting to do what, up to the time when John Sherman offended British diplomats by disregarding this form, was the boast of American statecraft.

Had Sherman remained secretary of state, the whole trend of history would have been reversed. Because he believed in continuing the way this country has gone for a century and a quarter, which did not comport with the Napoleonic schemes entertained at the White House and by its supporters, he was relegated to the rear and Day was put in—an able man, but too conscientious to acquiesce in all the ambitious projects of the administration. This man did not fill the bill, therefore, and Hay, fresh from the glare and glamor of court ceremony and basking in the favor of British royalty, assumed the reins of the state department. He was the right man. Committed to no traditions or policies, with no experience, except as private secretary to President Lincoln, and popular with the masses as the author of "Little Breeches" and "Jim Bledsoe," he found no difficulty in treading paths hitherto unknown to the foot of American statesmen.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The second dual field and track contest between the University of Pennslyvania and the University of California, postponed from May 15, which took place yesterday on Franklin field and was won by Pennsylvania by a score of 76 points to 20.

The Colorado state board of health has decided to quarantine against the entrance of Chinese and Japanese into Colorado, until further notice is given no Chinamen or Japanese may enter the state without a certificate signed by health officers of the city, whence he comes, stating he has not been exposed to bubonic plague during the six weeks immediately preceding the date of his application.

Railroads in the Central and Western Passenger associations will grant a rate of one fare for the round trip to Kansas City for the national Democratic convention.

The United States supreme court adjourned for the term yesterday and will not sit again until next October.

JUDGE REA DEAD.

Minneapolis, May 29.—Judge John P. Rea, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. in 1887-88, died at his home on Nicollet Island at 6 o'clock last night from a disease pronounced hardening of the brain.

Colds on the Chest

When your cold has settled down deep in your chest, cough syrups will not relieve you. The system must be given strength and force to throw off the disease.

Scott's Emulsion does just this. It enables you to conquer the inflammation. The lungs soon heal, and all danger is passed. Do not let the disease become chronic because of neglect.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Most Beyond Belief

If It Were Not for Duluth Indorsement People Might Be Skeptical.

No wonder people doubt!
So many statements are made,
Statements indorsed by strangers,
From people living in distant towns.
Don't know them and can't see them.
Such indorsement has a hazy aspect.
Duluth people want local proof.
That's what we have here.
It's not beyond belief, because it can be proven.

Read a local citizen's testimony:

Mr. Josiah Collins, of 50, Third avenue east, employed at C. Coon's meat market, says: "I suffered severely from rheumatism for a long time, and during a year was so bad I could hardly get around at all and found it impossible to get up and down a hill. I felt like an old man, all worn out, my shoulders were so sore I could scarcely raise my arms, and the least exertion tired me out completely. I tried bottle after bottle of medicine, and spent lots of money treating for the trouble, but nothing did me any good. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company, and used it. I felt some better after the first box, and continued their use until I had completed my seventh box, when I had no signs or symptoms whatever of the trouble left."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

CASES ARE DECIDED

The Supreme Court Settles Points on Jurisdiction In Bankruptcy.

SUITS BY TRUSTEES

In Actions Brought to Recover Property and Set Aside Transfers.

Washington, May 29.—The supreme court, before adjourning, decided several cases involving the question of jurisdiction of the United States district courts under the bankruptcy law. The decisions in all cases were handed down by Justice Gray.

In one case, that of Bardes vs. the Hawarden, Iowa, First National bank, the court held in reply to questions certified by the district judges for that district:

1. The provisions of the second clause of section 23, of the bankrupt act of 1898, control and limit the jurisdiction of all courts, including the several district courts of the United States, over suits brought by the trustees in bankruptcy to recover or collect debts due from third parties alleged to be fraudulent as against creditors, including payments in money or property to preferred creditors.

2. The district court of the United States, by the proposed defendant's consent, does not otherwise entertain jurisdiction over suits brought by the trustees in bankruptcy to set aside fraudulent transfers or money or property made by the bankrupt to third parties before the institution of proceedings in bankruptcy.

3. The district court for the northern district of Iowa cannot take jurisdiction over this suit as it now stands on the record.

In the case of W. A. Hicks, from the circuit court of appeals for the sixth circuit, the court held that:

"A district court has jurisdiction by the consent of the proposed defendant, but not otherwise, to maintain a bill in equity filed by a trustee in bankruptcy appointed by it, against a fraudulent grantee or transferance of the bankrupt resident in its district, to recover the property belonging to the estate of the bankrupt and by him fradulently conveyed to the defendant."

PORTO RICO CASES.

Washington, May 29.—The supreme court here is authorized to grant the motion of Tomas Vasquez, a Porto Rican, for leave to file a petition for writ of certiorari in a case involving the construction of the election laws of that island by the provisional court. Among the cases which the court left undecided upon its final adjournment was that of the quo warranto proceeding of Juan Vidal and others, who are officers of the town of Guayama, P. R. The effect is to leave them in office.

COL. STEVENS DEAD.

Minnesota's First White Settler Joins the Majority.

Minneapolis, May 29.—Col. John H. Stevens, the first white settler in Minnesota, died yesterday afternoon of pneumonia. He had been unconscious since Sunday afternoon. Col. Stevens was born in June, 1820.

Col. Stevens came to Minnesota and took up a farm overlooking St. Anthony Falls in 1849, and has been one of the most conspicuous figures in the affairs of this city. He was educated in the public schools of the East, and later in Wisconsin and Illinois. It was in the latter state that he cast his first vote. He served through the Mexican war, and coming to Minnesota in 1849, he formed a business partnership with Franklin Steele. They opened a general store at the little hamlet on the east side of the river. Shortly afterward he platted the land his farm was on and laid out city blocks and lots, and subsequently gave away a number to people who would occupy them. The house that he built was moved from site to site until in the spring of 1890 it was moved to Minnehaha park by the school children.

Col. Stevens was devoted to agriculture, and was at one time elected to the office of president of the Minnesota State Agricultural society. He helped many young farmers with his advice and practical assistance, and many of the beautiful farms surrounding the city are due to his encouragement shown to early settlers.

He was register of deeds of Hennepin county and served several terms in the state legislature. During the Indian troubles he served as brigadier general of the militia and commanded troops and volunteers sent to the front. He did a great deal of writing in his busy life, and owned a number of newspapers. Among these which he has conducted or edited are the St. Anthony Express, the Chronicle, Glencoe Register, Farmer and Gardener, Farmers' Tribune and Farm, Stock and Home. In 1890 he published an interesting review of the state, entitled "Personal Recollections of Minnesota and Its People, and Early History of Minneapolis." He also contributed several chapters to Atwater's history of Minneapolis.

He was married, May 1, 1850, to Miss Helen Miller, a daughter of Abner Miller, whose home was at Westmoreland, N. Y. They were married at Rockford, Ill., and had six children, five of whom are living. Mary Elizabeth, the first white child born in Minneapolis, died at the age of 7 years. The children living are: Gardner Stevens, a civil engineer, who lives in this city, and Mrs. P. B. Winston, also of this city; Mrs. W. T. Peck, Clearwater, Minn.; and Mrs. J. N. Chase, Rapid City, S. D. Mr. Stevens has a brother, Simon Stevens, who is 74 years old, and lives at Clearwater.

CABLE FLASHES.

A rumor was current last night in the lobbies of the houses of parliament, which was said to have originated at the Carlton club, that the Marquis of Salisbury will retire from politics at the next general election.

For the first time on record the czar invited the members of the British embassy to dinner on the occasion of the queen's birthday last week. This innovation is regarded in St. Petersburg as of great political significance.

LEHIGH STRIKE.

Scranton, Pa., May 29.—All the section hands on the Lehigh Valley railroad between Sayre and Jersey City are out on strike. They want their wages increased from $1.20 to $1.50 a day. The strikers number 1500. The company served notice that if the men do not return to work before June 1 new men will be hired. A joint grievance committee representing the train crews, switchmen and operators will wait on General Superintendent Wilbur of South Bethlehem next week to complain of the company's alleged failure to live up to the agreement by which the last strike was settled.

FOUND EROS.

Denver, May 29.—While Professor H. A. Howe was waiting yesterday morning in the Chamberlain observatory for the sun to rise and the eclipse to begin he made one of the most important observations of the year, the rediscovery of the planet Eros. He discovered the planet near the first point of Aries.

BABY'S BIRTH

Is looked forward to with expectations of joy and gladness. The ordeal of bringing the little one into the world, however, is a critical one for the mother-to-be, and her anticipations of the coming event are shadowed with gloom. Half the pain and all the danger of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment of priceless value to all women. Sold by all druggists at one dollar per bottle.

A booklet, giving all details, will be sent free by Bradfield Regulator Company, Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK."
BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE
SAPOLIO

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescripiun of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Dullness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. "CUPIDENE" cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. "CUPIDENE" strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per centage troubled with Prostatitis. "CUPIDENE" the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

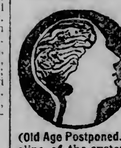
Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

THE WORKING MAN AND HIS EXPERIENCE

He Is Learning to Look Out For No. 1.

Outside of any union or labor organization features, the working man has learned the art of self-protection. He has been trifled with long enough, not so much by trusts or corporations as by the manufacturers of the goods he buys. Nowadays the laboring man is learning to ask questions when buying goods: "Who made this?" or "What does it contain?" or "Was it made by a trust?" In buying tobacco, it is well for you to ask your dealer for Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Thrasher or Rise and Shine. These brands are made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, of Middletown, Ohio, a company independent of trusts. They are better than any other brands on the market, and are pure, wholesome and of delightful flavor. Do not be deceived with inferior and dishonest brands, but paste the above list where it will not be lost.



(Old Age Postponed.)

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. 50c. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

TRADE MARK MALYDOR INJECTION AND PILLS

THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE FOR MALE AND FEMALE.

For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa
No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe.
Prevents all Private Diseases of either sex.
At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00.
"Injection Malydor is The Best of all similar remedies."
DR. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U. S. A.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth.

TRADE MARK B.I.C. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Notice of Application For Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, Village of Floodwood.—ss.

Notice is hereby given, that applications have been made in writing to the village council of said village of Floodwood and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on June 7th, 1900, and terminating on June 6th, 1901, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

Herman Hill, one frame building situated on lot (1) one, block (29) twenty-nine, village of Floodwood.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said village council of the village of Floodwood, at the village hall, in the said village of Floodwood, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 7th day of June, A. D. 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of village, this 21st day of May, A. D. 1900.

JOHN AUGER,
Recorder.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald. May-22-29—1900.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder.
Eveleth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

Photographed from Life. 1st day. 15th day. 30th day.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE

Wheat Started Out Easier and Declined But Firmed Up Again.

SELLING BY LONGS

Was Caused By Rains In Northwest and Predictions of More.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 29.—The wheat market started out weaker and lower this morning and declined on some selling caused by the light rains in the Northwest and indications of further rainfall. When the selling eased the market became steady and recovered all the loss of the early part of the session, closing ½c higher than yesterday here, and ¼@¼c higher at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 67¾c, declined to 67¼c at 10:02, reacted to 67⅝c at 12:20 and was quoted at 67⅝c at the close, being ½c higher than yesterday. September started unchanged at 67⅝c, sold at 67⅝c at 10:05 and recovered, closing at 67¾c, or ½c higher than yesterday. Cash sales were 90,000 bus at ½c under July. Oats, barley and rye were unchanged. Corn advanced ½c. Cash and May flax were unchanged, September flax rose ⅝c and October flax advanced ½c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69¼c; to arrive, 69¼c; May, 69¼c; July, 69½c; September, 69½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¾c; May, 67¼c; July, 67⅝c; September, 67¾c. No. 2 northern, 65⅝c. No. 3 spring, 62¾. Oats, 23 @22½c. Rye, 53¾c. Barley, 35@38c. Flax, cash, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.28¾; October, $1.23. Corn, 36½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 173; corn, 67; oats, 29; rye, 3; barley, 2; flax, 6. Receipts—Wheat, 175,643 bus; corn, 12,820 bus; oats, 132 bus; barley, 6951 bus; flax, 3592 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 89,000 bus.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 29.—There was some yielding in the price of wheat early, induced by prospects of rain in the Dakotas and Minnesota today or tomorrow, but the strength in corn and buying on the part of professionals helped prices considerably, and the market closed somewhat higher than yesterday. The wheat market continues in a rut, owing to the suspense as to the outcome of the weather conditions, trade apparently holding off for developments. The market does certainly not look weak to us and we feel more friendly to the buying side than taking long chances on short selling.

A better shipping demand has been the chief influence in corn, and prices have readily responded to a stronger situation in that respect. Country acceptances, with only a few exceptions are decidedly small. The strength in corn this morning has been induced by good covering on the part of shorts. At the present time the market seems to be entirely on a scalping basis, the crowd playing for ⅛c turns, with outsiders not conspicuous.

The oats market has been firm, sympathetically with corn also feeling a better shipping demand, about 300,000 bus were sold for shipment yesterday and 170,000 bus today.

The provision market has been quiet, with chief support coming from lard. Trade continues very small from the outside, a very necessary feature for the advance of provision prices.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 29.—Wheat in store—No. 1 northern, May, 65c; July, 65¾c; September, 63¼@63¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67¼c; No. 1 northern, 65⅝c; No. 2 northern, 64⅜c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 29.—Close, wheat, May, 71½c; July, 72¾c; September, 73¼c. Corn, May, 41¾c; July, 42c; September, 42¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅛@	65¾	67@67⅜	73¼
High	67⅝	65¾	67¼	73¼
Low	67	64¾-⅞	66⅝	72⅞
Close	67⅝	65-⅛	67-⅛@	73¼
September—				
Open	67⅝@	65¼-¾	....	72¾-⅞
High	67⅝	65¾-⅞	....	72⅝-½
Low	67⅜	65	....	72-⅜
Close	67⅜	67¾-⅜	....	72⅝

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21⅛-¼	37@37⅜-⅜	$11.27
High	21⅜	37½	11.30
Low	21⅛	36⅞	11.25
Close	21¼	37¼-⅜A	11.27A

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	137,000	60,000
Philadelphia	.....	16,506
Baltimore	6,080	.....
Toledo	13,700	1,005
Detroit	4,700	6,000
St. Louis	27,000	27,000
Boston	82,307	.....
Chicago	34,855	74,642
Milwaukee	27,800	5,700
Minneapolis	214,650	24,200
Kansas City	45,500	23,400
Duluth	175,643	89,000

VISIBLE SUPPLY.

New York, May 29.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, May 26, as compiled by the New York produce exchange is as follows: Wheat, 44,755,000 bushels; decrease, 1,508,000 bushels. Corn, 12,887,000 bushels; decrease, 2,510,000 bushels. Oats, 6,786,000 bushels; increase, 400,000 bushels. Rye, 1,057,000 bushels; decrease, 51,000 bushels. Barley, 944,000 bushels; increase, 115,000 bushels.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 29.—Wheat steady, 3¾d higher; July, 5s 8¼d; September, 5s 8d. Corn, quiet, ¼d higher; July, 3s 9½d; September, 3s 9½d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago May 29.—Cattle receipts 2,500. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.00@5.70; poor to medium, $4.40@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.10; cows and heifers, $3.10@5.15; Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.20. Hogs, receipts today, 23,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 2522. Strong to weak. Mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.25; good to choice heavy, $5.15@5.25; rough heavy, $5.00@5.10; light, $4.95@5.22½; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.20. Sheep, receipts, 5000; 10c higher. Sheep, $4.00@5.35; lambs, $4.50@7.35. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday. Receipts—Cattle, 21,539; hogs, 39,021; sheep, 11,302. Shipments—Cattle, 5159; hogs, 10,287; sheep, 1336.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13
EGGS.			
Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
CHEESE.			
Twins, flat, full cream, new	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@	13
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Valencias	4 75	@	5 00
Seedlings, California oranges	3 25	@	3 50
California navels	4 25	@	4 50
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 50	@	4 00
Messina lemons, per box	4 50	@	5 00
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Strawberries	2 00	@	2 25
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
CIDER.			
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75
VEGETABLES.			
Hot house cucumbers	40	@	45
Potatoes, per bus	34	@	36
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Radishes	20	@	25
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse Radish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75	@	85
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb	3½	@	4
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00
MEATS.			
Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	5	@	7½
Hogs	5		
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50		
Shirts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 29.—Butter, receipts, 332 packages. Steady. Western creamery, 16½@20½c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese, receipts, 2075 packages. Fancy large white, 9¼c; fancy small white, 8½@8¾c; fancy large colored, 9¼c; fancy small colored, 9½@9⅝c. Eggs, receipts, 2091 packages. Barely steady. State and Pennsylvania, 14@15c; Western, loss off, 13½@14c; Western no mark, 11@13½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 29.—Butter, steady. Creamery, 15@19c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 11c. Dressed poultry, steady. Turkeys, 9@11½c; chickens, 8@9c.

WRECKED BY A WASHOUT.

Train Ditched Near Green Bay and Fireman Killed.

Milwaukee, May 29.—A Journal special from Kewaunee, Wis., says: A passenger train on the Green Bay & Western road was wrecked five miles from this city today by a washout. Engineer Michael Riordan lost a leg and may not survive, and Fireman John Brown was instantly killed, a large rod piercing his body. Both men are from Green Bay.

The coaches were telescoped. The train was running from Kewaunee to Green Bay.

LAUNDRY STRIKE.

Dayton, Ohio, May 29.—Laundry employes to the number of 200 struck today. They demand an increase of 15 per cent.

EFFORT FAILED.

Washington, May 29.—An effort was made today in the judiciary committee of the house to take up the Gaynor legislation proposed by the attorney general to secure the removal of the Messrs. Gaynor from New York to Georgia, but it proved unsuccessful on a tie vote.

THE BEER TAX.

Washington, May 29.—The senate committee on finance today authorized a favorable report on the house bill amending the law concerning the taxation on beer so as to eliminate packages of less than a quarter of a barrel.

STOCK INCREASED.

Trenton, N. J., May 29.—Papers were filed here today increasing the capital stock of the American Hawaiian Steamship company from $750,000 to $1,500,000.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Directions are often given for blackleading a stove every night after the fire is deadened. This is not necessary if the stove has been properly used during the day. If anything is spilled on the top, wash or scrape it off at once. Rub grease off with a thick black cotton cloth—a piece of black stockinet makes a good stove cloth, says an exchange. Keep it hanging near the stove, where it can be used to rub off anything not of a sticky, gummy consistency. Let sugar burn to charcoal and scrape it off. This last process takes off the blacking, which must be renewed at night, when the stove is cold. In ordinary wear the blacking need not be renewed oftener than once a month.

When the stove receives its monthly coat of black, mix a small pinch of gum tragacanth in enough warm water to dissolve it, and add it to the melted blacking. Apply the polish with one brush and keep another to polish with. Before applying the polish wash off the top of the stove and remove any grease that has been spilled on it. Apply the blacking and polish with light, swift strokes. When the stove is well blackened polish the edges, if they are ground iron, with brick dust or polishing soap, and wash dry. Whiten and polish the nickel work with a chamois skin. Large, long-wristed mittens, made of chamois skin, are excellent to blacken stoves in, and less cumbersome than the mitten sold for that purpose. Occasionally during the month the stove may be polished with a brush to brighten it, but no more blacking is needed.

INVALID MUSICIANS' HOME.

It is but a short time since Verdi founded his noble asylum for aged and invalid musicians and composers, says the New York Post. A Milan correspondent says that the maestro has further endowed the asylum by making over to it all the royalties due to him upon his music during his lifetime, and also the greater part of the profits after his death.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only on chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Will Honor the Day.

Gronseth & Olsen will be closed all day tomorrow, Decoration day. Open until 10 o'clock tonight.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share— Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	140
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines		**72½**	
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2.00
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co.	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co.,com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Market Opened With a Fair Show of Strength, But Declined.

CLOSING WAS DULL

Prices Sold Off Sharply In the Final Dealings, Finishing Weak.

New York, May 29.—Prices were rather better at the opening of the stock market today. There was quite a demand for Sugar on an advance of ¼@½c on simultaneous sales, and Louisville was up a point. Otherwise, gains were fractional and there were a few losses. A drive against Missouri Pacific brought out enough long stock to lower it a point, but the general market resisted the decline. Pressure against the short interest in Sugar caused heavy buying and the price rose rapidly to 117½. Other stocks hardened sympathetically. The specialties gained sharply, but the railroads moved sluggishly. Tobacco, Steel and Wire, Brooklyn Transit and Federal Steel, pfd, rose a point each. American Ice broke 2½. While the buying power in the market was small, it served to raise prices all around. The dullness was emphasized because of the holiday tomorrow and the appearance of strength was due in part to the evening up of short contracts over the holiday. American Hoop reflected a favorable annual statement by raising 2¼ and Pittsburg & St. Louis gained 2½. The grangers and Pacifics were in some demand. Bonds were quiet and irregular.

The market steadied at the decline and then fluctuated sluggishly. Brooklyn Union Gas rose 3 points in response to the strength of Consolidated Gas. Prices sold off sharply in the final dealings, making the closing rather weak and dull.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	116⅛	118⅜	115¾	117¼
Am. Steel Wire com	34¼	35¼	34⅜	35¼
Tobacco	92	92⅝	91½	92
Atchison com	26	26	25⅞	25⅞
Atchison pfd	70¾	71¾	70⅝	71⅜
Brooklyn Transit	71	71⅝	70⅝	71⅛
C., M. & St. P.	115⅜	116⅝	115¾	116⅝
C., B. & Q.	127½	128¾	127	127½
Federal Steel com	34⅜	35	34⅛	34⅝
Federal Steel pfd	67⅞	68	67½	68
Great Western	128⅝	128⅝	128⅜	128⅜
L. & N.	75⅜	80½	76⅝	80¼
Manhattan	89¾	90½	89⅝	90⅛
Missouri Pacific	55⅞	56⅜	54¾	54⅝
N. P. common	60¾	60¾	60½	60⅜
N. P. preferred	74⅝	75⅜	74⅝	75¼
People's Gas	99⅜	100	99⅜	100
Rock Island	106¼	107	106⅜	107
Southern Pacific	34	34½	34	34¼
T. C. I.	73	74	72¾	74
Leather preferred	69½	70	68½	69¾
Union Pacific pfd.	73¾	74	73¾	74
Union Pacific com.	54⅛	54⅝	54	54½
Great Northern	154¼	154¼	154¼	154¼
Leather com	11⅛	11⅜	10⅞	10⅜
Money	2	2	1¾	1¾

NEW YORK MONEY

New York, May 29.—Money on call, firm, at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange, easy, with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87@4⅞ for demand, and at $4.84@4⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84; silver certificates, 60@61c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds steady; 2s, refunding, when issued, $1.04; 2s, registered, 99¾c; 3s, registered, $1.00½; coupon, $1.00¾; new 4s, registered, $1.34½; coupon, $1.34½; old 4s, registered, $1.15½; coupon, $1.15¾; 5s, registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.13¾.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 29.—The market for cotton futures opened easy in tone, with prices 3 to 9 points lower, and immediately following the call developed pronounced weakness under heavy general selling. The main cause for the weakness was an unexpected break in Liverpool. The liberal profits brought out by the break led to several partial reactions later on during the day of covering, but the market in the main was irregular and unsettled.

Cotton futures closed easy on near and steady distant positions; May, $8.09; June, $8.46; July, $8.47; August, $8.39; September, $7.89; October, $7.72; November, $7.58; December, $7.56; January, $7.60; February, $7.62; March, $7.64.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 29.—Consols for money and the account, 101 13-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 29.—Clearings, $21,404,956; balances, $2,263,670; posted exchange, $4.87@4.88½; New York exchange, 10c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 240 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 29.—Close: Adventure, 4@5; Allouez, 1½@½; Anaconda, 41¼@42¼; Arcadian, 17@18; Arnold, 5@8; Amalgamated, 86@87; Atlantic, 22@23½; Baltic, 15¼@15; Bingham, 10@11; Bonanza, 1¼@1½; Boston and Montana, 230@255; Boston Consolidated, 10¼@11; Butte and Boston, 62@66; Caumet and Hecla, $705@710; Centennial, 16@17; Cochita, 9¾@10½; Copper Range, 70 asked; Dominion Coal, 42¼@43; Elm River, 3¾@4; Franklin, 12¼@13¼; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 1@1½; Isle Royale, 24@24¾; Mass, 6½@8; Michigan, 4¼@6; Mohawk, 33¾@44; Old Colony, 2¼@3½; Old Dominion, 16½@17; Osceola, 61¼@62; Oil, 15½@16; Parrott, 41@42; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 125@135; Rhode Island, 4@4½; Santa Fe, 1¾@2¼; Tamarack, 190@194; Tecumseh, 2@3; Trimountain, 76@85; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 25¾@26¼; Victoria, 2@2½; Winona, 2¾@3¼; Wolverine, 37¼@37; Wyandotte, 1@1½; Zinc, 10¾@12.

IS CRITICAL.

Situation In China Appears to Have Reached a Serious Point.

Tien Tsin, May 29.—A hundred American marines from the American cruiser Newark are expected here at 11 o'clock to night.

An armed party of Frenchmen and Germans started this afternoon to try to relieve the besieged Belgians.

The viceroy, under the pressure of the French consul, has permitted the rescuers to travel by railroad to Feng Tai, where Chinese protection ends.

The Belgians are besieged at Chang Tsin Tein, near Teng Tai.

Washington, May 29.—Such advices as have reached here indicate that the situation in China has assumed a very critical phase, and one calculated to tax the entire resources of the Chinese government.

The state department has been in close communication with Mr. Conger, our minister at Pekin, and the navy department is doing its share, having placed the flagship Newark as far up the Pei Ho river as the Taku forts, which is the nearest point to Pekin which a ship can reach.

The operations of the "boxers" are increasing in magnitude. Their demonstrations are no longer local and they appear to be governed in their movements by some well settled design. They have murdered nine Methodist missionaries in one province, at the town of Pachow, and have closed in on Pekin.

Meanwhile the Chinese army is suspected of disloyalty, this belief being strengthened by wholesale desertions of the soldiers to "The Boxers."

Minister Conger has appealed to the state department for the protection of a marine guard for his legation. The department has promptly cabled him an authorization to call upon the nearest United States naval vessels for assistance. It is not known yet whether he has availed himself of the permission.

PASTORS' CONTRACT RIGHTS.

Famous Case That Once Disturbed the Presbyterian Authorities.

The Rev. Dr. Peter Stryker, whose death at Asbury Park was announced in the Sun a few days ago, was, for several years the pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Saratoga, says a Saratoga Springs correspondent of the New York Sun. His pastorate ended something like fourteen or fifteen years ago, after a contest between the pastor and his congregation, which was waged so long and so bitterly that the church became famous among Presbyterians all over the country. And the contest will be remembered probably for many years to come by the clergy of the Presbyterian faith, because of the position taken by Dr. Stryker in reference to the duration of the pastorate of a Presbyterian minister. He asserted, and, so far as is known, the assertion was never made before in the Presbyterian church in the United States and has never been made since, that a minister who accepted a call from a Presbyterian congregation entered into contract, which could only be terminated by the minister's death or at his pleasure. The congregation, according to Dr. Stryker, could not terminate the contract if they wanted to, so long as the pastor desired to stay.

The trouble between Dr. Stryker and his congregation originated much in the same way that the trouble between the late Dr. John Hall and the congregation of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church of New York originated. The First Presbyterian church here is to Saratoga what the Fifth Avenue church is to New York. The congregation is wealthy and its individual members more or less critical. They are not much sticklers over doctrine as they are over good preaching. They rather incline to a pastor who preaches without notes, but if he insists on writing his sermons this congregation is somewhat insistent upon original thought and expression. If the Saratoga Presbyterians can be sure of two good sermons every Sunday they won't lay it up against their pastor if he doesn't make numerous pastoral calls during the week. In fact, if they had to choose, they would prefer that their minister would be long on sermons and short on calls.

When Dr. Stryker came to Saratoga to succeed the Rev. John P. Newman, who inherited an estate and had to go to attend to it, his preaching was quite acceptable. He brought his sermons with him into the pulpit, but they had been carefully prepared and were fairly well delivered, so no fault was found. The first year's pastorate ran into the second and the second into the third. During that time the doctor, who was much interested in temperance, began to write much on temperance topics. Now and then he would drop into religious poetry and occasionally he would compose the music and words of a hymn. He seemed to experience no difficulty in finding a market for his prose and his verse and his music, and rumor had it that the income therefrom was equivalent to his salary.

By the end of the third year there was a perceptible falling off in the attendance at the services. The Second Presbyterians had a pastor who was a fine preacher and has since won a high reputation as a college professor and an after-dinner speaker in New York. The Methodists were also strong in pulpit oratory, and First Presbyterians were more often in one of these churches than in their own. When asked why they wandered from their denominational fireside, the common reply was:

"Dr. Stryker has turned his barrel upside down, but he hasn't shaken it. We want something new."

This state of things continued until finally the very practical board of trustees of the First church had found that the revenues were not equal to the disbursements. Various means were resorted to in order to give the revenues a boost, and when these failed the trustees had a very frank talk with Dr. Stryker, in which they told him that they had come to the conclusion that the only solution of the church's financial problem was for him to resign. The doctor's answer was sent straight from the shoulder. In substance it was:

"I am very sorry, gentlemen, if this is your conclusion, because I hold my pastorate for life. You cannot terminate it if you would."

That was the end of the first round of a fight which continued for more than a year, and only ended through the lack of endurance on the part of the pastor. The trustees were a pretty hard-headed lot of business representative men of the town and most of them rich. Among them was Gen. Winsor B. French, an able lawyer and the present postmaster of the town; Judge Charles S. Lester, the attorney for the late A. T. Stewart; Dr. Tabor B. Reynolds, Alexander S. Hays and the late Dr. Charles C. Wells. They pulled themselves together after the intended knockout blow of the pastor and to remain or not; and then, if the majority of the congregation wanted the doctor to remain or not; and then, if the majority didn't, the trustees decided to find out whether or not they couldn't get rid of the preacher.

Accordingly, a congregational meeting was called. Dr. Stryker had his friends as well as the trustees, and each side was out in force. The doctor insisted on presiding at the meeting, so that he wouldn't miss any of the arguments of his enemies. Judge Lester finally decided to stick by his pastor, and was the leader of the pro-Stryker forces. Mild, persuasive, insinuating, he argued for the retention of the pastor. Gen. French was the leader of the opposition. The general's arguing is of the strenuous style, and he rather believed in calling things by their proper names. He did so at that meeting, and he was ably assisted by Dr. Reynolds and Dr. Wells. Dr. Reynolds insisted that the Albany Presbytery should be asked, as quickly as a committee could be sent from Saratoga to Albany, "peremptorily to dissever the relations between pastor and people."

"An impossible procedure," remarked Dr. Stryker from the platform.

The temperature of the church lecture room grew warmer every minute. Finally Dr. Wells arose, made the shortest speech of the evening, but one which required an immediate adjournment at its close to prevent possible violence between the factions. He said:

"The thing that we want to know now and purpose to know is, whether temperance societies, religious newspapers and hymn-book publishers are going to have half of our loaf or whether we're to be permitted to eat all of what we pay for."

It proved utterly impossible for the two factions to settle the question to decide which the meeting was called and so the meeting broke up in confusion. This was followed by meetings at intervals of over a year, and so great was the advertisement these meetings got as places of entertainment that Saratogians, irrespective of denomination, attended them in preference to the theater. Presbytery was appealed to and committees were appointed to examine into the question raised by Dr. Stryker to determine what the church law on the subject was. The committee was unable to determine definitely, but the opinion was expressed that presbytery could declare the pulpit vacant, if, in its opinion, the good of the church required it.

Briefs and other formidable documents were submitted to presbytery by both sides and the case came up on an average of about once a month. Finally it was decided to refer the whole matter to the general assembly for final decision, and the case gave every evidence of assuming the importance which the Briggs case did later. Whether Dr. Stryker concluded that he didn't want the notoriety attendant upon a submission of the case to the court of last resort in the Presbyterian church was never made known, but one day he served notice on the trustees that he would join with them in a petition to presbytery to dissolve the relations between pastor and people, and that ended the fight.

Via "The Milwaukee's" New Train

You can leave Minneapolis at 10:50 p. m. and St. Paul 11:25 p. m. (every night), and arrive Milwaukee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1:00 p. m.

Fine sleepers and coaches through to Chicago.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Rafting Tug Weldman Sunk In Thirteen Feet of Water.

SHE STRUCK A WRECK

Demand For Grain Tonnage Is Slightly Better---Coal Rates Steady.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The small rafting tug Weldman, in making up a raft at Emerson yesterday, struck the submerged boilers of the burned tug Mystic, damaging her bottom so that she sank in an hour in thirteen feet of water. A wrecking outfit has gone to her.

The steamer Choctaw has been released and after reloading her lightered cargo will leave tonight.

THE FREIGHT SITUATION.

The grain freight situation is a little improved, but not quite so much as the Cleveland dispatch stating that Duluth brokers are offering 2½ cents for the first week of June would indicate. There is a small amount of inquiry at 2¼ but no bids of 2½ have been reported as yet. There has been a slight rally, however, and that is something to be thankful for. While the demand for tonnage has increased only slightly the situation is more hopeful.

Buffalo, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Shippers show no inclination to cut the coal rates and they hold steady at 75 cents to Chicago, 70 to Milwaukee and 50 to Duluth. There is no more available tonnage on the market than is needed in the trade.

HER ENGINE DISABLED.

Port Huron, Mich., May 29.—The steamer George T. Hope came back after being out on Lake Huron for six hours with disabled machinery. Repairs will be made here.

DREDGING AT BUFFALO.

Buffalo, May 29.—There is a great casting about on the part of dredging and similar contractors, as it is given out that the first work on the spot of the big steel plant is soon to be let. The engineers have been here some time and have made some radical changes in the plans, so that they are now about ready to take the next step. It is expected that a canal will be run in from a point just back of the long breakwater so that it will tap the entire inlet, thus form the basis of a land-locked system. The late purchase of the excursion grounds of the Woodland Beach association, a tract of about forty acres, rather puzzles the public, as it is so exposed to the lake that vessels cannot land there at any time when there is much wind down the lake and docks cannot be maintained there without a breakwater. The company has been the most discreet on record, and not a single development has been made known to the public a moment before it was necessary.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Malach, Italia, Amazon, Bielman, 3:30 a. m.; Continental, Holland, 4; Kirby, Hartnell, Ward, 5; Sicken, Spademan, McVea, Melvina, Ouseko, Steele, 6; Wilson, 7; Baumrickhum, Minnedosa, Winnipeg, Mary McGregor, Berlin, 8; Ed Smith, Connolly Bros., Peshtigo, Macy, Wilson, 9:30; Seattle, Skeet, Lozon, Godfrey, 10:40, Down: Shores, Brainerd, Cahoon, 12:30 a. m.; Griffin, 2; Spalding, Joliet, 4; Roby, 5; Trevor and Whalebacks, 6:30; Cumberland, 9:40; Gilchrist, Dundee, 10.

Up yesterday: Ravenscraig, Vulcan, Wade, Lagonda, 11:40 a. m.; Nicholas, 1:20 p. m.; Campbell, King, Perew, 3; Williams, Ends, Bell, India, Ceylon, 3:30; Vega, 4; Ericsson, 4:30; Fryer, Angeline, 5:20; St. Paul, 7; Peshtigo, Selwyn Eddy, 7:30; Cormorant, 9; Empire City, 9:30; Jay Gould, 10:30; Normandie, 11:20. Down: Monegan, Mingoe, 12:30 p. m.; Rosemount, Selkirk, Melrose, 1; Emily, Hattie, 1:20; Louisiana, 2; Bermuda, Law, 2:40; Iosco, Jeannette, 4:20; Odorus, 5:30; Huron, Osceola, 7:20, Sacramento, 8; Amazonas, Troy, 10; Elphicke, Senator, McWilliams, 12.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Matoa, 7 last night; Oliver, 11; Holden, 12:10 a. m.; Aztec, Mistec, 12:20; Mohawk, 1:30; Curry, Northern Queen, 11.

Up yesterday: St. Paul (steel), 3 p. m.; Arizona and consorts, 5.

THE TWO-TUG RULE.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The members of Licensed Tugmen's Protective association, No. 1, of Duluth, feel that there is considerable misunderstanding in regard to the "two-tug rule." We hope you will kindly place before the public the facts, namely: The local association known as No. 3 were not in sympathy with the "two-tug" action. The rule was made by a very few members of the local association. It was strictly an individual action of those few and was unauthorized and unprotected by the local association for the reason that it has never been brought before that body officially. Respectfully,

CAPT. EDGAR BROWN,
President L. T. P. A., No. 1.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Celtic, Progress, Tasmania, Pahlow, Delta, City of Chicago. Cleared: Lumber—Turner, Maxwell, Pendall, Ward, Saginaw; George Owen, Toledo; Donaldson, Dayton, Tonawanda, Ore—Zemith City, Yale, Harper, Antrim, Conneaut.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Presley, Portage, light; Bangor, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Whitney, Duluth, Light—Rockefeller, Manola, Maruba, Duluth; Gladstone, Superior.

Cleveland: Cleared: Coal—Dominion, Mystic Star, Jacklish, Ericsson, Fort William, Light—Wawatam, Duluth.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—Aurania, Fulton, Linn, Carrington, Hanna, Duluth.

Chicago—Cleared: 116, 105, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Coal—London, Superior, Light—Morse, Italia, Alva, Duluth; Macy, Presque Isle.

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17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 29.—The barometer continues high over Lake Superior, the Upper Rocky mountains and British Columbia, but the area of low pressure, which was central yesterday morning near Rapid City, has moved northward to the vicinity of Qu'Appelle and has increased a little in energy. It is slightly cooler at Bismarck, otherwise the temperature changes have been unimportant. Light to moderately copious showers have fallen over the central and southern portions of the lake region, Eastern Iowa, Oklahoma, Western Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Alberta, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan, with thunder storms at Bismarck, Escanaba and Green Bay. The weather in the lake region ranges from partly cloudy over lake Superior to threatening over the remaining portions, with light to fresh northerly and easterly winds. Rather foggy weather prevails over portions of Lake Michigan and Lake Superior.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	48	Medicine Hat	70
Bismarck	60	Memphis	70
Calgary	36	Miles City	52
Chicago	48	Milwaukee	58
Davenport	66	Minnedosa	58
Denver	58	Moorhead	56
Detroit	58	North Platte	58
Dodge City	58	Oklahoma	62
Duluth	44	Omaha	64
Edmonton	38	Port Arthur	50
Escanaba	54	Prince Albert	50
Green Bay	54	Qu'Appelle	50
Havre	44	Rapid City	56
Helena	42	Shreveport	70
Huron	54	St. Louis	62
Kamloops	46	St. Paul	52
Kansas City	64	Sault Ste. Marie	58
La Crosse	54	Swift Current	58
Lander	38	Toronto	62
Marquette	44	Winnipeg	52

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and warmer, with probably occasional showers tonight and Wednesday. Light to fresh easterly and southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 29.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, with occasional showers. Warmer in east portion Wednesday.

Minnesota—Showers tonight and Wednesday. Cooler west and south portions Wednesday.

Upper Lakes—Winds generally fresh easterly. Unsettled weather with showers.

The Duty of the Census Enumerators.

It has been suggested to The Herald that a few words addressed to the census enumerators appointed for Duluth, would be of value, inasmuch as some of the men selected for this important duty are said to be indifferent—or at least seem so—as to the result of their labors and its effect upon the city. Happily those who exhibit this indifference comprise but a very small percentage of the men chosen to count the city's population, and the great majority require no words of caution or urging to do all within their power to secure an accurate and complete census of the city. Every enumerator selected is a resident of Duluth and should take a deep interest in promoting the welfare of the city in which he lives. Whatever benefits the whole community will benefit him in some degree. It certainly would be injurious to Duluth, as well as unfortunate, should the coming census fail to show as many people here as were enumerated under the state census. At that time special efforts were made to secure a complete count, and while undoubtedly some people were missed, the result was fairly satisfactory. Although until recently conditions in this section of the country were not very favorable for a growth in population, there is no doubt that during the past year there have been hundreds of people who have taken up their residence in Duluth and the result is that we have a much larger population than in 1895. The census figures should furnish absolute proof of this statement, and they will if all the enumerators do their duty. Thousands of Eastern people will consult the census record during the next five years, and the figures representing the population of a city are impressive upon many. The census figures now secured will stand as Duluth's record until the next state census at least, and every enumerator should be sufficiently loyal to the city and true to its interests to make special exertions to get the name of every man, woman and child in his district, including all those temporarily absent from the city.

No Bubonic Plague In San Francisco.

Many people throughout the United States were greatly alarmed by the story recently given publication that several cases of bubonic plague had appeared in San Francisco, that the victims had died and were buried, and that the matter had been suppressed by the city authorities and press of San Francisco. It would appear from later information that there have not been any cases of bubonic plague there, and it is only fair to San Francisco to give the version of the matter as presented by its papers. Most of them are united in accusing and condemning the health board of that city, the members of which are charged with incompetency, manifest corruption in office, and crimes that ought, if the charges are true, to consign these officials to felons' cells for a long period of time. It is asserted, among other things, that the bubonic plague scare was invented by this board of health for the purpose of giving its members an opportunity to loot the city treasury. But aside from this consideration, the Chronicle, the most temperate and reasonable of the dailies, gives what it vouches for as the facts, which, condensed, are about as follows: Three months ago five Chinese bodies were found to have been infected in life with some loathsome disease, and to contain certain germs resembling those of the bubonic plague. No person known to have the plague was ever treated during life by an American physician. Just then reports of the appearance of the plague in Honolulu reached this country. It is now thought that these reports were highly exaggerated. The Chinese found dead in San Francisco were of the lowest and most filthy class. If they had died of the plague it would have spread like wildfire. But there was no spread of any such disease. So far as is known nobody even became ill on account of these deaths. San Francisco for the last three months has been in an absolutely normal condition as regards health. And the Chronicle winds up its "true story" with this shot: "There is no reason in the world why a board of health which has proved itself so incompetent, unscrupulous and wasteful as the present board, should be entrusted with the expenditure of a dollar which can be kept from them. * * * Some persons who expect to profit by the plunder of the city treasury are circulating these false reports in order that the supervisors and the public may be terrified into yielding to their demands."

THE LIBERTY FIGHT.

With the premise that earnest conventions upon any subject flow into action along the line of such convictions, or they are as dust in the balance, the Springfield Republican urges that those who are profoundly moved by what seems to them the peril of democracy as the United States has embodied it up to this time, must do what they can to avert the threatening imperializing and militarizing of our republicanism. Only so can men and women thus believing satisfy their consciences that they have done all in their power to preserve the state from detriment. The revolutionizing process must be so challenged that the people may preserve their own. This means insistent, persistent work. Behind such a crusade the forces of materialism, profligate of money with which to serve their selfish ends, are not massed. It is a purely volunteer service, depending for its efficiency upon the self-sacrifice of the many. In this light, and with the sense of personal responsibility quickened, let those who want the next step in democratic government to be in the right direction consider the following appeal:

"The passage of the Porto Rican bill has opened the eyes of the American people to the radical difference between imperialism and mere territorial expansion along the line of legitimate growth of the United States. It is now clear that imperialism is no imaginary evil, but one which is already in our midst. One consequence of the quickening of the consciences of many thousands who have hitherto been apathetic or hostile, is such an increase in the calls upon the American anti-imperialist league for its literature that its resources are overtaxed. To enable it to respond to these calls, it appeals for further and liberal support to all who are in sympathy with its work. It asks the aid of every man and woman who approves its efforts to hold our beloved country true to the ideals of free government and who believes that the preservation of human liberty is vital to real progress.

"Money is wanted not only for printing and distributing liberty tracts, but also for holding meetings and for organizing for the coming political campaign, in which the league purposes to do all that lies in its power to contribute to the defeat of the imperialist candidates for congress, irrespective of party. Subscriptions of any amount, large or small, will be welcome, and should be sent to Frederick W. Gookin, treasurer, 217 La Salle street, Chicago; Robert Fulton Cutting, 32 Nassau street, New York city; Dana Estes, 212 Summer street, Boston, Mass.; Herbert Welsh, 1305 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.; Louis R. Ehrich, Colorado Springs, Col."

HONORS FOR HEROES.

The people of Erie, Pa., have taken steps to raise a fund for the erection of a monument in the cemetery in that town over the remains of Capt. Charles V. Gridley, commander of the flagship Olympia during the glorious battle in Manilla bay on May 1, 1898, and from the effect of which the brave captain died in a few days. This is a worthy and commendable project and there should be a ready response from the American people who were never able to recognize in a suitable manner the splendid work of Capt. Gridley in that great battle, while he was alive. It is fitting that his last resting place should be marked by a monument suitably inscribed that will be a perpetual reminder of his splendid service in the American navy.

At the same time would it not be a good idea also to award honors now for service in the Spanish war to those who ahve earned them, instead of waiting until they are dead and placing monuments over their graves. Take the case of Capt. Clark, of the Oregon, who is still unrewarded. The marvelous voyage of the battleship Oregon from San Francisco to Santiago and its notable part in that battle have not yet been forgotten, and yet the brave and gallant commander of the Oregon has been practically forgotten as far as the bestowal of well-earned honors are concerned. It was the most famous voyage ever made by a battleship of any nation. It was a journey of 14,000 miles, from a temperate into a tripic, then into a frigid, then into a torrid zone again, and not a man was lost, not an accident happened to that great sea machine. And her arrival at her destination was almost as dramatic as anything in naval warfare; it was just in time, and the surprise, the wonder of it was that the Oregon was the most ready ship of the whole fleet to swing into action—and powerful, destructive, irresistible action it was. While the government favorite was eight miles away, the Oregon—though under his command, of course—was in a position to do service. Yet, considering its position, it did grander service that day than any vessel of the fleet. At the first signal it bounded forward, as nimble as a greyhound, as terrible as an avalanche, and did mightier work than any other ship—perhaps it would not be an exaggeration to say than all the others combined. It was the Oregon that in the space of a few seconds ended the career of the Maria Teresa, the Oregon that drove the Oquendo upon the beach, the Oregon that forced the Viscaya, shattered, ashore, the Oregon, in conjunction with Schley's Brooklyn, that overtook and ended the career of the Colon.

How the American people cheered the unparalleled achievements of the Oregon and bestowed sincere words of praise upon her commander. Then Capt. Clark was granted a well-earned leave of absence, and later was sent to League island. But his deeds have not been further recognized, and the modest, retiring man has made no complaint of the way he has been treated, while others have been promoted. It is not right that this brave officer, who made a record second to but one in the late war, should be actually lower in rank than he was when he steamed out of San Francisco bay two years ago. Owing to the promotion of others, he is relatively lower on the official ladder of the navy. He may be entirely satisfied; he makes no complaint; he is not one of the complaining, jowering, jealous sort. But to his countrymen, when they think of his magnificent services in that time of doubt, difficulty and danger, it appears that an injustice has been done to this heroic naval officer. Is there not some one at Washington with a sense of justice who will try to have this wrong righted?

The long-drawn-out strike and lockout in the building trades at Chicago has had serious business effects. Street railway revenues have been reduced by something like $1000 a day. Storekeepers have suffered severely in the labor residence districts, and the department stores have not escaped the blight. The theaters notice it. Many people have been forced to leave the city, and hundreds have been made destitute and subjects of public charity. Altogether, the strike has been nothing less than a great public calamity. It again emphasizes the necessity of a law providing for compulsory arbitration of all difficulties between employers and employes.

The creation of a lot of judicial offices up in Alaska is urged on the ground that they are needed for "the preservation of law and order." The plea is disingenuous. They are needed as holes for political pegs. There may be more "law," but there will be no better order, and no more justice, after these judges have been scattered around over Alaska than there was before. The people there get along very well without all the judicial machinery, and there seems to be no more crime up there than in Texas.

Non-Senator Clark gave some of his opponents a hot parting shot in his resignation speech, when he said: "Perhaps, if I had used my influence to create a fat office at the expense of the state or the government with which to reward Mr. Day (one of the bribers), the incident would not have aroused any criticism." Many senators whose title to a seat is unquestioned are morally as guilty and reprehensible as Clark, though their methods were not quite so "coarse."

The following suggestion has been made for the anti-trust plank of the Republican platform: The Republican party is unalterably opposed to trusts. The trusts must be regulated (by their friends). Trusts are a great evil, but they are killing themselves, and no legislation is necessary. Trusts are beneficial institutions anyway. There are no trusts. Take your choice, and vote the Republican ticket.

The Minneapolis Tribune says: "Boss Crocker comes out for Bryan in his latest interview, and that ought to settle it—that is, it ought to settle Bryan's defeat by the honest and intelligent people of this country." That is a fair specimen of the reasoning of the administration organs. It would be just as fair to say that McKinley should be defeated, because he is supported by Boss Cox, of Cincinnati; Boss Quay, of Pennsylvania, and Boss Platt, of New York.

It is said that Indiana Republicans will present Governor Mount for the nomination for vice president. It is hardly likely that he will be selected, however, in view of his recent refusal to honor requisitions by the governor of Kentucky for men indicted for complicity in the assassination of Governor Goebel.

The true state of affairs in Chicago is not being told by the newspapers of that city. The strikes in the building trades have done tremendous damage. Workmen are leaving the city by thousands and the retail trade is at a standstill. Much the same situation is present in St. Louis, because of the great street car strike.

If any young man is heard by a young lady to advance the theory that the male sex is superior, intellectually, to the female sex, here is a fact that she can fling in the teeth of him: In a class of 55 graduates in the Iowa college of law of Drake university, Miss Nell Noble carried off the highest honors for the best thesis.

The Portland Telegram notices that Alaska officials usually have important business that keeps them in Washington, D. C., most of the year, except during the hot season. Then they go fishing in Alaska.

Temperance has always cut some figure with the insurance companies. A leading English company now divides its risks, insuring the more or less bibulous in one class and the total abstainers in another. The latter class gets the cheaper premium.

There was a largely attended anti-English mass meeting in Philadelphia last week. But no one said a word against England or in favor of the Boers. It was a gathering to denounce English, the head of the department of public safety.

A New York man who took a notion to be "gay," advertised through a matrimonial bureau for a "lady correspondent." His wife answered and the subsequent proceedings interested him no more.

The Philadelphia boy that is carrying a message of sympathy to President Kruger may find Gen. "Bobs" at Pretoria to meet him, unless he makes better time.

With both laymen and women admitted as members, the preachers will occupy but an insignificant position in future conferences of the Methodist church.

The Chicago Record observes that Professor Chrisman must admit that some men act foolish enough to make the spectators believe they are in love.

The Indianapolis Sun is pessimistic. It says: "No man can be sincere and a politician at one and the same time."

Severe punishment has been meted out to Capt. Chadwick. He is to spend the summer at Newport.

SMILING LINES.

Detroit Journal: "Food for reflection," observed the Ostrich, with a certain rude wit, as he swallowed the fragments of the mirror.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I'm mighty glad there's no mercury trust."

"Eh?"

"They'd run it up sure."

Chicago Record: Smith—Have you ever had any athletic training, Jones?

Jones—Well, I've always managed to get my meals while on popular excursions.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "You're home is connected with the Mudlarks by 'phone, isn't it?"

"Yes, but we are not on speaking terms."

Detroit Free Press: "Bunting tells me that he loves music passionately," said Larkin.

"That can't be true," replied Gilfoyle.

"Why not?"

"I often hear him murdering a tune."

Chicago Post: She was planning for a little summer outing.

"The mountain air," she said, "would make a new woman of me."

Too late she saw her mistake. The "new woman" was his pet aversion.

Washington Star: "I suppose you lay a great deal of stress on the adage, 'money talks,'" said the man who gets familliarly facetious.

"No, sir," said Senator Sorghum. "If you had observed as many investigations as I have you'd know that the success of pecuniary enterprise frequently depends on the ability to keep perfectly still."

Loveliest Spring of All.

I've never seen spring in the same gown twice;
This year her bonnet is brighter blue,
And the robe she wraps about herself,
It never was of such tender hue.

Her breath smells sweeter of spruce and pine,
Her step sinks deeper in velvet moss,
And the river banks reach out to her,
To kiss her feet as she steps across.

Her smile is brighter on field and hill—
More fragrant the pinks she tosses down,
And richer the gold the willows bring
To hang in fringes along her gown.

Her pulse beats stronger in bough and bud,
Her charms unfold with more witching grace.
A happier light is in her glance
And a warmer flush upon her face.

The earth rejoices in gladder green,
To farther edges the fields respond;
Life stirs more swiftly in root and stem,
And fairer ferns burst their tender frond.

The birds sing louder their songs of praise,
They mate and build with a keener zest,
They were never quite so mad with joy
When they were building their last year's nest.

"Last spring," say you with a fond regret
To its faded flowers do you yet cling?
Why, the sweetest of all the springs gone by
And of those to come are in this spring.
—Hartford Times.

Royal Blue has proven a great favorite everywhere. It is made by the manufacturers of the celebrated Flor de Teller cigars.

One Woman's Letter

SAYS

"I doctored with two of the best doctors in the city for two years and had no relief until I used the Pinkham remedies.

"My trouble was ulceration of the uterus. I suffered terribly, could not sleep nights and thought sometimes that death would be such a relief.

"To-day I am a well woman, able to do my own work, and have not a pain.

"I used four bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and three packages of Sanative Wash and cannot praise the medicines enough."—MRS. ELIZA THOMAS, 634 Pine St., Easton, Pa.

Mrs. Pinkham advises suffering women without charge.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

THE DAKOTAS.

Fargo Man In Trouble---Bismarck Murderer Sentenced to Hang.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—E. G. Johnson was arrested here by Sheriff Wilson on a charge of desertion preferred by his wife at Merrill, Wis. Johnson has been employed by a local wholesale establishment and had assumed a number of allases since leaving Wisconsin and his wife, eighteen months ago. He was known as P. G. Bundblom and K. A. Ackerman. He is reported to have mixed up in scandal here, which may result in a prosecution. The Wisconsin officials have been notified of his arrest.

The Northern Pacific has placed a large number of condemnation papers in the hands of Sheriff Wilson to serve on the farmers along the proposed extension to Dickey from Casselton. It had been reported that the company had abandoned the idea of building from Casselton on account of the hikh price demanded for right-of-way. This action would indicate that the original plans are to be carried out.

Bismarck—Ira O. Jenkins was yesterday afternoon sentenced to be hanged at Bismarck Sept. 14, for the murder of Gust Stark. He took his sentence coolly and professed his entire innocence of the crime.

Wahpeton—Town improvements are becoming numerous. Much building is going on. From one street corner eleven new houses were counted under construction. A superb brick block is soon to be built on Dakota avenue by A. Stern.

Hamil—The persons afflicted with smallpox here have recovered sufficiently to be released ,and the quarantine has been raised. There are no new cases and it is thought th disease is effectually stumped out.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Clear Lake—On Saturday night the wife of J. W. Hargrave, cashier of the Farmers and Merchants' bank of Hankinson, N. D., arrived with a team via Watertown to visit her parents. The horses ran away and Mrs. Hargrave, springing from her carriage, struck on her head and is thought to be fatally injured. A child with her escaped unhurt. Physicians from Brookings, Clear Lake and Canby held a consultation for Mrs. Hargrave.

Sioux Falls—Cards have been received announcing the marriage of Marion L. Fox, the well-known newspaper correspondent, and Miss Jessamine Lee, daughter of Governor and Mrs. A. E. Lee, of Vermillion. The ceremony will be performed at the Baptist church in Vermillion at 1 o'clock on the afternoon of June 7.

Yankton—The 11-year-old son of James Cook, of Washtown, was dragged to death by a horse. He was leading the animal to water and had a rope tied around his arm.

ROBBERY AT HIBBING.

Hotel Safe Entered and Four Hundred Dollars Taken.

Hibbing, Minn., May 29.—The Hotel Hibbing was entered yesterday morning at about 2 o'clock by burglars who went through the safe, opening the inner door to the same with a key, and taking the money and papers which it contained. One of the night clerk was showing a gentleman to his room in the upper part of the house. About $400 in cash was taken besides the papers. The papers were found later under the grand stand in the ball park, near the hotel, by a railway conductor. Suspicion points to two men who have been about town since Saturday and the police at different places have been wired their description with orders to hold them. It is thought they are the same who robbed the depot at Virginia last week. Part of the amount taken had been left in the safe by guests of the house, and the porter had about $100 in it.

OBSERVATION AT VICTORIA.

The Meteorological Office Reports on the Eclipse.

Victoria, B. C., May 29.—The meteorological office here makes the following official report on the solar eclipse:

"The sun rose amidst a bank of clouds, from which it emerged just in time for its first contact to be seen. During the eclipse, the sun's disc was clear and well defined until near the close, when a light cloud passed across it, but without materially affecting the sight. The eclipse commenced on the southwestern edge of the sun's disc. The first contact was at 5:15:24 a. m. and the last contact at 6:30:10 a. m., a maximum of about three-tenths diameter being attained at 5:45:47. The entire duration of the eclipse was 1:18:46. No shadow bands were observed. The barometer at 5 a. m. was 30.17, and the temperature was 43. A sudden drop of 3 degrees of temperature was recorded on the thermograph at 5:40 a. m. The wind was light and from the southwest. (Above times are Pacific coast standard time of the 120th meridian.)

WINNIPEG CHURCH ROW.

The Pastor Discharged the Choir For Dancing.

Winnipeg, Man., May 29.—There was a big row at the Methodist district conference held in this city It was in connection with the Macdougall Memorial church, which is almost hopelessly in debt, and the question troubling the leaders was how had the church become so unpopular as to be so far from self-sustaining One side blamed a Rev. Mr. Spence, who had charge for a year. It appeared that on one occasion it came to Mr. Spence's ears that after his choir had finished their practice one night they went in for a little dancing. He said nothing, but at the next practice surprised the dancers and discharged the whole choir, including the organist and leader. There was no choir next Sunday. The explanation given was unsatisfactory to the best people of the congregation, including some of the trustees, and other church leaders, and many people left the church and joined with others in the city. While one side blamed Spence for his high-handed action, the other blamed the leaders of the congregation for not supporting the pastor in carrying out what was distinctly understood as "Christ's will" in the matter of worldly enjoymnet

No satisfactory conclusion was come to, although the desirability of "a more strenuous type of piety among us," and against "softness and needless self-indulgence." The resolution concluded by asking the annual conference for some clear expression on the subject.

A TANGLE IN 'FRISCO.

Federal Court Order on Inoculation Snarls Things Up.

San Francisco, May 29.—Legal complications have arisen in the plague situation, and things are very much mixed. The United States circuit court issued an order restraining the local board of health and United States Surgeon Kinyoun from inoculating Chinese and restraining them from leaving the city. The state board of health then passed an order asking the city board of health to quarantine the Chinese district. At a meeting of the city board, called for the purpose of declaring an effective quarantine, the question was raised whether or not the order of the United States court would prevent the board from declaring an effective quarantine. A reading of the order convinced the board that it was very sweeping in its effect, and it was feared that to declare a quarantine and bring the board in contempt. After discussing the matter until midnight, the matter was deferred.

IN MICHIGAN.

The South Shore's Gogebic Extension---Notes From the Range.

Houghton—Work on the new South Range extension is progressing rapidly. The contractors, Balch & Peppard, are pushing matters vigorously, having in their employ about 500 men. The chief difficulty up to the present time has been the scarcity of labor. This, however, is being gradually overcome and new men are being employed daily. The contractors are paying $1.75 per day and can still give work to a considerable number of men.

Steel has been laid nine miles out from the junction with the D., S. S. & A., with the grading quite a distance in advance. The expectation is to have the line as far as Mass City ready for operation this fall. It is a question still undecided whether the construction work will be pushed beyond Mass City this season or not, although the engineers are now at work locating the right-of-way through to Gogebic.

The site for the pumping plant for the new Isle Royale mill near the Isle Royale dock has been cleared and work will be commenced at once upon the excavation for the pump foundation, which will be built on piles with cement crowning them. The pump is being built by the Nordberg Manufacturing company, and will be a duplicate of that at the Arcadian, having a daily capacity of 15,000,000 gallons. It will have a triple discharge, uniting in a 30-inch riveted steel pipe, leading to the mill, 2200 feet distant.

Back of the pumping station a little brook comes down into Portage lake and this will be dammed to furnish water for the boilers while the coal storage will be arranged back of the boiler house near the little creek, a track being put in so that the coal can be run up directly from the dock.

The piling has all been driven for the full length of the dock, 600 feet, and the rock-filled crib at the end extends out twenty feet farther. Work will soon be commenced upon the coal unloading apparatus, the buckets and cars having just been ordered.

Late messages from the Helvetia bring the report that the crosscut from No. 2 shaft on the Isle Royale claim over to No. 1 shaft has struck, at a distance of twenty-five feet from No. 2 shaft, a body of ore running 15 per cent in copper and that the head of the cross cut is now entirely in the ore. This cross cut starts from No. 2 shaft, at a point 150 feet from the surface, which would correspond with the 180-foot level of No. 1 shaft, which, however, is as yet only ninety feet deep.

Ishpeming—Jacob Brown has been held for trial at Marquette on the charge of killing Howard, his traveling companion, near Ishpeming.

Absurd and Cruel.

Mr. Rarey, prince of horsemen, said: "Blinders should never be used. If the horse has the free use of his eyes many accidents will be avoided. In handling wild and nervous horses for ten years I never put blinders on one of them, and in no case have they shied." In Russia, where blinders are never used, shying is unknown. Blinders are a frequent cause of kicking. They also cause many accidents by concealing from the horse the harmlessness of that which alarms him. Their uselessness is proven by their absence from saddle horses, fire department, artillery teams and many fine turn outs. Blinders greatly mar the beauty of the horse, whose handsome and expressive eyes and the head are his glory. Although blindness decreases the value of a horse, many render their horses half, or two-thirds blind—practically—by senseless and injurious "blinders" some of which absolutely prevent the horse from seeing the road! Blinders annoy horses greatly, and dapping blinders destroy the sight. In discarding blinders, accustom your horse gradually to the sight of the wagon behind him, lest he be frightened by it.

Rahilly Explains.

Minneapolis Journal: "What is this ink spattering all over the United States about, anyway? Why should the speech of an humble farmer, setting forth the qualities of the greatest genius of this continent, excite the ire of his political enemies all over the country?" so writes Patrick H. Rahilly to the Lake City Republican. At last Mr. Rahilly explains his use of Donnelly's speech for Cleveland to nominate Donnelly. "It may be possible," Mr. Rahilly blandly remarks, "owing to the fact that I have read many able nominating speeches in years past that I used one or more paragraphs that were not my own composition. If so I certainly used quotation marks. All I ask is fair play. Let those who published the paragraphs referred to publish my speech in full, and if they have the celebrated orator's speech delivered sixteen years hence, publish it with mine." And next week the Republican will publish the whole speech. Mr. Rahilly is a source of joy. Notice his delightful reference to the speech of the celebrated orator delivered "sixteen years hence."

PIONEER GONE.

Detroit, Mich., May 29.—David Ward, pioneer capitalist lumberman and owner of a fortune of upwards of $25,000,000, died today at his home in Pontiac. Mr. Ward had been ill for several months with a brain trouble and general breaking down. Deceased was a native of New York. A self-made man of the hardiest character, but of broad culture and education, Mr. Ward was identified since 1850 with leading enterprises, chiefly in the line of lumbering and pine land development and speculation.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

To Clean Matting

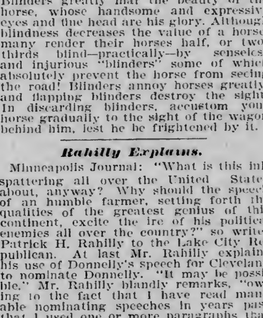
Few things can be used to clean matting; salt and soda have been used, but experience has taught that the best way is to have the matting thoroughly swept, and then go over it with a solution of warm water with

Gold Dust Washing Powder

dissolved in it; it is best to use a woolen cloth; a tablespoonful of Gold Dust Washing Powder to a quart of water is the proportion; wring the cloth almost dry and rub quickly, but the moment the water gets dirty, change it for fresh; then follow the wet cloth with a dry one. This will clean it perfectly.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK" Sent free on request to

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.



Northwestern Benevolent Society,

Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.

Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

SHORT STORIES

By C. W. Ericson.

Have you heard about our—

Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING?

Novelties for the Little Fellows in Wash Goods.

Per Suit—

50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

The laundry makes them new each week.

C. W. ERICSON.

Reliable Clothier.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager

Sale of seats for the

PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN

opens tomorrow morning.

Thursday Matinee May 31 at 4 o'clock
Friday Evening, June 1st

Prices Thursday afternoon—75c, 50c, 25c
Friday Evening—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c

R. CAPOUL CUTTRISS WARDE

The celebrated Vocal and Dramatic Master of Chicago, and formerly of the first opera houses of Europe and America will be in Duluth June, July, August and September, and will receive pupils in voice culture, singing, elocution and dramatic art in all its branches. Circulars to be found at The Duluth Music Co's Store.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 29 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.
BOSTON NOVELTY CO.
Fine Vaudeville Show.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.

WOULD NOT RENEW IT

Council Refuses Montreal House a License Because of Police Complaints.

PARK POINT FERRY

Will Fight the Suit and Get Plans For an Aerial Bridge.

The council refused to renew the liquor license of the Montreal house last night, thereby establishing a precedent which, if adhered to consistently, means the refusal of several more licenses. The aldermen also stood by the mayor in his recommendation that the city fight the Park Point ferry injunction—"and fight it to a finish." Ordinances were passed around freely.

The precedent at stake in the Montreal house license caused several saloon keepers to sit uneasily in the rear row. There was considerable politics mixed up in the fight, but it was soon apparent that the political strength that had been figured on was either overestimated or else there was a stampede at the home stretch. It failed by a vote of 10 to 5. Aldermen Neff, Rothermel, Schaffer, Trevillion and Wing voting for the license. In recommending the license the committee on police and license, took a stand of "not guilty, but don't do it again."

Alderman Cromwell, who opposed the license very strenuously, called for a reading of Chief Crandall's report on the house. Then the committee on licenses insisted on the reading of a communication from Thomas Pinsonnault, the proprietor, saying that the reason he pleaded guilty to keeping a house of bad repute last January was because he was advised that that was the cheapest way out of it, and that he was not guilty.

Alderman Cromwell followed this up with a strong talk against the license, saying that the council had a duty to perform as well as the police, when it came to maintaining the moral standard of the city, and he did not think it right to throw the burden on the police.

Alderman Carey said: "I will not sit here and vote for a license where such a report is made."

Aldermen Neff and Wing spoke in favor of the license, the latter saying that the Montreal house was no worse than several prominent hotels, and if one should be closed all should be closed. That ended the discussion and the vote was taken.

The application for a license to conduct a second-hand store at 313 West Superior street, by Isador Lieberman, was turned down on the strength of police court records, which showed that there had been a number of woodsmen that complained of being fleeced in the place last winter.

Joe Sheehy's application for a license to conduct an employment bureau was worse than turned down. It was not even mentioned.

The Park Point ferry discussion was very limited. Mayor Hugo submitted a series of communications urging the city to fight the injunction suit, and the council to appoint a commission to take steps to collect data and information for the building of an aerial ferry bridge across the canal.

Alderman Neff introduced a resolution instructing the city attorney to fight the injunction suit and do all in his power to keep the present ferry running. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Alderman Johnson introduced a resolution appointing Mayor Hugo, City Attorney Mitchell and City Engineer McGilvray a commission to devise ways and means to have the aerial ferry bridge built, and to this commission was also added the names of the special committee appointed a week ago, consisting of Aldermen Cullum, Cromwell and Trevillion. It was adopted with a few negative votes, as several of the aldermen thought that the matter should be left entirely with the council's original committee.

The ordinance providing for the issue of $110,000 bonds to build an electric light plant went back to the committee on ordinances on a technicality and will come up next week—may be.

Alderman Haven's ordinance amending the health board ordinance passed, and in the future any person depositing sputum, spittle, saliva, phlegm, mucus, tobacco juice, cigaretie stumps, cigar stumps or quids of tobacco upon any sidewalk or on the furnishings or equipment inside or outside of any street car or building will be liable to prosecution.

Alderman Krumsieg's ordinance amending the ordinance on the obstruction of sidewalks passed. This provides that all merchants can obstruct the sidewalks to the extent of eighteen inches from the lot line, providing they can get permission from the board of public works.

Alderman Cromwell's ordinance regulating the speed of street cars was adopted so as to provide for a maximum rate of twelve miles on Superior street, Michigan street, Piedmont avenue and West Third street between Third avenue west and Twenty-third avenue west, Ramsey street, Fifty-fifth avenue west, Raleigh street, Third avenue west, Sixth avenue east and Second street; not faster than fifteen miles an hour on Lake avenue, Pine avenue, Arthur avenue, Fourth street west of Sixth avenue east, and Superior street from Third avenue east to Twenty-second avenue east; and not faster than twenty miles an hour on all other streets and avenues.

The ordinance committee reported that the granting of a franchise to the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road for a right-of-way on Railroad street to the plant of the Duluth Brewing and Malting company would damage certain property abutting on the proposed right-of-way, and recommended that the ordinance be tabled till such time as the Duluth, Missabe & Northern should secure leases for the property to be damaged.

A resolution was adopted appropriating $125 with which the city is to purchase and own a "transformer" for the Fifth avenue west arch. Another resolution was adopted confirming the contract of the board of health in giving R. S. Lerch the custody of the city ambulances. The city rate is $1.20 a trip and the maximum private rate was fixed at $3.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

FAGGED

"All tired out. Can't hardly take another step. Don't seem to have any ambition. Can't do half my regular work. I'm weak, nervous, depressed, discouraged." Is that your story? If so, you tell it well, for it's the story of impure blood. There's only one remedy that will make you change this story—

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

What a record it has! 50 years of cures! It can't be said of any other sarsaparilla.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Take Ayer's Pills with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"After an attack of the grip my whole system was run down very low. I thought I would try your Sarsaparilla, and am glad to say it did me more good than all the doctors' medicine put together or any medicine I had ever taken."
Mrs. E. E. King,
Feb. 1, 1899. Cooperstown, N. Y.

Write the Doctor—If you have any complaint whatever, write us all about it. You will receive the best medical advice free.
Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass

A BEAUTIFUL DREAM.

One Which Came to Gov. Beriah Magoffin During His Life.

Beriah Magoffin, of this city, a few days ago, found a clipping describing a dream which his father, Governor Beriah Magoffin, Kentucky's war governor, once had. Mr. Magoffin says that it is singular, from the fact that his father was a man who scarcely ever had dreams, in fact he can remember no other occasion on which he ever spoke of having dreamt anything. The dream is a beautiful one, a fact which will be appreciated by everyone who reads it. The clipping is as follows:

"At the time of the death of Gen. R. E. Lee, Governor Beriah Magoffin of Kentucky had a dream, described in the words which follow:

"'I saw a country of indiscribable beauty. There was perpetual sunshine. There were groves and fountains and fruits and flowers of every variety over the loveliest landscapes. The air was redolent with perfume and vocal with the sweetest music. There was a vast sea before me, in the publicid waters of which the ships of every nation were anchored with their flags flying. Conspicuous among them were the Federal and Confederate flags of our own beloved land. There was a wondrous city on a hill in the distance, with a banner floating from a steeple of an immense temple. Peace, goodwill, charity, toleration, and there were myriads of people—men, women and children—all clothed in snowy robes of spotless purity. While standing upon a beautiful eminence, entranced with the vision, I saw a magnificent ship in the distance, upon which every eye was turned. On came the ship, on the crowded deck of which there stood a commanding form dressed in Confederate uniform. The vessel landed, welcomed by a vast concourse rejoicing in the richest strains of music. First came the noble officer, with a gallant escort of soldiers dressed in Confederate uniform, and as they moved up to a great white throne, a figure of divine beauty descended, and, with both hands extended, said: "Welcome, Gen. Lee, to my father's house! There is no strife here" And then came a lofty form of snowy locks and youthful, rosy cheeks, dressed in Continental uniform, at the head of a long line of soldiers of the revolution, and shaking warmly by the hand, he said: "Welcome, Gen. Lee, to the land of spirits made just. There is no strife here.' And then came Gen. McPherson, with a great many Federal soldiers, all in Federal uniform, and embracing warmly, said: "Welcome, welcome. There is no strife." And then amid the greetings of the boys in the gray and the blue, and of every kindred and nation and religion, the apostles approached and said: "Welcome, thrice welcome, Gen. Lee. Our heavenly Father hath sent us to conduct thee to thy earthly parents, who await thee in their quarters not made with hands, but eternal in the heavens There is no strife here." And then I awoke from the bewildering and blissful dream.'"

ALL SHOULD HELP.

Census Enumerator of 1890 Tells Something of Difficulties.

The papers and the preachers and everyone else who has a public hearing cannot say too much to help the men who are to take the census," said a business man yesterday afternoon. "I helped take the census of 1890, and I remember something of the difficulties we had, and those difficulties are almost sure to repeat themselves this year. The greatest enemy the census-taker will find is ignorance. Those who are at least fairly well-informed and who know what the census is and why the men are asking such personal questions will afford no difficulty whatever. But the ignorant will resent the leading nature of some of the questions, and the enumerator who is not possessed of some diplomacy need not be surprised if he finds himself subjected to some of the indignities that book agents and such are supposed to encounter. As a matter of fact he will find that courtesy is much more widespread than he might imagine, and even among those who do not see the drift of his questions he will find hospitable and courteous treatment. But the exceptions that he is almost sure to encounter, especially if he goes into a locality where ignorance is at home, will make his task a hard one. He will not fail to find people who will slam their doors rudely in his face, even though his questions are couched in the most diplomatic language and his manners are the most conciliatory. Others will stand for the first few questions, as to name, residence, relationship of members of families, etc., but when it gets to the question of age there will be some that will balk. Some will not know, and he will be surprised at the number that are ignorant of their age.

"So the lot of the enumerator, unless things have changed radically from 1890, will not be an easy one, and anyone who has the power, by brushing away the cobwebs of ignorance and superstition and by counseling courtesy, to smooth his way will be doing a public service. His time is short, and he cannot stand many hindrances and get through on schedule time. So let everyone help him by giving up the information freely and fully and quickly, for everyone can do that. The questions that he must ask have been published in The Herald, and there are some of them that may require a little research. For instance, I was somewhat surprised to find that I could not remember the birthplace of my father, though I found it out without difficulty. People who have a mind to help the cause along can do this looking up before the census man comes, and have the answers ready."

Granite monuments at manufacturer's prices, room 701, Palladio, until June 5.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

THE CALL IS ISSUED

Republicans Will Hold Their County Convention at the Armory June 21.

TO FINISH THE JOB

Will Select County Offices and Hold No More Conventions.

The Republican county committee met yesterday afternoon and the call for the county convention, which will be held June 21, was issued. It will be held at 2 o'clock at the Armory in Duluth and the primaries will be held on the evening of June 19. It was expected that the committee would possibly allow two hours for the primaries, owing to the criticisms that were made of the one-hour caucus this month, but the hour remains the same, from 7 to 8 o'clock.

It was decided best to make the nominations for county offices at this convention, and this will therefore be the last convention which the Republicans will have this year. If the order of business is that named in the call, the convention will first select forty-four delegates to the state convention, which will meet at St. Paul, June 28, and then will nominate candidates for county offices in the following order: Sheriff, auditor, treasurer, judge of probate, register of deeds, attorney, surveyor, superintendent of schools, coroner, court commissioner of the Twelfth district and county commissioners for the First, Third and Twelfth districts.

This convention will have five more delegates than the one held on May 9. The city of Duluth will have the same number, seventy-five. The outside towns will have eighty-two, making 157 in all. The delegates from the city will be as follows, according to wards:

First ward	10
Second ward	8
Third ward	9
Fourth ward	8
Fifth ward	10
Sixth ward	9
Seventh ward	10
Eighth ward	11
	75

THE FERRY SUIT

L. J. Hopkins Tells Why the Injunction Action Has Been Brought.

L. J. Hopkins is only the nominal plaintiff in the suit against the city to prevent the operation of the ferry across the canal. This fact is not new, for nearly every one supposed that there were others behind the prosecution and that Mr. Hopkins was merely the name selected in which to bring the action. Mr. Hopkins when asked yesterday about the case said:

"Yes, there are others behind the matter besides myself. I have no personal interest in the matter and have taken no active interest in it. There are some reasons why as a citizen I am interested in the action, however, and hence was willing to allow my name to be used."

"Is the Civic Federation still in existence and is it back of this?" was asked.

"No, although the men behind it were interested in the Federation," responded Mr. Hopkins.

"I and the men interested in the matter," continued Mr. Hopkins, "believe that the council has no right to operate a ferry across the canal and that when it appropriates money to maintain a ferry it is an illegal action on its part and one that warranted by law; and believing this we think the council ought to be prevented from doing it. If it can appropriate this money illegally why can it not just as illegally appropriate $10,000 for some purpose or other? It is a pretty good idea when you see a public official doing something that the law does not warrant, to stop him, in no other way can the people secure the proper service from their officials. There is too much disregard for the oath of office which an official takes and he should be taught to live up to it to the letter. The interests of the whole community demand that they should.

"Then there is another thing. We do not thing that the people of this city all want the city to maintain a ferry across the canal for the benefit of the few people who cross there. Those who do want it, of course, want it, want it badly and they keep up the agitation and keep at the council and make it believe that the whole population is demanding it. We believe that the majority of the taxpayers of the city would say no to the proposition if they had a chance. It is altogether too expensive at $26 a day. It is my impression that the people had to pay a nickel for crossing the canal before Park Point was taken into the city."

Poison In Potatoes.

The public is becoming excited over the statement recently made that potatoes contain a poison called solanin. It is announced that new potatoes contain much less than old ones, but those which have commenced to sprout are quite dangerous. This may be true, but it seems odd that people have lived and thrived for centuries upon them and that their danger has just been discovered. It is safe to assert that anyone with whom potatoes do not agree has stomach trouble, and any one who has indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, billousness, or liver and kidney weakness needs Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at once. This medicine does more than promise. It cures. Avoid substitutes and insist upon having the genuine. Try it.

GRAIN-O
THE FOOD DRINK

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers 15c. and 25c.

Duffy's Pure Malt

No Fusel Oil.

The World's Famous Medicinal Whiskey
(A distillation of pure malt)

has no equal. Prescribed and endorsed by leading doctors for nearly half a century as the only pure, invigorating stimulant and tonic. All druggists and grocers, $1.00 a bottle. See that the trade mark is on the bottle. Book sent free.
DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

THE ECUMENICAL CONFERENCE.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery Discusses It at the Bethel.

Rev. R. A. Montgomery, of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, who was a delegate to the Ecumenical conference held in New York recently, spoke at the Bethel last evening, giving a report of the business transacted at the conference. There were 411 invitations issued to different Protestant societies, and 409 delegates were in attendance. The crowds were so great that it was necessary to have a policeman to keep the doors closed, and the speaker said that it was the first time he had ever seen it necessary for the police to keep people from a gospel meeting. There were seventy-five meetings in eleven days. Among other questions the subject of the higher education of the people of South Africa was discussed, and it was the belief that Christianity could be more easily taught if the people were first given an education. The text of the meetings was taken from John xvii, 20-21: "Neither pray for these alone, but for them also that shall believe on me through their word, that they all may be one, as though, Father, are in me and I in Thee, that they also may be one of us; that the world may believe that Thou hast sent me."

Strong goodfellowship was a characteristic of the meeting. On the same platform sat one of the ablest ministers of Great Britain and a representative of Holland. The delegates agreed that natural things were useful only so far as they advanced Christianity.

Lakeside School Program.

The Memorial day exercises at the Lakeside school yesterday afternoon were very successful. It would be superfluous to mention any particular class as being superior for all did excellently from the kindergarten up to the highest grade. Unfortunately none of the G. A. R. members were present, and this was the only drawback to an otherwise successful entertainment. The school rooms and the halls were beautifully decorated with bunting, the Stars and Stripes floating majestically in the largest school room, the pupils saluting as they passed. The following program was given, the members receiving applause from the large audience.

Primary Grades—
Recitation and song—"Decoration Day" ..... Kindergarten.
Dialogue—"Memorial Day" ..... First Grade.
Recitation—"Little Nan's Offering"... Mary Marvin.
Recitation—"Driving Home the Cows" ..... Second Grade.
Song and recitation—"Flowers for the Brave" ..... Third Grade.
Recitation—"The Old Major Explains" ..... Archie McDermid.
Concert recitation—"Barbara Frietchie" ..... Third Grade.
Recitation—"You Put No Flowers on My Papa's Grave" ..... Marie McDowell.
Song—"Decoration Day" ..... Second Grade.
Address ..... Jacob Laux.
Higher Grades—
Song—"Home and Fatherland" ..... Fifth and Sixth Grades.
Recitation—"John Burns of Gettysburg" ..... Vida Bradley.
Song—"Memorial Hymn" ..... Eighth Grade.
Recitation—"The Drummer Boy" ..... Grenville Porter.
Duet—"The Brook" ..... Fifth Grade.
Recitation—"Gettysburg Speech" ..... Roy Dilley.
Song—"O Stern Old Land" ..... Eighth Grade.
Address ..... Giles Gilbert.
Patriotic drills ..... Kindergarten Rooms.
Dumb bells ..... Fifth Grade.
Wands ..... Sixth Grade.
Fancy marching ..... Third Grade.

Will Close Saturday Afternoon.

The job printers have joined the ranks of those who make the most of the Sunday holiday by pushing it back to Saturday noon. All of the printers have signed an agreement to close at 1 o'clock on Saturdays from June 1 to Oct. 1.

Wants an Interlocking Switch.

The Northern Pacific company has resorted to the injunction route to prevent the Alexander & Edwards Lumber company from building a line of track across the Northern Pacific tracks near Muskeg in Bayfield county. This injunction was served on the lumber company Saturday. The defendant lumber company is the successor to the Lee-Ingram company, and had a crew of about 200 men at work on a spur of track six or eight miles in length, running from Iron River to Muskeg. The tracks had been laid up to the Northern Pacific track and the latter company feared that the constructors intended putting in a crossing. It is claimed that the United States law does not give a lumber company the power to condemn land for the purpose of putting in a logging road, and that the company therefore has no right to cross the Northern Pacific tracks without the permission of that company. The latter demands that the lumber company put in an interlocking switch system, which will obviate the necessity of the trains being stopped at that crossing. Such a system would cost several thousand dollars. The injunction is returnable in the courts of Bayfield county.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

Duluth to Detroit and Return $11.00

Going June 5, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway to St. Ignace (Mackinac Island), thence by Detroit & Cleveland steamer, City of Alpena.

Leave Duluth at 7 p. m. June 5.
Arrive St. Ignace at 10 a. m. June 6.
Leave St. Ignace at 10 a. m. June 6.
Arrive Detroit at 10 a. m. June 7.

Return limit: Tickets will be good leaving Detroit up to and including steamer sailing at 5 p. m. Monday, June 18.

Living expense. Stateroom berths on steamer $1 for upper, $1.50 for lower, Stateroom $2.50, accommodating three persons.

Meals on dining cars and steamer "a la carte."

For stateroom berths apply to
T. H. LARKE,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.
Duluth, Minn.

THE BARS RAISED

Officials Draw the Line Strictly on Japanese Immigrants at Tacoma.

MANY ARE REJECTED

Large Batch of the Glenogle's Last Load Is Turned Down.

Tacoma, Wash., May 29—A special board of inquiry, composed of Collector W. A. Fairweather, chairman; Deputy Collectors Delacey and Robert Watchorn, supervising immigrating inspector, who is in Tacoma from Washington for the express purpose of inquiring into the sudden immigration of Japanese to this coast, were engaged from 7 o'clock last night until midnight passing on seventy-one Japanese who had been rejected by Immigration Inspector Walker, on the steamship Glenogle. Out of this number the board rejected fifty of them cutright. This is by far the largest number ever rejected out of a single shipment to the sound.

Nineteen of the remaining twenty-one came dangerously near being rejected also. They were allowed to land only upon the Japanese consul giving his guarantee that they will obtain employment within the next sixty days.

Some of the fifty Japanese were rejected because they had infectious diseases. One had consumption. Others were rejected because it appeared that they were contract laborers. Only two of the entire seventy-one passed the examination successfully.

The Glenogle brought 358 Japanese to Tacoma on this trip, and the percentage of rejections was unusually large.

The Japanese missionary, who makes it his business to find employment for the Japanese immigrants, admitted to the examining board that there are now 300 Japanese in Tacoma out of employment. Inspector Snyder of Seattle says there are 400 Japanese out of work in that city.

Another thing brought out in the investigation is that more than three times as many Japanese are landed in Victoria as are brought to the sound ports. When the news reaches Japan that fifty Japanese out of a single shipment has been rejected in Tacoma, the next ship that comes will likely unload the entire let in Victoria and let them take chances of crossing the line in small bodies. If they are caught, they cannot be sent back any farther than Victoria, whereas if they are rejected in Tacoma they must go back to Japan.

The Glenogle is due to sail on Wednesday, so the Japanese will have but little time in which to appeal their cases to Washington should they so desire.

DAY FOR SPORT.

Baseball Game at Superior and Memorial Day Race at Duluth.

There is a fairly good program of Memorial day athletics for tomorrow. The Duluth and Superior ball teams will play at West Superior the game begining at 3 o'clock. This game should be fast and furious and quite a crowd is expected to go over to see it. The make up of the two teams will be:

Duluth.		Superior.
Hartman	catcher	Lee
Cox	pitcher	Glendon
Kline	first base	Lippert
McCarthy	second base	Porter
Shipley	short stop	Cline
Warner	third base	Pease
Featherstone	left field	Thiery
Lambert	center field	Mullaney
Hurley	right field	Valcour

Locally, there will be the ninth annual road race of the Duluth Cycle club. There will be at least twenty-two starters and the only thing that is likely to handicap its success is the weather. The forecast for tomorrow is for occasional showers, with slight easterly to southerly winds. Unless the "occasional" showers become too heavy or concentrate forces at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the weather may not materially interfere with the event. The wind would catch the riders on the long hill beginning at Twenty-first avenue east, but if only light, will make little difference in regard to time. The London road course is in excellent condition today and it would require considerable rain between tonight and tomorrow afternoon to make it slow. The men start from Fifth avenue east and Superior street at 4 o'clock sharp. The course is cast on London road to the fish hatchery at Lester Park and then back to Ninth avenue east.

Among the outside riders are: J. Rudolph Fry and J. D. Pollock, of St. Paul; Ben Erickson and W. Grandquist, of Minneapolis, and Edward Johnson and Edward Grotheim, of Virginia. The local entries are: Tom Bradley, J. L. Deighton, Dan Palmer, Ralph Ward, T. A. Chisholm, E. S. Powell, Harry C. Hughes, James McCauley, C. P. Rankin, A. F. Lindgren, Earl Briggs, Carl Berini, Joe Berini, Herman Smith, Edward Smith and Elmer Whyte.

Here is a list of the prizes offered: Northern Hardware company, $10; Bennett, box cigars; Simmonds, box cigars; Fitger, box cigars; Ketchem, Columbia lamp; Suffel, bicycle shoes; Panton & White, one sweater; Ideal Beer hall, box cigars; Kelley Hardware company, chafing dish, $7; Erspamer Bros., 20th century lamp; Thiel, 1 dozen photos; Abrahamson, "The Hub," silk vest; Famous Shoe store, bicycle shoes; W. W. Seekins, one dollar's worth merchandise; The New Store, gents' umbrella; Hansell & Morrison, box cigars; Seecamp, box cigars; Charles W. Erickson, fancy wool shirt, $2.50; Floum, Leveroos & Co., hat; bicycle club, bicycle; M. S. Burrows, pair slippers; A. B. Siewert, one necktie, $2; Williamson & Mendenhall, hat; Bohm & Ling, wheel, Arlington Special; Zweifel studio, one dozen photos; Wieland & Wade, pair bicycle tires; R. R. Forward & Co., bicycle saddle; Charles S. Pierce, cyclometer; Nelson Bros., sweater; A. Qually, bottle perfume; Schiller Cigar company, one briar pipe; A. Wieland, bicycle shoes; Phillips & Co., bicycle shoes; Stack & Co., pair cuff buttons; Silberstein & Bondy Co., pocketbook; Jerry Congdon, one dozen Blatz Tonic; J. L. Travers, box of cigars; J. W. Nelson, set Outing Casing, M. & W.; John Shea, box cigars; George H. Prudden, $1000 life or accident policy; I. Frichmuth, pai rfine kid gloves; Jay Anderson, $5 cash.

Cheap Trips to the East in July.

Special rates will be in effect in June for the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia; in July for National Medical Association Meeting at Atlantic City, National Educational Association Meeting at Charleston, S. C. National Dental Association Meeting at Old Point Comfort, and for Elks' Reunion at Atlantic City. Persons interested in special fares authorized for these events may ascertain particulars by communicating with H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

Will close at 12:30 m. Decoration Day.

PANTON & WHITE — THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINN.

"MEN who have died for their country live in the memory of every true and loyal citizen."

To permit ALL to pay just tribute to the martyrs of '61 and '98, our store will close tomorrow at 12:30 p. m. To do a full day's business between the hours of 8 a. m. and 12:30 p.m. we offer the following ***UNPARALLELED BARGAINS.***

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Men's Fancy Shirts—
75 dozen Men's Fancy Shirts, stiff bosom or soft body negligee, large assortment of representative 75c and $1.00 Shirts; Wednesday, 8 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. choice..... **59c**
(Limit 2 to a customer.)

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Handkerchiefs—
500 dozen Women's and Children's Lawn Handkerchiefs, with hand-worked initials—
5c each—6 for 25c

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Laces—
300 doz Cotton Torchon Laces—worth to 20c a doz yds—pick, per doz yards..... **7c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Crockery Dept.
Japanese Bowls—
50 dozen Japanese China Oat Meal Bowls, decorated in Blue, worth 85c per dozen; Wednesday, 8 a. m. to 12:30 p. m., six to a customer at—each..... **3c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Hardware Dept.
Water Pails—
Three sizes of Galvanized Iron Water Pails, 10, 12 and 14-quart, one to a customer, Wednesday from 8 to 12:30—choice of any size at—each..... **15c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Spool Cotton—
1000 dozen of Spool Cotton, for hand or Machine sewing, 100 yards on the spool, present market value 3c a spool; Wednesday, 6 for... **5c**
(Limit 3 doz to a customer.)
Alarm Clocks—
(Limit one to a customer)—each..... **49c**
Writing Tablets—
Your pick of any of our fine 10c Tablets, the same that others get 15c for; Wednesday..... **4c**
(Limit 3 to a customer.)
Paine's Celery Compound
288 bottles, Wednesday (limit 2 bottles to a customer)..... **67c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Drapery Dept.
Muslin Flags (mounted)—

Size 2x3 in. per doz.	2¼x4 in. per doz.	3x6 in. per doz.
2c	3c	5c

Size 4½x7½ in. per doz.	7x12 in. each	11x18 in. each
7c	13c	3c

18x24 in. each	20x36 in. each	30x50 in. each	36x63 in. each
5c	10c	15c	20c

U. S. Cotton and Wool Bunting Flags, sizes 3x5 feet to 14x20 feet; prices—
69c to $20.00

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Carpet Dept.
Extra Special—
Your choice of our best all-wool Ingrain Carpets, regular price 75c to 80c a yd—till 12:30, only..... **50c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
A Bargain
in the Shoe Dept. worth looking after.
For Wednesday morning only, we will sell all of our new and up-to-date stock of Women's Kid Oxford Ties in Tan, Chocolate or Black, light or heavy soles, with or without extension, sizes 2 to 8, widths A to EE, regular price $1.75 and $2.00; Bargain price..... **$1.35**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Ladies' Underwear—
50 doz Ladies' Summer Vests, low neck, no sleeves or short sleeves, both White and Ecru—best values in Duluth at 15c, 19c and 25c; Wednesday 8 a. m to 12:30 p. m. choice..... **7½c**
(Limit 2 to a customer.)

Space forbids a history of the discovery and introduction of silk, but you are all cordially invited to witness the introduction of the art of spinning silk, by 2000 silk worms, to be placed in our windows on Thursday.

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
72-inch Jap. Silks—
Plain Colored Japanese Silks, 27 inches wide, for Summer Waists, Dresses and Tea Gowns, our regular 50c quality for Wednesday from 8 to 12:30, sale price—per yard..... **37½c**
$1.00 Black Goods for 50c
From 8 to 12:30 Wednesday we will offer 25 pieces of new desirable Black Dress Goods in Crepons, Pierola Cloths, Mattesse Mohairs, regular $1.00 fabrics; sale price—per yard..... **50c**
$1.00 Homespuns for 50c
50-inch Homespun Suitings, in mixtures of Grays, Blues, Browns, Tans and Oxfords, strictly all-wool, our regular price $1.00; for Wednesday, from 8 to 12:30, price—per yard..... **50c**
59c Moreens, 25c—
And 49c Black French Hair Cloth, 25c. Plaid and Checked Moreens and 24-inch Black French Hair Cloth, in our Lining department, from 8 to 12:30 Wednesday; sale price—per yard..... **25c**
Great Wash Goods Sale, 5c
15c Galatea Cloths, 10c Dimities, 15c Applique Swisses, 7c Apron Checked Ginghams, 10c Dress Ginghams, 10c Black Sateens—for Wednesday from 8 to 12:30—price, per yard..... **5c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Millinery—
On Bargain Counter No. 1.
CHILDREN'S LEGHORNS—(untrimmed) for each—
15c, 25c, 49c and 69c
Flowers
SPECIAL OFFER of Roses, Violets, Wreaths, etc., at your choice—per bunch—
5c, 10c, 15c and 25c

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Gloves—
Ladies' 2-clasp French Kid Gloves, in White and colors, value 75c, at—per pair..... **49c**
Ladies' 2-clasp Chamois Gloves, in Pearls, Natural and White, value 75c, at—per pair..... **49c**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Parasols—
On Bargain Counter No. 5.
500 Fancy Parasols to select from, elegant plain or fancy Taffeta Silks, Rich Brocaded Fancies, Plain Taffetas, Plain Centers, with Plaid Borders, many of them worth up to $7.50; your choice at **$2.75**

DECORATION DAY (from 8 to 12:30.)
Pillow Cases—
46x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made; torn, not cut, such as are sold at 15c at other stores—Wednesday morning— **10c** each.....
(Limit one dozen.)
Pure Linen Huck Towels.
50 dozen Huck Towels, pure linen, Irish manufacture, hemmed, ready for use, sold at 17c; Wednesday morning—each..... **11c**
(Limit one dozen.)
Cotton Blankets.
500 pairs Cotton Blankets, full 10-4 size (in gray only) sold today by the little stores at 75c; Wednesday morning—per pair... **42½c**

A JUROR'S ACCIDENT

John E. Roos on the Fewings Case Meets With Serious Injury.

CUT SOME ARTERIES

Poked His Hand Through Glass Panel---Jury Disagrees.

The first bloodshed occurring from the deliberations of a jury, no matter how warm were the arguments with which they were accompanied, took place at the courthouse this morning. When the early comers got to the court house the corridors upstairs were drenched with blood, and the hypothesis that the majority of the jury had reached an agreement by making away with the refractory minority would have been excusable. It was nothing so bad as that, however, though it was a serious accident to John E. Roos, one of the members of the jury in the case of Fred J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company.

About 4 o'clock this morning Juror Roos was walking through court room No. 1 on his way to the jury room when he slipped. In falling he instinctively reached out his hands to save himself, and his right hand went through the glass panel of the door between the court room and the south corridor. A deep cut was inflicted on the back of the hand, severing an artery and several smaller blood vessels. The injured hand bled freely, and before a physician could be located Mr. Roos was very weak from loss of blood. Dr. McAuliffe was called, and the juror was taken to St. Mary's hospital, where he was placed under the influence of ether, the severed blood vessels were sewed up and the wound dressed. Four hours after the accident Mr. Roos was back in the jury room assisting in the futile efforts of the jury to reach an agreement. When the jury was in the court room later he was stricken with nausea from the ether, but recovered upon reaching the open air.

While this juror had a very hard time the others looked this morning as though they had made a night of it, for the jury had stood evenly divided from the first vote at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon up to 9:45 o'clock this morning, when the jury came in to report a disagreement. The members expressed a serious doubt if they could ever reach an agreement. The jury was in for instructions yesterday afternoon and one said this morning that the court's instructions only made each side more firmly impressed that they were in the right.

The jury was not allowed to go with that, however. Judge Cant said that the custom of permitting juries to disagree should not be indulged in until every reasonable effort had been made to reach an agreement. The trial had been long and expensive, and if the jury disagreed it was practically a denial of justice to one of the parties. One side must be right, he said, and the other wrong. Either the plaintiff was entitled to a verdict or the defendant was. He did not feel that it was right to let the jury go at that time, he said, so he sent it out again to think it over once more.

At noon the jury came before Judge Cant with an appeal to be released, professing this time a certainty that an agreement was impossible. Judge Cant accepted this view of it and discharged the jury. This was the last jury case of the term.

The other courts were engaged in the trial of court cases. The following cases were decided: John A. Fisk against Fred Sahlberg, judgment for plaintiff; Thomas J. Davis against Benjamin F. Howard and others, same; Duluth Banking company against Rebecca E. Myrick and others, same; Daniel McIntyre against John Krzewske and others, same. In the case of Albert Johnson against W. B. Phelps the testimony was taken this morning and the arguments were to be made this afternoon. The case of Robert Stratton against Stephen Thomas and others was dismissed. Judge Cant is hearing the case of R. H. Draper against the American Exchange bank.

There will be no court tomorrow, but the following call of court cases has been made for Thursday: 103, 106, 116, 118, 120, 124, 126, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135 and 136.

Memorial Concert.

The Memorial day concert by the Scandinavian Christian Union Temperance committee will be given at the First Swedish Baptist church, corner Nineteenth avenue west and First street, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. The oration will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Anderson of the First Swedish Methodist church and the following is the program:

PART I.

Selection.....
Baptist Church Orchestra.
Piano solo.....
Professor A. F. Lundholm.
"National Echoes".....
Norwegian Methodist Choir.
Tenor solo—"Longst Derupp Blanl Fjellen".....
O. G. Olson.
"Don't Go Out Tonight, Dear Father".....
Swedish Baptist Choir.
Song—Selected.....
Echo Quartet.
Selected.....
First Norwegian Danish Lutheran Choir.
Tenor solo—Selected.....
J. J. Moe.
"Greeting From Norway to Sweden"...
Male Quartet.
"Jerusalem".....
Norwegian Methodist Choir.
Selected.....
Mixed Quartet.

PART II.

Selection.....
Baptist Church Orchestra.
"Upp Swea Folk och hoj din Rost".....
Swedish Methodist Choir.
Song—Selected.....
Echo Quartet.
Oration.....
Rev. John A. Anderson.
Selected.....
First Norwegian Danish Lutheran Choir.
"The Soldier's Dream".....
Male Quartet.
"Good Night, Gentle Folks".....
Swedish Baptist Choir.

Hats for Decoration day for ladies and children. Humes', over Suffel's. Parlor 1.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, swollen feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25 cents in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

MUNYON'S

I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

KIDNEY CURE

NOT LONG SEPARATED.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis T. Brown, Formerly of Duluth, Die.

The Orange County Record, of Washingtonville, N. Y., reports the death of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Brown, who for a number of years lived in Duluth. They were members of the Second Presbyterian church, and Mr. Brown was in the employ of C. B. Woodruff. They died within a few days of each other. The report of their deaths is as follows:

"Brown—April 26, near Campbell Hall, of heart failure, Deliah, wife of Louis T. Brown, in her 54th year.

"Brown—May 4, near Campbell Hall, of pneumonia, Louis T. Brown, in his 48th year.

"Mrs. Brown was the daughter of Jesse F. Mould, of Hamptonburgh, and was married to Mr. Brown in 1876. Surviving are a son and daughter, also her parents and two sisters, Misses Mary and Mattie Mould, and one brother, Everett Mould. The funeral was held April 30, at the Brick Ref. church in Montgomery, and buried in the adjoining cemetery.

"Mr. Brown is survived, besides his son and daughter, by his aged father and two brothers, U. Grant Brown, of the town of Hamptonburgh, and Lilburn W. Brown, of New Orleans. In 1885 Mr. and Mrs. Brown removed from this county to Duluth, Minn., where they remained for twelve years 'Lovely and pleasant in their lives, in their death they were not long divided.'"

BASE ....BALL

Tomorrow at WEST SUPERIOR.

DULUTH VS. SUPERIOR.

Game called 3 o'clock sharp

The Cecilian Musicale.

The Cecilian home musical given last evening at the residence of Mrs. J. F. McLaren, of East Third street, proved to be a very enjoyable affair. Mrs. Olund's "Scandinavian contribution to modern music" was very interesting and pleasingly delivered. A vocal solo by Miss Alice Field received an enthusiastic encore which she responded to with "Oh Thou So Sweet, So Pure and Holy." Miss Louise Hall rendered two Swedish songs very sweetly. The music to her first number was composed by Agustus Johnson, of Minneapolis, who is a brother of Mrs. Ostergren, of this city. For her second selection she sang a quaint, sweet lullaby, whose origin is traced to a period before the Christian era. A piano serenade by Professor Gerard Tonning and son was highly appreciated, as also was the baritone solo by Mr. Gronseth. Mrs. S. F. Wadhams sang two pleasing songs. Miss Lillian Skuse sang "In June," by De Koven, very sweetly, and Robert Prytz gave a fine solo. A duet by Messrs. Halling and Prytz was another pleasing number. The last selection on the program, a trio, "Speed Thee," by Mesdames Wadhams, Eyster and Crosby, of the Cecilian choral, was among the best numbers of the evening.

This musical was the beginning of a series of entertainments which will be given for the benefit of the Cecilian concert fund. The next on the program will be given at the Y. M. C. A. hall, Saturday evening, June 2. It will be a lecture, musicale and kinder-symphony, under the auspices of Mrs. S. M. Stocker, assisted by Miss Charlotte McLaren, Dexter Ostergren, Elsie Thiel, Grace Hooper, Alma Wishart, Rose Sauder, Clara Stocker, Helen Wentworth, Margaret Florida, Marie Craig, Ansel Smith, Emily Smith, Winifred Warner, Jack Craig, Arthur Stocker and Randolph Eckstein.

The Police Court.

In police court this morning, Ole Larson and Joseph Hughes drew 10-day sentences for drunkenness, and Joseph Williams and John Myers got five days each for trespassing on private property. Hans Gisbolson, a Garfield avenue boy, was arrested for trespassing on the property of the Alger-Smith Lumber company, and his hearing will take place on Thursday. Tom Berkley, also charged with trespass, pleaded not guilty, and the hearing was set for this afternoon.

An Extended European Trip.

A. Murphy, Jr., will leave next week for a four months trip to Europe. He will visit his old home in Ireland and after a short time there will proceed to Paris, where he will spend some time viewing the great exposition, being there for Lafayette day, the Fourth of July and the great French national holiday. He will then proceed to Berlin, Germany, and from there will go to Oberammergau and witness the production of the celebrated "Passion Play." From there he will go through the south visiting Switzerland and Italy, stopping at Rome, Naples and several other points of interest. He will sail on the Oceanic from New York and return on it about the middle of September.

New Plan Proposed.

The Montreal saloon at 631 West Superior street, is doing business in the same old way today, notwithstanding the fact that the license renewal was refused last night. This is explained by the announcement that Thomas Pinsonnault, is no longer proprietor of the bar, and that at next Monday night's council meeting the application will be in a new name.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Grand Opening at Lester Park.

The dancing pavilions, palace of illusions and mystic swing will be open to the public Decoration day. Dancing afternoon and evening.

The Old Pavilion, Park Point, commencing June 1, will give regular weekly dances every Friday evening. Good floor and good music.

Closed on Decoration Day.

Gronseth & Olsen will be open until 10 o'clock tonight. Provide your groceries for tomorrow.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

YOUTHFUL SCAMPS

They Desecrate a Church, Destroying Hymn Books, Banners and Other Things.

NOT FIRST OFFENSE

It Has Happened Before and Prosecutions Are Expected to Follow.

Last Saturday night a gang of boys who smoke paresis promoters and show other symptoms of moral degeneracy broke into the Bethany Presbyterian chapel at 820 Garfield avenue, and filled the stove with hymn books, Loyal Temperance legion banners, lamps and paper. They even went so far as to put the organ stool in the stove. The oil ran out of the lamps and saturated the hymn books and banners, damaging them to such an extent that many of them can never be used again.

The youngsters did not apply the match, but they covered up the church property in such a way that any person starting a fire in the stove would think there was nothing in it but old papers. However, the scheme failed, for the trick of the young degenerates was discovered on Sunday afternoon. Some arrests are likely to follow. The names of several of the boys are known to the police, and it is safe to say that this gross affront to public decency will not pass without scathing punishment to the ringleaders at least.

Some time ago the gang broke into the Bethany chapel and destroyed a great many class books. The congregation is small and has very little money with which to maintain the church, let alone furnish fuel and amusement for the boys. It is also said that the break into the church and smoke cigarettes at night, gaining entrance by digging the sand away underneath the building and working up through a small door. No arrests had been made up to a late hour this afternoon, though one boy was arrested this morning that was suspected of participating in the outrage. He was accused of trespassing on sawmill property, and denied all knowledge of the invasion of the Bethany church Saturday night.

TRAIN MIX-UP.

A Wreck on Missabe Road Causes Damage But No Personal Injuries.

There was a wreck on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern this morning in which a mixed local and two ore trains were piled up rather promiscuously and a passenger coach badly smashed, but no person injured. The accident occurred at 4 o'clock at the station of Kelsey, forty-seven miles from this city. A mixed local that left Proctorknott after midnight was taking water near the depot. It was followed by an ore train running in two sections at intervals of over five minutes. A heavy fog prevailed at the time, and it is said that the engineer of the first section of the ore train was unable to see the signals of the flagman, and crashed into the rear of the mixed local. The passenger coach was pretty badly split up, and the engine damaged considerably. Five minutes later the engineer of the second section of the ore train failed to see the signals in the fog, and the second section bumped into the first.

It is said that there was no passengers on the local at the time or the wreck would have been of a more serious nature. Several of the crew had narrow escapes, but got away with only a severe jarring.

The tracks were blocked for several hours, but were reported clear at noon.

THE WEATHER IN JUNE.

A Warm Month Ordinarily With Considerable Rain.

June on the average is a fairly warm month at Duluth, according to the data furnished by the weather bureau. During the past twenty-nine years the mean temperature has been 58 degrees. The warmest month was in 1894, when the average was 63 degrees, and the coldest was in 1897, with an average of 54 degrees. The warmest June day on record was the 28th in 1893, when the thermometer registered 92 degrees, and the coldest was the 6th in 1897, when it dropped to 93 degrees. The average precipitation has been 4.49 inches, which means that June ordinarily is a month of considerable moisture. There was one month, however, in 1894, when the total was only 1.13 inches, but on the other hand, in 1874 the total was 10.89 inches. The average number of cloudy days has been 9, partly cloudy 13 and clear 8. The winds are mostly from the north east and the maximum velocity recorded was 48 miles from the northwest on the 24th in 1889.

"Pied Piper of Hamelin."

Tomorrow morning the sale of seats for "The Pied Piper of Hamelin," which will be given at the Lyceum Thursday afternoon and Friday evening, will open. Theater parties are being formed, and there will be a rush for seats. A party of ten children or more can get seats in the dress circle or parquet for the matinee at 35 cents each.

There is an erroneous idea prevalent that the matinee performance will be incomplete. It will be exactly the same as the Friday evening performance, with the same cast, etc.

Same Keg of Beer.

A rather odd case came before Cant, Pressnell United States court commissioner, yesterday afternoon. Walter Ruttle, an Indian, was arraigned on the charge of either giving or selling a keg of beer to another Indian. In the course of the testimony it developed that Alexander Hulic was sent to jail at the last term of court for introducing a keg of beer or an Indian reservation, and that it was the same keg of beer concerned in this case. Under the circumstances Ruttle had to be released.

BLEW HIMSELF.

Muskogee, I. T., May 29.—Lloyd Wilson, in trying to rob a store at Holdenville, blew open the safe with dynamite. The explosion mashed his right hand and injured the other, and he will probably die. Wilson says he is an old railroader.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup st.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Another Duluth veteran of the civil war has been put on the pension list. Nils O. Roswald, who served with Company G of the Twelfth Iowa volunteers, has been notified that he will receive a pension of $6 a month with back pay from June 5, 1897.

Discharges from bankruptcy have been received at the office of the United States court for Frederick McIvar, Frank L. Vance and Joseph H. Colt.

The case of Wellington R. Burt against the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines has been transferred to the United States court and the transcript papers were filed last evening.

Mrs. Carrie Knapp, daughter of the late S. M. Pelton and Elizabeth Pelton, died last Friday at Towanda, Pa.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of First Unitarian church will give a Decoration Day supper at the church tomorrow evening between 6 and 8 p. m, which will be accompanied by several toasts. Wilson G. Crosby will be the toastmaster and the speakers who will respond are: Messrs. Alfred Jaques, Frank E. Searle, J. L. Washburn, Victor Stearns and Rev. H. White.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to A. Lindstrond, Erik Dahlen, Andrew Prestrud, Edward P. Dahl, Fritz Wirth and Peter M. Lindgren.

A marriage license has been issued to William R. Rinken, of La Crosse, Wis., and Ida M. Barthell, of Duluth.

There will be no session of the Duluth board of trade tomorrow, Memorial day.

John M. Williams, of Santa Clara county, Cal., has sold to the Knox Lumber company the pine timber on 451 acres in sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 14 and 15, 63-13, for $14,936.

Nellie Montgomery has sold to Marion A. Scarborough lot 9, block 2, Industrial division, for $10,500.

The Duluth public library will be closed all day tomorrow. The reading room will be open in the evening.

E. E. Norton, of Fergus Falls, Minn., has come to the city to take a course at the Business university.

Tomorrow being Decoration day the postoffice will only give two deliveries to the business district and one to the residence district. The general delivery and stamp windows will be open until 1 o'clock and the money order and registry departments will be closed all days.

Gronseth & Olson will be closed all day tomorrow, Decoration Day.

Important to Advertisers.

Advertising copy for The Wednesday Herald must be ready Tuesday afternoons to insure insertion in all Iron range editions Wednesday.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Victor Johnson returned from Chicago today.

Sol Zandalowitz, of New Hampton, Iowa, is in the city, a guest of J. D. Zien.

R. M. Bennett, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding today.

F. W. Herzog, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding today.

Albert Johnson, of Red Wing, is in the city.

W. G. Boggs, of Cheboygan, Mich., is in the city today.

H. M. Smith, of Toledo, was at the Spalding today.

M. S. Hawkins, Mountain Iron, was in the city last evening.

George C. Power, of St. Paul, was in the city last evening.

John B. Gordon, of Marquette, Mich., was at the St. Louis today.

Frank F. Loomis, of St. Paul, was at the St. Louis this morning.

T. W. Jerrems, of St. Paul, is in the city.

F. H. Jacobs, of Grand Rapids, was at the St. Louis last evening.

J. F. Ingersoll, of St. Paul, is in the city.

C. E. Seelye, of Bena, was at the St. Louis last evening.

W. A. Riordan, of Ashland, was in the city last evening.

C. R. Mills, of Shell Lake, Wis., was at the St. Louis last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Coates, of Virginia, were in the city last evening.

Fine Paintings and Rare Etchings

Now on exhibition at Engels & Co.'s art store. An opportunity is offered to see the works of some of the well known artists of Europe and America, including Whistler, Haden, Rembrandt, Pennell, Manley, Parish, Fonce Tautier, Murphy, Porton, Svendsen, Post Richards and others. This collection is here from New York, and will remain for few days only.

THE CENSUS ENUMERATORS.

Street Books Received From the Bureau For Their Use.

William Getty, the special agent who has charge of the census enumerators here, has received "street books," as they are termed by the bureau, for the use of the enumerators. This book is for the purpose of enabling them to check their work, and know just what they have done. They are to mark in it every house visited, and whether the persons were at home, or whether any were absent, necessitating another call. The book gives instructions as to covering the territory also. It directs the enumerators to canvass by blocks, starting at one corner of a block and going clear around it to the right, going in and out of all alleys, courts, etc. They are required to account for every house and place of abode within their districts.

These books can be procured by the enumerators at the office of William Getty, 514 Chamber of Commerce building.

MEMORIAL EXERCISES.

Veterans Visit the Schools---The Program For Tomorrow.

This afternoon memorial exercises are being held in all of the public schools, and details of the members of the G. A. R. are in attendance at each school and will address the scholars. In nearly all of the schools programs have been prepared.

Tomorrow morning the exercises will take place at the High school instead of at the cemetery. They will be very interesting and will be conducted by the two posts.

A committee of members of the posts and the Spanish-American war veterans will go to the cemetery and decorate the graves and fire the volley over the graves.

The exercises in the afternoon will be given at the Armory at 2:30 o'clock.

Lester Park.

Lester Park, resplendent in its vernal beauty, will be more than usually attractive tomorrow, and great crowds are expected. Aside from the pleasure of viewing the natural beauty of this popular resort, there will be numerous other attractions to please visitors there tomorrow. Tomorrow is practically the opening of the season, and this beautiful resort on Lester River will be one of the most pleasant places to spend Decoration day.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Flor de Teller—a mild, sweet smoke, all Havana except the overcoat.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

SENATE REFERS IT

Sends Teller's Resolution of Sympathy With Boers to Committee.

CROW CREEK INQUIRY

Senate Goes Into the Matter of the Reservations Management.

Washington, May 29.—The Teller Boer resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations by a vote of 40 to 26, as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Bard, Beveridge, Burrows, Carter, Clark, Cullom, Deboe, Depew, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster, Gallinger, Hansbrough, Hawley, Kyle, Lindsay, Lodge, McBride, McComas, McCumber, McMillan, Penrose, Perkins, Platt (Conn.), Platt (N. Y.), Proctor, Quarles, Ross, Scott, Sewell, Shoup, Simon, Stewart, Thurston, Wetmore, Wolcott—40.

Nays—Allen, Bacon, Bate, Butler, Caffery, Chandler, Clay, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel, Hale, Harris, Heitfield, Hoard, Jones (Ark.), Kenney, Mallory, Martin, Mason, Money, Pettigrew, Rawlins, Teller, Tillman, Turley, Turner—26.

Washington, May 29.—When the senate convened today, Mr. Jones reported a house bill authorizing the commissioner of the general land office to dispose of the Choctaw Indian orphan lands in Mississippi, and it was passed.

Mr. Hale reported from the committee on appropriations the last of the appropriation bills, the general deficiency bill. He gave notice that he would call it up at the earliest moment.

Mr. Pettigrew's resolution calling upon the secretary of the interior for information as to the leasing of grazing lands in Oklahoma offered yesterday was agreed to.

Another resolution offered by Mr. Pettigrew, calling upon the secretary of the interior for all communications, reports and charges he has received relative to the management of the Crow Creek Indian reservation in South Dakota was also passed.

The Teller resolution expressing sympathy for the Boers was then laid before the senate, and Mr. Bacon addressed the senate. No senator could fail, he thought, to sympathize with the Boers—such senators at least as are devoted to liberty and free government. This is a case of two weak republics engaged in a struggle for life with the greatest empire in the world; of a pastoral, home-loving people engaged in a death struggle for the protection of their homes and their government; of 25,000 or 30,000 plain farmers in a death struggle with an army of 250,000 men. He could understand, however, why senators, though they might sympathize with the Boers, might not desire to commit the senate to a proposition that was violative of international law. The pending resolution was, in his opinion, conservative, proper and not in any way violative of international law.

DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Conference Report on Naval Bill Is Agreed To.

Washington, May 29.—When the house met today, Mr. Grosvenor, from the committee on rules, presented a special rule ordering the previous question upon the pension bills, 190 in number, favorably acted upon in committee of the whole last Friday, the order not to interfere with conference reports.

Mr. Grosvenor explained that the rule would be necessary by the obstructive tactics of the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. Talbert) last Friday.

This, Mr. Talbert denied. He said that had a quorum been present the bills could have been passed.

Mr. Dalzell attempted to have included the bill for the relief of Charles B. Doughtey and the officers of the Ninth Pennsylvania regiment, but Mr. Loud objected.

The special rule was adopted, but was immediately displaced by Mr. Foss, who presented the conference report on the naval appropriation bill.

The conference report was agreed to without division. The house then proceeded to consider the items which had not been agreed to. Mr. Foss moved that the house recede from its disagreement and agree with an amendment striking out all reference to surveys but increasing the appropriation for charts from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000. This was agreed to.

THE CABINET MEETING.

Porto Rican Council Is to Be Appointed Thursday.

Washington, May 29.—The cabinet meeting today lasted only an hour and developed nothing of importance. It was stated that the appointment of the members of the Porto Rican council would be made next Thursday.

During the meeting the president told the story of his trip to Norfolk, where he and his party viewed the eclipse. He spoke of it as one of the most intensely interesting events in his life.

The president and several members of the cabinet will leave here tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad for Antietam battlefield, where they will witness the ceremonies incident to the dedication of the Maryland monument. The party will arrive at the battlefield about 11:30 and will return to Washington about 7:30.

ANOTHER VICTIM DIES.

Mrs. Wise, Shot at Anoka, Succumbs to Her Wounds.

St. Paul, May 29.—An Anoka, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Mrs. Eliza Wise, who was shot Sunday night, died this morning at 7 o'clock. William Wise, Sr., is still living. Recovery is impossible. Joseph, the other son, will probably live.

Four men are under suspicion, but no arrests are yet made. The dead will be buried tomorrow, while the servants are having every possible care and attention.

A woman is never too old to be handsome, never too old to be young again, if she takes Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

"South Shore Limited No. 8"

Now leaves Duluth at 7 p. m. This train carries dining car serving meals "a la carte."

Daylight express leaves Duluth at 8:15 a. m.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

FORGER TAKEN.

A. J. Goodhue Under Arrest Charged With Securing Money on Bad Checks.

The cell doors at police headquarters opened this afternoon to receive a prisoner that has all the marks of a big forger. Since yesterday afternoon he has cashed in $75 on worthless checks and the police think there are others to hear from. The prisoner's name is A. J. Goodhue. Ten years ago he was in this city employed as a bartender. He now claims to be traveling as the representative of the Sayers & Co. law and collection agency of St. Louis. He was arrested late this afternoon by Officer Harry Miller.

Last night he passed fraudulent $25 checks on three saloonkeepers. One was on Alex. Steele, another on Murd Mattheson and the third on the California Wine house. His old acquaintance with the saloon men evidently came in handy when making a strong bluff. Mr. Steele's check was on the First National bank, purporting to be drawn by W. E. Ellis & Co., board of trade men. There is no such concern on the board. The check passed at the California was on the Merchants' bank and signed E. Ellis & Co. The check passed at Mattheson's saloon was the same as that passed at Steele's, except that it was not endorsed.

Goodhue is pretty well along in age, and rather a stylish dresser for such an old man.

When arrested he had but $7 in cash on his person, and there are indications that lead to the theory that he has run short in his accounts as the agent of Sayer & Co. and forged to make up the shortage. However, up to a late hour, this had not been confirmed.

TAYLOR WILL RUN.

Will Be a Candidate for Governor of Kentucky.

Indianapolis, May 29.—At Martinsville, Ind., last night W. S. Taylor, recent claimant for the governorship of Kentucky, announced that he will make the race again this fall on an anti-Goebel election law platform. The announcement was made at the conclusion of a four hours' conference attended by Mr. Taylor, Charles Finley, ex-secretary of state of Kentucky; A. D. James, United States marshal for the Fifth district of Kentucky, of Louisville; Q. A. Blankenship, a delegate-elect from the Fifth Indiana district to the Republican national convention in Philadelphia, and W. K. Bellis, of Indianapolis.

Taylor's announcement, which was telegraphed to his political friends in Louisville, is as follows:

"I will not seek nor decline the Republican nomination for governor of Kentucky. The mandate of the liberty-loving people of Kentucky should be respected.

Marshal James was the personal representative of Taylor's friends in Kentucky and this afternoon left Indianapolis for Louisville, saying that he believes with other Republican leaders that Taylor will be nominated by acclamation and elected.

BRITISH INDIA MISSIONS.

They Are Discussed By the Baptist Missionary Union.

Detroit, Mich., May 29.—British India missions were discussed at length by missionaries employed in that field in today's sessions of the Baptist Missionary union. The attendance and interest increased rather than abated in the close day of the nine days' session of missionary anniversaries.

A proposition to call for an increase of gifts to foreign missions this year by 25 per cent over those of last year, prevailed by a unanimous vote.

A resolution was offered by D. D. MacLaurin, D. D., of Detroit, changing the system of representation in the annual meeting from the present basis so as to elect practically one delegate for every 4000 Baptists.

At present, the making of a contribution is a prerequisite for representation of a church in the missionary body. The resolution was laid over for a year.

The addresses today were as follows: "Movements of a Decade in Burmah," F. T. Evelith, D.D., Inscin; "The Burmah Frontier," Rev. W. W. Cockrane, Namkhan, Shan states; "Progress of Telugu Mission," John McLaurin, D.D., Coonor; Rev. G. H. Brock, Kanigiri.

ASHANTI WAR.

British Native Force Attacked and English Officer Killed.

London, May 29.—The British colonial office today received advices via Accra, British Gold Coast, from Col. Willcocks, in command of the relief force which recently started for Koomassie, saying that a small force of Hausuers, from Prashu, commanded by Lieut. Salter, had been attacked, and that Salter and several others had been killed.

South Shore Change of Time.

Beginning Sunday, May 27th, "South Shore" Limited, No. 8, will leave Duluth at 7:00 p. m. daily, except Saturday. Daylight Express, No. 6, will leave 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. No. 9 Limited will arrive Duluth 8:30 a. m., except Sunday, and No. 5 express arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m., except Sunday.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

DANCE...

At Columbia Hall, Friday evening, June 1st.

Tickets, 25 cents.

Night Train to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

Effective Sunday, May 27, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will start a train from Minneapolis every night at 10:30 and St. Paul at 11:25, arriving Portage at 6:45 a. m., Milwaukeee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1 p. m.

Through sleeping car and coach service from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Milwaukee and Chicago.

Connections made at Chicago with all trains for the East and South.

This train also furnishes direct service for Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Janesville and Rockford.

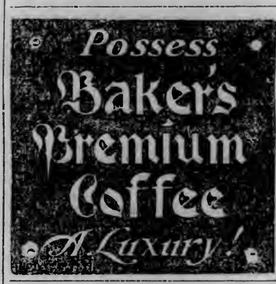
Lowest rates to all points.

South Shore Change of Time.

Beginning Sunday, May 27th, "South Shore" Limited, No. 8, will leave Duluth at 7:00 p. m. daily, except Saturday. Daylight Express, No. 6, will leave 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. No. 9 Limited will arrive Duluth 8:30 a. m., except Sunday, and No. 5 express arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m., except Sunday.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

This is a candy cigar—it's just as good to me as
Sealette the new 5¢ Cigar
is to papa and only costs me one fifth as much!
SAME STOCK AS "SEAL OF MINNESOTA."
MUNGER & STOCK, ST. PAUL, MAKERS.



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of the city of Duluth, up to June 2, 1900, at 1 o'clock p. m., for construction of the new Monroe School building, according to plans, specifications and details on file in the office of J. J. Wagenstein, Architect, 401 Providence building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the order of J. J. Le Tourneau, treasurer, for 2 per cent of the amount of the bid; said check to be forfeited by the successful bidder in case he fails to enter into contract and furnish satisfactory bond within five (5) days after award.

Mark envelope containing bid, "Proposal for Erection of Monroe School," and address the same to the undersigned.

The board of education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHAS. A. BRONSON,
Clerk of the Board of Education of the City of Duluth.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-25-to-June-1-1900.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court. Special Term, May 28th, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of William Q. Burnett, deceased;

On reading and filing the petition of Robert N. Burnett and Arthur W. Burnett, executors of the estate of said deceased, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into their hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; and alleging that it would be for the best interests of said estate and all parties interested therein to sell all said real estate belonging to said estate and to use the proceeds of such sale in the payment of the legacies, charges and allowances against said estate, and to reinvest the balance of said proceeds, if any, for the benefit of said estate and those interested therein; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to them granted to sell all the real estate of said deceased situated in said county belonging to said estate. And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said executors to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses and that it would be for the best interests of said estate and of all parties interested therein to sell all of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 25th day of June, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the court house, in Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said executors to sell all of the real estate of said deceased to pay such debts, legacies and expenses and to reinvest the balance of the proceeds of such sale.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-29-June-5-12-1900.

EXPERIENCE IS THE BEST TEACHER

Many People Have Learned by Experience That the "Want" Columns of The Evening Herald Produce Most Gratifying Results.

15 Words 15 Cents!

TO ARBITRATE.

Missouri Labor Commissioner Takes Hold of the St. Louis Strike.

St. Louis, May 29.—There is little change in the street railway strike situation today. About the same number of cars as yesterday were in operation on the Ttansit company's lines.

Efforts are being made to arlibitrate the differences between the street railway and their officials and these may show some progress towards a settlement before the day is over.

A car on the Bellefontaine branch of the Transit company was partly wrecked by an explosion of dynamite placed on the tracks by unknown parties at Newhouse avenue and Twentieth street last night. Officers Stellaine and O'Keefe, who were detailed to protect the cars, were seriously injured.

In response to the request of State Labor Commissioner Rixey that the strikers appoint two persons to act as arbitrators, the street car men today named E. P. Woodward, president of the Woodward and Tiernan Printing company, and Daniel H. Fair, a union conductor on the Suburban line, to act in that capacity.

So far the Transit company has declined to accede a point, and the twenty-four hours are up, and Mr. Rixey will make the selection himself and complete the board acording to law. He will consstitute the fifth member, and will act as president of the board.

Another disturbance occurred on South Broadway at 1 o'clock, and three persons were reported badly hurt.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Hinckley Wins Against Kettle River Railway Stockholders.

St. Paul, May 29.—Justice Lovely of the supreme court yesterday afternoon filed four decisions, all affirming those of the lower courts.

In the town of Hinckley vs. Kettle River Railway company, Samuel Hill et al., the individual stockholders are held liable for their share of the damages awarded the town because the road was abandoned and torn up after they had voted bonds for its construction. The town was awarded the amount of the bonds it had voted the road, $12,000, only part of which was paid from the proceeds of the receiver's sale of the property.

In Martha J. Moors vs. Northern Pacific it is held where a railroad company has fenced a right-of-way and provided gates for the convenience of neighboring farmers, it is not obliged to guard those gates to prevent injury to live stock.

In the case of the state vs. the Northwestern Telephone company for the collection of taxes, it is held that the ownership of real property on May 1 determines the liability for taxes. Sale of the property later to a corporation which pays a gross earnings tax in lieu of all others does not remove the liability; therefore the telephone company will have to pay the taxes due on its real property for the time it began to pay the gross earnings tax.

The lower court is also sustained in Harry S. Locke, respondent, vs. the Osborne-McMillan Elevator company. The trial court is held justified in setting aside a judgment for failure to place a justice appeal on the calendar at the ensuing term of the district court.

The decision is also affirmed in Daniel O'Neil, respondent, vs. Great Northern Railway company, appellant.

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH.

Convention Elects Vice President Seward as President.

Cincinnati, May 29.—The general convention of the New Jerusalem church today elected Vice President Rev. S. S. Seward of New York as president, to succed the late John Worcester, of Massachusetts.

FUNDS FOR THE FAIR.

Senate Committee Agrees to Appropriation For St. Louis.

Washington, May 29.—The senate committee on appropriations today agreed to Senator Cockrell's amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis in 1903.

GETS MACHINERY IN.

Grissom Overcomes the Objections of the Turk.

Constantinople, May 29.—After a delay of a month, Lloyd C. Griscom, United States charge d'affaires, has obtained permission for the importation of an important consignment of flour milling machinery, ordered in the United States by a merchant of Ismid. This difficulty was due to the action of the native millers, who are fearful of the competition of a mill equipped on American principles.

ECLIPSE IN SPAIN.

Madrid, May 29.—The eclipse of the sun yesterday was complete at Cadiz at 1 p. m. The sun lost all color, there was a cold wind and twilight. The temperature fell a degree centrigrade, and Venus was visible to the naked eye. At Alicante the total eclipse lasted a minute. The stars shown brilliantly, and the temperature fell to 22 degrees centigrade.

KING INDISPOSED.

London, May 29.—The king of Norway and Sweden, who intended to start for Paris Thursday, has been obliged to postpone his departure owing to a slight indisposition. It is said, however, that his illness is not serious.

BISHOP OF COLUMBUS.

Columbus, Ohio, May 29.—Rev. Henry Moeller, of Cincinnati, has been appointed bishop of Columbus, to succeed Bishop Watterson, who died about thirteen months ago. The announcement reached here indirectly, but a message to Father Moeller brought this reply: "Appointment to Columbus received." The consecration will probably take place in Cincinnati, July 25.

VIEWS OF ECLIPSE.

Washington, May 29.—The naval observatory party who went to Pinehurst, N. C., to view the eclipse has returned to Washington, bringing back the plates and some of the apparatus used in yesterday's observations. Professor Skinner, who was in charge of the party, says it will take from one to two weeks to develop the plates. In all, he says, the observatory parties obtained seventy-five plates. Those secured at Pinehurst arrived here without mishap.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A PONY; MUST be well broke and gentle. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND gas stove, three burner preferred. Address, stating kind and price, S 65, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT, A SINgle seated phaeton or light double seated carriage. Address S 59, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 132 Exchange building.

LOST.

LOST—A BADGE NO. 235. $1 REWARD for its return at Duluth street railway office, Eleventh avenue west.

LOST—ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, A pocketbook containing a little over $10 and two keys. Return to Herald office and receive reward.

West Duluth

A "paving bee" is the latest plan for the betterment of Central avenue. The idea is for every ablebodied man to turn in and give his time for a day to the work of patching up the pavement, the business men to close their stores so that their employes may take part in the exercises. The plan was suggested by one of the leading business men, and is meeting with a general approval. The members of the board of public works are understood to be willing to be the first to pull off their coats for the job, to show that their hearts are well disposed toward West Duluth, and Aldermen Cochrane and Barnes and ex-Alderman Sang are very enthusiastic. If possible some of the features of events in the rural districts on which this will be modeled will be introduced to lighten the labors—something on the order of the ted ears of corn and the jug under the barn, although the latter idea could not be closely followed, perhaps, owing to moral sentiment and the difficulty of getting enough jugs. It is believed that the restaurants will volunteer to furnish coffee and sandwiches to the workers at intervals of ten or fifteen minutes.

HAS PROVIDED THEM.

The Zenith City Telephone company last evening sent to the council a communication stating that it had doubled its trunk lines to West Duluth, and that connections would be made as soon as the instruments were received.

The company expressed itself gratified at the patronage it receives in West Duluth, stating that there were ninety subscribers there.

Alderman Cochrane propounded a query as to why full metallic connections had not been furnished, but there was nobody present to answer for the company, and the alderman's thirst for information went unslaked.

DAMAGED BY FIRE.

The Chicago house, on Fifty-second avenue west, near Gosnold street, of which Anthony Quesnelle is the proprietor, was damaged to the extent of about $50 by fire yesterday afternoon. The fire caught in the sawdust used in banking the building during the winter and crept up between the walls, necessitating a good deal of chopping by the firemen to get at it.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Fred Phillips, an employe at Mitchell & McClure's mill, dropped a saw on his right hand while at work yesterday, a tooth going clear through the first joint of the first finger. It is not thought the member will be permanently disabled.

Mrs. Ernestine Bade, mother of Mrs. Charles Korth, died yesterday morning of pneumonia at the latter's home, Fifty-first avenue west and Gosnold street. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon from the house. Interment at Oneota cemetery.

A large class was confirmed at the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday morning, twenty-one in number, fourteen young women and seven young men. Rev. J. Sether officiated. The church was crowded.

Among the speakers secured for the Memorial day exercises under the auspices of the Minnesota K. of P. band are Capt. J. R. Randall and Hon. George Mallory.

The A. O. U. W. will give a dance this evening at Great Eastern hall.

Excelsior Rebekah lodge No. 59, I. O. F., has elected the following officers: Mrs. Elizabeth McAdams, noble grand; Mrs. Bessie Lochner, vice grand; Mrs. Hattie Hartley, recording secretary. Mrs. Elizabeth Toor was elected delegate to the next grand lodge meeting at Minneapolis June 17.

The Odd Fellows elect officers tonight and will work the second degree.

Robert Dowse has gone to Chicago for a week.

A. J. Filiatrault, undertaker. Telephone No. 3079. Office, Patterson's livery barn.

NEW YORK SAILS.

New York, May 29.—The United States cruiser New York, which left the navy yard and anchored off Thompkinsville yesterday, sailed this morning for Newport, to be present at the opening of the naval college on June 1. She passed out Sandy Hook at 5:37 a. m., and was reported passing Fire Island at 8:42 a. m.

DERBY A FARCE.

Cincinnati, May 29.—The thousands of lovers of thoroughbred racing who gathered at Latonia yesterday to see what promised to be the greatest derby of the year met with bitter disappointment. The race proved to be a farce. Lieut. Gibson was the only starter and simply had to gallop around the track to win the $5,000 prize. Up to noon, the track was in good shape, but then there came a heavy rainfall and spoiled all the chances of a contest in the derby. In spite of the very disagreeable weather, one of the largest crowds ever seen at Latonia witnessed the day's racing.

South Shore Change of Time.

Beginning Sunday, May 27th, "South Shore" Limited, No. 8, will leave Duluth at 7:00 p. m. daily, except Saturday. Daylight Express, No. 3, will leave 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. No. 9 Limited will arrive Duluth 8:30 a. m., except Sunday, and No. 5 express arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m., except Sunday.

City Ticket Office.
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
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HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

The Finest Corner

in the East End for sale at **$6,500.** 100x140 feet. South-East Corner, 14th Avenue East and Superior Street.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$2600 for house and lot in center of city. Will net 12 per cent on investment.

$325 for nice lot in Holm's addition.

$900 for 8-room house with city water, in good repair, 150 feet from street car line. TWO LOTS, one on Third street and one on Fourth street, centrally located. Cheap.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg

1st of May we have a cheap rate over N. P. R. R. to any party looking for selected land on this line. Small or large tract—or land anywhere. Call on

S. B. BRIGHAM, the land man.
Open evenings. 12 Fifth Avenue W.

Fine lot East Second St. Good until June 1..... **$1200**

8-room house—East End, modern improvem'ts **$2750**

2 houses East 4th St. Rented for $54 per mo... **$4500**

C. A. AND E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Bldg.

HARRIS BROS.,

Real Estate,

712 PALLADIO.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms and ten acres of land on **Cariboo Lake.** Fine fishing and boating.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power. 35-feet fall.

Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:

TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 701 Torrey Building.

PERSONAL.

REWARD—WILL PAY FOR INFORMAtion by which I may locate Wallace H. Newhard and H. A. Lazier, who lived in Duluth some eighteen years ago. Address C. W. H., Herald.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 304 New Jersey bldg.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

FINANCIAL.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DEsired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Creaby, 210 Palladio.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL LIQUOR man, a partner with $10,000. One competent to take charge of the commercial part of the business preferred. Address Wholesale Liquors, 114 West Michigan street, Duluth Minn.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 220 West First street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 213 Lyceum building. 'Phone 697. Prompt service.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 324 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESents, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Reading Investment Company."

The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, or any interest whatsoever therein, in severality or otherwise, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in mortgages, notes, bonds, corporation stocks, and other personal property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, compound, and release mortgages and other obligations; to act as agent for other corporations or persons, for a compensation or otherwise, in the purchase, sale, management or improvement of real or personal property; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and other commercial paper; and, for the purpose aforesaid, or for any other lawful purpose, to execute, deliver and receive deeds, conveyances, mortgages, leases, contracts, and any and all other instruments whatsoever, and to do and perform all acts and things necessary, proper or convenient for carrying out any of the aforesaid affairs.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the last Tuesday in May, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation, and the full management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by the board of directors at its first meeting, and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws of the corporation: a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and affixed our seals this 21st day of April, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal).
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal).
ROBERT S. GAYLORD, (Seal).

In presence of
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
EDWARD M. GAYLORD.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

On this 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared, Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal).

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 54.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS. State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, May 15th, 1900, at 10:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscell., page 631.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Burns and Cox is dissolved by mutual consent, J. J. Burns retiring. The business will be continued at 14 First avenue west by Robert H. Cox, who assumes all obligations and is authorized to collect all outstanding accounts.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., May 28, 1900.

J. J. BURNS,
ROBERT H. COX.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED.

One girl for second cook—one girl to bake pies and serve at counter—one young man to work in restaurant. Good wages. Apply to Mr. Robel, supt., Bethel, Lake Ave., between 10 and 12 a. m.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, SEWING girl to do plain sewing, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 326 East Second street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD COOK. Also laundry girl at Colson House, Second avenue west and First street.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO CHAMber work for four hours' a day; one who lives at home. 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED—GIRLS TO MAKE SHIRT waists, at once. 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE JUNE 15, competent girl for general housework. Three in family; no washing or ironing, good wages. Send address and particulars to Mrs. Z, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four; no washing. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Hunter's Park.

WANTED--SEAMSTRESS AT MRS. P. Benteau, 1414 East Superior street.

WANTED—SEWING GIRLS AT 220 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl in family of three. Must be a good cook. Wages $20 per month. Address L, Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply 1151 East Second street.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED—A COOK OR AN ASSISTant. Mrs. J. H. Sharpe, 318 West Second street.

WANTED — HOUSEKEEPER; ONE willing to go out of city. For particulars, call at George H. Crosby's office, Providence building.

WAIST MAKER WANTED AT 406 TEMple building.

WANTED -- GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 210 West Third street. No house cleaning.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

WANTED COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at 1615 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; would like a fair cook; good wages. Call at 1615 East Superior stret.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings, Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 314 East Second.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 131 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BOY TO DO DELIVERING. 515 East Fourth street.

WANTED—EDGERMAN; MUST BE quick man; high wages. Red Cliff Lumber company, 400 Torrey building.

DETECTIVE WORK — I WANT A shrewd, active man, in or near Duluth and Superior to act as private detective under instructions. Address immediately, H. C. Webster, superintendent, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work in two months, donate each student a full outfit of tools, pay board, furnish free ticket to our college and guarantee $15 weekly when competent without any expense. This offer is extended until June 15, and is made on account of demand for our graduates during the summer. Make application by mail. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PAINTERS. 721 West Superior street. H. Haskins.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

A YOUNG GIRL OF 15 WOULD LIKE a place to do light housework in small family with no children. S 52, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle aged lady fond of children. Would like a good home. Can furnish references. No objection to leaving city. Address A. M., P. O. Box 126, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH FIRST class education and good moral character wishes a position; would prefer inside work. Can furnish best city references. Address H. G., flat N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED — ROOMS TO CLEAN BY competent girl. Address No. 5 East Seventh street.

WANTED—BY LADY, PLACE AS housekeeper in or out of city. Address S 58, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES IN WOODLAND for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, hot water heat, central location; 8-room house, corner Lake avenue and Fifth street. Apply Pulford, How & Co., room 100 Trust company building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished or unfurnished. 125 West Second street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Modern. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 330 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN CONvenience, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FURNISHED FLAT OR HOUSE TO rent for summer. 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM AND board in private family for two ladies (one an invalid). Expect to pay well for satisfactory accommodations. Address A 1, Herald.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FOUR-BURNER GASOLINE range, Quick Meal, in good condition, $5. 123 Tenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FINE LARGE BLACK family horse and trap. Inquire 4 Exchange building, or 413 Fourth avenue east.

FOR SALE—A 16-FOOT COUNTER. Grand Union Tea company, 7-9 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY STORE with complete stock. Reasonable price. Address X 73, Herald.

A DOZEN B. PLYMOTH ROCK CHICKens for sale. Setting hens and eggs, cheap. 113 Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—UNTIL JUNE 1, WHEN WE remove to 410 West Second street, sewing machines very cheap to close out. F. Popkin, 712 West Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

FOR SALE—TWO-SEATED CARRIAGE, leather top, in good condition, cheap. Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior street.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

PIANO FOR SALE, CHEAP; NEARLY new. Call at Bayha & Co.'s store.

$65 BUYS FINE ROSEWOOD CASE piano; perfect order. Monthly payments. 2 Banning block. Over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, including some fine Jerseys, to arrive Tuesday, May 29, at Downie's stock yards. 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

SALOON FOR SALE.

Old established, good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.

MAX F. YALENSTINE.
New Duluth.

$195 BUYS FINE UPRIGHT PIano, walnut case, bargain; worth $400. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT TOben's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 3000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$275 BUYS KNABE UPRIGHT PIano, fine tone and case. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—SMALL, CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflamations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, $1 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Thursday, May 31, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 816 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall. Work in Third rank. 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Nell, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 29, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree, and election of officers, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

GENTLEMEN DO YOU SUFFER FROM lost vitality, drains, etc. Don't be fooled by drugs, electric belts and appliances. For 50 cents (coin or stamps) I send instructions of cure by use of water. A. R. Jones, P. O. Box 1047 Pittsburg, Pa.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands given away in Western Canada. Also a cheap rate for settlers. For information and settlers' rates apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..	Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:50 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	.....FAST MAIL.....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv. †9 00 am	TRAINS FOR	Ar.	*6 45 am
" *4 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	"	†1 40 pm
" *12 15 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...	"	*7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.		Arrive
*7 00 p m	BOSTON LIMITED		*8 30 a m
*8 15 a m	EXPRESS		*7 30 p m

BIG LINE DECORATION FLAGS AND BUNTING.

CHOCOLATES

Tomorrow we will sell handsome 1-lb boxes of our delicious light and dark coated nutted top chocolates that are sold regularly at 40c, for.... **21c**

Freimuth's

FLOWERS.

The choicest of home-grown cut flowers of all varieties for Decoration day will be sold at special prices.

WEDNESDAY MORNING SPECIALS

Singled out from the various Departments. They are all items that will be in demand for Decoration Day. Just read the values named and come tomorrow before noon, expecting just such unusually low prices and qualities as represented.

CHILDREN'S HATS EXTRA SPECIAL FOR TOMORROW Very nicely trimmed Hats, trimmed with Chiffon and Ribbon; tomorrow..... **75c** Chiffon and Flower and Chiffon and Ribbon trimmed White Leghorn Hats....$3, $2.50, $2.00 and **$1.48**

Shirt Waists—

Two extra values for Wednesday in White Waists—Read carefully and compare the offering with all others.

Special at— 30 dozen dainty and stylish new white Waists—tucked back and single pleat, tucked and lace insertion front, very nobby and worth much more than we ask—$1.50. See them. **$1.50**

Special at— 50 dozen White Lawn Waists—all the newest styles of the season, the kind others sell at much more than we ask—Tomorrow $1.00. **$1.00**

Taffeta Waists—

$3.95 An Unparalleled Offer...

About 100 new, colored, plain Taffeta Silk Waists—tucked and hemstitched front and back—plain dress sleeve—detachable collar, lined throughout with fine grade Percaline—all colors and sizes, Special Wednesday a. m. at..... **$3.95**

These Waists are good value at $5.50. Endeavor to see them tomorrow.

Washable DRESS Skirts

We will sell tomorrow a specially nice assortment of New Washable Dress Skirts—in P. K., Linen, Duck, Etc. Applique trimmed and plain, in all the newest 1900 Ideas. Prices will be at "Freimuth's" usual saving to you.

Millinery—

Special Wednesday a. m.

Ninety exquisitely trimmed hats—exact reproductions of the higher priced ones. Splendid assortment of styles and effects to suit all faces—They are regular $4 and $5 Hats. Special tomorrow a. m. at.... **$2.98**

See them displayed in show window.

95c Worth $1.75—100 Rough and Ready and Split Straw Sailors in a variety of styles on which the regular prices have been up to $1.75. Decoration Day price.... **95c**

59c worth 95c—150 white plain and rough and ready Sailors—the regular 95c and $1 kinds selling tomorrow a. m. at..... **59c**

REMEMBER THE PIED PIPER EVENT THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

RIBBONS. Three Surprising Values

12½c 200 pieces 1½ to 2½-inch Plaid and Striped Taffeta Ribbons, newest shades—have sold up to 18c—Tomorrow at 12½c.

28c Big assortment Luminous Satin Ribbons, all new pastel shades, 2½ to 3½ inches wide, worth regularly up to 45c; special tomorrow, 28c.

59c 4½-inch Neck Ribbons in newest ideas in Luster Stripes, Blue and White, Black and White, and Navy and White, Red and White, and all sorts of new colorings, 75c values, tomorrow, 59c per yard.

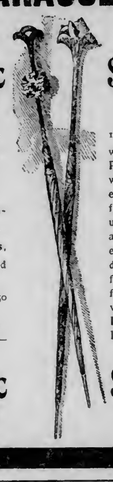
JEWELRY. Some Items of Interest.

10c for 20c Jeweled or Enameled Top HAT PINS, EITHER IN GOLD OR SILVER.

35c For immense assortment of Shirt Waist Sets, in fine gold plate, with beaded edge. These are button sets; also Roman Gold and Jeweled Pin sets, none worth less than 75c.

35c For 75c Medallion, French Gray, Gilt and Cut Steel Belt Buckles, immense array to select from.

PARASOLS.



95c For Ladies' pure white Silk Parasols with white enamelled sticks and frames, silk cord and tassel—fully a $1.50 value—Decoration Day price— **95c**

$1.25 100 Ladies' white silk Parasols, with white enamelled frame, natural wood and enamelled handles, 4-inch full ruffle, fully a $1.69 value—Decoration Day price— **$1.25**

Child's Shoes...

Less than the Makers' Prices.

Our shoe buyer has just purchased at a fraction of wholesale cost the entire sample line of Child's Shoes from that great maker of Child's Footwear, H. W. Merriam, and they will be first placed on sale tomorrow. These samples unquestionably constitute a most complete and reliable assortment. Every pair is perfect—about 500 pairs in all. Ladies, notice this opportunity—there are Shoes for dress and for wear; in fact, Shoes of all kinds, to be sold at less than manufacturers' prices.

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

Will be open until noon on Decoration Day.

If there is anything you want and have failed to get come here and see how much money you can save by filling your wants here. We are busy, very busy because our friends are **increasing in number** with each business days' dawn. They are finding us out. We are living up to "our motto"--

Better goods for the same money, or the same goods for less money than elsewhere.

Fill your wants at

The New Store

HUNTINGTON & TALLANT, 117-119 W. Superior St.

TO HELP THE MUTUAL.

Resolution Directing Steps to Remove Interdict of Prussia.

Washington, May 29.—After members of the house committee on commerce had conferred with the secretary of state today, the committee voted to favorably report the following resolution:

"Resolved, that the secretary of state be and he is hereby requested to take all steps which may be necessary and proper to obtain from the Kingdom of Prussia, a revocation of the order of Aug. 14, 1895, by which the privilege of transacting business in that kingdom was withdrawn from the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York."

The committee also reported the senate bill amending the quarantine laws by providing for the fixing of limits of quarantine, anchorages, etc.

DR. SCUDDER DEAD.

New York, May 29.—Rev. Dr. John Scudder, of the Dutch Reformed church's Arcot mission in India, died at Kodai, Kanai, in that country, on Wednesday, May 23.—He was 64 years old and for thirty-nine years had been connected with the Arcot mission. He had come to be an authority on matters pertaining to India and its people.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

Washington, May 29.—The senate agreed to a modified amendment on the sundry civil appropriation bill relating to Chinese immigration laws, which directs that the enforcement of the exclusion laws should be under the control of the secretary of the treasury.

Will Observe Decoration Day.

Gronseth & Olsen will be closed all day tomorrow, "Decoration day."

Winecke & Doerr's cigars are good cigars. For instance—Flor de Teller and Royal Blue.

SWAZILAND'S QUEEN.

Striking Counterpart of the Chinese Dowager Empress.

The crafty and cruel dowager empress of China has a very striking counterpart in Nabo 'Tsebeni, the ruler of the Swazis. Along with the war news from that part of the world have come recently many accounts of the high-handed doings of the Swazi queen. Swaziland is an independent native kingdom under the protection of the South African republic. As the Boers have just now enough to do protecting themselves Nabo 'Ssebeni is not interfered with in her little diversions. The other day news was received of how Queen Nabo had cleared the political atmosphere of her dominion by eliminating in the most approved Cromwellian manner a number of objectionable court officials, one among the number being her own son.

Queen Nabo is about 50 years old, and is not handsome according to the debased standards of the white man, but in Swaziland she is accounted "a fine figger of a woman," says an exchange. When she was married she was a slim young woman and was a great belle. She looks taller than she really is, owing to the method by which she, in common with the other women of her country, dresses her hair. By some mysterious process the royal tresses are made to grow, trellis fashion, over a wicker-work arrangement of circular shape. Round the forehead she wears the royal insignia, a band of wood possessing innumerable medicinal virtues, attached to which in the center of the forehead are a snake's bladder and a brilliant red feather of the lourel bird.

Like other monarchs, Queen Nabo can be very suave and nice when she pleases, and she can also be exceedingly haughty and frigid of demeanor. It is a harsh thing to say about a royal lady of Nabo's ability, but the truth is that, next to power, her majesty loves rum, or drinks that go under that generic term. She drinks no native distillation, but the white man's good imported liquor, and lots of it. In fact, Nabo 'Tsebeni is a great drunkard. Her enemies say she is "fuddled" most of the time. She does not seem to let rum interfere with business, however. Apart from the firewater, the queen has no particular regard for the products of civilization. She prefers the native rug or blanket as a costume to the finest creation of Worth, and her food and manner of living have never changed, but remain as they were in the days when Umbandine first took her, a slim young girl, for wife.

APPLE PUDDING.

Another pudding with fruit requires a pint of apple sauce run through a sieve. While hot beat into this half a cup of butter, and then add gradually a quart of milk which has been stirred into the yolks of six eggs. Sweeten to taste and flavor with vanilla. Bake for half an hour in a quick oven with the dish placed in a larger one filled with cold water. At the last draw the pudding to the mouth of the oven, heap on a meringue made from the whites and put on the top shelf to brown. A tablespoonful of fine granulated sugar to each egg, added after the whites are stiff and then beaten the same length of time as before, makes a meringue that is never ropy but satisfactory in every way. A pinch of salt should be added at the first.

BLACK EYE FOR OLEO

Committee on Agriculture Decides to Favorably Report the Grout Bill.

IMPOSES HEAVY TAX

It Includes Oleomargarine and All Imitation Butter and Cheese.

Washington, May 29.—After an exciting contest lasting many months, the advocates of the Grout bill placing an almost prohibitive tax on oleomargarine and like imitations of butter succeeded today in having that measure favorably reported from the house committee on agriculture. The vote was 10 to 7 in favor of the bill. The opposition to the measure had taken form in a substitute providing additional safeguards against the fraudulent sale of oleomargarine, but not going to the extent of the Grout bill.

The vote on the substitute was first taken and it was defeated, 8 to 9. An effort was then made to amend the Grout bill by including within its restrictions old rancid butter, known as renovated butter. The friends of the Grout bill resisted all change and defeated the amendment, 8 to 9. The bill was then favorably acted upon by the following vote:

Yeas—Henry, Baker, Connel, Wright, Haugen, Dahle, Lamb, Cooney, Gordon, Nevelle—10.

Nays—Wadsworth, Lorimer, White, Bailey (Kansas), Williams (Mississippi), Stokes and Allen—7.

The bill as reported is as follows:

That all articles known as oleomargarine, butterine, imitation butter or imitation cheese, or any substance in the semblance of butter or cheese not the usual product of the dairy and not made exclusively of pure and unadulterated milk or cream, transported into any state or territory and remaining therein for use, consumption, sale or storage therein, shall, upon the arrival within the limits of such state or territory, be subject to the operation and effect of the laws of such state or territory enacted into the exercise of its police powers to the same extent and in the same manner as though such article or substance of such articles had been produced in such state or territory, and shall not be exempt therefrom by reason of being introduced therein in original packages or otherwise: Provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed to permit any state to forbid the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine in a separate and distinct form, and in such manner as will advise the consumer of its real character, free from coloration or ingredient that causes it to look like butter.

Section 2. That after the passage of this act the tax upon oleomargarine as prescribed in section 8 of the act approved Aug. 2, 1886, and entitled, "An act defining butter, also imposing a tax upon and regulating the manufacture, sale, importation and exportation of oleomargarine," shall be one-fourth of 1 cent per pound when the same is not colored in imitation of butter; but when colored in imitation of butter, the tax to be paid by the manufacturer shall be 10 cents per pound, to be levied and collected in acordance with the provisions of said act.

There will be majority and minority reports submitted Thursday.

After their success today the friends of the bill expect to urge the matter to speedy consideration before the house in hope of securing action in one or both branches of congress at this session.

SPOILS OF WAR.

Some of the Fortunes Gathered By Conquerors.

Although there is as much glory as ever to be won on the field of battle even the least mercenary of soldiers either in the Philippines or South Africa must sigh for the good old days when the humblest trooper might hope to bring back from a campaign as much spoil and prize money as would make him pecunarily comfortable for the rest of his days. In those times soldiering was one of the chief highways to fortune, and a fortunate man might stow away in a corner of his knapsack a fortune larger than a lifetime of hard work would yield him, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

When Clive and his conquering army entered Moorshedabed, in 1757, he was taken through the treasury with its stores of gold and silver, of jewels and rich stuffs, and 15,000,000 rupees, and was literally besought to help himself. It says much for Clive's modesty that he was content with $800,000 worth of the tempting spoil, while stipulating $500,000 should be divided between the army and navy, and that each member of the company's committee should receive $120,000.

When Clive returned to England at the age of 35 he brought with him a fortune of $1,500,000 and left behind him an estate valued at $135,000 a year, practically all of which was the spoils of war.

Compared with such a rich harvest the duke of Wellington's share of the Waterloo prize money, although it amounted to $300,000, seems singularly modest; although a richer harvest fell to Admiral Pocock and the duke of Albermarle, who divided nearly £250,000 between them when they captured Havana in 1762. India has been an especially rich ground for the hunter of spoil, and in its palaces many a soldier has stumbled on a fortune literally "in a moment."

When Seringapatam was taken, just over a hundred years ago, many a soldier carried away a king's ransom in gold or jewels. Among the spoil was a life-size tiger's head in solid gold, which now adorns the queen's pantry. Its eyes and teeth are of rock crystal, its tongue and massive jaws are of gold, and attached to the tongue at the time of its capture was perhaps the largest ruby in the world. There were nine of these heads guarding the jeweled throne of Tippoo Sahib.

But more valuable still was the peacock which surmounted the throne, and which also may be seen at Windsor. Its body is of gold completely covered with rare jewels; the beak is composed of one enormous and exquisite emerald ,and from it hangs a drop composed of a magnificent ruby and three pearls.

Jewels were so profusely scattered everwhere that articles of gold were practically untouched, and more than one soldier brought away "a pocketful" of precious gems, chiefly taken from their settings on the idols.

Some of the most valuable gems on the crowns and scepters of Europe have been the spoil of war. The famous Orloff diamond, the principal jewel in the scepter of the czars, was taken from an Indian idol, of which it formed an eye, by a French soldier. This beautiful gem weighs 194¾ carats, and was sold to the Empress Catherine for $450,000, an annuity of 4000 roubles and a title of Russian nobility. The famous Florentine diamond, which weighs over 133 carats, was found by a Swiss soldier on the battlefield of Granson, where it was supposed to have fallen from the finger of Charles the Bold, and is now chief among the crown jewels of Austria. Even the Koh-i-noor must rank among the fruits of war, for it was surrendered when the Punjab was annexed to British India in 1849.

Another valuable diamond weighing 132 carats formed part of the spoil of Coochan in Khorassan, in 1832. This stone, the value of which cannot be less than $650,000, was for a long time used by a peasant as a flint for striking fire.

There has seldom been a more liberal supply of pickings for conquering troops than at Pekin, in 1860. Unfortunately for the English soldiers, their French allies were first in the field, but after their rapacity was satisfied there was still left a sufficient supply of "unconsidered trifles" to make many an English private a "gentleman" for life, and more than one soldier literally staggered under the weight of his golden spoil.

But this seems to have been the last of the golden days of lawful pillage, and the present chances of making a fortune by prize money or spoil do not exist even in imagination. In the last Soudan campaign soldiers captured nothing more valuable than Dervish weapons, or jewelry (more fantastic than valuable), or dress, and in South Africa, although there have been isolated cases of the finding of fat pocketbooks and purses, the soldiers' spoil has consisted chiefly of a stray horse or a Mauser, both of which he has gladly parted with for a few shillings or a few whiffs of tobacco.

TO PREPARE SPINACH.

Like the majority of pot greens, spinach should be blanched, and, like the rest, first thoroughly cooked over and washed. Cut off all the stalks, and after looking over the leaves, put them in a large pan or tub of cold water. Plunge them up and down and remove the sand; then lift the leaves out into a second pan of water. Do not attempt to drain the water off, as that leaves the sediment which has sunk to the bottom. Rinse yet a third time, and cook in a very little boiling salted water for fifteen or twenty minutes. Drain it into cold water, and when cold drain again. Put the leaves in a chopping bowl and cut fine. Have ready in a spider or frying pan a tablespoonful of butter, add the spinach, season with salt and pepper and a little cream, if desired—in which case less butter will be needed. Heat thoroughly and serve on a hot dish, surrounded by toasted bread points. The yolk of a hard-boiled egg put through a ricer over the mounded spinach makes an effective and appetizing dish.

Grand Opening at Lester Park!

The dancing pavilions, palace of illusions and mystic swing will be open to the public on Decoration Day. Dancing afternoon and evening.

... The ...

Anderson Palm Garden

DULUTH'S POPULAR RESORT FOR GENTLEMEN.

STRICTLY UP-TO-DATE.

M'COY AND RYAN

TONIGHT

For the Middleweight Championship of the World.

Six Rounds at Tattersall's, Chicago.

We will announce two accounts of this great fight at the end of third round and finish.

Something new. You must see and hear it.

"Just What the Good Book Taught."

Hear this beautiful ballad sung by our sweet-voiced soprano. Magnificently illustrated with the improved Optigraph and Enterprise Stereopticon. For this week only.

Special program of patriotic music tomorrow afternoon and evening, Decoration Day, by the

Chicago Ladies' Orchestra.

JAY. W. ANDERSON, PROPRIETOR.

Decoration Day Flowers.

We will have a big stock of everything in loose Cut Flowers, Green Wreaths, or will make any design in Flowers you may wish. We have also an immense stock of Plants in bloom suitable for the occasion.

When ordering your Flowers don't forget that we make the best Ice Cream possible, and deliver it any place in the city at 35c per quart.

W. W. Seekins,

FLORIST AND CONFECTIONER,

Greenhouses: 921 EAST THIRD STREET. 115 West Superior St.

For Decoration Day.....

HOME GROWN Plants and Cut Flowers.

The largest and best assortment of home grown plants and cut flowers in the Northwest. Come early and get first choice.

EISCHEN BROS.,

129 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Open until noon tomorrow.

All the necessary things

for tomorrow's outing are here—and the store will be open until noon for your convenience.

Millinery—
Trimmed Hats, Children's Lace Caps or Straw Hats, Straw Sailor Hats.

Tailor-made Suits and Jackets at reduced prices,

Separate Skirts of Wool,
Wash Skirts,
Shirt Waists, White and colored,
Neckwear,
Kid Gloves,
Fabric Gloves,
Belts, Belt Buckles,
Chatelaine Purses
and dozens of other Jewelry Novelties.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Which One is Doing the Talking?

Peterkin Perkins—the one with his hands behind his back. It's easy to know what he's saying—"It's just like this—we must have one of those wonderful calculating pencils. They save brain fag. Everyone needs them—they sell for 15c."

They are on sale at

BENNETT'S NEWS STAND,

214 West Superior St.

Agents supplied by

NOVELTY ADV'G CO. P. O. Box, 53.

Send 15c for sample.

Duluth, Minnesota.

Our Specialty.....

Fine Hardwood Floor Finishing.....

H. A. HALL & CO.

DECORATORS.

Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

EYES ACHE?

Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

F. D. DAY & CO.,

325 W. Superior St.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED and REPOLISHED

AT C. O. KRISTENSEN'S,

Zenith Tel. 320. 10 E. Superior St.

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Hat Dept.

...Our Leaders...

The Gordon Hat at **$3.00**

The Guyer Hat at **$4.00**

Stetson Hats at **$4.00**

Spring Fedoras—**98c, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.**

Spring Derbys at—**$1.50, $2, $2.50** worth double.

This is Straw Season and the Straws you want are here

There isn't a head for which we haven't a Straw hat--Every one this season's make. Straw hats for baby, child, boy, young man and gentleman. Plain, rough, smooth and fancy braids, soft brims and hard brims. Prices that please, and the comforting assurance that when you buy here you're getting the latest fashions.

Store Closes at Noon Today.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

Bargains in houses and lots in all parts of the city.
Also in business property and acres.
We want applications for loans.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

CAMERA & OPTICAL GOODS

CAMERAS GIVEN AWAY!

Next week we shall give away a Vive Souvenir Camera to any boy or girl applying at the store and purchasing a dozen plates for 25c. These Cameras are reliable instruments—taking a picture 2½ by 2½ inches and are given away by the Vive Camera Co., in hopes that the parties getting them will become interested in better and larger Vives. We also carry a line of Kodaks, Pocas, Premos, Etc., at prices as low as the lowest.

C. D. TROTT. Optician,
No. 3 W. Superior St.

$2,500 Will buy an upper corner lot on East Superior street, Endion, 50x140.

MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

FOR SALE! Soldiers' Additional, Forest Reserve—Ready to Lay.

FOR SALE BY..... *PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,*
Room B, Trust Company Building.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. ***7 E. Superior St.***

DEDICATED WITH WHISKY.

The Congregational church at Austinburg, Ohio, was dedicated as a house of worship by the breaking of a bottle of whisky over the spire, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. This town, located six miles south of Geneva, will next June celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of its settlement, and the old church near its geographical center has the distinction of being the first frame church built upon the Western reserve.

The days when this church was built were avowedly the days of whisky. It was the day when the drink was poured out freely by all who attended the "raising" of a building, and when every one partook of it as we of the present would drink a glass of lemonade. Even the Rev. Giles W. Cowles, the hero of Austinburg, and veteran minister of the county, partook of the "firewater," and pastors subsequently filling the pulpit of the church stopped car the village store, before and after attending services, to take an "eye opener."

The "raising" of the church occupied a whole week, having been begun on Monday morning and completed Saturday afternoon. On the last day the entire community was upon the scene to witness the dedicatory ceremonies. As none of those erecting the building would climb to the top of the spire, which is over one hundred feet from the ground, the services of a lake sailor were procured. With a rope in his hand he climbed to the topmost point of the edifice and as the last timber was placed he drew a bottle of whisky from the ground by means of a rope, and, breaking it over the spire, shrouted: "Three cheers for the new church!"

GOING OUT OF NATAL

The Boers Are Leaving and the British Have Occupied Utrecht.

IS AT JOHANNESBURG

Roberts There and Is Reported to Have Entered the Town.

London, May 30.—It is officially announced that the Boers are leaving Natal. Gen. Hildyard has occupied Utrecht, in the southeastern portion of the Transvaal.

London, May 30.—As Lord Roberts has heretofore always fulfilled his predictions, it is taken for granted here that the British marched into Johannesburg at noon today. Indeed, reports are current that telegrams already have been received announcing the fact and the serious part of the campaign from the military point of view is regarded as over. Any prolonged defense of Pretoria is considered highly improbable and many military men anticipate that Gen. French will capture the Transvaal capital within a day or two by a sudden and unexpected move.

Public interest largely centers in President Kruger, his capture or escape. The occupation of Pretoria would be largely relieved of its value in the public estimation if Ooom Paul were still at large and able to keep alive the dying embers of the war.

A Pretoria dispatch says the situation at Johannesburg shows, as reported by Lord Roberts, that order is maintained in the gold reef city.

The report that the British were driven back evidently refers to the prolonged fighting of Gen. French west-ward of Johannesburg, but apparently the British were not seriously checked as Lord Roberts does not mention it in his dispatch twenty-four hours later.

A dispatch from Mafeking, dated Friday, May 25, reports that Gen. Snyman, the Boer commander, has left his force and arrived at his farm with a shrapnel bullet in his foot.

The Boer laager at Rooriagad was removed further into the interior and Mafeking is rapidly resuming its normal station. Maj. Gen. Powell, on the queen's birthday, gave a dinner to the officers of the relief column. During the course of a speech proposing the queen's health, the defender of Mafeking remarked that he was so elated by the recent occurrence that he felt that he could "drink the health of Paul Kruger himself, coupled with that of Cecil Rhodes," adding: "Because Kruger has been the cause of the present great outburst of imperial feeling and Rhodes was the red rag to the bull which drew him on."

REPORT FROM PRETORIA.

Fight Near Van Wycksrust---British Repulsed at Gabrand.

Pretoria, May 29, Tuesday.—An official war bulletin just issued is as follows:

"On Sunday, a fight occurred close to Van Wycksrust, in Gabrand. The federals fought well and the British troops seemed tired out. At dark, the federals were forced to retire in the direction of Van Wycksrust on account of the overwhelming forces of the British.

"The British attacked Witwatersrand yesterday and were in contact with the federals at Gabrand, but they were beaten back with good results by the federals under Commandant Louis Bothi. The federals were heavily bombarded all day long, but kept their positions. The British loss is reported to be considerable.

"The British are near Utrecht and they are also marching on Laings Nek."

ANNEXATION CEREMONY.

Free State Is Formally Annexed With Imposing Parade.

Bloemfontein, Monday, May 28.—Amid salutes and cheers and the singing of "God Save the Queen," the military governor, Maj. Gen. George Prettyman, at noon formally proclaimed the annexation of the Free State under the designation of the Orange River Colony. The ceremony was somewhat imposing and the scene in the market square was inspiring. An immense concourse had gathered and the town was gay with bunting. The balconies and windows surrounding the square were crowded with ladies, among them Lady Roberts and the Misses Roberts, the countess of Airlie and Ladys Henry Bentick and Settrington. The troops were drawn up under command of Gen. Knox and entertained the spectators.

The governor, accompanied by Gen. Kelley-Kenney and their staffs, escorted by the Welsh yeomanry, was greeted with a general salute, after which, amid an impressive silence and in a clear voice heard in every part of the square, Gen. Prettyman read Lord Roberts' proclamation annexing the Orange Free State as conquered by her majesty's forces to the queen's domains, and proclaiming that the state shall henceforth be known as the Orange River Colony.

Lusty cheers greeted the concluding words of the proclamation, and these were renewed with ever increasing volume as Lord Acheson unfurled the royal standard and the bands struck up "God Save the Queen," all present joining in singing the national hymn. The ceremony concluded with cheers for the queen, Lord Roberts and the army and a salute of twenty-one guns.

BULLER DRIVES THE BOERS.

He Forces Them to Retire North From Dornberg.

London, May 30.—The following dispatch has been received at the war office from Gen. Buller:

"Newcastle, May 30.—The enemy having formed a laager east of the town at Dornberg, pressed my right annoyingly on May 27. I directed a force under Hildyard, by Wolls drift on Utrecht, and another under Lyttleton, by Shangadrift on Dornberg. These movements have caused the enemy at Dornberg to retire north.

"Hildyard is at Utrecht and the town has surrendered. Clery is bombarding Laing's Nek. The enemy are much disheartened, and were they not in such very strong position, I doubt if they would show fight. The railway was opened to Newcastle on May 28."

CALL IT NONSENSE.

London, May 30.—The officials of the British war office deny in unqualified terms the statement cabled to a New York newspaper that the war office here had asked Lord Roberts if he believed he could land 100,000 of his troops in England before Oct. 1. According to the British war office, the New York story is "ridiculous nonsense."

JOHANNESBURG EXCITED.

Pretoria, Tuesday, May 29.—A dispatch sent from Johannesburg last night described the town as intensely excited throughout the day on reports that the British were approaching, but says the excitement subsided in the evening owing to rumors that the British had been driven back. There are large numbers of burghers at Johannesburg, but remarkable order prevails there.

LARGE CROPS.

Fruit Yield In Michigan Promises to Surpass All Previous Years.

Benton, Harbor, Mich., May 30.—Michigan will produce crops this year that will surpass the most abundant year of its fruit-producing record. The season has just opened, the first two crates of strawberries being shipped Friday night last, and this is the forerunner of shipments of fruit of all kinds. In the past there has always been some variety lacking. The more tender kind had succumbed to the rigors of winter, but this year there promises to be an abundance of every product of berry patch and orchard.

It was thought for a while that the cold weather might bring a frost such as has so often appeared between May 15 and 24, but this season is passed without such a chilly visitation.

Of some fruits there is an increased acreage. The wet weather of last year, however, is said to have interfered with the planting of strawberries and raspberries. What is lacking in the way of acreage will be made up in quality.

Of peaches there will be two bushels to one of any late year. In some localities the trees must be thinned 75 per cent. Every variety is unusually full. There will also be a big crop of apples, pears and cherries.

Benton Harbor serves as an index as to the fruit production of not only Michigan, but of all the Central states, because a large per cent of the shipping cases of that section is made here.

A member of the Colby-Hinckley company, which has factories at Decatur, Ala., and Petoskey, Mich., as well as at Benton Harbor, furnishes some figures as to what will be needed to ship the fruit crop now growing in the United States.

The orders aggregate 500,000 16-quart crates, 50,000 24-quart crates, 2,000,000 grape baskets, 1,000,000 1-5-bushel peach baskets, 5000 dozen bushel peach baskets and more if they can be made, 500,000 6-basket peach crates, 500,000 ½-bushel melon baskets.

TOWN AFIRE.

Iron River and Its Big Lumber Yard Threatened With Destruction.

Iron River, Wis., May 30, 1:30 p. m.—Fire started about an hour ago in the power house. It spread quickly to the Alexander & Edgar Lumber mill, formerly the Ingraham mills. At this time it is spreading to the lumber yards, which contain 16,000,000 feet of lumber. The wind is in the west and the whole town is in danger. A call has been made on Superior for engines and help.

A BIG FIND.

California University Scientists Dig up a Lot of Papyri.

San Francisco, May 30.—The scientists employed in Egypt by Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst have unearthed a treasure for the University of California. At Gharak-El-Fayum, Upper Egypt, Messrs. Grentell and Hunt, the well known Egytologists, have made the biggest find of Ptolemaic papyri recorded in the history of Egyptian exploration. They have sent to England eight packing cases containing papyrus, with early Ptolemaic inscriptions, a packing case of crocodile papyri (Ptolemaic), and three cases of other Ptolemaic papyri. The collection is larger than all extant collections of Ptolemaic papyri taken together, and will, most of it, come to California.

CENTURY ROAD RACE.

George Schall Wins the Annual Chicago-Waukegan Run.

Chicago, May 30.—The American Wheelmen century road race from Chicago to Waukegan and return began at 5 a. m. today, when the limit man darted over the line. At 8 a. m. they were followed by the five scratch men.

There were seventy-three entries, but a few of them were not on hand when their time for starting arrived. The roads were reported in a bad condition, as a result of recent rains, and early predictions were that the best time would be nearly seven hours for the ride. The record over this course is held by A. L. Flath, of Chicago, who, under exceptionally favorable conditions, made the run in 4:57. Flath did not compete today, as he is entered at the big race in Detroit.

A. E. Abram, with a handicap of 2:45, reached Waukegan at 8:50. He was followed three minutes later by George H. Gardiner, whose handicap was 2:15. G. M. Judd, also a 2:15 man, crossed the tape at Waukegan at 8:55. Five others closely followed the three leaders. Nearly all of the riders stopped ten minutes for lunch and then resumed the race.

Considerable mud was encountered, but the roads were said to be in better condition than had been expected.

George Schall, of the American Wheelmen's club, finished first at 12:55 p. m. His time was six hours and forty minutes.

Axel Carlson won the time prize, in five hours fifty-six minutes. He finished second.

RAVAGES GENERAL

Reports of Fresh Atrocities By the Boxers Throughout China.

KILLING CHRISTIANS

Villagers Joined the Boxers In the Attack on Fang Tai.

Pekin, May 29 (Tuesday).—From all parts of the surrounding country news is constantly arriving of fresh atrocities committed by the "Boxers." Three Christian families were massacred at Shan Lai Ying, sixty miles from Pekin, Friday, May 25. Only two escaped.

A representative of theAssociated Press visited Fang Tai this morning and found the place occupied by a battalion of troops. The railroad station, workshops and locomotive sheds were gutted and much rolling stock was destroyed, including the imperial palace car. Large godowns (Chinese warehouses) full of valuable merchandise were burned after having been looted by the rioters. The damage done is estimated at 500,000 taels.

The neighboring villagers seem to have joined in the attack, showing that the movement is not confined to the "Boxers." Eight rioters who were captured will be decapitated.

Riding through the south gate of Pekin, the correspondent found the road inside the walls lined with troops, who greeted the traveler and his party with a fusilade of stones.

The whole country is much excited.

Tien Tsin, May 30.—American, British, Japanese, German, Italian, Russian and French troops to the number of 100 each have been ordered to guard their respective legations at Pekin, but the viceroy here will not allow them to proceed hence to Pekin on the railway without the authority of the Tsung-Li-Yamen.

One hundred and eight Americans, with a machine gun and a field gun, landed here last night, amidst great enthusiasm on the part of the residents. Five Russian and one British warship have arrived at Taku and the British are now landing. Other warships hourly expected.

Three thousand Chinese troops from Lu Tai are expected here today en route to Fang Tai.

There is a disposition here to believe that the "boxers" will disperse before the foreign troops are ready to act. Tien Tsin is in no danger.

Washington, May 30.—Not a word has been received at the state or navy departments from any of the officials in China since yesterday's report from Minister Conger. Communication by cable is still open, so it is assumed by the officials here that there has been no change in the situation, or at any rate none affecting American interests. In fact these interests have so far not been directly attacked during the present uprising by the "Boxers," but the state department directs attention to the fact that though up to this time the massacres have been confined to the native Christians, not a single American citizen has been injured so far as is known. If the situation were to continue on this basis, it might be difficult to find ground for such arbitrary action as the landing of United States marines in the Chinese capital, but Mr. Conger's reports clearly indicate the apprehension that the development of the "Boxers" uprising would involve the jeopardy of American life and property.

ST. LOUIS DOES HONOR.

War Veterans and Allied Organizations All Turn Out.

St. Louis, May 30.—Memorial day in St. Louis was celebrated by the various posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, assisted by the Sons of Veterans, service men of the Spanish war, Union Veteran legion, Womans' Relief corps and similar auxiliary societies. The exercises of the day began with a parade, which was participated in by veterans of the several wars and Sons of Veterans.

At the conclusion of the parade, the different bodies participating rode to Jefferson barracks, where the graves of 16,000 Mexican, civil and Spanish war dead were decorated with flags and flowers and appropriate exercises held.

AT PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, May 30.—Memorial day was observed with more than usual interest. The weather was fine and elaborate and impressive services were held at the various cemeteries by the G. A. R., Sons of Veterans, Spanish war service men and the National Guard. At St. Mary's cemetery, a monument to Bartley Campbell, the playwright, was unveiled. The ceremonies were private and in charge of his family.

PRESIDENT'S PARTY.

Washington, May 30.—President McKinley left here at 9:30 this morning for the Antietam battlefield, where he will take part in the dedication of the Maryland monument. With the president were the secretaries of war, navy, interior, agriculture and Attorney General Griggs. There were also in the president's immediate party Secretary Cortelyou, Gen. Hastings and Col. Bingham.

AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, May 30.—Memorial day was observed here with more than usual solemnity. During the morning, the graves of the dead of the civil war and also those of the Spanish war were decorated with flowers and appropriate services were held. The parade, participated in by Grand Army veterans, and soldier and sailor veterans of the civil war, came early in the afternoon, followed by formal exercises in the auditorium. The oration was by Lieut. Col. Philip Reade, U. S. A.

IS OUT FOR HEARST.

Atlanta Journal Names the Editor For Bryan's Mate.

Atlanta, Ga., May 30.—The Evening Journal will, in its leading editorial this afternoon, say:

"For second place on the presidential ticket that will be named at Kansas City, the Journal wishes to present the name of William Randolph Hearst, of New York. Mr. Hearst is a firm Democrat and has so strongly stamped his individuality on the community in which he now lives that we believe he would greatly aid the ticket. We think he could carry the state of New York."

IT GROWS SERIOUS

St. Louis Strike Sympathizers Use Dynamite In an Allopathic Dose.

GIVE CITY A SHOCK

Many Blocks of Buildings Shaken By a Terrific Explosion.

St. Louis, May 30.—A terrific explosion, supposed to have been caused by dynamite placed on the tracks of the Union line at Fifteenth and Chambers street, shook the buildings and broke the glass in all the windows in the neighborhood at 12:40 this morning.

Many persons were thrown from their beds by the violent concussion.

The shock was felt within a radius of a mile of Fifteenth and Chambers streets. So far the police have been unable to find out who was responsible for the explosion.

No fatalities have resulted among the eleven persons shot in yesterday's strike riots, although R. H. Silmson, the motorman, who was shot through the spine is in a critical condition. His wife has been telegraphed for.

Cars are running today on Delmar avenue, Page avenue, Spalding avenue, Park avenue, Compton Heights, Chouteau avenue, California avenue, Tower Grove, Grand avenue, Easton avenue, Cass avenue, Oliver street, Broadway, Fourth street, Union and Sixth street lines.

Chief Campbell has increased the police force in South St. Louis on account of the serious disturbance in that section. General Manager Baumhoff, of the Transit company, intimated today that the police authorities should take sterner methods to preserve order.

"We are now feeding 2000 men at our twelve commissary depots in different parts of the city," said Mr. Baumhoff. "In no case can we bring supplies to these places without being set upon and assaulted and the goods destroyed."

About noon a mob gathered at Broadway and Miller street, where yesterday's riot took place, and built bonfires on the street car tracks. When the cars stopped, the non-union employes and policemen on board were hooted and jeered. Sergt. Hickman and forty mounted police charged the crowd and dispersed it, using the broadsides of their sabers on the heads of those with whom they came in contact. A number were injured but none seriously.

President Hawes of the board of police commissioners, announced this afternoon that he will ask Sheriff Pohlmann to summon 1000 men to form a posse comitatus to help the police department keep order and prevent the destruction of street railway property.

JUBILEE WINS.

Prince of Wales' Diamond Jubilee Takes the Derby Stakes.

London, May 30.—At the second day's racing of the Epsom summer meeting today, the race for the Derby stakes of 6000 sovereigns was won by the prince of Wales' Diamond Jubilee. Simondale was second and James R. Keene's Disguise II was third.

The conditions of the race are as follows: The Derby stakes of 6000 sovereigns, by subscription of 50 sovereigns each, half forfeit, or 5 sovereigns only if declared by the first Tuesday in January, 1899, for 3-year-olds, the nominator of the winner to receive 500 sovereigns, the owner of the second 300 sovereigns and the owner of the third 200 sovereigns, out of the stakes, distance about one mile and a half. The entries closed July 19, 1899. There were 202 subscribers.

The following was the result in detail: The prince of Wales b c Diamond Jubilee, by St. Simon, out of Perdita II, (H. Jones), won; the duke of Portland's b c Simon Dale, by St. Simon, out of Ismay, (M. Cannon), second; James R. Keene's Disguise II, by Domino, out of Bonnie Gal, (Tod Sloane), third.

The scenes and incidents along the Epsom road one Derby day differ little from another Derby day, but the introduction of union jacks and banners, inscribed "Johannesburg," in joyful recognition of Lord Roberts' entry into the Gold Reef city, was a feature of the sporting holiday today.

The exodus from London was hardly less remarkable than in previous years. The Epsom road was congested by every variety of vehicle, while trains had difficulty in carrying the throngs.

The prince and princess of Wales, the duke and duchess of York, the duke and duchess of Connaught, the duke of Cambridge and Prince Christian of Schleswig Holstein, went to Epsom by special train.

TO SAVE DR. KENNEDY.

Further Proof Offered That He Is Innocent.

New York, May 30.—With new evidence, which is declared to be of the greatest importance in proving the innocence of Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy, under sentence of death at Sing Sing for the murder of Dolly Reynolds, W. W. Cantwell, a lawyer, appeared in the criminal branch of the supreme court and asked for a new trial for his client. Mr. Cantwell had several affidavits from persons who allege they saw Kennedy on the night of Aug. 15, 1898, when Dolly Reynolds was murdered in the Grand hotel, which, he says, establish an alibi for Dr. Kennedy.

Mrs. Kennedy, the young wife of the condemned man, who has never for a moment doubted her husband's innocence or faltered in her efforts to save him from the electric chair, was in court with Dr. Kennedy's aged father.

When Judge Fursman learned that the persons who had made the affidavits were not in court, he adjourned the hearing until Thursday morning.

CONFERENCE ADJOURNED.

Chicago, May 30.—After fixing up a few odds and ends of business today, the United Presbyterian conference adjourned till the next conference at Des Moines, Iowa. Reports of minor committees were heard, and arrangements were made for carrying on the business of the assembly till the next meeting.

THE GREAT ROAD RACE

Annual Memorial Day Event on London Road Ten-Mile Course.

OVER THIRTY ENTRIES

Four Come From the Twin Cities---Seven Men at Scratch.

With the 10-mile course in good condition and the weather favorable for fast riding, thirty-three contestants started in the ninth annual road race of the Duluth Cycle club at 3:30 this afternoon. The riders with one or two exceptions appeared to be in excellent condition when warming up. The handicaps made up last evening seemed entirely satisfactory to the riders and less complaint was heard in this respect than in former years. Sam Palmer, who won first time last year was on the scratch, with J. P. Burnett, the former West Superior man who caused such a stir in head of the lakes cycling circles a few years ago. "Earnie" Lynn, of West Superior and four St. Paul and Minneapolis riders, composed the remainder of the scratch squad. Robert W. Tryon, of this city, was the limit man with a start of seven minutes.

The race officials were: Starter, Dr. N. B. McNulty; referee, Henry E. Harris; timers, P. H. Kreltz, Philip Hasselblad, H. W. Drake, Roy Hoopie and P. A. Nolan; judges at finish, Charles F. West, Roy Hoopie, G. D. Young and M. Hellig; judges at turn, Morris Freimuth, B. H. Ling and Phil Pastoret.

The following was the handicap allowance of each man and the number and position of each, including the scratch men:

Scratch—
1. Sam Palmer, Duluth.
2. Jack Burnett, Duluth.
3. Ernest Lynn, West Superior.
4. M. D. Nicholson, St. Paul.
5. J. D. Pollock, St. Paul.
6. Ben Erickson, Minneapolis.
7. W. Granquist, Minneapolis.
1 minute 30 seconds.—
8. Tom Bradley, Duluth.
9. Edgar Smith, Duluth.
10. Edward Johnson, Virginia.
2 minutes 30 seconds.
11. Earl Briggs, Duluth.
12. Carl Barlnl, Duluth.
13. Rudolph Fry, St. Paul.
14. John J. Dryer, West Superior.
3 minutes 30 seconds.—
15. Elmer Whyte, Duluth.
16. H. L. Grothelm, Virginia.
17. J. D. Deighton, Duluth.
18. Anthony Lund, West Superior.
19. A. B. Pederson, West Superior.
4 minutes 30 seconds.—
20. H. Rumple, Duluth.
21. Herman Schmidt, Duluth.
22. H. C. Hughes, Duluth.
23. E. S. Powell, Duluth.
24. M. McDougall, Duluth.
25. Adolph Ritzman, West Superior.
26. H. Johnson, West Superior.
5 minutes 30 seconds.—
27. A. W. Lindgreen, West Duluth.
28. Joe Barlnl, Duluth.
29. T. L. Chisholm, Duluth.
30. Ralph Ward, Duluth.
6 minutes 30 seconds.—
31. C. R. Rankin, Duluth.
32. James McCauley, Duluth.
7 minutes.—
33. Robert W. Tryon, Duluth.

The full list of prizes won in the race are as follows:

PLACE PRIZES.

First—Arlington wheel, Bohm & Ling.

Second—$100 accident policy, George H. Prudden; chafing dish, Kelley Hardware company. Value $22.

Third—Set tires, Wieland & Wade; one dozen Zweifel photos; ne hat, Williamson & Mendenhall. Value, $14.50.

Fourth—Gents' umbrella, New Store; one set tires, J. W. Nelson; one bottle perfume. Value, $12.50.

Fifth—One camera, Zimmerman Bros.; one box cigars, Seecamps; fancy wool shirt, Charles Erickson. Value, $11.

Sixth place—One dozen photos, Christenson; one box cigars, J. Shea; one pair bicycle shoes, A. Wieland. Value, $11.50.

Seventh—One silk vest, Hub Clothiers; one sweater, Nelson Bros; one pair slippers, M. S. Burrows. Value, $10.

Eighth—One sweater, Panton & White; one pocketbook, Silberstein & Bondy Co.; one box cigars, H. Bennett. Value, $10.

Ninth—One dozen photos, C. Thiel; one necktie, J. B. Siewert; one pair cuff buttons. Value, $9.

Tenth—One box cigars, Simons; one hat, Ploan & Leveroos; one pair gloves. Value, $8.50.

Eleventh—Solar lamp, C. M. Phillip & Co.; one box cigars, A. Pitger; one briar pipe, Schiller Cigar company; $1 in merchandise, Seekins. Value, $8.

Twelfth—One box cigars, Havert & Munroe; one pair bicycle shoes, Famous Shoe store; one pair perfumes, A. Quilly. Value, $7.50.

Thirteenth—One box cigars, J. Travers; 20c Lary Erspanere; one box candy, Smith Candy company. Value, $6.50.

Fourteenth—One box cigars, Brown Billiard hall; Columbia lamp, Ketchum, W. D. Value, $6.

Fifteenth—One box cigars, Ideal Beer hall; one bicycle saddle, R. R. Forward & Co. Value, $5.50.

Sixteenth—One dozen Blatz tonic; one pair bicycle shoes, Suffel & Co. Value, $4.50.

Seventeenth—Bicycle shoes, Phillips. Value, $2.50.

Eighteenth—One cyclometer, Charles Pierce. Value, $1.

TIME PRIZES.

First time—Pierce Racer, $50.

Second time—One suit clothes, $20.

Head of the lakes time prize—Diamond ring, $35.

MURPHY SHORT.

Warrant Issued For the Former Secretary of Laurium Water Board.

Houghton, Mich., May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph R. Murphy, former secretary of the water board of Laurium village, is said to be short $2439 in his accounts, and a warrant has been issued for his arrest on the charge of embezzling the funds of the village. Murphy was negligent in his work and drank considerable. He has not been seen since last Friday morning. He is presumed to be in Chicago or Duluth.

"BEN HUR" ROYALTIES.

Gen. Lew Wallace made an independent fortune out of the novel "Ben Hur," and it appears likely that he will acquire another by the stage version of his book. Klaw & Erlanger have just paid him $30,000 in royalties for the six months the play has been running at the Broadway theater, the gross receipts for that period being $450,000, says the New York correspondent of the Pittsburg Dispatch. Gen. Wallace was not required to write anything for this money. All that he did for it was to sign a contract giving William Young permission to dramatize it for the use of Klaw & Erlanger. It looks as if the play would last for several seasons, and it is possible that Gen. Wallace will receive at least 10 times $30,000 before "Ben Hur" is laid on the shelf.

There's Constant Inquiry for Rooms and Board

So that if you can provide either, 'twill pay you to keep that fact before applicants in the form of a Herald adlet, the cost of which will be small. A landlady said the other day: "I keep my rooms full all the time through my ad. in the Herald."
324, 2 rings—either 'Phone, Herald business office open until 8 p. m.

CAPITAL'S TRIBUTE

Business Suspended and All Do Honor to the Soldiers Dead.

WITH MARTIAL POMP

Cannon Roar Their Salute and Trumpets Sound the Heroes' Requiem.

Washington, May 30.—Business was suspended in the national capital today while thousands of citizens, veterans of three wars and their descendants paid tribute to the nation's heroic dead. Washington is encircled by cemeteries, each the resting place of departed soldiers—Glenwood, Oak Hill, Holyrood, St. Elizabeth, Brightwood, Soldiers' home, the Congressional cemetery, with its acres of soldiers' graves, and Arlington, where thousands upon thousands have their resting places marked with imperishable granite and where still other thousands are grouped about the single imposing monument with its sad inscription: "To the Unknown Dead." In each of these cemeteries today, memorial services were held and orations delivered by some of the most able orators whose duties call them each session to the national capital. Upon the graves in each of these cities of the dead, loving hands today placed memorial wreaths and through the chilly gray air the mournful sound of taps floated from a score of bugles as the nation paid its perennial tribute to the heroism of the departed.

As usual, the chief ceremonies were at Arlington. The veterans of the civil war and the rapidly decreasing contingent of the Mexican war were joined this year by the veterans of the war with Spain. The veterans and members of the district militia participated in the procession, which marched through the heart of Washington, led by the Marine band. The march to Arlington was too long for the old soldiers and electric cars were used to convey them to the great national cemetery on the old Lee estate beyond Fort Myer.

The procession reached Arlington cemetery promptly at noon, when the national salute was fired by a battery on the adjoining height. The orators and invited guests assembled in the amphitheater generally known as "the Temple of Fame," while the procession deployed south of the mansion about the tomb of the "unknown." Here the Marine band played a dirge, while the members of the various organizations buried the pedestal of the monument in wreaths and chaplets of flowers. The procession then moved along the main road through the cemetery and dispersed long enough to scatter flowers upon thousands of the marked graves.

The ceremony of decoration finished, the procession reassembled at the amphitheater, where the bugler sounded the assembly and the oratorical feature of the service began. Rev. W. G. Davenport, the department chaplain, delivered a touching invocation, after which F. B. Chase, the assistant adjutant general, read the orders of the day.

The oration of the day was delivered by Congressman Brosius.

"If there is any place within the bounds of the republic," he said, "where the citizen can come to learn the lessons and feel the inspiration of patriotism, it is where the earth is hallowed by dust of heroes, who on land and sea sealed their devotion with their blood. Our history abounds in examples which afforded instruction in this exalted sentiment."

Hastily referring to the memory of Washington, Lincoln and Grant, the speaker brought his hearers down to the period of the Spanish war and said that we are sensible that we now have rivals for the love, honor and gratitude of the American people. We have had another war and other patriots have rallied round the flag and borne it to victory and glory, but there would be no controversy for there would be no claim of precedence. The men who had served in the Spanish war, the martyred men of the Maine and those who are now serving in the Philippines, all shared in the devotion of patriotism and duty. The Spanish war restored in all sections, the old union of hearts in common love and devotion to country and flag.

"In the present crisis as in those of the past," Mr. Brosius said, "there are a few who are not following 'Old Glory' with their prayers, but, instead, are sending after her their imprecations, unpatriotic aspersions and envenomed epithets."

He did not, he said, invoke the wrath of heaven on those he deemed unpatriotic, but he did believe they would have their judgment day and in the judiciary of American history and American patriotism, they would be judged. He deplored the occasional attacks upon the president and said that perhaps no executive in all our history consecrated his mind and heart with more sincerity and singleness of purpose to the highest ends for his country and humanity than he who fills that exalted place.

Later on, the speaker discussed briefly the initial movement against the Spanish power in Cuba and added that it was inspired by the grandest purpose that ever moved a nation to arms. That events under a higher guidance than our own carried us to a point we did not see from the beginning, did not, he said, lessen our responsibility. Now, he asked, what are the ethical requirements of the situation with which every patriotic consideration coincides? Plainly, he answered, to hold the title, sovereignty and control of our new possessions in trust for civilization and discharge the duties which dominion and responsibility impose.

He concluded with an eloquent portrayal of a vision of ineffable splendor which burst upon his imagination when he contemplated the supremacy of that lofty standard of patriotism which would guide our footsteps in the sure pathway to national duty and honor.

More music followed and S. W. McElberry then read Lincoln's immortal Gettysburg address. Capt. H. A. Castle delivered an address, "Our Comrades Did Not Die in Vain," in which he paid a touching tribute to the valor of the nation's dead, and especially to the success with which those who bore a prominent part in the civil war had subsequently carved out names and reputations for themselves in civil life.

Rev. Mr. Davenport delivered the benediction, and the Marine band followed the long-established custom of closing the exercises with the old familiar hymn, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus."

Similar services were carried out at the other Washington cemeteries.

A woman is never too old to be handsome, never too old to be young again, if she takes Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUINEING.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A PONY; MUST be well broke and gentle. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND gas stove, three burner preferred. Address, stating kind and price, S 65, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT, A SINgle seated phaeton or light double seated carriage. Address S 59, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

LOST.

LOST—ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, A pocketbook containing a little over $10 and two keys. Return to Herald office and receive reward.

FINANCIAL.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DEsired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 216 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds,watches,etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FURNISHED FLAT OR HOUSE TO rent for summer. 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $5 or 4 doses. Cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Eighth, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Mer ill's Pharmacy, Superior, Two Harbors Drug Co ; Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Downing Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburne; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power, 23-feet fall.
Also desirable iron leases on the Mesaba range.
Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:
TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.
Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans
Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.
Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—FREE, HARMLESS MONTHly regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 100, Milwaukee, Wis.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL LIQUOR man, a partner with $10,000. One competent to take charge of the commercial part of the business preferred. Address Wholesale Liquors, 114 West Michigan street, Duluth Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Thursday, May 31, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Hunter block third floor, Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A Noble, V. C.; P. L. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 55, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall. Work in Third rank. 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 29, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree, and election of officers, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS
Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

West Duluth

There is considerable solicitude felt in West Duluth over the park board. The board visited here several weeks ago to look over the ground with the view of selecting a site for a park, but since that time nothing has been heard of it. Nobody in West Duluth can throw any light on the matter, and, for all that is known now, it will have to be listed with the numerous disappearances that baffle the keenest detective ability. It has been suggested that the board fell through a hole in some of the West Duluth streets, and if such should be the case, it is felt that search would be useless.

The conclusion is drawn from remarks that were made by members of the board while here that they had decided they could not afford the money that they had found the improvement would cost. No definite statement to that effect was made, but the construction given their remarks is generally accepted here, as that is the decision boards habitually arrive at when any expenditures in West Duluth's behalf are under consideration.

WHERE IS THE BOARD?

The West Duluth board of trade has not shown any sign of life for a long time. Nobody seems to know anything about it. It does not appear to have had a funeral even, but to have just been left out somewhere.

It has been suggested that it would be a good plan to look it over, and if it is good and dead, to give the remains decent interment, and if it is not entirely pulseless and can be resuscitated by breathing a little public spirit into it, to set it on its feet, brush its clothes, put its hat on and bid it assert itself.

There is enough to be done and more coming with returning prosperity to West Duluth to give such a body plenty of work to do. Among the matters that would be properly within its sphere and on which it might labor usefully are the questions of a fire engine and paving.

OLD RESIDENT DIES.

Mrs. James Widges, one of the oldest residents of West Duluth, died this morning of appendicitis at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. H. Smith, at Proctorknott, after an illness of three weeks' duration. The funeral will take place Friday at 1 p. m. from the Methodist church at Proctorknott. Interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery. Mrs. Widges had resided in West Duluth since 1868.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Ladies' Aid society of the West Duluth Baptist church will serve ice cream and cake at Odd Fellows' hall this evening.

A musical program and ice cream social will be given by the W. C. O. F. Thursday evening, May 31, at Gilley's hall. All are invited. Admission, 15 cents.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of Village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder.
Eveleth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of the city of Duluth, up to June 2, 1900, at 1 o'clock p. m., for construction of the new Monroe School building, according to plans, specifications and details on file in the office of J. J. Wagensehn, Architect, 401 Providence building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the order of J. J. Le Tourneau, treasurer, for 2 per cent of the amount of the bid; said check to be forfeited by the successful bidder in case he fails to enter into contract and furnish satisfactory bond within five (5) days after award.

Mark envelope containing bid, "Proposal for Erection of Monroe School," and address the same to the undersigned.

The board of education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHAS. A. BRONSON,
Clerk of the Board of Education of the City of Duluth.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-25-to-June-1-1900.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 667. Prompt service.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESents, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 24, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Reading Investment Company."

The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, or any interest whatsoever therein, in severalty or otherwise, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in mortgages, notes, bonds, corporation stocks, and other personal property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, compound, and release mortgages and other obligations; to act as agent for other corporations or persons, for a compensation or otherwise, in the purchase, sale, management or improvement of real or personal property; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and other commercial paper; and, for the purpose aforesaid, or for any other lawful purpose, to execute, deliver and receive deeds, conveyances, mortgages, leases, contracts, and any and all other instruments whatsoever, and to do and perform all acts and things necessary, proper or convenient for carrying out any of the aforesaid affairs.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Robert S. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the last Tuesday in May, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation, and the full management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by the board of directors at its first meeting held annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the bylaws of the corporation: a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and affixed our seals this 21st day of April, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal).
SARA L. McNULTY. (Seal).
ROBERT S. GAYLORD. (Seal).

In presence of
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN.
EDWARD M. GAYLORD.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.—

On this 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared, Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal).

State of Minnesota, Department of State.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 54.
ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, May 15th, 1900, at 10:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscell., page 631.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Burns and Cox is dissolved by mutual consent. J. J. Burns retiring. The business will be continued at 14 First avenue west by Robert H. Cox, who assumes all obligations and is authorized to collect all outstanding accounts.
Dated at Duluth, Minn., May 28, 1900.
J. J. BURNS.
ROBERT H. COX.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED.

One girl for second cook—one girl to bake pies and serve at counter—one young man to work in restaurant. Good wages. Apply to Mr. Robel, supt., Bethel, Lake Ave., between 10 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 116 East Third street. Call any time.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 326 East Second street.

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD COOK, ALso laundry girl at Colson House, Second avenue west and First street.

WANTED—GIRLS TO MAKE SHIRT waists, at once. 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE JUNE 15, competent girl for general housework. Three in family; no washing or ironing; good wages. Send address and particulars to Mrs. Z, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four; no washing. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Hunter's Park.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl in family of three. Must be a good cook. Wages $20 per month. Address L, Herald.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED — HOUSEKEEPER; ONE willing to go out of city. For particulars, call at George H. Crosby's office, Providence building.

WAIST MAKER WANTED AT 406 TEMple building.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street. No house cleaning.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 2210 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 121 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 222 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN OR WOman to qualify for permanent position of trust in home county. $900 yearly. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to C. L. N., general manager, Herald.

WANTED—EDGERMAN; MUST BE quick man; high wages. Red Cliff Lumber company, 400 Torrey building.

DETECTIVE WORK—I WANT A shrewd, active man in or near Duluth and Superior to act as private detective under instructions. Address immediately, H. C. Webster, superintendent, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work in two months, donate complete outfit of tools, pay board, furnish free ticket to our college and guarantee $15 weekly when competent without any expense. This offer is extended until June 15, and is made on account of demand for our graduates during the summer. Make application by mail. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PAINTERS. 721 West Superior street. H. Haskins.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 205 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men
supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

A LADY WOULD LIKE WORK BY THE day or laundry work. Address N 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as clerk in store; has had experience. L 61, Herald.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE A place as stenographer, is a good typewriter and penman. Has had experience. Address B 58, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, FAMILY washings to be taken home. Mrs. Anderson, 32 Tenth avenue west, third floor.

SITUATION WANTED BY MAN AND wife as cooks in or out of the city. Both experienced cooks. Have worked in restaurants and on boats. Frank Droz, 119 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

DRESSMAKER WILL WORK IN FAMilies. Good fitter. The best of references given. Address 552 East Fourth street.

A YOUNG GIRL OF 15 WOULD LIKE a place to do light housework in small family with no children. S 52, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle aged lady fond of children. Would like a good home. Can furnish references. No objection to leaving city. Address A. M., P. O. Box 126, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH FIRST class education and good moral character wishes a position; would prefer inside work. Can furnish best city references. Address H. G., flat N, Buffalo flats.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE OF THREE rooms, furnished for light housekeeping. 729½ East Fifth street.

TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES IN WOODLAND for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, hot water heat, central location; 8-room house, corner Lake avenue and Fifth street. Apply Pulford, How & Co., room 100 Trust company building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located, 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished or unfurnished, 125 West Second street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 320 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN CONvenience, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A SIX OR SEVEN-ROOM house; centrally located; modern; will take at once or during month of June. A 11, Herald.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A 16-FOOT COUNTER. Grand Union Tea company, 7-9 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY STORE with complete stock. Reasonable price. Address N 73, Herald.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E. Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

FOR SALE—TWO-SEATED CARRIAGE, leather top, in good condition, cheap. Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior street.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

PIANO FOR SALE CHEAP; NEARLY new. Call at Bayha & Co.'s store.

$65 BUYS FINE ROSEWOOD CASE piano; perfect order. Monthly payments, 2 Banning block. Over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, including some fine Jerseys, to arrive Tuesday, May 29, at Downie's stock yards, 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

SALOON FOR SALE.

Old established, good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.
MAX F. YALENSTINE,
New Duluth.

$195 BUYS FINE UPRIGHT PIano, walnut case, bargain; worth $400. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT TOben's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$275 BUYS KNABE UPRIGHT PIano, fine tone and case. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—SMALL, CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 Nineteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands given away in Western Canada. Also a cheap rate for settlers. For information and settlers' rates apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	2:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON,
General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 25 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:25 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am *4:50 pm	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm *9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	... Twilight Limited...	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee, Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	.....FAST MAIL.....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.	†9 00 am	TRAINS FOR ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	Ar.	*6 45 am
"	*7 55 pm		"	†1 40 pm
"	*11 25 pm		"	*7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	*Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
*7 55 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	*8 30 a m
*8 15 a m	EXPRESS	*7 40 pm

Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table
SHOULD TRY THE—
WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
DINING CAR SERVICE
Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points
EAST AND SOUTH.

Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	11:15 a.m.
4:15 p.m.	Lv.... W. Superior ....Ar	11:00 a.m.
4:35 p.m.	Lv..... Superior .....Ar	10:37 a.m.
7:25 p.m.	Lv..... Ashland .....Ar	7:45 a.m.
4:14 a.m.	Ar..... Neenah Lv	11:55 p.m.
4:40 a.m.	Ar..... Oshkosh Lv	11:31 p.m.
5:00 a.m.	Ar....Fond du Lac ...Lv	10:55 p.m.
7:15 a.m.	Ar.... Milwaukee ...Lv	8:45 p.m.
9:35 a.m.	Ar..... Chicago Lv	6:15 p.m.

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or
W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior Street. General Agen

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The 'Pioneer Limited.
Only Perfect Train in the World.
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Gen'l. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Burlington Route

ALL UNDER ONE ROOF.

On the Burlington's Chicago and St. Louis Limited, you can live as well as at the finest hotel in America. You can dine in a dining car; smoke in a smoking car; read in a library car; sleep in a compartment or standard sleeping car; and recline in a reclining chair car. All under one roof. Electric lighted and steam heated. Leaves Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul 8:05 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:25 next morning. The "Scenic" Express, an elegant day train, leaves Minneapolis 7:30 a. m., St. Paul 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line, or address

P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass. Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.
GEO. P. LYMAN, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN.

MARKETS CLOSED

Board of Trade and the Stock Exchanges Observe Memorial Day.

The grain and stock markets were closed in observance of Memorial day.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 30.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000; 50@10c lower; good to prime steers, $4.70@5.60; poor to medium, $3.35@4.80; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.10; cows and heifers, $3.00@4.50; Texas-fed steers, $4.00@5.10. Hogs—Receipts today, 3500; tomorrow, 26,000; left over, 3258; 10c lower; mixed and butchers, $4.90@5.00; good to choice heavy, $5.05@5.15; rough heavy, $4.90@5.00; light, $4.85@5.15; bulk of sales, $5.05@5.10. Sheep—Receipts, 14,000; 10@15c higher; sheep, $4.40@5.00; lambs, $5.00@7.75. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 4594; hogs, 24,818; sheep, 5429. Shipments—Cattle, 1850; hogs, 4581; sheep, none.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: While sales on good toppy horses were many, the demand on common horses was of far larger order. Prices, however, ruled low on all grades. There was a remarkably strong inquiry for mules and horses suitable for railroad work, and a large number were shipped to Wisconsin. The market was characterized by unusual large receipts of choice drafters which sold as high as $225 a head. There was a display of life and strength in trade today and the prospect of an active trade this week is good. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$120@$150
Drafters, common to good	90@ 120
Farm horses, choice	100@ 120
Farm horses, common	75@ 90
Delivery horses	60@75
Mules	80@ 120
Western horses	12@ 25

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 30.—Consols for money, 102; for the account, 102 5-16.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market at the time of filling orders, to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cream, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@		13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@	13

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Yahoolas	4 75	@	5 00
Seedlings, California oranges	2 50	@	2 75
California navels	4 25	@	4 50
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 50	@	4 00
Messina lemons, per box	4 00	@	5 50
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	13
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 75
Strawberries	2 25	@	2 50

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10½@		11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½@		11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½@		6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½@		4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75

VEGETABLES.

Hot house cucumbers	65	@	70
Potatoes, per bus	40	@	42
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Radishes	20	@	25
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Hass Radish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75	@	85
Mint, per doz	20	@	50
Cabbage, new cripples, per lb	3½@		4
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9@		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	7	@	7½
Hogs	8		

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	13 75
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	13 75

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 30.—Butter, steady, creameries, 15@19c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs, easy; fresh, 11½c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 6@9c; chickens, 8@9c.

REPORTED GRAIN FAILURE.

Rumor of One Affecting Minneapolis Firm Heavily.

Minneapolis, May 30.—The Times says: For several days a rumor has been floating around in local grain circles regarding the failure of a rather obscure grain merchant living in a small town not far distant from Minneapolis. This merchant operates elevators in three different country towns, and at various times has had more or less extensive dealings with various Minneapolis elevator companies and grain firms. It is stated upon reliable authority that the aforementioned country elevator operator has failed, or, as one of the creditors put it, had practically done so.

One well-known Minneapolis firm is said to be involved to the extent of $20,000 to $30,000, and there are other creditors in various sums. When seen yesterday by a Times representative, a member of the firm so heavily involved admitted that there had practically been a failure and that the man was missing. He had hopes, however, that all would turn out well and that a receiver would be appointed. He declined to give any facts, saying the matter was not ripe for publicity.

From another source it was learned that the merchant who was said to have failed had been speculating heavily, and being a loser was involved in trouble with a country bank in addition to his difficulties here.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

THE HOUSE.

Defers Anti-Trust Bill, Passes Pension Bills and Adjourns Early.

Washington, May 30.—The galleries of the house were thronged today with a holiday crowd and almost every seat on the floor was occupied in anticipation of the opening of the debate on the anti-trust resolution and bill.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. Dalzell presented the special order of the committee on rules for the consideration of a resolution for a constitutional amendment today and to morrow, with provision for a vote tomorrow at 5 o'clock, and the anti-trust bill on Friday with provision for a vote at 4 o'clock on that day.

Then followed a remarkable scene. Mr. Dalzell asked for the previous question on the rule. Mr. Brown appealed to Mr. Dalzell to withdraw the demand in order that the house might adjourn out of respect to the day. "This side is agreeable to that," observed Mr. Richardson, the leader of the minority. The Democrats plainly showed their jubilation over the evidence of dissensions on the Republican side.

"I am not authorized to withdraw the rule," replied Mr. Dalzell hesitatingly. Then he added: "But I will withdraw the demand to allow any gentleman to ask unanimous consent that the house devote the day to the consideration of private pension bills."

No one accepted his offer and Mr. Dalzell himself withdrew the special order. Mr. Steele moved to adjourn. This was lost, 107 to 118.

A vote was then taken on the pending question to strike out the enacting clause of the Chinese commission bill. The motion was lost, 165 to 130, and the bill went back to the calendar.

Consideration of private pension bills was then resumed. After the first one had been read, Mr. Talbert, who was opposing the bills, and Mr. Grosvenor became engaged in a controversy. Mr. Talbert then withdrew his objection.

The 190 pension bills were passed and the house then, at 2:10 p. m., adjourned.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Milwaukee, May 30.—The morning game between Milwaukee and Minneapolis was a pitcher's battle and took eleven innings to decide the home team a winner. Garry of Milwaukee did some fine fielding.

Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
Milwaukee	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Chicago, May 30.—Kansas City won the morning game batting out a victory in the 12th inning. Lee's long hit bringing in the winning tally. Both sides had several chances for scoring by foolish base running on the soft grounds.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
Kansas City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0—2

Minneapolis, May 30.—Morning game, postponed wet grounds.

Buffalo, May 30.—Cleveland won this morning's game by steadily hitting assisted by errors. Score: Buffalo, 4; Cleveland, 7.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston, May 30.—Dineen was very effective at critical times in this morning's game, while Scott was batted at will, after the fifth inning. Freeman's brilliant catch of Smith's long drive in the ninth was a feature. The game was marred by a great deal of kicking by players on both teams. Score:

Boston	0	0	0	1	4	0	2	1	*—8	17	1
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0—4	8	2

Philadelphia, May 30.—First game:

Chicago	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0—5	12	3
Philadelphia	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0—5	12	3

At New York—First game: Pittsburg, 7; New York, 6.

At Brooklyn—First game: St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUES.

Pueblo, Col., May 30.—Morning game: Pueblo, 10; Denver, 6.

BICYCLE RACES.

Philadelphia, May 30.—The intercollegiate bicycle races, with entries from Yale, Princeton, Columbia and Pennsylvania, were held today at Woodside park, near here. The track is a wooden one, and the weather conditions gave promise of record-breaking time.

Summary: Half mile—Bert Ripley, Princeton, won; J. H. O'Verall, Yale, second; C. R. Rose, Columbia, third. Time, 1:17 1-5.

Here For the Summer.

A. W. Raidt, of Chicago, who has been room clerk at the Wyoming hotel, has taken a position at the Spalding for the summer in the same capacity. Mr. Raidt is no stranger to Duluth for he was here a number of years ago. He and John Langton were the first clerks at the Spalding when E. P. Emerson ran the house and Mr. Raidt was here four months.

His Reason For It.

As announced in another column of The Herald, G. H. LeSage has resigned his position as inspector of the state dairy and food commission. This afternoon when Mr. LeSage was asked as to his action, and the reason for it he said that he had a better proposition in sight and concluded to get out of that place.

WILL NOT STOP SAVAGES.

The modern small-bore bullets consist of two parts—the core and the envelope. The latter is stamped out of thin sheets of steel or by graduated punches. The leaden core is then fitted in, and the bullet, by means of an ingenious machine, is made one solid whole.

The enormous velocity of 2170 feet per second transmitted to the projectile by cordite would rip up any leaden bullet to pieces, and hence the adoption of the harder metal. Unfortunately the steel or nickel is so tough that it penetrates the body without any shock being sustained by the victim, and hence against savage races is inefficient, says an exchange. To remedy this soldiers have sawed off the end of the envelope, and the bullet at once becomes an explosive one. Directly it hits the case split and mushroomed, inflicting a fearful wound.

Subsequent experiment at Dum-dum, in India, produced a soft-nosed bullet, since modified to one in which the nose is as before, but simply dented in. Even this is not served out against civilized enemies, as it is found by experience that a white man when hit is, as a rule, ready to sit down. The savage, eager to reach his paradise only, seeks to kill his enemy—his own life is of no value to him, and hence he must be stopped at all costs.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

Representing

Weare Commission Co.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.

Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share—Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	140
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	116
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines			72½
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2.60
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIPS, PINE LANDS, STOCKS.

H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

FINANCIAL.

Vermilye & Co

BANKERS,

Nassau and Pine Sts., New York;
13 Congress Street, Boston.

Dealers in

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS and other INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Balances subject to draft at sight.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

The Pantonrium,open all night.Phone 653.

Last evening in Odd Fellows' hall, the journeymen Barbers' union, No. 6, entertained about 200 friends at a dancing party. La Brosse's orchestra furnished the music.

A fine vaudeville show is being presented at the Parlor theatre this week to crowded houses nightly. All the new features on the program have met with immediate success. The same bill tonight and balance of week.

Advertisers using space in The Friday Herald consult their own interests best by turning in copy Thursday afternoon; thereby insuring advertisements running in all editions Friday.

PERSONALS.

Miss Lillian Toyl and Miss Lura Scott, of Highland Park, left this afternoon for a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Two Harbors, Minn.

Mrs. O. C. Dalrymple, of 115 Tenth avenue east, returned today from Des Moines, Iowa.

Roland Smith, who left Duluth several years ago and has since lived in New York, has returned and will make his home here in the future. He will be engaged in contracting, and his partner, Donald Smith, also of New York, will arrive in a few days and join him in business.

B. B. Brid, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

G. A. Whitman, of Tower, is at the Spalding today.

F. Walsh, of Detroit, is at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Laub and child, of Bayfield, Wis., are at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Gordon, of Virginia, are at the Spalding for today.

W. H. Carey, of Trout Creek, Mich., was at the Spalding last evening.

E. B. Silliman, of Cheboygan, Mich., is in the city.

Pendennis White, a Buffalo lumber buyer, is in the city.

J. W. Vars and J. C. Kittelson, of St. Paul, were in the city last evening.

Mrs. L. Brown and Miss L. Parker, of St. Paul, were guests at the Spalding last evening.

General Manager W. E. Fitch, of the South Shore railroad, was in the city last evening.

M. O. Aubalee, of Two Harbors, was at the St. Louis this morning.

Arthur Ely, of Chicago, was at the St. Louis this morning.

John Mitchell, the Marquette, Mich., contractor, was at the St. Louis today.

John Gray, of Ely, is in the city today.

A. Joseph, of Fargo, was at the St. Louis last evening.

W. S. Sims, of Grand Rapids, was at the St. Louis last evening.

E. Lomasney and family will leave this evening for Chicago. Mr. Lomasney will remain there for a few days and then go to Bois City, Idaho. Mrs. Lomasney and children will visit in Chicago a month before going to Idaho.

A GOOD PARROT STORY.

Our next door neighbor, writes a correspondent, owns an amusing parrot which is always getting into mischief, but usually gets out again without much trouble to herself, says an exchange. When she has done anything for which she knows she ought to be punished, she holds her head to one side, and, eyeing her mistress, says in a shing-song tone: "Polly is a good girl," until she sees her mistress smile; then she taps her wings and cries out, "Hurrah! Polly is a good girl!" She has been allowed to go free in the garden, where she promenades back and forth on the walks, sunning herself, and warning off all intruders.

One morning a hen strayed out of the chicken yard and was quietly picking up her breakfast, when Poll marched up to her and called out "Shoo!" in her shrill voice. The poor hen retreated to her own quarters, running as fast as she could, followed by Poll, who screamed "Shoo!" at every step.

A few days later, Poll extended her morning walk into the chicken yard. Here, with her usual curiosity, she went peeping into every corner till she came to the old hen on her nest. The hen made a dive for Poll's yellow head, but missed it. Poll, thinking discretion the better part of valor, turned to run, the hen, with wings wide spread, following close after.

As she ran, Poll screamed in her shrillest tones, "O Lord! O Lord!"

A member of the family, who had witnessed the performance, thought it time to interfere in Poll's behalf, as the angry hen was gaining on her. He ran out, and stooping down held out his hand. Poll lost no time in traveling up to his shoulder. Then, from her high vantage ground, she turned, and, looking down on her foe, screamed: "Hello there! Shoo!"

The frightened hen returned to her nest as rapidly as she had come."

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Steel Steamer Seguin Ran Aground West of McGulpin's Point.

THE FOG VERY DENSE

Trouble In Sight at Milwaukee Docks Over Schooner Seamen.

Mackinaw, Mich., May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—In a dense fog, the steel steamer Seguin, bound down light, ran ashore half a mile west of McGulpin's Point this morning. She is a Canadian craft valued at $90,000. The fog is so dense that captains cannot see half the length of their crafts.

MAY BE TROUBLE.

Milwaukee, May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is trouble in sight along the docks at Milwaukee if the schooner owners hold to the purpose, announced yesterday after their meeting, of importing about 150 men from Chicago to take the places of the seamen on the boats which are now tied up in the harbor on account of the attempt to reduce the wages of the men from $2.00 to $1.75 a day. Yesterday forenoon was the time that had been set for a hearing of the cases of the schooner owners and their seamen by the state board of arbitration. The seamen refused to arbitrate their case, as told in the Sentinel yesterday morning, and the proposal to settle the dispute was frustrated.

When the meeting was called together yesterday morning the schooner men were somewhat surprised to hear that the union men had decided not to arbitrate the case. The seamen by their refusal had practically announced their intention of fighting the grievance to a finish. They said that they had been locked out, a statement which the owners said was incorrect, inasmuch as even the owners were willing to pay $2 a day were included in the boats under the ban of the union.

The captains, upon their learning that there was no possibility of a compromise, decided to move their boats as soon as men could be secured, and if the supply of men which can be furnished by the Lake Carriers' association's shipping office in this city gives out, non-union men will be brought in from Chicago. Inasmuch as one vessel has already been forced to go out with a Chicago crew, it is probable that nearly all of the 150 men needed to man the idle schooners will have to be imported. Some of the schooner captains are considering propositions to use their boats as barges and secure tugs to take them across the lake and do slightly better. None of the schooners was manned yesterday, as the weather was unfavorable.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 30.—(Special to The Herald): Up: Alcona, Alta, 1:30 a. m.; Oliver, 2. Down: Rugee, Penobscot, Wadena, 12:40 p. m.; Livingston, Peck, 2.

Up yesterday: Wilhelm, Galatea, Nirvana, 11:30 a. m.; Nicol, noon; Phoenix, 12:40 p. m.; Maumadee, Mala, 3:30; Venezuela, Dalsbey, 7; Matoa, 11; Argo, Bloom, Hilmer, 12. Down: Preston, Ionia, Siemens, Reebling, 11:30 a. m.; Fayette Brown, 1 p. m.; North Star, Mills, Crosthwaite, Ellis, 3:30; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 4:00; Tacoma, 6; Yale, 5:30; Matsaka, Madeira, 9:30; Castalia, 11.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: John Owen, 11 last night; Morse, Smeaton, midnight; Samoa, 12:30 a. m.; Empire, 1:00; Oswego and barges, 2; Alva, Hebard and consorts, 3:30; Sheriff, Mowatt, 3:30; Tampa, 5:20; Gates, 7:30; Hanna, 7:30; Stephenson, W. C. Rhodes, Kay, Lindsay, Wall, 8; Presley, Redington, Coralia, 10; Malleton, Martha, Colby and whaleback, 10:15; Iron King and consort, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Yakima, Yukon, Cherokee, Chippewa, 1 p. m.; Fairbairn and whaleback, 1:10; Hill Steeb, 2; Stevens, Mayflam, 3:20; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 3:40; Delaney, 4; Poe, Corliss, 4:50; Pontiac, 5; Wawatam, Langell and consorts, 9:30; Nicaragua, Abyssinia, 9:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Santa Maria, Wyatt, Wayne. Cleared: Lumber—Palow, Delta, City of Chicago, Bay City, 109, 110, Crescent, Conneaut, City of Genoa, Huron.

Ashtabula—Arrived: Coal—Abyssinia Marquette, Tuxbury.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Viking, Duluth, Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Sheriffs, Mowatt, Jack Fish, Matanzas, Duluth; Light—Cadillac, Frontenac, Norwalk, Marquette.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—Caledonia, La Salle, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Manitowoc, Matia, Gates, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Coal—Grinnco, 202, Duluth, Light—Pontiac, Marquette.

Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Tampa, Duluth; Osceola, Portage. Light—Saganore, Two Harbors.

Marquette—Cleared: Gilchrist, Peck, Ashtabula, Wade, Casralia, Angeline, India, Ceylon, Deseronto.

Portage—Cleared: Light—Curry, Colby, Malleton, John Owen, Coralia, Duluth.

Sandusky—Cleared: Coal—Naples, Hanaford, Duluth.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Naples, Samoa, Duluth. Light—Iron Queen, Duluth.

NEW HARBOR OF REFUGE.

The Donnelly Contracting company has just reached Cape Vincent with a tug, scow, dredge and outfit for the work of providing a harbor of refuge at the head of the St. Lawrence. The plan is to dredge a line for the breakwater and then build the cribs here and tow them down there. The breakwater is to be about 450 feet long and is so situated that it will shut off a nice harbor of deep water from the lake. The actual work is not so extensive, but as the contract calls for a wait of a month after the dredging for the bottom to settle, the completed structure will not be ready right away.

The harbor at Cape Vincent is an open roadstead on the St. Lawrence river, about two miles and a half from Lake Ontario, and is a convenient location for vessels to lie during stormy and thick weather. In its present unprotected condition vessels cannot moor there with safety.

FEDORA WENT ASHORE.

The steamer Fedora, which arrived with a cargo of coal last night, missed the canal because of the dense fog, about a mile and a half, and ran up on the shore of the point. The bottom was soft, so the vessel was not injured in the least, and the Maytham tug Crosby released her in a short time, getting her in at midnight. The master of the vessel stated that he did not hear the fog whistles.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

Cleveland, May 29.—The supply of Lake Michigan coal tonnage is not very liberal and all of the vessels offered are picked up at once. The feeling among Lake Superior shippers is easy. A number of small vessels were placed for ore at old rates. Ships trading to Buffalo get like over the rate to Ohio ports. Several lumber tows are on the market for a number of trips with ore. Charters: Coal—Edwards, Golden Age, Oregon, Foster, Cleveland to Milwaukee, 65c; Adams, Sandusky to Duluth, 50c; Campbell, Sandusky to Green Bay, 40c; Devereaux, Cleveland to Marquette, 50c.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Maryland, Selwyn Eddy, Lake Erie, light for ore; Colonial, Bulgaria, Alberta, Fedora, Nichols, Vulcan, Kolkoska, Fryer, Oakleaf, R. L. Fryer, Fades, Bell, Williams, Lake Erie coal; Marshall, Kingfisher, Tilden, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Mahoning, Buffalo, mdse; China, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse.

Departed—Grover, Lagonda, Nyanza, Two Harbors, light; Marine City, Cranberry River, light; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and flour; City of Traverse, Chicago, pass and flour; Buffalo, Northern Wave, Buffalo, flour; Bangor, Germanic, Hutchinson, Emory Owen, Australia, America, Walt. Thomas, Lake Erie, ore; Fillmore, Nipigon, Lake Erie, lumber.

LUMBER MOVEMENT LIGHT.

Tonawanda reports that lumber has been coming in very slowly this season, and it is the prevailing opinion among the lumber merchants there that the receipts this year will be much lighter than last year. Smith, Fassett & Co., the William H. Sawyer Lumber company, the Eastern Lumber company and some of the other large firms have practically received no lumber at all, owing to the large stock which they are now carrying and the high prices which are asked at producing prices.

LIFESAVER STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Surfman George Robinson, of the Ludington lifesaving station miraculously escaped death from lightning stroke Sunday night. Robinson was on duty in the station lookout when the shock came. He was rendered unconscious for nearly an hour. His coat and cap were torn into shreds and a deep cut inflicted on the temple. Windows were broken in the lookout and all the station wires burned off. Robinson will probably recover.

DISPOSITION OF MAYTHAM TUGS.

The Alpena tugs added to the Maytham fleet are the Arthur D and Maxwell. The Columbia, a new steel tug, acquired by Capt. Maytham also, will be stationed at Erie, the Monitor at Chicago, Alpha and Maxwell at Ashtabula, and Arthur D at Sault Ste. Marie. The Maytham fleet at the head of Lake Superior now consists of the two Crosbys, Wisconsin, Runnels, Dowling and Schenck.

COPPER-LADEN WRECK FOUND.

The parties who discovered the wreck of the iron ore laden Summit reported at East Tawas, Mich., Monday the discovery of two more hulls near the Summit. One of them is loaded with copper ore.

MARINE NOTES.

The big steel steamer building at Port Huron for the Wilson Transit company, will be named Capt. Thomas Wilson.

The tug L. L. Johnson, of Chicago, has been inspected and will leave for Escanaba to engage in towing for the Great Lakes Towing company.

Capt. F. A. Bailey will sail the steamer Lafayette of the Pittsburg Steamship company's fleet which will be launched at Lorain next Thursday.

Whitefish point will have the first of the new Lake Superior towers on Lake Superior. Yesterday forenoon was the time that had been set for a hearing of the cases of the schooner owners and their seamen by the state board of arbitration. The seamen refused to arbitrate their case, as told in the Sentinel yesterday morning, and the proposal to settle the dispute was frustrated.

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Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Tampa, Duluth; Osceola, Portage. Light—Saganore, Two Harbors.

Marquette—Cleared: Gilchrist, Peck, Ashtabula, Wade, Casralia, Angeline, India, Ceylon, Deseronto.

Portage—Cleared: Light—Curry, Colby, Malleton, John Owen, Coralia, Duluth.

Sandusky—Cleared: Coal—Naples, Hanaford, Duluth.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Naples, Samoa, Duluth. Light—Iron Queen, Duluth.

NEW HARBOR OF REFUGE.

The Donnelly Contracting company has just reached Cape Vincent with a tug, scow, dredge and outfit for the work of providing a harbor of refuge at the head of the St. Lawrence. The plan is to dredge a line for the breakwater and then build the cribs here and tow them down there. The breakwater is to be about 450 feet long and is so situated that it will shut off a nice harbor of deep water from the lake. The actual work is not so extensive, but as the contract calls for a wait of a month after the dredging for the bottom to settle, the completed structure will not be ready right away.

The harbor at Cape Vincent is an open roadstead on the St. Lawrence river, about two miles and a half from Lake Ontario, and is a convenient location for vessels to lie during stormy and thick weather. In its present unprotected condition vessels cannot moor there with safety.

FEDORA WENT ASHORE.

The steamer Fedora, which arrived with a cargo of coal last night, missed the canal because of the dense fog, about a mile and a half, and ran up on the shore of the point. The bottom was soft, so the vessel was not injured in the least, and the Maytham tug Crosby released her in a short time, getting her in at midnight. The master of the vessel stated that he did not hear the fog whistles.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

Cleveland, May 29.—The supply of Lake Michigan coal tonnage is not very liberal and all of the vessels offered are picked up at once. The feeling among Lake Superior shippers is easy. A number of small vessels were placed for ore at old rates. Ships trading to Buffalo get like over the rate to Ohio ports. Several lumber tows are on the market for a number of trips with ore. Charters: Coal—Edwards, Golden Age, Oregon, Foster, Cleveland to Milwaukee, 65c; Adams, Sandusky to Duluth, 50c; Campbell, Sandusky to Green Bay, 40c; Devereaux, Cleveland to Marquette, 50c.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Maryland, Selwyn Eddy, Lake Erie, light for ore; Colonial, Bulgaria, Alberta, Fedora, Nichols, Vulcan, Kolkoska, Fryer, Oakleaf, R. L. Fryer, Fades, Bell, Williams, Lake Erie coal; Marshall, Kingfisher, Tilden, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Mahoning, Buffalo, mdse; China, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse.

Departed—Grover, Lagonda, Nyanza, Two Harbors, light; Marine City, Cranberry River, light; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and flour; City of Traverse, Chicago, pass and flour; Buffalo, Northern Wave, Buffalo, flour; Bangor, Germanic, Hutchinson, Emory Owen, Australia, America, Walt. Thomas, Lake Erie, ore; Fillmore, Nipigon, Lake Erie, lumber.

LUMBER MOVEMENT LIGHT.

Tonawanda reports that lumber has been coming in very slowly this season, and

DUSTING OLD THINGS

And cleaning and polishing them won't pay. New Furniture of stylish, modern design is so inexpensive that it is better to renew than to repair. Owing to the fact that we are overstocked on upholstered goods and large consignment at the docks we will make the following

special low prices—Parlor Suites—

10% off prices from $25 to $60

COUCHES: We will have about four dozen to select from.

Our regular $7.00 Couch, for this sale only ---------- **$5.69**

Our regular $8.00 Couch, this sale only ---------- **$6.49**

Our regular $10.50 Couch, this sale only ---------- **$8.39**

Our regular $12.00 Couch, this sale only ---------- **$9.49**

Our regular $15.00 Couch, this sale only ---------- **$11.89**

Our regular $18.00 Couch, this sale only ---------- **$13.96**

Our regular $22.00 Couch, this sale only ---------- **$18.65**

Special for the Week....

With every new bicycle we sell, (price $30 or more) will give free of charge your choice—20th Century, Solar or Electro Gas Lamp. You can not afford to miss this if intending purchasing a wheel. Our line of **Clevelands, Worlds and Barnes** cannot be beat for the money. Special bargain in a new Cleveland Chainless.

New wheels from $20.00 and up.

Yours for Business— **R. R. FORWARD & CO.,** 2021-23 W. Superior St. Mail orders have prompt attention.

HE SEES AGAIN.

Sight Restored In an Eye Darkened For Thirty-Three Years.

Chicago, May 30.—To have lost sight of one eye for thirty-three years, then to have the other eye destroyed forever by the rupture of a blood vessel, only to have vision restored in the eye first blinded—this is the strange experience of Patrick Conaty, a Chicago old settler, who for fifty years has been a picturesque character in one of the most populous districts of the West side. After nearly a year of total darkness, the old man had his sight restored as the result of three operations at the hands of Dr. J. E. Harper.

He came out of his long eclipse a few minutes before the sun's obscuration began Monday morning. To his great joy and gratification he found that he could see when he awoke from a peaceful night of slumber. Hearing the children in the streets near his house, 337 May street, talk about the eclipse of the sun, he took some smoked glass from the hands of a great-grandchild and for several minutes viewed dimly through the thin clouds the shadow on Sol's face with feelings akin to those of the average observer, except that they were more profound in the emotional elements of unexpectedness and wonder.

While working at his trade as boilermaker in 1866, Patrick Conaty was struck in the left eye by a flying splinter of cold steel. The pupil was shattered. In a few days he had lost the sight of the injured member. Possessing some means, even in those early days, he consulted four or five of the best oculists of the time. None held out any hope to him, and the effort to secure a cure was abandoned. In the right eye he enjoyed perfect vision during all the long interval of years until the spring of '99, when this in turn began to fail. He was told by the oculists that his vision had been overworked through his habit of ceaseless study and reading.

As the only means of averting total blindness an operation was advised and submitted to, but so weak was the eye a blood vessel burst almost at the very moment that a cure was assured.

Then ensued what the old man speaks of as "his period of total obscuration." As he had reached the advanced age of 75 years, well beyond the average span of life, he would have been in despair had it not been for the fact that in all other respects than his eyesight he was as healthy and vigorous as a man of middle age.

In time he was persuaded by his wife and his numerous descendants that the eye doctor should again be visited. It was at this period that Dr. Harper became interested in the case for the first time.

Examinations by this specialist showed that the corner of the eye first darkened had been fractured; that the pupil and iris had suffered in consequence, and that because of the original injury the natural lens of the eye had undergone a process of petrefaction known as "chalky degeneration." The operation of iridictomy, or cutting into the iris, was resorted to and the chalky matter obscuring the eye lens was removed. For weeks the aged patient lay on a cot at the Lakeside hospital with the eye on which his hopes were staked all swathed in bandages. He was pronounced cured and sent home, but he yet saw only the veriest shadows. A supplementary operation was performed last week, and Monday, after viewing the eclipse, he verified his boast "that he saw it" by reading prints that were two sizes smaller than the average newspaper type.

Mr. Conaty was born in Dublin, Ireland. He came to America in the early '40s, and after marrying in Massachusetts, moved with his family to Chicago. The year after the great fire he built the May street home, in which he has resided ever since. He was the father of ten children, and his direct descendants have numbered seventy-three in all. Years ago he was a prominent figure in the politics of the old Eighth ward, now the Nineteenth—Alderman Powers' own bailiwick—but he never looked for office. A devout Roman Catholic, he is a constant attendant at the Jesuit Church of the Holy Family.

MANY CATHOLIC JUBILEES.

Eight Sees Will Soon Celebrate Their Fiftieth Year.

Washington, May 30.—It is learned at the papal delegation that the jubilee, or fiftieth anniversary of the foundation of Washington, as an episcopal see, which occurs next Thursday, the 31st instant, serves as the initiative to no less than seven similar events which will soon be observed in various parts of the country. On July 19, the four archbishoprics of New York, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Santa Fe round their first half century, while the same day marks the semi-centennial of three suffragan bishoprics, Wheeling, Savannah and Los Angeles, all of which were found de coincidently by the last pope, Pius IX.

Archbishop Marthelli has been invited already to several of the celebrations, but by reason of his duties at other points he may be unable to attend them. It possible, however, he expects to be present at the commemorative rites in New York, which will be conducted on a scale of unusual splendor. Archbishop Corrigan, of that see, is now absent in Europe, but has promised to return home in ample time for the festivity.

The pastors of this city, however, are especially interested in the observance at Cincinnati, whose venerable archbishop, Dr. Elder, was formerly a priest of this jurisdiction.

MANILLA'S MEMORIAL DAY.

Holiday and Exercises In Honor of Fallen Soldiers.

Manilla, May 30.—Memorial day was observed here as a general holiday. Military salutes were fired at the forts. Military escorts proceeded to the Malate cemetery, where the graves of United States soldiers were decorated and an address was made by the chaplain.

Memorial exercises were also held in the theater, at which a number of addresses were delivered, interspersed with vocal and instrumental music.

BRITISH MARINES LANDING.

A Detachment of One Hundred Disembarked at Taku.

Shanghai, May 30.—The British warships Orlando and Algerine are landing 100 men at Taku, where the French, Russian and Japanese guards have already disembarked.

The "boxers" are apparently without arms except those they have obtained from the soldiery, many of whom are openly joining the rebels.

GOING TO COURTNEY.

Black River Falls, Wis., May 30.—It is reported that the Riverside Milling company will tear down its large flouring mill and move it to Courtney, N. D. The mill was built some twelve years ago at a cost of $8,000.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

THE DAKOTAS.

Showers Help Crops In Both Dakotas---Grand Forks Boy Drowned.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Two light showers yesterday have relieved the drought some and the weather predictions are for more rain. Reports from different parts of the state are that light showers have fallen in places though the rain has not been general.

Grand Forks—The 13-year-old son of George T. Darling, a dairyman, was drowned while bathing in the Red river.

Ellendale—After being out about eight hours, the jury in the Harry Smith Young case brought in a verdict of not guilty. Young was charged with setting fire to the Ellendale flour mill.

Battineau—The Bottineau County bank changes hands June 1. The deal has just been closed and the bank goes to Thurston Stabeck, a wealthy banker of Davis, Ill., and C. L. Newhouse, of Revere, Minn. The deal is a big one.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Milbank—All apprehension about the crops are over. A fine shower fell yesterday afternoon which will put the wheat crop in splendid condition.

Clear Lake—The condition of crops in this county is very precarious. Farmers who are accustomed to plant a large acreage of flax have decided not to plant it all, unless rains come soon. Crops now up are turning yellow and leaves on the trees are blighting.

Madison—The extremely hot weather of the past three days, added to the drouth which has prevailed here for three weeks, is playing havoc with the growing crops. Unless relief comes within a very few days in the shape of copious rains, or a cooling of the atmosphere, the grain crops hereabouts are doomed.

The Democratic county convention elected delegates to the state convention and indorsed Senator John Fitzgerald for national delegate.

Edward Olson, son of the proprietor of the Palace hotel, of this city, was instantly killed in a runaway. He was 18 years of age.

Pierre—Van Moore, the half-breed who beat a squaw to death on the Bad river about ten days ago, has surrendered at the Cheyenne agency. The agent has asked Deputy Marshal Strayer to take charge of him, but Strayer has received a telegram from United States Marshal Kennedy that the crime having been committed in the organized county of Stanley, must be taken up the the state courts. The authorities of Stanley county insist that as the parties iterested are all wards of the general government, it is the duty of the government to care for them. Just what will be done is yet uncertain.

ANDRE IS IN.

The New Minister of War of France Takes Up His Duties.

Paris, May 30.—The premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, conducted Gen. Andre, the new minister of war to the Elysee palace today to present him to President Lanet. On leaving the palace Gen. Andre proceeded to the war office and took charge of affairs there.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

IN IRON AND STEEL

A Better Demand In Iron and Buyers Order More Freely.

PRICES YET SAGGING

Disagreement Over Wages Is Probable and Many Mills May Close.

Cleveland, May 30.—Discussing the condition of the iron and steel industries, the Iron Age says:

The best that can be said for the iron market at present is that a feeling of hopefulness is developing. The demand seems to be a little better in some branches of trade, and buyers are disposed to place orders rather more freely. This is true of the West. When this has been said, however, it covers about the most encouraging conditions to be noted.

No improvement is seen in prices. The tendency appears to be still downward, and so far no indications are seen of a firm foundation for such products as are not absolutely controlled by any consolidation or combination. Prices have been gradually receding for some time, and while heroic efforts are made to maintain them in some directions, this simply results in creating a great spread in quotations. Prices for this reason on some products show a range of several dollars per ton. Wire rods, for instance, are quoted at mills in the Central West at $38 to $47.50.

It is generally believed that a large tonnage is waiting to be placed as soon as prices shall have touched a figure that will be considered satisfactory to buyers. How far down they must go in order to meet this condition, of course, it is difficult to say. When prices were at their highest, it would certainly have been deemed favorable to new business for concessions to be made approximating present prices. Buyers, however, always seek to secure something a little lower than the offers made to them. It is likely that the fact that this presidential year may influence this reserved business more than the mere question of prices. Undoubtedly, in all discussions of conditions now affecting trade, the presidential election is invariably taken into consideration.

One of the interesting items of news coming out during the week is the reported sale of 75,000 tons of pig iron by a large Southern company for export to Scotland, the shipments to cover the next six months. The reputed sellers will neither affirm or deny the report, but it is quite generally believed to be true.

A large contract to be placed within a few days covers the approaches to the new East river bridge between New York and Brooklyn, which will require about 18,000 tons of steel. This contract would excite much more interest in the trade if the steel was not limited to acid open hearth, which restricts the number of bidders.

A very important matter now coming up for consideration is the probable disagreement between the Amalgamated Association of Iron Steel and Tin workers and the owners of rolling mills in the West over the wage schedule for the year beginning July 1. The association will ask for an advance on the base on which their wages are regulated, and under present conditions the manufacturers will certainly refuse to grant this request. It is expected to lead to the closing of many mills and, consequently, a decided restriction. This will, if continued for any length of time, favorably affect finished products, but will have the opposite effect on pig iron. It is assumed by those who are believed to be well informed that the workmen are not averse to taking a vacation this summer, as they have had a long period of uninterrupted employment at good wages. A disagreement, however, between manufacturers and employes, which entails the closing of large establishments and the enforced idleness of thousands of workmen, cannot but have an unfavorable influence on many branches of trade outside of the one directly interested.

QUIET MEMORIAL DAY.

Business Suspended In Chicago and the Usual Parade Occurs.

Chicago, May 30.—Memorial day was quietly observed here today. The board of trade, the stock exchange, the banks and many of the largest stores were closed out of respect to the country's soldier dead.

In consideration of the aging veterans of the civil war, the line of march of the parade was limited to a mile. In front of the Art institute the veterans in their faded blue uniforms formed in line on each side of the street, while the militia, the independent military organizations and civic societies passed through their lines.

The weather was mild, and throughout the day there were many visitors at all the cemeteries, brightening the graves of the departed soldiers with wreaths and garlands of flowers. At the G. A. R. burial plots in Rose Hill cemetery and in Oakwood, members of the various posts of the G. A. R. were visitors and decorated the graves of their comrades. The graves of those who died in Cuba or the Philippines or on the sea in the service of their country were also decorated with flowers by societies associated with local military organizations.

Confederate veterans held a service at their monument in the Confederate plot at Oakwood. They first marched through G. A. R. plot and as they passed through the lines of federal veterans laid their tributes of peace on the graves of their former enemies. The fraternal call was repaid by Dewey post G. A. R., the members of which strewed flowers on the lawn under which are buried the confederates who died while prisoners at Camp Douglas during the war.

ADLAI FOR GOVERNOR.

Bloomington, Ill., May 30.—The Democracy of McLean county is preparing to launch the boom of Adlai E. Stevenson for governor of Illinois. Leading members of the party in Bloomington who have called upon the former vice president have found him in a receptive mood, and while he would not consent to making a fight for the nomination either prior to the convention or during the sessions of that body, yet he plainly intimated that if nominated he would not decline. This declaration, made to those who are at the head of the party machinery in this county, has resulted in a conference in which plans were laid to make an organized effort to secure the nomination of Mr. Stevenson.

A BIG AUTOTRUCK.

New York, May 30.—The first successful autotruck for heavy trucking made its appearance in New York city in active service Monday. It is an electric vehicle and carries easily its load of four tons at a speed of six miles per hour. It weighs 8800 pounds, including the battery equipment, which has the capacity of a 25-mile drive on each charge over level asphalt or macadam, with a nominal power of ten horse-power, which can be worked up for a short time to twenty horse-power. It is probably the largest automobile that has ever been built in this country.

PERQUISITES.

Rent of Rathbone's Official "Palace" Paid Out of Cuba's Revenues.

New York, May 30.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says that one interesting and important branch of the Cuban investigation will be that relating to the perquisites enjoyed by the officials and clerks employed there, by virtue of their official and clerical status, and also that relating to miscellaneous expenditures.

In the accounts of Director General Rathbone, for example, the sum of $17,312.39 is charged to "per diem." That was the total for the year 1899. This, it appears, was not expended in that year for day wages, but for "allowances" or "perquisites" enjoyed by himself and members of his official and clerical staff, which was a large and very expensive one, resembling in those respects that of a governor of an Indian or African province, rather than that of a governor of a territory like New Mexico or Oklahoma. It is reported that, in addition to his salary of $6500 a year, the director general received a "per diem allowance" amounting to $5, or $1825 a year, and that the head of each of the ten or eleven "bureaus," which constituted the "departments of posts," received a similar "allowance" at the rate of $3 a day. The regular yearly salaries ranged from $2000 to $3000. There was also a force of inspectors and clerks who received "per diem allowances" ranging from $1.25 for a $1200 clerk, to $2 or more for inspectors and clerks of the higher grades. There was no exercise of parsimony in that branch of the director general's official establishment.

It is also reported that the director general himself enjoyed other large "official perquisites;" that the rent of the "palace" occupied by him as a residence, in which he set up a court rivaling in magnificence and splendor that of the military governor of Havan, was paid out of the postal revenues of Cuba; that expensive alterations and repairs of the "palace" were also paid for out of the Cuban revenues. A member of the senate committee has also been informed that among other large items of expenditure charged under the head of "miscellaneous" in the director general's accounts for the last year, was one amounting to $1,300 for upholstery, dry goods, etc., purchased at a single establishment in the United States. This and many other questionable expenditures were borne by the revenues of Cuba. The heading "miscellaneous" covered a total of $49,544.86, the heading "building and repairs" covered a total of $35,941.40; the heading "rent" covered a total of $11,009.14.

The four totals under the headings "per diem," "miscellaneous," "building and "repairs" and "rent" make an aggregate of $113,308.79. Besides these there is a charge of $7494.72 for "transportation," distinguishing it from "mail transportation" and "star route service." The amount of $7494.72, therefore, was evidently not expended in payment for carrying the mails. If it be added to $113,308.79 the total will amount to $121,758.51. To this should be added $2105.26 for "carriage, harness and equipment"—another "perquisite" of the director general—making an aggregate of $124,863.77. This was $46,441.43 in excess of the total expenditures on account of "star route service," mail transportation, letter carriers, railway postal clerks, mail messengers, mail wagons and mail bags, which amounted to only $78,422.34. The total per diem allowances alone amounted to more than 22 per cent of that total, and it in turn amounted to less than 36 per cent of the total amount paid as salaries to Director General Rathbone and his official and clerical staff at the headquarters of the Cuban postal service.

PIOCHE BADLY SINGED.

Fire Wipes Out Most of the Nevada Town.

Pioche, Nev., May 30.—A fire originating in an old stockade destroyed a large portion of this town, including the Schaeffer Grand Opera house, the Episcopal church, the school house, the Messenger office and a score of other buildings. To the east and north of the Schaeffer Grand Opera house everything was wiped out. Loss $60,000; insurance, $10,000.

IN MICHIGAN.

Conference at Ishpeming on Taxation---Heroic Rescues at Calumet Fire.

Ishpeming—In response to a call from Mayor John M. Hartnett of Escanaba and Supervisor George Wagner of Marquette, the mayors, city officials and members of the county boards of supervisors of the upper peninsula will meet here Friday morning to discuss taxation matters, with a view to getting the raises in valuation, which everybody admits will come, equal among the various counties of the upper peninsula, to see that all the counties come up to the mark of assessment prescribed by the spirit of the law, so there will be no unequal burden borne by different counties because different boards of supervisors are working on different plans and with different ideas as to what constitutes the true cash value, on which basis assessments are to be made this year.

Calumet—Displays of heroism and deeds of bravery that are indicative of the stuff the men who toil in the mines of this district are made of and which show that they have the "sand" to do and dare when human lives stand in need of assistance, were never so plainly shown as at the fire at the Hecla branch of the Calumet & Hecla mine.

The party at work sealing up the doors and walls had a thrilling experience. When the gas began to affect them they started a search for William McRae, who had been lost somewhere between the sixteenth and ninth levels, where he had to attend to some pipe fixing.

The party with the man car decided to go up slowly one level (of 100 feet) at a time and have one man go ahead of the man car on the ladders. In this way if MacRae were on the ladder road they would be certain to find him. Despite their weakened condition they kept this up until they had reached the twelfth level, when in some manner the man car was signalled to surface, and left without three men, John Haun, Joseph Smith and Peter Thompson, who were out of the car at the twelfth level and already faint from the effects of the gas.

It was fortunate that the system of walking one level at a time was not carried out or the men who were in the car would never have lasted. As it was when they reached the surface they were all about done for and the Calumet and Hecla physicians who were on hand were kept hustling to bring them to. The car went right back again for the three men. Haun, one of the party, said:

"I was getting weaker and weaker right along and kept praying for the car to come back to us. When I noticed that it was coming, I braced myself and caught the signal rope, so as to prevent the car going by without stopping. I just remember holding up the signal and then it was all dark, until I wakened on surface."

Richard Martin's brave actions are deserving of especial praise. He was in the first party and persisted in going back for the men at the twelfth level, although he was almost suffocated when he got to surface. He told his story as follows: "When we came up with the party from the twelfth level I saw McRae at the ninth and would have managed to save him, but the car got away again and he slipped right from me. Why, man, I had MacRae right in my grasp, but I was so weak and the car started so quickly that I couldn't bring him along."

When the last rescuing party went down for MacRae in charge of Capt. Martin Harper, Martin, still weak and at the point of collapse from his last trip was anxious to go down the shaft again. "Let me go, I'll get him this time sure." He was then so weak that another trip would undoubtedly have resulted in his own death, but he was anxious to get his friend. It took two strong men to keep him from making the trip.

When they finally found MacRae, lying across the ladders at the ninth level, where he had directed the party, and had brought him to the surface, Martin fell into another stupor and was then sent to the hospital in the ambulance.

MAJ. HUDSON RETIRES.

Topeka, Kas., May 30.—Maj. J. K. Hudson, who founded the Topeka Daily Capital in 1873, has retired from the paper because of a disagreement regarding its policy. Mr. Hudson has been carrying on a war against the Republican managers in Kansas, and Popenoe and Babize favored harmony. In consequence of the disagreement, F. O. Popenoe, who has controlled a majority of the stock, purchased the interest of Dell Keiser, Mr. Hudson's son-in-law, who retires from the business management.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

Baking Powder

Strongest, purest, most economical and healthful of all leavening agents.

There are many imitation baking powders sold at a low price. They are made from alum, a corrosive acid which is poisonous in food.

Your Credit is Good With Us.

Gately Supply Company,

FURNITURE and HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Men's, Women's and Children's—

Clothing

sold for cash or on easy payments.

Buy at the store and save from fifteen to twenty-five per cent on the price of goods sold by agents.

8 East Superior St.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO. | SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO. | SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.

It Pays to Trade With Us.

You always save something from the price charged by others.

Here's a Dining Chair Wood seat, turned rounds and turned spindles, carved backs, for only, each ---------- **49c**

Others ask you 50c for a common Kitchen Chair.

Rocking Chairs..... At 95c we have a lot of Rocking Chairs, carved backs, wood seat—it's a remarkably low price, each ---------- **95c**

Others will ask you $1.25 and $1.50 for a poorer Rocker, but as we said in starting—**It pays to trade with us.**

We still have a few Wheels Mostly Columbias—both chain and chainless and a few high-grade Imperials still to be sold at Fire Sale Prices, and while we are about it we are offering all new Columbias at 10 per cent discount. It is a chance you will not get again.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

When Moving or Storing....

Get the best. It costs no more. That is What you get here. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed—you know what that means. Estimates free.

Duluth Van Co.,

NOTE THE NUMBER— **212 West Superior St.**

ARE GUESTS OF HONOR

Grand Army Members Given an Entertainment By Spanish War Veterans.

Addresses By Mayor Hugo, W. S. McCormick, and Charles A. Towne.

The Memorial day exercises at the Armory this afternoon were on a very fine scale, and were especially interesting for the reason that the boys of '98 were the hosts of the boys of '61-65. The program was arranged by the members of Camp McEwen, Veterans of the Spanish-American war, and the members of the G. A. R. were the guests of honor of that organization.

At 1:30 o'clock the members of Camp McEwen and other soldiers and sailors of the Spanish-American war assembled at the Armory and marched to the federal building. The members of the G. A. R. posts had congregated there and they were escorted to the Armory with the Duluth City band at the head. Members of the Woman's Relief corps and Garfield circle, G. A. R., were also there and joined the procession.

The exercises at the Armory opened about 2:30 o'clock and there was a great crowd present. The program was a very fine one and reflected much credit on those who arranged it. The decorations were very fine and elicited many expressions of admiration.

MAYOR HUGO SPEAKS.

The Duluth City band opened the program with a march, and Rev. T. H. Cleland offered the invocation. Mayor T. W. Hugo was chairman, and he opened the exercises with a short introductory address. He said:

"We are assembled here this afternoon to do honor to the memory of those brave soldiers that have fought their last battle and manfully performed their duty to their country, and are now resting. As we meet here for that purpose we also show our respect for those of their comrades that survive them yet a little while.

"This is not a day for mourning and sorrow—it is an occasion when orators with burning words place before us a beautiful picture of the deeds of valor, unselfish sacrifice, and the undying honors of the soldier dead, which will inspire us to higher and nobler things—a desire to emulate and follow their example.

"When the idea of the Grand Army of the Republic was conceived, I am informed that it was thought that in the discourse of time, after taps had sounded over the last of its members, the Grand Army of the Republic would become merely a name and live only in history. I do not believe that now, and to me that Memorial Day is especially inspiring for the reason that while the old members of the Grand Army are a little more feeble than a year ago; their hair a little grayer and thinner, their shoulders a little more rounded and their steps a little more halting, yet we see these veterans supported by the young and vigorous veterans of the Spanish-American war, and in this new connection will the spirit of the Grand Army of the Republic be continued and perpetuated.

"The spirit of '76 was not dead when in the early sixties a demand was made on the citizens of the United States, similar to that made in the time of Washington and the revolution. The response was all that could be requested and the result all that could be expected. No less patriotic was the response of our citizens in 1898, when the cause of humanity again demanded the men of our nation. So I do not believe we need ever fear for the future of this great and grand republic."

Miss Anna Farrell sang "The Star Spangled Banner," and the grand national air and the fair singer were greeted with great enthusiasm. Henry Dehn, late drum major of the Fourteenth Regimental band, gave an exhibition of expert manipulation of the gun and fire baton accompanied, by the band.

MR. BARNARD'S ADDRESS.

F. H. Barnard, of the Grand Army, gave an address on the "Grand Army of the Republic," which received much applause. He said:

"The members of the G. A. R. are here upon the invitation of the soldiers' association of the Spanish war and we desire to express our appreciation of their courtesy. Let me say to you, soldiers of the younger generation—of the coming generation upon whom the honor of our country will rest—that we older soldiers feel a just pride in the manner in which you responded to the call of the president for troops in the war with Spain. We deemed it an honor to escort you from this Armory to the depot on your departure and a pleasure to again escort you on your return to your homes. Many of us had sons, all of us had friends in your ranks as you marched away, and on the cheeks of many an old veteran the tears ran down, but they were tears of pride welling from hearts that were proud to see our young men springing forward to carry the old flag which we had carried in our younger days.

"The various memorial services to which we are invited we are always glad to attend, not that they are a personal tribute to us, but because we feel that you are joining with us in honoring our dead comrades. No greater love hath a man than that he lay down his life for another. Four hundred thousand of our comrades—men who stood by our flag and who marched and fought with us—laid down their lives for the country they loved, and through their sacrifice we today enjoy the blessings of peace and prosperity under the highest form of free government which the world has ever seen.

"Memorial Day is to us, and we hope it will ever be to all the people, a sacred occasion—an occasion when we may pause from our daily affairs and give heed to the noble deeds of our brave dead, strew flowers on their graves and in their spiritual presence consecrate ourselves anew to love of country.

"We see with regret that some of our people choose to make the day one of careless pleasure and sport, but such meetings as this are evidence that the better and more thoughtful of the people are stirred to nobler things.

"When from just cause the American flag droops at half mast all over this broad land as it does today the heart of every true American should beat in sympathy. Learn to love that flag and to reverence it as the symbol of the highest form of civil and religious liberty, and as it was handed down to us by our fathers let us pass it undimmed in its glory to our children. We old soldiers have seen it torn down by misguided enemies, we have seen it through the smoke an ir of battle, but, thank God, we saw it emerge triumphant, purified by the fire and consecrated by the blood of our comrades.

"While the soldiers of the North forged in the white heat of war the bands of steel that bound this country into one united nation it left no bitterness in their hearts toward the soldiers of the South, in those days the South could not be expected to love the old flag, but we had nailed it to the mast and it had to stay there.

"But now a happier time has come, for we have lived to see the day when the people of the South have vied with the people of the North in upholding our flag, and side by side the old Confederate and Union soldiers have carried the Stars and Stripes to victory against the common enemy.

"To have seen this is to have filled the heart of every true patriot with gladness and to make us hope as we decorate the graves of our dead comrades, that they, too, know of the happier days that have fallen upon our country."

John Olson gave a fine bass solo entitled "The Dying Soldier," and Miss Grace Taylor gave a pleasing vocal solo. Robert Cox was heard in a fine descriptive recitation.

MR. McCORMICK'S SPEECH.

William S. McCormick was the next speaker and he delivered an eloquent address on the "Spanish-American War Veterans." It was freely punctuated with applause. He said:

"The credit of the stablishment of a national Memorial day is due the Grand Army of the Republic and their gallant leader, Gen. John A. Logan. On the fifth day of May, 1868, an order was issued designating the thirtieth of May a day for the teaching of lessons of patriotism and the paying of a public tribute to the soldiers, sailors and marines, who united to suppress the rebellion. Thirty-two years have passed since this beautiful custom was adopted and with each succeeding year there has been awakened a new spirit of love and tenderness.

"On this Memorial day the heart of the nation is more deeply touched than ever before, and everywhere we see signs of gratitude for the past—appreciation for the present—hope for the future. We see the soldiers of '61 as they meet together and march to the sacred paces where their comrades sleep, and keeping well in line, and marching close behind them we see the soldiers of '98. Honor to them both! Both cherish tenderly the memory of the comrades who have gone on before and are waiting—waiting for the soldiers we see today to join them in the final grand and eternal muster. Both are animated with the same lofty and noble purposes, and as we see them participate alike in the exercises of this memorial day we feel that it no longer matters whether they wore the blue or the gray, whether they fell at Gettysburg, Malvern Hill, San Juan hill or El Caney, or whether they passed away in hospitals of pain. It matters not. All were American soldiers and equally loyal in all they felt was right, in just so far as God gave them power to judge.

"This is not altogether a day of tears—it is in a measure a day of thanksgiving. We thank God for the lives of the men in whose memory we are here assembled, and for all they did to make the world brighter and better. We thank Him for the ever noble influences of American women—their heroism—the spirit of devotion and self-sacrifice with which they gave their all to country and humanity. We thank Him for the loyalty and patriotism that prevails in every section of our land. We thank Him for the memory of Lawton, Capron, Logan, Grant, Sherman, Lee—the memory of Lincoln, the very tenderest of them all.

"The Grand Army of the Republic has ever aided in any movement that would tend to improve and elevate the character of our citizenship and perpetuate the spirit that animated this observance. Today a new order—the order of Spanish American War Veterans—stands ready to aid in every honorable effort. Organizations have already been formed in twenty-four of the states and the work has been undertaken with enthusiasm and energy. Our local organization known as Camp McEwen, No. 46, was named after Private John McEwen, a member of Company C, of the Fourteenth Minnesota volunteer infantry; a young man whom we remember as brave, tender and true.

"Camp McEwen has a duty to perform. The Spanish-American War Veterans and the Grand Army of the Republic have a duty to perform. Every loyal citizen has a duty to perform. Let us then labor toward a common end and endeavor to make the name of every American a symbol of knowledge and power. Let us meet with a new determination whatever the future may have in store and let us always be true to the memory of the departed. They are at rest, but they yet speak to us and their name and their fame will surely be a perpetual source of strength and blessing to the nation as long as patriotism survives."

Mrs. Emil Olund contributed a very fine vocal number.

MR. TOWNE'S ORATION.

Hon. Charles A. Towne was the orator of the day, and he delivered a magnificent address which was received with great enthusiasm. He said in part:

"Mr. Commander and Fellow Countrymen: The original observance of this day was the outgrowth of a beautiful and spontaneous sentiment. The famous general order of Gen. Logan, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of Republic, setting apart the 30th day of May, 1868, 'for the purpose of strewing with flowers, or otherwise decorating, the graves of comrades who died in defense of their country during the late rebellion,' in reality only recognized a custom already existing in many parts of the United States. The result was to give a wider area to the ceremony and to commit it to the loving and appropriate guardianship of the surviving companions of the heroes whose deeds and death it was designed to commemorate.

"Neither this formal establishment of the anniversary nor its subsequent constitution as a legal holiday has diminished that fervor and sincerity of patriotism with which the first flowers were laid upon the newest graves of the civil war. No holiday on the calendar is more secure from a merely perfunctory observance. The cause for which these dead gave 'the last full measure of devotion' was too holy, and its significance to the welfare of mankind is too plain and permanent, to permit the spirit of American citizenship ever to grow careless of the duties and privileges of this hour. One by one the weary fingers of these comrades may stiffen and grow cold; one by one the living heroes may pass from our familiar sight to join the ranks reforming beyond the stillness which men call death; but younger hands in this and endless coming generations shall take up with courage born of their example their uncompleted tasks of time, and through eternities of spring the flowers, sweet sanctions of immortality, shall bloom to mingle with the fragrance of their names.

"For they have builded better than the builders of monuments. Let the vanity of conquerors embody itself in bronze or brass or granite, emblazoned with legends of their once resounding deeds. The tooth of time shall eat away their chiseled glory, and the infinite corridors of the centuries, saluted by their little clamor, shall answer back with silence only. But the deeds of those whom we today commemorate are written in the institutions of their country and in the hearts of men forever. So long as the republic shall endure, or if, unhappily, it, like former free governments, must also pass away, then as long as children of men shall cherish even a memory of liberty, the heroes of 1861 to 1865 shall live on in monuments more precious and more enduring than any made with hands.

"On the present occasion this anniversary derives a new significance from the fact that we celebrate it under the auspices of the young veterans of the Spanish war. The spirit of the fathers has been made manifest in the sons. The heroism of a generation ago is renewed today and we render it the same tribute of remembrance and gratitude.

"But why do we thus meet about these graves, chanting the praises of men dead and gone as we 'cover them over with beautiful flowers?' Surely it is not merely because they died that we do this. Nor is it that they died in camp or battle. It is not even because they died bravely. The explanation is found in the cause for which these heroes fought and for which they gladly gave their lives. The cause is everything. Millions of men have bravely struggled and bravely died in countless battles since the world began, and while we cannot withhold a certain meed of admiration for mere physical courage, it has no claim upon our gratitude except as it is displayed in the achievement of some noble object and expended in some service beneficent to mankind. Herein chiefly lies the difference between Attila 'the scourge of Europe,' and Washington, the father of the Republic, between Capt. Kidd, the terror of the Spanish main, and John Paul Jones, the earliest glory of the American navy. It is the cause that either damns or consecrates the deed of blood. Mere slaughter is never glorious. We recoil in horror from the man whose hands are red with the death of a fellow man slain in private vengeance, and our prisons and scaffolds witness the condemnation which society visits upon murder. But what shall we say when vast armies of men seek each other in the field, furnished with implements cunningly devised to destroy life on the largest possible scale and in the shortest possible time, and let loose all the pent-up fury of primal savagery, to strew the earth with gory corpses? Does killing become honorable because done by wholesale? Can a ruffian whom the officers of the law pursue because of a single victim, escape the gallows and earn a statue from his countrymen by taking the lives of a thousand? If not how can masses of men bent on mutual destruction acquit themselves before the conscience of history otherwise than by an appeal to the justice of the cause for which they fight?

"It is a momentous and frightful responsibility. The American people have never built a monument to a mere conqueror. They have never made the tender offering of flowers at the tomb of one who made a trade of war. The sentiment of this country regards war a dreadful thing, justifiable only on grounds amounting to necessity. The demoralization of camp and barracks, the horrors of the battle-field, the sorrows of stricken homes, the irreparable loss to society and industry of strong, splendid men, the resultant burdens of taxation and the inevitable waste, extravagance and corruption that follow in the wake of wars; these, in the judgment of the citizens of this country, are calamities so tremendous that they who precipitate them can justify themselves only by pleading self-defense or the sacred interests of liberty.

"Judged by this test, those whom we now remember are secure. The verdict of history is already written. The heroes of 1861 preserved the liberties of America and the heroes of 1898 achieved these for the people of Cuba. The hard-won result of the sacrifices of the civil war may be read in that amendment to the constitution which provides that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States or any place subject to their jurisdiction.' The purpose of those who marched forth under our banners against the Spanish monarchy was proclaimed in the resolutions passed two years ago last month, beginning as follows:

"'Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled. First. That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent.'

"The war of the revolution was waged under the doctrines of the Declaration of Independence. That instrument was based not so much on historic data as on philosophic considerations. It declared not what had been, but what ought to be. It set up, as Abraham Lincoln said a generation ago, a standard for the guidance of nations, a goal toward which human institutions ought constantly to move. The existence of human slavery under a government founded on the Declaration of Independence, was a glaring anomaly. The civil war removed it. That war was, in some sort, a continuation of the revolution. It completed what that great event left unfinished. Until this should be done the energies of the nation could not be devoted to that development of democratical institutions and that solution of social problems wherein, as we fondly believe, lies the peculiar destiny of the American people. It was the happy lot of the men of 1861-1865 to clear the stage of the new world for this splendid experiment. Theirs is the gratitude not only of this generation, but of all succeeding ages.

"The war with Spain was a natural outgrowth of our preceding history. A brave people, so near our shores, to paraphrase Cicero's references to the influence of Rome upon the people of Sicily, that they drank in with every breeze the aroma of our laws and liberties, were struggling against a tyranny infinitely worse than that against which our fathers rebelled in 1776. They were inspired by our example. It was inevitable that the sympathies of the American people should go out to them. In the Monroe doctrine promulgated eighty years ago we proclaimed that never should the foot of monarchy profane the soil of the Western hemisphere; and perhaps it was not an unnatural consequence that the great republic should expel from that hemisphere the monarchy of Spain, which still practised the cruel and despotic methods of the sixteenth century, and that the irony of fate should decree the exit to be at almost the exact spot where she had entered it with Columbus, 400 years before.

"If, among all the splendid spectacles which America has exhibited to the world, I were asked to designate that one wherein she appeared to the greatest advantage, I should name that day when she rose up in her might and majesty and, after ordering the Spaniard to withdraw his army and navy from Cuba and Cuban waters, by declaring that the nations that they who when she should have shattered the Spanish power and pacified the island she would herself withdraw from Cuba and leave its government thereof to its people. For this colossal self-abnegation there was no precedent. History is full of puny faith and broken promises. Conquest, the highway robbery of nations, has been the custom, and imperfect international morality has approved it. That we should resist the temptation, men could scarcely comprehend. That we should pay out our own treasure and pour out our own blood to vindicate the right of an alien people to be free; this was the stupendous contradiction of the ages. That was the supreme moment of our history. We stood upon the very pinnacle of glory. We were the world's defender of the faith of freedom. We embodied the slow progress of all preceding time and were the incarnate prophecy of progress to all coming generations. May the time be far distant when the American people shall deliberately abandon this high eminence to descend into the arena whose ignoble conflicts content the selfish ambition and minister to the petty vanity of less happier lands.

"Such, young veterans of the Spanish war, was the mission of your beloved country, which you were willing to leave business and home, friends and kindred, to advance. If need should be, even by the giving of your lives. For this devotion your country men applaud you. For this we lay the chaplet of our fairest flowers above the resting places of your dead comrades. May their example and yours remain with us, and with those who shall come after us forever, as a sanction of the eternal and righteous principles of civil liberty and an incitement to the solemn duties of American citizenship.

"For us, fellow citizens, who on this occasion render tribute to these heroes dead and living, the ceremony has also its meaning. The civil war was fought to save the country from violent disruption. But there are other dangers against which we can provide only by a devotion as unselfish and by a courage as unflinching as were manifest in that war. The boys that enlisted to fight Spain went out in the name of liberty. But liberty, whether for ourselves or for others, may be advanced in many ways. The duties of civil citizenship are not less difficult or important than those of the citizen under arms. This day will have come and gone in vain if it shall not have enforced upon us the true meaning of American institutions and caused us to form new resolutions to study, defend, preserve and perpetuate them."

A descriptive song was given by Fred Langley, and Miss Georgie Alexander sang "The Blue and the Gray." Both were excellent. Albert Hoelscher gave a piccolo solo accompanied by the band.

The program was directed and prepared by J. H. Flaaten and Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher was the accompanist.

Ayer's Pills

Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

FLOWERS AND TEARS FOR GRAVES OF BOTH THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

Since the American-Spanish war, Memorial day has a new significance. Whatever feeling may have been slumbering in the breasts of the old heroes, who fought on either side in the civil war, was wiped out by their interest in our last conflict. The graves of both the blue and the gray are now decorated by the loving hands of those bound by a common loyalty to an undivided country.

"Better Be Wise Than Rich."

Wise people are also rich when they know a perfect remedy for all annoying diseases of the blood, kidneys, liver and bowels. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is perfect in its action—so regulates the entire system as to bring vigorous health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

WHERE IMMIGRANTS GO.

"Of the 1734 immigrants who came on the Ivernia," said Agent McCool today, relates the New York Mail and Express, "not more than 25 per cent remained in New York. By New York I mean Brooklyn, Jersey City and towns within a radius say of twenty miles of the metropolis. On an average only 25 per cent of the immigrants who arrive on the Cunard line boats, of which the Ivernia is one, remain in the metropolis. The White Star boats bring about an average of 30 per cent to settle in New York and its vicinity. All the lines differ as to percentage of local settlement.

"Take the Anchor liner City of Rome which arrived here Monday, as an instance. This boat came from Glasgow but brought comparatively few third-class passengers from that port. The Scotch do not immigrate to America in as large numbers as many suppose. The Rome, however, called at Moville, and nearly all of her steerage passengers embarked there. They came for the most part from Donegal, Tyrone, Fermanagh, Armagh, Antrim, Cavan, Leitrim and Londonderry. In fact, nearly every spot in Ulster supplied them, and now there is quite a big Donegal settlement at Bayonne, as also at Newark and Trenton, and many of these on the Rome went to those places. Philadelphia is an unusually inviting settlement for the people from the North of Ireland. Altogether fully 50 per cent of the Rome's steerage list went to Philadelphia, Trenton, Newark and Bayonne. About one-third of the list started off for Boston and its vicinity, where there is also a big North of Ireland colony. The remainder stayed in Manhattan and Brooklyn.

"I find that those who came from the middle and South of Ireland scatter all over the country, from Maine to Texas. Those who are raised in Meath, Longford and Leinster frequently go to St. Paul and Chicago. In the latter city there is an enormous number of settlers from Donegal. Others from the North of Ireland settle in Omaha, a few have recently gone to the Dakotas, and a still greater number to San Francisco. As a general thing those who come from Limerick, Clarge, Cork, Queens county and Waterford go to friends all over the Union, but in no instance has more than 20 per cent of these benefited the metropolis by remaining here.

"More than 200 of the Ivernia's passengers went to Boston, and of the $47 on the Germanic, of the White Star line, received at the immigrant bureau the other day, 150 went to Chicago.

There is one phase of the Irish immigration that should be carefully noted. During the past sixteen years of the 476,149 sons and daughters of Ireland who landed at this port, 81 per cent were between the ages of 15 and 40. These are official figures, but my figures show that it should have read between the ages of 15 and 35 years. No other country in the old world has sent abroad bone and sinew like that. In a word, 81 per cent of the total Irish immigration for that time was just in its pick of life. Of the Irish immigration below 15 years, the percentage was 11.9, and above 40 years 7.1. Of these 476,149, a total of 249,995 were females, or 23,000 more females than males. Those who believe in statistics will find plenty of food for reflection," concluded Mr. McCool, with a significant shake of his head.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS.

All of us have been preached to enough, heaven knows, about the things we say. The tongue has been esteemed ever an unruly member, particularly where women are concerned, and if we transgress in the matter of idle gossip, or scandalmonging, or hearing false witness against our neighbor, it is not because we have not been warned time after time against the heinousness of those sins. What we are not warned against, however, are the things we do not say—one tender word of sympathy that is not uttered though it would be balm to an aching heart, the silence when we might give encouragement to some soldiers who is fighting the hard battle of life, the boorish withholding of the speech that would show our appreciation of some courtesy. Be sure that there are deadly sins of omission as well as commission in speaking, says the New Orleans Picayune.

A funny little story that was not without its touch of pathos, and that in a way illustrated this, was told the other day by a mother who was describing how her little girl, a little kindergarten tot, made a wondrous folded paper gift for her uncle. It had cost many weary hours of labor for the clumsy little fingers, and the little one took it herself with great excitement to present it in person. An hour later, with quivering lips, she returned home and flung herself in her mother's arms. "I div it to him," she sobbed, "and he didn't say noffin' back." All the pleasure was gone, and the poor little baby heart learned for the first time the bitter disappointment that comes of lack of gratitude and appreciation, of doing things for people who never say anything back.

After all, we never get wise enough or philosophical enough to get much beyond the child's point of view. It is always the thing that was said back—the retort courteous or discourteous that counts. There is no work that seems hard if the one we do it for always stands ready with generous appreciation of our effort. It becomes a labor of love that glorifies the meanest drudgery and lends swiftness to our feet and cunning to our hands, and we are paid for it a thousand times by the loving things "that are said back." The reverse of this is equally true, and perhaps none of us realize how heavy we make the burden of life for those about us by our lack of sympathetic appreciation of the little sacrifices and efforts they make that our lot may be more pleasant. Surely the husband who toils all day that his family may live in luxury; surely the mother and wife whose whole life is devoted to the comfort and welfare of those about her hearthstone, would like, now and then, for some acknowledgement of what they have done to be "said back."

In a social way, no gift is better worth cultivating. We like no woman so well as the one who has the gracious tact to always say back the right thing to us—the little kindly speech that betrays some remembrance of our whims, our likes and dislikes, and makes us full of importance in the world. Such a woman never neglects the small amenities of life. She writes the little note of thanks the hard-worked professional man or woman who have put themselves to trouble to try to serve her. She is not guilty of the rudeness of never answering a letter, or returning thanks for a gift in so dilatory a manner it bespeaks her lack of gratitude in clarion tones. Always and under all circumstances she knows that the test of a real lady is appreciativeness—the art of at least "saying something back."

WATER-TIGHT WATCH.

A water-tight watch is one of the latest inventions in horology. The back screws on, and a screw top protects the stem-winding apparatus, and the face is also made water-tight in a similar manner. One of these watches has been keeping perfect time for five months while immersed in water.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $13.30.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 5 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

Night Train to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

Effective Sunday, May 27, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will start a train from Minneapolis every night at 10:50 and St. Paul at 11:25, arriving Portage at 6:45 a. m., Milwaukee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1 p. m.

Through sleeping car and coach service from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Milwaukee and Chicago.

Connections made at Chicago with all trains for the East and South.

This train also furnishes direct service for Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Janesville and Rockford.

Lowest rates to all points.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern Duluth
SUPERIOR ST. THE BURROWS STORE. 3rd AVE. W.

Closed this Afternoon!

The Great Eastern's tribute to our Soldiers.

With Malice Toward None and Charity for All.

The graves of a million heroes will be buried in flowers this afternoon. That's why the store is closed.

The silent floors, the empty aisles, the resting cash baskets, the stillness of death that pervades this store this afternoon where is the rush of business, the tumult of crowding thousands of people, mean something more than mere sentiment. It means that the workers in this store are out in the sunlight. They may not all take part in the decoration ceremonies, but everyone will know why this afternoon is given them. They will know it is a holiday, and they will know it is a holiday to pay tribute to the memory of American heroes. They will everyone feel proud that they are Americans when the band plays "The Star Spangled Banner" and the beautiful ceremonies of Memorial Day are being enacted. There's not a man but will walk more erect, there's not a girl but will be more beautiful when the inspiring strains of patriotic music fills the air. We all remember how quick 100,000 patriotic men responded to President McKinley's call two years ago, and to those same strains of music and under the folds of the same glorious old flag, a million Americans were marching, fighting and dying a little more than thirty-five years ago. The beauty of the picture that is presented today, when the olive branch and the wild rose will be entwined, when the blue and gray will decorate together the graves of their fallen comrades. Thursday, when the aisles begin to be crowded in the Great Eastern, and all the noise and hum and bustle of business begins again, we can re-enter upon our duties with cheerful feelings and unclouded faces, because we've done our duty by the heroes who rest in all the villages of the dead. We've shown that we've not forgotten them.

M. S. BURROWS.

ABOUT WOUNDS

An Eminent English Surgeon On the Effect of Modern Bullets.

His Observations On the Battle Field In the Boer War.

Sir William MacCormac, the eminent surgeon, has come back from South Africa and gives an interesting account of his experiences among the wounded at the front, says a London correspondent of the New York Sun. He has nothing but praise for the medical arrangements of the war. "The provision made by the government," he says, "was so ample and complete that it left little or nothing to be desired. Nothing that provision could suggest or that money could purchase was wanting anywhere."

The nursing staff also gets high praise, especially the Sisters of the Army Nursing Service, but the famous surgeon allows himself to say of another class, more charitably, by the way, than others at home have already spoken of them: "The work has undoubtedly been hampered in some cases by the interference of ladies who know little of hospitals or nurses, and who wish with the best intentions to help, but their inexperience renders them ineffective for good." Speaking of hospital trains, which have been so extensively used during the present war, and have been fitted up in the most perfect manner, Sir William declares their value to have been incalculable.

"In some cases," he says, "by reason of the situation, they have been able actually to go on to the field of battle itself. One illustration of the value of these was found after the battle of Colenso, where men wounded in battle in the morning were, as a result of these hospital trains, resting in their beds in a covered building before 5 in the afternoon, after having been conveyed some forty miles. One of the most noteworthy things in this war is the speed with which the wounded have been picked off the field. In the Franco-German war, I remember, the wounded often lay where they fell for days and nights, but I do not suppose there has been a single battle in this war in which the wounded remained on the field for twenty-four hours."

Another question on which there has been much discussion here is the value of inoculation against enteric fever. According to Sir William, "No decided opinion can yet be given on this point, since there are not yet sufficient data for statistics. The observations made seem to show that those inoculated are less apt to take the disease, or, if they are attacked, they have it in a milder form, but the question is still sub judice."

With regard to the general question of wounds and mortality, Sir William MacCormac bears out the testimony of other observers as to the humaneness of the Mauser and Lee-Metford bullets. At the same time he considers them both as sufficiently stopping missiles in civilized warfare. Speaking generally, he found the wounds inflicted by the Mauser and Lee-Metford to be very similar, and both much less fatal than the larger projectiles used in former wars. As many as 96 per cent of the cases in the general base hospitals recovered and were discharged, a very large proportion being able to return to duty at the front. He says:

"The head, chest and abdomen may be, and are, traversed without inflicting mortal injury, and in a considerable proportion of cases without inflicting permanent injury of any kind whatsoever. The rapid healing of the external wound is remarkable. It rapidly closes under a black scab. This characteristic of the external wound in the cases of those injured by the Mauser bullet did not differ in any material degree in the wounds inflicted by the Lee-Metford bullet on the wounded Boers whom I saw at Jacobsdal. Yet a good many of these wounds were suppurating, and as the difference between the two bullets is so slight, the difference in results must, I believe, be ascribed to a large extent to the fact that our wounded have been treated so speedily after the receipt of their injuries with the first field dressing on the field. In one of my previous letters I commented upon the careful and effective manner in which the wounded on their arrival at the first field hospitals were found to have been dressed. The British soldier has been well drilled by the officers of the Royal Army Medical corps upon the method of application of the first field dressing, which each man carries on his person, and judging by the way in which these dressings were applied by the men themselves or by comrades in the absence of the medical officer, their teaching appears to have been by no means ineffective, and the good results are very appreciable.

"One finds case after case convalescent after a bullet has traversed the lung, and in many instances both lungs. The heart and pericardium have so often been found to lie in the track of the bullet that it seems probable that these highly vulnerable structures must in several instances have been actually pierced. In a few cases both the abdomen and the thorax have been traversed by the same projectile without serious inconvenience to the patient.

"I have seen some cases of successful laparotomy, and many more I know of have been unsuccessful; the injury has been irreparable in many. In many too long an interval had elapsed, and there were other unavoidable hindrances. Be this as it may, I feel sure that the mere fact of a Mauser or Lee-Metford rifle bullet traversing the abdomen is of itself no sufficient indication of the necessity for abdominal exploration or operation. I have seen so many cases of this kind in which the patients have recovered without any surgical interference that one may well pause before deciding to expose a wounded to the inevitable risks attending such an exploration."

With regard to the stopping power of these modern rifle bullets, Sir William says: "There is no doubt that a man may receive a flesh wound in any part of his body and be thereby none the worse for many hours. He can carry on for a certain time even after receiving a chest wound or a gunshot fracture of the upper extremity, but with these and one or two other exceptions his fighting capacity is practically nil. In a war like this there is no such thing as a rush of a body of men on either side. Although one has seen cases of men being able to advance for a certain distance after having been shot through the body, as a rule they suffer from immediate faintness and sickness, and would have been very little disposed for further action. In savage warfare men might be capable of a short rush or a charge after these wounds, but certainly could not do much under modern conditions with a distance of perhaps 1000 yards to cover before coming upon the enemy."

In all the cases that came under his observation, Sir William says: "I never came across a wound caused by a dumdum bullet. As regards the effect of lyddite, some German officers who were with the enemy said that the Boers carried with them bottles of vinegar to minimize its effects, and that those who did not adopt this precaution suffered for weeks from nausea. Even outside the range of killing by explosion, lyddite has the effect of turning its victims yellow and producing extreme sickness of long duration. It is said to cause jaundice. As an explosive the Boers declared that they did not fear lyddite more than ordinary shell fire, but they dreaded the fumes."

With regard to the use of explosive or soft-nosed bullets by the Boers, Sir William said: "So far as I observed the wounds, I saw no evidence of the use of explosive bullets, although it was reported on good authority that some of the wounds had been caused by them. Personally, I never saw a wound that presented explosive effects, but their absence may have been due to the fact that the range was so great. It certainly is not possible to mistake Mauser or Snider bullet wounds for those caused by explosive bullets."

Dealing with some of the modern appliances and methods used in the war, Sir William MacCormac remarked: "The Rontgen rays are used, as a matter of course, and nearly all the hospitals are now equipped with the apparatus for this method of diagnosis. It is always used previous to making exploration for a bullet, and an officer is told off to specially take photographs by it. An additional apparatus, which not only determines the place of the bullet, but also shows its depth from the surface, is proving of great value. The Boers also have the X-rays apparatus, and I saw it worked at the German hospital at Jacobsdal."

REMEMBERED DRIFT FOUR.

This little story was told by a mining man from New Mexico who was talking, after supper the other night, about the queer ways fortunes were made in the West, says the New Orleans Democrat.

"About a month ago I read the death notice," he said, "of a man I used to know very well. He was formerly a common mine laborer, and at the time he died he was worth probably $200,000. The way he made his money was peculiar. While he was still swinging a pick at $2.50 a day, he was employed in a gang at work on a certain property in Colorado. The location was excellent and there was valuable mines all around it, but they had gone down several hundred feet and tunnelled in every direction without finding the vein. One day this man of whom I speak was at work in one of the side excavations, known as 'drift four,' when he saw or thought he saw the indications of rich ore, and put a small fragment in his pocket for inspection when he came up. A little later the workmen put a blast in the side and withdrew to another tunnel to get out of the way of the explosion. When the blast went off it caved in the whole drift from one end to the other. It would have cost several thousand dollars to duplicate the work and as the company that owned the property was already discouraged, they decided not to do it.

"Meanwhile my man quietly went to an assayer and had a test made of his little sample of ore. It ran so high in gold that it almost took his breath away, but he said nothing and went on swinging a pick at $2.50 a day, while the company kept on growing more and more discouraged and more and more involved. That continued for nearly two years, and at last there came a day when the works were closed down for lack of funds. Then our friend went to the president and asked him what he would take for a 20-year lease. They agreed on $500 a year, and everybody thought the miner was crazy. He had saved a little money, and he went straight to work on drift four. Long before he got to the ore he was flat broke and working on money he had almost pawned his soul to borrow, but he struck it at last, and in two months he took out $100,000 net. Then he sold his lease for a good round figure and started in to enjoy life. Poor fellow! he didn't last very long. By the way, I was president of the original company."

Detroit and Return $11.00
Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office.
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Members of the Grand Army Conduct Their Exercises at High School.

THE RITUAL SERVICE

Addresses By R. R. Briggs and M. W. Bates---The Graves Decorated.

The members of the Grand Army of the Republic marched this morning to the High School Assembly hall, where they paid tribute to the memories of their brothers of the tomb, following the ritual of the order. There was a fair attendance of citizens, though a misunderstanding as to the place where the services were to be held seemd to have kept many away. The ladies of the G. A. R. were present in considerable numbers.

The program was opened with a dirge by the City band, after which Adjt. Charles T. Clements read the memorial orders from the national and state headquarters, Governor Lind's Memorial day proclamation, and President Lincoln's address of Nov. 19, 1863, at the dedication of the Gettysburg monument.

The memorial service of the Grand Army of the Republic was then conducted by Commander Brearly according to the ritual. At one place the band played, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and the audience joining in singing the hymn. The commander called upon various officers to respond with scriptural quotations, and Senior Vice Commander F. H. Barnard responded for the navy, Junior Vice Commander J. R. Randall for the army, Officer of the Day N. A. Gearhart for both combined, and Chaplain Jeremiah Kimball for the nation and its dead. The chaplain concluded the service with a prayer, after which the band played a requiem.

It was announced that the members of the Grand Army were to meet at the postoffice at 2 o'clock to march to the Armory. Commander Brearly made a few remarks. He said that at Cedar Creek his companion was killed, but before he died he expressed the wish that he might live in order that he could pay his respects to the memories of those who had given up their lives for the country. This, said the speaker, was what they were gathered there today for.

R. R. Briggs made a very eloquent address appreciate to the occasion. He said that one could not look into the faces of the veterans assembled there, and hear the records read, and not be overwhelmed with the meaning of the occasion. He had never faced the members of the Grand Army in a body before, but it brought back to him his boyish recollections of the period of the war. There were few of the members there, but many are beyond. He saw their gray hairs and wrinkled faces, and the story they told was that they had fought many of the battles of life. They represent the gentle notice of the God of battles that the work of the members is nearly done. They are growing fewer, but there is a growing sentiment in this country that they are growing dearer as they grow fewer. Their services have never been appreciated more than they are today.

The man who is a true patriot loves his country, not his party or his social environments, for the principles it represents, and he is a large man, for it takes a large man to do it. Recent events, coupled with the war of the rebellion, show that the greatest soldier the world has ever seen is the American volunteer. The veterans of the rebellion had the greatest foe that soldiers ever met. The story of the struggle between them shows that they were well matched. Yet out of that struggle through a wonderful transformation has come a class of patriots that know no North, or South, or East or West. When the president lately called for troops they came from all parts of the country. A noble race of men has sprung out of that conflict, and the hearts of the Southern people today beat as true as those of the North.

The most gratifying feature is the growing appreciation of the American soldier. Even after he is dead his memory will speak, and this is one of the meanings of this sacred day. I believe that it is a very solemn day, and that it should not be abadoned to the desecration of games and sports. It should be preserved to the memories of our heroes.

Comrade M. W. Bates gave a very interesting address, full of the spirit of the occasion. He reported that the committee had decorated the graves in and about Duluth in accordance with the orders, that wreaths had been placed on the heads of the graves and bouquets and flags on the graves. It was thought that all the graves had been decorated, but he hoped that during the year everyone who knew of the graves of soldiers would see that the names and locations were handed in so that they can be marked for decoration. During the year six soldiers have been buried in Duluth.

"It needs but little calculation," he continued, "to set the time when we, too, shall be called upon to answer the last roll call, but I thank God for the time when I shall see all the comrades, and think they will be pleased when taps are sounded for us, for they will have us with them. I had hoped to see this ball full, but though I am disappointed in that I feel that the hearts of the people are with us. We have about reached the divide where we shall pass over and be received by the Great Commander, but dying will be sweet to us, for we cannot help feeling that we have done something for our country. While we live, let us help to keep our community pure, so that we may have other noble deeds besides those of arms.

After the audience joined in singing "America" the chaplain pronounced the benediction.

The decoration of the graves was attended to by a committee composed of George Swan, S. F. White, Jacob Laux, Asa Daily, H. C. Helm, W. G. Ten Brook, M. W. Bates, E. A. Tyler, James Murray and S. A. Pickett. The committee was accompanied by a firing squad of the National Guard. Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Laux went out to Calvary cemetery to decorate the graves of the honored dead who rest in the Catholic cemetery.

The members of the G. A. R. are loud in their praises of the women of Garfield circle, who did nobly in preparing decorations and in giving a fine dinner at Gorman post hall this noon.

Detroit and Return $11.00
Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office.
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

PRACTICALLY SETTLED.

Carpenters' Strike Will Soon Be Thing of the Past.

The differences between the Carpenters' union and the Contractors' association appear to be in a fair way to a settlement. The carpenters held a meeting last evening, and it is reported that in executive meeting it was practically decided to abandon the demand that all non-union men be discharged, and this will leave all differences cancelled, as the contractors have already agreed to give the men the eight-hour schedule, and the carpenters are willing to go to work at a minimum scale of wages fixed at 31½ cents an hour. The understanding is that union men shall be employed when men on present jobs are let out.

The differences will not be adjusted till a meeting of the contractors is held, and at a late hour this afternoon such a meeting had not been called.

THE DAY IN COURT.

Twenty Individuals Arraigned and Hear Their Fate.

Decoration day in police court is one of the saddest things that ever happened. This morning fully twenty "orators of the day" lapsed into copious slices of talk as they told of deeds of heroism and sacrifice and strewed flowers of slang on the graves of their past efforts to keep the straight and narrow path.

Looking as haughty and injured as a girl in pink that had just been sued for a mere trifle of several hundred dollars, loaned her for street car fare, Albert J. Goodhue, the man arrested yesterday afternoon charged with some rather sensational forgeries, was arraigned and two complaints read to him. Goodhue is good looking and very tastefully dressed. He listened to the reading with apparent surprise, and was about to enter a plea of not guilty when told that he was not entitled to enter such a plea in municipal court. The complaints read this morning charge Goodhue with forging checks of $25 each on the First National bank, signing the names of "E. C. Sayler & Co." and "W. E. Ellis & Co." The checks were cashed by J. E. Butchart, of the St. Louis hotel, and by James Wolfrom, bartender at the California Wine house. Goodhue is also charged with cashing in bad paper on Alexander Steele, Murd Matteson and James Traverse, but in the first case his wife settled and the case may not be pushed. In all Goodhue got $125 of good money on the strength of worthless paper, but very little of it has been recovered, and the impression is that it was sent out of town.

This morning Goodhue's wife, a rather attractive looking and handsomely dressed woman, spent most of the morning with him at the city jail

William Scott and William Franklin, who might possibly pass for white men were it not for the fact that they are as black as the ace of spades and assassinate English on the ragtime, installment plan, were locked up for robbing the president of the White Star club—a social organization with a membership limited exclusively to black stars. President Williams claims that the two men separated him from $20 in real money and a revolver. Detective Troyer arrested them last night at West Superior.

Charles White, James Bowen, George McNaughton, John Schultz, Fred Smith and John Shea were sent up for five days each for trespassing. Edward Rose, Frank Taylor, Martin Peterson and Ed O'Brien got ten days for drunkenness. Jack Hanlon entered a plea of guilty of assault, and was fined $10, and John Steward, Thomas Hastings, James Foley, and Louis Carrier were allowed to leave town under suspended sentences.

SURETY BONDS.
FIDELITY, CONTRACT, JUDICIAL.
Judicial bonds executed without delay.
The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.
(Home office: Baltimore, Md.)
PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS, Duluth, Minn.

Fire Was Far Away.

A heavy cloud of smoke west of the city at noon today caused considerable excitement in the down town district, as it looked as if one of the West Duluth sawmills was burning. There was no fire in the city limits, however, and the smoke was probably due to a forest fire which is reported to be sweeping the woods and slashings near Foxboro.

Salter Will Apply.

J. B. Salter has made application for a license at 631 West Superior street. This is the Montreal house bar, but since the council refused to grant the old proprietor a license last Monday evening, Mr. Salter has made arrangements to purchase the place, as it is more than likely that the license will be granted, as he is well and favorably known to the city officials.

HANNA CONTRADICTS IT.

Denies Report He Will Not Be Committee's Chairman.

Washington, May 30.—Senator Hanna denies the report that he has determined not to be the chairman of the new national Republican committee. A story to this effect was sent out from Washington last night, in which it was stated that ill-health and business duties were responsible for the senator's determination, notwithstanding the fact that President McKinley earnestly desired him to continue at the head of the committee. When this story was called to Senator Hanna's attention, he authorized the following statement:

"The story was entirely unauthorized. There has been no change in the situation and nothing has been decided as to the future."

SOFT WAISTS.

The solid and substantial silks have receded far into the dim past. No one pines nowadays for "a silk waist that will stand alone." Everything must be soft and clinging and picturesque when it has not the severe plainness of the tailor made. Even the rustling taffeta, so long popular, has been pushed aside by the apparently unaggressive foulard. Crepe de chine has resumed the sway it held some years ago, and has been apotheosized in a fabric like, yet unlike, called satin crepe de chine—an exquisite thing with the softness and sheen of dew on a cobweb. The satin foulard is a similar evolution of the somewhat commonplace silk that so long has represented "beautiful utility" in the wardrobe of the well-dressed woman.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

Dance.

A social dance will be given by the Violet club at Columbia hall Friday evening, June 1. A cordial invitation and a good time. Orphan benefit.

"South Shore Limited No. 8"
Now leaves Duluth at 7 p. m. This train carries dining car serving meals "a la carte."
Daylight express leaves Duluth at 8:15 a. m.

SOUTHERN VETERANS

Those Who Fought For the Lost Cause Gather at Louisville.

A HOST IS PRESENT

City Thronged With Guests---The Veterans Presented With a Building.

Louisville, Ky., May 30.—Throughout the early morning rain came down in torrents, and the prospect for the comfortable opening of the reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which was scheduled for noon, was not bright. By 10 o'clock, however, the rain had ceased, the sun came out and there was every promise of a fine day, at least during the hours the convention was to sit. Large banks of clouds on the horizon, however, promised that fair weather was but temporary, and that more rain could be expected later in the day.

All night special trains laden with delegates to the reunion arrived, and by morning it was estimated that 50,000 visitors were in the city. For hours before the time set for the meeting to begin in Reunion hall, the streets leading to the building were blocked with crowds trying to gain admission, and the detachment of police stationed in front of the building had all they cared to do.

Maj. Gen. Poyntz, commanding the Kentucky division of the Confederate Veterans, called the meeting to order shortly after 12 o'clock. After the doxology had been sung, Rev. J. William Jones, chaplain-in-chief, made a short prayer. Gen. Poyntz then introduced Mayor Weaver of Louisville, who welcomed the visitors to the city. Then came a series of short welcoming addresses, Judge Hazelrigg of the supreme court of Kentucky welcoming the visitors on behalf of the Kentucky division of the Confederate Veterans. The last welcoming address of the day was delivered by Gen. Simon B. Buckner, who spoke for the Confederates of Kentucky. All the speeches were short and to the point, and were happily received by the assembly.

Col. Bennet H. Young of this city, chairman of the reunion committee, presented the building to the veterans in an eloquent speech. He told of the services which Kentucky had rendered to the Confederacy during the days of the war, and how she had guarded the ashes of the 10,000 dead Confederate soldiers who lie buried within the state. He said that in all respects during the war and since the war the Confederates of Kentucky had kept faith with the Confederates of the seceding states, and were never more ready to do their part than now.

Gen. John B. Gordon, commander of the United Confederate veterans, rose to respond to the address of Col. Young. Gen. Gordon was received with enthusiastic cheers. In accepting the building from the committee and in extending the thanks of the veterans to the city of Louisville he spoke as follows:

"General, Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen of the Reception Committees: No man is gifted enough and no words are strong enough to tell Kentuckians what we feel at this hour, and how deeply we feel it. Shall I say for my comrades and myself that we are grateful? That would be, in the presence of such a demonstration, the merest commonplace, the needless statement of a patent fact, which you already know or can read in their moistened eyes and quivering lips. Shall I tell you that we are amazed, that we are unprepared for such exuberance of hospitality, such warmth and prodigality of welcome? I cannot say that, for it would be untrue. We knew beforehand what to expect of this great-hearted people.

"Your distinguished fellow citizen, Col. Bennett Young, who was the selected mouthpiece of your delegates, has answered us at Charleston, in words fervid and eloquent, that if we would come to Louisville, Kentucky's homes and hearts, Kentucky's wealth, the products of her unrivalled pastures, her tenderest lambs and fattest beeves, and the contents of her granaries, transmuted by Kentucky magic into liquid corn and rye—that all these should be ours, the support and the solace, the meat and the drink of these battle-worn men.

"We have come to find that not only is it true, but that the half had not been told. What can I say then—what can any man say or do to represent to this people the responsive echoes of our deeply-stirred sensibilities? If I possessed the mystic power to catch and transmute into burning sentences the thoughts of these brains and the rhythm of these hearts, I might hope to give you some conception of our appreciation of the Kentucky greeting. Why has not some Edison or some gifted scientist, moved by a genius divine, invented some means of photographing human emotions? Why did not that crafty delver into nature's secrets, who discovered the X-rays, give us a double X-ray powerful enough to expose to Kentucky's view the emotions of these men? If such an instrument were at your disposal this morning, you would see inscribed upon these hearts, in indellible letters, the beloved name of Kentucky.

"The truth is, gentlemen, that your state holds a place among her sister states that is not only unique, but decidedly picturesque.

"She is sui generis. As a Georgian, I feel an unspeakable pride in my native state, in her glorious past, and I confidently predict for her a great and enviable future. As a Southerner I glory in the unrivaled gifts of this section to the general government; in its illustrious names, in the untarnished honor of its public servants and in the brilliant achievements of its sons in peace and in war. As an American who loves his whole country, I confidently claim for her the foremost place among all the nations; I proudly challenge the records of all time to furnish a parallel to her career; to equal the physical and developing genius of her citizens; to match her high and holy political aims; to present a spectacle so inspiring to humanity; as we stand the noblest representative in government, or ennobling in freedom—the one commanding and conquering republic, unchallenged in her leadership and unapproachable in her isolation of grandeur and glory. Loyal as I believe myself to be to all states and sections as well as to the great republic itself, I nevertheless declare my conviction that Kentucky's history, taken as a whole, entitles her to a position in the front rank of states. Look at her early struggles with stealthy and bloodthirsty savages in the wilds of an unbroken wilderness, when her bold pioneers were all heroes and their wives and daughters were all heroines. When even her faithful black slaves caught the contagion of courage and of sacrifice. What story in fiction, for example can compare in romantic interest to that of Kentucky's three maidens captured and borne away by the Indians, and rescued by their three lovers after long and eager pursuit day and night through dense canebrakes and tangled jungles. What creation of fancy ever equaled in thrilling details the story of Kentucky's brave matron, Mrs. Woods, who barred the cabin door against howling savages, while the only one who forced an entrance met death at the hands of her dauntless daughter, who with uplifted ax struck him down and chopped off his head as he was held to the floor by the lame but heroic black slave. Would that the short time allotted me permitted me a reference to the long list of other heroines of Kentucky's early history, and to her Daniel Boones and her Clarks, and a host of other stalwart men and brave women who thus blazed out the highway of progress and of freedom.

"Beginning her life amidst such surroundings, reared to statehood upon food so conducive to exalted manhood and noble womanhood, is it any wonder that Kentucky's daughters of today are the pride of a great commonwealth and challenge universal recognition as among the fairest, and tenderest and truest of our peerless women? Is it any wonder that the Kentucky of today boasts of the proud array of her great sons, of her Breckinridges, of her Clays and her Crittendens, her Helms and her Hansons, her Marshalls and her Morgans, and her almost endless catalogue of soldiers and statesmen worthy of the highest niches in our republican pantheon? Is it any wonder that from such a field, sown with such seed, we should today gather this harvest of generosity and lavish tribute to the heroic remnant of immortal Confederate armies? Is it any wonder that such planting and such culture should have produced a hospitality as free as the air, and as boundless as the ocean?

"In conclusion, permit me to recall briefly another chapter in Kentucky's life, a chapter which embraces the most momentous period of her history or the history of this republic. During the stupendous conflict between the American states, Kentucky's most famous families and all classes of her people were represented in both the Union and Confederate armies. In her marvelous fecundity, she had previously given birth to both Jefferson Davis and Abraham Lincoln. These two great sons, born within a few months and miles of each other, nurtured on the bosom of this common mother, were destined in God's mysterious providence to find homes in different sections, to grow up under different institutions to become the representatives of conflicting institutions and the respective presidents of contending republics. This one was to die at last disfranchised by the government which he had long and faithfully served, and for whose flag he had shed his blood on Mexican soil. The other was to meet his death by an assassin's bullet.

"In like Manner counselors were divided, some for the Union, some for the Confederacy. The counsellors ably strove to keep her aloof from the impending conflict; to render her passive and neutral; but there was no such word in Kentucky's lexicon. Neutrality never had been and never will be. Kentucky's role. It could not be the policy of such a people; for neutrality is nowhere an attribute of progress nor of God's economy. Neutrality has no place in masterful minds nor in heroic hearts. Neutrality has never yet developed a great character nor characterized a great people nor written on sparkling page in human history. Kentucky therefore would have none of it. Governors might proclaim neutrality; legislatures might enact it; but no edicts or statutes could chain down the unconquerable spirit of Kentucky's sons. Into the one army or the other they went as their convictions guided them. And wherever they fought, whether for the Union of all the states, or the independence of the Southern states; whether they followed the flag of this great republic, or the fiery cross of battle which represented the aspirations of the Southern people for separate nationality and constitutional freedom; under whatever banner or leaders they were marshaled Kentucky's sons wrote their noble record on history's most luminous page.

"Heaven bless, protect and guide Kentucky. May harmony and Christian fellowship rule in all her counsels and peace, joy and plenty abide forever in all her homes."

Gen. Gordon's speech was received with great anplause at frequent intervals.

As the general resumed his seat, Gen. Poyntz introduced Rev. B. M. Palmer, of New Orleans, who delivered the annual address.

At the conclusion of the address of Dr. Palmer, the meeting adjourned for the day after appointing committees on credentials and resolutions, which are to report tomorrow.

FIXING THE TRACKS.

Omaha Road Lets Large Job In Douglas County, Wis.

The Omaha road has let the contract for a large amount of work to be done in Douglas county, Wis., the purpose of which is to cut down the time and distance between the Twin Cities and the head of the lakes. Winston Brothers, of Minneapolis, are the contracters, and in the vicinity of Gordon they have had a crew of several hundred men at work already. It is expected that the job will take them about three months with a crew of that size.

The principal changes to be made at present are in the grades and the curves. About thirty miles of track is to be fixed up in this respect by the contractors. The rest of the Omaha road between this point and the Twin Cities has already been improved, and it is said that the grades and curves in this county are now the most bothersome places on the line. There is a large amount of cutting and filling to be done on this account, and it requires a big outlay of money on the part of the company.

It is said that after the changes are made in the track, the passenger trains between the two points will be able to make much better time, and that the schedule will be materially shortened.

Will Try It Again.

The case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company will be tried again immediately. Soon after the jury disagreed in the case yesterday it was decided to issue a special venire for new jurors and try it tomorrow. The venire was issued with twenty names yesterday afternoon, and tomorrow morning Judge Cant will take the case up for its second trial.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Via "The Milwaukee's" New Train
You can leave Minneapolis at 10:50 p. m. and St. Paul 11:25 p. m. (every night), and arrive Milwaukee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1:00 p. m.
Fine sleepers and coaches through to Chicago.

Buy CHEMICALLY pure colors, made by Detroit White Lead Works, of
H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS,
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

EYES TESTED FREE and Glasses Fitted.
GEIST & ERD, Opticians, 121 W. Superior Street.

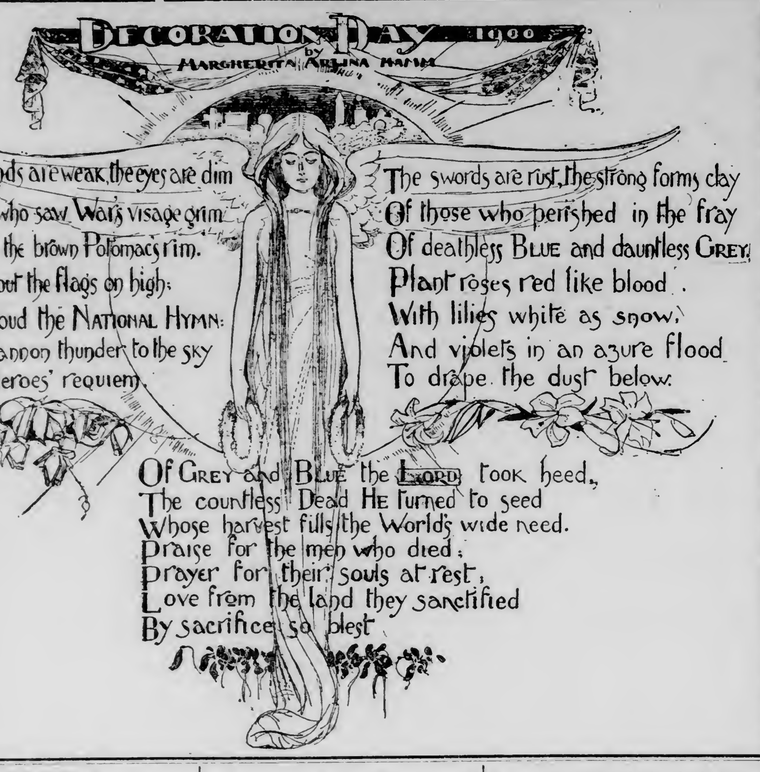
BOB HAYDEN'S PALM GARDEN.
Music every afternoon and evening.
Restaurant open all night. Private dining rooms.
1920 W. Sup. St. 1919 W. Mich. St.
Telephone 140, Zenith. Telephone 415-5, Duluth.

TWELVE PAGES—SECTION TWO—PAGES 7 to 12

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 1900.

(12) MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.


DECORATION DAY 1900
By MARGHERITA ARLINA HAZARD
The hands are weak, the eyes are dim
Of those who saw War's visage grim
Beyond the brown Potomac's rim.
Fling out the flags on high:
Sing loud the NATIONAL HYMN:
Let cannon thunder to the sky
The Heroes' requiem.
The swords are rust, the strong forms clay
Of those who perished in the fray
Of deathless BLUE and dauntless GREY.
Plant roses red like blood
With lilies white as snow,
And violets in an azure flood
To drape the dust below.
Of GREY and BLUE the LORD took heed,
The countless Dead HE turned to seed
Whose harvest fills the World's wide need.
Praise for the men who died:
Prayer for their souls at rest,
Love from the land they sanctified
By sacrifice so blest.

FIGHT IN MICHIGAN

Republicans Engaged In a Factional Quarrel Injurious to the Party.

CONTEST IS FIERCE

Between Pingree and Anti-Pingree Elements Over Nomination For Governor.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—A great deal of interesting gossip regarding the Republican national convention at Philadelphia comes to Washington through various sources. In this respect interesting history of past conventions is also disseminated. Republicans from every section of the Union are visitors to Philadelphia, and many of them, in interviews, indicate the feeling of the various constituencies they represent. A great deal of this gossip, while it may seem strange, is unfavorable to the Democratic national ticket. For instance, here is an interview which shows the condition in at least one state: "The Republicans of Michigan are in the throes of a factional fight that foreshadows anything but good to the Republican party." This statement was made by Col. Frank E. Priddy, of Adrian, Mich.

Col. Priddy is one of the foremost Republicans of Michigan. He has held positions of honor and trust in his state, and is thoroughly competent to talk of the conditions existing there.

"There is a fierce contest between the Pingree and anti-Pingree elements over the nomination for governor," he said. "The candidate of the Pingree faction is our present secretary of state, Stearns, and there is a likelihood of his winning over the other candidates, D. M. Ferry, of Detroit, and A. F. Bliss, of Saginaw."

"Will the factional disturbances endanger the success of the national ticket in the state" Col. Priddy was asked.

"That is a question that I can not very well answer. Of course the Republicans of Michigan realize that McKinley will be nominated, but there is a large element in the party that is finding it hard to reconcile itself to his policy in dealing with our colonial possessions. As to whether this element will break away from the party I do not know. However, I am inclined to believe that the Republican electoral ticket will carry.

"The action of congress on the Porto Rican bill is going to make it hard for some of our representatives to return, I am afraid. Representative Weeks has a right smart fight on his hands. Smith, from the Second district, where I live, introduced the 15 per cent amendment to the bill before it went to the senate and voted for it. The feeling was so strong against it in the district that, when the bill came back to the house Smith changed his base and voted against it. This has strengthened him with his constituents, and he will be returned to congress by the usual majority."

Asked regarding the vice presidency, Col. Priddy said:

"There has been comparatively little discussion of the question by the Republicans of Michigan. Lieutenant Governor Woodruff of New York, was over to Detroit a few weeks ago, and he visited Grand Rapids and other places in the interest of inaugurating a boom for himself, but it did not seem to take root to any extent."

* * *

It appears that since the birth of the Republican party in only two conventions have there been contests for the vice presidency worthy of the name. These were the convention of 1860 and 1868. In the former the nomination went to Hannibal Hamlin on the second ballot, he receiving 367 votes, while Cassius M. Clay, of Kentucky, got 86, and John Hereckma, of Pennsylvania, 13. On the first ballot Andrew H. Reeder, of Pennsylvania, and Nathaniel P. Banks, of Massachusetts, as well as a number of others, received each a few votes. In 1868 five ballots were necessary to make a choice. The leading candidates were Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio; Ruben Fenton, of New York; Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts; Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, and Andrew J. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, while a few were given each to Hamlin, of Maine; Speed, of Kentucky; Harlan, of Iowa; Creswell, of Maryland; Gen. Pomeroy, of Kansas, and W. D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania. On the fifth decisive ballot Colfax had 541 votes, Wade 38, and Fenton 69.

In all the other conventions of the Republican party the nomination of a candidate for vice president has been spiritless. One ballot only was necessary in the convention of 1856 in Philadelphia, which gave the nomination to William L. Dayton, of New Jersey. Lincoln was a candidate for vice president and had 110 votes, while Gen. Banks received 46. The first ballot in the convention of 1864 settled the nomination. Andrew Johnson had 200 votes, Hamlin 150, Daniel S. Dikinson, of New York, 108, while the vote several other candidates aggregated 61. Before the vote was declared many changes took place, Johnson winning with 494. In 1872 a single trial was sufficient to give the nomination to Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, he receiving 364½ votes to Colfax's 321½.

Several candidates were presented to the convention of 1876, but as the voting proceeded nearly all the votes were for William K. Wheeler, of New York. The other candidates were thereupon withdrawn and he was nominated by acclamation. In 1880 Chester A. Arthur won easily on the first ballot. Elihu B. Washburn, Marshall Sewell and Horace Maynard were candidates, while Edmund Davis, of Texas; B. K. Bruce and others received the scattering vote. The convention of 1884 decided the vice presidency in a jiffy, Logan getting 779 votes to 7 for Lucius Fairchild and 6 for Gresham on the single ballot that was taken.

The first ballot, which decided the contest in 1888, gave Morton 519 votes, William Walter Phelps 119, William O. Bradley 103, B. K. Bruce 11 and W. F. Thomas, of Texas, 1. Whitelaw Reid was nominated by acclamation by the convention of 1892. In the last convention Hobart had an easy walkaway on the first ballot, getting 535½ votes. Henry Clay Evans had 277½ votes, Morgan J. Bulkley 39, James A. Walker 24, while the 42 scattering votes were apportioned among Charles W. Lippitt, of Rhode Island; Speaker Reed, Chauncey M. Depew, Senator Thurston, Fred D. Grant and Levi P. Morton.

* * *

It is stated here that the question of the vice presidential nomination has assumed proportions for a free-for-all fight, and friends of the several candidates are whooping things up each for his favorite. The nomination, it is safe to predict, will not be made without a severe contest. Usually when there is a spirited canvass for the presidential nomination, interest lags when it is time for the delegates to decide upon a vice-presidential candidate, and the voting is more or less perfunctory. Not so will it be this year.

The convention to be held in Philadelphia next month will make a choice from not less than half a score of avowed aspirants, and there is likely to be more than that number of names formally presented. The delegates are human, and it is not unnatural that they shall want some fun for their money. The renomination of President McKinley will occupy only the time necessary for the roll call and seconding speeches. There will be no calling of the roll of states for a vote. A delegate will move for a suspension of the rules, there will be a roaring chorus of "yeas," and President McKinley, in less time than it takes to tell, will again be declared the standard-bearer of his party. The whole thing can be dispatched within an hour.

No sensible observer of the trend of national politics believes that Governor Roosevelt will be able to cut much of a figure as a presidential candidate in the national convention, even if he have an ambition, as is charged, to cause a "rough rider" stampede in his behalf. At the same time no one who knows Governor Roosevelt will for an instant be surprised if an attempt is made by his friends to exploit him in the convention. There is little doubt that the governor inwardly feels a trifle wratsy because he has not been selected to present President McKinley's name. The men who are looking after McKinley's interests are shrewd and farseeing, and they propose that nothing shall interfere with the presidential program as mapped out.

For Roosevelt to fully understand that he is regarded with suspicion by President McKinley, Senator Hanna and administration Republicans generally he only has to go back a few months to the annual banquet of the Ohio society of New York. Milton Southard, who used to be a member of congress from a district adjoining that of the president, and who served with him in the house, is president of the Ohio society. Among the members are half a hundred at least of former Ohioans who have been identified with national politics. They are all personal friends of the president. On the occasion mentioned Governor Roosevelt was fairly snubbed, it is said, by the invitation committee, while Lieutenant Governor Woodruff was given a place of honor near to the president and assigned to respond to one of the leading toasts. It is known that Governor Roosevelt resented this treatment, although he maintained a strict silence when approached on the subject.

It is openly charged by some that Woodruff's candidacy for the vice presidency was prompted by friends of President McKinley, not with any thought of according him the nomination, but for the purpose of dividing the Republicans of New York state, which should act as a barrier to any presidential ambitions Roosevelt might develop.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

THROWS UP HIS JOB.

De Gallifet Resigns and Andre Will Succeed Him.

Paris, May 30.—Gen. the marquis de Gallifet, minister of war, has resigned. It is officially announced that his successor is Gen. Andre.

In his letter to M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the premier, asking him to place the resignation in the hands of the president of the republic, Gen. Gallifet pleads ill health as a reason for his action. His exact words are:

"I am very unwell, and my health prevents me resisting all the emotions of the moment."

The Official Journal this morning, therefore, contains the acceptance of the resignation, in a decree signed by M. Loubet, who also appoints the new minister, deciding upon Gen. Andre as the most suitable personage.

For a month De Gallifet's doctor had urged him to resign, and a letter announcing his decision was read at the cabinet council yesterday morning.

In spite of his plea of ill health, this is not considered the sole reason for the resignation of Gen. De Gallifet. Having in view the apologetic statement made by M. Waldeck-Rousseau in the chamber of deputies, there seems little doubt that he was annoyed by the word "felon" applied to an officer of the French army, although there is little difference between this language of the premier and that which Gen. De Gallifet had himself used at a previous sitting.

Gen. Andre was appointed general of division a year ago. He is an officer of the Legion of Honor. Gen. Andre has strenuously opposed the introduction of politics into the army, and it is therefore certain that he will co-operate with the cabinet to make France peaceful.

PLUMBERS' LAW INVALID.

District Judge Williston Holds It Class Legislation.

Stillwater, May 30.—Judge W. C. Williston of the district court, holds the plumbers law to be invalid. M. M. Peaslee had a contract under the Dwyer Plumbing company, of St. Paul, for steam fitting at the county jail. Peaslee garnished funds in the hands of the general contractor to satisfy a bill for $350. The Dwyer company pleaded that Peaslee was not a plumber licensed under the state law. Judge Williamson orders findings for Peaslee and declares the plumbers' law is class legislation and against public policy in being made applicable to cities of over 10,000. It does not provide for a change in the size of cities and small as well as large cities should have the benefit of laws in the interest of health.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

A Reversal In a Duluth Street Railway Case.

St. Paul, May 30.—The following supreme court decisions were reported yesterday by Justice Brown:

Michael Fohl, appellant, vs. Common Council, village of Sleepy Eye Lake, respondent. Order reversed.

John Hurst, respondent, vs. town of Martinsburg and town of Wellington, appellants. Order reversed.

In re construction of Hegne-Hendman Ditch No. 1, Iver Lion et al., appellants, vs. board of commissioners, Norman county, respondents. Order affirmed.

Samuel Swanson, respondent, vs. Luther Mendenhall, as receiver Duluth Street Railway company, insolvent, appellant. Order reversed.

Carl Schmeltzer, respondent, vs. St. Paul City Railway company, appellant. Order reversed.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Milwaukee, May 30.—The Railroad Commissioners' association yesterday elected the following officers:

President, C. J. Lindley, of Illinois; vice president, W. D. Evans, of South Carolina; second vice president, T. J. Hennessey, of Missouri; secretary, H. A. Moseley; assistant secretary, Martin S. Decker. The 1901 convention will be held in San Francisco and in Charleston, S. C., the following year.

Millinery—
On Bargain Counter No. 1.
CHILDREN'S LEGHORNS—(untrimmed) for each—
15c, 25c, 49c and 69c

Flowers
SPECIAL OFFER of Roses, Violets, Wreaths, etc., at your choice—per bunch—
5c, 10c, 15c and 25c

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

The Stirring Scenes

Lest week in our various departments with their feast of bargains and eager shoppers keenly taking advantage of the many bright and sparkling novelties in ladies' wear—will be again repeated with greater force and attractiveness throughout the week. It is our **determination** that it should be looked upon and remembered as a **great money-saving opportunity** and that we shall be known not merely as **leaders** of Duluth, but as retailers of high-class ladies' garments at prices **so low that no other house can make, follow or imitate.**

Silks.
1600 yards Swiss Taffeta Silks in pastel stripes and checks and 24-inch Foulard and India Silks in National Blue, Navy, Brown and Black Grounds, 27-inch Twilled Lining, Satins and handsome corded Wash Silks, regular retail values $1.00, 85c and 75c—Thursday—per yard..... 50c

Big Drive in Plaids.
We place on sale Thursday, the first Plaid Drive of the season in handsome spring and summer colorings, that are new and desirable width, 46-inches, strictly all-wool, value $1.25—sale price—per yard..... 75c

Black Crepon Sale.
$2.75, $2.50 and $2.25 all-wool and Mohair Crepons, and all-silk Crepons, our Closing out sale price—Thursday, per yard..... $1.25

$1.00 all-silk Crepons, swell Fabrics, for entire dresses or separate Skirts; sale price Thursday—per yard..... $2.00

Big Reduction in Rainy Day Skirt Fabrics.
50-inch all-wool Homespuns, in Grays, Oxfords, Browns, Tans, Blues, genuine $1.25 values, for Thursday's sale—per yard..... 89c

Great Sale of Dress Goods Remnants.
Thursday will be a busy day in our Dress Goods Department; over 2000 remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods, values up to $3.00 a yard, at—per yard—
98c 50c, 25c and 10c

Wash Goods Sale.
Black Sateen, absolutely fast color, our regular 12½c quality—Thursday—per yard..... 7½c

Challies, Shirting Prints, Indigo Blue Prints, Red and Black Prints, 6c and 7c values; Thursday—per yard..... 3½c

Great 12½c sale of fine Wash Fabrics, including Gilveon's Exclusive Dimities, Mille Raye Dimities, Crinkle Cloth, Crepon Seersuckers, Fine Organdies, Zephyr Ginghams, Embroidered Swisses, etc., values up to 25c—Thursday's price, a yard... 12½c

Great Spectacle Sale Thursday.
A good Spectacle with nickel frame, such an article as you used to pay 50c for; our price..... 25c

Eye Glasses—
With gold-filled frames, warranted to wear for ten years, this eye glass can not be matched for less than $2.00; our price..... $1.25

Goldoin Spectacles—
A perfectly reliable, a neat dressy spectacle and guaranteed to wear for 5 years; value $1.75 a pair—our price..... 75c

Monogram Stationery.
Have your correspondence paper stamped with your initial or Monogram, and at the price of the stock alone, HERE YOU ARE:
1 quire of superfine quality of Writing Paper and 1 package of Envelopes to match, stamped with your initial in one of 4 designs for... 50c
5 quires with Envelopes for..... $2.00

White Goods Dept.
30-inch Dotted Swisses, "Real Swisses"—fancy stripes, dots, etc., worth 25c; Thursday, a yard... 15c

27-inch Corded Piques, heavy woven cords, a 20c value; Thursday—per yard..... 19c

36-inch Corded Piques, woven cords, cheap at 15c; Thursday—per yard..... 8c

40-inch Apron Lawns, with satin striped borders, worth 25c; Thursday—per yard..... 15c

Flannel Dept.
30-inch Vienna Cloths in light and dark colors, worth 15c, at—per yard..... 7c

Silkoline Comforters, large size, well made, at—each..... $1.00

Silkoline Comforters, full size, very fine quality, at—each..... $1.95

Cotton Blankets, large size, 10-4; sold at 75c, at—per pair.... 59c

Velvet Grip Hose Supporters.

The full line of these celebrated and popular Supporters is represented here:
Ladies' size, Velvet Grip..... 20c
Young Ladies' size Velvet Grip.... 18c
Misses' size Velvet Grip..... 15c
Babies' size, Velvet Grip..... 12½c
Ladies' size, frilled silk elastic.... 59c
Ladies' Belt, frilled silk elastic.... 85c

"Adrienne" Shoulder Brace.
The most practical, complete and cheapest shoulder brace yet invented; Ladies' or Misses' sizes; can be adjusted to fit any figure; inferior brands cost you from $2.50 to $3 a pair; ADRIENNE PRICE.. $1.00

Cloak News and Facts.
HERE'S WHERE A DOLLAR HAS ELASTIC POWER—
Your pick of any Ladies' or Misses' Jackets from $7.50 to $37.50, at exactly Half Price. They are all new and nobby, all strictly high grade garments, made expressly for fine trade. They are not half worn out by models, trying them on all season for buyers' inspection!

LADIES' TAILORED SUITS—In Black, Blue, Brown and Gray—Jackets silk lined, Eton or fly front effect, skirt cut in the newest style, some handsomely trimmed; others plain tailored, about 25 suits in all; every one of them different effect, worth up to $18.00; your pick while they last at..... $9.98

—See them and save money. Don't pay small stores $16.00 for similar kind.

Silk Waists.
Not the kind you find in small stores, but high-grade exclusive styles that has that nobby effect; about 50 in all; worth up to $8.00—your choice at..... $4.98

Wash Waists.
Grand display of dainty Washable Waists, in White and colored; they come in Lawns, Dimities, Chambrays, Percales, Madras, in fact all the new and pretty materials, will be lavishly shown here on Thursday.
DAINTY WHITE LAWN WAISTS—Geisha styles; price—
89c, 98c, $1.49, $2.00
$2.50, $3.50 to $8.00

COLORED WASH WAISTS—Not the kind you will see on everybody, but exclusive kinds; price—
49c, 89c, 98c, $1.25 to $4.50

NEW WASHABLE SILK WAISTS—In white and colored; price—
$3.50, $3.98 to $4.50

1000 NEW CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' COLORED GINGHAM AND PERCALE WASH DRESSES—Sizes 1 year to 12 years old, on sale at—
39c, 49c, 59c, 65c, 75c
89c, 98c, $1.25 to $3.50

Linen Department.
17x35 inch all-linen Huck Towels, hemmed, genuine Irish manufacture, sell at 15c; Thursday—each..... 12½c

72x90 inch Sheets, ready made, torn, not cut, Mohawk Sheeting, Thursday—each..... 55c

42x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made, worth 15c; 40x36 Pillow Cases, ready made, worth 18c; 48x36 Pillow Cases, ready made, worth 20c; 50x36-inch Pillow Cases, ready made, worth 22c; your choice of the lot—each..... 12½c

100 Bed Spreads, full size, pearl hemmed, Marseilles Patterns, a bargain at $1.25; Thursday—each..... $1.00

50 dozen ⅝ Napkins, John S. Brown & Sons'—a regular $2.75 value; Thursday, a doz.... $2.00

72-inch Bleached Damask, fine pure linen, Irish manufacture, cheap at 75c; Thursday—per yard..... 55c

72-inch Cream Damask, heavy pure linen, sold by others at 90c; Thursday..... 62½c

72-inch Bleached Damasks, fine Irish Manufacture, all new designs, a bargain at the price, ¾ Napkins to match; Thursday—per yard.... $1.12½c

72-inch bleached Damasks, finest Irish manufacture, heavy double Satin Damasks, new designs, the $2.00 quality for Thursday—per yard..... $1.50

Baby Carriages.
Cut prices for Thursday on our entire stock of Baby Carriages—
All Carriages, regular price up to $9.50, at—each.. $6.75
All Carriages, regular price from $9.50 to $12, each $9.45
All Carriages, regular price from $12 to $15, each $11.75
All Carriages, regular price from $15 to $20, each $14.68
All Carriages, regular price from $20 to $25, each $18.95

Dress Shields.
Superfine Stockinett Shields, in sizes 3, 4 and 5, regular prices 30c, 12½c and 15c, a pair; choice Thursday..... 8c

Thursday at Our Popular Hosiery and Underwear Department.
LADIES' COMBED EGYPTIAN COTTON STOCKINGS—All Black, all Tan and Black and Blue, with white extracted dots, really extra length, full width and narrowed at ankle—Thursday's choice..... 15c

LADIES' REAL TWO-THREAD 50-gauge Maco Cotton Stockings, all Black, and Tan and Black with split sole, our Third Importation shipment just arrived; values that defy all competition at 35c; Thursday..... 25c

LADIES' CREAM WHITE PEELER Cotton Jersey Vests, high neck, long sleeves; also square neck, no sleeves, or short sleeves, white and ecru; Thursday..... 12½c

LADIES' FINE WHITE UNION SUITS—Honeycomb stitch, square neck, no sleeves; knee length, taped neck and arms, best at 39c; Thursday..... 25c

Misses' Summer Jersey fitting Vests in White, beautiful stock and finish, high neck, long sleeves, sizes 22 to 34, unmatchable at 25c anywhere—Thursday..... 18c

Boys' Plain or Ribbed Summer Underwear, in natural or Silver Gray, knee or ankle drawers, to fit all ages of Boys and Youths, best on the market; Thursday..... 25c

Silk Mitts—
SEASON HAS ARRIVED.
500 dozen Black Silk Mitts, value 20c a pair; for Thursday at—per pair..... 13c

Ladies' Black Silk Mitts, value 25c; for Thursday—per pair..... 15c

Ladies' White or Black Silk Mitts, value 35c; for Thursday—per pair..... 25c

LADIES' BLACK SILK MITTS—The new kinds, double palms, value 50c anywhere else; Thursday's price—per pair..... 35c

Drapery Dept.
1500 yards best quality 36-inch Silkoline, figured and plain—15c quality; Thursday—a yard... 10c

CURTAIN SWISS—36 inches wide, dots and stripes, 18c quality; Thursday only..... 11c

CURTAIN SCRIM—1 case 36-inch Scrim, regular 6c kind; Thursday—a yard..... 4c

SHAM HOLDERS—5 gross Sham holders; Thursday, each. 10c

SCRIM REMNANTS—1000 yards plain Scrim; lengths 1 to 2 yards, worth up to 20c a yard; Thursday—per yard..... 5c

Ladies' Tailored Suits
In Black, Gray and Blue Ziboline Cloth—Well Tailored, Jacket lined and fly-front effect; Skirt box plaited back, small stores would ask you $7 or $8 for same kind; your pick of the above Suits (strictly new and up-to-date, at..... $3.98

Dress Skirts
We lead them all—Black Figured Mohair Dress Skirts, well made, hang perfect; price

$1.25 and $1.49

DRESS SKIRTS—In nice Black Serge, inverted pleat in back, lined and velvet bound; this is extra good value; price..... $1.98

DRESS SKIRTS—In fine English Cheviot Serge, strictly high tailored, fit perfect and hangs right—price—

$2.98

Now is Your Chance—
Navy Blue and White Duck Skirts, on sale at—
98c

Blue and Brown Denim Skirts, with deep hems, value $1.50, on sale at—
98c

Shoe Department.
Another Drive in Fine Footwear for Thursday and Friday.
Not in old stock and odd sizes, but in neatest, most stylish and best quality, at prices unequalled. For $1.95, you get a pair of Women's straight or diamond-shape kid or patent tip Dongola or Vici Kid Lace or Button Shoes. With or without extension soles, all sizes and widths; others charge $2.48; our price..... $1.95

SOFT, COOL, COMFORTABLE. Specialties for Summer wear. Oxford Ties, Button Oxfords, Elastic front or side Slippers in Tan, Chocolate or Black. Fancy Slippers for dress or street wear, in all colors to match any costume. See our patent Leather Slippers at—
$1.50 and $2.00

We have everything that will give style and satisfaction to the wearers. The assortment is so large and varied that to describe them is impossible; as for price, they range from—
69c to $3.00

If you want something cheap and comfortable, see our Satin Bow Slippers in Tan, Black or Patent Leather, at..... 69c

Parasols.
Don't forget the elegant assortment of rich Parasols, many of which are worth as high as $7.50; your choice for—each..... $2.75

Umbrellas.
5000 Umbrellas to select from—Ladies' Silk warp, corola Umbrellas, all styles of handles, 25 inch, for—
95c and $1.25

Cut Prices on Toilet Requisites.
COLGATE'S TRIPLE EXTRACTS—Any or all odors, standard price 50c an ounce—Thursday—
19c

FLORIDA WATER—75c bottles, Thursday—
38c

KIRK'S JUVENILE SOAP—Small size, worth 10c per cake—Thursday—
5c

KIRK'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACTS—Any odor—a good purchase at 25c—Thursday..... 15c

TETLOW'S SWANS' DOWN POWDER—25c size..... 14c

BAILEY'S CELEBRATED TALCUM POWDER—The only first-class Talcum Powder that comes delicately perfumed with violets, 25c box..... 13c

CROWN LAVENDER SALTS—25c bottle..... 16c

WITCH HAZEL CREAM—Will remove sunburn and freckles, 25c jar..... 13c

DRESSING COMBS—25c Black Rubber Dressing Combs for..... 10c

MOTH BALLS—1000 pounds Fresh imported English Moth Balls, at, per lb..... 3c

Free! Free!
With every purchase amounting to 50c in this department we will give a 25c cake of Mme. M. Yale's Complexion Soap and one small bottle of Colgate's Tooth Powder.

Rubber Cuffs and Clean Sleeves.
Rubber Cuffs should be worn by saleslades, stenographers, bookkeepers and all persons whose occupation has a tendency to soil their sleeves; Rubber Cuffs can be washed. Price, per pair..... 25c

Thursday Specials in the Lace Dept.
White and Cream Wash Veils, large patterns, for sailor hats—each—
25c and 35c

Black made Veils, with heavy edge—each..... 35c

New patterns in Veilings by the yard—per yard..... 25c

Ladies' Band Bows, in Lawn and Corded Silk, all colors, new shapes—each..... 25c

Ladies Imperial Ties, full shape, new Persian patterns; special—each..... 25c

Black Liberty Silk Boas, full and fluffy..... $1.39

Ladies' silk Club Ties, large assortment of patterns—
15c each, 2 for 25c

Men's Japanette Handkerchiefs, large silk initial—
10c each, 3 for 25c

Men's extra large all pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs—each 15c

Ribbon Remnants, a large lot all kinds and qualities, convenient lengths—way below cost to close.

Hardware Dept.
Whips—
We sell all kinds of Carriage Whips at Dry Goods profits. A big assortment of new Whips on sale Thursday. 6-foot full stock Java Whips, at—each..... 10c

6-foot full stock Java Whips, with fancy handle and rubber butts, at—each..... 25c

DRAYMAN'S WHIPS, at—each—
19c, 25c and 50c

COVERED RAWHIDE WHIPS—One piece of Rawhide from snap to cap, big value at, each 50c

Extra heavy covered Rawhide Whips, with Philadelphia snap, cannot be equalled at the price we ask—Thursday, each..... 98c

HALF WHALEBONE WHIPS—6¼ feet long, with loaded butt, one of the best, at—each..... $2.00

Fancy English Trap Whips, natural wood stock, pig skin covered handle, extra long lash; $1.50 value at—each..... $3.00

Crockery Dept.
CHAMBER SETS—6-piece Decorated Chamber Sets, Thursday, each... $1.59

SAUCE PLATES—Crystal Glass Sauce Dishes or Berry Dishes, at—per doz.... 15c

LAMPS—Parlor Lamps, with fancy Globes Thursday at, each..... 98c

CUPS AND SAUCERS—300 Fancy Gold Decorated Cups and Saucers, children's size, worth up to 25c, Thursday, each..... 19c

DINNER SETS—New English Semi-Porcelaine decorated Dinner Sets; per set of 100 pieces..... $13.95

SYRACUSE CHINA DINNER SETS—Decorated Syracuse China Dinner Sets of 100 pieces, worth $18; Thursday at—per set..... $14.50

STONE WARE PITCHERS—Decorated Stone Ware, 2-quart Water or Beer Pitchers; Thursday, at—each..... 35c

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS

TOMORROW, THURSDAY, MAY 31, will be the last day that Real Estate Taxes can be paid without penalty, and to accommodate the public the County Treasurer's office will be open from 8 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m.

The law now allows one-half of the tax to be paid on or before May 31st, and then the other half can run until the end of October without any penalty, but if the first half is not paid by Thursday, ten (10) per cent must be added to the whole tax Friday morning.

This is mandatory on the Treasurer and admits of no alternative.

L. H. WHIPPLE,

REMEMBER, TOMORROW, THURSDAY, WILL BE THE LAST DAY.

County Treasurer.

DECLARES HIS PLANS

Lord Salisbury Outlines Great Britain's Policy Toward the Boer Republic.

WOULD ABSORB THEM

He Says That No Semblance of Independence Must Remain.

London, May 30.—Lord Salisbury, who was entertained at dinner last evening by the City of London Conservative association, made an important announcement regarding the government's South African policy.

"The stop the war party have used my name," said the premier, "in support of their ideas, by stating that I promised there should be no annexation of territory, annexation of gold fields. I never gave a pledge. I never meant to give a pledge. (Loud cheers).

"I stated a simple historical fact. We were accused of going to war for lust of gold and territory. It was one of those calumnies which, under the favorable influence of Dr. Leyds, spread itself over the press of Europe. We went to war to abate oppression of the queen's subjects in the Transvaal and because our remonstrances were met by an insulting ultimatum, to which, if the queen's government had submitted, her power not only in South Africa, but over her colonies and dependencies would have been at an end. We were forced into war by the action of our opponents.

"They say that because we repudiated the greed of territory we therefore bound ourselves never to annex any territory. This is a most ridiculous misconstruction. I dwell on this point because this matter of annexation is about to become a burning question.

"We have made a tremendous sacrifice of blood and treasure in this conflict. There are misleading prophets, whose action bulks as large in the columns of the newspapers as the action of more indigenous and powerful people, who mislead the unlucky rulers of the Transvaal to continue resistance far beyond the time when all resistance has ceased to be possibly successful. These men are perpetually pressing us to make some conditions, to offer some added stipulations that shall leave a shred of independence to the two republics. Our only certainty to prevent a recurrence of this fearful war is to insure that never again shall such vast accumulations of armament occur, that no semblance of the former independence of the republics shall remain. (Cheers).

"We are not yet at the end of the war, but I venture to lay it down as a primary condition of any future settlement that precautions will be taken of such a character that such a war will never occur again. Of course, what measures will be taken it is impossible at this moment to determine, because that depends largely upon the action and temper of those with whom we have to deal.

"I have already intimated that their resistance has gone beyond the limit to which resistance could wisely go. It is not for us to criticize their actions in what they are pleased to call self-defense, but they have acted so in that every bitterness created by the war, and every severance of classes and races has been stimulated by every measure they have taken; and so they go on. It will also be our duty to protect those natives who have been so sorely afflicted, and at the same time to so conduct our policy that so far as possible there shall be a reconciliation and every one shall be a happy member of the British empire."

MINE DIVIDENDS.

Calumet and Hecla Decreased and Tamarack Increased.

Boston, Mass., May 30.—The Calumet & Hecla Mining company declared a dividend of 10 cents per share. This is a decrease of 10 per cent from the last share. The directors of the Tamarack Mining company have declared a semi-annual dividend of 7 per cent. The previous dividend was 6 per cent.

Clean, cool, pleasantly fragrant smoke from start to finish, and perfectly put up—that's a Chancellor, 10-cent cigar.

RAIN IN INDIA.

Good Fall in Mysore and Scattered Showers Elsewhere.

London, May 30.—The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, telegraphs that good rain has fallen in Mysore, and that scattered showers have fallen elsewhere. The cholera in many parts of Bombay and Rajputana has not abated and is causing much mortality and impedes the relief work. There are 5,750,000 persons in receipt of relief.

We want to say as little as possible, because the newspapers charge high for talk. Therefore, to cut it short: Chancellors (10 cents), Corona (5 cents)—they are good, sir; good cigars; no mistake about them.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

DECISION FOR M'COY

The Kid Is Declared Winner In the Go With Ryan.

RYAN MAKES A ROW

Calls Referee Hogan a Robber and They Punch Each Other.

Chicago, May 30.—Kid McCoy was given the decision over Syracuse Tommy Ryan last night at Tattersall's at the end of one of the prettiest six-round fights ever seen here, but over the decision, and what Referee Hogan claims was a misapprehension, a free-for-all fight resulted, and but for the presence of a large force of police, who hustled the men out of the ring, and cleared the hall in a hurry, it is probable that the McCoy-Ryan fight would not have been the most interesting thing on the evening's program. One clause of the agreement was that a draw should be declared were both men on their feet at the end of the sixth round. Referee Hogan said after the contest that he had no such understanding, and rendered a decision as he thought just.

As the bell rang at the end of the sixth round, Ryan, bleeding from ear

KID McCOY.

and nose from the kid's fierce blows, but comparatively fresh, started toward his corner.

"McCoy wins," shouted Referee Hogan.

In an instant the hall was in a pandemonium.

"What do you mean?" said Ryan, in amazement.

Hogan said nothing, but climbed through the ropes.

"You are a robber," shouted Ryan. Hogan turned around, and just as he did so Ryan swung his left to Hogan's face. Quick as a flash Hogan returned the compliment with a blow on Tommy's nose. But before they could go further the police were between them.

The Tattersall's management admitted after the fight that the draw agreement was correct, but said Hogan's decision would stand.

So far as the fight was concerned, McCoy, in the opinion of a large majority, had a long shade the better of it. Ryan carried the fight to his man continually, but the elusive kid was generally out of the way and his lightning jabs had Tommy bleeding slightly early in the fight. Ryan shook the kid up badly, however, a number of times with right and left hooks to the stomach

TOMMY RYAN.

and jaw, and was apparently fully as fresh as his unmarked opponent at the finish.

At 10:30 p. m. McCoy, attended by Billy Stift, Harry Harris and Philadelphia Jack O'Brien as seconds, climbed through the ropes and took the northeast corner of the ring. A few moments later Tommy Ryan, accompanied by Harry Gilmore, Jack Jeffries and Pat Early, climbed into the ring amid a roar of cheers and walked over to the southeast corner. Then ensued a delay. McCoy had entered the ring with his hands heavily bandaged, and over Ryan's objections to the bandages there ensued a wordy battle between the seconds.

For nearly ten minutes, amid the hisses of the crowd and shouts of "take 'em off," McCoy sat silent in his corner, refusing to take the tape from his hands.

The articles allowed soft bandages, but Ryan insisted that the tape on McCoy's hands was much harder than allowable. Finally George Siler and two members of the press were agreed upon to settle the dispute, which went in McCoy's favor.

The gloves were quickly donned and Referee Malachy Hogan called the men to the center of the ring for final instructions. It was apparent as the men stood listening to Hogan that both were in the finest possible condition.

FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

Round 1. Both sparred cautiously for a moment, when the Kid swung on Ryan's wind, Ryan countering on the face. McCoy put a straight left to nose and a right swing to nose without a return. A fierce rally ensued. Both fell to the floor. Both were up smiling. McCoy immediately dashed his left three times to Tommy's nose. Ryan rushed and landed a hard right on ribs, but was countered heavily on the cheek. Tommy came in with his head down swinging his right, but was met with a right upper-cut in the chest. The next attempt was more successful, his right reaching McCoy's ear with force, but an instant later McCoy dashed his ready left to Ryan's mouth.

Round 2. The men clinched instantly with no damage. Ryan with his head down, rushed, but received a right upper-cut on the chest again. McCoy took a turn at rushing and swung his right. Ryan rushed immediately but missed and fell to the floor. Ryan rushed and landed a hard left on McCoy's mouth twice. Again he rushed, but each time received McCoy's left straight in the face. Ryan rushed and hooked his left to the ear, but the Kid stopped it with his shoulder. Ryan tried it again, the blow glancing along McCoy's averted face. McCoy then rushed in a hard left straight in Tommy's eye. Bringing his left lightly to the mouth. Both were bleeding slightly from the mouth as they went to their corners.

Round 3. Ryan rushed but did no damage. Sparring cautiously for a few seconds, Ryan again rushed and put a hard left to ribs, receiving a hard right straight in the eye, getting McCoy in a neutral corner, Ryan tried a left hook, but the Kid was well inside. Rushing McCoy into his corner, Ryan swung both right and left, but McCoy's ever ready left found a lodging place in Tommy's stomach. Tommy missed a right an instant later. McCoy swung a terrific left to Ryan's face and dazed him. Ryan rushed him, however, but received a hard right in the face. The bell rang in the middle of a fierce mixup in the center of the ring.

Round 4—Ryan, as usual, assumed the offensive, and, backing McCoy into his own corner, landed a right and left on the ribs, McCoy in return landing his right on Tommy's chest and in a fierce mix-up in the center of the ring threw his left to Tommy's face. Again Ryan rushed and in a mixup the Kid slipped to the floor where he stayed for a few seconds, smiling. Ryan hooked a hard left to the Kid's jaw and rushed him to his own corner and landed a hard right and left to the ribs, receiving two hard lefts in the face. McCoy hooked left to stomach and face. Ryan missed a left hook by a foot and received a left hook on the jaw which sent his head around. Just as the bell rang, both exchanged lefts to stomach. This was Ryan's best round.

Round 5—Ryan blocked a left for the face, Ryan rushed, but the Kid cleverly evaded him again. Tommy rushed and swung his right hard on the kid's heart, the Kid countering with a left on the ear. Once more Tommy rushed, the Kid easily evading him. A fierce mixup followed in which Tommy's nose was split by a backhanded left from McCoy. Tommy swung his right to the ribs, receiving two left hooks on the cheek. McCoy cleverly ducked a left straight. McCoy put a hard left to Tommy's nose. Then a mixup followed in McCoy's corner but Ryan was unable to land effectively. The men rushed alone one side of the ring and were landing right and left when the bell rang.

Round 6—Both sparred cautiously for an instant. Ryan tried a left hook, but McCoy was inside with his left on Tommy's sore nose. In a mixup, Tommy landed twice, receiving a hard right on the ear. Tommy again rushed and landed a terrific right, the Kid sliding to the floor. He rose instantly, apparently unharmed. Ryan rushed the Kid around the ring and finally getting McCoy to his own corner hooked a right to the Kid's ear, but received a terrific left which straightened him up. Ryan kept on rushing, swinging left and right, but not landing once in four times, the Kid blocking cleverly. Ryan put a hard right to the Kid's jaw and a left to ear.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
For
Brain Workers.

Strengthens the exhausted and confused brain, relieves nervous headache, and induces refreshing sleep.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

REJECTS IT.

House Refuses to Accept the Senate Amendment on Armor Plate.

Washington, May 30.—The house yesterday by a vote of 107 to 124 refused to accept the senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill relating to armor plate and adopted a modified proposition reading as follows:

"That the secretary of the navy is hereby authorized to procure, by contract, armor of the best quality for any or all vessels above referred to, provided such contracts can be made at a price which in his judgment is reasonable and equitable; but in case he is unable to make contracts for armor under the above conditions, he is hereby authorized in his discretion to procure a site for and to erect thereon a factroy for the manufacture of armor, and the sum of $4,000,000 is hereby appropriated toward the erection of said factory."

With regard to ocean and lake surveys, the house refused an appropriation for surveys by the navy and tied the conferees with instructions. It also refused to concur in the senate amendment to abolish the two years' sea cruise for naval cadets. With the above action the naval bill was sent back to conference, the conference report on the other items having been agreed to.

The conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill, agreeing on all items except the senate amendment appropriating $225,000 for pneumatic tube service, was adopted, and the house then concurred in the excepted amendment. The opponents of the extended service in the house reconciled their concurrence in this action upon the ground that the $225,000 simply carried out the existing contract.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 4 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE UNITED States Flour Milling Company:

In pursuance of an order made on this day by the court of chancery of New Jersey, in a cause wherein George William Ballou is complainant, and United States Flour Milling Company is defendant, you are required to present to the subscribers, the receivers of the United States Flour Milling Company heretofore appointed in said cause, and proved before them, under oath or affirmation, or otherwise as said receivers shall direct, to the satisfaction of said receivers, your several claims and demands against the said United States Flour Milling Company, within two months from the date of said order, or be excluded from the benefits of any such dividends as may hereafter be made and declared by the said court upon the proceeds of the effects of the said corporation.

Dated May 10th, 1900.

SAMUEL THOMAS,
CHARLES E. KIMBALL,
ALBERT C. LORING,
Receivers of the United States Flour Milling Company.

80 Broadway,
New York City, N. Y.

Or care—
LINDABURY, DEPUE & FAULKS,
Solicitors for Receivers,
776 Broad Street,
Newark, N. J.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-16-23-30-June-6-1900.

PROMOTION FOR OTIS.

Is Nominated a Major General to Succeed Merritt.

Washington, May 30.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate: Brig. Gen. Otis, United States army, to be major general, June 16, 1900, vice Merritt, who retires on that date. Court of private land claims—Joseph R. Reid, of Iowa, to be chief justice. Thomas H. Morton, to be consul at Harput, Turkey.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, turbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charles moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 15, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles F. Gummey, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Charles Francis Gummey, Jr., executor of the estate of Charles F. Gummey, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, May-16-23-30-1900

RUSSIAN NAVY IN EASTERN WATERS

The Czar and His Predecessors Have Built Up the Marine Fighting Strength After a Carefully Laid Plan.

Ships England and Japan May Tackle. | Russian Torpedo Boats Swarm In the Orient.

Washington, May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Russia has the whip hand of her enemies in the Orient," remarked an attache of the embassy to the writer yesterday. "She has been quietly adding to her fleet there until today an array of warships confronts Japan and Great Britain that can be counted upon to uphold the honor of the flag no matter what occurs." The attache's confidence was founded largely, it was explained, on the size and strength of the Russian ships and the careful training received by their crews in the art of naval warfare. Russia, it appears, has for years past sought to secure just the ships that are best suited to her necessities regardless of what other nations have done. Since 1864, when Russia launched a number of monitors of the Ericsson class, the fleet has been augmented by boats of the newest model and all the old ones retired or renovated so as to keep the fleet always up to the highest point of proficiency.

Prior to the Crimean war Russia placed her reliance in vessels of the Admiral class, ships that ranged in displacement from 3754 in the "Lazareff" to 3696 in the "Tchitchacho." In 1871, however, the Russians made a radical departure by the adoption for Crimean defence of the circular class of vessel, a warship suited to the shallow waters of the coast because, being of circular form, the vessel could, with heavy weights, carry a great displacement upon relatively small draught. The circular vessels could attain a speed of only nine knots, but they carried an armament of two 11-ton breech-loading guns and four smaller pieces in an unarmored breastwork.

To the Russians belong the credit of solving the problem of an armored cruiser in which great speed could be combined with effective protection in an encounter with the warships then afloat. This gave to the Russians the "General Admiral," launched in 1873, and one of the best of the boats built of iron, wood sheathed under water and coppered. This vessel is 285 feet, 9 inches in length, 48 feet, 2 inches in beam and with 21 feet mean draught has 4428 tons displacement. She was designed to steam thirteen knots, carry 1000 tons of fuel and have a coal endurance of 5900 miles at ten knots. The battery and belt are armored with 6-inch plates. The belt is seven feet wide at the water line and has, level with its upper edge, a highly curved deck of iron. This type of vessel has proved so successful that it has been reproduced and improved in most of the great navies.

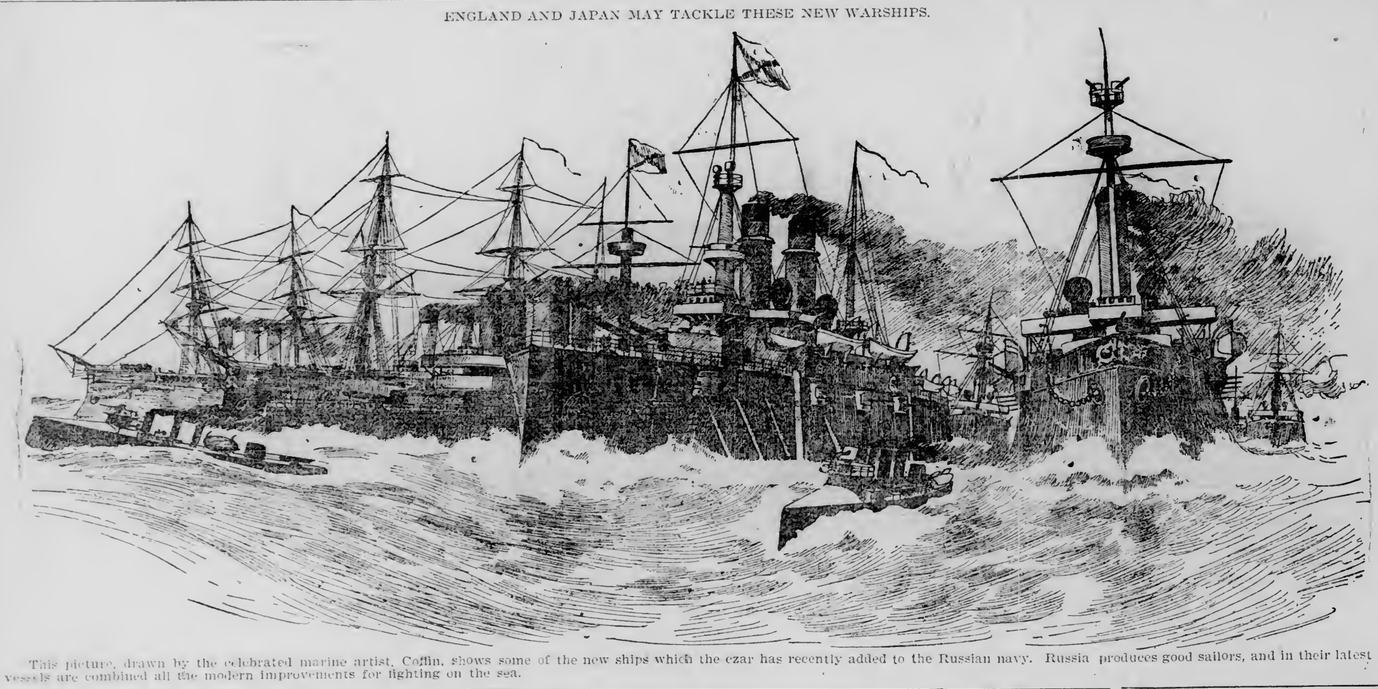
The powerful battleships of the decade-old Russian fleet include the Catherine II, Tchesme and the Sinope. They are built of iron and steel (wood sheathed and coppered) have ram bows and are of the following dimensions: Length, 339 feet, beam 69 feet, mean draught 26.5 feet, displacement 10,181 tons. They are encircued by a belt of compound armor twelve to eighteen inches thick and have a complete 3-inch protective deck. Within a 14-inch armored pear-shaped redoubt six 12-inch rifles are mounted on disappearing barbette carriages; seven 6-inch guns are carried on the gun-deck—six in broadside and one on a shifting pivot mount, and the secondary battery is composed of seven Hotchkiss revolving cannon and seven torpedo-tubs. The engines of the "Catherine II" and the "Tohesme" are of the vertical compound three-cylinder type and develop 11,000 horse power and a 16-knot speed. The engines of the "Sinope" are of the triple-expansion type and develop 10,000 horse power with natural and 13,000 with forced draught. Another ship of the "Emperor Alexander II" type, named the "Nicholas the First," displaces 8,440 tons, is 327 feet in length, 67 feet in beam and 25.5 draught. These ships carry a complete belt of steel armor six to fourteen inches thick and nine inches wide and a curved steel deck three inches thick, covers their under-water bodies. The battery consists of two 12-inch guns mounted in a pear-shaped barbette tower forward; in the broadside there are four 9-inch, eight 6-inch and four 3.5 inch rifles, together with a number of Hotchkiss guns. The barbette tower has steel armor, ten inches thick and the usual torpedo tubes. The horse power is 8000 and the speed sixteen knots.

Russia's modern ironclads include the Navarin, a first class battleship of 9476 tons displacement, armed with four 12-inch guns; the Oslabza, a 12,674-ton battleship, one of the largest in the world, armed with four 12-inch guns and thirty quick-firers; the Pultava, 10,960 tons; the Pertopavlovsk, 10,960 tons; the Peresviet, 12,674 tons, all armed with four 12-inch guns, and numerous quick-firers; the Sevastopol, 10,960 tons, armed with six 12-inch guns and the Tri Sviatitelia, 12,480 tons, armed with six 12-inch guns and sixty-two quick-firers.

The Vitias and Rinda, steel cruisers, have their vital parts covered by a steel-curved deck one and a half inches thick, are of 2965 tons displacement and have a speed of fifteen knots. The Pamjatj Azowa is a partially armored cruiser with barbette batteries. The rapid, unarmored steel cruiser named the Admiral Kornlloff is of 5000 tons displacement, has triple expansion engines, a curved steel deck to protect the machinery and boilers and a cellular sub-division to insure stability in case of perforation at or below the water line.

Russia has a most effective fleet of torpedo boats, some of which are of extraordinary speed. This class of boat has always been a favorite with Russian naval officers who have shown great skill and daring in torpedo warfare. Besides her numerous torpedo boats Russia possesses an immense fleet of heavy gunboats, many of them carrying two 8-inch guns, some one 6-inch breech-loading gun and others rapid-fire pieces. These small fast boats will be of great service in any fighting that may take place in Oriental waters and Russia has wisely concentrated a fleet of them there. To the formidable array of ships that Russia has already collected in the East there will soon be added the splendid new cruiser Variag, now receiving her finishing touches in Cramps' shipyard at Philadelphia. With this latter warship added the fleet of the czar in Eastern waters will be fully capable of defending the honor of the flag with the blue cross.

ENGLAND AND JAPAN MAY TACKLE THESE NEW WARSHIPS.



This picture, drawn by the celebrated marine artist, Coffin, shows some of the new ships which the czar has recently added to the Russian navy. Russia produces good sailors, and in their latest vessels are combined all the modern improvements for fighting on the sea.

Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. With her whole being undergoing a change, the seeds of female troubles are sown. Little menstrual disorders, if neglected at the time, will follow the woman all her life and grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are robbing homes and filling graveyards, proves this. Yet, irregular and painful menstruation is often permitted to go on sapping the life and energy, while Wine of Cardui, the positive relief for these ills, is on the shelf of every drug store. Wine of Cardui helps the maiden sustain the shock of puberty by maintaining a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

is an emmenagogue of great power and works wonders in strengthening the delicate and sensitive female organs. Many young women owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. No woman should give up hope until she has given Wine of Cardui a trial. If thousands have secured relief through it, why not you?

Tully, Kas., Feb. 24, 1899.

I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time; was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui with Thedford's Black-Draught when needed and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me.
MISS DELLA M. STRAYER.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga Tenn.

McKinley has the most extravagant love for the reporter sort of man, that kind of newspaper writer who sees only the obvious and never strains his equality. Heath was just that sort of man.

Muncie is a good point to operate Indiana from and that state had long been a stumbling bloc: to the Republicans from its preference for cheap currency. Ohio possesses a general good average of soil and its settlers had bestowed with him, or enact the affectionate part.

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Muncie is a good point to operate Indiana from and that state had long been a stumbling bloc: to the Republicans from its preference for cheap currency. Ohio possesses a general good average of soil and its settlers had become well-to-do while those in Indiana were still poor and serious. The distinguishing mark of Indiana has been its solemnity, said to have arisen from the nearly universal fever and ague which afflicted most of its people.

Muncie became rather the center of political operations in McKinley's Indiana campaign and Heath mounted to the head of the postoffice department since the postmaster general was to be only an honorary head. It was first conferred upon Gary, a New England Marylander, who was soon frozen out.

Had McKinley kept Gary at the head of the postoffice department, the Heath combination would not now be a weight upon McKinley's heart and a source of impotent rage to Mark Hanna. But the president became frigid to him and the cabinet circle, which was obsequious to McKinley, hardly perceived the presence of Mr. Gary. He discovered that ability and equipoise or dignity were not admired in that circle and withdrew.

Charles Emory Smith came to Washington in McKinley's behalf, and that of the big railways, to stop the war with Spain. I heard him harangue senators, like Platt, of Connecticut, and Proctor, upon the error of their ways. He defended McKinley in editorial compositions written at the cabinet table, so that the fear of losing those strengthening incubrations at a time when the president had meted out his backbone caused McKinley to put Smith in the cabinet, so that he might have a Xenophon to describe the president's heroism on a retreat.

In that interval and subsequently Perry Heath became the commanding spirit of the department and divided with the war department the entire administration of Cuba and other parts.

Far removed from the United States, among a people who did not speak the English language, these agents picked out by Heath had a free field. It was not long before Neely began to steal.

Observe now Neely, another reportorial polypus, who had been a printer, and the playmate of Heath and had run a show in which the want of dress was conspicuous. Show people and reporters are the bulwarks of the president. Anybody who visited Canton would find the actors as welcome there as to the melancholy court of Prince Hamlet. Though a Methodist, McKinley loves the theater, and there he and Hanna blend their tastes.

Neely broke up with a newspaper at Muncie and broke up with his traveling show and the Heaths, who are several, bought the paper and a printing establishment and Perry Heath appointed Neely to be treasurer of the Cuban postoffice system for which he was fitted by being a bankrupt and a rounder.

Except for the military authorities on the spot this stealing might have gone to immense lengths. But the climate was not to the taste of the gentleman who could forward $15,000 to the Muncie bank and he came home and left confederates, one of whom had been postmaster at Indianapolis and another was Mark Hanna's chief political factor in Ohio. The military men turned over one of these creatures and he let out a tale. The first thing McKinley said, naturally, was: "How will this affect my re-election?" The first thing everybody else said was: "What a disgrace to our nation that such lickspittles and menials should be sent to the new countries we assumed guardianship for."

The fact that Spanish rule had loosened all the examples of purity was an additional reason why we should have put honorable men in that island. The strength of the British rule in India is not in its arms, but in its honor. The administration of justice and the punishment of public defalcations in both the British municipal governments and the British colonies are patent to the subjects there.

Indiana has emerged from its poor provincial conditions to be the most Eastern of the Northwestern states. Indianapolis has become both a political and a commercial center. Cincinnati and Chicago are barely over the Indiana corners. Louisville and Toledo lie over the two remaining corners of Indiana. The state contains all the raw materials, inclusive of fine coal, the best building stone and natural gas. Yet Indiana has had a peculiar biography.

Its first governor, William Henry Harrison, labored hard to introduce slavery. During the war, Southern Indiana had its open traitors and formed the Knights of the Golden Circle, and were prosecuted by Governor Morton almost to the gallows. The man in Lincoln's cabinet who left the least fame and the most money was from Indiana, Dick Thompson, the ancient of days there, took a fee from the Panama canal while in Hayes' cabinet. The purchase of voters in the Garfield campaign, for such small sums as $2, was put through in Indiana.

Party spirit has run beyond all bounds in Indiana, and the campaigns there have been from door to door. Consequently when each side obtains a victory its least scrupulous partisans are put in the official places.

The cause of Indiana turning Republican has been the material improvements, especially in the manufactures. The gas belt has taken a large part of the glass business from Pittsburg and other Eastern points.

An Indiana Democrat said that the small banks of Indiana had been calling in the farmer's 7 per cent mortgages and voluntarily renewing them at 5 per cent. Of course, when men have things to export they want the best money for them and only want inferior money when they are desperately poor. Indiana is less of a greenback and silver state now than ever before.

The Republicans are succeeding upon the idea that if people are prosperous their sectarianism in politics will break up. Prosperity undoubtedly tends to unity, as we can see from most people who get rich joining the established church.

To men of honor the injury wrought our good name from the very head of the postal department must be humiliating.

If the president were really grieving over the injury his satellites had done our fame, instead of wondering whether or not his second term would be affected, we should sympathize with him.

The central criminal in these Cuban frauds must be dragged out. It will not do to punish a parcel of little clerks who belong to a general combination with a thinking head.

Our postal system is a scandal, anyway. It ought to be compelled to yield a fine revenue to the government, but it is the citadel of about all the thieves in the two political parties.

Every kind of job has been thrown into the postoffice department in the last three years. A universal system of pneumatic tubes was started by Heath and others, intended to create immediately great fortunes. Congress sat down on it, but unless these minions are turned out of the postoffice department the thing will revive.

I have noticed that all the managing politicians, when they are displaced, work into telephone or other raw incorporations which they expect to put upon the government.

Politicians are corrupt by their nature and avocation and by the expansion of the government and the wondrous power of the people to pay taxes.

In New York City a band of Republican politicians is trying to corner the milk of the people and a band of Tammany hall politicians, led by the mayor and his brother Augustus, are deep in the ice monopoly.

This corruption has been exceptional until recent times, when the system of capturing the presidency by a Masonic band of healers working in secrecy has made it incumbent to pay every healer with something extensive.

Thirty years ago, to be smirched with any jobbing inflicted a lasting wound upon a correspondent's reputation in Washington, but in our day we see the caps of those few tarnished writers raised to high places.

The premium now is upon the public writer who is perfectly amenable to the corruption above him and palliating it or hushing the matter up. The president, I am informed, does not hesitate to send for these writers and ask them not to say very much on the postoffice stealing, etc.

The march of monopoly is seen in the attempts of congress to pass a bill against the sale of butterine. The excuse is to protect the sacred people from bad butter.

I have been marketing personally for thirty-five years and know something about the results from oleomargarine. This article sells for 15 cents a pound, and the best quality of it for 20 cents. Less than a year ago what is called Elgin butter was put up from 30 to 35 cents a pound, retail. This advance of price was quickly followed by the congressional bills to tax butterine out of existence, and I suppose that in time butter would have been raised to 40 cents a pound without any recourse.

It takes two or three pounds of butter a week to cook in the kitchen of a family which does not love pig's grease. When oleomargarine is forced out of existence, as it is now being blackmailed, we shall be paying 35 cents or more to grease our frying pans, and it will cost a plain family $100 a year merely for butter. At the same time the cow fat will be put just the same in the nominally pure butter, and nobody will be any better off except the middleman.

It is generally predicted that the presidential campaign will be dull. Yet a great many people are going to make an excursion out of the conventions. Immense numbers of people are booked to go from the East to Kansas City by the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, which passes through the Capital city.

The Republicans are going to try to pass an anti-trust bill in congress, and immediately the Democrats will cry out that it is against state rights and make another of their mistakes.

The efficiency of state government is limited to exclusively local things. They could not handle the postoffice department, even with its corruptions, as well as the federal state, and transportation was long ago taken, by Southern men, like Regan, of Texas, out of state lines and made national.

The quarantine of cholera and yellow fever patients by the general government was howled at a few years ago, when each state was trying to push its infected people upon the other states and carrying out a shotgun blockade of the local cities.

The state governments are pretty well forgotten and their own follies and corruptions.

Look at Pennsylvania, with its governor, a mere adjunct of its senator, trying to put the ex-senator or himself into a six years' seat at Washington.

Look at Montana, where both parties sell the senatorship to a mining king, whose stool pigeon at home, the lieutenant governor, cheats the governor out of his functions and the bogus senator resigns the seat he obtained from the legislature in order to have the lieutenant governor crown him with an appointment.

In the Harrison campaign, when Harrison was beaten, a Montana man was chairman of the Republican national committee, and the vice presidential candidate roared that for $80,000 shed into the campaign he did not get one voucher for its expenditure.

The rise of Mark Hanna as a campaign manager was inevitable from the passing of power from statesmen to merchants and manufacturers. Harrison's election over Cleveland, in 1888, was accomplished by these manufacturers and merchants, such as Wanamaker, raising the campaign fund and sending it over to New York, under Quay. As a reward Harrison put Wanamaker into his cabinet, where he generated the hopes of a United States senatorship, until turned down by Quay. Having kept Quay out of his seat, Wanamaker is now turning his forces against the Philadelphia city government. It is believed that the administration is on the side of Wanamaker.

In 1892 the mercantile element in politics were glad to punish Harrison for imitating Cleveland's insolence to them. But by 1896 the fuss over the tariff and the currency had impoverished the politicians and the people, and Hanna assumed the Wanamaker role and took his pay and became a United States senator, as well as the president's mayor of the palace.

However bad the form, the progression was on the physical lines which rule everything now.

GATH.

Gath's Views

The Cuban Postal Scandal and Spoils Politics Give Rise to Some Interesting Stories and Reflections.

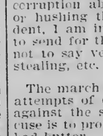
New York, May 26.—The nasty mess our postal administration of Cuba is due to the humility of the president and his man Hanna, who never want to take trouble with a gentleman when a common fellow will answer their purpose.

Neely, the first thief to be found out by Wood, the commander of the Rough Riders, whom Roosevelt picked to be over him and not under him, comes from Muncie, Ind., where Brady, the chief of the Star Routers, also belonged.

Hayes' administration, the first of the Ohio executives, was cheated by Brady and Dorsey, that famous union of Indiana and Ohio men, upon the idea that the frontiersmen and heathens ought to have as many deliveries a day of the mail as Broadway, New York. Humanitarian gush often paves the way for a grand steal. Hayes found out in time that upon his well-meaning administration had been inflicted a deep stigma by men of criminal and audacious initiative.

The natural gas belt, which extends through Middle Ohio, makes the corresponding part of Indiana an Ohio territory, and Muncie has sprung up to be a railroad center. Perry Heath, first assistant postmaster general, came from there. Heath had been a printer and later a newspaper correspondent in Washington. He acquired an option on the Cincinnati Commercial at a time when it was suspended between the Democratic and Republican parties, mortgaged to the former and supported by the latter. Heath was made conductor of this paper and his connection with such an important paper made him requested of Hanna and McKinley, who were working McKinley's canvass chiefly upon the advertising plan.

One of their propositions was to have McKinley's portrait wherever the human eye could turn. They bought steel engravings, reduced to a cent or two a piece in cost, and I heard Hanna say that he thought those portraits were one of the best investments the campaign committee made. McKinley has great vanity in his face; he would rather have the society of a photographer than of the twelve Caesars. He is a Narcissus, who fell in love with his face in the brook of his running popularity. Those persons whom McKinley turns his affections toward are enamored with him, or enact the affectionate part.



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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The burning question is: "What shall we smoke?" Try Chancellor (10 cents) or Corona (5 cents).

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When the excretory organs fail to carry off the waste material from the system, there is an abnormal accumulation of effete matter which poisons and clogs the blood, and it becomes sour and acid.

This poison is carried through the general circulation to all parts of the body, and upon reaching the skin surface there is a redness and eruption, and by certain peculiarities we recognize Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Erysipelas and many other skin troubles, more or less severe. While the skin is the seat of irritation, the real disease is in the blood. Medicated lotions and powders may allay the itching and burning, but never cure, no matter how long and faithfully continued, and the condition is often aggravated and skin permanently injured by their use.

The disease is more than skin deep; the entire circulation is poisoned.

The many preparations of arsenic, mercury, potash, etc., not only do not cure skin diseases, but soon ruin the digestion and break down the constitution.

S. S. S., nature's own remedy, made of roots, herbs and barks, of great purifying and tonical properties, quickly and effectually cures blood and skin troubles, because it goes direct to the root of the disease and stimulates and restores normal, healthy action to the different organs, cleanses and enriches the blood, and thus relieves the system of all poisonous secretions. S. S. S. cures permanently because it leaves none of the original poison to referment in the blood and cause a fresh attack.

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Healthy blood is necessary to preserve that clear, smooth skin and beautiful complexion so much desired by all. S. S. S. can be relied upon with certainty to keep the blood in perfect order. It has been curing blood and skin diseases for half a century; no other medicine can show such a record.

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Our medical department is in charge of physicians of large experience in treating blood and skin diseases, who will take pleasure in aiding by their advice and direction all who desire it. Write fully and freely about your case; your letters are held in strictest confidence. We make no charge whatever for this service. Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases will be sent free upon application.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department. Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 30.—The barometer is high over Western North Dakota, Montana, Alberta and British Columbia, and low over the province of Ontario. Light rains have fallen in the upper half of the Red River valley and throughout Northwest Canada, with a moderately heavy rain at Marquette. Cooler weather prevails over the greater portion of the Northwest, and it is warmer at Marquette and Milwaukee. Foggy weather prevails over Northern Lake Michigan and Western Lake Superior, with winds mostly light westerly.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	40	Medicine Hat	38
Bismarck	44	Miles City	46
Calgary	34	Milwaukee	48
Duluth	46	Minnedosa	46
Edmonton	38	Moorhead	48
Escanaba	52	Port Arthur	48
Green Bay	52	Prince Albert	42
Havre	36	Qu'Appelle	42
Helena	46	St. Paul	58
Huron	46	Swift Current	34
Kamloops	46	Williston	42
La Crosse	60	Winnipeg	46
Marquette	46		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and warmer tonight and Thursday. Light and fresh winds, mostly westerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh variable winds; possibly showers this afternoon or tonight. Generally fair Thursday.

It Marks the Turn of the Tide.

The Cuban scandal has caused honest and sensible Republicans to become restless. Ruin and disgrace, the sure accompaniment of national greed, are in prospect, and the real nature of imperialism is revealing itself. In a speech in the senate last week, Senator Hale declared his belief that we should have abandoned Cuba. "We would have been better off," he said, "if we had not taught the Cubans the lesson that has been taught in the last few months." And the senator created a great sensation in the senate and in the galleries by touching the nerve of the whole matter, saying with ringing emphasis: "I think there are very powerful influences in this country—largely located in New York city, largely speculative, and connected with money-making enterprises—that are determined that we shall never give up Cuba. I think that the time will never come, unless something earnest and drastic is done by congress, when the last soldier of the United States will be withdrawn from Cuban soil." The senator did not explain his statement further nor did any one seriously challenge its correctness. The fact is that ever since the island was occupied by our troops, there has been a persistent effort made to mould public sentiment in this country in favor of annexing Cuba. Attempts have been made to enlist the aid of the press in this scheme and some of the newspapers have assisted it. For many months past The Herald has been receiving circulars in favor of Cuban annexation and copies of extracts from newspapers favoring a violation of the pledge made by the American people. These circulars come in envelopes postmarked at New York but bearing no name. The schemers prefer to keep their identity secret. The same influences to which Senator Hale referred are undoubtedly supplying the money to carry on this expensive propaganda. But the American people have a conscience and the schemers must reckon with it. From the standpoint of self-respecting citizenship the Cuban steal is especially disgraceful, because it was money belonging to the Cubans that was stolen by the conscienceless crowd of Hanna-McKinley henchmen. The American conscience will demand not only the punishment of the rascals but the restitution of the stolen funds to the Cubans. This scandal also marks the reaction—the turn of the tide. Imperialism cannot survive a popular tempest, excited by such revelations, and the people now see clearly the private interests that favor imperialism for the opportunities for looting it presents and, that have demanded precedence of the public welfare and have been given it by the McKinley administration.

Electing Senators By Direct Popular Vote.

The method of electing United States senators is occupying public attention to a greater degree now than at any other time since the adoption of the constitution. The house of representatives has adopted a resolution favoring their election by the people instead of by the legislature, and the legislatures of several states have taken similar action. The present manner of appointing senators was devised at a time when the suffrage was greatly restricted, and when only a small number of public officials were elected by the people. For instance, the Baltimore Sun says that in Maryland for more than half a century after the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, the people did not elect their governor, state senators, judges, and in fact, hardly any officers, except sheriffs and members of the house of delegates, were chosen by the people until many years after Maryland became a state. The main reasons for having federal senators appointed by the state legislatures have long ceased to exist, and there are many reasons why the method should be changed. Conditions in Montana, in Pennsylvania and in Delaware are all object lessons, showing the defects in the present system and the objections to it. The choice of senators was given to the legislatures chiefly because it was the plan that senators should represent not so much the people of the states as the state governments, the states in their sovereign capacity. But, according to our modern ideas, the sovereign power being with the people, the people can more properly select a person to represent the sovereign state. It is a notorious fact that the political boss seldom ventures as a candidate before the people. His strength lies in the legislature, and the legislatures too frequently elect him. If senators were elected by the people, Mr. Quay would scarcely have represented Pennsylvania, Mr. Platt would not have been sent by New York, and Mr. Addicks would not have aspired to represent Delaware. It is too frequently the case that a senator is not in political accord with a majority of the people of his own state. Time and again New York, while electing a Democratic governor, has in consequence of gerrymanders elected Republican legislatures, and so a Democratic state was represented by a Republican senator. In nearly all the New England states the legislatures do not represent populations so much as towns and rotten boroughs. It is often the case, too, that a senator is out of political accord with the majority of the people of his sate because his election by the legislature takes place so long before he takes his seat that a political change has occurred in the meantime. The Sun says: "It is anticipated that the senate will continue for a long time to withstand the popular demand for a constitutional amendment giving to the people the right to elect their senators. But even the senate must give way before a strong public demand and respect public sentiment. The time will come when the change will be made."

MEMORIAL DAY.

Another Memorial day has arrived, and again the American nation pauses from the ordinary pursuits of business and industrial life to do honor to its heroic dead. Green grows the grass over fresh-made graves in the Grand Army section of the cemetery; fewer and feebler are the survivors of the host who kept the flag flying two score years ago; faded and thread-bare are the battle-torn colors taken from the walls to grace the graveyard ceremonies; yellower is the parchment on the drum to whose tap the veterans have endeavored to keep step in what, to many, will be the last parade of their lives. But the day has not lost a particle of its place in the affections of the American people, and never will while one veteran survives, or after that; for a new grand army has fallen heir to the honors of the old, and victorious Americans of the Spanish war now march with young, firm step to the same drum-beat that taps time for the old heroes of the Sixties. And when the old veterans of the civil war have all vanished from the earth, the newer generation of soldiers, who volunteered to fight the foreign foe, will perpetuate the beautiful custom of decorating the graves of the fallen heroes in fond remembrance of their deeds and in exaltation of the principles for which they gave their lives.

"Cover them over with beautiful flowers,
Deck them with garlands, these heroes of ours;
Lying so silent by night and by day,
Sleeping the years of their manhood away."

The older the annual custom of decorating the graves of the dead becomes, the less remindful are we of the origin of Memorial day. The story of the birth of this yearly observance is known to few. Adjt. Gen. Chapman, early in May, 1868, received a letter from a comrade. The writer said that he was a German who had served as a private in the Union army. He suggested that the Grand Army of the Republic inaugurate an observance in memory of the Union dead, similar to one customary with the German people, who assembled in the spring time and scattered flowers upon the graves of those whose death they mourned. The idea met with the warm approval of Gen. Logan, and May 30 was selected because of its being the end of the spring months and because of its poetical associations. It was during the administration of Maj. Gen. John A. Logan as commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. that Memorial day was established, the general orders saying:

"The 30th day of May, 1868, is designated for the purpose of strewing flowers or otherwise decorating the graves of comrades who died in defense of their country during the late rebellion, and whose bodies lie in almost every city, village, hamlet and churchyard in the land. In this observance no form of ceremony is prescribed, but posts and comrades will, in their own way, arrange such fitting services and testimonials of respect as circumstances will permit.

"We are organized, comrades, as our regulations tell us, for the purpose, among other things, 'of fraternal feelings which have bound together the soldiers, sailors and marines who united together to suppress the late rebellion.' What can aid more to assure that result than by cherishing tenderly the memory of our heroic dead who made their breasts a barricade between our country and its foes. Their soldier lives were the reveille of freedom to a race in chains, and their deaths the tattoo of a rebellious tyranny in arms. We should guard their graves with sacred vigilance. All that the consecrated taste and wealth of the nation can add to their adornment and security is but a fitting tribute to the memory of her slain defenders. Let no wanton foot tread rudely on such hallowed grounds. Let pleasant paths invite the coming and going of reverent visitors and fond mourners. Let no vandalism of avarice or neglect, no ravages of time testify to the present or the coming generation that we have forgotten as a people the cost of a free and undivided republic.

"If other eyes grow dull and other hands slack, and other hearts grow cold in the common trust, let ours keep it well as long as the light and warmth of life remains to us. Let us, then, at the time appointed, gather around their sacred remains and garland the passionless mounds above them with the choicest flowers of spring time; let us raise above them the dear old flag they saved from dishonor; let us in this solemn presence renew our pledges to aid and assist those whom they have left among us, a sacred charge upon a nation's gratitude, the soldier's and the sailor's widow and orphan. It is the purpose of the commander-in-chief to inaugurate this observance, with the hope that it will be kept up from year to year while a survivor of the war remains to honor the memory of his departed comrades. He earnestly desires the public press to call attention to this order and lend its friendly aid in bringing it to the notice of comrades in all parts of the country in time for simultaneous compliance therewith."

It is apparent by this that the original idea was to limit the observance of Memorial day to the grand army and to allow the custom of decorating the graves of the veterans to die with the passing of the last member of the band that saved the Union. It was not foreseen that a new army of veterans should be ready to take the place of the old before the old had been all laid beneath the sod. Memorial day's sacred observance is safe for some generations at least, and probably forever. Americans will never forget the graves of their soldier dead.

FOREIGN-BORN CITIZENS.

There will be little dissent from the statement of the census office that few questions asked by the enumerators are of more importance than those regarding the place of birth of the individual and his parents. It is considered doubtful whether more than 200,000 Americans by birth are living outside of the United States, while the number of persons of foreign birth living in the United States is probably 10,000,000.

The tables made from the answers to the inquiries respecting birth place show the number and distribution of the foreign-born residents of the United States, the number of them born in each of the great countries, the amount of intermarriage between these foreigners and the natives, the proportion of the foreigners who settle in the cities and those who seek the country, their ability to read and to speak English, and the law-abiding character of the population. It is sometimes said, for instance, that crime is specially common among the foreign population. But this statement can not be supported by the census figures. Few crimes are committed by persons under 15 years of age, and vast numbers of the natives are under that age and therefore can not commit crime. When comparison is made between the native prisoners and the natives over 15 years of age, and the foreign prisoners and the foreign population over 15 years of age, one finds that the proportion of persons in prison is about 50 per cent greater among the natives than among the foreign-born population.

Another point brought out clearly by the census figures is that immigrants move but a comparatively short distance. The Canadian immigrants live mainly along the Canadian frontier, and the Mexicans mainly along the Southern boundary. Thus, in 1890 the Canadians were in a plurality among the foreign-born in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Michigan, Montana and Washington. The Mexicans, on the contrary, were in a plurality in New Mexico and Arizona. The Germans, however, have spread all over the United States, and were in a plurality among the foreign-born in twenty-six states and territories.

To the several foreign-born elements of our population it is a matter of pride and interest to know the number of persons of their nationality in the United States, and their general economic condition. In 1890 there were more than 9,000,000 residents in the United States who were born in foreign countries. Of this number about 30 per cent were born in Germany, 20 per cent in Ireland, and about 10 per cent in Canada and Newfoundland. From 1821 to 1830 the United Kingdom contributed 53 per cent of the total immigration to the United States, and Germany 35 per cent. In the decade 1881 to 1890 the immigrants from the United Kingdom constituted only 28 per cent of the total immigration, the proportion from Germany being slightly less.

The people of the United States are all immigrants, or the descendants of immigrants. A proper pride on the part of recent immigrants in the land of their birth, and a reasonable desire to secure that recognition which is due to their numbers and importance, should lead all persons of foreign birth to welcome the census enumerator, and to answer his questions willingly and accurately.

A new application of wireless telegraphy which it is hoped may prove of practical utility was exhibited at a recent conversazoine of the royal society of England. A clock was shown controlled from a distance by the Herzian waves, and the inventor, whose name is Storey, hopes to develop the system so that all the clocks in a city can be driven by a standard pendulum at headquarters. He is also confident that he can steer ships at sea on the same principle, and send a torpedo against an enemy's ship without the limitations imposed by a connecting wire.

An extraordinary iron and steel firm has been found in Philadelphia by the navy department, which tried to buy some steel tubes from it. The firm refused to sell the tubes, on the ground that they sold nothing that might be used for the purposes of war. There are a few Quakers left in Philadelphia, and some of them evidently are in the steel trade.

Secretary Gage's call for the $25,000,000 of outstanding 2 per cent bonds extended in 1891 will save nearly $10,000 a week in interest. This call leaves no bonds subject to redemption at par. The next call we can make will be in 1904, when such of Mr. Cleveland's ten-year 5 per cent bonds as have not been exchanged for the new 2s will mature.

This much can be said of Secretary Hay's treatment of the Boer envoys—he did not compel them to listen to any of his poetry.

The court of inquiry which sat on the case of Capt. McGowan, U. S. N., charged with shooting a Filipino who tried to climb on board the Monadnock, found that the captain did not exercise due discretion in the shooting. This might mean that he shot the Filipino in the wrong place.

Lord Roberts and his army still press steadily onward. The Boers are unable to resist the progress of this immense army, many times greater than all the force they can muster. And so they are compelled to retreat towards Pretoria. The end cannot be far distant.

Senator Blackburn urges the Democratic party in Kentucky to repeal the Goebel law. He wants the legislature called in extra session for that purpose. The senator's advice to his Democratic brethren is good and should be followed.

The report that Mr. Hanna, despite the poor condition of his health, will manage the Republican campaign this year, shows that he does not think it safe to turn the management over to the boys.

For a man who has recently exhibited such cowardice, Mr. Taylor of Kentucky seems to display considerable nerve by saying he is willing to again be the Republican candidate for governor.

President McKinley was much interested in the eclipse of the sun. There are many people who believe that he will suffer an eclipse himself in November.

The Ohio men naturally drift to the offices. One of the new Methodist bishops was born in Ohio and the other was educated in that state.

When the record of the present session of congress is written up, it can be said to its credit that it failed to enact the ship subsidy steal.

Evidently the Chinaman prefers the bubonic plague to the treatment for prevention. And there does appear to be but little choice.

The sweet girl graduate will soon hold the center of the stage, and politics and the Boer war will be temporarily forgotten.

The Boers were not a brilliant success as besiegers. Perhaps they will do better as the besieged.

Will Mr. Taylor of Kentucky, if renominated for governor, conduct his campaign from Indiana?

It will soon be too late to intervene in behalf of the Boers.

LAUGHING GAS.

Boston Traveler: He—Yes, I know two men I thoroughly admire.
She—Indeed! Who's the other one?

Chicago Record: Office Boy—Please, sir, can I get off? My grammar's awful sick.
Employer—No, Jerry, I'm going to the game myself.

Chicago Tribune: "The strike must be making all kinds of business dull," ventured the street car passenger with the valise.
The passenger sitting next to him shrugged his shoulders and discreetly said nothing.
He was a pawnbroker.

Indianapolis Journal: "Confound this old lawn mower; it won't cut a thing; blame it."
"Henry! Henry! how you talk! Begin again, now, and run that lawn mower the way a Presbyterian deacon ought to run it."

Chicago Post: "Why do you speak of him as a man who lacks nerve?"
"Well, he has been calling on one girl for five years and their engagement is not yet announced."

Detroit Free Press: "Yes," she declared, "I am an ardent advocate of women's rights."
"Yet you married a widower," they pointed out. "Surely it is inconsistent for an advocate of women's rights to annex a woman's left."

Philadelphia Press: "I've prepared an 'ad,'" said the junior partner, "in which I say the bed we manufacture to sell at $9.98 is as good as those sold elsewhere for $25."
"Good!" exclaimed the older man, "as we expect the advertisement to make our bed, let us lie in it."

If I Was Pa.

If I was Pa and had a boy who liked to
have a lot of fun,
I wouldn't scold when I got home and
found the evening chores not done.
I wouldn't go and cut a gad and lay his
jacket 'bout the worst
He'd ever had, but just look stern and let
him tell the reason, first.

If I was Pa and had a boy who liked to
go in swimmin' 'bout
Six times a day, an' then came home with
half his clothes turned inside out.
I wouldn't shake his daylights out and
tell him not to go no more,
Jes' up and tell him "go ashn," but "keep
in water clost to shore."

If I was Pa and then some day when I got
home ma up and said:
"I didn't mind" and I had been just "tak-
ing on to raise the dead,"
I think I'd fix the matter up by making
just a few remarks,
And finish up like grandpa says, "Boys
will be boys and have their larks."

In fact if I was Pa I think I'd have things
fixed in such a way
That any little boy of mine could have
good times 'most every day,
I wouldn't have him always 'fraid that
everything he'd say or do
Would get him in a fuss at home, if I was
Pa, would you?

—Detroit Journal.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: Man sets up the drinks and drinks upsets the man.

The bookkeeper's lunch is but the bite of an adder.

Kindness wins beauty—if it buys her silks and diamonds.

It seems queer that foot-notes should originate in the head.

Never confide in a man until you know what kind of a man he isn't.

When a man doesn't feel well he always says he has been working too hard.

There is no patent on the fire-escape made by sending in your resignation.

It is to be hoped that party lines this fall will be drawn at campaign poetry.

It sometimes happens that the man who knows his own mind doesn't know much after all.

The man who wants to be good has less opposition than the man who wants to be great.

EXCLUDING AMERICAN MEAT.

Chicago Inter Ocean: The industrial interests of Germany strongly oppose the meat bill, but the necessities of the government have compelled their temporary sacrifice to the land owners. The result is a situation which, if handled judiciously by congress, will in the end conduce to the prosperity of the United States by still further diversifying its manufacturing industries, increasing the use by Americans of their own products and expanding the agricultural resources of our insular dependencies.

Philadelphia Record: By prohibiting canned meats and sausages, of which the United States could send to Germany such abundant supplies, all meats will be made more scarce and dear to the masses of the German people. But the bill will expire by its own terms unless it shall be renewed by the reichstag two years hence. In the meantime the German people will be likely to agitate for cheap meat, and this may prove a dear and short-lived victory to the agrarians. Extreme measures like this overreach themselves by begetting an invincible desire for reform.

Baltimore American: The first effect will be to keep out supplies needed by a very large class of Germans, because the agrarians cannot by any possibility supply the demands. What they have, however, will be so largely increased in price as to be beyond the means of a large number of people. Before the supply has begun to adjust itself to the demand the law will be suspended o rrepealed—for the United States will not put up with this latest commercial slap in the face. This government has endeavored with extraordinary patience to bring about something like reciprocal trade relations with Germany, and cannot reasonably be expected to endure this sort of thing any longer.

Minnesota Doubtful.

New York Times: A recommendation made by Representative Fletcher, of Minnesota, to several members of the national committee was interesting as to the man he suggested and the reasons given for advising that the candidate be chosen from Minnesota. Mr. Fletcher says that Minnesota might be called a doubtful state this year. Opposition to imperialism and militarism is strong with Scandinavians and other foreigners in the state. That vote goes in throngs and ought to be carefully directed by the party that expects to hold it. He suggested that no man who could be nominated would command stronger support in Minnesota than ex-Senator Washburn. Everybody knows him as a man of character, fearless and honest. If nominated he would unquestionably hold every Republican in the state. Mr. Fletcher said he believed in this event Republicans would surely carry Minnesota, but they would have to work hard, as the Democrats have enjoyed all the state patronage since Governor Lind was elected, and they have put more money into organization than for many years.

DIED OF GRIEF.

Horse Pined to Death For His Absent Driver.

The New York Herald tells the following pathetic story:

Because its driver had disappeared, Dick, a brewery horse, refused to be fed, and apparently died of grief. John Blessing, the driver, returned yesterday after a week's absence in Brooklyn, and when he went to the stable he heard of the pathetic end of the affectionate animal.

Blessing came from Wurtemburg, Germany, about five months ago. He was employed by Charles F. Sprocher, a brewer at No. 462 Second avenue. To Blessing fell the care of the horse Dick. Dick was a powerful animal, and became attached to Blessing, who addressed it in German. It was fed and cared for by no one else. Blessing and his brother Fritz visited friends in Brooklyn last Saturday. It was the first time the two men had crossed the bridge since arriving in this country, and they were prevailed upon to spend a week. Blessing said nothing to his fellow employers of his proposed visit and they could not account for his absence. Dick was given a new driver.

Before the first day's work was over after Blessing's absence the horse began to act queerly. It balked when put in the harness. It would not obey the pressure of the bit, and after a hard day's work it refused food. No one in the stable was able to rub the horse down or care for it. It kicked viciously at any one of the men who brought it oats, and no one dared approach it after that.

Before the week had passed the horse would do no work. It was dying of a broken heart, the men declared. They feared, too, that something had befallen Blessing, and they became superstitious about his horse.

Dick was found dead on the floor of the stable in the rear of the brewery early yesterday morning. It had ended its life by starvation. Blessing returned several hours later. When he entered the stable and found his horse dead the man cried like a child. He does not want to drive another horse.

SUICIDE BY CITIES.

Obstinacy Or Indifference of the People Brought Ruin.

An impression has obtained in this country, originating perhaps in the solemn utterances of Professor Leyde, a Boer emissary in this country, that rather than the British should have the satisfaction of taking Pretoria, that beautiful city would be reduced to ashes by its inhabitants, as Moscow was destroyed by the Russians to prevent its falling into the all-conquering hands of Napoleon Bonaparte. The British affect to scout at the idea of Pretoria's destruction by its own people, and are confident that in the near future Lord Roberts will hoist the union jack above its ramparts much in the same condition in which the city is today.

But though Pretoria is unlikely to die by its own hand, there are dead and dying cities all the world over which owe their ends entirely to the criminal foolishness of their own inhabitants. You could hardly find a more striking instance in point than San Diego, once a rising town in Southern California, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Its inhabitants, in 1883, finding their population had jumped 2000 in a year, determined that San Diego was going to be the most important city on the Pacific. They sunk every penny they could raise in buying land and building houses. Prices were artificially rushed up till building lots on the principal streets originally worth $100 fetched $5000 apiece. Then the bubble burst and the town was ruined. Today hundreds of half-finished residences stand as bitter warnings of this madness to the small remainder of San Diego's inhabitants.

Evans City, in Nevada, is now represented by two streets of ruins inhabited by rattlesnakes and coyotes. Twenty years ago it was a flourishing town, with a population of 3000 or more. Fine buildings were put up; but the people were so eager to make money they neglected to provide any waterworks or system of irrigation. A drought set in and lasted six months. Water by that time was being hauled twenty miles, and being sold for three shillings a bucket. Then came—as was only natural—fever, and a general exodus. The town was dead in a year.

Similar disregard for proper authority killed a town called Greenville, on the Mississippi river. The great Mississippi is only kept in its bed by gigantic embankments called levees. Nowadays they are kept up by the state. But at one time each town along the banks had a section to look after. The people of Greenville proved callously careless. They allowed the strong current to eat deep into the banks without replacing the soil. The result was that one April night the river came down in a flood, tore a yawning gap in the worn levees, and swept Greenville and most of its people from the face of the earth. Johnstown, the Pennsylvania town, wiped out by the bursting of the Conemaugh dam on May 31, 1889, owed this shocking disaster and the loss of 6000 lives directly to the incredible carelessness of its authorities, who were warned the dam was was insecure, but refused in the matter.

Sometimes it is sheer pigheadedness which proves the ruin of a city. There is a Siberian market town in the district of Smeinsk which rejoices in the extraordinary name of Schemonajewskoje. At present the grass grows in its streets, and the weekly market is a thing of the past. All its grown-up male inhabitants inhabitants are in jail. Their offense is that they openly defied the authorities in refusing to repair the highway on which the town is built. Warning after warning proved of no avail, and at last the threats have become reality, and at last the threats have become reality. The town has, of course, received its death blow.

If you go to Holland for a holiday this summer it is probable you will visit the dead cities of Zuyder Zee, whose grass-grown and desolate streets are a melancholy lesson to careless towns. Monnickendam was the most important of these, and when The Hague was a mere village was one of the twenty-seven great towns of the Dutch republic. Ships of large tonnage filled its port, and gold flowed into its coffers. The town grew lazy. The outer sea was shallowing from year to year, but they took no notice. Amsterdam, threatened with a similar fate, bestired herself, and cut the North sea canal, which traverses the entire length of North Holland, insuring her commercial prosperity. Monnickendam let things slide. Now her harbor is a mud bank, and the place is but a tiny village instead of a great and wealthy port.

JAP ENGLISH.

The Japanese make heroic efforts at English. While butchering it horribly, they do remarkably well, considering everything. On the few English signs of leading firms on Tokio's chief street are seen: "Druccist," for druggist; "Foreign Gords," "Caned Goods, Wholesale and Detail," "The Shop of the Articles of the Finery," "The Carriage and All of Harness" and "A Harness Maker," "Manufaktealary," "Apothekaly," etc.

Workmanship

Workmanship on a cigar is almost as important as the quality of tobacco.

La Preferencia are made by experienced Cuban workmen and by highest class Americans, whose superior intelligence has fully grasped Cuban methods. No cigars at any price display higher-class workmanship than do La Preferencia.

La Preferencia CIGARS

10c. and upward. At high-class dealers.

GEO. E. ROLPH CO., Distributers.

THE HAVANA-AMERICAN CO., Makers.

"30 Minutes in Havana"

SHORT STORIES

By C. W. Ericson.

In Men's and Boys' Wearing Apparel our store glistens with the kind that takes on right and with prices right.

Our—

$15 Suits

Are of a character not usually found—ready to wear. They are of the tailor-made kind.

IF—

$10.00

is the price you care to pay, we have many styles to show. Finely trimmed and tailored.

C. W. ERICSON.

Reliable Clothier.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, JUNE 2,

E. D. Stair presents the Comedians

Ward and Vokes

(40 PEOPLE.)

In their superbly staged production of musical farce—

"THE FLOORWALKERS."

Prices Regular—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager

PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN

Thursday Matinee May 31 at 4 o'clock
Friday Evening, June 1st

Seats Now on Sale.

Prices Thursday afternoon—75c, 50c, 25c
Friday Evening—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c

R. CAPOUL GUTTRISS WARDE

The celebrated Vocal and Dramatic Master of Chicago, and formerly of the first opera houses of Europe and America will be in Duluth June, July, August and September, and will receive pupils in voice culture, singing, elocution and dramatic art in all its branches. Circulars to be found at The Duluth Music Co's Store.

PARLOR THEATER.

Wm. J. Wells, Manager, 19 Second Avenue West.

TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.

BOSTON NOVELTY CO.

Fine Vaudeville Show.

MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.

Thursday's Chances....

ARE BIG ONES AT

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

Millinery.....

Reduced prices on Finest Millinery means much here. For instance our $15 Hats are of a **far superior quality and far more stylish** get up than what you've usually paid $25.00 for—So your saving is far more than 50 per cent on these. We sell—

Our $15 Hats at **$7.50**

Our $12 Hats at **$6.00**

Our $10 Hats at **$5.00**

Our $7.50 Hats at **$3.75**

Our $6 Hats at **$3.00**

Our $5 Hats at **$2.50**

There are over 50 beautifully trimmed HATS in the above lot. Then there's another lot at one-third off.

Our $9 Hats at **$6.00**

Our $7.50 Hats at **$5.00**

Our $6 Hats at **$4.00**

Our $4.50 Hats at **$3.00**

Our $3 Hats at **$2.00**

And there are about seventy-five in the above lot. But you should SEE them to appreciate your **chances.**

The rule here is "no trouble to show goods"—so if you will take the time—ours will be the pleasure.

See our choice Millinery at ½ and ⅓ off.

There's a big **special sale** also on here in **Walking Hats**—worth up to $2 at **89c**

And worth up to $3 at **$1.50**

Also some special values in Ladies' Sailors at 29c, 39c, 50c, 69c, 89c up

Flowers—

A great sale, and they are going out in great number at—

7c, 19c, 39c and up.

Buy your Hat Trimmings now at **"The New Store."**

Wash Goods—

Will be selling lively here on Thursday. For particulars, look at our *special prices* when in the store tomorrow.

Muslin Underwear.

Each day our sales are increasing in this department. Best-made and best grade is what's doing it. You'll buy your Muslin wear here if you'll just look over our line. See our special values in Night Gowns at—

59c and 69c

Also Ladies' Drawers—

39c and 50c

In Our—

Coat and Suit Room.

We haven't reduced the price of a single Coat or Suit. We are too busy selling the New Coats and Suits that are here. Our customers tell us that after looking over the so-called "reduced" lines elsewhere they find they can SAVE MONEY by coming in and buying our not-reduced ones. So don't fail to see OUR JACKETS and SUITS before YOU buy.

Jackets—

Heavy all-wool HABIT CLOTH JACKETS, lined in bright colors of silkoline..... **$2.98**

BROADCLOTH JACKETS—Lined in fancy striped silkoline..... **$3.98**

VENETIAN CLOTH JACKETS—All popular shades..... **$5.75**

And better grades of Jackets, at—
$7.50, $10, $12.50, $15 and up

Ladies' Suits—

HOMESPUN CHEVIOTS—In Oxford Grays and others..... **$5.98**

Better Suits here at—
$10.00, $15.00 and up

Separate Skirts—

A "Big Bargain" here at..... **$1.48**

And just as Big Bargains at—
$1.98 and $2.48

Better Skirts at—
$5.48 up to $10.00

Steamer Rugs—

Our "Sea-going" friends are coming in and buying our STEAMER RUGS. They save ⅓ and more on each one they buy here.

Price..... **$6.50**

Children's Jackets—

You can clothe the child well here for very little cost. See the Jackets we are selling at—

98c and $1.25

And Better Ones here as well.

Underskirts—

We are selling Quantities of Underskirts, made up of Mercerized Sateen and Silkoline principally. See the great values here, at—each—

98c, $1.50, $2.50 and up to $4.75

Children's Summer Hats

Are going out rapidly —Bonnets..... **19c and up**

Hats— ..... **25c and up**

Shoes.

Have you been in to see our NEW SHOE DEPARTMENT? You'll save many a dollar more this year, if you make this your headquarters, as many have already done), for buying your Shoes. Here are three of our best-selling and money-saving offers:

Misses' and Child's Genuine Dongola and Vici Kid Shoes, in lace and button, sizes 11½ to 2 ..... **98c**

Women's Tan and Black Dongola and Vici Kid (button or lace) Shoes, medium or extension soles; ten different styles to select from, real $2.50 value..... **$1.98**

Men's Shoes—

In Satin Calf Lace or Congress, wide and medium toes, every pair warranted, worth $2.50; our price..... **$1.98**

And the above are but three of many—very many "good things" to be found in our New Shoe Department. Be sure to see these before you buy so-called "reduced" or "sample" lots. You'll save lots of good silver if you do.

Don't Miss the Many Opportunities Here on Thursday, at—

HUNTINGTON & TALLANT,

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

A FOUR-DAY SHIP.

When on her recent maiden trip the big Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse made her record-breaking trip across the Atlantic, a voyage which smashed three records, it was predicted by the New York Herald that the time was not far distant when the vessel that is to traverse the trans-Atlantic route within four days was not far distant.

The North German Lloyd line, the company which now holds the marine blue ribbon, has just placed with the Vulcan Ship Building company, of Stettin, an order for a vessel which is to maintain an average speed of twenty-five knots an hour. In the contract it is further stipulated that this forthcoming flyer shall have a length of 752 feet and an engine power of 45,000 horse power.

Thus, in speed, horse power and size, this new leviathan will exceed all others now afloat or building. The nearest approach to her in the way of speed is the Hamburg-American steamship Deutschland, which is soon to be placed in service in the trans-Atlantic route ,and which is guaranteed by her builders to have sustained sea speed of not less than twenty-three knots an hour.

But the engines which are emplaced in the Deutschland have an indicated horse power of only 32,000, as against the racer's 45,000. The horse power of the Deutschland, by the way, far exceeds that of any other vessel now afloat.

In regard to size, this new product of the German shipwright will far outclass anything now afloat. The Oceanic, of the White Star line, now holds the distinction of being the biggest ship that was ever launched. But her length over all is 704 feet, against the new vessel's 752 feet.

With all her great size the Oceanic has no pretensions in the way of speed. She is content to make her way across the Atlantic in a week's time. The Deutschland, which is much faster, but of less size hopes to accomplish the trans-Atlantic run within five days. The new ship will, if her builders fulfill their contract, steam into port in the near future with all sorts of broken records trailing behind her—that for greatest speed in an ocean liner and that for greatest length and beam and depth being among them.

The contract calls for the vessel's completion in 1901. Before she is completed it is possible that the strong rivalry between the two big German lines, the Hamburg-American and the North German Lloyd, may lead to the building of another still bigger and faster.

The construction of the record-breaking Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, of the North German Lloyd line, brought about the building of the Deutschland by the Hamburg-American company. The prospect that the Deutschland will outdo the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse has in turn led the North German Lloyd to contract for a vessel that will outchase her.

It's a merry war, and one which the other lines regard with interest not unmingled with apprehension. The Cunard line, whose Lucania holds the New York-Queenstown record, may be forced to greater exertions. The best time made by the Lucania to the westward is 5 days, 7 hours and 23 minutes. If the new German races goes over the same route and lives up to her contract in the way of speed she will accomplish the run in 4 days and 21 hours.

TABLE CLOTH GOWNS.

An uptown woman artist who turned artist dressmaker is making some charming gowns, which her customers are wild over, of table cloths, says an exchange. The effect of these gowns made up with the border for trimming is delightfully effective. This is a polka-dot season, and the table cloths showing the polka dot are much used. One effective gown, which has been made for a stylish girl, has the dots set far apart, and as large as 5-cent pieces. The border to this cloth has immense spheres—they are almost too large to be called dots—which are most effective. There is a panel of them up the front of the gown, and they outline the lower edge of the skirt. One great beauty of these linen frocks is that they look better each time they are laundered. A transparent yoke of heavy linen lace makes the gowns cool.

NEW STOCKINGS.

There are few new designs in stockings. All the beautiful plaids of last season have disappeared. Stripes, dots and wavy lines are all that remain. Openwork, embroidery and fancy stitching too, appear. There is a fancy for the upper part of the stocking of openwork, and for "boots" or closer weave below. In buying be careful that the double heel and toe are not deep enough to show above a low slipper. Openwork silk stockings come in very heavy quality, in the hand they do not show how open they are, but when worn they stretch and show more or less elaborate design.

WAGES TO ADVANCE

The Demand For Common Labor Is Resulting In Increased Wages.

TO BE TWO DOLLARS

That Rate Has Already Been Offered From One Dakota Point.

The $2 note in the scale of wages for common labor has been struck, somewhat earlier than it was last year. It is not the ruling rate as yet, but when there is a demand for men and one employer starts the $2 rate the others are quite likely to follow. It was nearly the middle of June before wages jumped to that figure last year. Up to now they have been $1.75, and that rate is maintained in many places yet.

The first employer to offer the advance is the firm of Foley Bros., the railroad contractors. Yesterday the firm took through the National Employment agency a block of men at $2 for one of their railroad contracts in North Dakota, and it is expected that more men will be needed shortly. The firm is building 110 miles of new road for the Northern Pacific in North Dakota. The largest contract is for seventy-five miles of road connecting Casselton and Dickey, and the other is for thirty-five miles connecting Milner with Oakes.

If other employers are as yet offering only $1.75, but it is regarded as only a question of a short time before the higher rate will be uniform, now that one employer has started it. There is still a good demand for men, and Duluth is shipping out a large number of them. The North Dakota demands are filled easily, for the men seem to prefer going there. The Michigan orders are being filled somewhat better than they were some time ago. It is somewhat difficult to get men for the ranges, as most of the men who offer themselves have come from the ranges and do not care to go back again.

Men are a little more plentiful just now than they have been, owing, strangely enough, to the lack of rain this season. The mills and drives are suffering from lack of rain, and throw many men out of employment. A series of satisfying rains would change the situation a good deal by tightening up the lumber business and drawing back into it the men it ought to employ.

An employment agent tells a little story that illustrates the character of some of the men dealt in by such agencies. The Duluth & Iron Range road wanted some men to use at Lakewood, and the required number were enrolled and directed to be at the train the other afternoon. The men had received an impression some way that Lakewood was up on the range. When the agent got to the train at the appointed time he found a very rebellious gang of men.

"Ye needn't think we're goin' to Lakewood," said the spokesman, when they were asked what the trouble was. "We thought it was up on the range, but we've found out where it is and we won't go."

"What's the matter with Lakewood," asked the astonished agent.

"Why, we'd be in town every night and blow in every blessed cent we earned, that's what's the matter! When we take a job we want to go where we'll be far enough away from town to save money."

And they did not go to Lakewood.

HIGH SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.

Auditorium Is Crowded and Fine Sum Is Collected.

The entertainment given at the high school last evening was very successful from every point of view. The auditorium was packed to the very doors and the audience was thoroughly appreciative and rewarded the efforts of the participants in the program with generous applause. When the collection was taken up, the object of it having been explained by Principal Smith, the sum of $74.18 was realized for the publication of the Zenith, the high school annual. The pupils had not expected as much and greeted the announcement of the result with great applause.

The program opened with the presentation of a farce entitled "Sugar and Cream." It was a very humorous sketch with four characters and it was presented in a completely satisfactory manner. Professor Custance, who is always humorously funny, made a great hit in the part of Mr. Wentworth, a fussy old gentleman who wants to marry his son off to a young widow and is made to believe that the widow thinks he himself is proposing. She promptly accepts him and he has much trouble and considerable uneasiness in extricating himself. The son who is really in love with the widow finally believes that she really means to marry the old gentleman and his jealousy adds another amusing complication to the situation.

Miss Louise Hopkins as the widow was very clever and played it well. William Gorsuch as the son was equally good and Miss Emma Black in the part of a maid, while having little to do did that little well. All the participants were called before the curtain at the close.

The second part of the program consisted of a program of music. The high school chorus, assisted by some of the members of the choir of St. Paul's church, sang several numbers that were excellent. One in particular was especially well received. This was a collection of nursery rhymes or "Mother Goose" stories set to music by Professor Custance. They were very pleasing. Clarence D. Shepard sang "Let Me Like a Soldier Fall" by Wallace, a fine number; Miss Rena Smith a memorial hymn set to the air of "Home, Sweet Home;" Harry G. Gearhart "Arm, Arm Ye Brave" by Handel. The final number "The Star Spangled Banner" by the chorus with Miss Smith singing the solo.

TO EXTEND WORK.

Panama Canal Company Shows Signs of Waking Up.

New York, May 30.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama says: The Panama Canal company's director has received official instructions from Paris ordering an extension of the work on Culebra and Emprador sections and directing that all available laborers be engaged for that purpose.

CUT TO PIECES.

Swan River, Minn., May 30.—The head, one arm and both legs of a man were found at a station called Gardner, five miles north of here, on the Eastern Minnesota railway tracks. The trunk and one arm was found in Swan River yards. The remains are those of a river driver, evidently, as the shoes are of the kind worn by them. The deceased had brown hair and a brown mustache and is supposed to be a Finlander.

NOTHING IS BETTER

Impossible to Manufacture a Better Remedy.

Minnesota People Make Good Witnesses of the Success it Has Achieved.

There can be nothing better for backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and all ailments arising from kidney disorders than Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. It is impossible to manufacture a better kidney remedy. Kid-ne-oids contain the very best ingredients that are good for ailments arising from the kidneys. The vast number of people in this city who have testified to the merits of Kid-ne-oids is sufficient proof that none of our claims are false.

Mrs. H. Goodale, 914 Fourth street north, Minneapolis, Minn., says: "I had been suffering for two years with backache and stomach trouble caused by kidney disease. I had a dull aching pain in the small of my back almost constantly. My stomach bothered me a great deal and I felt weak and nervous. I commenced to take Morrow's Kid-ne-oids, and now I am glad to say that I have been entirely relieved of my annoying and alarming troubles."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but yellow tablets, and sell at 50 cents a box at all drug stores and at S. F. Boyce's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

GET LESSONS.

The Philippine Commissioners Adopt a Policy Under British Tutelage.

New York, May 30.—A dispatch to the World from Hong Kong says: President McKinley's new Philippine commission has been engaged in consultation with Consul General Wildman. The members of the commission probably leave for Manilla on Friday. It is likely that Wildman will accompany them.

The British colonial offices are extending every courtesy to the commissioners, endeavoring to familiarize them with the colonial methods of the English. A policy has been formulated since the arrival of the commissioners and they confidently believe that they will be able to pacify the Philippines.

Consul General Wildman has urged upon the commissioners the following policies: Free trade, free admission of the Chinese, the expulsion of the friars and the return of all property that has been confiscated illegally.

IT IS PLAGUE.

'Frisco Doctor Asserts That He Found a Case From Chinatown.

San Francisco, May 30.—Dr. Kellogg, who has been investigating the corpse of a Chinaman found in a Chinese undertaking establishment, expressed an opinion late last night that the Chinaman had died of the plague.

"I am satisfied it is plague," he said, "and I am confident that animal inoculation and the autopsy will confirm it. One not conversant with the situation in Chinatown cannot appreciate the difficulties that confront the inspector. This may be imagined from the fact that we only have discovered the case after the victim is dead."

The quarantine of Chinatown is being rigorously enforced. 159 policemen being detailed to maintain a cordon around the district. Ropes are stretched across the streets and the Chinese are closely hemmed in, even the secret exits through some blocks being closed against them.

The Asiatics took quarantine stoically. They had warning of what was coming and many left the district before the arrival of the police. The proportion of those who fled was small, however, and there are thousands behind the lines.

All the whites in Chinatown were allowed to pass out, but persons outside the lines are not permitted to enter. The policemen permit supplies of all kinds to pass in, but none is permitted to come out.

POTATO DOUGHNUTS.

Boil three medium-sized potatoes in boiling salted water and put them through a strainer. Then add two teaspoonfuls of brandy, a little grated nutmeg, a few drops of orange flower water and salt to season. Mix with this potato mixture one egg yolk, unbeaten. Form into small balls, roll them in beaten egg and then in bread crumbs. Fry in deep fat till a golden brown. Drain on paper and arrange in a folded napkin. Serve hot.

AN HONEST BREW!

There's positive evidence of quality and purity in every bottle of

BLATZ BEER

THE STAR MILWAUKEE

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE

Non-intoxicant. ALL DRUGGISTS.

Val Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee.

***Duluth Branch.* 'Phone 62**

GROWING OF HOPS

Greater Part of American Crop Is Harvested on the Pacific Coast.

PRICE IS UNCERTAIN

It Ranges From Five Cents to Over One Dollar a Pound.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The United States department of agriculture is devoting considerable time to instructing hop growers in the Pacific coast states where the greater part of the crop is harvested, in the United States, during the year. A bulletin has been issued by the department which particularly applies to hop culture in California, Washington and Oregon. The author of this bulletin is Daniel Flint, a practical and successful hop grower in California.

In introducing the question it is stated that in some respects methods of hop culture are the same the world over, but owing to the peculiar characteristics of soil and climate a system which would work well in England, on the continent of Europe, or in the state of New York, would not succeed on the Pacific coast.

So severe has become the competition in hop culture, that the producers to be successful must ever be on the alert to apply the best and most modern methods. The last five years have seen some of the best hop yards on the Pacific coast sold out under mortgage on account of unremunerative prices, unskillful production, and unbusinesslike methods. There is not a hop grower on this coast, unless it be one who has a large bank account which he can afford to reduce rapidly, who can stay in hop culture using the methods which were in vogue twenty-five or thirty years ago.

In New York state several varieties are cultivated, while in England and on the continent of Europe there are numerous varieties. But on the Pacific coast there is practically but one variety of hops grown, called the "large gray American." There is a variety known as the "San Jose root," but it is destroyed wherever found. It is darker in color, has a smaller vine and more leaves, and is poorer in yield.

The variety commonly cultivated was brought from Vermont and propagated in Alameda, Alameda county, Cal., by Wilson and Daniel Flint, in the years 1855 and 1856. From there the roots were taken to Sacramento in the following year and planted in yards, from which have come the original roots for nearly all the hops grown on the Pacific coast. The growers were so well satisfied with this variety that little effort is made to develop or introduce new varieties. A variety that would ripen a few days earlier might be cultivated with profit, as it would increase the length of the harvest season and enable the grower to harvest his crop with a smaller crew of pickers. As it is now, our hops must be gathered inside of three or four weeks to prevent them from turning or rusting. New varieties may be produced by planting the seeds of the hop. Seeds accidentally scattered on the ground at picking time sprout and come up in great numbers, and these may be used as material for experiment in producing new varieties. It is worthy of remark, however, that regardless of the kinds planted, great varieties in hops result from differences in soil, climate and methods of culture. This is clearly shown by the fact that in California from roots having a common origin different growers in different localities are now producing green, medium and golden hops.

The hop can be grown in nearly all parts of the world, but not at a profit. It thrives best in a deep, rich, moist soil, such as that found in the bottom lands along large streams, especially those which have overflowed and deposited sediment for hundreds of years.

In the United States New York is the leading hop-producing state, followed by the Pacific coast States, Oregon, California and Washington. Small amounts are raised in Wisconsin and few other states. Within the past eight years the production of New York has gradually fallen from about half the total for the country to about one-third.

The advantages of California in the production of the best and purest hops are acknowledged by all who have investigated the subject. The industry is confined to a few counties in the north central portion of the state, the principal hop-growing district lying near Sacramento.

The largest yield per acre, 2500 to 4000 pounds, is grown on the American river in the northern part of Sacramento county. The land here is composed of rich sediment from one to four feet deep, washed down, overflowed and deposited as a result of surface mining from 1843 to 1855. This sediment is composed largely of decayed vegetable matter that had been collecting in the mountain for unknown ages. On the Sacramento river, in the western part of the county a better quality of hops is grown, the yield being from 1500 to 3000 pounds per acre. The bottoms of the Consumnes river, in the southern part of the county, are coming to the front very fast with fine yellow quality and generous yield of hops. There are silky, smooth, even-yellow hops, the kind much sought after by buyers.

Hop-growing in California began in 1855 in Alamada county. Prior to this the only hops used on the Pacific coast were brought "around the Horn." It was thought necessary to enclose them in sealed cans in order to preserve their strength. This made them very expensive. At that time they were used mostly for yeast and medical purposes, the great development of the brewing business having hardly begun. The first hops grown in California were cured in blankets and sheets spread on frames, and pressed into cotton sacks, holding about 100 pounds each. The first two sacks were sold to brewers of Sacramento. The brewers were accustomed to using the hops that came around the Horn, whose age was unknown and whose color and strength were nearly gone. When they first tried fresh, strong California hops they used the same quantity, with the result that the beer was too bitter for use. Consequently they began to reduce the quantity used for a brew and to mix them with the old imported hops.

In California hop poles have been almost dispensed with on account of their scarcity and short life and the labor and expense of handling them. The substitution of the wire trellis for the old-fashioned pole system has reduced the cost of hop production more than any other improvement. In Washington and Oregon, where poles are easily secured at small expense, they are still used to some extent.

In California two forms of wire are used—the high and low—the former being the most modern and the most generally employed.

The people of California are cosmopolitan in the matter of help. A few years ago, before the exclusion act went into effect, Chinese were mostly employed as pickers. Now there are Chinese, Japanese, Indians and whites, the last being most numerous. The Chinese are the fastest pickers, but do the most unclean work; the Indians are the slowest and cleanest pickers; the Japanese pick well, and are the least troublesome; the whites pick well, but slowly. Hop picking has become more popular with the whites in recent years. They come with their camp wagons, chickens, dogs, cats and cows. The butcher, the baker and the grocery man come around every day and furnish such things as are needed by the pickers, who camp near the yards. No charge is made for wood, water, cabins, tents or horse pasture. As some of the pickers come without means, part of their wages is paid as fast as due to all who wish, but no settlement is made until the harvest is done, except in case some picker is obliged to leave. It is a good business method to have the head of each picking party sign a contract, stating the price and conditions under which the work is to be done.

A good picker will gather from 150 to 200 pounds of green hops in a day.

The price of hops on the Pacific coast has ranged all the way from 5 cents to $1.10 per pound, which amply illustrates the extreme variability and uncertainty on the business side of hop culture.

At 12 cents or less per pound, hop production involves a loss. At 15 to 20 cents the grower can make a fair living, and may get something ahead. It is the wide fluctuations in price that have caused so many failures in the business of hop culture. The price of $1.10 per pound in 1882 proved a calamity to the legitimate grower. It led many to embark in the business with the dreams of sudden wealth. Disaster to nearly all was the natural result.

Pickers get from 60 cents to $1.10 per 100 pounds of green hops, the average being about 75 cents. The pay of good hop driers is $2.50 to $5 per day and board. That of helpers, where they assist in taking off and putting hops in the night, is $1.25 per day and board. Field foremen get $1.50 to $2 per day and board. When contracts are made for growing hops, hand work alone, ready for picking, the price is $10 to $12 per acre. When the contract is for all work, including use of team in cultivating, the price is $14 or $15 per acre, owner to furnish teams and tools and make repairs, and the money to be advanced in equal monthly payments from Feb. 1 to Sept. 1.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

THE GRAIN STOCKS.

Bradstreet's Statement of Changes In Available Supplies.

New York, May 30.—Special cable and telegraphic dispatches to Bradstreet's indicate the following changes in available supplies last Saturday:

Wheat, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased 2,354,000 bushels; afloat for and in the United States decreased 700,000 bushels; total supply, decreased 3,074,000 bushels. Corn, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased 3,074,000 bushels. Oats, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, increased 553,000 bushels.

Among the more important decreases reported to Bradstreet's are those of 500,000 bushels at Northwestern interior elevators, 245,000 bushels at Manitoba storage points, 219,000 bushels at Chicago private elevators and 50,000 bushels at Cotcau. The principal increases are those of 82,000 bushels at St. Joseph and 60,000 bushels at Depot Harbor. The aggregate stock of wheat held at Portland, Ore., and Tacoma and Seattle, Wash., decreased 16,000 bus last week.

All Out of One Barrel

Bread that is lightest, rolls that are daintiest, rusk and cake the choicest, pies that would please a dyspeptic, and pastry that melts in your mouth—they all come out of the same barrel of Gold Medal Flour. The best of everything—because the best flour in the world without exception and without doubt, is

Washburn-Crosby's GOLD MEDAL Flour

It's the strongest flour made. It makes more bread, and better, than any other flour, and it's uniform. Every pound of the 6,000,000 barrels every year is guaranteed.

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

THE GUARD ENCAMPMENT.

The Dates Fixed---The Third's Program Undecided.

St. Paul, May 30.—Adjt. Gen. Lambert has fixed the dates for the National Guard encampment at Lake City. The Second regiment will go into camp June 21 and remain over June 30. The First will go into camp July 9 and leave on the 18th. The artillery battalion will follow July 19 and remain over the 28th.

Col. Van Duzee has not yet heard from the companies of the Third regiment as to their desires with regard to substituting a practice march for the regular encampment. If the line officers and enlisted men decide in favor of the march, a route will be laid out which will occupy the time otherwise put in at Lakeview. If they decide adversely, the regiment will go into camp on the same dates as the artillery.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Pilbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Kansas City, 6; Chicago, 4.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5; Detroit, 1.
At Buffalo—Cleveland, 5; Buffalo, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	27	19	8	.704
Milwaukee	31	18	13	.581
Chicago	32	17	15	.531
Cleveland	29	15	15	.500
Kansas City	33	16	17	.485
Minneapolis	33	15	18	.455
Buffalo	30	12	18	.400
Detroit	30	11	19	.367

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	28	18	10	.643
Brooklyn	29	17	12	.586
Chicago	31	17	14	.548
Pittsburg	33	18	15	.540
St. Louis	30	16	14	.533
Cincinnati	29	13	16	.464
New York	28	10	18	.357
Boston	26	8	18	.308

I have not traced, nor can I trace a vestige of similarity in the substitute. Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON,
Washington, D. C., Established 1861.
Valuable book on patents FREE.
Send for it.
901 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota.

THURSDAY'S BARGAINS AT THE FAIR.

IF YOU do not avail yourself of the bargains we offer you tomorrow, do not expect to get them afterwards. Read every item carefully—as each is a special offering for tomorrow.

Dress Goods.

Fancy Plaids and Checked Dress Goods, fast color, regular 10c value; extra special for Thursday, yard..... 6½c

10 pieces Corded Mohair Dress Goods, positively the best value ever offered for 15c yard; extra special Thursday..... 12c

5 pieces Homespun Suitings, durable and desirable fabrics for skirts, sold everywhere for 20c yard; our price Thursday, yard..... 19c

75c Silk and Wool Henriettas, all colors; special for Thursday, only..... 55c

White Goods Specials.

10c India Linon for Thursday, special..... 7c

12c India Linon, for Thursday, special..... 9c

15c India Linon, for Thursday, special..... 12½c

40 inches wide India Linon, 15c quality..... 11½c

Fancy Checked and Satin Striped Nainsooks; full width, worth 10c yard, for..... 6c

Pure Bleached Table Damask, regular 33c quality, only..... 27c

Bed Spreads at reduced prices. Ask to see them; the prices are special.

Wrappers and Shirt Waists.

Ladies' dark calico Wrappers, well made and all sizes, worth $1.00, for..... 85c

Ladies' dark Chintz Cloth Wrappers, with deep flounce and ruffle, sold at $1.50, for.. $1.10

Ladies' Shirt Waists, in light and dark colors, well made and all sizes, sold at 65c for.... 45c

Light and dark Sea Island Percale Shirt Waists, in very fancy colorings, selling at 98c for..... 75c

Fine sheer India Linen Shirt Waists, regular selling price $1.25; special..... 98c

Embroideries at Special Values.

Some of these goods are worth double what we will sell them for tomorrow.

See the 10c Embroidery tomorrow, at, per yard..... 5c

The lots on sale tomorrow, at— 7½c, 8½c and 10c

Are worth double those prices. Some very nice All-over Embroideries, at..... $1.45

Regular selling price is $1.95.

A Bunch of Bargains Not to be Matched Elsewhere!

What 5c Will Buy

5c	Pocket Cork Screws	5c
5c	50-foot white braided Clothes Lines	5c
5c	Individual Butter Moulds	5c
5c	Granite Steel Match Safes—the 10c kinds	5c
5c	6 dozen Clothes Pins	5c
5c	Genuine Dover Egg Beater, worth 10c	5c
5c	Oak, 3-arm Towel Racks	5c
5c	7-inch white porcelain Plates, 10c kind	5c
5c	Children's 3-piece Garden Sets, 10c kind	5c
5c	Chair Seats, 3-ply veneer	5c
5c	8-inch yellow Mixing Bowls, regular 10c kind	5c
5c	4 white metal Tea Spoons	5c

STACK & CO.

What 10c Will Buy

10c	1 dozen rolls Toilet Paper	10c
10c	Long handled Feather Duster	10c
10c	Wash Boards, fancy crimp	10c
10c	Tin Folding Lunch Boxes, 19c kind	10c
10c	Full size Hammers, worth 20c	10c
10c	Imported Reed Carpet Beaters	10c
10c	5-arm Folding Clothes Racks, worth 25c	10c
10c	4-inch flat Paint Brushes, brass bound	10c
10c	10-quart tin Water Pail	10c
10c	Decorated Tea, Coffee and Sugar Canisters	10c
10c	Nickel-plated Tea and Coffee Strainers	10c
10c	1½ gallon white stone Milk Crock	10c

STACK & CO.

MEMORIAL EXERCISES.

Schools Give Programs and Are Addressed By G. A. R. Members.

The Memorial Day exercises in all the schools this year, showed studious and well directed effort. Yesterday morning the young people of the high school gave a patriotic program in keeping with the occasion. The affair took place in the Assembly hall. It was under the auspices of Professor Custance and was well attended. The veterans who addressed the high school pupils were J. D. Holmes, C. P. Bragg and M. W. Bates. Mr. Holmes emphasized the duty of the present generation of young people in cherishing memories of Memorial Day, because of the many privileges awarded them solely through the wars that have occurred. Mr. Bragg spoke of his visit to the navy yard and his contact with the celebrated battleships. He also told some facts in regard to his own experience in the navy. Mr. Bates spoke more particularly of the generals with whom he had served, Sheridan, Rosecrans, Thomas and Sherman. He spoke of their fine qualities and laid the secret of their success to the fact that they kept in close touch with the men of their camps.

A Memorial hymn was sweetly rendered by Miss Rena Smith. She received a hearty encore. The "Soldiers' Chorus" was sung by the High School choir, while "America" was sung by the entire school as was also "The Star Spangled Banner." A fine essay, "The Blue and the Gray," was given by Miss Eleanor Pineo. Albert Olson delivered a recitation "Sheridan's Ride," excellently, while Rene Hugo gave an eloquent patriotic address. A reading "Sheridan at Cedar Creek," by Mr. Lodge was also well appreciated.

The Washington school program was especially entertaining. At 2 p. m. the room where the performance took place was full. The invocation was given by Dr. A. W. Ryan. An address was given by M. W. Bates of the G. A. R., which was full of little jokes which heightened the interest. The songs by the school were "America," "Flag of a Nation Free," "New Hall Columbia" and "Old Kentucky Home." The boys of rooms 5 and 6 also gave a number entitled "Little Red Drum." The B second grade sang two selections, "The Shell" and "Young Soldiers." The A third grade sang "The Vacant Chair." "Soldiers in Blue" was given by the A first grade. The chorus singing for such little folks was delightful. Recitation were as follows: "Our Tributes," by B third grade; "Memorial Flowers," by B first grade; "Whose Papa," by Annie Jeronimus and "Grandpa's Glasses," by Ruby Cullen. They were all especially well delivered as also was a selection by Carl Hinerle. Following is the remainder of the program: Song by Bessie Racklin and Annie Orecowsky, which was very pleasing; dumb bell drill by sixteen boys; salutation to the flag by the school; hoop drill by sixteen girls; basn bag drill by the A third grade; scarf drill, girls of room 5; bird song, B first grade; recitations, "Daisy's Mission," by Thomas Beatty, and spelling game, B first grade.

The grade pupils of the high school expected to have the Assembly hall for their entertainment but as this was under preparation for the evening the exercises were abandoned and only a few drills in the halls were participated in. The drills were very pretty to watch, however, and quite a little assembly stood in the halls to view them.

The Jefferson school exercises were given at the usual hour yesterday. Mr. Hoff and Mr. Dean of the G. A. R. addressed the children and kept the little folks well interested. Following is the program of the Seventh and eighth grades:

Song—"Red, White and Blue"..... Seventh grade.

Recitation—"Decoration Day"..... Ruby Pond.

Quotations. "What is Patriotism" .....

Max Klein, Lester Phelps, George Barnum

Song—"Battle Hymn of Republic"..... Eighth grade.

Recitation—"Prince"..... Lydia Eartholdt.

Quotations—Describe the U. S. Flag... Isabel McLean, Gertrude Robinson, Annie Olund, Harry Gilman.

Recitation—"In Manilla Bay"..... Georgina Clark.

Song—Patriotic air ..... Seventh grade.

Quotations—"How Should the Flag be Treated" .....

Joseph Zelpen, Elsie Thiel, Pearl Petz, Elizabeth McLean.

Recitation—"The Confederate Soldier" Violet Robinson.

Recitation—"The Soldier's Prayer"... Maebelle Browne.

Song—"Tenting Tonight" ..... Eighth grade.

Drill ..... Seventh grade.

The Sodality Entertainment.

The Young Ladies' Sodality of the cathedral gave a social and entertainment last evening in Catholic Association hall. The program was filled with interesting numbers. The first selection, a piano solo, by Ed. Miller, was very pleasing. A piano duet was also given by Misses Willoughby and Lynn and was well rendered and well received. Miss Anna Farrell gave a vocal solo "Jamie Dear," which was warmly encored. Her response to it was "The Star Spangled Banner." A vocal number was also given by G. Beck and was fine. Recitations were given by Misses Julia Mahoffy, Fitzgerald and Ella Phillips. At the close of the program the audience seated itself around comfortable little refreshment tables and passed an hour or two in conversation.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

Granite monuments at manufacturer's prices, room 701, Palladio, until June 1.

WHO SAID "RUBBER"?

This MOULDED BUTTON and INDENTED HEAD RIVET are only on

The Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER

No Stitching in the Elastic.

NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS

Of Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.

GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

LOOK For the NAME ON EVERY LOOP.

Play!

Any game you choose—you can keep your blood cool and your nerves sturdy by drinking plenty of

HIRES Rootbeer

The Favorite Temperance Drink.

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.

TAKE MUCH INTEREST

Enumerators Showing the Right Spirit In Relation to the Census.

MAKING THE PLANS

Are Mapping the Work Out In Systematic Manner--- The Chinese.

Special Agent William Getty, who is in charge of the enumerators who will take the census, says that he is satisfied that all of them are taking a deep interest in their work and that all have a feeling of local pride and loyalty that will prompt them to give their very best efforts to getting every person in their respective districts who rightfully should be enrolled there. The enumerators are giving considerable thought to their work and are mapping it out in advance, going over their districts and learning them thoroughly and working out a plan of action.

The citizens' committee is pleased to learn that this is so, for although it can do much to assist in the work of getting a full enumeration, the real responsibility of the work lies with the enumerators. If they are patriotic citizens of Duluth they will not rest until they have counted every person. The person who is in the canvass for the purpose of making what he can out of it is the one to be afraid of, for he will neglect the people in the outskirts and outlying sections. He will not travel a couple of miles or so just to enroll two or three persons if he can avoid it, and in general will have to be closely watched, while the man with a local pride will scarcely have to be looked after.

One of the instructions which is given enumerators is as follows:

"The floating population in vessels, steamboats and houseboats at wharves and piers or river landings shall be enumerated on the morning of June 1 as far as possible, by the enumerators of the districts contiguous to the water front, including in the enumeration all persons who claim to be residents of the United States, even though they have no other home than on board the craft where they are found; but the officers and crew of a foreign ship only temporarily in the harbor are not to be enumerated."

This will concern several of the enumerators and will also puzzle them somewhat, for it will be no small matter to catch all the boats in the harbor, especially such boats as those which touch at the ore dock and remain only a few hours. The enumerators will have to work at a pretty lively rate to get them all in one day.

The bureau has taken steps to get all the Chinese enrolled. A "Chinese consular proclamation" has been issued in the Chinese language, and it assures the Chinese on the authority of their consul generals at San Francisco and New York of the purpose of the census, and that it has no connection with the laying of taxes or the examination of certificates of residence, and that all the Chinese should answer promptly and truthfully the questions put to them. The list of the questions is also given in the Chinese language.

Charley Sing Lee was very much pleased when he saw the document, and his services have been enlisted by the citizens' committee toward securing a complete and proper enrollment of the Chinese in the city of Duluth.

Everything is progressing well and there is good reason to believe that Duluth will secure a full and complete enrollment.

IT IS WINDOM.

He Is Selected For President of Garfield Club---The Speeches.

There was a sparsely attended meeting of the Garfield Republican club last night, about fifty members meeting for the semi-annual election of officers. William L. Windom was elected president of the club by acclamation, President Laybourn refusing to be a candidate. The following other officers were elected: First vice president, W. S. McCormick; second vice president, H. W. Krause; secretary, C. F. Hegg; treasurer, J. K. Richter; sergeant-at-arms, L. R. Helbing. The executive committee will consist of President Windom, Secretary Hegg, R. C. McKinlay, D. E. Stevens and M. J. Mullen. The following delegates to the state convention of Republican clubs, to be held in St. Paul July 18, were elected: W. O. Pentz, A. W. Browne, J. E. Cooley, President Windom and Secretary Hegg.

W. H. Barnes spoke on "The Election of United States Senators by Popular Vote," taking a stand against such methods. He said that by taking proper measures the evils of the present system could be stamped out, and he said that really fewer evils exist than there would be if senators were elected by popular vote.

H. C. Fulton gave a very interesting, thoughtful and logical address on "The Ship Subsidy Bill." He showed how the merchant marine of the United States has deteriorated from a commanding position in 1828 to a very inferior one now. Then he discussed remedies for the situation. The Democratic remedy of free ships and free registry of foreign vessels he thought would not work. It costs more to run American ships than European, because American sailors demand better wages. This can be remedied by cutting wages or by government aid. The former was not to be thought of, for the American sailor must not be degraded to the level of the European. A second remedy, discriminative duties, such as the country had in its early history, is impracticable now. A third remedy, a tonnage tax, is also objectionable.

A subsidy bill, then, seemed to him to be the only possible remedy. The lake traffic has been aided, not directly, but by immense government expenditures for harbors and channels. He thought a subsidy bill would restore America's lost maritime supremacy. Other nations have accomplished much with government aid, and this country can do the same. Further, he thought that the only way that it can be brought about is by having the Republican party do it.

Rev. Harry W. Knowles, pastor of Grace Methodist church, gave a short address on "Shirt Sleeve Politicians." The issues of the coming campaign, he thought, are farther reaching than any previous ones. The opposition is bringing up only shadows, but some superstitious people can be made to believe in ghosts, and these will be influenced. The meeting was ended with a short address of thanks by the new president of the club.

AMUSEMENTS.

WARD AND YOKES.

It is promised that the Ward and Yokes company now touring in "The Floor Walkers" and to be seen at the Lyceum Saturday is the strongest singing ensemble ever heard in farce comedy. The principles are: Ward and Yokes, Lucy Daly, Margaret Daly Yokes, Hattie Bernard, The Chicago Ladies' Quartet, Will West, George Sidney, Herbert Dilles and W. H. Rock.

Stove Was Too Hot.

At 8:30 last evening an overheated stove on the second floor of the Fitzsimmons-Derrig company's commission house at 229 West Michigan street, caused considerable excitement down town and gave the fire department a little unnecessary work. No damage was done by the fire, but one of the steamers returning from the fire, blew off a little surplus steam in front of the St. Louis hotel, causing a team of horses hitched to a hack to plunge forward and becoming tangled up with a single rig, succeeded in smashing the buggy and breaking the harness on all three horses involved.

Inspector Le Sage Resigns.

G. H. Lesage, inspector of the state dairy and food commission of this city has resigned his position to take effect on June 1. Inspector Chadbourne, will close the department office in the Mesaba block tomorrow afternoon and will start out on a tour of the state, inspecting creameries. This work will keep him busy till Dec. 1. However the pure food campaign in this city will not be abandoned altogether. Deputy Inspector McConnell will remain here for a short time making milk tests and collecting licenses. All dairymen selling milk without a license after June 1 are liable to prosecution, and these licenses can be obtained at Deputy Inspector McConnell's office in the Tremont hotel.

ALLEGED TIMBER POACHERS.

Five From the Rainy River Country Bound Over.

Crookston, Minn., May 30.—Deputy United States Marshals Tuft, Warren and Morrison arrived here yesterday, having in charge five men arrested through information furnished by W. L. Griffin, a special agent of the interior department, for stealing timber on the north border of the state. The names of the men are George McCoubrey, P. L. Christoferson, David Olson, Dudley Quseal and Arthur Hamel.

They were detected two months ago by Special Agent Griffin, and the logs and ties were seized and sold to J. J. Hyland, of Warroad, who, when he went to claim his property, was stood off by the men with Winchesters. The deputy marshals went up last week and found the men in the Rainy River country, nearly 200 miles from civilization, securing five out of seven, without any casualties occurring.

The case against them was so strong that they decided to waive examination, and they were all bound over to await the action of the federal grand jury. There are a number of other men accused of the same offense that will be prosecuted against at once. They are in the employ of parties on the Canadian side, who encourage them to the trespass and who pay well for the ties and telegraph poles that form the chief portion of their poaching.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

In the midst of a crowd at the railroad station at Harvey, Ill., Frank Cameron and Thomas Cuelli, of Chicago, formerly business partners, fought a pistol duel yesterday with the result that Cameron was mortally wounded. The shooting was the result of a feud of months' duration, which arose over an alleged diamond swindle. Their legal difficulties had brought them to the suburb of Harvey and at the station the quarrel was renewed.

Queen Lilinokalani sailed from San Francisco for Honolulu yesterday on the steamer City of Peking. The ex-queen does not look well and it is said she is going home to die. All the medical skill of the East could not save her and as soon as the news was broken to her she decided to hasten home and end her days among her own people.

A Milwaukee interview with one of the members of the General Paper company, which was organized to include all of the Wisconsin and Minnesota manilla paper mills, says that the object of the new company is to fight the international print paper trust.

The United States coast survey steamer Blake, while surveying Culebra, or Pasa Island, off the east coast of Porto Rico, struck a sunken rock and sustained some damage. She is now being docked at St. Thomas, D. W. I. Her repairs will require several days.

Admiral Dewey has arranged to leave Washington on June 5 for a trip that will carry him as far as Grand Rapids, Mich. It is purely a social trip in response to invitations issued some months ago by the citizens of three Western cities, which Admiral Dewey had accepted before the announcement of his candidacy for the presidency. The trip has no political significance it is stated.

Robert P. Burt, aged 50 years, died at Beloit, Wis., yesterday. He was the oldest locomotive engineer in America. He first ran an engine from Plattsville to Susquehanna, Pa., and ran the first engine across the high bridge at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

W. H. Newman, president of the Lake Shore railroad, which owns the stock of the Lake Erie and Western railway, says there is no truth in the statement that the two roads are to be consolidated.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Conventions at Summer Resorts.

The National Medical association will meet at Atlantic City early in June; the Elks at the same place in July; the National Dental association at Old Point Comfort in July. Persons interested in special fares for these events may obtain full information on the subject by communicating with R. H. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., Pennsylvania lines, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

Art Lessons. 9 to 10 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m. in embroidery. 10 to 11 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m. in lace work. One hour lesson free with every 75c purchase of art material.

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DAILY STORE NEWS.

Things You Want at the Prices You Want to Pay.

That's the idea at Freimuth's. Thoroughly reliable goods—up-to-date goods—and the greatest variety in every line to choose from. Prompt and courteous service and purchases cheerfully exchanged or money refunded if goods don't suit.

These Special Items Are Tomorrow's Attractions!

Dress Ginghams 50 pieces—the newest styles of the season—18c and 20c kinds— 12½c

India Linons. 40 pieces India Linons and Victoria Lawns—the 23 cent kind at— 15c

White Goods. Striped, checked and figured White Goods, twenty-five cent values— 15c

Dimities. Very sheer—just like silk—new pastel shades—dotted; worth 45c— 29c

Dimities. 40 pieces fine Corded Dimities, all staple colorings, the 15c quality at— 10c

Linen Crash. 20 pcs Linen Crash in plain and colored stripes for Outing Suits and Skirts—the 25c kind at— 16c

Dress Goods and Silk Departments

Black Dress Goods.

48-in. all-wool Storm Serges and Cheviots. An ever ready material for serviceable suits and skirts, and will not turn shoddy nor hold the dust. Other stores ask you 79c for same Fabric. Our price for Thursday a yard..... 59c

42 and 44-inch Wool Etamine and Grenadine. A very dressy material with open work in checked and figured effects used for the new drop skirts. A regular $1 value, special for Thursday at a yard..... 69c

48-in Wool Rep, has a smooth, firm, finish and will make a very stylish dress. A regular $1.25 quality, Thursday at a yard..... 95c

Colored Dress Goods.

42-inch Empress Cords, come in the staple shades of blue, brown, green and red. A superbly finished fabric for all kinds of wear. A regular $1.25 quality, Thursday at a yard..... $1.00

54-inch Bannockburn Tweeds English Venetians, the proper material for tailored suits. We have them in all colors. A good value at $1.50 a yd., Thursday only..... $1.25

Shepherd Checks for Waists in black and white, blue and white. Also a large assortment of mixed colors at (a yard and upwards)..... 50c

Silk Specials.

We have still a goodly assortment of the $1.50 and $2.50 Silks we sold at the great sale last week and they will be on sale tomorrow at 73c a yard. Come as early as you can for them.

$1.00 blk Taffetas..... 75c

$1.25 blk Taffetas, guaranteed..... 98c

$1 Armures..... 79c

$1.25 Satin de Lyon..... 98c

$1.25 Satin Duchesse..... 98c

Foulards. The greatest assortment at the head of the lakes and best values—at a yard— 48c, 75c, $1.00

Complete NEW LINE Washable Dress Skirts.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Garments.

Latest style Coats, Suits, Waists, Skirts, etc., at surprisingly low prices—specimens of which follow. They are real bargains and entirely unexaggerated.

$5.00 for Ladies' and Misses' tan, blue brown and black Jackets that sold at $7.50 and $9.

$7.50 for Ladies' blue, tan and black Jackets that readily brought $12.50 and $10, a great bargain.

$10.00 for Ladies' $15, $18 and even $20 Jackets in tan, blue and black. An unparalleled offer to stylish dressers.

$8.00 for Ladies' $20, $22 and $24.50 Suits of Venetian and Covert cloths—elegantly tailored and perfect fitting but must be sold.

$11.75 for Nobby Suits that were $15.00 and $18.00. Every new shade in the newest and most stylish fabrics and trimmings.

$18.50 for extra swell high grade suits that were $25, $27.50 and $30—Made of imported materials, black and colors.

Big Special in Taffeta Waists.

About 100 new colored plain Taffeta Silk Waists—tucked and hemstitched front and back—plain dress sleeve—detachable collar—lined throughout with fine grade Percaline—all colors and sizes..... $3.95

These Waists are good value at $5.00. Endeavor to see them tomorrow.

$3.50 for Black Percaline lined Dress Skirts, with tailored seams, in All-Wool Serge. Stylish—worth much more.

$4.75 for 200 black and blue Serge skirts—applique trimmings—newest modes.

$7.50 for $10.00 gray and blue unlined Walking and Bicycle Skirts, stitching and inverted plait back.

Crockery

5c 100 dozen thin fancy and white Cups and Saucers, worth 15c—Thursday, pair only 5c.

3c 150 dozen thin blown gold band Tumblers, worth 75c a doz, Thursday each only 3c; 2 doz to a customer.

29c 10 doz Flemish stoneware Water Pitchers, nicely decorated; would be cheap at 45c, Thursday only 29c.

Hardware.

73c 25 doz solid copper nickel plated Tea Kettles, No. 8 size, worth $1.25—Thursday 73c.

$1.59 100 2-quart Peerless Ice Cream freezers, best kind made; regular value $1.98, special at $1.59.

9c 300 nickel plated Ice Picks, with solid nickel head, worth 15c, special tomorrow 9c.

Draperies.

These special values in the big new Drapery Room all day tomorrow.

1 lot 36-inch Swiss Muslin, the 15c kind at, 12½c

36-inch plain Denims, all colors, the 25c kind at, a yard..... 20c

1 lot Portiers, good Oriental effects, fringed top and bottom, good value at $4.75, at, a pair..... $3.75

Your choice of any $12.50 and $12 Portiers at, a pair..... $10

1 lot fine Bobbinet Ruffled Curtains that sell regularly at $6.50 and $6.00, a pair..... $5

Fine Scotch Muslin ruffled edge curtains, good value at $2.25, at a pair..... $1.88

1 lot Battenberg Curtains, worth $22.50, at a pair..... $15

1 lot fine Brussels Net Curtains, the $7.50 and $8.50 kind, at a pair..... $6.50

1 lot Brass Extension Rods, size 28x54, sell two for..... 25c

1 lot Sash Rods at, each..... 5c

6-foot Opaque Window shades, all colors, each..... 25c

1 lot curtain stretchers, worth $1.50, each..... 95c

Child's Shoes.

Our Great Sample Sale which opened yesterday will continue all day Thursday. Just think of the best Shoes these famous manufacturers know how to make for less than their making cost. Heavy shoes, light shoes, high shoes, low shoes—shoes of all kinds—about 500 pairs in all. Investigate.

Ribbons.

Thousands of yards of them still left at these low prices—

12½c 200 pieces 1½ to 2½ in. Plaid and Striped Taffeta Ribbons—newest shades, have sold up to 18c—Tomorrow at 12½ cents.

28c Big assortment Luminous Satin Ribbons, all new pastel shades, 2½ to 3½ inches wide, worth regularly up to 45c—special tomorrow, 28c.

59c 4½-inch Neck Ribbons in newest ideas in Luster Stripes—blue and white, and navy and white, red and white, and all sorts of new colorings—75c values, tomorrow, 59 cents per yard.

Notion Bargains

For Thursday's Shopping—

3 papers Pins, the 3c kind—at..... 5c

Genuine English Book Pins, a paper..... 5c

Extra quality Horn Hair Pins, always sell at 15c a box, 1 doz in box—for..... 10c

25 doz Stockinet Dress Shields, worth 15c, at..... 8c

Washable Shields, perfectly odorless, guaranteed to wash and give perfect satisfaction. 25c

20 doz Hose Supporters for Children, Misses and Ladies, the 15 cent kind, at..... 9c

15 doz Satin Belt Supporters for Ladies, colors pink, cardinal, orange and blue, regular price 40c, tomorrow..... 29c

Freimuth's

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Wheel the Baby Out.

Plenty of fresh air is what the baby wants this time of year.

It keeps him well now and builds up a good constitution for future years.

We did not intend to give a talk on the hygiene of infants, but just the same our stock of Go-Carts and Carriages has been selected to meet every requirement for getting the little ones out of doors in the most comfortable manner. Every sort of perambulator awaits you here in every conceivable color of upholstering. We carry the very best Carriages and Go-Carts in America, and sell them at reasonable prices.

Go-Carts ... $2.85 to $28.00
Carriages ... $5.00 to $35.00

OUR TERMS:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

Special and Liberal Terms on Larger Amounts.

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Complete House Furnishers.

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We represent only the strongest and most reputable Stock Companies. When you get insurance, get the best. We furnish it.

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PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY
Printing That Suits—Prices Right.
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Treatment by electricity and Massage for Rheumatism.
Best of Attendants Employed.
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An improved property on First Avenue East for sale at one-half its value. This investment will net the purchaser **10 per cent.**

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Co. Bldg.

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Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

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Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

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CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. *7 E. Superior St.*

TOWN IS GIVEN UP

Pretoria Dispatch Says Johannesburg Has Been Delivered to the British.

SAY KRUGER IS TAKEN

Rumor That He Has Been Captured Not Far From Pretoria.

London, May 31, 4:45 p. m.—The Evening News of this city has received a dispatch from Pretoria to the effect that Johannesburg has been handed over to the British.

London, May 31, 6:45 p. m.—The Westminster Gazette says it is rumored tonight, in a quarter likely to be well informed, that President Kruger had been captured by the British six miles beyond Pretoria.

ENTRY WAS DEFERRED.

Roberts Put It Off on Commander's Request.

London, May 31.—The war office has received the folowing dispatch from Lord Roberts, under date of Germiston, May 30:

"In answer of a flag of truce I sent to Johannesburg this morning, the commandant came to see me. He begged me to defer entering the town for twenty-four hours, as there were many armed burghers still inside. I agreed to this, as I am most anxious to avert the possibility of any disturbance inside the town and as bodies of the enemy are still holding the hills in the immediate neighborhood, from which they will have to be cleared off beforehand.

"Rundle reports that he attacked a large party of Boers near Senekal on May 28. He said his casualties were not heavy.

"Brabant reports that on May 28 two of his patrols, consisting of two officers and forty men, were cut off by the enemy and taken prisoners.'

Lord Roberts' latest dispatches show a somewhat different light on the military situation. Before they were received, celebrations were organized in the country towns in honor of the fall of Pretoria. In Chester, a public holiday was declared, while at Dover, Portsmouth and many other places in the provinces, flags were flown and rejoicings were general. Pretoria, however, is not yet in the hands of the British, though there is no reason to doubt the authenticity of the report that Kruger has evacuated the place and that the municipality is ready to surrender when confronted by superior numbers.

At 9 o'clock last night, the final forward movement on the Transvaal capital had apparently not commenced. All Lord Roberts' dispositions of troops appear to apply to Johannesburg, and, though the British seem certain to reach Pretoria within a day or so, they will not occupy it without fighting, if the opposition of the Boers around Johannesburg is any criterion.

Gen. French's movements appears not so much an immediate advance on Pretoria as part of a plan to surround Johannesburg, from which, last night, he was only a few miles distant. Lord Roberts, himself, is at Elandsfontein Junction. His forces will be placed to the south, west and north of Johannesburg. Subsequent to the surrender of the city, these units will probably be reconcentrated, while Gen. French advances from the advantageous position he already occupies.

The main army is converging towards the railroad, following closely on his heels.

Supposing that Johannesburg surrenders at noon today, Pretoria should be reached by June 2, opposition or no opposition.

Gen. Brabant's loss of forty men is striking evidence that the annexation of the Free State by no means implies its pacification.

So thoroughly is the country here imbued with the belief that Pretoria has fallen that Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, speaking today at a meeting of the University of Birmingham, proposed a message to the queen congratulating her upon the capture of Johannesburg and Pretoria, which was sent to the afternoon newspapers.

The afternoon newspapers all acknowledge the prompt friendliness of the United States consul at Pretoria, Adelbert S. Hay, in insisting on the release of a number of British officers to take command of the British prisoners in order to avert a disturbance among the latter.

MINES ARE UNINJURED.

Boers Left Johannesburg Without Blowing Them Up.

Germiston, Transvaal May 30 (Wednesday), 3:25 p. m.—Johannesburg is practically in British possession. The mines are uninjured. Nine engines, a coal train and a great quantity of rolling stock were captured. The remnants of the Boers' rearguard remained behind and fought in the streets of Germiston, but they were easily cleared by the grenadiers.

The troops have not yet occupied Johannesburg. Gen. French is now at Elandslaagte. The guards hold Elands fontein and Germiston. The state entry into Johannesburg will take place tomorrow.

The Boers have gone to Pretoria.

The railroad from here to the Vaal river is uninjured.

FIGHT AT JOHANNESBURG.

Hamilton Clears Boers From Ridges to the West.

London, May 31, 11:02 a. m.—The war office has received from Lord Roberts a dispatch, dated Germiston, May 30, 9 p. m., saying:

"The brunt of the fighting yesterday fell upon Ian Hamilton's column. I have sent him, as already mentioned, to work around to the west of Johannesburg in support of French's cavalry, which was directed to go north, near the road leading to Pretoria. I have not heard from French yet, but Hamilton, in a report which has just reached me, states that at about 1 o'clock in the afternoon he found his way blocked by the enemy, strongly posted on some kopjes and ridges, three miles south of the Rand. They had two heavy guns and several field guns and pom poms. Hamilton forthwith attacked.

"The right was led by the Gordons, who, after capturing one extremity of the ridge, wheeled around and worked along it until after dark, clearing it of the enemy, who fought most obstinately. The 10th led on the other flank, and would not be denied. The chief share in the action, as in the casualties, fell to the Gordons, whose gallant advance excited the admiration of all.

"Hamilton is now at Florida, due west of Johannesburg, and French is a few miles further to the northeast. The Gordons, the cavalry, the mounted infantry and the seventh division are holding the heights of the town. The Eleventh division, with Batteries H and G, and the heavy artillery, are south of Johannesburg.

"Hamilton speaks in high terms of praise of the manner in which Bruce Hamilton and Col. Spens of the Shropshire Light Infantry handled their men, under Smith-Dorrien's direction."

KRUGER LEAVES PRETORIA.

Transvaal President Is Reported at Watervalhaven.

London, May 31, 2 a. m.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from the earl of Rossyln, who was a prisoner at Pretoria, but who, as a civilian, appears to have been released:

"Pretoria, May 30, Wednesday, 11:40 a. m.—Pretoria will be occupied in about two hours without resistance. The president has gone to Watervalhaven. Burgomaster De Sousa is authorized to receive the British. He, with an influential committee of citizens, headed by Judge Gregorwski, has been appointed to preserve life and property during the interregnum. Everything is quiet, but the crowds are waiting expectantly in Church square for the arrival of the British.

"Fearing a possible disturbance and bloodshed among the prisoners of war at Waterval, United States Consul Hay and Leigh Wood insisted upon twenty officers being liberated on parole to go to the men. Their action cannot be too highly praised. I was permitted to accompany the officers. Everything was quiet."

PRETORIA REPORTED TAKEN.

An Announcement that Appears to Be Premature.

Ottawa, Ont., May 31.—W. S. Fielding, minister of finance, announced in the house of commons this morning the taking of Pretoria.

BOERS IN A TRAP.

Several Hundred Penned In a Mine at Johannesburg.

London, May 31, 4:36 a. m.—A special dispatch from Germiston, a suburb of Johannesburg, says several hundred Boers have sought refuge in a mine, wheer the British Grenadiers have cornered them and barred all escape.

LORD MANNERS CAPTURED.

London, May 31.—Lord Cecil Manners, son of the duke of Rutland, and who is acting as a newspaper correspondent, was among the prisoners captured by the Boers during Lord Roberts' advance May 29.

VICTORIA CELEBRATES.

Victoria, B. C., May 31.—Victoria last night was a blaze of light, citizens turning out to celebrate the evacuation of Pretoria. Bonfires blazed every ten yards on the main streets and millions of firecrackers and bands proclaimed the glad news. Today has been proclaimed a general holiday by the mayor for a general celebration.

IN HEIDELBERG.

Cape Town, May 31.—The British have occupied Heidelberg, on the railroad connecting Johannesburg with the Transvaal frontier town of Volksrust on the Natal frontier near Laing's Nek.

SMOKE VICTIMS.

Two Women Are Suffocated at a Fire In Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Anna Parson and an unknown woman who was spending the night with her were suffocated in a boarding house fire at 204 Fourth street southeast early this morning.

All the other occupants, about a dozen, escaped with some difficulty.

CHINESE WILL GO SLOW.

Will Not Meddle With 'Frisco Quarantine at Prnsent.

San Francisco, May 31.—Referring to the quarantining of Chinatown, the attorneys of the Chinese Six companies have made the following statement:

"We shall do nothing precipitately in the way of litigation and therefore, we do not contemplate making an application to the courts at this time for any order to modify or hinder the operations of the board of health.

"A cause of considerable uneasiness among the inhabitants of Chinatown is the lack of quarantine regulations thus far observed within the quarantined district. The general quarantine order keeps 20,000 people within a prescribed district, and that a comparatively small district. In this district, it is not claimed that there are or ever have been more than nine or ten cases. The contention made by the people who are subject to the quarantine is that if it is necessary to quarantine thus numerously populated districts it is the duty of the board of health to go further and quarantine or isolate the houses and persons who are said to be infected.

"We shall also request the board of health to proceed vigorously with sanitation of the quarantined district. The question of expense is a secondary matter. If genuine bubonic plague exists there, the city should stop at nothing to stamp it out. A million dollars would be a mere trifle to expend in doing this work quickly and well."

Chinese Consul Hoy Yow takes the position that the municipal government of San Francisco is bound to furnish necessaries for the support of the quarantined Chinese.

The federal authorities refused to issue clean bills of health to the steamers City of Pekin and Australia, which have sailed for the Orient. They will have to undergo quarantine and fumigation on reaching Hawaii.

MISSIONS IN DANGER

Many Important American Mission Posts Menaced By Chinese Boxers.

ROSTER OF STAFFS

Names of Those Who Are Located In the Disturbed Districts.

New York, May 31.—In American mission circles it is said that the interests chiefly concerned in the disturbed districts of China are American.

> It is pointed out that several important American mission stations, with women among the members of their staffs, are at Pao-Ting-Fit, where the missionaries are reported to be cut off.

Among Americans in the district at present threatened by the Boxers around Pekin are the Rev. Harry E. King and Mrs. King, in charge of the Methodist mission station at Pao-Chow, and Rev. Nehemiah Hopkins, Mrs. Hopkins and Mrs. Fannie Higgins Hopkins, M.D., who were transferred to that post.

Rev. George R. Davis, presiding elder of the district, was out of Pekin, and at one of the two adjacent stations at the time of the reported disturbances. Mr. and Mrs. Burton Reynolds, of Florida, who are not missionaries, were at the station.

Rev. and Mrs. King are both graduates of Wesieyan university, and well known throughout the country. Rev. and Mrs. Hopkins have long been in the field.

Among those in Pekin are Miss Alice Terrill, of New York; Professor Duvy, Rev. Francis Gamewell and Mrs. Mary Porter Gamewell, formerly of Buffalo, N. Y.; Rev. Edward K. Lowry and wife, Rev. George Lowry and wife, both families of Denver, Col.; Rev. Hiram H. Lowry and wife, Dr. W. H. Curtis and wife, Rev. Fred Hayner and wife, Rev. William Thobart and wife, Rev. James H. Pyke and wife, Rev. Mark L. Tafe and wife, Miss Mary L. Barrow, M.D.; Miss Ranphael R. Benn, M.D.; Miss Croucher, Miss Gilman, Miss Close, M. D.; Mrs. Jewell, Miss Shockley, Miss M. Ida Stevanson, M.D.; Miss Anna Smeore, Miss Terry, M.D.; Miss Francis C. Wilson and Miss Effie G. Young.

At Tien Tsin are Rev. Frederick Brown and Mrs. Agnes Barker Brown, of New York.

The Presbyterian board of foreign missions has a mission at Pao-Ting-Fu, which it occupied in 1893. The missionaries stationed there are Rev. Dr. J. W. Lowry, Rev. J. A. Miller, Mrs. Miller, Rev. F. E. Simcox, Mrs. Simcox, Dr. G. Yardly Taylor, Miss A. P. Lowrie, Dr. Cortlandt, Van Rensselaer Hodge and Mrs. Hodge.

Nearly fourteen visits were made by natives to dispensaries of this mission in one year. The mission also maintains a church at Mancheng, thirteen miles from Pao Ting Fu.

The American board of commissioners for foreign missions also has a mission at Pao Ting Fu. The following missionaries are stationed there: Rev. George E. Ewing, Mrs. Ewing, Miss Annie A. Gould, Miss Mary S. Morrill, Dr. Willis C. Noble, Mrs. Noble and Mr. and Mrs. Horace T. Pitkin.

KEMPFF REPORTS LANDING.

Advises Officials of Disembarking Men at Ta Ku.

Washington, May 31.—The following cablegram has been received at the navy department from the senior squadron commander, Admiral Kempff:

"Tong Ku (Ta Ku), May 30.—Secretary Navy, Washington: One hundred men landed and sent to Tien Tsin yesterday. Fifty of these go to Pekin this day. Other nations landed men.

"KEMPFF."

TWO DEAD.

Newspaper Man In Cleveland Kills His Niece and Commits Suicide.

Cleveland, May 31.—Caul Raub, formerly connected with a local German newspaper, early today shot and killed his niece, Miss Bertha Yucker, assistant principal of the Orchard street kindergarten school and then killed himself. Raub was 50 years old and his niece 25.

The exact motive for the deed has not yet developed. Raub was despondent over business affairs. The tragedy occurred at the home of Raub's sister, Miss Yucker.

LIGHTNING KILLS THREE.

A Bolt's Deadly Work at St. Clair, Mich.

St. Clair, Mich., May 31.—Capt. Arlie Morrison, Frank Campbell and William Medlar were killed by lightning today. The three men were at work in the cabin of a new boat. The lightning struck the mast, splintered it and passed down into the cabin. Morrison and Medlar were killed instantly; Campbell died in half an hour.

DR. MILLER DEAD.

Chicago, May 31.—Dr. Truman W. Miller, one of the best known surgeons in the West, died here today of blood poisoning. Dr. Miller served as a surgeon in the civil war. Later he was made assistant surgeon of the marine hospital here, and after some years of service in this capacity was made chief surgeon. He was noted for his philanthropy to young men.

BIRMINGHAM BLAZE.

Birmingham, Ala., May 31.—The 5-story building occupied by Nabers, Morrow & Sinnig, wholesale and retail druggists, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $80,000.

REPORT ON OLEO

House Agriculture Committee's Majority Report on Oleomargarine Bill.

A GIGANTIC SWINDLE

Cause For Alarm In the Tremendous Growth of Illegal Traffic.

Washington, May 31.—The report of the oleomargarine bill, which has been a source of lively contention, was filed today by the majority of the house committee on agriculture, the minority also filing an adverse report. Representative Henry drew the majority report, which says in part:

"We are of the opinion that the people have ample cause for alarm at the tremendous illegal growth of the oleomargarine traffic in this country during the past few years, which now appears to have reached proportions beyond the power of the states to successfully regulate or control, and the present federal laws are apparently altogether inadequate for the emergency.

"We find that the very foundation and cause of the enormous amount of fraud and illegal selling of oleomargarine is in the great profits which are derived from the sale of the imitation, because of its absolute counterfeit of butter, which enables unscrupulous dealers to impose upon unsuspecting customers. These profits are sufficiently large to cause the retailer to run the chances of detection and prosecution, and they are further emboldened and encouraged through the guarantees of the manufacturers of protection against prosecutions under the state laws.

"The tax of 10 cents per pound upon oleomargarine colored to resemble butter will not deprive the manufacturers and dealers or consumers of any great amount of legal right they now possess. We believe the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine will continue under this measure, and that those who desire a cheap substitute for butter will purchase the uncolored article. The only difference is that the counterfeit article, colored in imitation of butter, will no longer be accessible to hotel keepers, restaurant keepers and boarding house proprietors at such prices as will be an inducement for them to deceive their guests, as is now, we believe, absolutely universal, where it is served, and thus another class of consumers who have been subjected to imposition for more than twenty years will be able to know whether they are eating butter fat or hog fat when they spread their bread. If colored oleomargarine is served it will be because it is better, not because it is cheaper than butter.

"Serious conditions require drastic measures, and it certainly appears from the testimony of those representing the producers of butter, as well as from the admissions of the witnesses of the other side, that those who are engaged in this oleomargarine traffic have absolutely no regard for state laws, and regard the public as their legitimate victim, in whose behalf they resent the interference of the general government. The continued existnce of such a condition, we cannot but believe, furnishes a demoralizing example to our people in trade, who are being tutored by this oleomargarien in the art of evasion and defiance of the legally constituted authorities."

The minority report says in part: "We first wish to call attention to proof positive that oleomargarine is a wholesome and nutritious article of food, and is therefore entitled to a legitimate place in the commerce of the country."

In substantiation of this statement the testimony of Professor X. Chandler of Columbia college and Professor Baker of the University of Pennsylvania and others is cited.

The only just complaint, the minority state, is as to the facility with which retail dealers can violate the present law by substituting unmarked packages for those taken from the original or from wholesale packages, but the Grout bill, it is contended, does not decrease the temptations or increase the difficulties of such violations. On the contrary, the increased taxation would either be fraudulently evaded, or else would force the honest manufacture out of business. In fact, the report states, the radical advocates of the bill admit that their intention is to absolutely crush out the manufacture of oleomargarine and eliminate it as a food product.

In conclusion, the report adds:

"The members of the committee on agriculture who have joined in the minority report beg to assure the house and the country, in the most solemn manner possible, that it has been their earnest intention, and is now their determination, to do everything possible to enforce the sale of oleomargarine as oleomargarine and to prevent its sale as butter. To prevent fraud, and not to stamp out an industry has been and is our purpose. We believe that it ought to be the sole purpose of all legislation, and the sole motive of all just men."

The minority also submits a substitute bill, providing additional safeguards against oleomargarine.

YOUNG HERO.

Eight Year Old Lad Performs Heroic Feats at a Fire.

Media, Pa., May 31.—Two children were dragged from a burning house on the truck farm of T. Steer Bicksloe last night by their 8-year-old brother, who, driven out by the flames, left his mother and a baby to perish.

His mother, carrying the baby and a lamp, fell on a stairway, the lamp setting fire to the house. The carpets, saturated with oil from the lamp, burned fiercely, and the boy, realizing that the house was doomed, dragged out a brother and sister, who were intent on rushing through the fire to their mother. Then he returned for his mother, whose arms clasped the baby, but her weight was too great for his little arms and, as the flames were closing in on him, he gave a last despairing look at the doomed woman and fled, heartbroken, to a place of safety.

THEY ARE HOSTILE

Certain Grand Army Circles Against a Confederate Memorial at Germantown.

PROTEST BY SAMPLE

The Past Commander Puts Himself on Record Against the Plan.

Philadelphia, May 31.—During the ceremonies incident to the decoration of the Union and Confederate dead in the national cemetery at Germantown, a suburb, yesterday, it developed that in certain Grand Army circles opposition has appeared to the erection of a monument to the Confederate dead in that cemetery by the Daughters of the Confederacy.

Col. Thomas G. Sample, of Pittsburg, a past commander of the G. A. R., during his oration in connection with the ceremonies under the auspices of Ellis post No. 6, said:

> "We have buried all of our sectional feeling. We forgot all sectionalism at the close of the war. Yet, while I have no objection to our brothers in the South raising monuments to their generals, as, of course, they have a perfect right to do, I raise my voice in protest against their erecting any monument to anyone who fought against the flag in any national cemetery in the country."

Col. Sample said after his oration that he spoke only in a general way; that he had not known until he reached Germantown that there was any local feeling on the subject. It then developed that the Ellis post had adopted resolutions protesting against the erection of the monument, and laid the resolutions before the Grand Army committee composed of posts in this city, which also adopted resolutions against the memorial.

The plan to raise a monument to Confederate dead took shape more than a year ago. Col. W. H. Knauss, of Philadelphia, a member of the G. A. R., brought to the attention of the Daughters of the Confederacy that there are in the cemeteries of the North the graves of thousands of Confederate soldiers, many of them unknown. The organization took up the matter and began to collect funds, principally in the South, for the purpose of raising monuments over these graves. In this city the Gen. Danby chapter undertook the work and hoped in the beginning to have the monument ready for unveiling yesterday.

Whether the project will be dropped now that opposition to it has developed remains for the General Society of the Daughters of the Confederacy to determine.

STRIKE IN ST. LOUIS.

Police Serve Strikers Notice to Keep the Peace.

St. Louis, May 31.—There is no material change in the strike situation this morning. Strikers have been warned not to gather in crowds and cause disturbances, and if the police are forced to extreme measures it will be the fault of those starting and participating in the trouble.

It developed today that five persons were shot during the street car troubles yesterday. Thomas Kehoe and Thomas Riley, both union motormen, are seriously wounded. It is said Kehoe's injury may be fatal. Kehoe was a member of the Third United States cavalry during the Spanish-American war and saw active service in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Riley received a bullet near the heart in a pistol battle between several supposed passengers, who left a Union line car at Twenty-fifth and Farris streets, and a crowd that pursued them.

Others wounded were Frederick Potter and John A. Davis. Potter was shot in the left hand and arm.

Anton Chalupsky was shot in the legs last night by a policeman. Chalupsky and his wife were standing at the corner of Twelfth and Emmett streets during the progress of a small-sized demonstration near by, and Policeman Himeles told them to move on. Chalupsky thought he had a right to remain if he pleased and so informed the officer. A second order was given, and when Chalupsky refused, he says, the officer used the baton on his head. Cholupsky and his wife then assailed the officer with a shower of bricks. Himeles drew his revolver and fired twice at Chalupsky, wounding him in east leg. His condition is not serious.

LUNCHED WITH THE CZAR.

Chicago University Party Royally Treated In St. Petersburg.

London, May 31.—President R. W. Harper of the university of Chicago, C. R. Crane, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Ryerson and Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Hutchinson, of Chicago, left St. Petersburg May 27 for Paris, after most profitable consultations with the officials and scholars relative to the chair of Russian literature at the Chicago university. The members of the Russian cabinet offered them every facility, and they were received everywhere with lavish hospitality.

The day prior to their departure the czar received them in audience in the czar's Tzarskeosels palace. The visitors explained the purpose of their visit and referred to the encouragement they had received. The czar was extremely cordial and talked with the visitors lengthily, expressing gratification at the endowment of such a chair at an American university. He said he was confident it would strengthen the bonds of friendship so long existing between the United States and Russia.

After the visitors had been entertained at luncheon they returned to the city by special train, full of enthusiasm at their reception and entertainment by the emperor.

THE ELKS' REUNION

Special Features Arranged For the Annual Gathering at Atlantic City.

THE GRAND PARADE

Will Be One of the Leading Attractions---The Prizes Offered.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 31.—From the large number of letters received by the executive committee in charge of the fourteenth annual grand lodge and reunion B. P. O. Elks, which is to be held here on July 10, 11 and 12 the Atlantic City lodge is already assured that this will be the largest and most successful gathering of Elks coming from all sections of the United States ever known in the history of this popular organization. Where lodges which formerly sent a delegation of twenty-five members to the conventions of this order word has been received to expect them in their own private cars from 100 to 200 strong.

The various local committees are holding weekly meetings and are hard at work arranging the many details for the successful entertainment of their thousands of guests at that time. The grand lodge headquarters will be at the Hotel Rudolf. A monster social session will be held on one of the evenings at Marcus N. Carroll's Blue Cavern Grotto on the Boardwalk, while a large reception and ball will be given on one of the ocean piers on another evening. The sessions of the grand lodge will be held in the Academy of Music, directly facing the ocean. Open house will be kept at Elks' hall during the entire convention, and a ladies' reception committee will be on hand at all times to receive the wives, sisters, cousins and sweethearts of visiting Elks. During the week many special features have been arranged, and these, in addition to the many natural attractions and advantages offered by Atlantic City, will afford each and all a most delightful visit to the seashore.

Atlantic City lodge have not been making much noise over their preparations for the reunion, but they assure all visitors that when they arrive here they will be most hospitably received, and that everything necessary for their comfort and entertainment has been provided for in the most ample manner. The second annual exhibition of the Atlantic City Horse Show association will be held here during the same week that the Elks' convention is in session, and as this is one of the great social functions at the resort, as well as one of the famous equine exhibitions in the country, it will be greatly enjoyed by the visitors. The bathing, sailing, fishing, golfing, wheeling, driving and scores of other amusements and diversions of all sorts at this place are not surpassed anywhere in the country, and there will be plenty of entertainment to satisfy everyone and send them home firm friends of the Queen Resort of America.

The grand parade of Elks will take place on the afternoon of Wednesday, July 11, and this parade is one of the leading features of the Elks' reunion. Samuel E. Perry, chairman of the parade and prize committee, has charge of the details of the pageant. This committee offers the following prizes in addition to a number of individual trophies, which will be announced later on when the list is complete:

First prize—Handsome silk banner to the lodge having the largest number of uniformed members in line of parade, based upon the greatest distance traveled and of not less than twenty-five members.

Second prize—Two hundred dollars to the lodge making the best appearance in the line of parade having not less than fifty members.

Third prize—A loving cup to the lodge making the best appearance in the line of parade having not less than fifty members.

Fourth prize—Silk national flag with embroidered stars, having knotted silk fringe and cord and tassles and jointed staff, to the lodge marching best in the line of parade having not less than twenty-five members.

Fifth prize—A clock and ornaments to the lodge making the most unique appearance in line of parade having not less than twenty members.

BAND CONTEST.

First prize—Two Hundred and fifty dollars to the best band participating in a concert to be given at such place as shall be hereafter named during the reunion.

Second prize—One hundred and fifty dollars to second best band.

Third prize—One hundred dollars to third best band.

Note.—Each band entering for contest must participate in the grand parade and must accompany a lodge. The prizes will be paid to the lodge hiring the band and shall be governed by such rules as may be made by the committee or judges of said contest.

BOERS PAY TRIBUTE.

The Envoys Decorate the Soldiers' Monument in Boston.

Boston, May 31.—The envoys in this country of the African republics paid a tribute to the soldiers of Massachusetts soon after their arrival here by placing a wreath on the monument in Boston commons. The envoys were escorted by the members of the reception committee, who had met them at Providence. They were driven direct to Boston commons, the streets through which they passed being lined with cheering people. The carriages drew up at the foot of Soldiers' hill. The party alighted and proceeded to the soldiers' monument, where Mr. Fischer, on behalf of the envoys, placed a handsome wreath upon the base of the shaft, accompanying the action by a brief speech.

Mr. Fischer called attention to the fact that the monument was in commemoration of the brave deeds of men, who fought for what they had in their hearts.

GRAIN-O

THE FOOD DRINK

Coffee injures growing children, even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

FATALITY IN BOSTON.

A Man Killed at the L. A. W. Motor Race.

Waltham, Mass., May 31.—The race meet of the Massachusetts division of the L. A. W. at the Waltham bicycle track yesterday was marred by a shocking accident, one rider being killed and others hurt. The accident occurred in the second mile of the four-cornered motor-paced race, the contestants being Everett B. Ryan, of Waltham; Albert Champion, of Paris; Archie McEachern, of Toronto, and William P. Stimson, of Cambridge. In the first lap of the second mile, on the turn into the back stretch the four pacing machines were stretched across the track. Champion swerved into the grass and in avoiding him Harry E. Miles, 25 years of age, of Lynn, and William M. Stafford, 24, of Cambridge, who were riding the Stimson motor pacing tandem, were forced off the track and over the embankment. Miles fell heavily, striking head first upon an electric light pole, receiving a fractured skull. The top of his head was crushed in and as he was being removed to the training quarters he fell off the stretcher. He died a few minutes after the accident. Stafford, who was riding behind Miles, was thrown bodily through the picket fence and his skull fractured, his nose broken and his false teeth forced down his throat. He was removed to the Waltham hospital where his death is expected at any moment.

The big motor tandem which they were riding was thrown over the fence upon the crowd which had been watching the racing. It fell upon half a dozen men and women. Patrick Shanahan and George Hill, of Upper Falls, each had a leg broken and two other men and women were rendered unconscious.

The fatality in this race cast a gloom over the sport for the remainder of the afternoon. It was the principal number on the day's program and was being run off in fine style and exceptionally quick time when the accident occurred. The race was won by Archie McEachern with Ryan second and Champion third. Time 35:40 3-5.

The 5-mile motor tandem handicap professional was won by Cooke and Sherer. Callahan and Champion second. Jimmy Michael rode a 5-mile moter paced exhibition in 8:59 1-5. The attendance was over 20,000.

CHOLERA IN BOMBAY.

Epidemic of Unprecedented Severity Has Broken Out.

London, May 31.—The Daily Express has the following from Bombay dated yesterday: An unprecedentedly severe epidemic of cholera has broken out in the northern district of Bombay presidency in the famine camps. The deaths have increased 40 per cent within three days. Within Karadis there has been 1237 deaths in seven days. The government has made a special grant of £1000 to cremate the dead immediately. In Karadis on May 1 there was one death, on May 2 eighty-four and on May 3 there were upward of 400. The swiftness of the infection was due to the fact that the first death was near the only available water supply. In the city of Bombay there have been sixty-seven deaths in the last seven days.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Second game: Kansas City, 8; Chicago, 7.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 4; Detroit, 3.

At Cleveland—Second game: Cleveland, 7; Buffalo, 0.

At Milwaukee—Second game: Minneapolis, 5; Milwaukee, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Second game: St. Louis, 11; Brooklyn, 6.

At Boston—Second game: Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 3.

At New York—Second game: New York, 9; Pittsburg, 1.

At Philadelphia—Second game: Philadelphia, 13; Chicago, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	38	20	8	.714
Milwaukee	33	19	14	.576
Cleveland	32	17	15	.531
Kansas City	35	18	17	.514
Chicago	34	17	17	.500
Minneapolis	35	16	19	.457
Buffalo	32	12	20	.375
Detroit	31	11	20	.355

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	30	20	10	.667
Brooklyn	31	17	14	.548
St. Louis	32	18	14	.563
Pittsburg	35	19	16	.543
Chicago	33	17	16	.515
Cincinnati	31	13	18	.419
New York	30	11	19	.367
Boston	28	10	18	.357

PUBLIC LANDS.

Washington, May 31.—The house public lands committee yesterday acted favorably on the following measures: Senate bill for the relief of settlers under the public land laws on lands within the indemnity limits of the grant to the Northern Pacific Railroad company. House bill, providing that new forest reserves shall be created, and additions to existing reserves shall be made hereafter only by act of congress.

I have not traced, nor can I trace a vestige of similarity in the substitute. Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is made by the Madison Medicine company, 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

IMMENSE FORTUNE

Dr. Ward, the "David Harum" of Michigan, Left Thirty Millions.

VERY PECULIAR MAN

His Life Was Devoted to Hard Work and Money Getting.

Detroit, Mich., May 31.—Dr. David Ward, the richest man in Michigan, and he who was known as the David Harum of that state, died Tuesday at his summer home at Orchard Lake, thirty miles from Detroit. His fortune is estimated at from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000. He made nearly all this vast pile of wealth out of timber lands. He owned, also, coal lands and railroads. He was 77 years old, but he kept on working until a few weeks ago, when he was so reduced by illness he was not able to do any more work.

The life of this multi-millionaire was devoted to hard work and money getting, but he is remembered, nevertheless, as a philosopher who left behind him many wise old saws of his own invention, and many a clever thing he said and did will go into the traditions of the people of Michigan.

He was born in Keene, Essex county, N. Y., Sept. 15, 1822. His father was Nathan Ward, of Vermont, a land agent. David wanted to be a doctor of medicine, and he went to Michigan, and there he was admitted to the practice of that profession. He didn't devote much time to writing prescriptions and feeling people's pulses, however, after being made a doctor. He wanted then to make money.

The father of this acute man was a land agent. Michigan was at that time the best place for a land agent on earth. There were millions of acres of pine lands, and millions of dollars for somebody to get out of them. Dr. Ward threw his saddle-bags into a corner and went after the land.

At first he was a "land looker," that is, a man who picks out particularly good things for somebody else who has the money to buy much. From 1850 to 1857 he did that, and made money out of the commissions, so that he was able to take advantage of the good things he looked up without dividing with anybody. Money began to pour into the pockets of the shrewd young doctor, and in a few years he was taken into account when the other rich timber land men were discussing big affairs.

Most of those who knew him said he was a curmudgeon. They saw, however, only the sordid side of the man. They did not see the brilliancy of his make-up, or note the flashes of his keen mind. He kept on making money so fast, and liked it so well, he didn't care much what other people said or thought about him. He had planned out an even-tempered course in life, and he followed it. In late years he was a little, white-haired, stoop-shouldered man, but he was always shuffling around and looking out for his own interests. He had a broad grin whenever he said anything clever, or did anything that illustrated he was a better business man than somebody else.

One day, only last summer, he went into a distant part of his pine land empire, and discovered a man cutting down trees. Here was a chance for this David Harum sort of an old man, and he didn't let it escape.

"Is this your timber?" asked the old man, sitting down on a fine big tree the woodman had just felled.

"No," said the chopper, resting to chat awhile with the stranger.

"Whose is it?"

"Oh, it belongs to old Ward. He owns all this timber."

"Are you cutting it for him?"

"No, just getting up my winter's wood."

"Ward would be mad if he knew you were cutting it, wouldn't he?" asked the little old man.

"Would he be mad? Well, I should think he would. He's as stingy about his pine as if he needed it all."

"Have you cut much of it?"

"Yes, I've got about eight cords of it stowed away."

"Where've you got it?" asked the old man in the same squeaky sort of voice.

The woodman showed him where it was hidden. Ward began to cackle and grin, and as he started away he said: "Much obliged, I'm old Ward."

They tell that story all around Michigan because they say it illustrates the character of the man on one side. He had other sides, and they were just as interesting. The opera-house-church story is about as good.

The business men of Pontiac, Mich., wanted to build an opera house, and on account of his great wealth and vast interests they appealed to Ward for cooperation in the scheme which would be of benefit to the town. A committee called upon him for a subscription to the capital stock of the building company.

"We will call the opera house 'The Ward,'" said the chairman of the committee. "It will be a monument to your generosity, and besides helping the town, it will be a source of pleasure to the people."

"I wouldn't have anything to do with building an institution where working people could spend their money so foolishly," he said, dryly.

"Oh, all right, Mr. Ward. You'll help us to build our new Baptist church, won't you?"

"You know when Christ was on earth—" began Ward.

"Yes, yes," said the chairman, drawing closer.

"You know Christ was very poor. Didn't have a dollar, and he didn't go around asking people for money. He got along first rate, too." The old millionaire finished this dissertation on Christ-like conduct with a grin. Whenever he grinned that ended the discussion. The men of Pontiac knew this and they went away.

He never cared much for men who put on great airs. A promoter from the East visited him at his country home to enlist him in an enterprise. The promoter was dressed for appearances, with nothing omitted. He drove out to the place and into the winding roadway in the lawn. In front of the house he stopped and asked an old man who was sprinkling the lawn to hold his horse. The old man laid down the hose and took the lines. The promoter went to the door and handed his card to the maid, saying he wanted to see Mr. Ward.

"You just saw him," said the maid.

"Where is he?"

"Holding your horse."

When the promoter went back to his horse Ward just grinned. He didn't do business with the promoter.

Several years ago this old man began the task of writing his life history. Some of the advance sheets of the book contain interesting accounts of his experiences on getting richer after he was rich. One is of a race he had with the Soo Land company agents. The first one to the laid office at Ionia would get the title to 16,000 acres of pine land. In the race to the land office, after having looked up the coveted land, Ward and his companions found a canoe that had been left by the land company's agents. They took it and rowed down the river and thus were enable to reach Ionia first. A few hours after Ward had filed his list of the land a man galloned up to the office on a horse that was ready to drop with fatigue.

"I got the land," said Ward, with a grin.

Although he was a doctor, he was not a graduate of any college, and in fact had spent little time in school. His wisdom and learning he acquired while getting rich. He never paid any attention to social affairs, as these he regarded as frivolous. He got out of bed every morning at 4 o'clock, winter and summer, and went to bed at 9 o'clock every evening. As soon as he went to bed everybody else in the house was expected to do likewise, and the house was always dark soon after that. His widow survives him. He left five children. The disposition of his estate is not known.

ALABASTINE

LABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

EWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, you may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

ENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringement. Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

HE INTERIOR WALLS of every church and school should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work.

N BUYING ALABASTINE, customers should avoid getting cheap kalsomines under different names. Insist on having our goods in packages and properly labeled.

UISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

STABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write us for interesting booklet, free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

No other M. D. has so many cures to his credit. No other M. D. has made so many wonderful cures. So-called "hopeless" cases, chronic cases, "incurable" cases have all been cured, not once or twice, but thousands of times, by the use of that remarkable remedy

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

"My husband had been coughing for years and people frankly told me that he would go into consumption," writes Mrs. John Shireman, of No. 265 25th Place, Chicago, Ills. "In the spring of 1888 he took measles. He caught cold, the measles then settling on his lungs, causing such terrible coughing spells, we not only grew much alarmed, but looked for the bursting of a blood vessel or a hemorrhage at almost any time. After three days' coughing he was too weak to cross the room. The doctor who lived with us on the same floor did him no good. I went to the other end of the town and stated the case to a druggist, who then handed me a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. My husband's recovery was remarkable in its speed. In three days after he began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery he was up and around and in two more days he went to work. Two bottles cured him."

Sick people are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely free of charge. Every letter is treated as strictly private and sacredly confidential. All answers are sent in plain envelopes without any printing upon them. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CABLE FLASHES.

About 250 Americans gathered at the Picpus cemetery in Paris yesterday as the customary celebration at the grave of Gen. Lafayette. Speeches were delivered by Gen. Horace Porter, the United States ambassador; Col Clark E. Carr, Commissioner General Ferdinand W. Peck and C. L. Lafayette, the nearest descendant of the great patriot. A number of wreaths from various American societies were laid upon the tomb.

The New York Herald's Paris exposition edition publishes a letter from Count Boni de Castellane, denouncing as a forgery the recent letter printed in the United States representing him as saying that his partisans in the chamber would "smite the government hip and thigh for its ignobie revival of the Dreyfus case."

The Paris municipal council met yesterday for the first time since the Nationalist victory at the elections. The rival parties had an opening tussle on the question of the residency, which was won by the Nationalists, whose candidate, M. Gribauval, was elected by 45 votes against a total of 35 cast for the Socialist and Redical nominees.

The Naval Annual, published in Portsmouth, Eng., in comparing the navies of the world, estimates at the close of the year the strength in completed battleships will probably be: Great Britain, 47; France, 34; Russia, 17. But, it is added, Great Britain's preponderance in modern powerful vessels will probably make her navy more than equal to the combined French and German navies.

A huge military scandal has been revealed in Belgrade by the issuance of an order for the mobilization of the Servian reserves. Scarcely a uniform was found in the barracks. The accounts of the war office, however, show a large expenditure.

The Journal Des Debats of Paris says that Gen. De Gallifet is in perfect health. The paper adds that the former minister of war wrote his resignation while the premier was still speaking and on paper bearing the heading of the chamber of deputies.

HEARST'S CALL.

Requests Democratic Clubs to Protest Against Imperialism July 4.

Washington, May 31.—President Hearst of the National Association of Democratic clubs, issued the following yesterday:

"To the Democratic Clubs and Societies of the United States: Recent events in the history of the United States point to the approaching anniversary of the birthday of the nation as a day which should be celebrated with special fervor this year. There are those in the nation who seek to create the impression that the American people have outgrown their love for the just principles of government expressed in the Declaration of Independence and are ready to surrender their moral leadership among nations in order to gratify a newly born instinct for imperial power, founded on a colonial system. All the Democratic clubs and societies are earnestly requested to associate on the Fourth of July and all patriotic citizens regardless of past party affiliations, are urged to join with them in a new pledge of fidelity to the republic as the fathers made it. Let the people of the United States unite in their own cities, towns and villages, in a demonstration of the confidence they feel in the form of government under which this nation has grown to its present greatness. The danger which threatens the country is real and imminent. It seems appropriate, therefore, that citizens who believe that the Declaration of Independence is not merely an academic document should meet together on this day and give voice to the national sentiment that all men are created free and equal and that there must be no subject colonies under the American flag.

W. R. HEARST,
President of National Association of Democratic Clubs."

Before issuing the call, President Hearst had a conference with the Democratic leaders in Washington at the Metropolitan hotel, regarding the plan of campaign to be followed in the approaching presidential struggle. Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee; Representative Richardson, Democratic leader in the house and chairman of the congressional committee; Judge Chauncey F. Black, Representative Slayden and others were present.

It was agreed that the Democratic committee, the Association of Democratic clubs and the Democratic congressional committee should work in harmony.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The government official at Rat Portage reports that forest fires are raging in the Rainy River districts and already millions of dollars worth of timber has been destroyed. Efforts were made to prevent the flames from reaching the districts in which millions of feet of cut logs were stored, but were unsuccessful.

The failure of the brake to respond resulted in the derailment of a Chicago, Galveston & Edgewater electric car last night. Over a dozen passengers were injured, some of them seriously. Among the latter being: Mrs. Catherine Curtin, concussion of the brain. Mrs. O. Donaldson, left side bruised; Mrs. Henry A. Moshe, left leg broken and body bruised; Motorman John Kline, head and body bruised; John Adamson, scalp wound.

In the intercollegiate boat races on the Schuylkill river at Philadelphia yesterday between second crews representing Cornell, Columbia and Pennsylvania universities, Pennsylvania won by six lengths. Cornell finished second about two lengths ahead of Columbia. Pennsylvania's time was 8 minutes 15 seconds. Pennsylvania led from start to finish.

THEY MAY PAY.

Injunction By New York Court Stopping Strike Benefits Is Dissolved.

New York, June 31.—Justice Andrews, in the supreme court, has dissolved the sweeping injunction against the Cigarmakers' union which prohibited the payment of members of the union on strike of benefits and practically made it unlawful to contribute to the support of a strikers' family when the head of the house was out of work.

This is the injunction which so aroused Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, that he came to this city and made an address to the striking cigarmakers in which he advised them to disregard the injunction of Justice Freedman. President Gompers denounced the order as un-American and illegal, and for a few days it was believed the labor president would be punished for contempt.

The injunction dissolved by Justice Andrews was to restrain temporarily the members of Cigarmakers' International union No. 144 from interfering with the business of the plaintiffs, S. Levy & Co. It went further than any previous restraining order in prohibiting the payment of any strike benefits or of moneys to the strikers, on the ground that such payments were made to foment the strike and encourage its continuance.

Justice Andrews says the temporary injunction was granted properly on papers presented to Justice Freedman but that the defendants have met the allegations, which were largely on information and belief, with specific denials of the material allegations by the different individuals referred to in the moving papers; so that the injunctions cannot be continued. The allegations of the plaintiff of threats and intimidation, the justice says, are not borne out on all the papers presented.

Duluth to Detroit and Return $11.00

Going June 5, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway to St. Ignace (Mackinac Island), thence by Detroit & Cleveland steamer, City of Alpena.

Leave Duluth at 7 p. m. June 5.
Arrive St. Ignace at 10 a. m. June 6.
Leave St. Ignace at 10 a. m. June 6.
Arrive Detroit at 10 a. m. June 7.
Return limit: Tickets will be good leaving Detroit up to and including steamer sailing at 5 p. m. Monday, June 18.

Living expense. Stateroom berths on steamer $1 for upper, $1.50 for lower. Stateroom $2.50, accommodating three persons.

Meals on dining cars and steamer "a la carte."

For stateroom berths apply to
T. H. LARKE,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block,
Duluth, Minn.

Five cents buys a Royal Blue cigar—clean goods clear through, built just to please you.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 52 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): 'As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations.' For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass is usually so full of suffering and danger that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. MOTHER'S FRIEND, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system that she passes through the event safely with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." It is sold by all druggists. Book containing valuable information to all, mailed free, upon application to the BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY, Atlanta, Georgia.

Mother's Friend

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

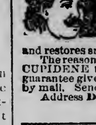
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Hard to Humbug Workmen

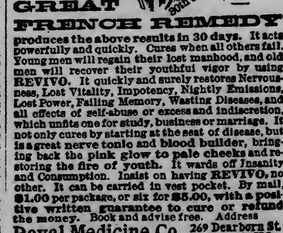
When They Take Time to Ask Questions.

Few people realize the sum spent monthly by working men for tobacco, one of their greatest pleasures. The sum is from $6,000,000 to $8,000,000. Too large a proportion of this sum goes to manufacturers who do not hesitate to misrepresent their goods. Some of it goes to trusts. It behooves us to ask questions. You will run no risk of buying inferior or trust tobacco when buying any of the following brands: Kingbolt, Gold Rope, Thrasher or Rise and Shine, made by the Wilson-McCallay company, of Middletown, Ohio. This company is independent of any trust. Buy these brands from your dealers and you will be sure of a pure, wholesome plug of tobacco and honest weight. No workman who uses tobacco should be without it. Remember it is made by union labor. Keep the list of brands in your pocket.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. $1.00

Trade Mark

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

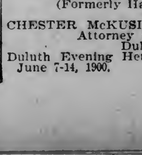
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets



CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

(Old Age Postponed.)

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at the base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.

50c.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

TRADE MARK MALYDOR INJECTION MARK

FOR MALE AND FEMALE

THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE

For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa

No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe. Prevents all Private Diseases of either sex. At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00. "Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies." DR. HENRY HENY, Biddeford, Me.

MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U. S. A.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two hundred seventy-seven ($3277) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William W. Spalding and Electa W. Spalding, his wife, mortgagors, to Harriet N. Johnson (now Harriet J. Franklin) mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of January, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of January, 1894, at 11:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 105 of Mortgages, on page 110, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lot number eighty-six (86) in block number twenty (20) of Duluth proper, third division, as the same is surveyed and platted and now of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 23rd day of June, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of thirty-two hundred seventy-seven dollars and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1900.

HARRIET J. FRANKLIN,
(Formerly Harriet N. Johnson),
Mortgagee.

CHESTER McKUSICK,
Attorney for the Mortgagee.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 10-17-21-31, June 7-14, 1900.

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out Firm and Active, Reacted But Soon Recovered.

THE CABLES HIGHER

Reports of Damage to Crops In Texas By Heavy Rains.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 31.—The wheat market opened higher this morning and ruled firm and quite active during the early part of the session. The opening absence was due to the strength of the foreign markets. Liverpool was quoted ¾d higher for futures, and a rise in prices at Paris was also reported. There was a slight reaction on account of good rains in the Northwest being predicted, but the market soon recovered on reports of the crop in Texas having been damaged by heavy rains. The market ruled steady to the close, which was practically unchanged from Tuesday's close, both here and at Chicago for the July option.

The nervousness which has been prevalent for several days over the dry condition of the wheat fields in North Dakota was relieved today by reports of general rains in that state extending from Valley City to the Missouri river slope. Jamestown and Bismarck reported rain this morning, as did also Aberdeen, S. D., and the fall is not over yet.

Fifteen cars of flax were reported as arriving here in the past two days, but this report gives an erroneous impression, for it leads to the belief that cong derable flax is coming in. Many of the cars reported have only a few bushels of flax in sacks on top of wheat loads, but are reported as "cars." One of the elevator companies has received a number of cars of this kind in a few days. Some had 100 bushels and some less.

Trading was fairly active in futures on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ½c up, at 67¾c, sold at 68c at 9:28, reacted to 67¾c at 10, recovered to 68c at 10:07 and was quoted at 68⅝c at the close, the same as on Tuesday. September opened ¼c higher at 68c, sold up to 67¾c at 9:50 and reacted to 67⅝c at the close, being the same as on Tuesday. Cash sales were 80,000 bus at ½c under July. Corn declined ⅝c. Oats, barley and rye were unchanged. Cash wheat declined 3c. May flax closed unchanged, September fell off ¾c and October flax lost ¼c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69¼c; to arrive, 69¼c; May, 69¼c; July, 69¾c; September, 68⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅜c; to arrive, 67⅜c; May, 67⅜c; July, 67⅝c; September, 67¾c. No. 2 northern, 65¾c. No. 3 spring, 62¾c. Oats, 22@22¼c. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 26-38c. Flax, cash, $1.77; May, $1.80; September, $1.28; October, $1.22¾. Corn, 39¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 196; corn, 12; oats, 3; rye, 4; flax, 15. Receipts—Wheat, 127,471 bus; corn, 31,083 bus; oats, 35,856 bus; rye, 930 bus; barley, 2787 bus; flax, 2962 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 48,036 bus; oats, 50,000.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.69½
No. 1 northern, 1900 bus	67¾
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	67⅝
No. 1 northern, 36,000 bus	67¾
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	67⅝
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	67⅝
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	67⅝
No. 1 northern, 1100 bus	67½
Flax, 2000 bus, May	1.80
Flax, 1000 bus, September	1.28½
Flax, 2000 bus, September	1.28
Flax, 10,000 bus, October	1.24
Flax, 2000 bus, October	1.23½
Flax, 3000 bus, October	1.23¼
Flax, 2000 bus, October	1.23¼
Flax, 3000 bus, October	1.23
Flax, 2000 bus, October	1.22½

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

The Cereals Showed Strength and Provisions Were Steady.

Chicago, May 31.—The wheat market was firm and fairly active early today. July opened ½c over Tuesday's close at 67⅝@¾c because of the Liverpool strength, that market quoting futures ¾d higher. Paris was also higher. The market touched 67⅝@¾c, when the advance received a slight setback in the prediction of good rains in the Northwest following recent showers. Offerings were well taken, however, and July dropped only to 67⅝@⅝c and then recovered to 67⅝@¾c. Dallas reported that recent heavy rains in Texas had damaged the crop in that state. Receipts here were 41 cars, 1 of contract grade. The best buying was by the Northwest and for the foreign account.

Later in the day the support sagged and this, together with the corn weakness, carried July down to 67@67¼c, at which the market closed unchanged from Tuesday with the tone rather easy. Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth for two days were 570 cars against 43 last week and 928 a year ago.

The wheat strength and higher Liverpool cables were the factors in corn at the opening, which was ¼c higher for July at 37½@⅝c. On selling by commission houses the market dropped to 37¼c, where support was received. Trade was quiet. Local receipts were 70 cars.

The close was weak, July ¼@¼c lower at 37⅛c.

The oats market was firm in sympathy with wheat and corn. Shorts were the best buyers and there was but little pressure on the selling side from the elevators. Receipts here were 325 cars. July opened ⅛@ higher at 21¾c, touched 21⅝@⅞c and then eased to 21¼c, where the market steadied.

Provisions were quiet and steady. The opening was easy because of large hog receipts and a lower market at the yards. Sympathy with grain was a support. July pork opened 2½@5c lower at $11.22½@11.25 and sold down to $11.20. July lard opened 2½c down at $6.80, nd July ribs 5c down at $6.47½.

Close, wheat, May, 67⅝@68c; July, 67@⅛c. Corn, May, 37⅛c; July, 37⅜c. Oats, May, 21c; June, 21½c; July, 21½@⅝c. Pork, May, $11.17½; July, $11.22½. September, $11.25. Lard, May, $6.80; July, $6.80@6.82½; September, $6.77½@6.80. Ribs, May, $6.50; July, $6.50; September, $6.50. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 70½@71¼c; No. 3 red, 68@69½c; No. 2 hard winter, 66½@67½c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@66½c; No. 1 northern spring, 67½@68½c; No. 2 northern spring, 66@67¼c; No. 3 spring, 63@66½c. Corn, No. 2, 37½@⅝c; No. 3, 37@⅞c. Oats, No. 2, 21½@¾c; No. 3, 21½c. Flax, Southwestern, $1.80; Northwestern, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.27¾; October, $1.22½@1.23. Rye, May, 52¼c; July, 57½c. Barley, 36@41c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 31.—Foreign news was influential early in wheat this morning in creating an advance of from ⅝@¾c, buying being quite general and extensive, but the influence from abroad was offset later by better crop prospects in the American Northwest, where general showers tonight or tomorrow are predicted. The local crowd at this writing is inclined to pay more attention to the temporary effect of rain in the spring wheat belt than to the more permanent and effectual effect of foreign conditions. We are inclined to think that the relief of drought in the Northwest will possibly have some depressing effect upon values, but with the strong foreign situation and the many vicissitudes which the crop, both North and Southwest has yet to go through, we do not anticipate that local influences will be suciently strong to maintain prices on a lower level than now prevailing. For the present purchases made on weak spots with the intention of taking profits on strong days should be profitable.

Large county offerings and from selling of futures by elevator people have offset the beneficial effect of a better cash demand, better foreign prices and other bullish influences, with the result that corn has been quiet and without very particular feature. There has been an excellent cash demand. The corn trade is limited and is not receiving the attention which it has attracted for some time past. Cash business must sooner or later, if continued, have a very good effect upon values, and at the rate sales have been made today, the estimated large increase in receipts will be well taken care of.

The oat market has been steady; range narrow; trade light. The prospects of excellent pasturage hay crop in the New England states, which is very generally predicted, is not a bullish feature in the oat market and with prospects for such a heavy crop being harvested, we do not see very much in the situation to hold prices up around these figures.

The provision market has been about steady, although there were liberal receipts of hogs, prices lower. The provision market is in a rut and it is very difficult to size the situation up.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 31.—The wheat market after ruling firm early owing to higher cables, dry weather in the Northwest and unfavorable crop reports from France, later lost the advance on reports of general rains throughout the Northwest and the market closed practically unchanged from Tuesday. Liverpool ½d higher than Tuesday; continental markets were also higher. There was rather better cash demand and sales aggregating 100,000 bus were reported, chiefly for export. The seaboard reported moderate business for export. Our Liverpool friends cabled us that the firmness of their market was due to good continental demand for cargoes off coast as well as for distant shipments, also on poor French crop reports. The drouth in the Northwest appears to have been broken but it remains to be seen how much good the late rains will do to the growing crop and whether they will be sufficient or not, anyway our opinion is that there has been already some damage done. The weather was generally favorable throughout the winter wheat belt. Trade was fairly large all day and foreigners were reported good buyers. The sentiment abroad seems to be chnaging over to the bull side as the French crop is very backward and the season backward. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and think wheat bought around present prices will pay handsome profits in the near future. Estimated receipts tomorrow 45 cars.

The corn market fater opening firm in sympathy with wheat and higher cables, later sold off on realizing by longs as well as heavy selling by local bears and May closed ¼c higher than Tuesday. Continental markets also firm. Country offerings were generally light although free acceptances were reported by some people. Cash demand was very good and sales aggregating about 500,000 bus were reported. The seaboard reported a good demand there for export and a large business done. The weather was geneerally favorable for the growing crop. Trade was large all day and the undertone to the market firm. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and as long as the demand keeps as good as it is we think prices will soon work to a higher basis. Estimated receipts tomorrow 625 cars.

Oats ruled steady all day with only a light trade and no special feature. Country offerings were moderate, while there was a fairly good cash demand and good inquiry for export. The weather was generally favorable for the growing crop. Estimated receipts tomorrow, two days, 435 cars.

Provisions opened fairly firm considering the enormous receipts of hogs the past two days, not only here, but at all other points. Trade was very slow, the strength in grain alone helped hold the market against a bad break. We are receiving more hogs than last year's enormous supply and shipping less product. The present prices product and hogs show that packers can cut out. We believe that the prices depend almost entirely on the action of the grain markets for the near future, but advocate short sales on all advances. Hogs tomorrow 28,000.

Puts, July wheat, 67¾-67⅝@67¾-¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 68¼@68⅜c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 65c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, May, 65c; July, 63¼c; September, 63¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66⅞c; No. 1 northern, 65¾c; No. 2 northern, 64½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 31.—Wheat, July, 72½c; September, 73¾c. Corn, July, 42½c; September, 42½c.

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	159,000	292,733
Philadelphia	18,470	24,800
Baltimore	76,470	.....
Toledo	8,400	1,000
Detroit	.....	9,666
St. Louis	30,230	13,300
Boston	130,048	.....
Chicago	49,400	7,850
Milwaukee	41,200	.....
Minneapolis	545,940	43,680
Kansas City	84,500	46,150
Duluth	127,471	48,036

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅝B	65½	67¾-½	72⅞
High	.68	65⅝	67⅝-¾	73
Low	.67⅝	65½	67-⅛	72⅝-½
Close	67⅝B	65⅛	67-⅛B	72½A
September—				
Open	.68B	65¾	.....	73¾
High	.68¼	65¾	.....	73¾-⅞
Low	.67¾	65⅜	.....	73⅜
Close	.67¾	65⅜	.....	73⅜N

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21⅜-½	37½-⅝	$11.22@11.25
High	213-½	37½-⅝	$11.30
Low	21¼-⅜	37⅛	$11.22
Close	21¼-⅜	37⅜B	$11.22

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, May 31.—Closing, wheat quiet, ½@1d higher than Tuesday's close. July, 5s 9d; September, 5s 9d. Corn steady, ½@¾d higher than Tuesday's close. July, 3s 10d; September, 3s 10¾d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 31.—Cattle receipts, 13,300; dull, weak to shade lower; good to prime steers, $4.95@7.60; poor to medium, $4.35@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.10; cows and heifers, $3.00@5.00; Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.10. Hogs receipts today, 3500; tomorrow, 3500; left over, 3194; shade lower to strong; mixed and butchers, $4.95@5.15; good to choice heavy, $5.10@5.17½; rough heavy, $4.90@5.05; light, $4.85@5.15; bulk of sales, $5.05@5.12½. Sheep receipts, 10,000; steady; sheep, $4.50@5.65; lambs, $5.00@7.00. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 17,842; hogs, 36,741; sheep, 12,173. Shipments—Cattle, 3938; hogs, 7070; sheep, nothing.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	20 @ 22
Creamery, choice	18 @ 20
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 17½
Dairy, fair	13 @ 15
Packing stock	12 @ 13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh	11½ @ 12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	11 @ 12
Full cream, Young America	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13 @ 14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13 @ 14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primost	6 @ 6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	12 @ 14
Dark honey	12 @ 13
Buckwheat, dark	12 @ 13

PEAS AND BEANS

Fancy navy, hand-picked	2 40 @ 2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	6 25 @ 7 00
Valencias	4 75 @ 5 00
Seedlings, California oranges	3 50 @ 3 75
Cuiffornia navels	4 25 @ 3 50
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 50 @ 4 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 00 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 00 @ 2 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60 @ 65
Dates, per lb	13 @ 15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Strawberries, per box	2 25 @ 2 50

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10½@ 11½
Old roosters	8 @ 9
Turkeys, fancy	10½@ 11
Turkeys, common	10 @ 10
Ducks	9 @ 10
Geese	9 @ 10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Chestnuts, per lb	12 @ 13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	8 @ 9
Pecans, per lb	10 @ 11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½@ 6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75 @ 3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50 @ 3 75

VEGETABLES.

Hot house cucumbers	65 @ 70
Potatoes, per bus	40 @ 42
Beets, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Radishes	20 @ 25
Onions, green, doz bunches	12 @ 15
Carrots, per bus	60 @ 65
Rutabagas, per bus	40 @ 50
Oyster plant, per doz	25 @ 30
Horse Radish, per lb	10
Parsley, per doz	35 @ 40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75 @ 85
Mint, per doz	20 @ 50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb	3½@ 4
Parsnips, per bus	90 @ 1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9½
Lamb	10
Veal, good	8½
Veal, fancy	9½ @ 7½
Beef, dressed	8
Hogs	5½

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
Bran 200 lbs, sacks inc	13 75
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 25
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	13 75

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 31.—Butter receipts, 10,461 packages; steady; Western creamery, 16½@20½c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese, receipts, 5507 packages; weak; fancy large white, 9¼c; fancy small white, 8¾@9¼c; fancy large colored, 9¼c; fancy small colored, 9¼@9¾c. Eggs receipts, 25,853 packages; weak; Western, loss off, 13@13½c; Western at mark, 11@13c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 31.—Butter steady; creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs easy; fresh, 11c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 6@12c; chickens, 8@9c.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	140
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	116
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines		72½	
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2.60
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Jump In Sugar and Buoyancy at London Due to War News.

CLOSING WAS ACTIVE

And Strong and Showed Net Gains Throughout the Whole List.

New York, May 31.—The stock market was affected at the opening by a jump in Sugar and by the buoyancy of the London market on the war news. There were 3800 shares of Sugar sold simultaneously at 118¾@120 compared with 117¼ at Tuesday's close. Other transactions showed particular strength in the railroad list. Brooklyn Union Gas jumped 2½. The realizing which met the advance at the opening was sufficient to turn prices downward, the losses reaching a point in Sugar and Missouri Pacific. Consolidated Gas advanced 2 points on the announcement of the absorption of the Standard Gas company but later lost half of the gain. American Ice rose 2 points. Business was intensely dull and largely confined to Sugar and the grangers. The market was slightly firmer in the second hour, but the improvements were hardly perceptible aside from Sugar, which rallied from 118¾ to 119 on a further advance in prices of refined sugar. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville broke 2¼ points. Bonds were firm and relatively more active than stocks.

After a period of hesitation due to the effect of the reaction in Sugar, the advance was taken up again in the railroad list. The largest absorption was of the Atchisons and of Burlington. Atchison pfd rose 3⅞ and Burlington 2¾. Missouri Pacific, St. Paul and People's Gas were in good demand and the whole list was benefitted by the movement. The closing was quite active and strong and showed net gains throughout.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	118¾	120	117½	118½
Am. Steel Wire com	35½	37⅜	35¾	37
Tobacco	92½	93¾	92½	93½
Atchison com	26¾	27	26¾	27
Atchison pfd	71⅞	73	71⅞	72¾
Brooklyn Transit	72⅝	72⅞	71⅞	72¾
C. M. & St. P.	116¾	117⅝	116⅜	117⅜
C., B. & Q.	128¼	129¾	128⅛	129⅝
Federal Steel com.	32	32¾	32	32¾
Federal Steel pfd	67¾	69	67¾	68¾
Great Western	12⅜	12½	12½	12½
L. & N.	83	83¼	80¾	81¼
Manhattan	90¼	91¼	90⅜	91¼
Missouri Pacific	55½	56	55⅝	55⅞
N. P. common	61¼	61½	60⅞	61½
N. P. preferred	76	76½	75⅞	76¼
People's Gas	100½	101¾	100	101¾
Rock Island	107¼	108	107⅜	107⅝
Southern Pacific	34½	35¼	34⅜	35
T. C. I.	74	75¼	73½	75¼
Leather preferred	69¼	70½	69½	70½
Union Pacific pfd	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
Union Pacific com	54⅝	55⅜	54¼	55⅜
Great Northern	153½	154¾	153½	154¾
Illinois Central	112½	112½	112½	112½
Leather common	11	11	10¾	10⅞
Money	2	2	1½	2

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 31.—The market for cotton futures opened easy with prices 2@12 points lower under Liverpool's selling for both accounts. English cables were surprisingly weak. Trading throughout the morning was very active with fluctuations much of the time violent and in the main favoring the bear element.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands, 9c; middling gulf, 9¼c; sales, 14,565 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; June, $8.36; July, $8.38; August, $8.18; September, $7.86; October, $7.68; November, $7.56; December, $7.55; January, $7.56; February, $7.58; March, $7.61.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 31.—Consols for money, 102⅞; for the account, 103 1-16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 31.—Money on call nominally 1¾ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼ for demand and $4.83¾@4.83¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85¼ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼. Silver certificates, 60@61c; bar silver, 60c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s, when issued, ex-interest, $1.03½; 2s registered, 99⅞c; 3s registered and coupon, $1.03½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.34½; old 4s registered, ex-interest, $1.13⅜; coupon $1.13⅝; 5s registered and coupon, $1.13⅜.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 31.—Clearings, $24,843,898; balances, $1,946,458. New York exchange, 10c premium; sterling exchange, $4.85½@4.88½.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 31.—Close: Adventure, 4@5; Allouez, 1½@2; Anaconda, 41½@42½; Arcadian, 17@18; Arnold, 5@8; Amalgamated, 88@½; Atlantic, 22@23½; Baltic, 18½@19; Bingham, 10@11; Bonanza, 1¾@4; Boston and Montana, $290@295; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 63@66; Calumet and Hecla, 705@710; Centennial, 16@17; Cochita, 8¾@10½; Copper Range, 70 asked; Dominion Coal, 42½@43; Elm River, 3¾@4; Franklin, 12½@13¾; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 1@1½; Isle Royale, 24@3¾; Mass, 6¼@½; Michigan, 4¼@5; Mohawk, 13¾@14; Old Colony, 75@93½; Old Dominion, 16½@17; Osceola, 61¼@62; Oil, 15½@16; Parrott, 41@1½; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 125@135; Rhode Island, 4@½; Santa Fe, 4½@5¼; Tamarack, 190@194; Tecumseh, 2@3; Tri-Mountain, 7@½; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 25¾@26¼; Victoria, 2@½; Winona, 2¼@3½; Wolverine, 37¼@38; Wyandotte, 1@½; Zinc, 10¾@12.

NAVAL BILL CONFERENCE.

Washington, May 31.—The senate has agreed to a conference on the naval appropriation bill and Messrs. Hall, Perkins and Tillman were named as conferees. The points in disagreement are the provision for the armor plate, ocean surveys and the course of instruction at the naval academy.

SENATORIAL REPARTEE.

There was a sharp little bit of repartee between Senators Elkins and Tillman during the debate on the armor plate. Mr. Elkins had expressed his willingness to leave the question of selecting armor plate to the officials of the government, says the Washington Post.

"Does the Senator from West Virginia think," asked Mr. Tillman, "that President McKinley knows any more about it than the senator does?"

"He knows more about it than I do," answered Elkins.

"I agree with the senator," instantly retorted Tillman. "Certainly nobody knows any less."

When the laughter had subsided Mr. Elkins returned the shot. "The senator from South Carolina," he said, "has talked for three days and he has also shown that he knows nothing at all."

HOMINY CAKES.

Mix a half-pint of cold boiled hominy with yolks of two eggs, a half gill of milk and two tablespoons of prepared flour. Beat the whites to a stiff froth; add slowly the hominy mixture to the whites, stirring constantly. Place with a tablespoon small portions on a hot, well-greased griddle, and bake a light brown on both sides. (If too thick add a little milk; if too thin, a little flour.) Continue to bake. Serve on hot plates.

HOW SHE DOES IT.

To skim a sauce the expert cook will draw the saucepan to the side of the fire to stop the boiling, and add a teaspoonful of cold water, which promptly causes the grease to rise.

RUSSIANS NEAR TIEN TSIN.

No Opposition to Their Passing the Taku Forts.

Tien Tsin, May 31.—The Russian Troops bound for the city have passed Taku forts and are expected here this afternoon. As the Russians were nearing the forts yesterday in boats, the Chinese opened fire and the Russians retreated. It now appears that the Chinese were only firing a gun salute in honor of a mandarin who was on board a Chinese warship.

MORE RAINS IN TEXAS.

Rivers Are Rising and Much Alarm Is Felt.

Dallas, Texas, May 31.—Tremendous rains have fallen in the past two days. The Brazos river at Waco has risen twenty-three feet and is still rising six inches an hour. It is out of its banks and much alarm is felt.

Bastrop reports the Colorado river rising. The Trinity at Dallas has run out of its banks. Indications are for more rain. Reports indicate extensive damage to wheat and cotton crops.

PRESBYTERIANS UNITE.

Edinburgh, May 31.—The Free Church assembly, in session here today, approved by 592 votes to 29, the union with the United Presbyterian church. The union will be effected in October.

CHILDREN'S WITS.

Teach your little ones to be quick-witted and deft-handed. It is wonderful what can be done in this way when they are tiny. Notice the difference between children who have been taught to play games which require quick eyes and deft hands and those who are simply left to amuse themselves as they like. A naturally awkward child needs special attention. Some one has said that in the play of a child you can recognize his character, and certainly play is a wonderful criterion of the little one's abilities.

LEMON SOUFFLE.

Melt one ounce of butter in a granite saucepan, add two tablespoonfuls of flour and stir thoroughly; heat a little more than a cupful of thin cream to a boiling point and add to the butter and set aside and cool; then add the yolks of four eggs well beaten with powdered sugar and the juice and grated rind of one lemon. Just before putting into the oven to bake stir in lightly the beaten whites of the eggs. Bake three-quarters of an hour and serve with lemon sauce.

AFTER TAYLOR.

Warrant For His Arrest as Accessory to the Goebel Murder.

Frankfort, Ky., May 31.—Circuit Clerk Ford received an order from Judge Cantrell this morning directing him to issue a bench warrant for the arrest of former Governor W. S. Taylor. The warrant is based on the indictment charging Mr. Taylor with being an accessory to the assassination of William Goebel. The warrant was issued and placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff John Suter, who is acting in the absence of the regular sheriff.

Indianapolis, May 31.—W. S. Taylor, who is at Martinsville today, confirmed the report that a warrant had been issued for his arrest in connection with the Goebel murder. He refused to speak in detail concerning the affair further than to state that the latest developments will have no effect on his future plans.

He will come to this city tomorrow, and it is believed that an attempt will be made to serve the warant here.

A Political Fishing Party.

Postmaster E. L. Fisher, Collector L. M. Willcuts, Senator E. B. Hawkins and Mille Bunnell returned from a fishing trip on the north shore today. They had all kinds of luck, according to their own stories, and of course everybody believes them. It is said, too, that about every political question that will come up in St. Louis county this fall was settled.

YOUTHFUL COMMANDER.

Boy Leaders of Regiments and Captains of Warships.

Military precocity in this country never has reached the stage it assumed in England years ago. While our civil war from 1861 to 1865 developed a few field officers and an occasional brigadier general of tender years, the custom never reached anything near the height that history shows in older countries where birth and wealth exercise such an influence on appointments as a rule. In fact it was quite a common thing for an English boy at Eton or Harrow to be gazetted as captain while he was struggling with the pons asinorum by trying unsuccessfully to go out of bounds, and when George III was king many a young public school boy was sent straight from the classroom to fight the Spaniards as a full blown lieutenant or captain, while even colonels of 17 or 18 were plentiful almost as blackberries.

Even Wellington was far less precocious than these favored youngsters, for he had to wait until he was 24 before he was gazetted lieutenant colonel, and Lord Wolseley, in spite of his phenomenally rapid promotion, only reached the same rank at the age of 26, and Lord Roberts had to wait ten years longer. In these slower-moving days an officer is fortunate if he becomes into a lieutenant colonel much before 40.

But while the boy majors and colonels of the last century were chiefly content to ape their seniors in Pall Mall or Piccadilly, many boys much younger even than themselves were fighting their country's battles at sea, which has ever been the great nursery of fighters.

Lord Nelson was taken away from the grammar school in Norfolk at 11 to serve on the Raisonnable, under his uncle, Capt. Suckling, and acquitted himself so well that he was made a post captain at 21, a very remarkable example of rapid promotion due entirely to merit.

Admiral Lord Collingwood, who was Nelson's second in command at Trafalgar, left school at 11 to join his relative, Capt. Brathwaite, on board the Shannon, but he had to wait fourteen years for his lieutenancy and five years more for his post captaincy, and Admiral Hardy, Nelson's captain and friend, was a midshipman on board the Helena when he was a boy of 12.

Even these marvelous records were eclipsed by the son of the first Lord Gardner, who was a midshipman at 10, was a commander at 15 and a year later was made a commander at 17.

Admiral Rowley signalized his entrance into the teens by promotion to the rank of lieutenant, and was captain in command of a frigate before he reached his 20th birthday; but even this precocious boy must yield place to Sir Fleetwood Pellew, who had the sole charge of a warship at 16, and at 18 was captain of a 74-gun frigate.

Lord Lyons, who in later life was in command of the fleet during the Crimean war, went to sea on board the Royal Charlotte at the age of 11, and a short time later was fighting under Admiral Duckworth in the Dardanelles.

Admiral Sir Provo Wallis, who died a short time ago, was able to look back on nearly a century of naval service, for he entered the navy before Trafalgar was a naughty boy who could not have been "more than 7." But there is at least one example of a boy who was appointed to a man-of-war when he was little more than 5, and some years before he left school.

Of English admirals now living, Sir Nowell Salmon was a midshipman at 12 and Lord Chawilliam at 13, while Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood was a "seadog" at 14, and was winning the applause of an army by deeds of reckless bravery in the Crimea when he was only two years older.

A WOMAN'S HONESTY.

A husband with $1,000,000 due him from a rich uncle's estate is Mrs. Kate Wright's reward for honesty if she but chooses to say "Yes," says a New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Record.

Mrs. Wright is forewoman in a book bindery and works because Sam Wright with whom she eloped in July, 1899, has not treated her as a husband should treat a wife, according to her finding helpmate.

Three months ago Mrs. Wright went to a lawyer's office to begin divorce proceedings and on the stairs found a wallet containing a green many greenbacks of large demonination. She showed her find to the lawyer.

"Why that's my wallet," exclaimed Joseph Plonier, brother of Alfred Plonier, who has since become deputy chief electrician at the Paris Exposition, and who at that time had an office in the same building as Mrs. Wright's lawyer.

Mr. Plonier's card and other papers indicating his proprietorship were in the wallet, so Mrs. Wright surrendered it without hesitation and refused to accept a reward.

"I don't see why I should be rewarded for giving up what never belonged to me," she said.

A few weeks later the Ploniers went to Paris, and since then Mrs. Wright has obtained her decree of divorce, with permission to resume her maiden name.

Yesterday a letter postmarked Paris, from young Joseph Plonier, was received by Kitty. After telling her of the death of a multi-millionaire uncle, he said:

"There are only five persons among whom the estate will be divided equally. I am one of them. In a few weeks everything will be settled and I will return to New York.

"I have been thinking a good deal about you. Although I met you only four times, I feel convinced I can never love anybody as I love you.

"When you get your divorce do you think you can make up your mind to marry again? I'm determined to win you. I'll not take 'No' for an answer.

"Make me happy and tell me you will consent to be the wife of your sincerely loving.

"Joseph Plonier."

"I guess he'll be glad when he hears I got the divorce," she said.

PRETTY SCARFS.

Half the women this summer will carry long directoire scarfs of tulle, silk, or crepe to throw about the shoulders, in lieu of evening wraps. And a lovely fashion it is, too, for nothing is so graceful as the long, sweeping lines of these scarfs. The ends are usually finished with fringe.

RELAXATION.

Sitting down or lying down is not necessarily resting. You must learn the secret of relaxation, letting go, removing all tension. Do not wait until you become tired, but snatch a moment here and there, and then just let yourself rest.

SENT OVER THE ROAD

Judge Dibell Administers Penalty of the Law to Six Criminals.

IS GIVEN SIX YEARS

Lawrence Schmidt, For Forgery, Is Given the Longest Sentence of Any.

Judge Dibell this afternoon sentenced the prisoners convicted at the present term of court. The longest sentence went to Lawrence Schmidt, who was given six years in Stillwater for forgery in the second degree. On March 31 last he forged the name of H. C

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 31.—An area of low pressure is developing over Western South Dakota; the barometer is highest over Manitoba and British Columbia. Warmer weather prevails in the lake region, Northern Montana and Assiniboia. Light rains fell over the lower half of the Mississippi valley, and at Marquette, North Platte, Helena, Williston and Swift Current. The weather in the lake region is mostly clear, with light and fresh winds, generally westerly.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	44	Medicine Hat	44
Bismarck	48	Memphis	70
Calgary	34	Miles City	52
Chicago	64	Milwaukee	56
Davenport	66	Minnedosa	36
Denver	52	Moorhead	46
Detroit	66	North Platte	58
Dodge City	64	Oklahoma	66
Duluth	60	Omaha	64
Edmonton	42	Port Arthur	40
Escanaba	54	Prince Albert	36
Green Bay	58	Qu'Appelle	36
Havre	52	Rapid City	50
Helena	56	Shreveport	70
Huron	62	St. Louis	68
Kamloops	62	St. Paul	56
Kansas City	66	Sault Ste. Marie	50
La Crosse	50	Swift Current	40
Lander	—	Williston	50
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	42

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday, with possibly showers Friday. Cooler tonight. Light to fresh northerly and easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 31.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy, with showers Friday and in south and west portions tonight. Cooler southeast portion tonight.

Minnesota—Probably showers tonight and Friday. Cooler northeast portion tonight.

Upper Lakes—Variable winds becoming fresh easterly. Probably cloudy tonight, possibly showers Friday.

Chauncey Depew's Speech By Telephone.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York is president of the Transportation club, an organization composed of railway men. The annual dinner of the club was held a few evenings since, in the club rooms, on the top floor of the Hotel Manhattan, in New York, and Senator Depew addressed the assembly by telephone from his library in Washington, each one of the sixty banqueters having a receiver and hearing the address while seated at the banquet table quite distinctly. It was a unique and novel as well as an entertaining affair. The senator said in part: "I have spoken to 30,000 people. This is the first time I have made a speech 200 miles long. This is a difficulty of railroad men, but it is their business to overcome it. It is their business to annihilate space by steam, and they intend to break down limits by electricity. When this is accomplished the statesman can talk over thousands of miles with incalculable results. Governor Roosevelt from Albany can startle the state by one word. Col. Bryan from Omaha can fill sixteen states, with one speech. Newspapers and documents will be discarded. The world will be a follower and not a leader. The family circle will never appreciate its blessings until they can enjoy this privilege. The only men who thoroughly enjoy themselves are the active workers of the railroads. They play for their own pleasure, and people in no other pursuit are able to do so. To railroad men the whole art of success in the fierce modern competition is to get there first. He makes practical application of the motto of David Harum: 'Do unto the other fellow as he would do unto you, but do him first.'"

Rathbone Said to Be Defiant.

It is reported from Cuba that Maj. Rathbone, late director of posts in that country, under whose mismanagement or connivance the frauds committed by Neely were made possible and who himself has been guilty of gross extravagance in personal and official expenses charged up to the Cubans, defies the United States government to punish him for what he has done. It is said that he declares that if he is punished he will disclose several facts discreditable to Marcus A. Hanna's career which were connected with the struggle for the Ohio senatorship. Persons familiar with the situation will remember that Maj. Rathbone was one of Mr. Hanna's political managers during that memorable session when many charges of corruption and "boodle" were heard. Rathbone attained especial notoriety because of the prominent mention given his name in connection with the alleged attempt to purchase the vote of J. C. Otis, of Cincinnati, for Mr. Hanna. Now that Mr. Rathbone has been removed a disclosure of certain Ohio methods would be timely and sensational as well. Senator Hanna recommended Rathbone for the Cuban job. He not only wrote a strong letter indorsing him, but he personally solicited his appointment. Civil service was totally ignored and the "spoilsmen" triumphed. One thing is certain, Director Rathbone's authority was as absolute as was ever vested in any satrap or consul or petty tyrant even in the days of Rome's greatest power. He was supreme. He could do what he chose to do. Nothing but an order from Washington might limit his powers, and at no place is it recorded that this was sent. He appointed; he dismissed; he made contracts, rules, and laws. He removed his man and promoted that. He ordered expenditures with a princely air and they were audited without question. Will he be punished, or will his past political services save him from the fate he so richly deserves? The people will watch proceedings in the case of Mr. Rathbone with more than ordinary interest. If he be permitted to escape punishment, the conclusion will be justified that the administration feared he would carry out his threat.

CENSUS TIME IS HERE.

During the next two weeks the taking of the decennial census of the United States will be in progress. All the people must be enumerated within that space of time, and this means that the enumerators must work diligently in order to secure a complete and accurate census of the people. Indeed, it is not possible that they can make tehir returns complete, unless they receive the active and loyal support of all the people. It is very important that Duluth should show up well in the census returns, in order to demonstrate to outsiders that the stories of our growth are not exaggerated. If all the population here be counted, positive and official proof will be furnished to back up our statements.

With this object in view, every Duluthian should see that he is enumerated and that all the members of his family and acquaintances are enumerated. Not only should he see that those at home are enumerated, but he should send the names of all Duluthians temporarily absent to the office of the citizens' committee in the Chamber of Commerce building. There are many residents of Duluth away on pleasure and business trips. Some are living temporarily elsewhere, but they regard Duluth as their home and should be counted here. In another column will be found a letter from F. W. Fitzpatrick, now in the government architect's office at Washington, who has sent for blanks in order that he and his family may be enumerated as residents of Duluth. The loyal, patriotic spirit displayed by Mr. Fitzpatrick should be emulated by other Duluthians temporarily absent from the city, and any information in regard to such people should be sent to the citizens' committee.

Those who are keeping lodging houses, and restaurants are particularly urged to take an active interest in the census. There are many people whose names they can give to the enumerators that could not be learned of elsewhere. This is particularly true of private lodging and boarding houses. In another column will be found a list of questions that the enumerators will ask. While it is desirable that all this information be obtained, no one should hesitate to give to the enumerator the names of those temporarily absent because all the questions in regard to their age, etc., cannot be answered. Securing all the names of the city's residents is the most important point, and the other information is of secondary value, but should be furnished whenever possible.

The enumerators will start on their rounds tomorrow, June 1. Be prepared to aid them.

THE ONLY PREVENTATIVE.

The Anoka Union says: "Most always election frauds are discovered in Democratic precincts. St. Paul has just discovered one, and its discovery may result in the election of a Republican comptroller." It is surprising that Editor Pease should make this statement, particularly as he prides himself on his alleged political independence and fair treatment of political opponents, especially Governor Lind. The "election frauds" in St. Paul were not confined to "Democratic precincts"—in fact the one to which the Union refers is known as a "Republican precinct." Whether they were frauds or merely the errors of careless judges has not yet been determined. Mistakes of a similar character were discovered in other precincts. However, it is unfair to charge the mistakes or frauds, whichever they may be, to the Democratic election officials. There were three judges in each precinct, and two were Republicans. Half the clerks were Democrats and half Republicans. Frauds could hardly be committed by the Democratic judge without the connivance of the Republican judges and clerks in the precinct. The probability is that there was no attempt to commit fraud.

In the St. Paul election, as in the recent municipal election in Duluth, there were numerous ballots improperly marked or marked so that the intention of the voter was doubtful. In a closely contested election a few ballots cut a very important figure, and so do any mistakes made by the judges. These errors and the dissatisfaction created thereby both among the candidates and the people generally emphasize the necessity of better provision being made for polling and counting the votes. Experience has demonstrated that there is but one way in which accuracy can be secured—and that is by the use of the voting machines. These machines are no longer an experiment. They are a demonstrated success, having been tried in several cities and shown to beaccurate and rapid. The machine does away with all spoiled ballots or improperly marked ballots. There can be no stuffing of the poll-boxes. There can be no false count by the election judges. In short, all chance of fraud or error is eliminated. Furthermore, the result of the election in a city of Duluth's size could, by the way of voting machines, be ascertained fifteen minutes after the polls closed. The next legislature should enact a law that will secure the adoption of voting machines in every city in the state.

"There are," said Senator Hale in a recent speech, "very powerful influences in this country, largely located in New York city, largely speculative and connected with money-making enterprises, that are determined we shall never give up Cuba." That is the truth, Mr. Hale, and the present administration is standing shoulder to shoulder with them, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Your speech in the senate was a good and hard-hitting one, but you will no doubt feel constrained to go further some day and tell some of the facts about the president and his defenders on the floor of the senate. There is Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, for example, who spouted and blustered on the subject, but who knows as well as you do that we are not acting in good faith to Cuba, and that it is not the intention of the party now in power to do so.

The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune relates that the Mormons of Utah have in hand a marvelous beet sugar industry in the Great Salt Lake valley. They turn out every year 19,000,000 pounds of white sugar. Cheap as sugar is, the Mormons make good profit out of their output, to a large extent because of their ingenious system of conveying the juice from the vats to the factories, twenty-two miles distant. They pump the juice from vat to factory in a 3-inch pipe. They thus save a large amount in transportation, securing the reduction of the juice into sugar near the producing center. This industry yields dividends of 10 to 12 per cent a year to the farmers and about 20 per cent on the stock.

The Medical Journal says that the curved pages of the ordinary book are injurious to the eye of the reader. The curvature necessitates a constant change of the focus of the eye as it reads from one side to another, and the ciliary muscles are under a constant strain. Moreover, the light falls unequally upon both sides of the page, further interfering with a continued clear field of vision. It is suggested that the difficulty might be obviated if the lines should be printed parallel to the binding, instead of at right angles to it.

It is perhaps not generally known that in the United States, on the banks of the Yogo creek, Montana, an extensive mine is in operation, producing as fine sapphires and rubies as are found in the world. Saphires and rubies are both varieties of the mineral, corundum. Burmah and Siam were formerly the only localities for these gems. And geologists say that diamonds are likely to be found somewhere in the great region surrounding or north of Lake Superior.

Minnesota ranks as the first state in the Union in the production of wheat, with the Dakotas and Ohio next. The figures in bushels for the leading ten states, representing the wheat crop of 1899, are as follows: Minnesota, 63,23,581; South Dakota, 51,758,630; Ohio, 39,988,000; North Dakota, 37,728,339; Kansas, 36,468,044; California, 33,742,999; Indiana, 25,561,175; Oregon, 21,949,126; Washington, 21,710,394; Nebraska, 20,791,776.

Representative Lentz, of Ohio, is the only member of congress, says a Washington correspondent, who has a press agent and business manager employed to advertise his achievements and keep his name before the country, and it is understood that he finds the system satisfactory and profitable. The correspondent must be wrong. There are others. Did not Morris have his Boobar?

The capital invested in the United States in manufacturing playing cards is $5,000,000 and the annual output 20,000,000 packs. Nine-tenths of these are made by two concerns, which send them to every country in the world, save France and Italy, where governmental monopoly controls their manufacture.

It is not necessary for the St. Louis Republic to explain that the American people do not class United States army officers in Cuba with thieves. The thieves have been found among the political spoilsmen sent there by the Hanna-McKinley administration.

Congress seems to be convinced that some of the war taxes should be removed but is willing to let some other congress do it. Probably there will be a Democratic congress next March to wipe out these obnoxious taxes.

Methodists will still continue to differ on the amusement question, as the general conference failed to take any action on the subject.

The Kansas City Star thinks that just a little worse than the person who uses slang is the person who misquotes it.

The end of the South African war is very close. There seems nothing left for the Boers to do, but sue for peace.

So far David B. Hill has not been mentioned as a candidate for vice president on the Democratic ticket.

Remember that the taking of the census begins tomorrow. Have your answers to the questions ready.

A Reminiscence.

The sun hotly blazed on the long, dusty street
That leads to the hurrying mart;
And the wearisome spell of the langorous heat
Seemed to penetrate e'en to the heart.
And yet like a memory, distant and dim,
There came through the foliage dense
A perfume—it banished the frowning so grim—
Of lilacs from over the fence.

The wayfarer paused, and there came to his mind
The old-fashioned place of his birth;
Illumed by a face that was gentle and kind,
The gentlest and kindest on earth;
The big, rambling garden, the nook where a boy
Dreamed of a future immense;
Where the sunbeams would linger in laziest joy,
And the lilacs hung over the fence.

Again to the journey. Again to the strife,
And yet, 'mid the toil of the day,
A faint, subtle odor, with memories rife,
Full oft through the air seemed to stray.
The smile had a meaning which no one could learn,
That lightened his features so tense,
As the perfume in fancy would sweetly return
Of lilacs from over the fence.
—Washington Star.

A Mean Trick.

Chicago Chronicle: As a last resort it looks as though Mr. Hanna may solve the vice presidential difficulty by nominating Andrew D. White, who is away over in Germany and can't help himself. It is a mean trick, though.

An Idaho Diamond.

New York World: Gen. Sickles wants the Philippines and Cuba, yet wants the government to intercede for the continuance of the South African republics. Consistency, thou wert ever an Idaho diamond!

Neely's Ambition.

Chicago Record: Neely possibly figures on going to the senate when the thing blows over. The case would not be without precedent.

Persona Non Grata.

Washington Post: We fear Mr. Hale has destroyed his chance of becoming a shining light on Mr. Hanna's list of campaign orators.

Another Eclipse Coming.

Denver News: It is said that President McKinley is going to see the eclipse. This is not the only eclipse he will see this year.

Has a Roof to Shelter Him.

Topeka State Journal: Perhaps Mr. Bristow will consider it fortunate that the postoffice building was left at Havana.

Here Are the Questions

Information the Enumerators Will Want.

Have Your Answers Ready For Them Tomorrow Morning.

1. Surname, Christian name, initial.
2. Residence, street, number of house.
3. Relationship of each member to the head of the family.
4. Color or race.
5. Sex.
6. Age at last birthday.
7. Day, month and year when born.
8. Are you single, married, widow, widower or divorced?
9. Number of years married.
10. How many children.
11. Sex of these children.
13. Where were you born? If in the United States, give state or territory; if of foreign birth give name of country.
14. Where was your father born? Your mother? (Same conditions as the foregoing).
15. If of foreign birth, when did you come to the United States?
16. How many years have you resided in the United States?
17. Have you been naturalized? How many years since you became a citizen?
18. What is your occupation, trade or profession? (This question applies to persons 10 years of age or over).
19. How many months during the year are you employed?
20. How many months have you attended school?
21. Can you read?
22. Can you write?
23. Give the main facts concerning your education.
24. Do you own the house in which you live?
25. Do you rent the house in which you live?
26. If you own the house, is it free or mortgaged? (The same questions apply to farms).

CHEERY CHATTER.

Chicago Record: "Senator Lodge says Aguinaldo is a bore."

"Oh, no; Aguinaldo runs; bores are always rooted to the spot."

:—:-

Indianapolis Journal: "What do you think of the conflict between science and religion?

"There isn't any conflict between science and religion; the conflict these days is between athletics and religion."

:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I'm so glad that the poor fellows at Mafeking have been relieved."

"Yes. Why so?"

"Because now we'll find out what they think of the starvation cure."

:—:-

Chicago News: "Will some one please chase the cow down this way?" said the funny boarder, who wanted some milk for his oatmeal.

"Here, Jane," said the landlady in a tone that was meant to be crushing, "take the cow down where the calf is bawling."

:—:-

Philadelphia North American: "I repeat, gentlemen," said the orator, "the influence of the press has departed—give way, there, you fellows in front, and stop crowding the reporters; how can they do their work under such conditions?"

:—:-

Washington Star: "I never quarrel with a man because of his politics," said the broad minded citizen.

"Neither do I," answered Senator Sorghum. "There's no use o' making enemies. If you've got the right financial backing, sometimes you can get votes from both parties."

:—:-

Detroit Free Press: "What a happy time we had on Fourths of July when we were children together," said Mr. Oldbeau to Miss Frisbie, "with torpedoes and firecrackers and things popping about."

"I wouldn't mind hearing something pop now," added Miss Frisbie, demurely.

:—:-

Chicago News: He—I always take pains to deny the statement that women can't throw straight.

She—That is noble of you, my dear.

He—Yes; I have to remember with what accurate and effective aim you threw yourself at me.

:—:-

Philadelphia Press: "You're next, sir. Don't go!" the boss barber cried.

"First tell me," replied the customer pausing on the threshold, "do you serve your shaves here with or without?"

"With or without what?"

"Onions!"

:—:-

Somerville Journal: The man who quits his work and goes fishing once in a while accomplishes more in the long run than the man who keeps his nose to the grindstone all the time.

:—:-

Chicago Post: The British general was humming to himself as he walked along.

"Wot's that 'e's singin'?" asked Tommy Atkins.

The correspondent shook his head.

"I don't recognize it," he said, "but very likely it's 'There's One More River to Cross.'"

Trust Advocate For McKinley.

Boston Post: However sincere Senator Foraker is in his defense of trusts in general, is this the tone that the Republican convention will like to hear in his nomination of McKinley at Philadelphia, and are these the doctrines to be put into the platform of that party?

DRINKS FOR THE DOGS.

Veterinarian Says Water Would Help Prevent "Fits."

Dr. F. H. Miller, former hospitant, Royal Veterinary academy, Berlin, in the New York Herald: I have just read with pleasure the communication from "Humanity" and am delighted to know that the comfort and safety of our dumb companions is becoming more and more studied. "Humanity" has certainly pointed out one of the most fruitful existing causes of the condition known as "fits." While I cannot entirely agree with the writer that the free use of water will give the dog a perfect immunity from these attacks of cerebral excitement during hot weather, or at any other time where other powerful predisposing causes are present, my own personal experience in treating dogs has abundantly proved that free access to cool drinking water at all times removes the active exciting cause (even where there is predisposition) and reduces the condition of excitement to the greatest infrequency.

In Berlin there are in daily service, winter and summer, more than 8000 dogs, winning bread for themselves and their masters by drawing wagons and carts with burdens far out of proportion to their weights. Yet, these fits are comparatively seldom seen among these animals, and why? Simply because their exercise, while severe, is regular, and acts as a safety valve to inordinate feeling, and because of the admirable provisions made upon the streets for watering them.

This city, like all others, recognizes the indispensibility of drinking fountains for men and horses. Why can it not cheerfully provide such places for dogs? Give us proper drinking places for our dogs, and a conscientious execution of the new ruling of the sanitary code, whereby all animals killed or detained as suffering from hydrophobia are to be turned over to the board of health for proper scientific examination and investigation, and I am positive the published statistics for one single year will teach the public that hydrophobia of the dog, far from being so common as now reported, is extremely rare in our country, and that this noble animal is still the surest, as well as the most faithful companion. It will furthermore teach that the indiscriminate injection into the human system of an attenuated virus of true hydrophibia upon trumped-up police evidence for the vaunted prevention of a disease which these two precautions will clearly show is absent in 99½ per cent of the suspected cases, is a very serious matter.

OTIS IS QUARANTINED.

Meade Comes In But Is Detained for Smallpox.

San Francisco, May 31.—The transport Meade, with Maj. Gen. E. S. Otis, arrived last night, twenty-five days from Manilla. The Meade had three cases of smallpox aboard. She was placed in quarantine, where she will remain an indefinite time. Gen. Otis stated to the quarantine officials that he was in excellent health and wished to land and take a train for the East as soon as possible. A quartermaster, a stowaway and a soldier are infected with the smallpox.

The Meade has on board the bodies of 112 soldiers who died in the Philippines. There was one death on the way over. The transport's passenger list numbers 49 cabin and 131 steerage. The presence of smallpox on the vessel make the time of Gen. Otis' landing very indefinite.

THE DAKOTAS.

Tragedy Near Shoal Lake---Rich Gold Find Near Sisseton, S. D.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Shoal Lake—William Ross, a farmer, aged 55, living seven miles southwest of Shoal Lake, was found shot dead about twenty yards from his house. Deceased was shot in the right ear with a shot gun, and it is supposed to be suicide, as he has been despondent for some time, owing to threatened failure of crops from drouth. Ross was a widower, and leaves six daughters, some of whom are grown up. He came here from Ontario about three years ago.

Harvey—This town is all stirred up over the forcible eviction of Kate Kern from the hotel, the Soo Pacific, by Landlord William E. Cooke. Action was brought to recover possession for non-payment of rent. Judgment for possession was rendered and Deputy Sheriff Lars Rude, assisted by Constables Brewster and Metzger and a posse of about twenty men, executed the writ. There is rejoicing among the citizens and business men over the event, as the management of the hotel has been a disgrace to the town.

Grand Forks—After launching the Fram, the new steamer owned and operated by the American Boat company, comes information to the effect that James J. Hill has awarded a contract to John McIntosh, the well-known Stillwater boat builder, for two new barges, 20 by 100 feet, to be used in connection with the Red river steamer Grand Forks.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sisseton—Rich gold deposits have been discovered about fourteen miles west of Sisseton. The people are flocking in by hundreds and claims are rapidly being taken up. The prospects are bright for some wonderful finds. Several rich claims have been staked out.

Chamberlain—Settlers along the White river are complaining bitterly of being arrested by the Indian police and being taken to the Rosebud agency every time they cross the river to look for cattle, which, it is charged, the Indians themselves have driven there. The Indians are allowed a liberal fee for all stock taken up, and the settlers feel that they take advantage of this fact to impose upon them by working stock over to the reservation. The matter has occasioned considerable feeling.

The round-up on the cattle ranges west of Chamberlain is now well under way. The Fort Pierre crew, comprising about thirty men, has just left here, and is now working up White river. They announced they expected to return to Chamberlain again in about two weeks.

IN MICHIGAN.

Situation at the Calumet & Hecla---Sault Ste. Marie's Election.

Calumet—Gas in disagreeable quantities still exists above the surface at the Calumet & Hecla mine. It works its way through in many places, but these are all sealed as soon as found, and hopes are expressed of having the fire smothered out before many days.

The indications favor several weeks' idleness in the Calumet and Hecla branches of the mine. Any estimates of the probable damage are necessarily mere guess-work.

The South Hecla or Black Hills shafts are working regularly. It probably will be necessary to close the Calumet mill at Lake Linden soon, but the South Hecla can keep the Hecla mill running. It should also be borne in mind that if necessary the shafts on the Osceola lode can be made to furnish a heavy tonnage by beginning stoping.

Sault Ste. Marie—A special election will be held in this city on Tuesday, June 19, for the purpose of submitting to the electors the question of raising the sum of $120,000 by the sale of bonds running twenty years, and not exceeding 4 per cent interest.

Menominee—A number of Menominee river lumbermen are making large purchases of timber lands in California, Washington and Oregon.

TOWN RUSHED.

Filipinos Sweep San Miguel ---Five Americans Killed and Captain Missing.

Manilla, May 31.—On Tuesday night the insurgents rushed San Miguel, province of Bulacan, Luzon, garrisoned by three companies of the Thirty-fifth volunteer infantry. They swept through the surprised town, shooting right and left, killing five Americans and wounding seven. Capt. Charles D. Roberts and two privates are missing. No Filipino dead were discovered.

San Miguel de Mayumo is a few miles from Manilla. While a band under the escort of troops of the Forty-sixth infantry was moving from Ilang to Silang, within twenty-five miles of Manilla, it was attacked by Ladrones, three of the party being killed.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

Care of Lamps

Many housekeepers think there is nothing to learn about the care of lamps, but if the little details here mentioned are adhered to there will be a great difference in the light. First, a lamp must be cleaned and filled every morning; the burners should be cleaned once a week, and the best way is to boil them in water to which

Gold Dust Washing Powder

has been added. Put a teaspoonful into a quart of water and boil ten minutes. The flues should be put into a pan of cold water and heated slowly until they boil, then take off and allow to cool gradually; this toughens the glass.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK" Sent free on request to

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

Northwestern Benevolent Society,

Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.

Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

When Moving or Storing....

Get the best. It costs no more. That is What you get here. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed—you know what that means. Estimates free.

Duluth Van Co.,

NOTE THE NUMBER 212 West Superior St.

THE IRON RIVER FIRE.

Lee-Ingram Mill Goes But Lumber Is Saved.

Ashland, Wis., May 31.—The Lea-Ingram sawmill at Iron River, owned by the Alexander Edgar company, of Wausau, was destroyed by fire yesterday. A dozen cars near by were also burned, but 30,000,000 feet of dry lumber in the yards was saved. The loss is $30,000. The mill will be rebuilt.

ATTEND TO BUSINESS.

No Playing at the Confederate Reunion In Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., May 31.—Business was the order of the day in the second session of the Confederate reunion, which convened at 10 o'clock this morning in Reunion hall. The Sons of Confederate Veterans met at the same time in the criminal court building, and their meeting, like that of their elders, was devoted entirely to matters of business. The weather showed no signs of improvement, and the rain came down in sheets at brief intervals. Many of the decorations were ruined by the steady downpour, which has continued for the greater part of three days.

Nearly all of the outdoor features of the reunion have, of necessity, been abandoned. There was to have been an equestrian tournament today, but the depth of the mud at the park made its abandonment a matter of course. The basket picnic to be given today at Wilder park to the visiting ladies of the Confederacy was likewise given up.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only on chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. E. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, JUNE 2,

E. D. Stair presents the Comedians

Ward and Vokes

(40 PEOPLE.)

In their superbly staged production of musical farce—

"THE FLOORWALKERS."

Prices Regular—25c, 50c, 75c and $1 00.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager

PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN

Friday Evening, June 1st.

Seats Now on Sale.

Prices—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c

R. CAPOUL CUTTRISS WARDE

The celebrated Vocal and Dramatic Master of Chicago, and formerly of the first opera houses of Europe and America will be in Duluth June, July, August and September, and will receive pupils in voice culture, singing, elocution and dramatic art in all its branches. Circulars to be found at The Duluth Music Co's Store.

PARLOR THEATER.

Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.

TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.

BOSTON NOVELTY CO.

Fine Vaudeville Show.

MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.

SHORT STORIES

By C. W. Ericson.

At this stage of the season the summer clothing problem reaches its climax.

Also this date finds us better prepared to satisfy the most exacting than ever before.

In

Business Suits....

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20

$22, $23, $24, $25

Choose to suit your fancy.

We assure you exceptional savings.

C. W. ERICSON.

Reliable Clothier.

GREAT DAY FOR SPORT

Joe Berini Wins Place and M. D. Nicholson Time In Road Race.

FAST TIME IS MADE

The Gun Club Shoot Draws Well---Great Game of Ball.

For the fifth time in nine years a St. Paul man made best time in the Memorial day road race of the Duluth Cycle club. M. D. Nicholson, of that city, pedaled over the 10-mile course in 26 minutes and 30 seconds yesterday afternoon, which is just 20 seconds slower than the time of Robert McCleary, of Minneapolis, when he established the Minnesota state record in 1896. Nicholson's work is all the more prominent from the fact that a stiff lake breeze took much speed out of the course. Second time was made by J. Korlath, of St. Paul, who crossed the finish line just three seconds after the winner.

Joe Berini, of this city, rode a pretty race from the 5:30 handicap and won first place, with Ralph Ward a 6:30 local man, a close second.

Sam Palmer, of this city, who won first time last year, landed third time in 26:44, and Thomas Bradley, last year's place winner, was fourteenth with a handicap of 1:35).

It was an odd race in many respects and the talent was badly mixed on account of the showing of some of the outsiders and novices. Cycling enthusiasts and others gathered on the triangle at London road in large numbers early and picked losers with unerring judgment.

Sam Palmer and J. P. Burnett, the local scratch men, were the favorites. Burnett paced squad at a terrific clip for a little over two miles and then punctured a tire. It was a case of Palmer against the two St. Paul cracks after that and by switching pace on him they gave the Duluth man a hard run. He rode a plucky race, however, and is certainly entitled to a great deal of credit.

The race was important from a racing point of view in that it brought out a promising crowd of young riders. They rode pluckily and seemed to get next to about all the accidents on the course. Prominent among this latter class was R. C. Rankin, a 16-year-old boy, who finished twenty-one from a 6:30 handicap and under conditions that would have caused many an old rider to have fallen by the wayside. He lost his pedals soon after the start and got two bad falls. The last one was on the return course, and it so stunned him that a gentleman started to carry him into a house nearby. He came to and breaking away succeeded in finishing the race.

There was a minute delay in the start of the 3:30 bunch and about a half minute in the 2:30 and 1:30 handicaps. The folowing is the time of the first twenty-five men that finished:

Name—	City—	Time.
M. D. Nicholson,	St. Paul	26:30
J. Korlath,	St. Paul	26:33
Sam Palmer,	Duluth	26:44
Rudolph Fry,	St. Paul	27:17
Carl Barini,	Duluth	27:18
Tom Bradley,	Duluth	27:21
Edgar Smith,	Duluth	27:23
M. McDougall,	Duluth	27:50
Herman Schmidt,	Duluth	27:51
J. D. Deighton,	Duluth	27:55
H. Johnson,	West Superior	28:12
Earl Briggs,	Duluth	28:29
J. Dyer,	West Superior	28:39
Joe Barini,	Duluth	28:41
Ralph Ward,	Duluth	28:42
Harry Hughes,	Duluth	28:52
T. Lund,	West Superior	29:06
Roy Mattoon,	West Superior	29:32
A. B. Pederson,	West Superior	29:40
T. Chisholm,	Duluth	29:43
A. Ritzman,	West Superior	29:53
E. S. Powell,	Duluth	29:54
J. McCauley,	Duluth	29:55
A. W. Lindgreen,	West Duluth	31:32
C. R. Rankin,	Duluth	32:31

The following is the position in which the first twenty-five men finished:

Name—	—City	Handicap	Place
Joe Barini,	Duluth,	5:30	1
Ralph Ward,	Duluth,	6:30	2
Miller McDougall,	Duluth,	4:30	3
Herman Schmidt,	Duluth,	4:30	4
H. Johnson,	W. Superior	4:30	5
James McCauley,	Duluth,	2:30	6
Thomas Chisholm,	Duluth,	5:30	7
Harry C. Hughes,	Duluth,	4:30	8
Rudolph Fry,	St. Paul,	2:30	9
Carl Barini,	Duluth,	2:30	10
Adolph Ritzman,	Superior,	4:30	11
E. S. Powell,	Duluth,	4:30	12
J. D. Deighton,	Duluth,	3:30	13
Tom Bradley,	Duluth,	1:30	14
A. W. Lindgreen,	Duluth,	5:30	15
Edgar Smith,	Duluth,	1:30	16
Earl Briggs,	Duluth,	2:30	17
John J. Dyer,	W. Superior,	2:30	18
Anthony Lund,	W. Superior,	3:30	19
M. D. Nicholson,	St. Paul	Scratch	20
C. R. Rankin,	Duluth,	6:30	21
Roy Mattoon,	W. Superior,	3:30	22
J. Korlath,	St. Paul,	Scratch	23
Arthur Pederson,	Superior,	2:30	24
Sam Palmer,	Duluth,	Scratch	25

A HOTLY CONTESTED GAME.

Duluth Defeats Superior By Close Score of 4 to 3.

By long odds the fastest and most spectacular game of the season was won by Duluth at Superior yesterday afternoon. The score of 4 to 3 was largely due to the remarkable pitching of Cox and with the exception of one inning he was given brilliant support. It was a great game, full of ginger, dash and clever work, and kept an immense crowd of enthusiastic fans in a state of frenzy for nine full innings. Wiggs pitched a speedy game for Superior, striking out eight men but he off-set the good work by giving six bases on balls and practically lost his own game.

Duluth scored first in the second inning. Warner was given his base on balls and embezzled second. Featherstone singled and Warner crossed the plate. Featherstone stole second and scored on a single by Wachtel and an error by Thiery. In the fifth Superior bunched errors with Wiggs' wiliness, and Duluth scored again. In the seventh Superior tied the score. Porter hit to Shephard and he couldn't handle it. A wild pitch gave Porter another base. Cox gave his only base on balls putting Lee on first. Glendon wrapped out a single, filling the bases. Cline drove a hard one out to Wachtel who handled it nicely but on the throw home to catch Porter, the ball went into the stands and the bases were cleared. The winning run was made in the eighth inning when Lambert crossed the plate on errors and some clever base running.

The score was:

Duluth—	R	H	PO	A	E
Lambert, 1 b	1	0	10	0	0
Shephard, s s	0	0	0	2	1
McCarthy, 2 b	0	1	4	2	1
Cox, p	1	0	1	3	0
Hratman, c	0	1	6	1	0
Warner, 3 b	1	0	0	0	0
Hurley, c f	0	1	2	0	0
Featherstone, l f	1	1	2	0	0
Wachtel, r f	0	1	2	0	1
Totals	4	5	27	8	4

Superior—	R	H	PO	A	E
Lippert, 1 b	0	0	9	1	0
Thiery, l f	0	0	2	1	1
Pease, 3 b	0	1	1	1	2
Porter, 2 b	1	1	1	2	0
Lee, c	1	0	12	6	0
Glendon, r f	1	1	1	0	0
Cline, s s	0	0	1	1	1
Mullaney, c f	0	0	0	0	0
Wiggs, p	0	1	9	2	1
Totals	3	3	27	9	5

The score by innings:

Duluth	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	—4
Superior	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3

Earned runs: Duluth, 2; bases stolen, Lambert, 2; Cox, 2; Hartman, Warner, Featherstone, 2; Porter, Glendon; double plays, Lippert to Lee; bases on balls, off Cox, 1; off Wiggs, 6; hit by pitched ball, Shepard; struck out, by Cox 4; by Wiggs, 8; passed balls, Lee, wild pitch, Cox; time of game, 2:10. Umpires: Riches and Fleming.

THE GUN CLUB SHOOT.

Large Number of Entries Causes Increase of Events.

The annual tournament of the Central Gun club was held yesterday, and favorable weather and the presence of a large number of shooters combined to make the event a very successful one. The wind was perhaps a trifle too high for the best work, but some of the shooting was good.

The number of events was increased from seven to twelve on account of several entries that arrived late. The first event, one of twenty-five birds, was won by Nelson, who made 24, with Dixie second with 21. The next six events were sweepstakes of fifteen birds each, and Charcoal made the best score with 56 birds, Dixie second with 54. The best single event of fifteen birds was made by Dixie, who got the entire number. In the second 25-bird event Fulton, of Superior, made 24, and Charcoal got 23. In the diamond badge contest Fulton won out, killing 46 out of a possible 50.

In the event of five pairs Nelson and Shaver tied with 9 each, and in the six pairs Snow got 12.

In the final event, six pairs, Snow and Nelson captured all the money with 12 and 11 birds respectively.

There were in all twenty entries. The trophy shoot did not take place, as there were not enough representatives of the different clubs to participate. The complete scores are as follows, No. 5 being for the diamond medal event:

No. events	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. birds	25	15	15	15	15	15	25	50	15	5	5	6
											p.	p.
Nelson	24	11	12	11	8	14	13	17	37	16	3	11
Snow	21	12	13	14	11	13	15	17		11	5	12
Charcoal	19	13	14	14	12	12	9	23		14	4	7
Wojack	22	13	9	14	13	14	13	22	45	11		9
Dixie		11	13	13	15	12	14	15	25	13		
Field				6	10							
Hart						12	13	21	29	15	8	9
L. Fulton						12	13	24	46			
Delaware						10		19		11		3
Bowstring							9	9	17			
Pierce						13						
E. Fulton							9			9		
Boyd							12			12		5
Warren								18	24			
Pierce								21				
Duchess							11			11	6	
Kennedy							10		46			
Nolsy										10	8	
Shaver							12			5	10	
Story										8	8	

AMUSEMENTS.

WARD AND VOKES.

Will West, who was one of the distinct hits of "The Land Sea Waves" last season and who ranks as foremost amongst the light comedians of the day, is prominent in the support of Ward and Vokes in their new farce, "The Floor Walker," which is to be seen at the Lyceum Saturday. Mr. West will be seen in several offerings in the vaudeville numbers of "The Floor Walkers."

A Pleasant Entertainment.

A very pleasant Memorial day entertainment was that given at the First Unitarian church last night by the women of the church. A delightful supper had been spread in the basement of the church, and a large number attended to enjoy it and the speeches and toasts with which it was accompanied. Several toasts appropriate to the day were made, and in introducing the speakers Wilson G. Crosby made a very graceful and apt toastmaster. A. L. Agatin responded to the toast "The Ladies," Frank E. Searle spoke on "The Day We Celebrate," Alfred Jaques spoke on "The West" and Rev. Harry White, the pastor of the church, talked on "The Little Church."

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Go One Route, Return Another.

This privilege will be given purchasers of cheap tickets to Charleston, S. C., via Pennsylvania Lines. They will be sold July 3d, 5th, 6th and 8th, account National Education Association Meeting, and may be obtained good going via Louisville, Cincinnati or Washington, D. C., over available routes south of those points, returning through either city. Stop-over privileges in the South and at Washington may be enjoyed. For particulars, apply to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

COATED

Look at your tongue. Is it coated? Then you have a bad taste in your mouth every morning. Your appetite is poor, and food distresses you. You have frequent headaches and are often dizzy. Your stomach is weak and your bowels are constipated. There's a reliable cure:

Ayer's Pills

Don't take a cathartic dose and then stop. Better take a laxative dose each night, just enough to cause one good free movement the day following. You feel better the very next day. Your appetite returns, your dyspepsia is cured, your headaches pass away, your tongue clears up, your liver acts well. 25c. All druggists

"I have taken Ayer's Pills for 35 years, and I consider them the best made. One pill does me more good than half a box of any other kind I have ever tried."
Mrs. N. E. TALBOT.
March 30, 1899. Arlington, Kans.

TO CHANGE SLEEPERS

Northern Pacific Will Put Wagner-Pullmans on the Duluth Line.

SOME OTHER CHANGES

Observation Cars May Be Put on----What About Upper Berth?

The announcement is made at St. Paul that the Northern Pacific railroad will substitute Pullman-Wagner sleeping cars on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad when the transfer of the road is complete and it is entirely under the operation of the Northern Pacific railroad. The St. Paul & Duluth railroad has always operated its own sleepers, and while they may not be as elegant as the Pullman-Wagner cars, they have been very comfortable and quite satisfactory to the traveling public. There is one thing that will be watched with much concern. The St. Paul & Duluth railroad has made it a practice for years to always leave the upper berth closed unless it was sold. The occupant of the lower berth would therefore have a whole section if the upper was not sold. The Pullman-Wagner cars have never done this unless forced to, and it remains to be seen what their course will be when the change is made. If the other Twin City roads do it, then the Northern Pacific will have to.

It is also said that the Northern Pacific will keep the chair cars which are now used, and that an improvement in the shape of observation cars will be added. This will be a fine feature and one that will meet with the appreciation of the traveling public. There is no doubt that the Northern Pacific will give the best obtainable service for the passenger equipment of that road on its other lines is a guarantee of that.

Tomorrow the freight office of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad at West Superior will be consolidated with the Northern Pacific, and F. C. Jackson, who has been the freight agent of the Northern Pacific there for years will have charge of the office. The office will be moved to the building occupied by the Northern Pacific offices.

Poison In Potatoes.

The public is becoming excited over the statement recently made that potatoes contain a poison called solanin. It is announced that new potatoes contain much less than old ones, but those which have commenced to sprout are quite dangerous. This may be true, but it seems odd that people have lived and thrived for centuries upon them and that their danger has just been discovered. It is safe to assert that anyone with whom potatoes do not agree has stomach trouble, and any one who has indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, or liver and kidney weakness needs Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at once. This medicine does more than promise. It cures. Avoid substitutes and insist upon having the genuine. Try it.

ONE MONTH IS "VELVET."

Judging From the Reports of Northern Pacific Earnings.

Ten months' operations are included in a financial report issued by the Northern Pacific yesterday. The statement covers the month of April, but does not include May earnings, which are expected to swell the already satisfactory totals to a considerable extent. The total net income of the road for the first ten months of the fiscal year are $11,545,043, a gain of $1,144,196 over last year, equal to 11¼ per cent increase on common stock. Gross earnings for the same period were $25,026,901, an increase of $2,257,702 for 1899. Net earnings for the same period are $11,982,483, an increase of $1,843,920.

During the period covered by the report, expenditures for betterments, taxes, rentals, etc., were $2,714,665, showing an increase of $481,929 and miscellaneous income increased $60,451, as an offset. The statement is regarded as most excellent by officers of the road, who predict that the June earnings of the company will be surplus over last year, all expenditures having been met with the receipts gross for the preceding eleven months.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR

Hundreds of Duluth Citizens Can Tell You all About It.

Home endorsement, the public expression of Duluth people, should be evidence beyond dispute for every Duluth reader. Surely the experience of friends and neighbors, cheerfully given by them, will carry more weight than the utterances of strangers residing in faraway places. Read the following:

Mr. H. Pierson, of 924 Third street east, carpenter by trade, says: "For two years I was troubled with kidney complaint, and while not severe enough to lay me up, it affected my entire system, and I felt generally run down. There was an extreme weakness of the kidneys and the secretions were very irregular. I tried a number of different remedies and took a lot of medicine, but nothing seemed suited to my case. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills very highly recommended, and being advised to try them, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's, corner of Superior street and Second avenue west. I had not taken them long before I was satisfied they were doing me good, so I continued their use and improved rapidly. In a short time they thoroughly relieved me of the trouble."

Sold for 50 cents a box by all dealers.

Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

MUNYON'S

I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE.
MUNYON.
At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

DYSPEPSIA CURE

HERBSTER REVIVES.

Mouth of Cranberry Will Be a Busy Place Again.

Herbster, for many years the headquarters of the Cranberry Lumber company's operations, promises to become a busy little lumbering town again, under the enlivening influence of the Two States Lumber company's operations, says the Ashland News. The place was practically deserted after the operations of the Cranberry Lumber company were closed last fall. The rails were then taken up from the roadbed, and all the locomotives, cars and machinery were transferred to the north shore. The large dock there is still in good condition, however, and with the repairs that are to be made by the Two States company, will be as good a dock as any along the south shore towns between Duluth and Ashland.

A schooner arrived at Herbster Monday with the machinery for the new hardwood mill to be erected there by the Two States company, and it will be unloaded right away and work begun. F. C. Knapp also arrived there on a tug from Duluth to look after the preliminary work. He was preceded by Tom Cochran and a crew of ten men, and N. Terwilliger, who will superintend the erection of the mill, and have charge of it when sawing is started. Mr. and Mrs. N. Terwilliger and son Clarence have been at Herbster about a week. They are nicely located in a summer residence, which was erected by George W. Stevens, at one time manager of the Cranberry Lumber company's business. Monday a party of Ashland citizens called on Mr. and Mrs. Terwilliger, and were served with an elegant trout dinner.

The fishing party which was at Herbster Saturday, went up the Cranberry river, and report excellent trout fishing.

THE CENSUS.

The Enumerators Begin Work of Making the Count Tomorrow Morning.

Tomorrow morning the enumerators will begin the work of taking the census of the city of Duluth. They have until June 15, inclusive to complete the work. The list of questions that they have to put to every person has been several times published and it will be found in another part of this paper. Every English speaking person in the city ought to be thoroughly conversant with all the facts in reference to this census by this time for the campaign of education of the past two or three weeks has been a reasonably complete one. The trouble the enumerators will have will come from the foreign born people who do not know the purpose of the census and will be suspicious of it. Through the ministers and others, however, it is believed that this feeling has been reduced to a minimum.

The citizens' committee was very much pleased this morning when the following letter was received:

The Citizens' Committee, Duluth.—Dear Sirs: You will see that the proper blanks are forwarded to me here from Duluth. I will fit the census returns for self and tribe. You cannot afford to do without the ten Fitzpatricks as from Duluth. The fact of a man's being in the civil or military services and stationed elsewhere does not deprive him of his citizenship, and I am still with you in spirit if not in the flesh. Sometimes when old "Sol" shines down at about 99 degrees in the shade hereabouts, I even wish the flesa could be up around on the lake shore somewhere. Sincerely yours,
FRANK W. FITZPATRICK.

There are doubtless a great many persons just like Mr. Fitzpatrick who ridiculously belong here but are sojourning elsewhere. If they all show as much interest and loyalty as does Mr. Fitzpatrick Duluth can be very thankful to them. There are said to be a number of other people in Washington who belong in Duluth and ought to be enrolled here. Some are reported to be in the government printing office.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

RAIN BADLY NEEDED.

Last Week a Dry One---The North Dakota Crop Report.

According to the crop report last week was a very dry one. There is great apprehension in the grain markets of the country over the dry weather in the Northwestern states, and predictions are made that if it keeps up for a few days longer there will be a material advance in the price of wheat. The market is a weather one, and every morning the brokers watch the weather map and figure out therein. It is the all-important feature now, overshadowing everything else. There was a little rain early this week, but not a large amount, and not sufficient to allay the nervousness over the crop outlook. Old timers profess not to be worried, and say that the Northwest will raise wheat in spite of the panicky feeling. It will be noticed from the North Dakota crop report, which is given below, that there is danger, and that some wheat is being plowed up and the land sown to flax. The report is as follows:

"The past has been another unfavorable week. In a few widely separated places good showers of rain fell, but over the state at large the drouth that has been prevailing for the past season continues. Very few reports are received showing an improved condition of the crop; wheat is turning color in many sections; is generally quite weedy, and has not commenced to stool; in some places it is being plowed up and the land sowed to flax. Oats, rye and barley are in the same condition as wheat. Early sown flax is up, but many have been kept from seeding it by the dry condition of the ground, and there yet remains considerable to be put in. Early planted corn is generally up. While there has been some small amount of damage done the crop from various causes, still a few heavy showers would put it in fine condition, and it will stand for some time yet before the injury will be serious."

South Shore Change of Time.

Beginning Sunday, May 27th, "South Shore" Limited, No. 8, will leave Duluth at 7:00 p. m. daily, except Saturday. Daylight Express, No. 6, will leave 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. No. 9 Limited will arrive Duluth 8:30 a. m., except Sunday, and No. 5 express arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m., except Sunday.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

ALL BEING ARRANGED

Plans For Republican Convention at Philadelphia Well In Hand.

THE SECOND PLACE

On the Ticket Is the Only Point That Is Now Unsettled.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Republican politicians decided upon all the arrangements for the Republican national convention which will meet in Philadelphia on June 12. Chairman Hanna of the Republican national campaign committee and his associates have within a recent date assembled in Philadelphia and Washington to decide upon all the details for the convention work from the preliminary view point. The money to be contributed to the national campaign committee by the citizens of Philadelphia has been raised and all of it turned over to Chairman Hanna. The people of Philadelphia, at least those interested in the success of the convention from a local viewpoint, have been able to get the convention hall in shape, and the only thing now remaining to be accomplished is the nomination of candidates for president and vice president, and the adoption of a platform which will be satisfactory to the Republicans of the country.

Many of the distinguished politicians, who have been in Washington and Philadelphia, are free in asserting that the work of the convention will pass off smoothly, and the only hitch likely to come up lies in the selection of a man for President McKinley's running mate. Until the nominations for the vice presidential candidate are called for in the convention hall, the proceedings will be as regular as the tick of the clock, for the Republican leaders are anxious to have the convention more of a love-feast than to make it highly exciting for the casual onlooker. There will be several very fine speeches made when the convention is called to order, and later, when Maj. McKinley is put forward for renomination to his present position.

The adopton of the platform, as before stated, will not cause any friction, and this will be due to the fact that every plank and every word in the clauses of the platform will be decided upon at least two weeks before the convention meets. It is probably true, as frequently stated, that the issues that the Republican party will bring forward this year have already been decided upon by the Republican leaders in this city. When the committee on resolutions reports to the convention, it will be a mere matter of form, and the platform thus promulgated will go through with a whoop.

The only excitement that the Republican convention of 1900 will have will be over the selection of a running mate for Maj. McKinley. As is well known, there are more than a score of men regarded as excellent men for this office, and the fight which will come in the convention hall will probably be lively enough to interest every person in attendance.

It is stated upon excellent authority that Messrs. Hanna and McKinley, having discovered that Governor Roosevelt will not accept the vice presidential nomination, consider that it will be wiser for them to take a man from the West for the latter's running mate in the coming national campaign.

Today it is stated that Wolcott and Payne are the favorites of Messrs. Hanna and McKinley. Wolcott may not be able to accept this honor because of his change of front on the silver question during the past four years. If he fails, it is not likely that Mr. Payne, of Wisconsin, having a clear record on every issue during the past five years, will be undesirable to any of the delegations at Philadelphia. If the nomination for the vice presidency is to be alloted to a Western man, therefore, the national ticket for 1900 may read:

For president—William McKinley, of Ohio.

For vice president—Henry C. Payne, of Wisconsin.

There is still a bare possibility that, if any opposition to either Wolcott or Payne develops, Gen. Washburn of Minnesota may be decided upon as a compromise candidate.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

The Statement Incorrect.

Mrs. Thomas McLaughlin wishes it known that the statement that her daughter, Miss Mollie, who died last Saturday night, did not have medical attendance from the time of taking sick early in the week until Thursday was incorrect. A physician was called in on Tuesday. The misunderstanding probably grew out of the fact that another physician was called in on Thursday evening.

Children

in school? Then you have often heard them complain of headache; have frequently noticed how they go about in a listless, indifferent way, haven't you?

Scott's Emulsion

does grand things for such children. It brings a healthy color to their cheeks, strengthens their nerves, and gives them the vigor that belongs to youth. All delicate children should take it.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

SILK WORM EXHIBIT.

Panton & White Show Two Thousand Worms at Work.

The enterprising dry goods house of Patnon & White is ever ready to show its customers and the general public, all novelties in its line, and the show windows of their store are now filled with one of the most novel and attractive displays ever seen in this city. This display referred to consists of 2000 silk worms at work producing the delicate threads that make the most costly garments of the world, as well as the sewing silks that are used in the manufacture of nearly all textile goods. Before the busy little workers weave for themselves the cocoons from which they never emerge, they throw out what is known as "spun silk" after being manufactured. This will be a beautiful sight when all the worms begin to spin. They will be kept in the window until Saturday night, when it is expected all the cocoons will be completed and in readiness to send to the manufacturer. It will be worth the time spent for all to come down town and watch the wonderful works of nature.

PATRICK O'DONNELL DEAD.

Former Duluth Policeman Dies In Hospital at Brainerd.

Patrick O'Donnell, a well known railroad man, and formerly a member of the Duluth police force, died suddenly yesterday at Brainerd. While a member of the police force five years ago he ruptured several blood vessels in the leg and of late this had been a source of considerable trouble to him. About ten days ago he went to the Northern Pacific railway hospital at Brainerd for treatment, and his friends here did not know that his trouble was serious till they received the news yesterday of his death.

The dead man was 45 years of age and leaves a wife and four children living at 217 East Sixth street. Since leaving the employ of the city he has been working in the freight department of the Northern Pacific road, and had made many friends in railroad circles. The remains will be brought here this evening and the funeral will be tomorrow morning at 8:30 from the cathedral.

FIRE AT FORT DE FRANCE.

Custom House and Numerous Other Buildings Destroyed.

Fort De France, Island of Martinique, May 31.—A fierce fire which broke out here at 9 o'clock last evening resulted in the destruction of the custom house and a number of houses in the immediate vicinity of the building where it originated. The flames were got under control at 2 o'clock this morning with the aid of troops and by the employment of dynamite.

A Splendid Pair.

Cigars, not horses—the new crop, Flor de Teller, at 10 cents, and Royal Blue, at 5 cents.

There are good 5¢ cigars and better 5¢ cigars. Then comes

Sealette the 2 for 10¢ Cigar

1 12 dozen costs a nickle.

SAME STOCK AS "SEAL OF MINNESOTA."

KUHLES & STOCK, ST. PAUL, MAKERS.

EYES ACHE?

Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

F. D. DAY & CO.,
315 W. Superior St.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED and REPOLISHED
AT C. O. KRISTENSEN'S.
Zenith 'Tel. 320. 10 E. Superior St.

Possess Baker's Premium Coffee A Luxury!

THE SMOOTHEST WAY TO GET A HOME.

The following parties are getting a home for themselves on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city. You know some of them, ask them about it:

Chas. Ten Brook,	Konigunde Smiguel,
J. & W. Frink,	Della Miller,
F. J. & E. Spetz,	Ida Harring,
Dixon Neeley,	Frank G. Myers,
Charles Smith,	H. L. Smith,
Charles Stevens,	John A. Gladder,
H. S. Merry,	Will Lowry,
Annie Stokes,	Andrew Larson,
John A. Bauers,	Louis Wick,
Martin Nelson,	S. E. Boots,
Jacob Szorzeski	Jaard Matheson,
Ernest Willie,	H. C. Peterson,
J. H. B. Smith,	Philip Flevier,
Charles Peterson,	R. J. Gundry,
J. B. Flack,	Charles Fancett,
John Sundquist,	Ole Swenson,
Peter Holten,	Fred K. Jewett.
Gottleib Gunther,	John M. Fowles.
Ira W. Smith,	H. A. Waterson,
Adam Sundquist,	John McPhail.
O. C. Lemcilin,	

THEY WILL ALL TELL YOU THAT IT BEATS PAYING RENT. ABOUT 70 MORE PROPERTIES TO SELECT FROM ON THE SAME EASY TERMS AND LOW VALUATIONS AS THE ABOVE PURCHASED AT A $900-HOUSE AND LOT WILL BE SOLD FOR $200 CASH; $400 ON OR BEFORE 5 YEARS WITH 6 PER CENT INTEREST AND $800 PAYABLE $7.72 A MONTH FOR 60 MONTHS, WHICH PAYS THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL.

Office No. 2 First Ave., West, in Hunter Block.
CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by overwork and indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.
AJAX REMEDY CO. 328 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 335 West Superior street, druggists.

DEFAULT HAVING OCCURRED AS to each of the five tracts of land hereinafter described, by the non-payment of principal and interest, due upon the respective mortgage debt, upon each of said tracts, in the conditions of that certain mortgage made and executed by Charles H. Clague and Florence H. Clague, his wife, mortgagors, to Julius G. Schmidt, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of February, 1895, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of March, 1895, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 128 of mortgages, on page 86, covering and conveying the following described premises situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter (ne¼) of section twenty-five (25), (except the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway across the same, said right-of-way containing six and forty-four one hundredths acres), the southeast quarter (se¼) and the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) of section twenty-four (24), all of said land being in township fifty (50), north of range sixteen (16) west, containing three hundred ninety-three and fifty-six one hundredths acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof; which said mortgage, by the terms thereof, constitutes a specific lien of eight hundred dollars ($800) on each of the following described tracts of the above mentioned lands, to-wit: (Tract 1), the east half or northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) of said section twenty-four (24); (tract 2), the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼) of said section twenty-four (24); (tract 3), the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ of se¼) of said section twenty-four (24); (tract 4), also the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) of said section twenty-five (25); (tract 5), and the west half of the northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼) of said section twenty-five (25); there is now due and claimed to be due upon the said several debts secured by said mortgage at the date of this notice, the following amounts upon the said tracts respectively, to-wit:

Upon the mortgage debt of the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) in the said section twenty-four (24), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800), principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165), interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of said east half of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼) in said section twenty-four (24), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800), principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ of se¼) in said section twenty-four, the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) in said section twenty-five (25), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of said west half of the northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼) in said section twenty-five (25), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the said mortgage debts or either of them, or any part of either thereof:

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of each of the said t

PAYMENT OF TAXES

This Is Last Day Before the Penalty For Delinquency Attaches.

A LARGE PERCENTAGE

Amount Left Unpaid Expected to Be Small---The Installment Plan.

Today is the last chance for property owners to pay their taxes without incurring a penalty of 10 per cent, and the inside of the office of the county treasured today looked like a run on a bank or baragin counter. The office was packed all day, and the clerks were rushed to death, with their coats off and their hair disarranged and showing other evidences of having the busiest day of their lives.

It is too early to make any guess at the percentage of taxes paid up, especially when the rush is so great that about all the clerks have time to do is to receive the money, toss it in a drawer with the statement attached and make out the receipts and enter up the collection later. It is safe to say, however, that all records will be broken. Last year the payment amounted to within 10 per cent of the entire tax levy, and that was the best that had been done in years. The outlook is this year that the percentage of payment will be even greater than it was last year, and that the number of deliquents will be exceedingly small.

All of which is very comforting to everyone. As a sign of the times, showing that people have money to pay their taxes with, and that conditions are excellent financially, it affords a better method of judgment than almost any other thing that could be named. Another good feature of it is that when all the people are paying their taxes, taxes will grow smaller. This is because when some of the people fall by the wayside in the matter of meeting their taxes, the burden has to be assumed by those who do pay their taxes. Money to meet the expenses of government must be raised, and the system is theoretically to spread it equally among the citizens. When part of the citizens refuse to pay, the rest have to make up the difference.

A large proportion of the taxes are being paid on the installment plan. Most of the big taxpayers are getting to use that system, as they can save the interest on their money from June to October, which makes it worth while if the amount if large.

DR. BATES ANSWERS.

Files His Response In Suit Begun By C. W. Miller.

Dr. Stuart Bates has filed his answer to the suit of his partner, Charles W. Miller, in which the latter claimed that the former was keeping his share of a hospital business at Virginia. The defendant says that Miller had some debts, and in order to keep his creditors from getting at it he transferred his share to his partner, the defendant. Later they made an agreement to have Bates take the whole business, on condition that he assign to the plaintiff his interest in contracts with several mining companies. The defendant claims that Miller kept the books of the partnership, and that he did it so irregularly that he cannot find out where he stands, but he thinks the plaintiff owes him about $3000. He wants an accounting, and he asks the court to dissolve the partnership.

WANT IT VACATED.

Petition That Old Townsite of Eveleth Be Abandoned.

The district court has been asked to vacate the old townsite of Eveleth, on which valuable iron ore deposits have been discovered. The petitioners are the Spruce Mining company, which has a mining lease on the property, and E. M. Fowler, S. J. Murphy, G. O. Robinson, E. H. Flinn and T. E. Dorr, the owners of most of the property in the townsite. The petition states that the mining company has made extensive developments on the property, which make it unsafe for the general public to be in the immediate vicinity, and the petitioners state to the court that they think the best interests of the public will be subserved by having the townsite vacated. M. H. Stanford and John G. Williams are the attorneys.

JURY NEARLY DRAWN.

Eleven Men Secured For the Fewings Case at Noon.

The case of Fred J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company, to recover $25,000 damages for injuries received by the plaintiff while riding on a Garfield avenue car during the strike last May, when he was struck in the head by a stone thrown through the car window, was taken up before Judge Cant in court room No. 2 this morning for its second trial. After a trial lasting a week, it will be remembered, the jury on the first trial disagreed, standing evenly divided. A special venire of twenty names was issued, and out of that eleven jurors were secured this morning, and the attorneys had neither of them exercised their right of peremptory challenges. Another special venire of twelve names was drawn from the box and made returnable at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the drawing of the jury was resumed.

Judges Ensign and Dibell are still engaged in trying court cases. In the case of Ella Burns against William T. Bailey and others judgment for the defendants was entered by stipulation, without costs. In the case of the Northern Security company against the Vermilion Range Iron company judgment was entered for the plaintiff. The case of Charles R. Stai against A. M. Cleaves was taken under advisement. The case of the Northern Security company against the Northwestern Loan and Investment company was on trial before Judge Dibell at noon. Judge Ensign was hearing the case of John M. Underwood against H. V. Goetchius and others, to compel the specific performance of a contract for a mining lease on land on the Vermilion range.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

A Cheerful Proposition....

BLATZ

—The Star Milwaukee

BEER.

BLATZ BEERS *possess qualities that appeal to lovers of the beverage—every brew is uniformly perfect—every brand a success.*

Blatz Malt-Vivine, TONIC. (Non-Intoxicant.) ALL DRUGGISTS.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

IT SHOULD BE STOPPED.

Complaint of Vandalism at Forest Hill Cemetery.

To the Editor of The Herald:

At the cemetery on Decoration day, when I went, in company with some ladies, to place flowers on the grave of my little child, to my surprise I found my lot occupied by a picnic party of eight or ten grown people, tramping down my lawn, lying around on the grass and one man with a pipe in his mouth even tramping on my little child's grave. After reprimanding the man for tramping on the grass, although we would have enjoyed staying awhile there, it was so extremely unpleasant, worse, disgusting, that we imediately left and after placing flowers on the graves of our friends we came home.

Now I do not believe that such a thing could be done in any cemetery in any other city in America. The people who do not know better than to do such a thing as that should be taught better. The Cemetery association, if they have not the authority to prevent it, should ask the council for authority and they would certainly get it.

If a member of the Cemetery association had a nice lawn and people should squat on his lawn, he would order them off and failing to go would have them arrested for trespassing. Still they permit people to trample all over the lots and graves of the dead of the lot owners in the cemetery, giving them no protection whatever. Two or more years ago I called the attention of the association to the matter and suggested that they adopt the methods of other cities to prevent the many acts of vandalism committed at Forest Hill, but they have taken no action in the matter, so I appeal to the public to see if public opinion cannot do something towards inducing them to prevent things that are disgraceful to the city and to the association. Yours respectfully, LOT OWNER.

Duluth, May 31.

The Committee Meeting.

The first meeting of the commission appointed by the council last Monday night to devise ways and means and secure information and data for the building of a steel cable aerial ferry bridge across the ship canal, will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the mayor's office. The commission consists of Aldermen Cullum, Cromwell and Trevillion and Mayor Hugo, City Engineer McGilvray and City Attorney Mitchell.

The Police Court.

In police court this morning William Scott was arraigned on a charge of grand larceny for stealing $20 and a revolver from the room of Manager Williams of the White Star club. His examination was set for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Luke Joice made his regular semi-monthly appearance in court for drunkenness and was given thirty days on the rock pile. John Dogan and James McAroon, each drunk, were given ten-day sentences.

Declared His Intentions.

Fred Newman, a colored man, went courting Miss Birdie Thompson down on Paradise alley yesterday afternoon and in the most unromantic manner struck her on the head several times with a hammer. The woman was unconscious for several hours, but today her condition was much improved and not considered serious. The blows left several very ugly scalp wounds and the man that struck them left town.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

The Old Pavilion, Park Point, commencing June 1, will give regular weekly dances every Friday evening. Good floor and good music.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

THE TRUST MEASURE

A Rule For Its Consideration Is Adopted By the House.

ROAST FOR THE G. O. P.

Richardson Gets After the Republicans For Waiting Until So Late.

Washington, May 31.—When the house met today, Mr. Dalzell, from the committee on rules, presented the special order for the consideration of the anti-trust resolution and bill, which he withdrew yesterday to allow of the disposing of private pension bills. The rule was the same as that heretofore prepared, except that it provided for a vote on the amendment on Friday and the bill on Saturday.

Mr. Dalzell explained that the rule presented was for the consideration of the two measures reached by the judiciary committee, the resolution for a constitutional amendment empowering congress to enact legislation dealing with trusts and the bill for the amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, criticising the rule, declared it was framed to bring the house to a vote on the resolution without opportunity to amend it.

> "We are confronted with a unique situation," said he. "The government has been in the possession of the Republican party since March 4, 1897. It has been supreme in all branches of the government. The only thing done was to enact the Dingley law a law which has done more to foster and propagate trusts than any other on the statute books. During all the intervening time, nothing has been done to control trusts, but now, on the eve of adjournment, after a resolution has been passed fixing the day for final dissolution, the Republican party brings in this anti-trust legislation. It is an effort to recoup for political effect. The people will not be fooled."

The special order was adopted, 141 to 118.

DAY IN THE SENATE.

Sundry Civil Bill Taken Up After Some Preliminaries.

Washington, May 31—When the senate convened today, Mr. Gallinger, from the committee on commerce, reported an amendment to the sundry civil bill authorizing a committee to investigate trade conditions in the Orient. The amendment is the same offered by Mr. Gallinger in the senate on Tuesday.

Mr. Beveridge introduced a resolution providing for the appointment of a woman commission from the Daughters of the American Revolution to be present at the unveiling of the statue of Lafayette in Paris. In response to an objection that one such appointment had been made, Mr. Beveridge stated that while this was true, there were two organizations of the Daughters, and that this resolution was meant to give representation to the one not now represented.

Mr. Daniel sought to secure consideration for the bill providing for the payment of the Hawaiian debt, and Mr. Allison objected, saying he did so in the interest of early adjournment, and that there would be time to take up the Hawaiian bill after the passage of the appropriation bills, of which only the sundry civil, general deficiency and military academy bills remained to be disposed of.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up, and Mr. Gallinger addressed the senate in explanation of his motion to reconsider the vote by which the amendment providing an appropriation of $5000 for the Louisiana purchase exposition was passed. In doing so he attacked the senate rule against incorporating general legislation in an appropriation bill, comparing it to the fiction of Eli Perkins and the idealism of Jules Verne. He then cited numerous instances of general legislation in the pending bill contrary to the rule.

Mr. Allison, in charge of the bill, said that as he had been lectured by Mr. Gallinger he felt it his duty to say that in only two or three instances had new legislation been added to the pending bill. He said he would not make a point of order against Mr. Gallinger's amendment, but would reserve the right to make such a point later.

Mr. Platt (Conn.), protested against the creation of further commissions and against the making of further appropriations for expositions. He declared that certain promoters made a business of organizing and using the local feeling aroused to work upon congress for an appropriation.

As the amendment which he offered to provide for a commission to investigate the commerce of China and Japan had been objected to by Mr. Allison, he felt he had not been treated fairly. However, he said, he did not desire to stand in the way of the St. Louis fair proposition and, therefore, withdrew his motion to reconsider the vote by which it was adopted.

Mr. Morgan gave notice that when the bill was reported from the committee of the whole to the senate, he would demand a separate vote upon the proposition to vote $5,000,000 to the Louisiana purchase exposition.

Mr. Gallinger offered an amendment appropriating $75,000 to pay the salaries and expenses of a commission of five persons to investigate and report upon the trade of Chin and Japan and other countries.

Municipal Court Jurors.

The following municipal court jurors have been selected for the term of court beginning June 5: Frank Blackmarr, H. H. Hanford, G. Harkness, W. P. Mosher, A. G. Osman, Albert C. Majo, Louis Hammell, J. G. Rakowsky, Alex Peterson, William Nelson, W. J. Ashbeck, George Taylor, Angus Gibson, Frank A. Carlson, Thomas Grady, W. L. Jackson, W. E. McEwen, C. W. Harvey, George H. Thomson, A. A. Fider, John T. Armstead, Alfred LeRicheaux and John Cox.

On a Buying Trip.

J. K. Stack returned this afternoon after a flying trip to the Eastern markets, where he secured a vast amount of

Patient: Doctor, I have a bad attack of malaria. I have chills and am so sick I scarcely know what to do.

Doctor: Just one thing to do. Take a tablespoonful of DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY every two hours. It will cure any case of malaria in a night. I have prescribed it, and it only, in cases of malaria, for twenty-five years; it never fails. All druggists and grocers sell it, or you can get it direct from Rochester, N. Y., express prepaid, $1 a bottle. Be sure you get the genuine. The Duffy Malt Co. also send a book free, which is full of valuable information.

merchandise at prices so low that it astonished him after his visit of only two months ago. Stack & Co. have been favored this season with the largest trade since opening The Fair in this city.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup st.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

Dr. Mary McCoy has removed her office from the Burrows' block to 12 West Superior street, over Max Wirth's drug store.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Ingalls, of 323 Mesaba avenue.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Clark, 1325 London road.

The Women's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A., will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the building.

John C. Campbell has sued Brick Mannu to clear title to the s½ of the nw¼ of section 2, and the s½ of the ne¼ of section 3, 57-21. Alford & Hunt are the attorneys.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Nels Hedstrom and Cecilia Ekborg, Adolph Gernay and Lemie Vandfelren, James Jamison and Celia L. Dion, and Oscar Strom and Mary Hammerstrom.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Joseph W. Wikefield, of Aitkin, giving his debts at $574 and his assets at $1750, all claimed to be exempt.

Late this afternoon John Greps, of Barnum, was taken to St. Mary's hospital with an injured back. While working in a sawmill at Barnum this morning a heavy timber was thrown against his back, and when the authorities here were first notified it was feared that the back was broken. However, the injury seems to have been less serious.

Of Interest to Advertisers.

Advertisers using space in The Friday Herald consult their own interests best by turning in copy Thursday afternoons, thereby insuring advertisements running in all editions Friday.

The Saturday Herald

Is the Sunday paper in all the iron range towns, and gives advertisements the largest circulation possible at the head of the lakes.

PERSONALS.

A. W. Hepworth, of Davidson & McRae, left this evening for Europe and the Paris exposition. He will meet Mrs. A. D. Davidson and Miss Davidson in New York, and accompany them across.

H. M. Stocking, of St. Paul, was in the city this morning and was at the St. Louis.

B. J. Carney, of Grinnell, Iowa, is at the St. Louis.

H. G. Lester, of Marine City, Mich., is in the city.

M. H. Long, of Grand Forks, is at the St. Louis.

E. C. Kiley, the Grand Rapids, editor, was at the St. Louis last evening.

C. L. Pratt, of Grand Rapids, was in the city last evening.

Dr. Stuart Bates and Miss Bates and Mrs. W. E. Corey, of Virginia, are at the St. Louis today.

J. G. Vivian, of Eveleth, was in the city last evening.

Mrs. Hazlett Cround and Mrs. George Walker, of Minneapolis, were guests at the Spalding last evening.

Charles Edgar and Walter Alexander, of Wausau, Wis., are at the Spalding today.

C. H. Hadley, of Chicago, was in the city today.

Robert C. Greer, an insurance man of St. Paul, was in the city last evening.

G. W. Butters, of Minneapolis, was in the city today.

Walter Thexton, of Minneapolis, formerly of this city, is in the city today.

H. J. Wessinger, superintendent of the Sauntry mine, was in the city last evening.

William Sauntry, of Stillwater, is in the city.

H. Patterson, of Cleveland, was at the Spalding last evening.

W. G. Davis, of Ashland, is in the city.

John Pengilly came down from Ely today.

John O'Brien, of Stillwater, is at the St. Louis.

M. C. Palmer, president of Virginia, came down from that place this noon.

James H. Richardson, of the Richardson Electric company, who has been attending the National Electric Light association convention at Chicago, returned yesterday.

DANCE TONIGHT

Zenith Lodge No. 99, D. of H., A. O. U. W., will give a dance tonight in Hunter Hall. Tickets 25c.

NOTICE.

Job Printing Offices Will Close Saturdays at 1 O'Clock.

We, the undersigned proprietors of printing establishments in Duluth, will close our places of business on Saturday afternoons at 1 o'clock from June 1 to Oct. 1, 1900. Our patrons are respectfully requested to arrange orders in accordance with this notice.

J. L. THWING.
CHRISTIE & COLLIER.
JENSEN & LANE.
J. J. LE TOURNEAU & CO.
CHARLES H. THORNTON & CO.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY.
CONSOLIDATED STAMP AND PRINTING CO.
SEIPEL & HUNTLEY.
RICHARDSON PRINTING CO.
GEORGE K. NESBITT CO.

Settled and Dismissed.

The case of the city of Duluth against the bondsmen of the Marine National bank as a city depository has been settled and dismissed. The stipulation was entered into in pursuance of a resolution by the city council settling the city's claim against the bondsmen of the bank for $1500, which has been paid over. The bondsmen were Frank E. Searle, N. J. Miller, John P. Johnson, Z. D. Scott, W. H. Magie and J. E. Cooley.

STILL QUARANTINED.

San Francisco, May 31.—The transport Meade, which arrived last night from Manilla, bearing Maj. Gen. Otis and staff, was still detained in quarantine today owing to the presence of three cases of small pox on board. Gen. Otis is still on board the vessel.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Large Schooner Ashore on Fox Island But Its Name Unknown.

HIT THE FOREMAST

Boat Building at St. Clair Struck By Lightning---Three Men Killed.

Mackinaw City, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Ada Medora, which passed down at 10:30 o'clock this morning, reports sighting a large schooner ashore on Fox Island. The name was unknown.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

St. Clair, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Lightning this morning struck the foremast of the new steamer building at Langell & Sons' shipyard, instantly killing Mate Archie Morrison. Fireman Frank Campbell and Carpenter William Medler. The mast was splintered from top to bottom.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The wreck of the schooner Leader lays about one mile off the ne end of Belle isle Detroit river, and about 1700 feet e ne ¾ e from the red and black horizontal striped buoy marking the end of the shoal to the northard and eastward of Belle isle. This wreck has this day been marked by a red and black horizontal striped spar buoy, which is moored in twenty-two feet of water close to and off the ne end of the wreck, which has but five feet of water over it. The buoy should be given a wide berth in passing. A white hand lantern will be hung on the buoy during the night.

MARINE POSTAL REGISTRATION.

Washington, May 31.—The marine registration system will be established at Detroit within the next few days. This means that registered letters or packets will be received from passing vessels by the marine letter carriers. It is the first time such service has been attempted. The carriers will be furnished "cards of instruction" and a coupon receipt book. When a letter is received for registration, one coupon will be attached to a card and given to the sender on the boat. This is a temporary receipt. When the letter reaches Detroit postoffice a regular receipt will be sent to sender of the letter at whatever point he may designate. The cards and coupons are now being printed. The service will be established as soon as the cards can be obtained from the government printer and shipped to Detroit, some time this week.

THE OWEGO ASHORE.

Good Harbor, Mich., May 31.—The steamer Owego, of the Erie Railway line, went ashore at the head of North Manitou island at 8 o'clock yesterday. Her forward compartment is full of water. The Owego left Chicago Tuesday, bound for Buffalo. Her cargo consists of grain and merchandise.

THE SEGUIN RELEASED.

Mackinaw City, Mich., May 31.—The steamer Seguin, which stranded at McGulph's Point in the fog, was released by the Favorite yesterday afternoon. The Favorite has taken the Seguin to St. Ignace.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Down: Last night: Nevaggo, Anderson, 11:30; Caledonia, Polynesia, 11:50; Cuba (steel), 12:10 a. m.; Hopkins (arrived), 12:30; Reynolds, 7:15.

Up yesterday: Fulton, Rupp, noon; Linn, Carrington, Merrimac, Viking, Vinland, Keith, 12:40 p. m.; Craig, 1; Naples, 2:20; Katahdin, (sailed), 3:20; McDougall and whaleback, 5; Whitney, 6:30; Lewiston, 6:40; Manoia, Malta, 8:50.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Down: Wawatam, 1 a. m.; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 1:30; Mecosta, 2:40; Alva, 7; Poe, Corliss, 7:30; Fairbairn and whaleback, 8; Toledo, Zapotec, Monee, Yuma, 9:30; Hill, Stevens, John Owen, Orinoco, 10:40. Down: City of Genoa, Iroquois, Palmer, 12:30 a. m.; Victory, Constitution, 2:40; Bangor, 4; Choctaw, Fritz, Holley, 5:20; Mitchell, Chickamauga, Buffalo, 6:30; Auburn, 7:30; Avon, 8; Minnesota, Ewen, 8:20; Maritana, Malda, Northern Wave, 10.

Up yesterday: George Gould, 12:30 p. m.; Rappahannock, Crete, Holden, Curry, Mohawk, 4:20; Alberta, Pailiki, Rosedale, 5:20; Ogilvay, Northern Queen, 6; Elwood, 7:30; Pontiac, Pasadena, oil barge, 10. Down: Manitoba, Gilchrist, Queen City, Algonquin, 11:30 a. m.; Northern Light, Zenith City, 1 p. m.; Rees, Norton, 1:20; St. Louis, Champion, Tabor, Bronson, Black, 3:30; New York, Grandy, Keating, Wand, Harper, Antrim, 4:30; Harvey Brown, Maricopa, Marsala, 5:30; Green, India, 6; Angelina, Wallace, 7; Donaldson, Dayton, Wright, Bessemer, Jenney, 8; Superior City, 9; Appomattox, Santiago, 11.

WILL NOT BE RAISED.

A diver has examined the remains of the old steamer Northerner, which was burned at the dock at L'Anse about eight years ago. Plans had been made to raise the old hull, but it was found to be in a worthless condition and the attempt will doubtless be abandoned.

SHOAL AT DETOUR MARKED.

Pickands, Mather & Co. have placed a black stake buoy north of their dock at Detour to mark a very dangerous shoal. This shoal has gotten several steamers into trouble that have attempted passing through the inside channel. The water is low and steamers have found boulders heretofore not known to exist in that channel.

A CELEBRATED CASE ENDED.

At last it looks as though the famous Conemaugh-New York collision case had been settled for good and all. The New York ran into the Conemaugh eight years or so ago and the Conemaugh, to prevent sinking, was beached on the Canadian side of the Detroit river, opposite Smith's coal dock. She was badly damaged, and her cargo almost a total loss, and the New York suffered considerable injury, but went on. The case has been in the courts ever since. In the first trial United States District Judge Swan held both vessels to blame and ordered an equal division of the total damages. On a second trial he held the Conemaugh solely to blame. The Anchor line, her owners, appealed and the court of appeals decided the New York was solely to blame. The case went to the United States supreme court, which held both vessels at fault, but ordered the New York to pay for the damage to the Conemaugh's cargo. C. E. Kremer, of Chicago, attorney for the New York, asked the supreme court to bunch all the damages and divide them equally between the two steamers. Frank H. Canfield, of Detroit, representing the cargo, on Monday received word from Washington that this had been denied. He thinks this ends the case for good.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Weston, Jeanette, Pomeroy, Onoko. Cleared: Lumber—Sprick, Buffalo; C. P. Jones, Detroit. Ore—Italia, Amazon, Conneaut.

Ashtabula — Cleared: Coal—Sawyer, Waverley, Redfern, Portage, Light—Stephenson, Republic, Potvnesia, Duluth.

Marquette—Arrived: Macy, Wilson, Choctaw. Cleared: Negaunee, Cob, Detroit; Continental, Holland, Cleveland.

South Chicago—Cleared: Iron Duke, Superior.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—McDougall, 134 Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Iron Age, Bielman, Case, St. Paul, Minch, Wotan, London, Kirby, Hartnell, McGregor, Lake Erie, coal; Normandie, South Chicago, railroad iron; Bannockburn, Minnedosa, Winnipeg, Prescott, light for grain; Oliver, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Bartlett, Admiral, Selwyn Eddy, Reis, Lake Erie, ore; Benton, Bissell, Leland, Montgomery, Dobbins, Carpenter, Dashing Wave, Lake Erie, lumber; North Wind, Buffalo, flour; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Lockwood, Ellinmere, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Teutonic, from New York; Lancastrian, from Boston.

London—Arrived: Menominee, New York.

Bremen—Arrived: Kaiserin Maria Theresa, New York.

Glasgow—Arrived: Hibernian, Boston.

Queenstown—Arrived: New England, Boston, for Liverpool.

THE PATRIOTIC CONCERT.

Fine Program Rendered at Swedish Baptist Church.

The Scandinavian Temperance union gave its third annual concert last night at the Swedish Baptist church. For the past two years, patriotic exercises have been held on Memorial day by the union. The program rendered was excellent. All the numbers were given except of the Norwegian Methodist choir, some of its members being out of the city. Numbers were given by the Baptist church orchestra and choir. The excellent Echo quartet gave very pleasing selections, and fine tenor solos were given by J. J. Moe and O. G. Olson. The Swedish Methodist choir sang: "Upp Svea Folk och hoj din Rost" in a charming manner. "The Greeting from Norway to Sweden" was well given by the male quartet. The Norwegian-Danish Lutheran choir gave two beautiful selections, and the last one, the "Song of the Flag," was especially fine.

Rev. Mr. Anderson gave an eloquent address, speaking of the nation's heroes who fought for liberty. The speaker paid a high tribute to the Scandinavian-Americans, such men as John Ericsson and others, as a liberty-loving people, and exhorted his audience to take part in the great problems of the time, working for righteousness and liberty, which are especially brought to mind when people meet to honor the memory of the fallen heroes of the civil war.

We have just opened the handsomest Soda Fountain in the Northwest. Come and see it. We serve everything. KUGLER'S DRUG STORE, 127 E. Superior st

SAMARITANS PLAY BALL.

Alpha and Beta Council Meet on the Diamond.

The Modern Samaritans played a great game of ball at Oneota park yesterday afternoon. Alpha council No. 1 defeated Beta council No. 2 by a score of 16 to 9. The game was called at 3 o'clock with C. L. Hansell as umpire and a big crowd of good Samaritans, bad Samaritans and modern Samaritans on the side lines. The Alpha council fans seemed to take a special delight in the pitching of Otto Strum and P. M. Cadot. Incidentally the work of Charles Kempton, behind the bat was cheered enthusiastically. Kempton is about as fast a catcher as ever broke into amateur ranks in this city and is a hard hitter. He had a home run and several slashing singles. W. H. Vliett, proved to be another hard hitter. He pushed out a long one with a three-base tag on it but got so excited that he stretched it into a home run. Joe Kreager, at short, and C. St. Webster on first for the Alphas played great ball, but on several occasions Webster forgot to close his fingers on the ball after it had been passed over to him. Beta council rooters were just as numerous as the Alphas and gave their players all the encouragement they could expect. The two teams lined up as follows:

Alpha council.	Beta council.
Charles Kempton catcher	Paul Murphy
Otto Strum	pitcher Tom Clark
P. M. Cadot	pitcher
C. T. Webster	first base R. Johnson
Henry Leidell	second base A. Otte—an
Joseph Keager	short stop Iver Lindgren
H. Smith	third base Geo. Stevens
Charles Wilson	left field F. Hughes
W. H. Vliett	center field F. Stevenson
P. M. Cadot	right field H. Fraser
Otto Strum	right field

Large Sale of Seats.

The sale of seats for the "Pied Piper of Hamelin" indicates a very large attendance tomorrow evening. Within ten minutes after the sale opened five boxes were sold. This afternoon at 4:15 the first performance was given and everything pointed to a crowded house at noon today. There is great interest to see the rats and the piper and the people of the old town of Hamelin. Several hundred school children of the city will take part and the performance will be one pleasing to old and young alike.

IT WILL REST.

Senate Committee Agrees to Let Senator Clark's Case Wait.

Washington, May 31—The senate committee on privileges and elections has reached an agreement with the friends of Senator Clark of Montana, to allow the senator's case to rest where it is, with the understanding that no further steps shall be taken to have either Mr. Clark's or Mr. Maginnis' credentials referred to the committee, and that no further action shall be taken on the resolution of the committee concerning Senator Clark's original election.

TERMS OF SURRENDER.

Roberts to Announce them on Occupying Johannesburg.

Cape Town, May 30, Wednesday.—Upon the occupation of Johannesburg, Lord Roberts, it is said, will issue a proclamation denouncing the "malicious fables" regarding the intentions of the British and announcing the terms of surrender, which are the guaranteeing of immunity to all non-combatants and that all burghers, excepting those who are actively connected with the promotion of the war, directing its operations, commandering or looting or other acts contrary to civilized war, will be allowed to return to their farms and remain unmolested on proving the surrender of their arms, and on taking an oath not to fight again. Private property, it is added, will be respected, providing British property is not damaged. If British property is wantonly destroyed, not only will the actual perpetrators be severely punished in person and property, but the authorities permitting the damage will be held responsible. All the inhabitants are urged to prevent wanton damage.

FILIPINOS COMING IN.

Small Surrenders Continue---Benguet Governor Taken.

Washington, May 31.—The following dispatch was received at the war department today from Gen. MacArthur at Manilla:

"Small surrenders continue in the department of Northern Luzon. Corinico, a fugitive governor of Benguet, rich, active and a friend of Aguinaldo, was captured yesterday, near Cabayan; important. While scouting near San Miguel, DeMayumo (Luzon), May 29, Capt. Charles D. Roberts, Privates John A. McIntyre and L. W. Atkins were captured. Sergt. John Gallen, Privates Joseph McCourt and John A. Green killed; George Kinger wounded, thigh, all of Company I, Thirty-fifth regiment U. S. volunteers."

WILL SOON RELEASE OTIS.

The General Will Not Be Quarantined Very Long.

Washington, May 31.—The war department received notice from Gen. Shafter today of the arrival at San Francisco of Gen. Otis. Gen. Shafter also sends news of the existence of smallpox aboard the transport Meade, which accounts for the failure of Gen. Otis to land promptly upon his arrival in San Francisco. Gen. Shafter's dispatch, which is dated yesterday, is as follows:

"Gen. Otis arrived this evening in good health. On account of several cases of smallpox on board, he will not be able to land for several days. He will take first train East after landing."

Surgeon Gen. Sternberg says that the delay in Gen. Otis' landing will be very short, and the quarantine officials will probably pass him through as soon as his effects have been thoroughly fumigated, assuming that he has not been personally in contact with any of the smallpox cases.

Gen. Otis probably will come direct to Washington and will go thence to Rochester, N. Y., in season to be present at the demonstration which is being arranged in his honor by the citizens of that place on June 15. The general will be given an extended leave of absence by the war department, and when he has thoroughly recuperated from the prostrating labors of his position in the Philippines, he will, it is said, be assigned to the command of the department of the lakes, with headquarters at Chicago.

ST. PAUL AND DULUTH ROAD.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders Adjourned Until June 14.

St. Paul, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A majority of the stockholders of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad were present for the annual meeting this morning, but it is stated that no action was taken beyond adjourning until June 14. The reason for this adjournment is unknown. President Hayes was not present.

Admiralty Rulings.

The decision of Judge Lochren in the cases of Cody & Addis against the tug Carrington and the Union Towing and Wrecking company against Cody & Addis has been received from Judge Lochren. He dismisses the libel of Cody & Addis, and continues the cases of the other claimants in accordance with a stipulation filed.

In the case of the Marine Insurance company against the steamer Arabian, he grants a retrial of certain features of the case.

North Star Lodge, No. 15,

O. D. H. S., will give a grand ball, Saturday evening, June 2, at Turner hall. Music by Flaaten's orchestra.

NO NEW CASES.

San Francisco, May 31.—Dr. O'Brien of the board of health reported today that the plague situation is unchanged, that no new cases have been found.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

JEWELED FLOWERS.

The latest idea in evening adornments is garlands of flowers around the neck and arms. These flowers are composed of precious stones, but they are marvelous imitations of natural flowers; for instance, a garland of cornflowers, another of small daisies, lilies of the valley, etc. Only small flowers can be reproduced in jewelry, for the novelty consists in the fact that each flower is made in one piece, cut in the stone itself. It is manifestly impossible to reproduce large flowers in this manner. Nothing is so becoming around the neck as these flower garlands.

NORWEGIAN PUDDING.

Soak half a pound of sago in cold water for four hours. Then boil one pound of red currants and raspberries in a pint of water, sweeten to taste, and when quite soft pass through a hair sieve and return to the saucepan with the sago. Stir over the fire until the sago is clear, then pour into a mould. When set turn out carefully and serve with whipped cream.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

Flor de Teller, better than ever, always the favorite 10-cent cigar.

Granite monuments at manufacturer's prices, room 701, Palladio, until June 5.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $13.30.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 5 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

Night Train to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

Effective Sunday, May 27, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will start a train from Minneapolis every night at 10:50 and St. Paul at 11:25, arriving Portage at 6:45 a. m., Milwaukee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1 p. m.

Through sleeping car and coach service from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Milwaukee and Chicago.

Connections made at Chicago with all trains for the East and South.

This train also furnishes direct service for Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Janesville and Rockford.

Lowest rates to all points.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nails, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25 cents. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

There's Constant Inquiry for Rooms and Board

So that if you can provide either, 'twill pay you to keep that fact before applicants in the form of a Herald adlet, the cost of which will be small. A landlady said the other day: "I keep my rooms full all the time through my ad. in the Herald."
324, 2 rings—either 'Phone, Herald business office open until 8 p. m.

HE WADES RIGHT IN

New French War Minister Begins By Stirring Up the Dreyfusards.

GETS AFTER AURORE

Proceeds Against the Dreyfus Organ For Attacking the Headquarter's Staff.

Paris, May 31, 3:20 p. m.—The first measure of the new minister of war, Gen. Andre, on taking over the war office, is an order for the prosecution of the Dreyfusard paper, the Aurore, for an article by Urbain Gohier, printed yesterday, attacking the headquarters staff.

"These office detectives," said Mr. Gohier, "in case of war, would sell to the enemy our forts, armies and provinces, as they sold them before in time of peace. They engage in jobbery in army contracts, sell crosses of honor and all sorts of documents. When they do not possess authentic documents, they manufacture forgeries, for the military trade is the school of treason, as it is of lying, stealing and murder."

M. Gohier is the author of the book "The Army Against the Nation," which created such an outcry on account of its denunciation of the army, for which he was prosecuted.

Gen. Andre has instructed Minister of Justice M. Bonis to take proceedings, and this was the step announced at today's cabinet council.

SUGAR IS BOOSTED.

And Notice Given That Indicates Another Advance Coming.

New York, May 31.—All grades of refined sugar were advanced one-tenth of a cent per point today. Raw sugars advanced one-thirty-second of a cent per pound.

The American Sugar Refining company today issued a notice that all orders for the shipment of sugar not directed to be shipped today would be cancelled. This was taken among the wholesalers as implying that a third advance in prices of refined sugars would soon be announced.

NEW JERSEY DEMOCRATS.

They Meet at Trenton to Elect National Delegates.

Trenton, N. J., May 31.—The Democratic state convention to select delegates to the national convention at Kansas City met here today. When the convention was called to order, nearly 800 delegates were present. State Chairman Gourley, after calling the delegates to order, introduced Col. S. M. Zulick, of Monmouth county, as temporary chairman. Col. Zulick, in his speech, touched only slightly on the financial question, and referred to trusts and militarism as the issues of the hour. He made reference to Mr. Bryan in this language:

"Every epoch in our national history furnished the men equal to the necessities of hour. The dark days of the American revolution produced a Washington, and inspired the pen of Thomas Jefferson to write the truths of liberty and independence; Andrew Jackson's courage and foresight throttled the infamous conspiracy of the United States bank; Lincoln successfully guided the nation in its struggle for the preservation of the Union, and now that the liberty of the people is menaced by imperialism, militarism and trusts, the country will find in the wise, patriotic statesman, William J. Bryan, a safe tribune of the people."

On the money question, he says to the gold men: "Grant you are honest in your special views on finance, do you now feel, with the bitter experience of four years of Republican misrule, that you are justified in aiding to continue in power the Republican party, which you know is destroying Republican government?"

"Organized monopoly," says he, 'shatters the pathway of success, comfort and happiness of the plain people. Must the people be burdened with taxation for the benefit of trusts and the support of militarism? Must England's imperial policy be adopted and the integrity of free institutions be imperilled?"

CLAIM TURNED DOWN.

Adverse Action on Indians' Claim to Chicago Property.

Washington, May 31.—The claims to extensive portions of the Chicago lake front, valued at $150,000,000, put forward by a band of the Pottawatomie Indians, was adversely acted upon today by the house committee on Indian affairs. The claim embraced parts of Lincoln park and the residence sections, and was set up under the old titles of the Indians as the original occupants of this section. The claim has been actively contested. A sub-committee with Representative Curtis as chairman has been hearing testimony for a week. The conclusion of the committee today was that even if the tribe had an interest in the lake front, this particular band setting up the claim has no interest in it, as the band separated from the tribe in 1833 and has since been a detached body in Michigan.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Via "The Milwaukee's" New Train

You can leave Minneapolis at 10:50 p. m. and St. Paul 11:25 p. m. (every night), and arrive Milwaukee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1:00 p. m.

Fine sleepers and coaches through to Chicago.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS NO EQUAL!
DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON,
The world's famous and greatest Medium, Clairvoyant and Palmist, asking no questions he tells your name in full, when and whom you will marry; gives advice on law, marriage, business, and all affairs of life. Dr. Livingston not only possesses the inborn gift of the soul clairvoyancy, but has studied for years with masters in occultism. Room 27, St. James hotel, Duluth, Minn. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

WANTED—TO BUY.

TENT WANTED—GOOD SECOND-hand tent with fly. Size 9 by 9 preferred. Address M, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND gas stove, three burner preferred. Address, stating kind and price. S 65, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

LOST.

LOST—GOING FORM GARFIELD AVENUE to Lester Park, on Decoration day, purse containing silver and gold piece, from $10 to $12. Finder please leave at this office. Reward.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY ON HAND TO LOAN ON REAL estate at lowest rates. Chan Smith, No. 2 First avenue west.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

MEDICAL.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Eighth, Retail and wholesale by **J. F. BOYCE and MAX WIATH, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth; Ligneil & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 36, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Thursday, May 31, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 100 Meets every Thursday in Hunter block third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder John C. Walker, financier, residence 814 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall. Work in Third rank. 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 29, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree, and election of officers, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU HAVE $10 TO INVEST, WILL guarantee good returns. Call at 1107 West First street, Duluth.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

The Finest Corner
in the East End for sale at **$6,500.** 100x140 feet. South-East Corner, 14th Avenue East and Superior Street.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

Fine lot East Second St. Good until June 1 ..... **$1200**
8-room house—East End, modern improvem'ts **$2750**
2 houses East 4th St. Rented for $54 per mo. **$4500**

C. A. AND E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Bldg.

HARRIS BROS.,
Real Estate,
712 PALLADIO.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms and ten acres of land on **Caribou Lake.** Fine fishing and boating.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
$2600 for house and lot in center of city. Will net 12 per cent on investment.
$325 for nice lot in Helm's addition.
$900 for 8-room house with city water, in good repair, 150 feet from street car line. TWO LOTS, one on Third street and one on Fourth street, centrally located. Cheap.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg

1st of May we have a cheap rate over N. P. R. R. to any party looking for selected land on this line. Small or large tract—or land anywhere. Call on

S. B. BRIGHAM, the land man.
Open evenings. 12 Fifth Avenue W.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:
One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power. 35-feet fall.
Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.
Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:
TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans
Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—FREE, HARMLESS MONTHly regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 100, Milwaukee, Wis.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A SIX OR SEVEN-ROOM house, centrally located; modern; will take at once or during month of June. A 14, Herald.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder.
Eveleth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All goods left with John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, and not called for in thirty days will be sold for charges. Will go to Europe after that date and will not be responsible for goods left with my employes for repairs from the time I leave until my return.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 667. Prompt service.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's. 214 West Superior St.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

FOUND.

FOUND—ON PARK POINT, MEMORIAL day, pair of ladies' gloves. Give size and color to F. R., Herald.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESents, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Reading Investment Company."

The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, or any interest whatsoever therein, in severalty or otherwise, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in mortgages, notes, bonds, corporation stocks, and other personal property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, compound, and release mortgages and other obligations; to act as agent for other corporations or persons, for a compensation or otherwise, in the purchase, sale, management or improvement of real or personal property; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and other commercial paper; and, for the purpose aforesaid, or for any other lawful purpose, to execute, deliver and receive deeds, conveyances, mortgages, leases, contracts, and any and all other instruments whatsoever, and to do and perform all acts and things necessary, proper or convenient for carrying out any of the aforesaid affairs.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Robert S. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the last Tuesday in May, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation, and the full management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by the board of directors at its first meeting, and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws of the corporation:, a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and affixed our seals this 21st day of April, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal).
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal).
ROBERT S. GAYLORD, (Seal).

In presence of
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
EDWARD M. GAYLORD.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

On this 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared, Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal).

State of Minnesota, Department of State. I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1900, at 8 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 54.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, May 15th, 1900, at 10:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscell., page 631.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....
We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 116 East Third street. Call any time.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 326 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRLS TO MAKE SHIRT waists, at once. 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE JUNE 15, competent girl for general housework. Three in family; no washing or ironing, good wages. Send address and particulars to Mrs. Z, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of four; no washing. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Hunter's Park.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl in family of three. Must be a good cook. Wages $20 per month. Address L, Herald.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED — HOUSEKEEPER; ONE willing to go out of city. For particulars, call at George H. Crosby's office, Providence building.

WANTED -- GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street. No house cleaning.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SHOEMAKer. Only good workman need apply. Great Eastern. M. S. Burrows.

DETECTIVE WORK — I WANT A shrewd, active man, in or near Duluth and Superior, to act as private detective under instructions. Address immediately, H. C. Webster, superintendent, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work in two months, donate complete outfit of tools, pay board, furnish free ticket to our college and guarantee $15 weekly when competent without any expense. This offer is extended until June 15, and is made on account of demand for our graduates during the summer. Make application by mail. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PAINTERS. 721 West Superior street. H. Haskins.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOliciters of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men
supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY A MAN WITH OVER eight years' experience; a situation as fireman; first-class reference. Address T 47, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY COMPEtent bookkeeper; good writer, steady, reliable man. First-class references. Furnish bond if desired. B 32, Herald.

A LADY WOULD LIKE WORK BY THE day or laundry work. Address N 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as clerk in store, has had experience. L 61, Herald.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE A place as stenographer, is a good typewriter and penman. Has had experience. Address B 55, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, FAMILY washings to be taken home. Mrs. Anderson, 32 Tenth avenue west, third floor.

SITUATION WANTED BY MAN AND wife as cooks in or out of the city. Both experienced cooks. Have worked in restaurants and on boats. Frank Droz, 115 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

DRESSMAKER WILL WORK IN FAMilies. Good fitter. The best of references given. Address 532 East Fourth street.

A YOUNG GIRL OF 15 WOULD LIKE a place to do light housework in small family with no children. S 52, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle aged lady fond of children. Would like a good home. Can furnish references. No objection to leaving city. Address A. M., P. O. Box 126, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH FIRST class education and good moral character wishes a position; would prefer inside work. Can furnish best city references. Address H. G., flat N, Buffalo flats.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES IN WOODLAND for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, GENtlemen only. 131 East Second street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Modern. 831 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished or unfurnished. 125 West Second street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 330 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN CONvenience, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

TWO CARLOADS WESTERN HORSES. Norman, Clyde and Shire bred, weighing from 1600 to 1500 pounds, will arrive at Downie's stock yards, about June 10. No broncos.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS FOR Sale for next three days, at less than cost in country. Want to close out before going West after horses, at Downie's stock yards.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FOUR-HORSEPOWER gasoline engine; 1500-pound horse, 6 years old. 516 John avenue, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—A 16-FOOT COUNTER. Grand Union Tea company, 7-9 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY STORE with complete stock. Reasonable price. Address X 73, Herald.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

FOR SALE—TWO-SEATED CARRIAGE, leather top, in good condition, cheap. Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior street.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

PIANO FOR SALE, CHEAP; NEARLY new. Call at Bayha & Co.'s store.

$65 BUYS FINE ROSEWOOD CASE piano; perfect order. Monthly payments. 2 Banning block. Over Suffel's shoe store.

SALOON FOR SALE.
Old established, good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.
MAX F. YALENSTINE.
New Duluth.

$195 BUYS FINE UPRIGHT PIano, walnut case, bargain; worth $400. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT TOben's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$275 BUYS KNABE UPRIGHT PIano, fine tone and case. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—SMALL, CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands given away in Western Canada. Also a cheap rate for settlers. For information and settlers' rates apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 25 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am
*Daily.	†Daily except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points,	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm	Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:50 pm
*2:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	....FAST MAIL....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.	to 00 am	TRAINS FOR	Ar.	*6 45 am
"	*1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	"	†1 40 pm
"	*11 15 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...	"	*7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED	*8 30 am
*8 15 a m	EXPRESS	*7 30 pm

Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table
SHOULD TRY THE—
WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
DINING CAR SERVICE.
Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points
EAST AND SOUTH.
Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	11:15 a.m.
4:15 p.m.	Lv... W. Superior ...Ar	11:00 a.m.
4:35 p.m.	Lv..... Superior .....Ar	10:37 a.m.
7:25 p.m.	Ar..... Ashland .....Ar	7:45 a.m.
4:14 a.m.	Ar..... Neenah Lv	11:55 p.m.
4:34 a.m.	Ar..... Oshkosh Lv	11:31 p.m.
5:09 a.m.	Ar...Fond du Lac ...Lv	10:55 p.m.
7:15 a.m.	Ar.... Milwaukee ...Lv	8:45 p.m.
9:45 a.m.	Ar.... Chicago Lv	6:15 p.m.

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or
W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agen
430 W. Superior Street.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE
The Pioneer Limited.
Only Perfect Train in the World.
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,
J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Genl. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Burlington Route
ALL UNDER ONE ROOF.
On the Burlington's Chicago and St. Louis Limited, you can live as well as at the finest hotel in America. You can dine in a dining car; smoke in a smoking car; read in a library car; sleep in a compartment or standard sleeping car; and recline in a reclining chair car. All under one roof. Electric lighted and steam heated. Leaves Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul 8:05 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:25 next morning. The "Scenic" Express, an elegant day train, leaves Minneapolis 7:40 a. m., St. Paul 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line, or address
P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass. Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.
GEO. P. LYMAN, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN.

CHICAGO RIOT.

Doctors Accused of Stealing a Boy and a Dispensary Is Mobbed.

Chicago, May 31.—A free dispensary at 119 West Eighteenth street, said to be conducted by a number of medical students, was attacked today by a crowd of infuriated Bohemians and Lithuanians, and before the police arrived, in response to a riot call, the building was badly damaged. So intense was the excitement that the police had great difficulty in preventing the crowd from tearing the building to pieces. For some time past stories of bodies being dissected in the dispensary had been in circulation among the people in that vicinity. Today a boy disappeared, and his boy companion at once reported that he had been waylaid and killed by the doctors. In a few moments a mob of several hundred people was at work demolishing the building. The clubs were used freely and several arrests made before the crowd was dispersed. Later, the boy was found unharmed.

COINS A NEW WORD.

Indianapolis Judge Cautions a Marshal Against "Neelyizing."

Indianapolis, May 31.—The plant of the Neely Printing company, of Muncie, seized by the United States marshal on an attachment of the government on the ground that Charles F. W. Neely has an interest in the property, was authorized by the United States government today to resume business and continue until the appraisement is completed.

"Have the appraisers placed under oath and see that they do not 'Neelyize' anything," said Judge Baker to the United States marshal.

QUARANTINE RAISED.

Washington, May 31.—The special agent of the United States at Honolulu reports to the department of state, under date of May 5, that the Hawaiian authorities have declared the Hawaiian islands free from infection by the bubonic plague since April 29, and that the quarantine of the islands was raised on the last mentioned date.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

FIVE KILLED.

Dynamite Explosion Near Forest Junction, Wis., Kills Five Persons.

Milwaukee, May 31.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Chilton, Wis., says: A dynamite explosion in the house of August Broehm, near Forest Junction, today killed five members of the family, including the brother-in-law of Broehm. The house was completely wrecked.

EXCURSION!
—TO—
TWO HARBORS
Howard Transportation Co
Steamer Bon Voyage
Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, June 3, 1900. Good music on board.
Fare 50 cents round trip.

CONFEDERATE SONS.

They Hold Their First Meeting at Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., May 31.—The first meeting of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans was called to order today by Commander W. W. Davies of John A. Broadus camp, of Louisville. The opening prayer was offered by Chaplain Gen. McCoy, while the band played "Dixie." A United States and a Confederate flag was unfurled at either side of the presiding officer.

After an address on the objects and principles of the Sons of Veterans by Commander Davis, B. H. Kirk, commander of the trans-Mississippi department, and an address dealing largely with the personal character of the civil war fighting men of North and South, Commander Clouitt made a brief address and the convention then took up business matters.

A woman is never too old to be handsome, never too old to be young again, if she takes Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

WILL BE FOR BRYAN

New York Democratic Convention Will Instruct Its Delegates For Him.

KILLS HOSTILE PLANS

Checkmates Opposition to Him In the National Convention.

New York, May 31.—The Herald says:

William J. Bryan will be practically nominated for president when the Democratic convention of this state meets in this city next Tuesday. There will be no opposition worth the name to overriding all precedents of the organization and placing the national delegates who are to be chosen under instructions to support the Nebraska candidate in Kansas City.

All plans for opposing Bryan in the national convention were founded upon the hostility of the New York delegation, and with this removed the convention will be assured to him in advance.

Conferences held by the opponents of the plan to instruct delegates showed that a majority of the state convention was against them and they gave up.

With the Tammany vote and the delegates from the interior of the state who have been instructed for Bryan, his friends claimed 275 of the 425 delegates in favor of instructions.

TO CLOSE OVENS.

Pittsburg, May 31.—The H. C. Frick Coke company has ordered the shutting down of 10 per cent of its coke ovens in the Connellsville region this week. As the Frick company operates two-thirds of the ovens in the region, this means a closing down of over 1000 ovens and curtailment of production from 700 to 800 tons of coke a day.

NEW MAP OF TANGANYIKA.

Malcolm Fergusson, the topographer of the Moore expedition, which is exploring Lake Tanganyika in all its aspects, sends word to the Royal Geographical socity of London that the survey of the lake has determined the geographical position of a large number of places, and proved that the longitudes previously computed are erroneous, and that most of the lake lies about thirty miles west of the position hitherto shown on the maps, says the New York Sun. He adds that the earlier mapping of the coast lines is comparatively accurate so that the shape of the lake on the new map will not differ much from the older maps. The new map will give the lake a more northeast and southwest direction.

The world has for years been using the map which Missionary Hore made of Lake Tanganyika during his boat journey of 1000 miles around its coasts. Mr. Fergusson pays a high compliment to the faithfulness with which Capt. Hore performed his arduous task when he says that Hore placed the towns correctly on the coasts and that few changes need be made in his outline of the lake. The Moore expedition has the best instrumental appliances for computing longitudes, and as Capt. Hore lacked these it is not strange that in point of longitude his map has been found to be defective. It is far easier to compute latitudes, and in this respect his map appears to be comparatively accurate.

For fifteen years the Hore map of this great lake has been used in every atlas of Africa, but it has at last met the fate that usually overtakes the early surveys of every region. It answered its purpose well until finally supplanted by more accurate mapping, the natural result of better instruments and more scientific methods.

A SURGICAL MARVEL.

Tumor Removed From Inside the Spinal Cord's Sheath.

An entirely new operation as the surgeons who participated in it believe, was performed at St. Luke's hospital on Tuesday on Bache McEvers Schmidt, a young broker, says the New York Sun. A tumor was removed from inside the sheath of the spinal cord. To get at the tumor it was necessary to cut into six vertebrae. Mr. Schmidt was kept under anaesthetics for more than three hours. The operation was successfull performed, and there is hope for Mr. Schmidt's ultimate recovery. The operation was performed by Dr. Robert Abbe, acting in consultation with Dr. Charles L. Dana, and Dr. E. P. Fowler, Mr. Schmidt's family physician.

About sixteen months ago Mr. Schmidt slipped on a rug and fell, striking the back of his head with some violence. Not long after that accident he fell from a bicycle and the back of his head was again struck violently. He was unconscious for some time after the fall from the bicycle. Just how much these two falls had to do with his subsequent illness none of the physicians concerned with the case is able or willing to say. The guess of one of them, at least, is, however, that the connection between the accidents and the subsequent illness was direct and unmistakable.

Dr. Fowler was not in this country when Mr. Schmidt met with the accidents. The physician who was called to attend the young man at the home of the Schmidts, 54 East Seventy-first street, thought that the trouble was rheumatism, and shaped his treatment accordingly. The surgeons who came into the case later say that the diagnosis of rheumatism was perfectly reasonable, and they do not censure the man who made it. The symptoms did not yield to the treatment for rheumatism. There was considerable lameness about the patient's legs and back. Dr. Charles L. Dana was called into the case at about this stage of it. He said that he could not see that there was any rheumatism, but he was quite sure that there was an inflammation of the sheath of the spinal cord among the upper vertebrae. Dr. Dana's view of the case was so much more serious than that of the other physicians who had been consulted that the young man's family, which naturally inclined to the more hopeful views, turned to still another physician, and Dr. Dana dropped out of the case temporarily. A number of German specialists were engaged, but their efforts to reach the ailment as rheumatic were no more successful than had been the work of the first physician who had been summoned.

Dr. Fowler had returned from Europe. His examination of the patient led him to substantially the same conclusion that had been reached by Dr. Dana. Before he had time to establish his own ideas of the treatment necessary, a man from Philadelphia saw Mr. Schmidt and expressed the opinion that there was nothing the matter with him other than "an impeded circulation." He said that if would be easy enough for him to re-establish the young man's circulation. Dr. Fowler retired. The family took the young man to Philadelphia to be under the constant care of the physician who was to restore the young man to health by quickening his circulation.

A week or two ago they brought him back. He had been growing steadily worse. His knees were drawn up under his chin and his heels were drawn close up to his hips. He had little or no control of his fingers, and his neck was beginning to assume a distorted position. The services of two nurses were necessary to control him every moment of the time. The Schmidts summoned Dr. Fowler again and told them that they left the case entirely in his hands and authorized him to call in consultation whoever he might desire.

Dr. Fowler sent for Dr. Abbe because of his experience in the Duryea case and one or two similar cases, which had called for the closest possible study of the vertebrae. Dr. Dana was asked to make the location for the operation.

Mr. Schmidt's family was told that the surgeons in asking permission to perform the operation made no promises whatever. They simply felt that there was no hope for bettering the patient's condition without an operation. They desired the family to understand fully that the patient might and very likely would die on the operating table; and, furthermore, that even if he survived the operation it might turn out that nothing had been accomplished by it. Mr. Schmidt himself was very anxious to have the operation go on as soon as possible.

The location of the inflammation as established by Dr. Dana was found to be correct to within half an inch at either end of the tumor. The tumor was found to extend through the three lower cervical vertebrae and the three upper dorsal vertebrae. It was removed. It will be impossible for the physicians to tell for some time whether the spinal chord has been too much injured by the tumor for recovery, but at any rate there has been a great lessening of the pain which the young man has suffered, and there has been some relaxation of the contracted muscles.

Dr. Abbe's operation on Walter Duryea attracted wide attention. Mr. Duryea, diving shallow water, struck his head with such force on the bottom that his neck was broken. Dr. Abbe removed the splintered vertebrae and so adjusted the spinal column that the patient is thought to be well on the way to complete recovery. One of the physicians connected with the case said last night that if the Schmidt operation resulted in the recovery of the patient that it would be as remarkable an operation as was the removal of the stomach when it was first performed.

TRAVERS' GOAT'S MEAL.

Henry Travers and Otto Koop, who live a few doors away, have long been the closest friends. But now they never speak as they pass by, and 'tis all owing to Travers' goat and Koop's long-tailed bay mare, says the Toledo News.

The bay mare had a tail that reached the ground and the goat an appetite that was indiscriminating and only limited by his ambulatory and reaching powers. But the horse's tail instead of sweeping the floor as of yore is now but a jagged bunch of hair a foot and a half from the ground.

The facts in the case are somewhat hazy, but Mr. Koop says:

"My heart is almost broken. Why the tail of that horse was the best part of it. I wouldn't have taken $500 for that mare, but now look at it! That confounded goat of Travers' had to come in here and chew off its tail and disfiure the finest looking horse in Toledo. Why, in heaven's name, didn't Travers feed his old billy goat so that he would stay at home instead of trespassing around and chewing up horses' tails. It's a blamed shame and I'm going down town to see a lawyer friend of mine and see if I can't get damages. No, the mare ain't much of a runner or trotter, but you just ought to have seen that tail. I'll kick a lung out of that goat if I get a chance."

"Kick a lung out of my goat, will he?" indignantly snorted Mr. Travers when told what Koop had said. "Just let him try it. Damages? Fiddlesticks. How is he to sue me? I didn't eat the tail. Why doesn't he keep his stable door shut if he is so particular?"

RUSSIAN CREAM.

To one package of gelatine add one pint of cold water, and when dissolved add one pint of hot water, two cups of sugar and the juice of six lemons. Stir slowly until well dissolved, then strain into moulds, filling them about half full. Cover another package of gelatine with cold water, and when dissolved add one cup of new milk, one cup of sugar and heat to the boiling point, stirring frequently. Then set away to cool. Whip one quart of thick cream until light, beat the whites of six eggs and add both to the mixture. When cool flavor with vanilla and pour into the jelly moulds. The jelly must be cold when this mixture is poured on top, and the whole must be set before being turned out and cut into slices.

INDIAN HAM SANDWICHES.

Pound and mix well together one-half cupful of chopped ham, a tablespoonful of soft butter and a dash of tabasco or cayenne. To this add a tablespoonful of Indian chutney and th same amount of chervil, chopped fine. Stir and mix all thoroughly and spread on thin, unbuttered bread.

KENNEY & CAMPBELL

329 West Superior Street.

DULUTH'S NEW CLOTHING STORE.

Great Introductory Sale of Clothing For Friday and Saturday.

Your choice of any Suit in the house for $13.95. $16, $18, $20 and $22 Suits for ---------- **$13.95**

$11.00, $12.00, $13.50, $14.00 and $15.00 Suits for ---------- **$9.95**

$6.50, $8.00 and $10.00 all-wool Suits for ---------- **$4.95**

Double and single-breasted Cheviots, Fancy Worsteds, Clay Worsteds all go—nothing reserved—for two days—no discount no goods on approval. All goods bran new—the greatest values ever given in Duluth for two days. By express today, 20 cases of Shoes from Chicago—the very newest and nobbiest styles in the market. Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods—everything complete. Our excellent line of Pants included in this Great Introductory Sale.

Our Specialty.....
Fine Hardwood
Floor Finishing.....

H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS.
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

Freimuth's

A Millinery Sale

Opening Tomorrow Morning!

It is another purchase we have made—this time it is the entire sample lines of Untrimmed Shapes from one of the largest millinery jobbing houses in this country.

Less than 40c on the dollar is all we paid for them—and the assortment consists of about 500 Hats comprising every new style, shape and fashionable braid the season has produced, in colors and black and white. It makes an assortment of shapes to select from, only to be equalled by the immense lines of styles wholesalers show, and the opportunities to specially please yourself are indeed very unusual. **Now we bought the shapes at less than 40c on the dollar and we are going to sell them at the same reductions.**

25 cents for 75c to $1.00 Hats.

48 cents for $1.25 to $1.50 Hats.

98 cents for $2 to $2.50 Hats.

Special Flower Sale.

In conjunction with the great offerings of shapes, we will place on sale an immense lot of Fine Flowers—Roses, Foliage, Montures and Wreaths at astonishingly low prices—in fact at a fraction of their real worth. Note the offerings:

10 cents for bunch of Flowers worth up to 50 cents.

25 cents for bunch of Flowers worth up to $1.25.

49 cents for bunch of Flowers worth up to $1.50.

Early comers tomorrow will, of course, have the advantage of first selection.

West Duluth

The Memorial day exercises at West Duluth last evening under the auspices of the Minnesota K. of P. band were both interesting and impressive and reflected great credit on those in charge. The attendance was larger than at any of the meetings in previous years, between 2000 and 3000 people being present. Alderman Barnes presided.

The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. R. A. Saunderson and Alderman Barnes delivered a brief address.

A feature was the address of Col. A. A. Harris, being, as it was, an expression of an ex-Confederate on the day and the feelings with which the South now regarded the civil war. There is, he said, no longer a trace of the old sectional feeling—the Mason and Dixon line had been wiped out. All had acted for the best, the war having resulted in a united country. The Southern people realized their mistake and are not now outdone in patriotism by the North, as they had shown in the Spanish war.

Eloquent addresses were delivered by Mayor Hugo, Hon. George Mallory, Rev. R. A. Saunderson, Comptroller and W. E. McEwen.

Musical selections were rendered during the evening by the Minnesota K. of P. band under Director Lanners.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. Dr. Forbes returned Wednesday from Chicago, where he was in attendance at the Methodist conference.

A. J. Filiatrault, undertaker. Telephone No. 3070. Office, Patterson's livery barn.

A musical program and ice cream social will be given by the W. C. O. F. Thursday evening, May 31, at Gilley's hall. All are invited. Admission, 15 cents.

Dance.

A social dance will be given by the Violet club at Columbia hall Friday evening, June 1. A cordial invitation and a good time. Orphan benefit.

"South Shore Limited No. 8"

Now leaves Duluth at 7 p. m. This train carries dining car serving meals "a la carte."

Daylight express leaves Duluth at 8:15 a. m.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

EYES TESTED FREE
and Glasses Fitted.
GEIST & ERD, Opticians,
121 W. Superior Street.

Ten Days Popular Meat Sale

Beginning today, May 31st and ending on Saturday night June 9th, there will be a popular Meat Sale at the leading market where you can get any and all kinds of meats that are better and a great deal cheaper than at any other meat market in this city.

Rib Boiling Beef, per lb	3c	Mutton Legs, per lb	12½c
Shoulder Steak, per lb	8c	Mutton Chops, per lb	10c to 15c
Beef Pot Roast, per lb	6c to 8c	Mutton Stew, per lb	4c
Corned Beef, sugar cured, per lb	4c to 10c	Pork Chops, per lb	10c
Round Steak, per lb	12½c	Pork Roasts, per lb	9c and 10c
Good Sirloin Steak, per lb	15c	Pork Sausage, per lb	10c
Short cuts Porterhouse per lb	15c	Hams, per lb	11c and 12½c
Rib Roasts, per lb	12½c	Bacon by the strip	11c

In Fish we carry the largest and best assortment in the city, barring none, and will cheerfully dress them for you at any and all times. In Poultry we have whatever is in market at this season of the year. Be sure and save this advertisement, because it means dollars and cents for you. **Remember this sale is for ten days only.**

331-333 W. Superior St. **HENRY FOLZ,** Groceries and Meats.

Freimuth's

Friday in the Basement

Marvelously low prices on Household Necessities, Warm Weather Goods, and Bicycle Sundries. Prices that will fill the Big Busy Basement with eager buyers all day tomorrow.

Cream Pitchers.

25 dozen Imitation Cut Glass Cream Pitchers, (like cut), worth 15c—Friday, only—

5 cents

Water Sets.

50 engraved Water Sets, highly polished Pitcher, six engraved thin-blown Tumblers to match and embossed Tray, worth 95c; Friday, only—

59 cents

Extra Special!

A large assortment of Glassware, worth from 10c to 15c each, all in one lot; Friday your choice, a piece..

7c

—An exceptional opportunity. See the offering when you are in.

Finger Bowls.

75 dozen thin-blown Engraved Finger Bowls, regular value $2.00 per dozen; Friday only, they will be sold at—each..... **10c**

Wine Glasses.

100 dozen imitation Cut Glass Wine Glasses, regular value 65c a dozen; special each, (on Friday)—

3 cents

English Bowls.

100 doz old-Fashioned English Bowls, such as "Grandma" used to have, all sizes, worth up to 12c; Friday— Your choice—each..... **5c**

2 Dinner Set Bargains!

23 English Porcelain Dinner Sets, underglaze decoration, worth $8.98; special Friday only (Don't miss seeing these)..... **$5.25**

19 Carlsbad China Dinner Sets, beautiful Decorations and handsome shapes, worth $23; Friday only..... **$12.98**

Oil Stoves.

10 dozen Oil Stoves, (like cut), strong, well finished, with best wick ratchet, the best 65c Stove made; Friday, each —only—

39c

Gas Stoves.

A Phenomenal Saving Friday.

1-Burner Stoves, worth 65c —for..... **39c**

2-Burner "Victor," worth $1.75 —for..... **$1.19**

Best quality, mohair covered Gas Tubing, per foot—only..... **4c**

Gas Lamps.

1000 patent Gas Lamps, complete with mantel, chimney and shade, worth 75c; Friday, one day only... **39c**

Extra Special Friday.
15 Bars Rex Laundry Soap for ---------- **25c**
Limit—15 bars to a customer.

Bicycle Sundries.

Special Sale Friday. Note what you can save in our Big Basement.

A good pair Tires, worth $4.25, Friday	$3.25	Dixon's Graphite	2c
Indiana Single Tube Tires, worth $5.75, Friday	$4.50	Morgan & Wright Tire Tape, only	3c
Morgan & Wright double tube tires, a pair, only	$5.50	Bicycle Spokes, each—only	2c
Splendid 85c Saddles, Friday	49c	25c double stroke Bell, Friday— each	15c
Good nickel-plated Foot Pumps, Friday— each	29c	Nickel Toe Clips, a pair	10c
Pants Guard, pair	2c	85c nickel-plated Pedals, for—pair	65c
Rubber Frame Guards	5c	25c Cork Grips, special—pair	15c
		150 Adjustable Handle Bars, special, Friday	95c

We are certainly headquarters for Bicycle Sundries of every kind.

Freimuth's

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The completeness of this store is one of its pillars in holding the confidence of the public.

Store open Monday night till 9 o'clock. The BIG DULUTH Store open Saturday night till 11 o'clock.

Swell Summer Suits...

There isn't much excuse nowadays for a man who is extravagant in the matter of clothes. In the old days when it was impossible to get a ready-made garment that showed any style or fit, one had some license to pay the merchant tailor an exorbitant price for his creations; but today, with such **handsome examples of high-art tailoring** as we are showing at half a tailor's price. The man who is willing to pay a merchant tailor's fancy price for no more elegant garments must be naturally extravagant, or else he must have more money than he needs. Our—

$15 $18 $20

L. Adler Bros. & Co.'s Suits

are the swellest affairs ever shown in Duluth, and have all the character and smartness of the most expensive tailor's garment. These suits are made up especially for us in patterns that are distinctly exclusive. The goods are the popular Cambridge and Oxford Grays, Vicunas, Pure Worsteds, Cheviots and Bliss Tweeds.

Bike and Golf.....

We have a great line of Bicycle Knickerbockers that are cut right and of the proper patterns—

$2.00 to $3.50

The largest and smartest line of Golf Trousers ever shown in the Northwest—

Blue Coats to wear with Bikers or Golfers—

$3.50 and $4.00

Saturday SPECIAL Suit Sale.

$10.00 Suits—In Blue Serges and Fancy Scotch Cheviots and Tweed Suitings in club checks, pin checks and the new overplaids—**strictly all wool**—French faced and made in the regular Big Duluth dependable style.

$12.00 Suits—In nobby gray check and stripe effects, cheviots, tweeds, etc. All **pure wool goods,** bought before the advance in woolens, and selling at below the present cost price. Stylishly tailored and elegantly finished.

$15.00 Suits—Smart novelties, cut in the very swellest style, from finest fabrics. 10 choice styles to choose from, in regular, long, and stout sizes. Same goods, same patterns that merchant tailors charge $25.00 to $35.00 for. Single or double-breasted vests.

Saturday Specials for Boys.

Boys' Graduation Suits—

In fine Black Clays, Unfinished Worsteds and Cheviots—hard and soft finish serges.

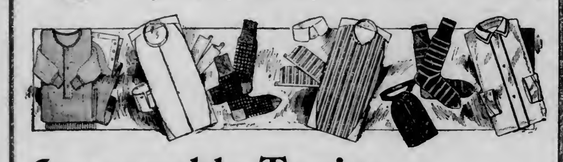
Boys' two-piece Graduation Suits—7 to 16 years, $4.00 values—for **$2.95**

Boys' two piece Graduation Suits 7 to 17 years, in beautiful all-wool Cheviots, Serges, Clay Worsteds—$6 values, for..... **$4.95**

Boys' Long Pant Graduation Suits, 14 to 20 years—

$4.95, $6.50, $10.00, $12.00

Spalding Base Balls and Bats, Catchers' Masks, Catchers' Mitts, Express Wagons and Pocket Knives given away with Boys' and Children's Clothing.



Seasonable Topics.....

Negligee Shirts—

Here you'll find the biggest and best assortment in town. We have all kinds that are good and stylish in so many different patterns that to describe them would be impossible. Scotch Cheviot, Scotch Madras, French Percale and Silk are the best materials. We bought only a few shirts of each pattern, for a man doesn't want to see the same kind of shirt he is wearing ten times in a square's walk.

The prices range from 50c to $3.

Summer Underwear—

We have all kinds that are good—all the reliable makes in union suits and separate garments.

Have sizes to fit a man properly, for there is nothing so uncomfortable in warm weather as ill-fitting underwear. 50c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2 to $5 are the prices

Straw Hats—

Here is the most complete stock you have ever seen, all new, not an old hat in it. Everything fashionable in rough and smooth braids. Soft and stiff brims.

Dignified and quiet styles, swell and swagger effects. Literally all that's wanted and the most satisfying low prices: $1 to $3 for men's Straw Hats.

Straw Hats for Children and Boys, 5c, 10c, 25c, $2.00.

The Bostonian Shoe—a $5 Shoe for $3.50.

The price of the Bostonian Shoe is not what gives them their phenomenal popularity. They FIT THE FEET and are at the same time beautiful, stylish and serviceable. They combine fashion and comfort. Fast color eyelets used exclusively. Never grow brassy. Price per pair..... **$3.50**

New lot of Men's Vici Tans received for Saturday. Price..... **$3.00**

We're selling more and more Boys' and Children's shoes every day. Our Shoe Department is where you get the best values for the least money.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

BRITONS WAITING

Holding Their Hats to Throw Them Up When Pretoria Falls.

BOERS TURN A TRICK

Surprise a Party of British at Douglas and Kill Many.

London, June 1.—With Johannesburg added to the list of the British towns, the nation now eagerly awaits a similar transformation at Pretoria. Doubtless, Lord Roberts, ere this, has started for the Transvaal capital. The measure of resistance which he will encounter during the thirty miles which separate the gold reef city from the former seat of government, is still a matter of conjecture, though most of the critics agree in believing it will not be sufficiently strong to delay the occupation of Pretoria longer than tomorrow. Once there, the recuperation of the forces will probably occur, while flying columns will be sent in various directions to stamp out opposition, establish garrisons and occupy important railroad points.

The only development reported from the seat of war as this dispatch is sent, is the statement from Cape Town that a number of colonial rebels recently surprised a small body of British at Douglas, killing sixteen of them, including their commander, Col. Spence. So far, there is no official confirmation of this dispatch and the statements must be received with caution.

In reply to an inquiry, the United States consul at Pretoria, Adelbert S. Hay, has cabled to the United States embassy that Lord Rosslyn was liberated Wednesday, but was allowed to remain in Pretoria. Lord Cecil Manners, he adds, was also liberated. They were both acting as newspaper correspondents.

ENVOYS NOT DOWNCAST.

Boer Delegates Not Much Worried By the Situation.

Boston, June 1.—Messrs. Fischer, Wessels and Wolmarans, the Boer envoys, were received at the city hall here yesterday by Mayor Hart, and subsequently called at the state house. The mayor alluded to the day's news from South Africa and hoped that the adversity sustained by the Boers might be for the better. Mr. Fischer responded, affirming that all he and his compatriots wished was for justice. The envoys do not seem greatly depressed by the news from Johannesburg and Pretoria. Chairman Fischer, when full opportunity was given, did not fail to reiterate the statement that the war is by no means ended.

"Have you noticed," he said to the reporter, "that the English forces have not captured a single piece of artillery or any considerable munitions of war from us, since our men have been executing their masterly retreat? This material has not ascended into the air, nor has it gone up in Lord Roberts' balloons, and the English will find it out to their sorrow, I am afraid. Our guns, supplies, etc., have been taken along with our troops and they will yet be used effectually if I am not greatly mistaken.

"The fact that President Kruger has retreated to Watervalhaven and that this is declared the capital of our government shows that our people are still determined to win their independence. Our capital is where the president chooses to make it. The fact that the British annexed the Orange Free State the other day means nothing. The United States could annex Canada by proclamation, but something more effective would have to follow to make it a fact."

MIDDLEBURG THE CAPITAL.

Seat of the Boer Government Is Located There.

London, June 1.—The present seat of the Boer government, according to a dispatch from Lorenzo Marques, dated yesterday, is Middleburg, but it will probably be shifted. The Boers confronting Lord Roberts appear to have gone toward the Lydenburg region. The defenders of Laing's nek, when their position becomes too perilous, will probably trek straight northward toward Lydenburg. When this concentration takes place there will be possibly 20,000 men who may hold out for a time or scatter into bands of guerrillas elsewhere.

The press dispatches from the headquarters of Lord Roberts give no estimate as to the number of Boers who were fighting Gen. French and Gen. Hamilton Monday and Tuesday, but they all agree that the Boers retired and the British casualties were slight.

BOERS MAKE A STAND.

Rally With Artillery Eight Miles East of Senekal.

Winburg, June 1.—After considerable fighting, the Boers, with two guns and several Maxim-Nordenfeldt guns, are making a plucky stand eight miles east of Senekal.

Gen. Rundle has succeeded in driving off the federals, thus permitting, unopposed, the re-ocupation of Lindley.

HAVE KRUGER DEAD.

London, June 1.—A belated dispatch from Kroonstad, dated Tuesday, May 29, reports that President Kruger is very ill and adds that the station master at Kroonstad says the president is dead. This, however, was not credited.

CLOUDBURST AT DEWEY.

Champaign, Ill., June 1.—The little town of Dewey, near here, sustained heavy damage last night from a cloudburst. Sidewalks were destroyed, many residences were damaged and the farm fields flooded. The streets ran rivulets. Farmers are believed to have sustained the greater loss. It is thought that the corn and oats, plants which were just sprouting, were uprooted by the torrents of rain.

GO IT ALONE.

Washington, June 1.—The Democratic members of the house expected to hold a conference on the trust subject at 10 a. m. today but it was given up, although an informal understanding was reached that each man was free to exercise his own judgment for or against the proposition.

MEETS IN HAVANA

Next Tri-Ennial Pan-American Congress Is to Be Held There.

A CHANGE OF PLANS

Meeting Place Changed From Caracas Because of Disturbed Conditions There.

Washington, June 1.—The international executive committee of the pan-American congress announces that the next triennial meeting of that body will be held in Havana, Cuba, on the 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th of December, 1900. The commission has, under the bylaws of the organization, complete and full authority to locate the congress and to attend to all other matters that may arise ad interim.

The original intention was to hold the next meeting of the congress at Caracas, Venezuela, but on account of the disturbed political conditions in that country the medical profession there advocated that the meeting be held in some other country.

On Monday next the executive commission meets at Atlantic City for the purpose of selecting physicians to represent the various sections of medicine, surgery, hygiene, pathology, bacteriology, etc., which are included in the congress. Committees are at work in all the North American, Central American and South American countries preparing for the congress, and it is expected the attendance will be large, particularly from the United States, as the meeting occurs during the Christmas days of the congress.

RACES AT EPSOM.

Duke of Portland's Filly Wins the Oaks Stakes.

London, June 1.—The duke of Portland's bay filly La Roche, by St. Simon-Miss Mildred, won the Oaks stakes of 4500 sovereigns at Epsom today. Merry Gal was second and Lady Schumberg, ridden by Ted Sloan, was third. Fourteen horses ran.

The inclement weather and the absence of many notabilities at the war deprived the Oaks day at Epsom of much of its usual brilliancy. The prince of Wales and the duke of York, however, were among the prominent people present.

Ted Sloane opened the program by winning the Walton plate of 200 sovereigns on J. E. Platt's bay colt Platinides, by St. Simon out of Lonely, and L. Reiff won the Michleham plate of 103 sovereigns on Richard Croker's brown filly Immitha, by His Highness-Maggie Mitchell.

Lady Schomberg led until a quarter of a mile from home, when Laroche drew out with a clear command and won in hollow fashion by three lengths. Lady Schomberg was a bad third. The betting was on Lady Schomberg 3 to 1 against.

The Acorn stakes were won by Schoolbook, filly, ridden by Sloan. 6

ENROLL MEN.

Sheriff In St. Louis Swearing In Men and Arming Them.

St. Louis, June 1.—The summoning of citizens to make up the posse comitatus of 250 deputy sheriffs, called for by the board of police commissioners to aid the police in preserving order, continues today, and many more business and professional men are being sworn. After being divided into squads of twenty, the deputies are placed under command of a captain, drilled in use of the riot shotgun, and distributed over the different street car lines.

General Manager Baumhoff of the Transit company says cars are running today on teh following lines: Delmar, Park, Spalding, LaClede, Park, Compton Heights, Choteau, California, Tower Grove, Grand, Easton, Cass, Olive, Broadway, Fourth, Sixth, Northern, Central and Union.

He states that the Mound City line will be opened as soon as guards are detailed.

Strike sympathizers are said to be transferring their efforts in some cases from the street cars to the passengers in order to keep them from riding over the Transit lines. Several teachers have been injured as a result of this treatment.

Albert Koenig, a union man, emptied the contents of a shotgun into the body of Police Officer Crane, and was himself instantly killed by a bullet from the revolver of Officer Maher, on Broadway, near the Suthern Electric power house, late last night.

Koenig was walking back and forth in front of the power house with a shotgun on his shoulder ,declaring he was a union man and defying the Transit company and its non-union employes. Officer Crane approached him and asked him to take his shotgun home. Koenig replied in vehement terms that he would do nothing of the sort, and when the officer grappled with him in an effort to disarm him, the man brought the weapon to his shoulder and, aiming it at Crane, pulled the trigger. The officer sank to the ground unconscious. Maher was quickly on the spot, and running to Koenig, demanded his surrender. He refused, and Maher shot him, killing him instantly.

Sheriff Pohlman has appointed ex-Lieut. Col. J. H. Cavender, of the First regiment Missouri volunteers, to organize the posse in military fashion.

Edward Ray, a motorman, was shot in the arm today. He came here from Cleveland. The shot was fired from a window in a residence near Kossuth and Grand avenues, where a crowd had stopped the car by pulling off the trolley.

CABINET MEETING.

Washington, June 1.—The cabinet meeting today was unimportant and developed nothing of public interest. Appointments to be made in Porto Rico and Hawaii were talked over and it is thought that they will be sent to the senate not later than tomorrow.

CHINA IS WAKING UP

Growth of Its Foreign Commerce Is Astonishing, Consul Goodnow Says.

BUYS MORE LUXURIES

Going In For Good Things---Buys All Flour In America.

Washington, June 1.—United States Consul General Goodnow, at Shanghai, has transmitted to the state department an interesting statement concerning China's foreign commerce last year, which, the consul says, was characterized by an astonishing development. The net value of the import trade for 1898 was $188,103,778, double that of 1890. The importation of opium was over 1,000,000 pounds in excess of the imports during the preceding year. The trade in cotton goods, which had remained practically stationary for three years, made a great advance, rising from $54,255,557 in 1898 to $73,571,917. In piece goods, great increase in the imports of the American product was noted, although it was considerably checked by high prices ruling during the last quarter of the year. On the other hand, the consumption of American kerosene was lessened throughout the entire year by the higher price upon it. The importation of sundries rose from $66,658,167 to $79,318,726. The share taken in this increase by articles of comfort and luxury is regarded by Consul General Goodnow as indicative of progress in wealth and refinement. The value of the flour imported was $2,266,138, and all of it came from the United States.

The value of last year's exports from China is estimated at $139,105,123, and this amount, as in the case of the imports, is more than double that shown in 1890. China's exports, it is said, are at present checked by price and inferior quality, due respectively to the cost of transportation and the heavy taxation and to adulteration and faulty methods of preparation. Prices will come down and the demand for China's wares increase, says the consul, when railways bring the goods more cheaply, and the government takes steps to prevent the adulteration now rampant.

The exportation of tea to the United States was 5,000,000 pounds in excess of the amount sent over in 1898.

"It is a humiliating fact," says Consul General Goodnow, "that of the total tonnage of vessels entering and clearing from Chinese ports last year, the United States only contributed 1 per cent. Of the total tonnage entering from foreign ports the American flag floated over only 3 per cent.

BIG SCHEME.

Colorado and the Union Pacific Land Company After the Boers.

Chicago, June 1.—A special to the Tribune from Denver, Col., says: Governor Thomas has given his endorsement to a gigantic proposition, having for its object the bringing of the defeated Boers to the valley of the Platte, in Colorado.

The Union Pacific Land company proposes to give 1,000,000 acres of land, to be taken up under the Carey land act, on the Julesburg and Wyoming divisions. There is to be no charge for the gift and the company will undertake to transport the Boers to Colorado, being repaid on the installment plan after communities are established and prosperous.

E. C. Want, land agent of the Union Pacific, left here for the East last night, where he will meet the Boer envoys and explain in detail the proposition.

IS PLAGUE STRICKEN.

Vermont Town Is Visited By a Fatal Epidemic.

Newport, Vt., June 1.—An epidemic of black cancer rash prevails at West Derby, a suburb of Newport. Three deaths have occurred within a week, and in each instance the victim had been ill but two days when fatal symptoms appeared.

They had to be buried immediately. About fifty houses have been quarantined, the schools have been closed and everything possible is being done to prevent further spread of the plague.

CONGRESS MINE SOLD.

Arizona's Big Gold Mine Bought By New Yorkers.

Phoenix, Ariz., June 1.—The Congress gold mine, owned by the Congress Gold Mining company and located sixty miles north of Phoenix, has been sold for $1,500,000 to a New York syndicate, including Warner Miller and John Mackay. The first payment, which amounted to $200,000, was made today. According to the terms of sale, the final payment will be made within one year.

For several years, the Congress mine has been regarded as one of the principal gold mines of Arizona, netting its owners as high as $75,000 a month.

MARTINEZ TO BE BOUNCED.

Governor of Lower California Meddled With a Mine.

San Francisco, June 1.—News has reached this city from LaPaz that Col. Rafael Garcia Martinez, governor of the Southern district of Lower California, will be recalled by President Diaz on account of complaints made against him by Robert P. Grigsby, superintendent of the Triunfo silver mine, thirty-five miles from LaPaz. The Triunfo is the largest producer in Lower California.

The nature of the trouble is not made public, but it is asserted that the operation of the mine was in some way hampered by the governor and complaint was made to President Diaz.

MARINES AT PEKIN

Officials Believe the Newark's Party Is Now Guarding the Legation.

PLOT IS SUSPECTED

Diplomats Hint at European Influence Stirring Up the Boxers.

Shanghai, June 1.—The detachment of 300 international blue jackets has arrived at Pekin.

Washington, June 1.—Nothing has been heard here from Admiral Kemoff, in command of the Newark at Taku, since his short cablegram of Wednesday announcing the landing of the marines at Tien Tsin. As the admiral then stated that the marines were about proceeding by rail to Pekin, only a three hours' trip, it is assumed that they have arrived without hindrance at their post and are now guarding the American legation at Pekin.

Mr. Conger has not been in communication of the state department since Monday last, and as there is no obstruction to the cable and telegraph lines, as reported by the cable companies, the state department also assumed that the status is unchanged at Pekin, or certainly has not changed for the worse.

It is hinted in diplomatic circles here that activity on the part of the Boxers is nothing more than a part of a well-conceived plan by one of the great European powers to secure a permanent lodgment in Pekin, and to secure a position giving it full control of the great Pei-Ho river, the approach to the Chinese capital.

It is further intimated that the plan has proved abortive owing to the alertness of the other European powers represented in Chinese waters, but particularly to the readiness of the minister, Mr. Conger, and the American rear admiral on board the Newark, which at once gave the movement an undesired international aspect and so tended to prevent the particular nation concerned from agrandizing itself at the expense of the interests of the other nations. Therefore it is assumed that the excitement will rapidly abate and the Boxers will disperse, temporarily at least.

HAWTHORNE TRACK RAIDED.

The Oak Park Police Seize the Bookmakers' Outfits.

Chicago, June 1.—The police of Oak Park raided the Hawthorne race track today and confiscated all the cards, time sheets and other paraphernalia of the bookmakers found in the betting ring. The police were armed with search warrants and no resistance was made by the track officials. The raid is the result of the fight being made by the Oak Park authorities against liquor selling and gambling. The court decided the Hawthorne race track dispute today finding in favor of the town of Cicero. The ruling sustains the validity of the license repealing ordinance recently passed.

EXCLUSION FROM FRANCHISE.

Senate Committee Against Declaring on It at Present.

Washington, June 1.—The senate committee on privileges and elections today has under consideration Senator Pritchard's resolution declaring exclusion from the privileges of the franchise because of race to be unconstitutional. The committee decided to adopt the substitute directing the committee to investigate whether such exclusion is antagonistic to the constitution.

The sugstitute passed the committee by a party vote and if it is agreed to by the senate the investigation will be undertaken by the committee. The resolution is predicated on conditions in North Carolina, but considerable interest is manifested in it by the senators from all the Southern states.

WINNIPEG IS HOT.

The Adjutant General Wet Blanketed Its Blow-Out.

St. Paul, June 1.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Winnipeg's big celebration last night over Gen. Roberts' success was seriously interfered with by the failure of the military to participate. When Mayor Wilson received official communication from Lieut. Ruttan that the battalion would not parade, he sent the following dispatch to the adjutant general at Ottawa.

"Your order stopped spontaneous demonstrations of patriotism in which the provincial government led. Cannot understand why red tape should be allowed to interfere with our arrangements."

The order from Ottawa was: "Do not anticipate occupation of Pretoria."

Many citizens are very ill-pleased over what is regarded as an unnecessary interference of the adjutant general at Ottawa.

CONTRACTS AWARDED.

Washington, June 1.—Assistant Secretary Taylor has awarded the contract for the interior heating and plumbing of the United States mint building at Philadelphia to Charles McCaul, of that city, for $476,000. He has also awarded to Rassmusen & Co., of Omaha, the contract for erecting the United States government building at the pan-American exposition at Buffalo, at $166,000.

GRAIN AT LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, June 1.—The following are the stocks of wheat and corn in store and on quays (railway and canal depots not included): Wheat, 1,483,000 centals; corn, 834,000 centals.

PENSION INCREASED.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An additional pension of $12 per month has been granted to George H. Chalmers, of Princeton, Minn.

IN INDIANAPOLIS.

Indianapolis, June 1.—W. S. Taylor and Charles Finley returned from Martinsville today. So far as known no officer from Kentucky has yet come to place Taylor under arrest.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

Debate In the House on the Anti-Trust Amendment Bill.

SOME HOT SPARRING

Ohio Republican Politics Furnishes Lentz With a Text For Remarks.

Washington, June 1.—Without preliminary business, at 11 o'clock today, the house resumed debate on the resolution proposing an anti-trust amendment to the constitution. Owing to the early hour of convening there were few members present. The debate opened quietly and without incident. Mr. Boreing was the first speaker. He advocated the adoption of the amendment.

Mr. Fleming reiterated the charge that Republicans had no intention of putting through both houses either the resolution or the Littlefield bill.

Mr. Hamilton said if there was to be control of trusts it must be exercised by the federal government and a constitutional amendment, such as was proposed in the pending resolution which is essential.

Mr. Newland said he concurred with the minority that the proposed constitutional amendment was a makeshift, intended to meet a political emergency and without serious intention of finally being incorporated in the constitution; but, he said, he differed with the minority as to what should be done. He would vote for it because he believed the federal government should have enlarged powers rather than that it should not exercise any power at all.

He appealed to the Democrats to join in passing the resolution and sending it to the Republican senate. Let the senate, he urged, take the responsibility of defeating it.

Mr. Thayer defined a trust as a "business bastard," which Mr. Hanna could not palm off as the result of thrift, push and fair dealing of the American people.

Mr. Grosvenor devoted a few minutes to explaining that the failure of the Ohio Republicans to nominate Attorney General Monett in Ohio did not indicate that they were opposed to the prosecution of trusts. Mr. Monnett had had two terms, and it was the well-established rule that no man should be a candidate for that office a third time. Besides, he said, Mr. Monnett was not a candidate for re-election.

Mr. Lentz said it was exceedingly pleasant for him to hear Mr. Grosvenor apologize for the third time for the treatment of Attorney General Monnett by the Republican party of Ohio. Mr. Monnett, he said, had prosecuted one trust in Ohio in spite of the temptation of a bribe of $400,000, and in spite of the browbeating of the Republican press of the state.

Mr. Lentz had read an interview of the date of May 19, 1900, with Mr. Monnett, in which he predicted that the Republicans of the state would be punished for their treatment of the trusts.

"Mr. Monnett does not say he was turned down," observed Mr. Grosvenor.

"You know," replied Mr. Lentz, "that Mr. Monnett was a candidate for governor as the champion of the people against trusts, yet not a single Republican delegate dare raise his voice in his favor. He got but twenty-eight votes. You have a reputation as a mathematician. Here is a problem for you: If Mr. Monnett for fighting one trust got only twenty-eight votes, how many votes would he have received if he had fought all the trusts. (Laughter and applause.)

BILL IS SENT BACK.

The Senate Insists on Its Armor Plate Provision.

Washington, June 1.—At the opening of the session of the senate today. Mr. Perkins presented a petition from organizations and individuals of his state asking congress to make an appropriation for the relief of suffering people of India, and he asked that it be referred to the committee on appropriations. He was, not, he said, in possession of sufficient information to enable him to prepare a proper resolution dealing with the question. In 1897 he had asked for and procured a ship to carry to India provisions donated by the people of California, Oregon, Washington, Nebraska and Iowa. The provisions aggregated 400,000 tons. No official acknowledgment ever had been received of that donation, so far as he was aware. He hesitated now, therefore, to press a resolution looking to the relief of the people, least the government of Great Britain might not look with favor upon the action of congress in sending to India unsolicited alms, as it might not look with favor on a friendly intervention by this government in the South African war.

The resolution brought from Mr. Hale (Me.) a bitter attack upon Great Britain. He demanded to know what England had been doing for her starving millions in India while she was pouring out unlimited treasure to crush two republics in South Africa.

Mr. Perkins said that he did not wish to debate that question, but he did wish a careful committee report on the memorial. It was sent to the committee on appropriations.

For the conferees on the naval appropriation bill, Mr. Hale reported another disagreement upon the subject of armor plate, ocean surveys and course of study at the naval academy. He said there was an absolute deadlock between the conferees of the two houses, and he expressed a desire that senators state their views freely in order that the senate conferees might have the benefit of their opinions and suggestions.

Mr. Teller, in the course of some remarks on the armour plate, said that the Republicans were getting ready for campaign contributions, and would, no doubt, conduct the campaign on the same lines as in 1896. Then, all producing concerns were assessed, especially the national banks.

Mr. Hanna denied the assertion.

Mr. Teller said it might not be assessments, but they were called upon for contributions in a manner that was virtually an assessment; especially was this so in Colorado.

Mr. Hanna pointed out that the presi-

(Continued on Page 4.)

There's Constant Inquiry for Rooms and Board

So that if you can provide either, 'twill pay you to keep that fact before applicants in the form of a Herald adlet, the cost of which will be small. A landlady said the other day: "I keep my rooms full all the time through my ad. in the Herald."
324, 2 rings—either 'Phone, Herald business office open until 8 p. m.

CASE IS PECULIAR

Goodhue Forgery Hearing Presents an Odd State of Affairs.

LIQUOR IS TROUBLE

Was on a Periodical Spree ---Victims Not Anxious to Prosecute.

One of the most remarkable forgery examinations on record in the municipal court occurred today. J. A. Goodhue, arrested several days ago for cashing in $125 with worthless checks on saloon and hotelkeepers, was the defendant. His work was of such a daring character that the authorities, when he was first arrested, believed that he was either a forger on an extensive scale, or else a novice at the business with several missing links in his intellect. The examination this morning only served to still more confuse these theories.

Mr. Goodhue, when on the stand, testified that he was a periodical drunkard, and that when on these sprees he knew absolutely nothing. He said that he did not believe he passed, wrote or tried to pass the forged checks which three saloonkeepers and a hotel man cashed. He said that he did not remember having been in the saloons. A man named Gray had been with him early in the day, he said, and he might have forged the checks and induced Goodhue to present them. That was the only explanation he could give.

His wife went on the stand and said that Mr. Goodhue was a hard drinker at times, but for months he would never touch a drop of liquor. She said that on the night of the alleged forgery her husband went home about 11 o'clock, and she saw at once that he was on a periodical drunk. He wanted to leave the house right away, and she insisted in going with him, she said, to prevent his spending the money he had, and which she believed belonged to the firm for which he was working. They entered a cab and went to Boyle's and then to the Northern hotel. She finally persuaded her husband to return home, and after he went to bed she removed all his money from his pockets. Next day he was arrested, and she used most of the money in settling for the four forgeries.

The men that had cashed the checks did not care to prosecute, and the case so puzzled Assistant County Attorney McClintock that he came very near moving the dismissal of the case. Judge Edson took the matter under consideration till 2 o'clock this afternoon, at which time the court decided that the testimony in several other cases pending against Goodhue would have to be taken notwithstanding the desire of the prosecution and complaining witnesses to drop all further proceedings. At a late hour this afternoon the case was still on.

Harry Scott, a colored man, was bound over to the grand jury on a charge of grand larceny in the first degree. He is said to have stolen $20 and a revolver from the White Star club several nights ago.

They Visit Duluth.

Yesterday the city of Superior entertained a large party of railroad commissioners from different points in the United States who had been in attendance at the meeting in Milwaukee and who were invited to the city across the bay. During the afternoon they were taken for a trolley ride and came over to Duluth and were taken around the city on the street railway lines.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

No need to describe Chancellor cigars —Winecke & Doerr's Corona is the same stock.

Free Treatment

From June 1 to June 18.

Dr. Doran will give Free Treatment, except small charge for medicines, to all who apply at his new offices, 206 West Superior Street.

Acute and chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Rheumatism, Chronic Female Diseases, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Dizziness, Nervousness, Slow Growth in Children and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Diseases of the Brain, Diabetes, Paralysis, Bright's Disease, Heart Disease, Eczema, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Cancers, Tumors, Wens, Birthmarks, Red Nose and Superfluous Hair on the Neck and Face removed without pain or aftermarks. Epilepsy, or fits cured. Young, middle-aged or old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Passing Urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life. Piles, Fistula, Fissure and Rupture cured.

DR. J. E. DORAN, Duluth, Minn.
Zenith 'Phone 490. 206 West Superior St.

SUES FOR DIVORCE.

Mrs. Chadwick Makes Many Charges Against Her Husband.

Christena Chadwick has begun suit for divorce against Charles N. Chadwick on the ground of non-support and cruelty. They are 39 and 44 years of age respectively, and they were married in Detroit, Mich., in 1886. According to the plaintiff they have lived together up to May 20, 1900, with the exception of four intervals of separation averaging about three months each. Mrs. Chadwick complains that her husband has been shiftless and indolent. She says that she has supported the family by keeping a boarding house, and that about the only way her husband has helped her has been by collecting the board money and spending it on himself. She also charges cruelty, the alleged cruelty consisting of calling her names, abusing her and threatening to take her life. She alleges that some time ago he charged her with immoral conduct, and circulated the report so that her business has been spoiled and she has been reduced to such financial embarrassment that she cannot pay the expenses of prosecuting the action. She wants a divorce, the custody of their one child, an order enjoining her husband from interfering with her, and an order for the payment of attorney's fees and expenses of prosecution. A. N. McGindley is her attorney.

East Third Street Sale.

The sale of lot 24 on East Third street, Duluth proper, First division, has been closed, the purchaser being A. C. Hubbell, of this city. The owners were Renwick B. Knox and Charles Milmine, of New York. The consideration was $7500. The property is at 114 and 116 East Third street, and includes a large double house.

The Inn at Deerwood

Has been thoroughly renovated, and new people have charge of it. Parties going out there to fish will find first-class accommodations at moderate rates.

West Duluth

Tonight occurs the grand and perhaps final pow-wow between the fire commissioners and the representatives of West Duluth interests over the question of a fire engine—or, rather, the fire engine, the new one—for West Duluth.

The situation, as far as the commissioners' attitude is concerned, appears to be unchanged—that is to say, the board is "agin" it. There will be some pretty strong, out-from-the-shoulder arguments from the West Duluth people, however, and possibly the commissioners' viewpoint may change. It is not believed that the contention for West Duluth can be answered, and those who represent its interests are not in a mood to stand any "monkeying," feeling that they are entitled to the engine, in whatever light the matter is viewed.

FOURTH OF JULY.

A meeting of the business men of West Duluth to organize for the Fourth of July celebration was called for 3 o'clock this afternoon at Alderman Barnes' office. It is intended to make the celebration this year a bigger one than ever before. It is estimated that about $500 will be necessary, and of this sum a considerable amount has already been pledged.

There will be a parade and speaking and fireworks and music in the evening. West Duluth's celebrations and not the Fourth are a feature in which West Duluth people take great pride, and the interest this year is greater, if anything, than ever.

IRVING SCHOOL ALUMNI.

The alumni of the Irving school will give their annual reception to the graduation class of the Irving and teachers this evening at the school building.

The members of the class are as follows: Graduates in February—Lillian Anderson, Mary Harvey, Annie Dunlevy, Marie Tims, Frida Brink, Fay Keoch, Allen Cedell, George Lindwall. Graduates in June—Josie Stewart, Nellie Jennings, Mamie Scott, Mamie Markuson, Jeanette Stewart, Reginald D. Graham, Harry Dechambeau, Sabin Ford.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. J. V. Gilbert, of Proctorknott, returned today from a trip to Chicago and the Twin Cities.

Mrs. Emil Herzberg and child, of Mt. Carmel, Pa., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Filiatrault.

The Northern Pacific Express company opened business here today and the Adams went out. The former will be the only company here.

P. F. Smith, who has been sick for a month, is improving. His brother Henry, of Bridgeport, Wis., is with him.

George Stuntz, who has been at the Red Cross hospital for some time suffering from a stroke of paralysis, is doing well.

Sitting Bull tribe No. 25 of the Red Men and West Duluth council No. 145 of the A. O. U. W. will give a benefit dance Wednesday night for Edward Warner, who has been laid up for the past two years with inflammatory rheumatism.

A postoffice inspector visited West Duluth today to look the ground over with a view to the establishment of a free delivery system.

Rev. Allan Lang, late of Ely, who has been called to Westminster Presbyterian church, West Duluth, has moved to this city and will begin his pastorate next Sunday.

Wanted—An experienced marker and assorter. Duluth Steam Laundry.

WEST DULUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

CRESCENTS

Are selling right along—every day a Crescent day. We do not let our stock run down and can fit you out with any size you want. Crescents are staples with us. Our terms of payment are easy—you can buy one and never miss the money.

Wieland & Wade,

Reliable Dealers in Hardware and Bicycles.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD. **HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.**

$2500 will buy a 9-room house on West Fourth street a short walk from the postoffice. House in good repair. Lot 50x140.

$2000 will purchase a 9-room house on Piedmont avenue. Easy terms.

$5000 for a 12-room house on a corner on First avenue east; house has all modern improvements and is in the very best of repair.

$800 buys a corner lot on West Michigan street in Helm's Addition.

We have Money to Loan at lowest rates of interest.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & Co.,
201 First National Bank Bldg.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—FREE. HARMLESS MONTHly regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 100, Milwaukee, Wis.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

LOST.

LOST—MEMORIAL DAY, AT FOREST Hill cemetery or Lester Park, a black pocketbook containing a veil, handkerchief and between $10 and $11. Suitable reward. 330 West Superior street.

LOST—MAY 30, RED COW WITH white spots on forehead, and small crooked horn. Finder notify Evan Johnson, 2308 Helm. Reward.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, $3 or 6 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price, and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Bowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy, Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's. 214 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE, Private hospital. Midwife. 'Phone 976.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS NO EQUAL!
DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON,

The world's greatest Medium, Clairvoyant, Palmist and Occult Scientist, now located at the St. James Hotel, Duluth, Minn., Room 57. Hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 210 West First street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All goods left with John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, and not called for in thirty days will be sold for charges. Will go to Europe after that date and will not be responsible for goods left with my employes for repairs from the time I leave until my return.

Proposals For Plumbing and Heating Apparatus For the State Normal School Building at Duluth.

Sealed proposals will be received until noon, June 11, 1900, for the plumbing and heating apparatus in the state normal school at Duluth, according to the plans and specifications prepared by Palmer, Hall & Hunt, architects, the same being now on file at their office, No. 307 Lonsdale building.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for one hundred dollars for the heating and plumbing separately.

June 1st, 1900.

A. T. ANKENY,
WM. F. PHELPS,
J. C. NORBY,
Building Committee.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-1-4-6-8-1900.

SOME SMALL BLAZES.

Four Calls For the Department During the Morning.

Four fire alarms was the record since early this morning. The first call was from A. Fitger's residence at 5:30 o'clock. Fire caught in the bathroom from a gas heater and did considerable damage to the room, but was easily extinguished.

Between 6 and 7 o'clock there was a small blaze at Allen & Burns' commission house on Lake avenue. At noon one of the Duluth Ice company's barns on Lake avenue was discovered to be ablaze, it having caught from some sparks from a chimney. Neither fire amounted to much.

About 10 o'clock the department was called to the Imperial Mill company's property. The slab filling of the dock in that vicinity had caught fire and the department was there for about two hours.

North Star Lodge, No. 15,

O. D. H. S., will give a grand ball, Saturday evening, June 2, at Turner hall. Music by Flaaten's orchestra.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power. 35-feet fall.

Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:

TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESents, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Reading Investment Company."

The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, or any interest whatsoever therein, in severalty or otherwise, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to buy, own, hold, hypotheate, transfer, sell and deal in mortgages, notes, bonds, corporation stocks, and other personal property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, compound, and release mortgages and other obligations; to act as agent for other corporations or persons, for a compensation or otherwise, in the purchase, sale, management or improvement of real or personal property; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and other commercial paper; and, for the purpose aforesaid, or for any other lawful purpose, to execute, deliver and receive deeds, conveyances, mortgages, leases, contracts, and any and all other instruments whatsoever, and to do and perform all acts and things necessary, proper or convenient for carrying out any of the aforesaid affairs.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Robert S. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the last Tuesday in May, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation, and the full management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by the board of directors at its first meeting, and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws of the corporation: a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and affixed our seals this 21st day of April, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal).
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal).
ROBERT S. GAYLORD, (Seal).

In presence of
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
EDWARD M. GAYLORD.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

On this 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared, Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal).

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 54.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, May 15th, 1900, at 10:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscell., page 651.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 1111 EAST First street.

WANTED—GIRL WAITER AT SCANdia hotel.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 116 East Third street. Call any time.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady for crockery department. Good position. French & Bassett.

WANTED—AT 13 WEST NINTH street, a competent girl for small family. Must be tidy. Good wages.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 326 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRLS TO MAKE SHIRT waists, at once. 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE JUNE 15, competent girl for general housework. Three in family; no washing or ironing; good wages. Send address and particulars to Mrs. Z., Herald.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 903 East Second street.

WANTED -- GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street. No house cleaning.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN OR WOman to qualify for permanent position of trust in home county, $900 yearly. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to O. L. N., general manager, Herald.

WANTED—MACHINISTS AT VIRGINIA Iron Works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SHOEMAKer. Only good workman need apply. Great Eastern. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work in two months, donate complete outfit of tools, pay board, furnish free ticket to our colleges in Chicago and Kansas City weekly when competent without any expense. This offer is extended until June 15, and is made on account of demand for our graduates during the summer. Make application by mail. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOLicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men
supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WASHING OR cleaning by the day. Inquire at Bethel.

WANTED—A RELIABLE AND COMpetent collector, 25 to 35 years old. French & Bassett.

WANTED — TWO GOOD DRIVERS, boys preferred. Duluth Ice Cream company, 28 East Superior street.

WANTED—BY A MAN WITH OVER eight years' experience; a situation as fireman; first-class reference. Address T 47, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TUTOR IN private family; terms reasonable; good recommendations. Address B. H., Flat N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WANTS A POsition as companion to gentleman. No objection to traveling. Best references. Address "Smart," room 2, 16 East Superior street.

GOOD OFFICE MAN WANTS POSItion. Must have work at once. Will work cheap at first. Evarts, Flat N, Buffalo flats.

SITUATION WANTED BY COMPEtent bookkeeper; good writer, steady, reliable man. First-class references. Furnish bond if desired. B 32, Herald.

A LADY WOULD LIKE WORK BY THE day or laundry work. Address N 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as clerk in store, has had experience. L 61, Herald.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE A place as stenographer, is a good typewriter and penman. Has had experience. Address B 58, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, FAMILY washings to be taken home. Mrs. Anderson, 32 Tenth avenue west, third floor.

SITUATION WANTED BY MAN AND wife as cooks in or out of the city. Both experienced cooks. Have worked in restaurants and on boats. Frank Droz, 116 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

DRESSMAKER WILL WORK IN FAMilies. Good fitter. The best of references given. Address 532 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle aged lady fond of children. Would like a good home. Can furnish references. No objection to leaving city. Address A. M., P. O. Box 126, West Superior, Wis.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

TENT WANTED—GOOD SECOND-hand tent with fly. Size 9 by 9 preferred. Address M, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE OF THREE rooms, furnished for light housekeeping. 729½ East Fifth street.

TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES IN WOODLAND for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, hot water heat, central location; 8-room house, corner Lake avenue and Fifth street. Apply Pulford, How & Co., room 109 Trust company building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 203 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"The Midland," 212 West Second.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, GENtlemen only. 131 East Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished or unfurnished. 125 West Second street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 330 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN CONvenience, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

TWO CARLOADS WESTERN HORSES, Norman, Clyde and Shire bred, weighing from 1000 to 1500 pounds, will arrive at Downie's stock yards, about June 10. No broncos.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS FOR Sale for next three days, at less than cost in country. Want to close out before going West after horses. at Downie's stock yards.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A SIX OR SEVEN-ROOM house, centrally located; modern; will take at once or during month of June. A 14, Herald.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—GOOD MILCH COW. Inquire at 617 West First street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive June 2. On sale by J. H. Markeson, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Raleigh street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—$90 BUYS A $250 "JULES Jurgenson hunting case watch. Address A. Herald.

FOR SALE—FOUR-HORSEPOWER gasoline engine; 1500-pound horse, 6 years old. 516 John avenue, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—A 16-FOOT COUNTER. Grand Union Tea company, 7-9 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

FOR SALE—TWO-SEATED CARRIAGE, leather top, in good condition, cheap. Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior street.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 637. Prompt service.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands given away in Western Canada. Also a cheap rate for settlers. For information and settlers' rates apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 11, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 13, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall. Work in Third rank. 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 169, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 29, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree. Election of officers, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU HAVE $10 TO INVEST, WILL guarantee good returns. Call at 1107 West First street, Duluth.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY ON HAND TO LOAN ON REAL estate at lowest rates. Chas Smith, No. 2 First avenue west.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 84, Herald

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:25 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..	Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	..... FAST MAIL.....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.			Ar.
†9 00 am	TRAINS FOR		†6 45 am
" *1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND		" †1 40 pm
" *11 15 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...		" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	*Ex. Saturday, †Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**7 00 p m	BOSTON LIMITED	†9 30 a m
*8 15 a m	EXPRESS	*7 30 p m

A SMALL DECLINE

Wheat Started Out Slightly Higher But Sold Off During Morning.

THE CABLES STEADY

Good Rains In the Northwest Reported---The Argentine Shipments Light.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 1.—The wheat market opened firm and slightly higher this morning but turned easier and sold off with light trading. The Argentine shipments for the week were light and the cables were fairly steady, the decline at Liverpool being ¼@⅜d, and these influences caused the strength at the opening. Good rains were reported in the Northwest, but there were conflicting stories as to their extent. The decline was arrested by buying by shorts and the market then ruled steady, closing 1c lower than yesterday here and ¼c lower at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ¼c off at 67⅞c, sold at 67⅝c at 9:31, declined to 67¼c at 10:25, recovered to 67⅝c at 11:30 and was closed at 67⅜c, being ½c lower than yesterday. September opened ¼c lower at 67⅝c, sold at 67¼c at 9:31, reacted to 67⅝c at 10:20 and was at the same figures until near the close, which was at 67⅝c, a net decline of ½c for the day. Cash business was active, sales being 100,000 bus at ½c under July. It is estimated Duluth wheat stocks will show a decrease of 75,000 bus for this week. Corn advanced ¼c. Oats, barely and rye were unchanged. Cash flax rose 2c, September flax fell off 1½c and October flax declined ¾c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69c; to arrive, 68c; July, 69¾c; September, 69½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¼c; to arrive, 67⅜c; July, 67⅜c; September, 67⅝c. No. 2 northern, 67⅜c. No. 3 spring, 62⅜c. Oats, 22@22¼c. Rye, 52½c. Barley, 36-38c. Flax, cash, $1.80; September, $1.20½. October, $1.22. Corn, 39½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 236; corn, 77; oats, 10; barley, 4; flax, 15. Receipts—Wheat, 150,225 bus; corn, 28,057 bus; oats, 18,195 bus; barley, 1011 bus; flax, 16,481 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 308,000 bus; oats, 142, 230 bus; flax, 491 bus.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 8 cars, in store...$0.69½
No. 1 hard, 1 car 68⅝
No. 1 hard, 3000 bus 69
No. 1 hard, 500 bus 68⅝
No. 1 hard, 2 cars 68
No. 1 hard, 1800 bus 68½
No. 1 hard, 1 car 68⅜
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 67⅛
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus 67⅝
No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus 67⅝
No. 1 northern, 6 cars 67
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus 67
No. 1 northern, 8 cars 67⅛
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus 67⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 65⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 65⅜
No. 2 northern, 3 cars 65½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 65⅜
No. 3 spring, 1 car 64½
No. 3 spring, 2 cars 62⅝
Flax, 500 bus, cash 1.80
Flax, 1000 bus, September 1.27
Flax, 4000 bus, September 1.26½
Flax, 1000 bus, September 1.25⅞
Flax, 11,000 bus, September 1.25½
Flax, 1000 bus, September 1.25⅝
Flax, 1000 bus, October 1.23½
Flax, 1000 bus, October 1.22
Flax, 1000 bus, October 1.21½
Flax, 3000 bus, October 1.21¼
Flax, 20,000 bus, October 1.21
Flax, 4500 bus, October 1.20½
Flax, 2500 bus, October 1.20

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Chicago, June 1.—July wheat opened ¼c higher at 67¼@67⅜c, but sold to 67⅛@67¼c early on the light Argentine shipments and the Liverpool steadiness. While there were good rains in the Northwest, it was claimed that they were not general. The reports were conflicting. July followed the opening spur, sold off to 66⅞c, but on covering by shorts reacted to 67¼@67c. Local receipts were 58 cars, one of contract grade. Trade was rather quiet.

The market held quiet and steady to the end. There was some buying for the account. July closed ⅛c under yesterday at 67¼@67c.

The corn market was steady despite liberal receipts and lower cables. There was some bull support and the wet weather in sections was a help. July opened 35@⅜c lower at 37⅝@37¾c and advanced to 37⅞c. Local receipts were 542 cars.

The market later advanced to 37⅞c and closed firm, July 1@⅛c higher at 37⅞@38c. Cash wheat, June, 67¼@66c; July, 66¾@67c. Corn, June, 38¼c; July, 37¼@37⅝c. Oats, June, 21c; July, 21¼c; August, 20¾c. Pork, June, $11.66; July, $11.85; September, $11.97½. Lard, July, $6.72½; September, $6.65 @6.67½. Ribs, June, $6.42½; July, $6.42½; September, $6.42½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 70@71c; No. 3 red, 67@69½c; No. 2 hard winter, 68½@69c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@67½c; No. 1 northern spring, 67@68c; No. 2 northern spring, 66@66c; No. 3 spring, 62@66c. Corn, No. 2, 37½@38c; No. 3, 37¼c. Oats, No. 2, 23½@22c; No. 3, 21½c. Flax, Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; September, $1.26½; October, $1.21½. Rye, July, 52½c. Barley, 36@42c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

The trade in oats early was light and featureless, but the tone was steady in sympathy with corn. July opened 1c lower at 21@20¾c and sold to 21¼c. Local receipts were 48 cars.

The provision market was weak early, despite a firm hog market. The market dipped a little too far and caught stop-loss orders which sent prices still farther downward. July pork opened 2½c lower at $11.20 and declined to $11.00. July lard began the session a shade lower at 6.80 and sold to $6.72½ and July ribs unchanged at $6.50, declining to $6.37½.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 1.—Trade in wheat was light today and the market ruled easier within a range of 1c per bus, after opening firm owing to smaller Argentine shipments amounting to 720,000 bus, later sold off on liquidation by small longs owing to rain in the Northwest, closing 1c lower than last night. Foreign markets were generally ready. Liverpool reported their market dull lower for the day. Continental markets were generally firm and higher. Exports from both coasts as reported by Bradstreets amounted to 4,500,000 bus wheat and flour. Cash demand was very good and sales aggregating 250,000 bus were reported, mostly all of which was for direct export. The seaboard reported a good demand there for export stimulated no doubt by the falling off in the Argentine shipments. While the drouth in the Northwest has been practically broken, we think the rains are not sucient. Fair and warmer weather is predicted for tomorrow. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable, but the Modern Miller says the crop has deteriorated during the past week, chiefly owing to Hessian fly. The visible supply is expected to show a small decrease this week. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 50 cars.

The corn market after opening easier in sympathy with the decline in Liverpool, later became firm and advanced on good buying by local bulls also on very good cash demand, and the market closed 1c higher than last night. Country offerings were only moderate. The seaboard reported good demand there for export and large business done. Exports as reported by Bradstreets for the week amounted to 3,-852,000 bus. The weather was generally favorable for the growing crop. Trade was fairly large all day, and the undertone to the market firm. Liverpool closed quiet, 3d lower for the day. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and as long as cash demand keeps as good as it is, prices will work to a higher basis. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 235 cars.

The oat market ruled steady all day with only a light trade and within a narrow range and no special feature. Country offerings were fairly large, but cash demand was very good, especially for export and liberal sales were reported. The weather was generally favorable for the growing crop. The market closed practically unchanged from last night. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 265 cars.

Provisions opened weak on large receipts of hogs everywhere and ruled for a time decidedly lower with heavy liquidation, followed later by a rally on buying by shorts.

Puts, July wheat, 64⅜-⅞@65⅛@65c.
Calls, July wheat, 65-⅛@64⅞@65c.
Curb, 64⅞c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67½B	65	67¼-¾	72½
High	67⅝	65-¾	67¾-⅞	72⅝-⅝
Low	67⅛	64½	66⅝	72⅛
Close	67⅜B	64⅞	66⅞-67A	72½A
September—				
Open	67⅝B	65¼	.....	73⅜
High	67¾	65⅞	.....	73⅝
Low	67⅛B	64⅞-⅞	.....	73⅛
Close	67⅝B	65¼-⅜	.....	73⅜B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Sept.	Corn. July.	Sept.	Pork. July.
Open	21¼@21⅜	27@27⅜	37⅝	37⅞	$11.20
High	21⅜	27⅜	37⅞	38	11.20
Low	21⅛-¼	26⅞	37⅝	37⅞	11.00
Close	21¼B	27¼-⅜A	37¾-⅞A	38A	11.05A

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	42,000	168,000
Philadelphia	1,641	.....
Baltimore	8,300	1,000
Toledo	8,300	1,000
Detroit	3,000	8,000
St. Louis	15,000	18,000
Boston	124,872	56,782
Chicago	19,870	7,820
Milwaukee	25,900	5,200
Minneapolis	317,520	37,720
Kansas City	31,350	35,250
Duluth	150,225	558,075

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 1.—Close, wheat, June, 71½c; July, 72½c; September, 73⅝c. Corn, July, 42½c; September, 41⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 1.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, June, 64½c; July, 64⅝c; September, 65¾@65⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66⅜c; No. 1 northern, 65@65c; No. 2 northern, 63⅝c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 1.—Close: Wheat steady, 1s 5d@1s 5½d lower; July, 5s 8½d; September, 5s 8¾d. Corn, quiet, 3s@3d lower; July, 3s 9½d; September, 3s 8¾d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The attendance of buyers were small, causing a dullness in all branches of the market. The inferior to plain horses were selling below country cost. Offerings of the better grades had a more desirable demand, and top-notch drafters were much looked for. Demand on mules is maintaining strong, and as the market has an overstock, the outlet was large. Railroad and brewery men made selections of high-grade drafters and mules. Farm chunks were practically in no demand, quotations:

Drafters, choice	$12@$ 00
Drafters, common to good	100@120
Farm mares, choice	115@135
Farm mares, common to good	80@110
Delivery horses	50@ 75
Mules	100@130
Western horses	15@ 35

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, June 1.—Prices were shaded at the opening of the stock market on profit-taking by traders, due to disappointment that the London stock market failed to follow the late rise in New York yesterday. Losses were not confined to the international group, other stocks declining in sympathy. The only notable exception was among the steel industrials, a number of which showed fractional gains. Sugar rose a quarter and then relapsed a point. Most of the leading stocks tended downward after the opening, in sympathy with Sugar and the steel group. Great Western, preferred, however, advanced 2¾ and Pullman a point. An upward movement in the tobacco stocks and covering in Sugar caused a firmer tone toward 11 o'clock. Burlington rose to 130⅝, and the Grangers and Pacifics were in demand. In many stocks, notable gains were made before the advance, conspicuous examples being 4 points in Northwestern, 2¾ in Ghicago, 2 in Illinois Central and a point in several other cases. A drop in Sugar to 116½, caused a check to the advance and the market became dull. Bonds were in demand at improved prices.

The demand for the railroad stocks was abated and prices fell back somewhat and the market again became very dull. A rise in Sugar to the high point of the morning, although it did not hold, started the list upwards again. The trunk lines, grangers and coalers were rushed up above the previous high level. Some large blocks were absorbed on the rise. Baltimore & Ohio extended its gain to 4 points and Pennsylvania and Reading first preferred to over 2 points. The closing was active and strong at about the top level and showed notable gains in the railroad list.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	118½	118¾	116½	118½
Am. Steel Wire.com	37⅝	37¾	36⅞	37
Am. Tobacco	93⅜	94¾	92½	94¼
Atchison, com.	26⅞	27½	26⅝	27⅜
Atchison, pfd	72⅝	73½	72⅝	73½
Brook. Rap. Tran.	72¾	73	72	72⅝
C. M. & St. P.	117½	119¼	117¼	119½
C. B. & Q.	129½	131¾	129⅝	131⅜
C. & N. W.	165½	167	166½	167
Fed. Steel, com.	36⅝	37	36⅝	36⅞
Fed. Steel, pfd.	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Great Western	121½	123¾	121⅜	123¾
L. & N.	81	81⅜	81	81⅜
Manhattan	91½	92	91¼	91⅝
Mo. Pacific	55⅜	56⅞	55½	56⅞
Nor. Pacific, com.	61⅜	61⅝	61¼	61⅝
Nor. Pacific, com.	76⅜	76⅝	76¾	76⅝
People's Gas	101½	101⅞	100⅜	101⅜
Rock Island	102⅜	103⅛	102¾	103¼
So. Pacific	35	35⅝	34⅞	35⅜
Tenn. & C. I.	73¼	73⅝	71½	73⅝
U. S. Leather, pfd.	70½	70¾	70¼	70¾
Union Pacific, pfd.	71½	73½	71½	73½
Union Pacific, com.	55¼	55⅞	50⅝	55½
Western Union	89½	89⅝	89¼	89¼
Great Northern	155½	157½	155½	157½
Ill. Central	114⅜	114⅜	112⅞	114⅛
Leather, com	11	11	11	11
Money	1@2	2	1¾	2

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 1.—The market for cotton futures opened steady with prices 3 to 5 points lower in sympathy with weak English cables and further declines after the call for time, following evidences of increasing provisions in Liverpool. Before the break was arrested, August had touched 8c under very active selling for both accounts, in which Europe and the South took part. The bear faction was made additionally confident by very encouraging reports from the greater portion of the cotton raising territory. Before the close of the first hour, the market made a sudden turn for the better and rallied rapidly on a scare of shorts to cover, in conjunction with investment support, all prompted by an unexpected uplift in Liverpool.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9; middling gulf, 9¼; sales, 26 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. June, $8.29; July, $8.32; August, $8.12; September, $7.82; October, $7.65; November, $7.51; December, $7.50; January, $7.52; February, $7.54; March, $7.57.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, June 1.—Close: Adventure, 4@4½; Allouez, 11@12; Amaconda, 42½@43½; Arcadian, 18@19; Arnold, 50@54; Amalgamated, 88@89; Atlantic, 23@23½; Baltic, 18½@19; Bingham, 10@11; Bonanza, 13@14; Boston and Montana, 28; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 67; Calumet and Hecla, 710; Centennial, 16½@17; Cochita, 9¾@10½; Copper Range, 59 asked; Dominion Coal, 12½@43; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 12½; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 10@4; Isle Royale, 25¼; Mass, 6¼@6½; Michigan, 4@5; Mohawk, 14½; Old Colony, 2½@53½; Old Dominion, 17@17½; Osceola, 62; Oil, 15½@16; Parrott, 42¼; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 134@137; Rhode Island, 3¾@4¼; Santa Fe, 2½@2¾; Tamarack, 190; Tecumseh, 2@3; Tri-Mountain, 7@7½; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 27½; Victoria, 2@1½; Winona, 2¾@3½; Wolverine, 33½; Wyandotte, 1@1¼; Zinc, 10¾@12.

THE MAY RECEIPTS.

Total Amount of Grain Received and Shipped.

Grain receipts at the head of the lakes for May show a slight increase over the preceding month last year. This is owing to the increase of over 1,000,000 bushels in the wheat receipts, as all of the coarse grains except barley showed a decrease. The total shipments of all grains show a decrease in spite of the increase in wheat for every course grain showed a decrease. The figures compared with those of last year are as follows:

RECEIPTS.

	1900	1899.
Wheat	2,891,056	1,723,805
Corn	428,412	877,806
Oats	172,250	558,046
Rye	24,943	135,212
Barley	43,150	28,188
Flax	67,565	97,421
Total	3,826,791	3,400,577

SHIPMENTS.

Wheat	8,855,777	5,688,443
Corn	626,019	2,119,932
Oats	154,992	1,787,610
Rye	256,424	345,221
Barley	297,228	401,426
Flax	175,201	866,405
Total	10,405,582	12,208,127

Spiritualistic Meeting.

LECTURE AND TEST.

Sunday evening, June 3, at No. 10 West Superior street, Hall "A." Lecture will be given by Professor Laau. Subject, "Man's Invisible Nature," followed by test and description by Mrs. K. Bendixen.

THE FEWINGS CASE.

The case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company is on trial in district court before Judge Cant today. During the morning physicians who have attended Fewings for the results of the injury on which the suit is based were on the stand. Dr. Magie testified that the injuries would probably progress so as to incapacitate the plaintiff from work and indeed, he believed that he should not be working now.

The other courts were engaged on the trial of court cases. In Judge Ensign's court the case of John M. Underwood against H. V. Goetchius and other is still on trial. Judge Dibell's court this morning was occupied with the appeal of Marcus W. Bates from an order of the probate court appointing S. F. Snively as administrator. The estate involves a dispute over some iron property that is said to be valuable. John G. Williams, attorney for Snively and the creditors who had him appointed, took the stand that the issue was not appealable, and that the district court had no jurisdiction in the case. The arguments on this point took up the entire morning, and decision was reserved until this afternoon. R. R. Briggs represents M. W. Bates, the appellant.

There are a large number of cases on the calendar involving the forfeited tax sale of 1899, and a stipulation has been entered into for a stay of proceedings until November, in order to await the decision of the supreme court on the cases that have gone or are going to that court.

At noon there were nine cases left on the day's call for this afternoon, as follows: 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 154, 156, 158, 160. The call for Monday includes all of the remaining cases on the calendar for this term. The last case on the call, 155, includes the personal property taxes. After these cases are all finished there will be no more court until the fall term in September. The call for Monday is as follows: 20, 50, 90, 152, 17, 8, 70, 67, 71, 82, 83, 96, 102, 120, 155.

RAIN SPOILS THE PROGRAM.

Louisville, Ky., June 1.—Rain continued falling today, and as there was little prospect of its abatement, the grand parade of the Confederate Veterans and Sons of Veterans, arranged for this afternoon, was postponed until tomorrow.

A number of the features which were arranged for the entertainment for the veterans have been declared off, and the rain has curtailed the success of others very materially. The equestrian tournament and the sham battle of Perryville, which have been set down for tomorrow, may not now be given, and the success of the ball tonight will be marred unless the rain ceases.

The attendance at the convention of the veterans was larger than at any previous session, notwithstanding the fact that the rain was coming down heavier, if possible, than on any former occasion.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock by Gen. Gordon.

All the officers of the United Confederate Veterans were re-elected yesterday afternoon by acclamation, the whole thing taking less than one minute.

Granite monuments at manufacturer's prices, room 701, Palladio, until June 5.

EYES TESTED FREE

and Glasses Fitted.

GEIST & ERD, Opticians,

121 W. Superior Street.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

Representing

Weare Commission Co.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.

Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

LAND SCRIPS, PINE LANDS, STOCKS.

H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Nels Hendricks and Millie Gordon of the Business university have accepted the following positions: Mr. Hendricks as bookkeeper for W. V. Porter & Co., Miss Gordon as stenographer for R. G. Dun & Co.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Side of home cooking by ladies of First Baptist church, 7 East Superior street, Saturday, June 2.

The board of health this morning began the work of registering every physician, accoucheur, mid-wife and undertaker in the city in accordance with section 95 of the health board ordinance. The new registry book is at the office of the board.

Erick Halmond has taken out a permit to build a $2300 frame house on Sixth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west.

Last night Minnie Nelson, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Nelson, died at her home, 1501 West Superior street. The funeral services will be held at 9:30 Sunday morning from the home.

The tax sale certificates for the last forfeited tax sale, which have been in preparation in the office of the county auditor since the sale, are now ready, and those who purchased at the sale can have them by calling.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Gustav Anderson and Agnes Anderson, Charles Kilby and Elizabeth Stewart, and to Ole Larson and Ellen Olson.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Abel Nelson and Erik L. Erikson.

Irving A. Felter, of Two Harbors, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving his liabilities at $863.29.

The Elks initiated eighteen candidates yesterday, beginning the work at 2 o'clock and continuing through the evening. At the conclusion there was a social session confined to Elks.

Millinery.

Saturday's bargains: One lot of trimmed hats at ¼ off.

One lot of trimmed hats at 1-3 off.

One lot of trimmed hats at ½ off.

B. KNOWLTON, No. 3 West Sup. St.

Excursions —TO— Two Harbors

SUNDAY, JUNE 3,

On Steamers H. R. Dixon and Hunter.

Leave BOOTH'S DOCK at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

Returning, leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

Fare, 50c for Round Trip.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Andrew A. Kerr and children are in Minneapolis for a month.

Mrs. A. C. Manson left today for the East, where she will visit for some time.

Rev. A. C. Manson returned yesterday from St. Louis, where he had been attending the Presbyterian general assembly.

Rev. C. W. McTrossan, who has been here for some time, left for the East this afternoon.

Rev. Joseph W. Heard, former pastor of the Lester Park and West Duluth M. E. churches, who has been the past year and a half in Florida on account of his brother's health, has returned and is the guest of J. J. LeTourneau.

Physical Director Hamaker, of the Y. M. C. A., expects to leave this evening for a three week's vacation, during which time he will visit the Thousand Islands.

J. E. Hanson, of Hotchkiss, Col., was in the city the fore part of the week, visiting his sister, Mrs. C. Mickelson.

G. H. Daniels, of Anaconda, Mont., is at the St. Louis.

Miss Kathryne Redy, of Bay City, Mich., is the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

J. C. F. Gordon and George H. Drake, of Minneapolis, postoffice inspectors, are at the St. Louis.

Fred J. Sisters, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

A. E. Henderson, of Bemidji, was at the St. Louis last evening.

John E. Diamond, of Mankato, is in the city.

Arthur Sweeney, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

A. A. Gay, of Cleveland, is in the city.

S. R. Frank, of Oneida, N. Y., is at the Spalding.

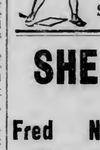
J. R. Donohue, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

G. E. McDill, of Stevens Point, Wis., was in the city last evening.

N. G. Larimore and Miss Larimore, of Larimore, N. D., were at the Spalding.

T. R. Daniel, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Rood, of Hibbing, were in the city last evening.



BASE BALL....

SUPERIOR VS. DULUTH.

At Fair Grounds Saturday and Sunday.

SHE MAY DIE.

Fred Newman's Hammer Blows May Cause Birdie Thompson's Death.

Birdie Thompson, the colored woman assaulted Wednesday afternoon by her lover, Fred Newman, during a quarrel in a house on St. Croix avenue, may die. Yesterday afternoon her case became very serious and there is not much improvement today. The woman is absolutely paralyzed from her chest down, and her skull is fractured in several places.

The assault was unprovoked, according to the other inmates of the house. Newman was jealous, and after picking a quarrel with the woman, struck her on the head several times with the blunt side of a hatchet. At first the injuries were not considered serious, and the woman was taken care of by friends in the house of Alice Evans on St. Croix avenue. Yesterday her condition became so serious that physicians were called in, and they pronounce the case very serious. The nerves governing the limbs and lower portion of the body seem to have been affected, which caused the paralysis. The woman's life seems to depend entirely on the successful removal of a clot of blood on the brain.

IN KOOMASSIE.

London, June 1, 4:47 p. m.—The colonial office has received a dispatch from Cape Coast Castle, dated May 31, saying it is believed there that Capt. Fall with a relief party entered Koomassie May 26. The governor, Sir Frederick Mitchell Hodgson, with the sick, wounded and refugees, was expected to arrive at Fumsu May 30.

We just mention Chancellor, 10 cent cigars, and Corona, 5-cent cigars, lest you forget.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Schuylkill Lost Her Wheel While Landing at the Sault.

A VESSEL SCORCHED

Cabin of the Steam Barge Cleveland Badly Damaged at Milwaukee.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—While landing at the dock here last night the Schuylkill of the Anchor line lost her wheel. She was bound for Duluth.

CARGOES TO BE HAD.

Cleveland, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—More vessels have been chartered here for ore and coal in the past twenty-four hours than in any week since the opening of navigation, and yet the brokers say they would have no trouble in caring for any reasonable amount of capacity that might still be offered.

TROUBLE SETTLED.

Toledo, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hard coal handlers came to a settlement yesterday with the dock operators. Secretary Barker, of the Longshoremen's union is here and arranged the settlement which is satisfactory to both sides.

STEAM BARGE SCORCHED.

Milwaukee, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The cabin of the steam barge Cleveland, of Chicago, was badly scorched last night by a fire which started in the engine room while the boat was in the west yards of the Milwaukee Dry Dock company for repairs. The cause of the fire is unknown, and when first seen was breaking out of the cabin which is located aft on the vessel. Before the blaze was extinguished damage aggregating about $2000 was done. The rooms of the captain and mates were burned out, the engine room was a total wreck and the engines were also damaged. The repairs will take about a week. The Cleveland is owned by R. C. Miller & Co., of Chicago, and was recently towed to Chicago from Detour, having broken her wheel while on the Canadian shore. A new wheel was being put on her at the Milwaukee yards.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Iron King, Iron Queen, Naples, Fulton, Krupp, Uganda, 12:20 a. m.; Lynn, Carrington, 2; Child, 4; Osceola, Conning, Filer, 4:30; Colby and whaleback, Devereux, 6:20; Thomson and whaleback, Langell, Interlaken, Arenac, Moore, Peerless, 9; Amaranth, Sheriffs, Mowatt, 1; Manola, Malta, Colgate and whaleback, 10:30; Hebard, Aloha, Wilson, Nelson and whalebacks, 11; McDougall and whalebacks, 11:30. Down: Selwyn Eddy, 11:30 last night; Groyer, Vega, Germanic, Hutchinson, 1:30; Thomas, Cormorant, Fahlow, Delta, Chicago, 3:30; Pontiac, Emory Owen, Australia, 7; Admiral, Ford, 8:30; Wawatam, 9:30; North Wind, 11.

Up yesterday: Hanna, Cadillas, 11:30 a. m.; Tuttle, Davidson, 1 p. m.; Cherokee, Chippewa, Lyon, Corelin, 2; Cort and whalbacks, Gates, 3:30; Samoa, 5; La Salle, W. C. Rhodes, 6:40; Merrimac, Nicaragua, Abyssinia, Craig, 8:30; R. R. Rhodes, 9; Yakima, Yukon, Mountain, Martha, 11. Down: Minch, Traverse, Erin, Danforth, 1:30 p. m.; Continental, Holland, 2; Crescent City, Lagonda, 3; Sachem, Owen, Smith, Felch, 4:30; Maryland, Marina, Marcia, India, Ceylon, 6; Turner, Maxwell, Pendall, Onoko, Manhattan, America, 7:40; Hesper, Cobb, Adriatic, Negaunee, 9:30; Selwyn Eddy, 11:40.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Holland and barges, 11 last night; Eddy, 2 a. m.; Tampico, Fisk, Corona, 2:40; Aurania, 3; Republic, 5:30; Norwalk, 7:30; Pope, Merida, 8; Waldo, 8:30; St. Andrews, 8:40; Joliet, 9; Chisholm, 9:20; Sawyer and consorts, 10:40; Rockefeller and whaleback, 11.

Up yesterday: Vance, 12:10 p. m.; F. and P. M. No. 5, 2; Frontenac, 9:20.

THE FRICK RELEASED.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 1.—The steamer H. C. Frick, ashore near Whitefish point, was released at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and arrived down last evening. She is apparently not seriously damaged. The steamer George Stephenson of the Bessemer line, bound up, is detained here with a broken air pump. The tug Weidman, recently sunk in the river, was floated yesterday and came here under her own steam. She is not as badly damaged as was thought.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Light—Forest City, Saveland, Marquette; Chisholm, Manda, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Vance, Marquette; Cuba, Lake Linden; Scranton, Duluth; Corey, Sault. Light—Mariposa, Two Harbors, Fay, Marquette.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Specular, Mingoe, Duluth.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—Waldo, Griffin, Joliet; Tyrone, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Merida, Duluth.

Marquette—Arrived: Cadillac, Cleared, Pontiac, Erie; Presque Isle, Ashtabula; Wawatam, Conneaut.

Sandusky—Cleared: Coal—Aurania, Tampico, Duluth.

South Chicago—Cleared: Senator, Duluth.

Ashland— Cleared: Light—Strong, Commodore, Washburn. Lumber—Leuty, Cleveland; Stimson, Bayfield, Ore—Matoa, Lorain; Bradley, Erichute, Buffalo; Woolson, Ashtabula; Wallula, Oglebay, Cleveland.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Majestic, Collingwood, passengers and merchandise; Jay Gould, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Mohawk, Northern Queen, Buffalo, merchandise; George Orr, Parry Sound, merchandise; George Gould, Lozen, Street, Godfrey, Fargo, Hoer, Bloom, Rappahannock, Lake Erie, coal; Crete, South Chicago, railroad iron; Perew, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—City of Paris, Buffalo, grain; Harlem, Georgian Bay, grain; Bannockburn, Minnedosa, Winnipeg, Prescott, grain; Oliver, Gates, Johnson, Fedora, Glasgow, Wright, Hoge, Bloom, Snuber, Lake Erie, ore; China, Buffalo, passengers and merchandise; Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; Vulcan, Two Tarbors, light; Marvin, Ashland, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kaiser Friedrich, Bremen.

Liverpool—Arrived: Rhineland from Philadelphia.

Hamburg—Arrived: Graf Waldersee from New York via Plymouth.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Auguste Victoria from New York via Plymouth for Hamburg.

Naples—Arrived: Karamania from New York.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

Millinery.

Saturday's bargains: One lot of trimmed hats at ¼ off.

One lot of trimmed hats at 1-3 off.

One lot of trimmed hats at ½ off.

B. KNOWLTON, No. 3 West Sup. St.

The Silberstein & Bondy company place on sale tomorrow One Hundred and Eighty-five Tailor-made Suits, and Sixty-five Jackets, at almost half usual values. Their store news in another part of this issue will give details.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

KENNEY & CAMPBELL

329 West Superior Street.

DULUTH'S NEW CLOTHING STORE.

Great Introductory Sale of Clothing For Saturday.

Your choice of any Suit in the house for $13.95. $16, $18, $20 and $22 Suits for **$13.95**

$11.00, $12.00, $13.50, $14.00 and $15.00 Suits for **$9.95**

$6.50, $8.00 and $10.00 all-wool Suits for **$4.95**

Double and single-breasted Cheviots, Fancy Worsteds, Clay Worsteds all go—nothing reserved—for two days—no discount no goods on approval. All goods bran new—the greatest values ever given in Duluth for two days. By express today, 20 cases of Shoes from Chicago—the very newest and nobbiest styles in the market. Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods—everything complete. Our excellent line of Pants included in this Great Introductory Sale.

An Attractive Shoe.....

A dainty, attractive, well formed foot requires a dainty, neat, tasty shoe. If your foot is not as pretty and graceful as you desire, we'll furnish a shoe that will look graceful and fit perfectly.

The "Sorosis" Shoe is the one that will fill this need

BECAUSE They'll look better— They'll fit better— They'll wear better—

PRICE— **$3.50**

The greatest variety in styles, lace or button, black, brown and russet. Styles for dressy wear as well as street wear. Patent Leathers, Kid and Cloth Top. ***The "Sorosis" Oxford*** for summer—Built on same models that have made "Sorosis" Shoes famous.

Men's Shoes $3.50

Black Tan and Oxblood shades, are models of comfort and style, large assortment **$3.50**

Boys' Tan Shoes, **$1.75 to $3.00**

Youth's Tan Shoes, **$1.50 to $2.25**

Little Gent

SUFFEL & Co.

123-131 W. Superior St.

SHOES

The Lowest Prices Ever Quoted in Duluth on Reliable Footwear.

READ THEM!

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

99c A Pair.

We have selected from our Children's and Girls' stock of Shoes over 450 pairs, sizes as follows—10, 10½, 11, 11½, 12, 12½; 13, 13½, 1, 1½, 2—all at the low price of—a pair.. **99c**

—These Shoes are of the very finest makes, the former prices have been $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50.

LADIES' LOW SHOES.

50c A Pair.

Ladies' Low Shoes, former price $2.00, in sizes 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, while they last they go at—per pair..... **50c**

ANOTHER BARGAIN.

Ladies' Low Shoes, last season's styles—$3.00 values—

99c A Pair.

Sizes 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, in A, B and C widths, the very finest quality of Oxfords and low Shoes, do you want them at—a pair. **99c**

LADIES' BUTTON AND LACE SHOES.

99c A Pair.

Sizes—2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, all at 99c a pair. These Shoes are of the very finest quality—made by such well-known makers, as BROWN C. BURT & CO., Thomas G. Plant Co., Curtis & Wheeler; they all go while they last at 99c a pair; former value was $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 a pair. If you cannot use them yourself, buy them for the Children.

"QUEEN OF SHOES."

We often hear people refer to

QUEEN QUALITY

shoes as the "Queen" Shoes. The name is appropriate. Every Queen Quality Shoe is a queen among shoes, and, as every American woman is a queen in her own right, there is the best of reason why these Shoes are especially desirable. Those women who haven't yet worn the QUEEN QUALITY Shoe have a treat in store.

Price $3.00. Oxfords $2.50.

SUFFEL & Co

FAILED TO LOSE IT

Minneapolis Man Who Could Not Get Rid of His Pile.

READY TO PAY ALL

Was Anxious to Liquidate Fines of Whole Police Court Crowd.

Charles Piersent, of Minneapolis, had money to ignite, but didn't have the matches. He came to town with $1200 in his clothes. He did his best to get separated from this. At 9 o'clock last night he made the horrible discovery that he still had $1188.37, and getting discouraged over his inability to lose his circulating medium, on the Bowery, he started out to look for a young, beautiful and seductive adventuress—one that was sober, reliable and inventive and industrious enough to bite a diamond stud off a shirt front in a sudden access of well simulated passionate regard. But fate was against him and he decided as a last resort that he would go and lay down under the Lake avenue viaduct and let some one rob him. He was still hoping that some baby faced exemplar of vice, exquisitely gowned and redolent of faint, subtle aromas would come along and confer an honor on him by delicately and discreetly removing his money. But never an heiress. However, Officer Nowack came along and stumbled over him. He was locked up at police headquarters and his money put in a safe. This morning he explained that he was from Minneapolis and had come to Duluth with the intent then and there to deprive a certain butcher of his place of business. However, after his experience last night and his failure to find an adventuress, his opinion of the town had slumped tremendously, and he wanted to dispose of his money by paying the fines of Charles Hastings, Thomas Bophry, John Grisdale, Thomas Morgan and David McLeod, all of whom were due on the rockpile for being long on jags and short on cash, and Mike Hickey, who was in the same fix for trespassing on private property. The police refused to allow him to pay the fines and after deducting $12 fine and costs from his $1188.37 they compelled him to put the rest in his pocket and leave the station.

The bunch of money was mostly in $5 and $10 bills and Piersent handled it so carelessly as he passed out on the street that Police Captain Resche had to warn him that there was an ordinance against throwing money on the street.

MAY NOT SIGN.

Mayor Hugo Does Not Like Ordinance on Sidewalk Obstruction.

Mayor Hugo has not signed the ordinance passed last Monday night permitting all merchants to obstruct the sidewalks with signs and show cases to the extent of eighteen inches from the lot line. The ordinance does not meet with the approval of the mayor and it is doubtful if he will sign it, though he may not veto it.

He had very little to say about it today, but what little he said was decidedly against allowing any part of the sidewalks to be obstructed. The ordinance was to have taken effect this morning, when it was published in the official paper, but without the mayors signature it is invalid, and the police department is continuing its campaign in the interest of unobstructed sidewalks.

The ordinance while designated to prevent the obstructing of sidewalks is so only in name. It expressly forbids any advertising signs or cases on the sidewalk, but the following qualifying section is tacked on, and it is this that the mayor objects to:

"Provided, that the board of public works be and it is hereby authorized and empowered to grant to any person, firm or corporation doing business within the city of Duluth, permission and the privilege to place and maintain along the street front of his or its building a show case or sign for advertising purposes. Said show case or sign to not etxend upon the sidewalk a distance of more than eighteen (18) inches from the lot line, and to be erected under the supervision of the said board of public works.

"Provided, further, that said permission or privilege may be revoked at any time by said board of public works."

Cutting the City's Pine.

The board of public works is investigating the cutting of pine from the right-of-way of the new Lakewood road connecting the north shore and county roads. At present the road is not opened up, but the city owns the right-of-way, on which there is considerable good standing pine. Recently the board discovered that certain parties were quietly stealing this timber, but it was decided not to prosecute unless there is an attempt to remove the pine that is down at present.

Better Pay Up.

Louis Oreckowsky and J. J. Collins were arrested this morning for keeping dogs without licenses. The police have taken up the campaign for the paying of dog licenses, and several other arrests are likely to be made in the near future. Up to noon today about 650 licenses had been taken out since May 1. But the police department hopes to more than double that in the next six weeks.

Lester Park Social Club

Will give its next party at Harmonie hall tomorow evening.

The Records Sent Down.

The records in the election appeal case of Truelsen against Hugo went to the supreme court last night, and the case will be entered on the calendar there immediately. The charter appeal is also pending in the supreme court, and it is probable that they will be argued, together in the supreme court, as they were here. There is a stipulation to the effect that the cases shall not be argued before June 15, except by consent of both parties, and so far there has been no change from that.

SPAULDING & Co.

PARIS 36 Ave de l'Opera

Goldsmiths Silversmiths Jewelers

CHICAGO Jackson Blvd cor State St

American Visitors

to the Paris Exposition will be accorded a cordial welcome at our Paris establishment, 36 Avenue de l'Opera. Our Chicago house will this season more than ever reflect the Parisians' best ideas in attractive and seasonable novelties.

Our "Suggestion Book" mailed on application.

Spaulding & Co. Jackson Blvd cor State St Chicago

Look for the Electric Sign.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS...

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

Clothing? Well, don't say a word! While in the Eastern market we were able to close out a large number of select lots at a very low figure and we are willing to give you the benefit of our good luck. We bought them for you. Trust to our judgment, and come in and see them.

Cash or $1.00 per week.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.

3 Doors E. of Lake Ave., 8 East Superior St.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.

No. 7 West Superior Street.

Closing Out Sale Has Been a Stunner.....

We have many good bargains left in Cut Glass, Rings, Jewelry, Pocket Books, Watches, Chains, Charms, Etc.

1 Albany Cut Glass Liquor Set, price $24.00; closing out price..... **$14.65**

1 14-inch Cut Glass Vase; price $11.50; closing out price..... **$6.75**

1 9-inch Cut Glass Bowl; price $9.00; closing out price..... **$5.65**

1 7-inch Cut Glass Bowl; price $7.50; closing out price..... **$4.95**

1 Cut Glass Sugar and Cream; price $7.50; closing out price..... **$4.97**

Sterling Silver Ware—

Sterling Silver Pocket Knife, price $1.00; closing out price..... **35c**

Sterling Silver Back Comb, price 50c; closing out price..... **30c**

Sterling Silver Tea Spoons; price $2.75 a set; closing out price..... **$1.87**

Sterling Silver Tea Spoons; price $6.00 a set; closing out price..... **$3.95**

Sterling Silver Tea Spoons; price $8.50 a set; closing out price..... **$5.30**

All Sterling Silver Bon Bons, Sugar Shells, etc., price $1.50; closing out price..... **90c**

Finger Purses, Pocketbooks, Belt Buckles closing out on same scale and many others too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.

No. 7 West Superior Street. Store Open Evenings.

Paris' Latest Fad

Pully Belt Buckles and Rings

Imported Mother of Pearl Pully Rings and Collarette and Belt, a pair ***75c***

Pulley Belt Rings, Silver, Gold and Steel, each ***10c***

Pulley Belt Rings, Silver, Gold and Steel, each ***25c***

Pulley Belt 3-piece set, Silver, Gold and Steel, a set ***50c*** and ***75c***

Pulley Belt Buckles, Hard Enamel, each ***75c***

Sterling Silver Pulley Belt Buckles, each ***75c***

Sterling Silver Pulley Collarette Buckles, each ***50c***

I also have a fine assortment of Gun Metal.

Belt Buckles at reasonable prices, from ***35c to $5.00*** each

Call and see display in our side window.

M. HENRICKSON, *Store Open Evenings. Providence Jewelry Store. 334 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.*

Ice Cream

Vanilla, Strawberry, Chocolate and Banana.

TOMORROW on our tables or delivered any place in the city, wholesale or retail.

We will also have a big stock of the choicest Cut Flowers and our usual line of Fresh Home Made Candies.

Leave an order for a quart of Ice Cream to be delivered in time for your Sunday dinner 35c and 40c.

W. W. SEEKINS, *FLOREST AND CONFECTIONERS, 115 West Superior Street. Greenhouse 921 East Third Street*

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

FOR RENT. First class two-story brick building on East Superior street, with basement on Michigan street. Heated by steam; freight elevator from basement to second floor.

FOR SALE. Very good dwelling, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, desirable location in the East End.

Loans in Amounts of $500 and upward.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

Market Basket News

Hansen & Weik,

202 East Fourth street.

PRICES FOR SATURDAY!

Butter Dairy Butter, per lb..... **16c, 18c**

Butter Creamery Buttey, lb..... **23c**

Eggs Strictly Fresh Eggs doz..... **11c**

Ham California Ham, lb..... **8½c**

Soap Laundry Soap 10 bars for..... **25c**

Tomatoes 3 cans for..... **20c**

Peas and Corn 3 cans **25c**

Patatoes per bushel..... **35c**

A full line of fresh Vegetables at lowest prices.

The celebrated Spalding House Coffee served free to all callers tomorrow.

Hansen & Weik,

202 East Fourth street.

COX BROS.' MARKET.

101 East Superior Street. Telephone 231—either 'phone.

For Tomorrow

MILK LAMB,
Fresh killed SPRING CHICKENS,
TURKEYS.

Best Roast Beef, per lb..... ***15c***

Pot Roasts, per lb..... ***8c and 10c***

Legs of Lamb, per lb..... ***15c***

Boiling Beef, per lb..... ***5c***

COX BROS., *101 East Superior St.*

BON TON BAKERY.

25 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Candy Department.

Fine home-made Chocolates, per lb *15c*

Fine home made Peanut Candy, per lb..... ***15c***
Fine home made mixed Candy, per lb..... ***10c***
A box of Fancy Bon Bons and Chocolates... ***25c***

Bakery Department.

Apple Turnovers, per doz..... ***25c***
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, per doz... ***10c***
Fruit Square, each..... ***5c***
French Kisses, per dozen..... ***10c***
Cream Puffs, per doz..... ***20c***

Ask for a Loaf of our New England Bread.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

(Continued from page 1.)

dent of the First National bank, of Denver, received and made collections for the Democratic party. Mr. Teller said that it was but a small amount, and reiterated his charge about political assessments in 1895.

Mr. Tillman, of the conferees, declared he would rather the bill should fail than the senate should yield to the house proposition.

Mr. Hanna, a member of the committee on naval affairs, said that since his advent into the senate he had devoted considerable time to a study of the armor plate question. He was familiar with manufacturing and had some knowledge of the armor matter from personal investigation. He was in favor of the construction of a formidable navy as rapidly as possible, and was satisfied that the delay in the navy was due to a great extent to the opposition of the senators from South Carolina (Tillman) and New Hampshire (Chandler) to the payment of a reasonable price for armor.

"The responsibility for this delay," said he, "rests upon those two senators for putting a price on armor below that at which it would be manufactured by any concern in the country, and the senator from South Carolina has given you the animus of his opposition when he said that he would rather see the bill fail than to see any concessions made to the armor companies."

On a yea and nay vote sixty-three senators voted to insist upon the senate armor plate provision, and the naval bill was sent back to conference.

After the naval bill had been sent back to conference, there was quite a pressure for precedency of bills, but the military academy appropriation bill was taken up.

Mr. Hoar said it would be a public scandal if the Cuban extradition bill was not passed.

The Suit Is Filed.

The injunction suit of L. J. Hopkins against the city, to prevent the contract with M. J. Ryan for a steam ferry across the canal, was begun in district court yesterday afternoon, with J. B. Richards as the attorney. The ground for the injunction is that the proceeding is unwarranted. Even if the new charter, which provides for a ferry service, is held to be in effect, it has not been complied with, according to the petition, because the people have not had a chance to vote on it. The matter will come up in special term of district court tomorrow.

Fine Stock Importation.

Twenty-five shorthorn Durham bulls arrived in the city last evening on the steamer Majestic from Collingwood, Ont. They are to be shipped to Great Falls, Mont., and come from G. W. Brown and are to go to his brother who has a stock farm at their destination. They are very fine animals, all registered stock, and accompanying them is a full record of the pedigree of each. Their names are interesting, too, and indicate that the war spirit is uppermost in the minds of all Canadians. One is named Kitchener, another Gen. Buller, another Kruger and so on while one rejoices in the odd name of Just the Thing.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Saturday Specialties!

Including Large shipment of STRICTLY FANCY DAIRY BUTTER—in 5 and 10-lb Jars—per lb—

18 cents

BEST QUALITY CREAMERY BUTTER—per pound—

22 cents

Strawberries are scarce

And high this week; we will have a shipment of fancy large Gandy Berries—Two Boxes for—

25 cents

Green Vegetables in Abundance.

At lowest Prices of the season.

WAX BEANS—per quart—

5 cents

SWEET GREEN PEAS—per quart—

5 cents

FANCY LETTUCE—2 heads—

5 cents

SPINACH—per peck—

10 cents

ASPARAGUS—per bunch—

5 cents

CUCUMBERS—3 for—

10 cents

NEW POTATOES—per peck—

35 cents

FANCY FLORIDA TOMATOES—2 lbs—

25 cents

SUNDRIES:

3-lb can Java and Mocha Coffee..... ***85c***
10 bars Monarch Laundry Soap..... ***25c***
Double Strong Ammonia—per bottle.. ***5c***
12 boxes Parlor Matches..... ***5c***
Quart bottles Queen Olives..... ***45c***
Fancy Japan Tea, 35c, 3 lbs..... ***$1.00***
Bulk Ceylon Tea, per lb..... ***50c***

SWISS CHEESE—Extra fine—per lb—

20 cents

McLAREN'S CHEESE—2 small jars—

25 cents

FRESH PIEPLANT—6 lbs—

5 cents

RATHBUN'S. *17 East Superior St.*

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY

Saturday and Monday we offer:

Butter, Choice Dairy Butter, per lb..... **18c, 20c**
Butter, Fancy Creamery per lb..... **22c**
Eggs, Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz..... **11c**
Flour, Our Premium Flour, 98-lb sack..... **$1.90**
Flour, 49-lb sack..... **95c**
Rye Flour, Best, 49 lbs..... **70c**
Corn Meal, Yellow 49 lbs..... **50c**
Graham, Choice Graham, 49 lbs..... **65c**
Apricots, Dried Apricots, fancy fruit, per lb..... **15c**
Prunes, Fine California Prunes, 5 lbs for..... **25c**
Prunes, Nice Prunes, per lb..... **5c**
Peaches, Fancy Dried Peaches, 2 lbs for..... **25c**
Figs, Fancy California Cooking Figs, 3 lbs for..... **25c**
Rice, Fine Cooking Rice, per lb..... **5c**
Cocoanut, Shredded Cocoanut, per lb..... **15c**
Soap, White Soap—CHEAP—10 bars for..... **25c**
Soap, White Cloud, 6 bars for..... **25c**
Ham, Fine Medium Ham, per lb..... **13c**
Ham, Fancy Shoulder Ham, per lb..... **10c**
Bacon, Fancy Bacon, nice and lean, per lb..... **12c**
Pork, Best Family Pork, per lb..... **8c**
Salmon, Fine Salt Salmon, per lb..... **8c**

Pickles, per gallon..... 25c
Fancy Brick Cheese, per lb..... 15c
Fancy Full Cream Cheese, per lb..... 15c
Fine Sugar Corn—per can..... 7c
3 cans Peas for..... 25c
3 cans Tomatoes for..... 25c
Nice Sweet Oranges, per doz..... 15c
Fancy Orinages, per dozen..... 30c

FOR PICNIC PARTIES

We carry a complete line Bonned Chicken, Ham Loaf, Veal Loaf, Chicken Loaf, Vienna Sausages, Lunch Tongue, Chipped Beef, Potted Ham and Tongue, Fancy Soup, Sardines, Broiled Mackerel in Tomato Sauce, Fine Jelly and Preserves, in small glasses.

Fine Columbia River Salmon, 2 cans..... 25c
Finest packed, tall and flat....15c and 20c
3 cans Salmon for..... 25c
Fine Table Syrup—per gal..... 25c
Fine N. O. Molasses, per gal..... 25c
Rock Candy Sugar Syrup, a gal..... 40c
(In your own jug.)
Apples, per gallon can..... 25c
3 cans Norway Fish, balls for..... 50c
Baking Powder, equal to anything on the market, 1-lb can for..... 25c
Canned Pears, fine fruit, per can, only 10c
Fine Glycerine Soap, 3 bars in a box, only..... 10c
Fine Rio Coffee, per lb.....15c and 18c

Full Line of Fresh Vegetables and Berries at Lowest prices.

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY,

LOWELL BLOCK, First Ave. E. and Superior St.

Call Early and Avoid Late Delivery.

Deliveries—9:30 and 11 a. m. 2:30 and 5 p. m.

Bell Telephone 555. Zenith 555.

A FEW GOOD THINGS FOR SATURDAY AT

The New Grocery Store,

THE NEAT PLACE.

Mixed lot of Fruit at lowest prices—

Strawberries,
Bananas,
Pine Apples,
Cherries,
Necterenes,
Gooseberries,
3 quarts for 25c
Pie Plant,
1 cent per pound

Extra select Vegetables—

Fancy Tomatoes, per lb 15c
Large Cucumbers 5c
Asparagus, 3 for 10c
Spinach, per peck 10c
Beet Greens, per peck 15c
Onions, bunch 1c
Radishes, bunch 1c
Green Beans, per qt 5c

Remember This—

If you want to save money on your Fruits and Vegetables come to this store.

Creamery Butter, it is fancy, per lb....22c N. Y. Cheese, try this, per lb 15c
Athlete Flour. We are having heavy sales on our Japan Tea at 3 lbs for $1

OUR 50 CENT TEA IS A FAVORITE.

98-lb sack Flour..... $1.90
49-lb sack Flour..... 95c
Olives, per pint 20c
Sour Pickles, per gallon..... 25c

Lakeside Delivery—Wednesday and Saturday, 1 p. m. sharp.

Special Attention given to Telephone.

THE MASONIC TEMPLE GROCERY
Denny O'Leary Prop.
203-205 East Superior Street.

Shipping Orders receive prompt attention.

We have both telephones, insist on getting us.
Send your order in tonight to insure prompt delivery Saturday.

Ten Days Popular Meat Sale

Beginning today and ending on Saturday night June 9th, there will be a popular Meat Sale at the leading market where you can get any and all kinds of meats that are better and a great deal cheaper than at any other meat market in this city.

Specials for Saturday only—

Rolled Rib Roasts, ready for the oven, per lb..... ***12½c***
Chickens, all drawn, per lb..... ***14c***
Rib Boiling Beef, per lb..... ***3c***
Shoulder Steak, per lb..... ***8c***
Beef Pot Roast, per lb..... ***6c to 8c***
Corned Beef, sugar cured, per lb..... ***4c to 10c***
Round Steak, per lb..... ***12½c***
Good Sirloin Steak, per lb..... ***15c***
Short cuts Porterhouse per lb..... ***15c***
Rib Roasts, per lb..... ***12½c***
Mutton Legs, per lb..... ***12½c***
Mutton Chops, per lb..... ***10c to 15c***
Mutton Stew, per lb..... ***4c***
Pork Chops, per lb..... ***10c***
Pork Roasts, per lb..... ***9c and 10c***
Pork Sausage, per lb..... ***10c***
Hams, per lb..... ***11c and 12½c***
Bacon by the strip..... ***11c***

In Fish we carry the largest and best assortment in the city, barring none, and will cheerfully dress them for you at any and all times. In Poultry we have whatever is in market at this season of the year. Be sure and save this advertisement, because it means dollars and cents for you. **Remember this sale is for ten days only.**

331-333 W. Superior St. ***HENRY FOLZ,*** **Groceries and Meats.**

Between 8 and 11 a. m. Saturday

There will be busy times at---

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

We have marked some very desirable lines at **special prices** to induce morning buying as well as to relieve the strain of the afternoon and evening rush. The goods we name below are just of the kinds people come in to buy on Saturday, but you'll buy them cheaper if you come in between 8 and 11 a. m. tomorrow morning.

In our Coat and Suit Dept.

$1.25 Shirt Waists for ____98c
(Between 8 and 11 a. m.)
Made up of finest Percale, with 3 rows of cluster tucks, and in a large variety of exclusive patterns.

$6.75 Silk Waists for ____$4.50
(Between 8 and 11 a. m.)
These are the finest line of $6.75 Taffeta Waists ever shown in Duluth, every color represented (except black).

Wash Skirts

Made up in Venetian and Covert Cotton Washable Cloth, handsomely trimmed, some in self colors, others in white braid and embroidery. Special prices between 8 and 11 a. m. are—
$1.98, $2.50 and $3.98

When in tomorrow, see our new line of BLACK SUMMER CAPES in BROADCLOTH and Venetians, braided, appliqued and all-over lace trimmed, and at LOWEST PRICES HERE.

Millinery.

STYLE and QUALITY the two essential points necessary in FINE Millinery, is well looked after here.

Our Mr. Wallace personally looks to every detail in that line. That's why there's such a stir noticeable at all times in our NEW MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Saturday's chances will be great ones. You can come here in full confidence with the expectation of seeing Fine Millinery at 25 per cent less than anywhere else. Hundreds of our customers of the past few days tell us this is their experience after looking round. So BEAR IN MIND, YOU SAVE 25c on every DOLLAR IF YOU BUY YOUR MILLINERY IN THE NEW STORE

The Flower Bargains here at—
7c, 19c and 39c

SEE and COMPARE (with others' offerings.)

You'll buy THESE surely, if you do.

Tomorrow, between 8 and 11 a. m., we'll offer a lot of Untrimmed Hats, worth 50c; our price is..... **10c**

Also a lot worth up to $1.00 each; our price..... **29c**
(Between 8 and 11 a. m.)

But don't fail to see our Great Display of FINEST MILLINERY at half off 50c on the dollar.

The famous "Ladysmith" Walking Hat, sold elsewhere at $1.50; our price..... **69c**

The Millinery Department will be a busy one tomorrow. Come in the morning.

Muslin Underwear.

The above takes on a new meaning here tomorrow, because of the arrival of several very large shipments of the "best made goods in America," which will be sold at ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES.

We are going to do the most of out "advertising" here by giving you BEST GOODS at prices even LOWER than you are asked to pay for the common sorts.—So visit our Muslinwear department and get "posted" as to our prices. Here are TWO out of perhaps over a hundred "great values," ready for you tomorrow morning.

A lot of Corset Covers.

Three different styles, some V shaped and finely trimmed in embroidery, others square neck and others with V shaped neck front and back, and with tucking and hemstitching round the neck; all 50c to 65c values; our price **39c**

Skirts.

Muslin Skirts, finely made, fashionably made, some with deep hemstitch flounce, others with flounce trimmed with lace and insertion; values $1.00 and over; our price—
69c and 75c.

Ribbons.

AN EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN ready at 8 a. m. A lot of Fancy Ribbons, worth 15c and over will be sold at, a yard **7½c**
(Between 8 and 11 a. m.)

Also a lot of FINER RIBBONS in WIDE WIDTHS, just the thing for stock collars and fancy ties, sold round about us at 25c to 35c; our price is..... **25c**
(Between 8 and 11 a. m.)

RIBBON BARGAINS will be plenty here tomorrow.

Hamburg Embroideries.

There will be some fine chances to get your Hamburg Edgings here at prices lower than you ever bought them before, if you come between 8 and 11 a. m.

We will sell 15c Embroideries at..... **9c**

We will sell 25c Embroideries at..... **16c**

We will sell 20c Embroideries at..... **19c**

But remember the above prices on Embroideries prevail between 8 and 11 a. m. only.

See when in, our SPECIAL VALUES in Tucked Cambrics, Swisses and Nainsooks; prices are **39c**
And upward.

Men's Furnishings.

FOR SATURDAY'S BUYERS.
We offer tomorrow (until all are sold), a lot of Men's mixed Yarn Underwear, worth 50c and over **39c**

MEDIUM WEIGHTS.
ANOTHER BARGAIN will be a lot of MEN'S BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR, made up just like the finest French goods and will wear as long and as well; value is 65c; our price..... **48c**
(All sizes in Shirts and Drawers here now).

Another GREAT offering of MEN'S NECKWEAR, including the famous Ascots as well as Tecks, Squares, Imperials and Four-in-Hands, at— **15c, 24c and 29c**

The men hereabouts are fast finding out we are HEADQUARTERS for Neckwear.

MEN'S SOFT BOSOM SHIRTS, a line of $1.25 and $1.50 values will be offered here tomorrow at..... **98c**
See them.

Men's Half Hose, a lot of 15c values, in browns, modes and fast blacks; tomorrow's price, a pair..... **10c**

Don't fail to get at least a half dozen pairs.

Shoes.

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN, MEN, BOYS and YOUTHS—

Shoe selling is brisk here. Prices LOW, qualities HIGH, the reason. We have provided some BIG VALUES:
Infants' Genuine Dongola Hand-turned Shoes; the 40c kinds usually; our price is..... **25c**
Misses' and Child's Genuine Dongola and Vici Kid Shoes, in lace and button, sizes 8½ to 11, and 11½ to 2; our price..... **98c**

Boys' and Youth's

Satin Calf School Shoes, "will wear like iron" sizes 11 to 2 and 2½ to 5..... **98c**
Women's Lace and Button Shoes; strictly up-to-date toes; kid and patent tips; the $2.00 kind; our price..... **$1.48**
Women's Tan and Black Dongola and Vici Kid (button or lace) Shoes, medium or extension soles, 10 different styles to select from; real $2.50 value; our price..... **$1.98**
Don't fail to see our Shoes in Patent Leather, Vici Kid and Calf Skin—Tans or Blacks, hand-turned and welted soles, all the new toe shapes; EVERY PAIR WARRANTED, worth $3.50 and $4.00; our price..... **$2.98**

Men's Shoes.

Men's Satin Calf Shoes in Lace and Congress, wide and medium toes, every pair warranted; worth $2.50; our price..... **$1.98**

Wash Goods.

Here are some special prices that will bring brisk business tomorrow morning between 8 and 11 at THE NEW STORE—

A lot of 6c Prints— (between 8 and 11 a. m.)..... **3¾c**

A lot of 12½c Dimities— (between 8 and 11 a. m.)..... **7½c**

A lot of 20c Dimities— (between 8 and 11 a. m.)..... **12½c**

A lot of 25c Dimities and Broderie Leas (between 8 and 11 a. m.)..... **17c**

And every piece in the above lots NEW and Just Opened for The New Store, so your chances are great if you come early.

The New Store

Huntington & Tallant,
117-119 W. Superior St.

HER RECORD IS MARRED

Mrs. Annie Meyer, World's Fair Official, In a Chicago Cell.

HER FAME IS KILLED

Authoress and Public Speaker Degraded By the Use of Drugs.

Chicago, June 1.—With a package of snuff and cocaine hidden in the hem of her skirt, Mrs. Annie Nathan Meyer was taken to the bridewell Wednesday to serve a fifty-three days' sentence for shoplifting.

"I shall do many things," she said as she stepped into the wagon. "I will surprise you all by writing something worth reading while I am out at the bridewell. I shan't hang around as I did the last time I was there. You wait and see how I get along."

And a policeman who had closed the wagon door said: "All right, Mrs. Meyer," as her carraige was driven away.

"So that's Annie Meyer, is it?" questioned one of the younger men.

The policeman turned around indignantly.

"You'd better say 'Mrs. Meyer,' my friend," said he. "She's pretty bad off, I know, but she's smarter than you are now, and I don't know how much of her bad luck is due to her own mistakes. If she wasn't a 'dope fiend' I am thinking you'd see some smart things from that lady. Perhaps you don't know it, but she used to be one of the Columbian lady managers."

It is not a new story, that of Mrs. Annie Nathan Meyer, who for five years has marred the record of a splendid career. She has been a wanderer from asylum to police court and back again. Her friends have made repeated efforts to help her, but her condition is such that nothing can be of lasting benefit.

From a position beside Mrs. Julia Ward Howe in the work of advanced education for women and an association with Mrs. Potter Palmer during Columbian exposition days, she has fallen to a cell among thieves and murderers. Shoplifting is her present occupation, indulged in with such pettiness as to bring her little of credit even in her class. From the incessant use of cocaine she has drifted to an indiscriminate use of liquor and drugs.

Her plea that she acquired the habit from the use of snuff is pitifully true, adding to rather than detracting from the poverty of her record. Five years ago she took snuff for a catarrhal trouble, which was of a chronic nature and could seldom be relieved. The snuff she used contained a mixture of cocaine and morphine with quieting influence.

She increased the drug doses until she found herself a victim to its powers. She gave up everything—friends, position, fortune—to indulge the constantly growing desire.

Having come to Chicago to serve on the board of lady managers for the fair, she remained here where her friends might be easily avoided. Gradually her active work in clubs and literary circles was given up to the dissipation. Four years ago she was arrested charged with stealing a girl's pocketbook. A short sentence served in the bridewell opened her semi-criminal record. She had a trick, often indulged in, of visiting with stenographers in the various offices about town and walking off with their purses. She seldom obtained much money in this way, but it was enough to buy cocaine, and it satisfied her. From a woman of extreme wealth she had become a pauper, and although she had few wants, they were imperative and must be supplied.

Her many friends, both in Chicago and New York, where she formerly lived, made repeated efforts to help her, but it was a hopeless task. She refused to stay in asylums or to be the recipient of charity. Attempts to cure her of the habit have been without result, and it has come, with people who know her, to be a question of "how long." Her face is known in every police station in the city, though it is mainly at the Harrison street station that her long stays are made.

For nearly a year her presence in Chicago had been unnoticed. The police had fairly forgotten her, when she appeared Monday night charged with having stolen $10 worth of silk from a State street store. The fine of $25 imposed by Justice Martin will keep her in the bridewell fifty-three days, during which time she hopes to reform and begin her literary work where she left off so long ago.

Born in New York of wealthy Jewish parents, Mrs. Meyer was given the advantages afforded by money and social position. That she profited well by them is shown by the leadership she enjoyed among prominent New Yorkers. Her husband, Dr. Alfred Meyer, was one of the rich and influential physicians of New York. He died ten years ago. Being interested in the so-called advancement of women, Mrs. Meyer became one of the leaders of their educational work and was closely associated with Mrs. Julia Ward Howe.

While in this work she founded the Barnard college for women, which is associated with Columbia university. Barnard opened in 1889 with Mrs. Meyer as one of its leading trustees. Of her literary work, and Mrs. Meyer was for many years a prominent magazine writer, are the volumes entitled "Woman's Work in America." A novelette published in 1892, entitled "Helen Brent, M.D.," was the best of her fiction work.

At the time of the World's fair Mrs. Meyer came to Chicago as a representative woman of the East to serve on the board of lady managers. She was chairman of one of the World's fair congresses of women and addressed the general congress with such eloquence that she was requested to repeat the address at the woman's building. For several years she was a prominent officer in the National Jewish Woman's council.

Ladies' Welt Oxfords, tan and black, **$2.69**

PHILLIPS

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Boys' Armored Cruiser School Shoes.

TO FIT ALL SORTS OF FEET takes all sorts of Shoes. Small stores can't have the big assortment.

300 pairs Ladies' hand welt and turned oxfords and boots, tans, blacks; all this year's styles, every pair bought to sell at $3.50 pair, on sale on table No. 1 **$2.69**

ASK FOR THE WALK-OVER SHOE FOR MEN $3.50

There are more pairs of these Shoes worn than any other make—we have 22 styles.

Ladies' Fine Vici Kid, bow and buckle Sandals, always sold at $1.50—now..... **$1.25**

Ladies' $1.25 Strap Sandals with buckle and bow..... **98c**

Special Bargain--
Men's genuine Russia calf shoes **$2.69**

Men's Low Shoes
The Latest Last—Patent Leather of Russia Calf--
Price $3.50 and $5.00.

Free, with School Shoes--Bows and Arrows given away with every pair of these shoes.

Ladies' Tan and Black **Bike Shoes,** New styles—price— **$2.69 and $3.00**

FIVE KILLED.

Serious Havoc Created By Premature Blast at Marietta, O., Works.

Marietta, Ohio, June 1.—A revised list of casualties in the explosion of nitroglycerine at Kelley's gas well, near here, yesterday, shows five killed and five injured, three fatally.

The killed:
William Watson, Marietta.
Thomas Daniels, farmer.
Hazelton Spears, farmer.
William Carpenter, Sr., farmer.
Herman Spears, farmer.

Fatally injured: James Spears, Dawson Stotlar; Henry Stotlar. Seriously wounded: John Stotlar, Walter Daniels.

The work was done by the Torpedo company, which had lowered fifty quarts of the nitro-glycerine into the drilling. When the "go-devil" was sent down, it did not go off as expected. Then what is known as a "jack" with a heavy dynamite charge and a protected fuse was put into the well. It was expected when they came together there would be the usual explosion that would show the way, but it appears the "jack" squib exploded first and the charge went off with terrible force, blowing the men in every direction. The remains of the men who were killed instantly had to be picked up in pieces and those who were fatally injured were mangled in a horrible manner.

CANADIAN JOURNALISTS.

Chicago, June 18.—Nearly 100 members of the Western Canadian Press association, with their wives and daughters, are in Chicago today on their second annual excursion through the northern part of the United States and Canada. From Chicago, they go to Detroit, Buffalo, Niagara and then to the principal cities of Canada, arriving at Winnipeg, June 15.

KEANE REPORTED APPOINTED.

Rome Letter Says He Will Succeed Bishop Hennessy.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 1.—A letter received by a local priest from a Rome correspondent says that Archbishop Keane, late rector of the Catholic university at Washington, has been appointed to succeed the late John Hennessy as archbishop of Dubuque. The bull creating Keane archbishop of Dubuque has been sent to him for acceptance or rejection.

There is universal hope here that the statement is true. The universal sentiment of Dubuque Catholics and Protestants is for Archbishop Keane.

MEDICOS SWARMING.

They Will Own Atlantic City For Several Days.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 1.—Beginning today with a meeting of the American Academy of Medicine this city for the next eight days will be the central point of medical men from all over the United States, as, in addition to the above, there will be a convocation of the health boards of the United States, Canada and Mexico, a conference of the national confederation of state examining and licensing boards and a three days' session of the National American Medical association. The subjects which will be brought before the various bodies, while largely technical, are of considerable importance to the medical world.

The session of the American Academy of Medicine will continue until Tuesday. The national confederation of state medical examining and licensing boards will also hold forth on the final day of the former association, and for the following three days the various sections of the American Medical association will hold special sessions.

SAFE CRACKED.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 1.—The State bank at Sheldahl, twenty miles north of here, was entered by burglars last night and the safe blown. It is reported the $1600 in currency was taken. There is no clue.

MISSION LIFE IN CHINA.

Conditions Portrayed In a Letter From Chinan Fu.

Ellsworth, Me., June 1.—Dr. Mary L. Burnham, daughter of Orin R. Burnham, who has charge of the hospital or "compound" connected with the Presbyterian mission at Chinan Fu, China, in a recent letter, tells of the work of the Boxers in that vicinity. The letter was written a few days before the massacre of several native Christians in towns near Chinan Fu, and the killing from ambush of twenty-six soldiers in a regiment sent from Chinan Fu to the scene of the massacres. Miss Burnham says:

"The new governor of Chinan Fu has succeeded in quelling all outward signs of the Ta La Hui (Big Knife sect, or Boxers) in the city. We cannot go from the city, however, without a guard, and much of the mission work is at a standstill.

"The English consul, Mr. Campbell, is still here. He has had two men put to death for the murder of Mr. Brooks. It was a cold-blooded affair and was only possible because of the anti-foreign feeling at Pekin. I fear we have not heard the end of the Big Knives yet.

"The new governor is doing his duty, but it is crippled by his subordinate officers. The 'head of the board of punishments' (judge) has given Mr. Campbell, the English consul, much trouble. Both the English and the Americans have asked their representatives to insist on his removal.

"We are quite safe here now, but it has come to our ears that we had a narrow escape during the old governor's term of office. The Big Knives, emboldened by official favor, had decided to loot our compounds here. This came to his ears and he beheaded two or three men whom he had in custody.

"From papers, it would appear that the movement was going north and slowly but decidedly gaining ground. I fear there can only be peace in China if it is partitioned, and if partitioned there will be a long period of unrest and unquiet."

MUST PAY INSURANCE.

Policy Holders Collect For Gold the Boers Seized.

London, June 1.—It is the judgment of Justice Matthews, in the queen's bench division of the high court of justice today, insurance companies will have to pay their policies on gold requisitioned by the Transvaal just prior to the outbreak of the war.

Two claims, each for £100,000, have been decided in favor of the plaintiffs, mining companies, the judge holding that no state of war existed at the time of the seizure of the gold.

Winocke & Doerr's Corona is a small cigar—nickel's worth of Chancellor stock.

IN MICHIGAN.

Michigan's Woman School Superintendent Goes--- Marquette Veterans.

Marquette—Miss Anna M. Chandler, who has been for twelve years superintendent of the schools of this city, the only woman in the state to hold such a position, has just been removed from her position for the reason that she has the misfortune to be a woman. The present board, while admitting that her administration has been a success, and declaring that there is no dissatisfaction with her work, voted to replace her by a man. There has always been more or less opposition to her holding the position, and the question has been an issue at several school elections. Last fall her champions were caught napping and the balance of power went over to the faction opposed to a woman superintendent.

Soldiers of Company L, Thirty-fourth Michigan volunteers, who served during the Cuban war, formed a post here and elected as commander First Lieut. John S. Wilson. It will be conducted on lines similar to a G. A. R. post, but it is not affiliated with the national organization of Spanish-American war veterans. Dr. Babb, of Calumet, regimental surgeon, who died during the campaign, will be honored by having the post named in his honor.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

THE DAKOTAS.

Rains In Many Sections---A Grand Forks Church Looted.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The drouth has been broken and a soaking rain is falling all over the Missouri slope today.

The rain began early yesterday morning and fell steadily all day. So far no damage of consequence has been done to crops by heat and drouth, and the rain insures a fine growth.

The farmers, particularly the late immigrants from Iowa, who have settled on the Washburn and adjacent lands, are happy.

Jamestown—A heavy rain fell here and at other points in the James River valley. The benefit cannot be over estimated, as crops were beginning to suffer from the drouth.

Messrs. Tellner & Tellner have awarded a contract to Contractor Wilson, of Fargo, for the construction of a fine business block in Jamestown. The bid of Wilson was $15,000.

Fargo—Showers have been falling here. Reports of heavy rains come from the entire Missouri slope country and from Carrington, Hankinson and Lidgerwood with a light sprinkle of rain in Grand Forks and other northern counties.

Grand Fork—St. Michaels church was entered by thieves, the altar desecrated and several hundred dollars worth of church property stolen. No clue to the thieves.

United States engineers report a land slide of ten feet into the Red river at the point where the Nirthern Pacific company is building its depot. The company has already expended $100,000 in trying to stop the slide but without avail. The last landslide has brought forth strong rumors to the effect that the federal authorities will sue for an injunction against the company to restrain them from continuing the work on the depot. Should this happen the company will be compelled to do one of two things, either submit to the injunction, which will necessitate its discontinuing the work and result in the loss of thousands of dollars to it or put on an extra force of men to complete the work before the injunction can be issued.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Bowdle—The protracted drouth of many weeks is broken and a gentle but steady rain freshened up the crops and vegetation of every kind. No damage was done to crops in this section by the drouth owing to moist condition of the ground when the crops were put in.

Britton—A good rain has fallen—the first in thirty days. It is of inestimable value to the wheat crop. Flax seeding, which had come to a standstill because of the extreme dryness, will now be renewed with vigor.

McGOWAN CONVICTED.

Court Martial Sentences the Captain to Suspension.

Washington, June 1.—The naval court-martial which has been trying Capt. John McGowan on charges of scandalous conduct and neglect of duty in connection with the killing by him of a Filipino while in command of the Monadnock in the Philippines, yesterday submitted its conclusion to the secretary of the navy for consideration. The court found the captain guilty of the charges and specifications and sentenced him to be suspended from duty on half sea pay for two years and to be reprimanded by the secretary. There was, however, a unanimous recommendation for clemency, which will be under consideration by Secretary Long.

Men's Suits.

Had a chance the other day to buy some suits to sell at a bargain—$6.00. Maybe you will hear of them as being worth $10 to $15. They are not. Styles off. Not our kind of clothing. No off styles or off clothes here. The clothing market is firm this spring; good reliable clothing is worth 100 cents on the dollar, the kind that is offered for less is "off" either in quality, style or workmanship. We are showing garments of very superior cut, finish and materials, equal in every way to custom made, far superior to the ordinary ready-to-wear goods shown elsewhere. We make a specialty of high grade suits. Prices—**$25, $20, $18.50, $16.50, $15, $12.50 and $10.**

Our Hat Department contains everything that is correct for summer wear. Derbys, Fedoras and straw hats in all the popular shapes and colors.

Men's Negligee Shirts for summer wear at—
50c, $1.00, $1.50, $1.75

Floan, Leveroos and Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS

STORE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 11 O'CLOCK.

Men's Fine Trousers.
New, handsome, all-wool tweeds in the latest striped patterns, well made, dressy pants that will fit and wear well, strictly up-to-date and in sufficient assortments to please all ---------- **$2.95**

Men's Spring Trousers
Made of neat dark and medium fancy Worsteds, striped patterns, accurately cut and well made, all sizes and all widths and lengths—Saturday only at the remarkably low price of... **$1.95**

Last Day of the Great Suit Sale.....

Time is short—but one more day to profit by our great purchase of 750 Suits from one of New York's best clothing makers, bought at a big discount and selling at a big discount. After tomorrow these suits will be taken off special sale and classed in with our regular stock—no man in need of a suit would pass by this opportunity if he knew how good it really is. In plain English it simply means paying a needless extra profit for the same class of goods if bought elsewhere while these prices prevail. Remember our guarantee is back of every suit, you take no chance in buying clothing at this store.

OUR OFFER 1.

Men's Well-Made Suits

Of strictly all-wool Oxford Gray Vicunas, plain and fancy Cassimeres and plain and fancy Cheviots, all of this season's making and consisting of the latest patterns and most desirable colors in light, medium and dark shades; stylish, and, in fact, dressy suits that are perfectly cut and built for good, long, satisfactory service, being lined, trimmed and made in a thorough, workmanlike manner. An immense line, which we offer for the remarkably low price of—

$7.95

OUR OFFER 2.

Men's Fine Suits

Consisting of a splendid assortment of fancy Worsteds, not with a cotton back, but through and through strictly all-wool, in neat and genteel patterns of nobby Scotch goods, durable Cassimeres and handsome Tweeds in light, medium, and, in fact, almost every shade you could ask for, every garment lined with excellent quality serge or Italian cloth, with single or double-breasted vests, choice of this immense assortment that could not be made for the money today—

$9.95

OUR OFFER 3.

Men's Very Fine Suits

A magnificent assortment of the best, all the new and late swell patterns and plain colors, such as fine Oxford Vicunas, handsome pure Worsteds, finest of fancy English Tweeds and Cheviots, all handsomely tailored and with the finest of linings, in all sizes from 34 to 42. In this lot will be found some of the choicest effects of the season, suits fit to grace the backs of the most correct dressers, and the price we place on them is indeed astonishingly low, quality, of course, considered—

$11.95

Boys' Negligee Shirts 50c.
Made from Percale, in fancy checks, stripes and figured effects, attached collars and cuffs to match, stylish and up-to-date, only—

50c

Mother's Friend Waists, Extra fine quality, $1.00.
Something entirely new—made up with separate cuffs and two colored collars to match, made in ten styles of the prettiest lot of Percales you ever laid your eyes on, sizes 6 to 12, price

$1.00

Boys' Knee Pants, a lucky purchase for Saturday Selling at 45c.
325 pairs made from gray, brown and mixed, cassimeres, blue and black cheviots, fancy stripe and checked worsteds, all have elastic extension waist bands, all seams reinforced and taped; only two pair to a customer, tomorrow at—

45c

Our Great Clearance Sale of Spring and Top Coats.

Tomorrow is your last chance to get them at these prices:

$10, $9 and $8 Overcoats reduced to ---------- $7.45
$16, $15 and $14 Overcoats reduced to ---------- $9.45
$25, $20 and $18 Overcoats reduced to ---------- $12.45

Boys' Finest Wear

Take Elevator.
Second Floor.

The wonderful success that attended these magnificent bargains last Saturday has impelled us to offer them again tomorrow.

A Most Remarkable Offer

in Boys' Knee Pants Novelty and school suits.

348 Suits in this lot in Middy, Vestee and 2-piece Knee Pants with double seat and knee, fancy open front vests, handsomely embroidered coats, little pants furnished with buckle, not a suit in this grand selection but cost more at wholesale than tomorrow's special price ------ **$3.45**

100 Big Boys' Long Pants Suits, ages 14 to 19, cut single or double breasted, fine all wool cheviots, cassimeres and tweeds in plain black, blue and fancy mixtures, extra well lined and tailored, these suits are cheap at $10 but we lower the price for tomorrow to ---------- **$6.95**

Brownies given away in the Boys' Department.

Boys' Imported Hosiery at 25c.
Imperial black of finest Egyptian cotton, double sole, high spliced heel and spliced knee. This is an extra fine Hosiery we've bought to take the place of Musser's who are late on delivery, all sizes, 6 to 10—

25c

100 doz. Boys' Hosiery at 10c each, 3 pairs for 25c.

Boys' and Children's Straw Hats.
100 doz. Boys' and Children's Straw Hats in plain and fancy straws, wide and narrow brim sailors, good leather sweats, silk and satin bands, all sizes, 6 to 7½, tomorrow's price—

45c

Children's Blouses.
93 doz. by actual count, made from plain and fancy percales, linen, black satin, Madras cloths, dimities, some ruffle fronts and cuffs, others large sailor collars, shield fronts with tie to match, some cost $9 a doz. wholesale, tomorrow's price

45c

Men's Furnishing Goods Department...

Unusual Underwear Selling at 50c—
Men's fine ribbed Cotton Undershirts and Drawers in Pale Blue, Flesh Pink and Fast Black colors—shirts made with French necks, silk finished and pearl buttons; drawers with suspender tapes, reinforced seats and serviceable satin waistbands—these garments are very elastic, body fitting and really an exceptional value at the price. Tomorrow **50c**

A Negligee Shirt Wonder at 50c—
Men's Negligee Shirts in fancy Percale, Bedford Cords, and Silk fronts, to wear with white collars—also a line with starched collars and cuffs attached—all sorts—neat and novel patterns. Tomorrow's price---------- **50c**

Men's Shoes.

Tomorrow is the last day of the great Tilt & Co. purchase at---------- $2.45

Remember, tomorrow is the last chance you'll have to buy them at this price. Russia calf, vici kid, kangaroo calf, calfskin and wax calf, all Goodyear welt, worth $3.50, price for tomorrow $2.45.

Boys' Shoes—
Here's a SNAP for tomorrow, $2.00 and $1.75 Shoes for $1.60

Enough for 200 boys—box calf, vici kid and Russia calf, made like a man's shoe, wear like iron. Not more than two pairs to a customer and none to dealers.

Men's Hats

A HAT BOOM

Pearl Fedoras $2.50
$3.50 Hat for—
New blue and light pearls—handsomest blocks yet, finest Belgian Belly stock, made to sell for $3.50—but because we bought them less than the regular price ourselves, we'll share our luck with you tomorrow—$2.50

Ten cases for Saturday.

Boys' Suits, 3 to 15, ⅓ off tomorrow.

June Reductions

Store Open Until 10 p. m.

Will be in Full Force Tomorrow-- Throughout the store--

Everything will be priced so that you will readily see a Financial Advantage—As well as advantages in style and material—Quality is the very first consideration—that proved we soon prove the price part—come tomorrow and join the throngs of careful shoppers—who make this store.

Neckwear
for summer—Beautiful Chiffon Silk, on cotton effects in Bows, Imperial Flowing Ends, Batwing Bows, Ascots and Puffs. The swellest showing of them at the Head of the Lakes, and styles that will not be found elsewhere at the Head of the Lakes.

Ladies' Mull Stocks in pink, blue and white, tucked collar with long bow, trimmed with insertion and pleating; 65c and 75 value—48c.

Ladies' Mull Stocks, in white and colors, shirred collar and fancy double bow; trimmed with beading and lace edge; $1 value—79c.

Fisk, Clark & Flagg's Silk Stocks, with long bows; come in the fancy colorings; very swell and up-to-date neckwear; on sale at 79c and $1.19.

PULLEY COLLARS—One of the late fads; have only a few collars left; your choice of these for 75c.

Ladies' Imperial Ties, in dark blues, bright blues, reds and purples; regular 75c kind; on sale for 50c.

MUSLIN STOCKS with short bows in blue, pink, lavender, white and black, 50c.

NEWTOWNE CLUB, the swell bow for high turned-down collar; come in all colors and best quality of stock; on sale at 25c.

Turn-Over Lace Points for silk or velvet stocks; very neat and stylish; are hand made—at 49c, 50c and 75c.

June Reduction in Millinery.

Twenty-five Pattern Hats on sale tomorrow at these prices—every one of them choice and beautiful.

$25 Pattern Hats---------- $15.00
$20 Pattern Hats---------- $13.50
$15 Pattern Hats---------- $ 9.50
$12 Pattern Hats---------- $ 7.50

75c bunch of beautiful Roses—artificial—35c.

June Reductions in Straw Sailors.

We've made such great strides in trimmed to order and ready trimmed hats that we want the Straw Sailors to keep pace. Here are values that you can appreciate, because you can feel sure that the styles are correct.

Ladies' Rough Braid Straw Hats, 50c value, tomorrow 39c.

Ladies' Rough Braid Straw Sailors with fancy bands, $2.25 quality, $1.69.

Ladies' Rough Braid Sailors (Knox), black silk band, $1.50 value, $1.00.

Rough Braid Sailors, black silk band, Knox style, $2.50 value, at $1.98.

Milan (smooth Straw Sailors), black and white silk band, $1.25 value, at 98c.

Ladies' extra fine Milan Straws, Knox style, $2 50 value, $1.98.

Misses' Rough Braid Sailors, wide brim, black silk band, $1.25 value, at 98c.

Rough Straws, Knox shapes, navy, black and red, 50c kind, at 25c.

Children's Trimmed Hats, tomorrow 25c.

Beautiful Children's Hats, $2.00 value, at $1.25.

Children's Sombreros, or Cuban Hats, in plain or rough straws, with plain and fancy bands, at $1, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.25.

50c Children's Rough Braid Sailors, with silk band, $1 kind, on sale tomorrow at 75c.

Boys' Suits,
Ages 9 to 15. Vestee Suits, and Sailor Suits, ages 3 to 8 years—at
One-third Off Tomorrow.

Handkerchiefs on Sale Tomorrow Until 10 p. m.
Three hundred dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs of fine Cambric, with hemstitched edge and dainty hand-made initial, 30c a half dozen—5c each.

Ladies' plain white Cambric Handkerchiefs, half-inch hem, 5c value, 30c a dozen—2 for 5c.

Ladies' White Pure Linen ¼-inch hem, of $1.50 value, 10c.

Ladies' White Pure Linen, ¼-inch hem, 3 for 50c value—12½c.

Ladies' White Fine Sheer Linen, ¼-inch hem, 35c value—20c.

Ladies' White Pure Linen, Hand Embroidered, of 18c value—12½c.

Fine Sheer Linen, Hand Embroidered, of 35c value—25c.

Embroidered, with Lace Edge, of 35c value—two for 25c.

Swiss, of 25c value—15c.

Men's Cambric Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, 15c value—10c.

Men's Pure Irish Linen, hemstitched, 20c value—15c.

Men's Linen, hemstitched, 35c value—25c.

Special!

One hundred and forty-five tailor-made suits taken from our regular stock, together with forty model suits left from this past week's selling, will be placed on sale tomorrow (divided into two lots) as follows:—

$26, $25, $24, $22 and $20 suits on sale tomorrow at $16.50.

$35, $32, $30 and $28 suits on sale tomorrow at $24.50.

Sixty-five beautiful tailor-made Jackets on sale tomorrow at almost half. See "ad" in another part of this paper for particulars.

Parasols.

Every kind that has beauty to commend it is here—fresh, beautiful parasols, barely a week old—if small prices can tempt you, there'll be dozens of our new, nobby and dressy, ruffled, chiffon and lace trimmed parasols floating around the street tomorrow.

White and black China Silk Parasols trimmed with white silk grenadine—$3.50 value at $2.50.

More elaborate ones to $16.50.

Fancy Parasols.

Entirely new color effects, $3.00 and then $4.00, $5.00 and $6.50.

Coaching Parasols.

White China silk, natural wood handle, $1.00.

Black silk coaching parasols, splendid quality, $1.75 and up to $5.00.

Misses' and Children's Parasols.

Plain and fancy effects, Misses' white satin parasol, $1.25.

Misses' Polka Dot, all colors, $1.50.

Children's fancy cotton parasols, 18 cents.

Fabric Gloves.

"Kayser's" double finger tipped, in gray, black, tan and modes, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Chamois Gloves.

White, mode and gray, 2-clasp and large bone buttons which add to their swellness. Best grade only $1.00.

Kid Gloves.

New colors, in the very best kinds. Fownes' "La Tosca," "Dagmar" and "Eugenie."

"Reynier" in suede and glace, and the "Crispi"—the very best dollar glove make.

A new invoice of all the newest and correct ideas just came to us including several styles black fancy mesh with velvet and chenille dots at 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c.

Black Brussels Net with chenille dot 35c, and several grades of plain Brussels Net at 35c, 50c, 60c and 75c a yard.

New fancy Wash Veils in cream and white at 35c, 60c, 85c and $1.25.

Women's Fine Stockings.

The woman who appreciates handsome Hosiery will not omit this store when making selections. There is such a variety here and such beauty as will not be found at any other store in this city. They have every essential quality of goodness, several lines are here that deserve more than passing attention, for instance, the several styles in fancy stripes, plaids and dot. Boot with stripe or plain top at 50c, or the same quality in plain colors.

We also show several especially good numbers at 25c in black, red, navy and royal blue, some stores right in this city advertise them as extra good value at 39c.

At 50c—Ten styles in lace effects of silk, lisle, royal blue, navy, cardinal, black and stripes and plaids.

At 50c—Women's Ingrain Lisle Hose, imperial "Onyx" fast black, white heel and toe and spliced stripe, white and black top.

At 75c—Ladies' prime brilliant Lisle Thread Hose, white, and spliced heel and toe, $1.00 value.

At $1.00—Embroidered silk and lisle Hose in royal blue, purple and petuna, embroidered with twisted silk, $1.35 value.

Babies' Coats, Caps and Bonnets.

This is a goodly gathering of garments, and so varied that mothers cannot fail to find their fancy in it. Nicely graded as to quality, too, with consideration for all conditions of purses. For instance, the coat at $11.50 is the latest, handsomest style, and of the finest materials throughout. But there are other little coats—all 1 to 3-year sizes—in newest cut and trimming design, and quite attractively made up, that are but $1.50 each. And the advances from the lowest priced to the more expensive are only little baby steps.

At $1.50, $2.50 and $3.50—White Cashmere Infants' Coats, beautifully trimmed with silk.

At $2.75, $3.50 and $5—White Bedford Cord Infants' Coats, handsomely trimmed.

At $11.50—White China Silk Infant's Coats, prettily trimmed with silk.

Lace Caps at 25c and run up to a couple of dollars, but we're strongest at 50c, 65c, 75c and $1.

Infants' Silk Caps, beautiful and dainty—50c, 75c, $1 and $2.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SECTION TWO—

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MESSAGE TO KRUGER

Delivery of the Philadelphia Schoolboys' Greeting to the Boer President.

AN AFFECTING SCENE

Is Presented as the Shadow of Doom Looms Over Pretoria.

Philadelphia, June 1.—The North American has received the following message:

"Pretoria, May 29.—By stress of dire circumstances, the message from the school boys of Philadelphia to President Kruger, delivered this day, has the tone of sympathy and sorrow at the final misfortune which is about to wipe the South African republic from the roll of independent nations, rather than of encouragement to a people fighting for liberty for the fight has been fought—and lost.

"The message was delivered in the executive chamber at the capitol, through the windows of which came the rumble of ox carts and general confusion upon the evacuation of the city by the families of the Boers. The British are reported to be approaching.

"There was an impressive silence in the chamber as the stern and venerable president of this doomed republic bent forward to receive from Messenger Jules Francis Smith the packet which the boy had travelled 12,000 miles to deliver into his hands.

"'Caesar, morituite salutamus,' quoted Secretary of State Reitz as the president accepted the message. Then he added a bitter epigram: 'On this occasion, the message is reversed—Caesar greets those about to die.'

"This reference to the United States and the message of sympathy of America to a dying sister republic profoundly moved every one present. Tears glistened in the president's eyes as he tok the packet from the messenger's hand.

"In presenting the message, Smith made a manly little speech, informing President Kruger of the nature of his mission as courier of the school boys of Philadelphia. Secretary of State Reitz translated Smith's simple sentences as they were spoken.

"Then the book from the North American containing the narrative of the movement that culminated in the despatch of the messenger and the newspaper clipping expressive of the sympathy of the people of the United States with the Boer cause was presented.

"President Kruger's reply was grave and courteous. He tendered hearty thanks to the American people and particularly to the liberty-loving lads of Philadelphia for their sympathy and charged Smith to return his greetings to the good people of America.

"Then, with fatherly kindness he shook hands with Smith, congratulating him upon completing his long journey in safety and expressing the hope that he would have an equally safe return to his distant home. The entire group was then photographed."

SURE THIS IS ALL.

Cuban Postal Service Alone Was Crooked, Says Wood.

New York, June 1.—A dispatch to the World from Havana says: Gen. Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, authorized the World correspondent to cable to the World the following statement from him relative to the frauds in the Cuban postal service and the general condition of the island:

"I firmly believe that the irregularities in the Cuban postal service, which amount to plain theft only, are all that will be discovered.

"The postal service has not been under my jurisdiction. I learned of the frauds, instituted an inquiry and took steps to secure the punishment of the men implicated. I have since inaugurated a thorough investigation into all the departments, and am confident the conditions of affairs of the postal service does not exist in any other branches. Of course there have been many rumors inspired by the postal scandal of fraudulent transactions in the other departments—the customs service, the engineer's department and the department of parks. I have every reason to believe that these departments have been conducted in a most business-like and honest manner."

FIGHT CALLED A DRAW.

Hogan's Decision In McCoy-Rryan Go Set Aside.

Chicago, June 1.—The six-round bout between Kid McCoy and Tommy Ryan at Tattersall's last Tuesday night, which Referee Malachy Hogan awarded to McCoy at the end of the sixth round, has now been officially declared a draw. Immediately after the decision of Hogan, Ryan protested against the decision, claiming that the contestants had agreed upon a draw if both should be on their feet at the wind-up, emphasizing his protest with a fistic assault on Hogan. They were separated by the police, and Hogan disclaimed any knowledge of the agreement between the boxers.

The Tattersall's association last night rescinded the referee's decision in the following statement:

"Owing to the public controversy ensuing from the decision rendered last Tuesday night, and in justice to Tommy Ryan, the Tattersall's Athletic club has rescinded the decision of Referee Malachy Hogan in the contest between Tommy Ryan and Kid McCoy. The decision in favor of McCoy is hereby recalled and in its stead the club declares the contest a draw. This is done by reason of the seventh clause in the articles of agreement, that if both men are on their feet at the end of the sixth round there shall be no decision given. In taking this action the club rights a wrong traceable to Referee Hogan's ignorance of the conditions. He did not know of the stipulation, and on these grounds the decision is hereby reversed."

Accompanying the statement is the following from Referee Hogan:

"This is to certify that had I been informed of the stipulation as contained in clause seven of the articles of agreement, there would have been no decision rendered."

YANKEE FLAGG.

This Flagg a Captain Who Proved the Prowess of Americans.

New York, June 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Hong Kong says: For the first time in years a large steamer has been attacked on the Yang Tse river, near Ching King, by pirates. The American captain, named Falgg, drove them off.

The attack took place at the junction of the great canal from Tien Tsin. This indicates that the Boxers' movement around Pekin is spreading south, but reflective people realize that there is no danger for the community, because the Boxers are not armed. The only danger to property and isolated foreigners is in the interior.

The whole movement will collapse with the first efforts to suppress it.

TO SEE BRYAN.

Boer Envoys Are Going to Lincoln Allegedly For That Purpose.

Chicago, June 1.—A special to the Record from Lincoln, Neb., says: Governor Poynter has received a message from Washington stating that the Boer envoys would visit Lincoln on their Western trip. As soon as the expected arrival was made known, a citizens' committee immediately set to work on arrangements for receiving the envoys.

It is understood that the Boers are coming to Lincoln solely for the purpose of holding a personal interview with W. J. Bryan in regard to the Boer national affairs.

They wish to ascertain from Mr. Bryan what his actions would be as regards the national policy toward the burghers should he be elected president.

Mr. Bryan refuses to discuss the expected visit and conference.

TO CARE FOR CHINESE.

San Francisco, June 1.—In response to a communication from the attorneys of the Chinese Six companies stating that the quarantine now being maintained is causing great destitution among the Chinese, many of whom are dependent upon their daily labor for their support, the board of health has asked the representatives of the companies to submit an estimate of the daily supply of food necessary for indigent persons in Chinatown, which estimate will be presented to the board of supervisors for action.

The Chinese consul general states positively that the Chinese will never submit to the Buffkine treatment. He says that the prices of food have risen 25 per cent since the quarantine was declared, and that if the poor are not fed by the city, resort will be had to the courts. He complains that the Chinese quarter is without police protection, and says that Highbinder outrages may be resumed. In fact, there was a murder within the lines late last night, a gambler being shot by unknown assassins.

The health authorities say there will be no difficulty in taking the federal census if the enumerators will consent to inoculation. The report that the steamers City of Pekin and Australia were denied clean bills of health, is denied by Deputy Collector of the Port Farley.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The Northern Pacific Express office was robbed of a $5000 package and $300 received for the sale of tickets at Miles City, Mont. Fred Morrow, night operator, was acting for Station Agent Gibson, and the money was taken during Morrow's absence. Morrow has been operator for about three months. Two strangers who were lurking about the station are missing.

The extensive mills of the Republic Iron and Steel company at Springfield, Ill., closed yesterday and will remain closed at least three months, and perhaps for a year. The bosses claim the shutdown was caused by the tactics employed by the union organization having jurisdiction over men at mills which resulted in the diversion of business.

Fire in Boston in the 4-story department store of the Pitts-Kimball company, adjoining the Park theater, Washington street, did more than $200,000 last night. The stock of the Pitts-Kimball company is practically ruined. The adjoining buildings suffered from water. These include the Park theater, the New England Piano company and the Tremont theater.

Representative Richardson yesterday called on the president and presented a resolution recently adopted by the legislature of Tennessee recommending to the president the appointment of Gen. Joseph Wheeler as a major general in the regular army.

The seating capacity of the new Kansas City convention hall, as it will be arranged for the Democratic national convention, has been submitted to the national committee and John I. Martin, sergeant-at-arms, by E. F. Hill, the architect, and approved. It makes provision for accommodating 22,260 persons.

Gen. Davila, commander of the Venezuelan government troops in the victorious engagement last Sunday with Gen. Hernandez, which resulted in the capture of the latter near Tierra Negra, has sent the insurgent leader to Caracas and will exhibit him to the people.

The overdue ship Benny Clement, 365 days from Hamburg for Kioa Chou, is reported at San Francisco to have arrived at her destination yesterday. Ninety per cent reinsurance has been paid upon her.

William Cullen Brewster, a well-known banker, is dead at his home in New York, aged 72 years.

Toilet Requisites.

Hess's latest and best odors, Red Carnation, Blue Violet and Yezzo, concentrated, lasting and agreeable, regular 75c; tomorrow, 0z 50c

35c—Charles & Co.'s French Perfumes; all new Floral odors, glass stopper bottles; Saturday 21c

25c 4-oz bottle Kirk's Triple Strength Violet Toilet Water 21c

25c Woodbury's Dental Cream 15c

12½c fine Bristle Tooth Brushes 8c

25c extra fine Rubber Dressing Combs 15c

25c Nail Brushes 17c

10c cakes Colgate's Dermal Skin Soap, Robinson's white beauty soap, Kirk's Juvenile soap, Rank's Cutaneous soap 5c

Art Lessons Free

In Embroidery and Lace Work.

With every 75c purchase of art materials—We give a one hour lesson on either work free. This is a splendid opportunity for lovers of needlework.

Embroidery Class— 9 to 10 a.m.—3 to 4 p.m.

Lace Work Class 10 to 11 a.m.—4 to 5 p.m.

Patent Medicines Etc.

$1.00 bottle Cuticura Resolvent, Saturday 73c

$1.00 bottle Listerine for 69c

50c bottle pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil 35c

50c bottle Allen's Lung Balsam 37c

25c bottle Kickapoo Cough Cure for 17c

25c box double packages of Seidlitz Powders for 15c

25c box Richard's Headache Wafers for 17c

Castile Soap.

35c box of full 3-lbs White or Green pure Castile Soap, on sale all day Saturday at a box 25c

Candy Specials

500 lbs French Crisp, extra fine Butter Scotch Wafers, the regular 15c kind, on sale all day Saturday at a lb 9c

500 lbs Fresh Gumdrops, assorted flavors, very delicious, the kind you pay 15c for elsewhere; Saturday for a lb 8c

Freimuth's

A Belt Special

19c for Ladies' Tan and Brown Alligator leather Belts, ornamented with nickel nail heads, all sizes. They have sold for as much as 50c, for Saturday they are special at 19c each.

Surprising Saving Attractions for Saturday

Chance after chance to save money—Opportunity after opportunity to buy trustworthy, seasonable Merchandise way below regular prices.

Warm Weather Goods, Wearing Apparel, House-Furnishings and Necessities at savings just as we name and without a particle of exaggeration—Bargains truthfully described.

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS.

Extraordinary efforts to close out special lines of Jackets, Suits, Waists, etc. Amazing opportunities to save and every item a bona fide Bargain, as named.

Shirt Waists—
Tomorrow Only—

45c for 50 doz Percale Waists, big variety colors and patterns—collars and cuffs to match; 85c each.

98c for 25 dozen Percale and Madras Waists, detachable Collars and Cuffs to match—all sizes—34 to 44—special only for Saturday at 98 cents.

$1.00 for exquisite new White Lawn Waists—the latest ideas and styles of the 1900 season—like other stores' $1.50 waists; tomorrow, $1.00 each.

$1.50 for chic, nobby, newest White Waists, trimmed with tucking and lace insertion, worth much more than we ask.

Taffeta Waists—

$3.95 for regular $5.50 Taffeta Silk Waists, in all colors; plain Dress sleeve; detachable collar, tucked and hemstitched front and back; Percaline lined. Ask to see these.

Wash Underskirts—

89c for $1.25 medium light and dark colored Wash Underskirts, of best Wash materials, flounce and ruffle, cut very wide; a fine summer skirt.

Wash Dress Skirts—

$1.50 for excellent White Pique Skirts, cut extra wide, with 4-inch hem, very nice quality, and a regular $2.00 value. See them.

Dress Skirts—
GENERAL CLEARING ALL KINDS—
One special item.

$2.00 for regular $3 all-wool Black Serge Skirts, plait back, Percaline lined and perfect hanging—A great bargain.

Child's Wash Dresses—

75c for neat little Dresses, 2 to 5 years, good wash materials, dainty patterns, to be worn with White Gulmps.

$1.25 for Crash Suits for Children in sizes 8 to 12 years; Sailor blouse and tie to match; wide collar, just what the girls want. They are very cheap at $1.25.

Jacket Clearing—

$7.50 for Ladies' $12.50 and $10 Jackets, in Blue, Tan and Black Shades—the swellest new styles.

$10.00 for Ladies' $15, $18 and even $20 Jackets, in Tan, Blue and Black, swell styles and will suit anybody.

Suit Bargains—

$11.75 for $15 and $18 Suits: the newest 1900 ideas, in fabrics, trimmings and combinations; all new shades and color arrangements.

$18.00 for $25 to $30 Suits of imported cloths; the swellest of the season's fashions, in Black and colors.

Great Millinery Sale.

All our Trimmed Hats up to $12.00 at greatly reduced prices. Note the big reductions for tomorrow's selling.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, worth $4.00 to $5.00, now $2.98
Ladies' Trimmed Hats, worth $6.00 to $6.50, now $3.98
Ladies' Trimmed Hats, worth $10.00 to $12.00, now $7.50
Ladies' Trimmed Sailors at 39c, 59c, 95c, $1.50 and up to $3.50 that will agreeably surprise you. Latest conceptions—most fashionable productions.

Our big sale of Shapes and Flowers, opened yesterday morning, is attracting crowds to the department. All are newest.

25c for 75c to $1.00 Untrimmed Hats.
48c for $1.25 to $1.50 Untrimmed Hats.
98c for $2.00 to $2.50 Untrimmed Hats.
10c for bunch of Flowers, worth up to 50c.
25c for bunch of Flowers, worth up to $1.25.
49c for bunch of Flowers, worth up to $1.50.

Shoe Department.

Why is it we have the busiest Shoe Department in Duluth? Because we sell solid leather Shoes, manufactured and warranted by the best makers in the country.

73c for Child's Vici Kid one-strap Sandals, black, tan, white and patent leather, worth 90c.

50c for CHILD'S RED KID SHOES, regular price 75c.

73c for Child's $1.00 Vici Kid Shoes, sizes 5 to 8, spring heel, lace or button; worth $1.

97c for Child's $1.25 Shoes in lace and button, sizes 8½ to 11, tomorrow only.

97c for Misses' tan and black Vici Kid Shoes, lace or button, 11½ to 2; every pair a $1.25 value.

97c for Little Gents' solid sole Shoes, Vici Kid or Willow Calf, black or tan, 9 to 13½; regular price $1.25.

97c for Ladies' $1.26 Oxford Ties, patent leather tip; soft, flexible sole.

$1.25 for fine Vici Kid Oxford Ties in black or tan, newest lasts; worth $1.75.

$1.47 for $2.00 Vici Kid Shoes, in black and tan, newest shapes tomorrow only.

$2.19 for Ladies' $3.00 Shoes in black and tan, in both light dress styles and heavy street soles, of man fashion.

Remember, we say a $3.00 shoe for only $2.19.

The Volga

When in, Ask to See Our Famous "Volga" Shoe for Ladies.

Underwear.

Greatest values ever offered.

Ladies' Richelieu Ribbed Vests, low neck, no sleeve, elaborately trimmed with lace and tape, 25c quality; Saturday—

12½c

Ladies' 20c White and Ecru ribbed Vests, neatly trimmed with tape and lace, high back, low front and short sleeves; a bargain—

20c

Ladies' Combed Cotton Vests, with silk crochet edges, silk lace and tape trimming, perfectly shaped, high neck, short sleeves, a regular 35c quality; pants to match, each 25c

Ladies' extra fine combed Cotton Vests and Pants, Vests with high neck and long or short sleeves, beautiful soft summer garments, with silk trimmings, regular 50c kind—Saturday, each 35c

Ladies' pure White Union Suits, low neck and no sleeves, in all sizes—nicely trimmed with silk lace and tape, regular price 75c—Saturday—each 50c

The Famous Rubens Infants' Shirts have arrived and we are showing three different styles, sizes 16 to 24; they are the kind without buttons—

8c, 15c, 21c, 25c, 30c

—According to sizes—16 to 24.

Ribbons.

Miles of them.

Have Ribbons in plain luster Taffeta and Persian designs; the 15c kind, tomorrow—a yard. 10c

3 to 4½-inch neck, Dress and Hair Ribbons, in all Pastel shades, beautiful plain and fancy luster Taffetas, worth to 35c; tomorrow—per yard 19c

2½ to 3½-inch Luminous Satin Ribbons, all newest Pastel shades, 45c kinds; Saturday—per yard, only 28c

100 pieces 4½-inch Liberty Satin Ribbons, the swell Pastel shades of Red, Violet, Blue, White, Pink, Heliotrope, Navy, and Black, Prince of Wales' Coat of Arms, in blending colors, worth 85c a yard; tomorrow 68c

Jewelry.

New 1900 Shirt Waist Sets, in bright and Roman gold and Pearl, 3 pins or 3 buttons, worth 60c; Saturday—per set 25c

Side Combs, set with brilliants—worth 40c 25c

Silver-plated Fruit Knives, the $1.25 kind; tomorrow 90c

Fancy handled triple-plate Berry Spoons, worth $1.38 ..... $1.00

Roger's "1847" Knives, Forks and spoons, 15 to 20 per cent saving positive.

Furnishings.

We sell the needs of men in this department at a dry goods rate of profit and it makes a wonderful saving to the patrons.

50c For Men's laundered Percale Shirts either soft or stiff bosom, some have two collars and cuffs to match—special Saturday only at 50 cents.

75c For Men's Madras, Percale and Cheviot Negligee Shirts, white neckbands and 1 pair cuffs, checks and stripes in all colors, a $1.25 value.

$1.00 Fancy striped Blue and Pink and plain White negligee Shirts, with silk fronts—the swellest thing new in Men's wear—A $1.50 value; Saturday $1 each.

50c Special Saturday—Men's two-thread Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, fine Egyptian yarn, the 75c kind; special Saturday, 50c.

Half Price About 40 dozen Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, which we bought at half price, will be sold at the same reduction Saturday; they are 75c values for.. 35c

25c for Men's Black and all shades of Tan Lisle Hose, high-spliced heels and toes, the kind you have been paying 37½c for; Saturday 25c per pair.

Gloves—

Values Unequalled—

25c for Ladies' 4-button fabric Gloves in White, Black, Brown, Slate and Modes. Undressed kid finish, on sale Saturday at 25c a pr.

50c for Ladies' best Suede Lisle Gloves, embroidered backs, 2 pearl Ivory clasps, White, Gray, Black and Modes, kid fittings, worth 75c.

75c for White Washable Chamois Gloves, with 2-clasp Ivory fasteners, embroidered backs, worth $1.00; Saturday 75c.

$1.25 for our Famous "Yetto" 3-pearl clasp Kid Gloves, in all new shades; equal to $1.50 Gloves elsewhere.

Parasols—

For Ladies and Children—A beautiful array in all newest shades and Ideas of trimming.

Four Specials—

19c for Children's 25c Parasols—in all colors.

39c for Children's 50c Polka Dot and striped Parasols.

95c for Ladies' pure White Silk Parasols, enameled sticks and fancies—the $1.50 kind.

$1.25 for Ladies' White Silk Parasols, with 4-inch ruffle; natural wood handles, the $1.69 kind.

Hosiery.

Our popular Hosiery department offers rare bargains tomorrow and everyone is just as we describe.

8½c 1 case Ladies' Fast Black and stainless hose, spliced heel & toe; satin finish, very elastic and worth 12½c a pair; Saturday special, 3 pairs for 25c.

12½c A case of Ladies' Fast Black and stainless prime dyed Hose, high-spliced heel and toe, and double sole, actually a 20c Stocking; Saturday, 2 pairs for 25c.

25c Ladies' extra quality Hose, "Hermsdorf" fast dye, double and spliced sole, silk finish, finest "Maco," regular 35c quality; Saturday, 25c a pair.

33⅓c Ladies' extra fine Lisle Hose, Hermsdorf fast Black dye, double sole and heel, luster finish, guaranteed stainless, a 50c Hose, Saturday, 3 pairs $1.00.

Children's and Misses' Silk and Lisle Hose, pretty colors. 50c STOCKINGS 25c. Sizes 4 to 8½, novelties, regular price 50c; tomorrow, choice 25c a pair.

Bargains in the Big Basement Saturday.

Bargains in seasonable goods of the most reliable kinds. Bargains in Crockery, Glassware, Garden Implements and warm weather necessities that no store but "Freimuth's" will offer. Telling reductions on things for the kitchen, lawn and garden.

Crockery Department.

Great Lamp sale

For the benefit of those who were unable to attend our Lamp sale last Saturday, we again place the manufacturer's sample line of lamps on sale tomorrow. Remember all the latest styles, shapes, etc. No two alike. Prices—

$9.50 to 75c.

Flower Pots—Complete with saucers—

4 in. 5 in. 6 in. 7 in. 8 in. 9 in. 10 in.
3c 4c 5c 7c 9c 12c 15c

500 dozen fancy shape white cups and saucers, regular value 12c a pair. Special Saturday, at 5c

10 dozen Decorated China Cuspidors, assorted colors, cheap at 65c, Saturday only 35c

100 dozen thin blown Gold Band Tumblers, regular value 75c a dozen, Saturday only, each 3c

Limit of two dozen to each customer.

100 large size Japanese Dew Drop Tea Pots, 20c kind, Saturday 9c

10 dozen 8-inch fancy decorated Jardinieres, 65c kind, Saturday only 29c

6-inch 15c ones, at 9c

19 dozen colored glass vases, assorted shapes and decorations, cheap at 45c, Saturday, each 29c

"Flemish Stoneware." We have just received a large assortment of the celebrated "Flemish Stoneware" in water colors; Pitchers, Bean Pots, Steins, Growlers, Root Beer Mugs, Match Holders, Child's Mugs, etc. See the complete display.

200 good size Water Pitchers, worth 45c, special 29c

20 dozen Flemish Beer Steins, good size, decorated 10c

Hardware Department.

Special—

Several styles Go-Carts with patent brake, rubber tires, upholstered backs, sliding foot rests, reclining back, worth up to $7.50. Saturday, only—

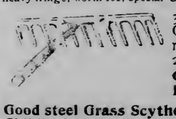
$3.98

Better grades at similar reduction.

Biggest Line of Hammocks in Duluth.

7 dozen closely woven Hammocks, 2 spreads and pillow, worth 95c for 59c

No. 2—Same as above, only has 6-inch valance and heavy fringe, worth 16c, special Saturday $1.25



300 malleable Iron Garden Rakes, regular value 20c, Saturday 9c

Good quality Steel Hoes only 29c

Good steel Grass Scythe, worth 35c 23c

Child's Garden Set, hoe, rake and shovel—per set 5c

Freezers—We are sole agents for the **Peerless Iceland Freezers**—makes delicious cream quicker and smoother than any other on the market. Lower prices.

2-quart	3-quart	4-quart	6-quart	8-quart	10-quart
$1.75	$1.98	$2.39	$3.19	$3.75	$4.75

Screen Doors, strongly made and well finished, all sizes Saturday 69c

Best Spring Hinges, pair 5c

High Grade Lawn Mowers, all sizes, fully guaranteed, 10-in, 12-in, 13-in—choice $2.39

3-ply seamless tube Garden Hose—10c kind, per foot 8c

12c quality, Saturday, per foot 10c

18c quality, 7-ply, Saturday, per foot 14c

50c Combination Spray Nozzles 33c

Heavy Tin Sprinkling Cans—

Quarts	1	2	3	4	6	8	10	12
Price	8c	10c	12c	15c	19c	29c	35c	39c

Sheriff Replevin Sale....

2,500 pairs of Shoes from the R. R. Hillas stock of Minneapolis. All new goods. This store had only been running a few weeks when it was closed by the Sheriff. Our customers will get the benefit of some very low prices, as these goods were bought way below the cost of manufacture.

300 pairs Ladies' patent tip and vesting top lace Shoes; Hillas price $2.00. Our price—

$1.39

400 pairs Men's and Women's tan and black Vici Kid Shoes, Hillas price $2.50—Our price—

$1.69

200 pairs Ladies' tan and black hand welt Shoes and Oxfords, extension soles, new shapes; Hillas price $3.50—Our price—

$2.39

200 pairs Ladies' tan and black Oxfords; Hillas price $2; our price—

$1.39

150 pairs Ladies' tan and black Oxfords, Hillas price $2, our price—— **98c**

100 pairs Ladies' tan and black Oxfords, Hillas price 89c, our price—— **50c**

300 pairs Hillas $4.50 and $5.00 tan and black Shoes, all sizes and widths; these are all new goods, latest styles Vici Kid and Russia Calf—Our price

$3.48

200 pairs Men's Russia and Satin Calf Welt Shoes, English last; Hillas price, $2.50; our price—

$1.89

100 pairs Men's Tap Sole Veal Calf Working Shoes, every pair warranted; Hillas price $1.50; our price—

$1.09

100 pairs Men's Veal Calf Creedmore Tap Soles; Hillas price $1.40. Our price—— **98c**

Ladies' House Slippers— **49c, 59c, 69c, 98c**

150 pairs Boys' Russia Calf and Black Shoes, new lasts, up-to-date Shoes—Hillas price $2.25—our price—

$1.69

175 pairs Boys' Satin Calf, strong serviceable Shoes—Hillas price $2.00—Our price—

$1.48

150 pairs Little Gent's Vici Kid patent tip Shoes, sizes 9 to 13½; Hillas price $1.15— our price—— **89c**

250 pairs Little Gent's satin Calf and tan School Shoes, sizes 9 to 13½— Hillas price $1.25 —our price—— **98c**

100 pairs Misses' tan and black shoes, sizes 11 to 2; Hillas price $1.35; our price—— **98c**

100 pairs Misses' tan and black Shoes —new styles; Hillas price $1.75; our price **$1.39**

Infants' red, tan and black Shoes, sizes 2 to 5; Hillas price 75c— our price—— **59c**

The Famous Shoe Store,

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DULUTH VS. SUPERIOR

The Rival Ball Teams Will Come Together Saturday and Sunday.

TWO RED HOT GAMES

Both Nines Will Strive Hard For Victory---The Line Up.

If the weather conditions are favorable the Duluth and Superior baseball teams will attempt to wipe out some old scores at Oneota Park to morrow afternoon and Sunday afternoon. Both Manager Wade and Manager Patterson have studied earnestly to find a short road to victory and according to his own version each has discovered the way.

There is a strong possibility of another fast game like that at West Superior on Wednesday afternoon, and a large attendance from both sides of the bay will probably result. In the series of three games between the two teams this season, Duluth has won two, but the Superior enthusiasts are betting freely that Superior will win three out of the first five.

Elliott, the new pitcher from Port Huron, will be given a trial in tomorrow's game and in case he is hit too freely, Gagnon will be substituted. Wiggs will pitch for Superior tomorrow and Hanley, the young "phenom" that Manager Patterson found a week or so ago, will succeed Wiggs in case that gentleman gets his habits on. Wiggs is pitching in rare form lately, however, and is just as likely to settle down and twirl a gilt-edged game as not.

Kline will be out of tomorrow's game and Lambert will play first. Wachtel will play right field tomorrow.

In Sundays' game Cox will pitch for Duluth and Glendon for Superior. The local man is confident that he can duplicate his trick of Wednesday when he let Superior down with only three singles. Glendon is a new man for the local hitters to face, and what he will do is a matter of speculation. For several seasons past Glendon has pitched winning ball for the Auburn Parks, one of the strongest semi-professional teams about Chicago. In this game Kline will be back on first for Duluth and Capt. Lambert will play his old position in center.

The make-up of the two teams tomorrow will be:

Duluth.		Superior.
Hartman	catcher	Lee
Elliott or	pitcher	Wiggs or
Gagnon	pitcher	Hanley
Lambert	first base	Lippert
McCarthy	second base	Porter
Shephard	short stop	Cline
Warner	third base	Pease
Featherstone	left field	Thiery
Hurley	center field	Mullaney
Wachtel	right field	Glendon

In Sunday's game the make-up will be changed, Cox and Glendon doing the pitching. Kline playing first for Duluth and Lambert succeeding Wachtel in center. Wiggs will take Glendon's place in right field for Sunday's game.

THE BUTTON THAT REVOLUTIONIZED the Hose Supporter business.

No more DARNING at the KNEES

The Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER

No Stitching in the Elastic.

NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS

Of Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.

GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

LOOK For the NAME & ON EVERY LOOP.

THE BRUTE IN WAR.

Reply to Rev. Mr. Knowles' Denunciation of the Boers.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I notice by the News Tribune of Monday that Rev. Mr. Knowles of Grace M. E. church has had himself interviewed for the purpose of calling the Boer government "a crowd of scamps." He says he reached this conclusion after much reading about them. I too have read much about them, but fail to find any trace of rascality in them. But perhaps he has confined his reading to what those say about who have so often invaded their territory, territory reclaimed from nature's wilds, and are now about for the third time in a century compelling them again to trek still farther into the wilds of the dark continent. Perhaps they are scamps for not being as numerous or as rich as their foe, or because they won't stand with "hands up" to be shot and robbed.

But what he said of the Boer on Monday is so diametrically opposite to the ideal he drew on Sunday to the G. A. R., an ideal that exactly fits the Boer in the present campaign. He said: "The soldiers of freedom never yet fired on a flag of truce, mutilated the dead, nor humiliated the conquered with harsh treaties." Now, I submit that the facts, as given through English channels, prove that the Boers have not been guilty of any of these things; but that they have treated their foe's wounded and dead with a magnanimity that has never been excelled. True there have been reports from London, the Chamberlain crowd's headquarters, of firings on truce flags, etc., but the careful student of the events would learn in a few days that there was nothing to warrane such assertion. Then, as if having in mind the cruelties perpetrated by the English, especially before the colonials reached there, he said: "But always the tyrant in peace is the brute in war. The autocrat in peace is the cruel one in combat." Some of those atrocities are: Those committed by the Jameson gang of freebooters, commanded by English officers, none of whom were shot by the Transvaal, as they deserved, but sent to England to be tried and—acquitted. England uses the dum-dum bullet. Gatacre issued an order similar to the reconcentrado order by "Butcher" Weyler in Cuba.

And here is what Webster Davis says about the flag of truce atrocities: "We have seen many charges made by British officers and British newspaper correspondents that the Boers have frequently outraged the white flag and the Red Cross flag. Upon investigation, not only among the Boers themselves, but among 400 British prisoners, including the officers, who were at Pretoria when we were there, we learned that these charges were absolutely unfounded. On the contrary we did learn that this was a set-up job to deceive not only the people of Great Britain at home, but to deceive the people of other civilized countries. The truth is, and I defy contradiction, that the British soldiers themselves are the parties who violated many of the rules of civilized warfare and frequently ignored the white flag and the Red Cross flag.

"It was my fortune to witness some of these scenes myself. On the top of Spion Kop, when that wonderful battle was almost over, a young Boer soldier—not more than 17 years of age—was passing by a wounded British soldier and the British soldier asked him for a drink of water. As the tender hearted Boer lad was kneeling down by his side to let him drink water from his own canteen that British soldier thrust a bayonet into the poor boy's side and I myself talked with him and, kneeling by him, shed tears when he died.

"At the battle of Dundee," Webster continues, "there was a lull in the firing for a time, on account of the Boers seeing a buggy approaching them rapidly and floating a white flag. All awaited its arrival. At a distance of about 600 yards from them the buggy stopped, wheeled about, dropped the white flag and the innocent-looking buggy was suddenly transformed into a murderous Maxim gun, which felled nearly a dozen Boers."

If the Knowlesses say that these are isolated cases, then I beg them to remember that this is but one witness and one cannot possibly witness all points of even one battlefield, and that this witness is an impartial one, having no pecuniary interest in either side, only the motives of a common humanity to sway his convictions.

The next witnesses are from among Knowles' friends. The first is an officer of the Fifth Lancers, describing the butchery of a large number of surrendering Boers at Elandslagte. He says: "After the enemy were driven out, one of our squadrons pursued and got right in among them in the twilight, and most excellent pig-sticking ensued for about ten minutes, the bag being about sixty."

A corporal wrote it in these words: "The Boers fell off their horses and rolled among the rocks, hiding their heads with their arms, calling for mercy, calling to be shot—anything to escape the stab of those terrible lances through their backs and bowels. But not many escaped. We just gave them a good dig as they lay. Next day most of the lances were bloody."

And this is by a trooper: "We got a charge at them. They threw up their arms and fell on their knees for mercy. But we were told not to give them any, and I can assure you they got none. We went along sticking our lances through them. I assure you it was a terrible thing."

How a government whose army system breeds such men, or rather makes of men fiends incarnate, can find sympathizers anywhere but in a den of robbers, passeth my understanding.

Truly spake Knowles on Sunday, when he said, "The tyrant in peace is the brute in war."

JACOB LAUX.

Duluth, July 1.

ALLEMANIA CLOSED.

St. Paul, June 1.—Public Examiner E. M. Pope yesterday afternoon closed the reorganized Allemania bank, placing Deputy H. C. Koerner in charge. The bank was reorganized two years ago after having failed about two years previously, the former depositors being given long time certificates. Several suits have been commenced by depositors holding these certificates and to save further expense Gen. Pope closed the bank.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

HE FAVORS LANKY BOB

George Siler Favors "Fitz" In His Fight With Gus Ruhlin.

THE FIGHTING DOPE

Cannot Always Be Relied Upon---He Admits Ruhlin Has Improved.

Chicago, June 1.—Now that the smoke of the Jeffries-Corbett battle has cleared away, preparations are being made for the encounter between Bob Fitzsimmons and "Big Gus" Ruhlin.

While this battle may not set the world ablaze, it is important to the contestants, as the winner will be in line to talk business to Champion Jim Jeffries. I do not wish to infer that the latter will condescend to negotiate with the winner only, as he has already sent forth his manifesto to all the heavyweights.

But the victor will have the first look in, so to speak. The contest, as already known, is scheduled to take place at Tuckahoe June 15, under the auspices of the Westchester club, it having been postponed at the request of Fitzsimons from June 1 on account of an injury to one of his hands.

On past performances, or according to fight dope, which at best is bad, it looks as though Fitzsimmons would win. We simply figure him as a winner on Ruhlin's fights with McCoy, Sharkey and Maher. Gus was easily outpointed by McCoy in Syracuse, was knocked out in the first round by Sharkey at Coney Island and went the limit with Maher at the Lenox club.

When he met McCoy he was comparatively a novice. Sharkey's quick victory was considered lucky. Not that the sailor did not outclass him at the time, but as he had never before knocked out a man of Ruhlin's caliber in such quick time it was thought a lucky shot. That, however, is neither here nor there. Sharkey has him on his record of victims. His fight with Maher went the limit and was declared a draw.

The press accounts of that contest say it was the greatest from a slugging standpoint that ever took place in this country. Both men were battered beyond recognition, and were so exhausted at the finish that a tenth-rate lightweight could have gone into the ring and whipped them both. That, I take it, was the best fight Ruhlin ever put up, and proved him to be game and a glutton for punishment. Figuring his fights with Sharkey and Maher, and those of Fitzsimmons with the same men, his chance to win from the latter is indeed very slim.

That, however, is fight dope, and fight dope, like horse dope, cannot always be relied upon. Some may argue that Ruhlin fought Jeffries a 20-round draw and that the latter having defeated Fitzsimmons, he, Ruhlin, must therefore be better than Fitz. But that is also dope, and on that dope he looks the better.

Take Ruhlin of the McCoy, Sharkey, Maher and Jeffries fights is not the Ruhlin of today, and it's a question whether the Fitzsimmons that defeated Maher and that made a chopping block of Sharkey in San Francisco is as good now as he was upon those occasions. One thing is certain. Ruhlin has been coming, and Fitz, if he has not gone back, is surely standing still, pugilistically speaking.

I saw Gus against Jack McCormack here last winter, and I noticed a great improvement since his battle with McCoy. Upon that occasion he was a swinger pure and simple. In his fight with McCormack straight punching was his forte. He failed to put the latter away, but his showing, from a scientific standpoint, was all that could be asked for. Every blow he delivered was accurate and no wild swings were indulged in.

It must be remembered that at that time he was a bit crude at the straight punching game. In fact, was just shifting from wings. It took Billy Madden, his manager, who in his day was as clever as any one in the business, quite some time to convince Gus that the quickest and shortest route to an opponent's anatomy was a straight delivery. He undoubtedly remembered his lessons, as he sent Jim Jeffords along Queen street with a straight left hand punch, then finished him with a short right jolt on the jaw.

Since then, or rather during the last two months of Corbett's training for his fight with Jeffries, he has been constantly boxing with the former. This daily practice with Corbett has, it is said, improved immensely. It's a question, however, whether his boxing with Corbett has improved his old style, that of straight hitting, or whether he has adopted the Corbett style, which by some would be considered an improvement.

It is difficult to teach an old dog new tricks, and the probability is that should he try the new tricks taught to him by Corbett upon some boxer other than the latter, he might make a mess of it. All fighters, and Ruhlin is no exception, have a set way of boxing. A style that they naturally fall into, or a style they have been studying for years.

Teach them something new and you'll find that in practice they will be better perfect, but let them stack up for keeps against some one other than their instructor, and it's dollars to doughnuts they'll fall back into their old style. If not, they will be apt to get the old and the new style mixed and then get walloped.

Corbett's method of boxing is different from anybody's else. His foot work also differs from other fighters. He is graceful in the ring, is a good judge of distance, a lightning hitter, and furthermore, a clever ducker. The most of this fine work came natural to him.

Besides this, he has made a study of the scientific points of the game for years, and that has made him what he is today, the cleverest and most artistic boxer in the world. He, of course, imparted some of his knowledge of boxing to Ruhlin, but the latter's style differs so much from Corbett's that it is a question whether he derived any benefit by sparring with him, that is with regard to change of delivery.

His improvement, if there be any, would be in foot work, judge of distance, and probably how to slip out of corners. He required those tricks and if he learned them they will prove valuable in his coming and all future fights.

I've noticed lately several illustrations with Fitz showing new blows, etc. The latter is an old dog at the fighting game, and as his old blows and tricks landed him a winner in all his fights with the exception of that with Jeffries, it strikes me he would stick to them. Fitz, although advanced in years, is a well preserved man and honestly believes there are several good fights left in him yet. Should he win over Ruhlin, fight followers, I think, would like to see him take on Sharkey just to erase that San Francisco fight from the records. The winner would then be in line for Jeffries again, and the victor of that battle would be entitled to a long rest.

Jeffries is a champion in every sense of the word, as never in the history of the prize ring has a heavyweight battled as frequently as has he. Three fights within a year is a record to be proud of, still, he is not content to lay off with that, but is willing to take on any of the big fellows at once.

He begins with Corbett, his last victim, and gives him until June 2 to cover his forfeit of $2500. Fitzsimmons can do business within the next few weeks along the same financial lines that, Fitz, exacted from Jeff, viz, 65 per cent to the latter, win or lose. Sharkey and Ruhlin can have a look in on a basis of 75 per cent to the winner and 25 per cent to the loser. Regarding McCoy, the "champ" says he will be considered after his fight with Sharkey, and then only should he win.

GEORGE SILER.

A PADDED CELL.

Construction of One at County Jail Is at Present Under Way.

There is now being constructed in the county jail a convenience that has long been needed, a padded cell. The sheriffs for a dozen terms have asked for it, and talked to the county board eloquently to convert it to the view that it ought to put one in. Not long ago the board finally gave in and authorized the construction of a padded cell, and the work is now in progress.

When it is finished, unfortunate individuals with their poor brains pulsing with frenzy will have a lovely place where they can have all the fun they want with themselves and not run the slightest chance of being hurt. The reason a padded cell is needed is that among the many insane cases that are placed in the county jail between the time when they are captured and the time when they are removed to the state insane hospitals, there are some that are particularly violent, showing homicidal or suicidal tendencies and more commonly a desire to destroy anything they can get hold of.

In the past all there has been for them was a bare cell, with no furniture whatever for them to destroy. But the bars and metal doors were there, and there was great danger of some of the violent patients doing themselves great injury by running upon them. The only way to do was to strap them down in the cell when they got too bad, but this is not a good way to do.

Now they will have a whole cell to themselves, and they can turn somersaults, butt their heads against the walls and the floors and do almost anything they feel like doing without any injury resulting, either to themselves or to the jail property. The entire cell, which is near the outer door in the lower tier of cells, has been boarded up, leaving two narrow openings on the corridor. On the boarding excelsior four or five inches thick will be placed and covered, top, sides and bottom, and even on the door. Then the cell will be in fine shape for the reception of raving maniacs, who can throw all the fits they want to in comfort.

The stuff the jail is made of was shown by the trouble the men working on the cell had to get out two short pieces of the bars on the corridor side of the cell, where the openings are to be. The bar is not much over an inch thick, but it took two days and the hardest kind of work to saw, cut and break those two little pieces out. The bars are of the finest kind of steel used for that purpose, and the difficulty experienced in making openings large enough to put a hand through leads to the conclusion that prisoners intending to break their way out would have the time of their lives in doing so.

PRELIMINARY CONTESTS.

Aspirants For Places on High School Track Team Competing.

At Oneota park this afternoon the aspirants for place on the High school field and track team are being put through the preliminaries which will result in the selection of a team to meet Ironwood High school on June 9. For this afternoon's preliminary meet a program of fifteen events has been prepared. Practically every man in the school that can do anything in the way of athletics has entered for this afternoon's events.

Next Friday the track team will go to Ironwood, where they will contest with the high school boys of that place. The bike races have been cut out of the program of events with Ironwood, but there will be some spirited racing done today. The two Haig boys, Miller McDougall and Henry Talboys have entered.

G. A. R. RATES.

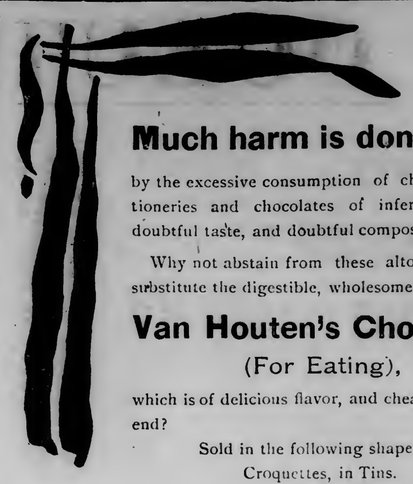
Chicago, June 1.—At a meeting of the Western executive passenger officials here yesterday the controversy over the Grand Army of the Republic rates was practically settled. The Wisconsin Central decided to abandon the idea of giving St. Paul and Minneapolis a cent-a-mile rate to the encampment and to uphold the decision to grant a flat one-fare rate. One of the roads, it is said, has not conclusively decided to accept the Wisconsin Central's "apology," but it is thought it will fall into line for the sake of harmony.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

MANAGER MIACO DEAD.

New York, June 1.—Thomas E. Miaco, a threatical manager, who in his younger days was a circus clown, died in a New York hospital from injuries received from falling from a stairway in the Morton house on Tuesday morning. He was 59 years of age. Mr. Miaco was the owner of the following theaters: The Trocadero, Philadelphia; the Trocadero, Chicago; the Dewey, Minneapolis; the Star, St. Paul, and the Trocadero in Omaha. He was also manager-proprietor of several traveling burlesque companies.

Homes are Happy
where there's always plenty of
HIRES
Rootbeer
on hand. A temperance drink for everybody. Cool and refreshing.
5 gallons for 25 cents
Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.



Much harm is done daily

by the excessive consumption of cheap confectioneries and chocolates of inferior quality, doubtful taste, and doubtful composition.

Why not abstain from these altogether, and substitute the digestible, wholesome

Van Houten's Chocolate

(For Eating),

which is of delicious flavor, and cheapest in the end?

Sold in the following shapes:—
Croquettes, in Tins.
Drops, in Tins.
Square Tablets
Small Bars.

This product ranks among the existing brands of chocolate for eating as Van Houten's Cocoa does among the cocoas; it is the most delicious in flavor and the most economical in use.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back; Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Ambition, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS

Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

A WESTERN NOMINEE

(Continued from page 3.)

the time rolls around to elect a speaker again, but he evidently looks upon this as mere talk.

Not very long ago he announced that several measures which many others are interested in do not commend themselves to him, and consequently he has determined that they shall go over. One of these is the St. Louis World's fair bill. The speaker has no constitutional or legal right to decide as to this. It is a question for the house to decide. But instead of the house asserting its rights, a humble petition to the speaker has been prepared requesting his gracious permission for the consideration of the bill.

Nearly or quite two-thirds of the members have meekly signed this petition, and, it is said, it will be presented to him immediately. It would be quite suitable for these men, who have no more independence, to take the petition to his room and get on their bended knees when they hand it to him. For many years after this government was formed any speaker of the house acting in this manner would have been summarily deposed.

* * *

The passage of the army appropriation bill makes some important changes in the pay tables of the service and establishes a rate for both officers and men serving beyond the states almost as liberal as prevailed in the time of actual war.

By the bill's provisions officers serving in the Philippines, Hawaii, Alaska, Cuba and Porto Rico are allowed 10 per cent increase an denlisted men 20 per cent. A uniform rate of travel is also allowed discharged soldiers and men proceeding from the colonies and Alaska to their home or place of enlistment, the rate being fixed at 4 cents a mile on shore and actual expenses on sea. Paymasters' clerks are allowed longevity pay at the rate of $1800 for those serving over sixteen years, $1600 for those serving over ten years, $1500 for those serving over five years and all others $1400.

* * *

The navy yard at Havana, which since the occupation of Cuba by American troops has been in charge of a naval officer, is to be turned over to the jurisdiction of the military authorities and the place abandoned for naval purposes.

The transfer is made at request of the war department, which expects to take steps to improve the conditions prevailing at the station and make it a more habitable place. There has been no intention on the part of the navy department to continue the station as a navy yard, at least for the present. Minister Storer has completed negotiations by which the Spanish government agrees to sell the large floating dock at Havana for $250,000, and if on examination it is found in fair condition the purchase money will be paid over.

* * *

There will be no cruise of Admiral Schley's squadron on the South Atlantic station across to Cape Town and South African waters, which the navy department would have ordered but for the war in the Transvaal.

This decision was reached several weeks ago, when it seemed evident that pace was a long way off. Admiral Schley has been anxious to take his ships on this cruise, and while Cape Town is within the geographical limits of his station, he is prevented by direct orders of the secretary from leaving South American waters. The autumn weather is now approaching in Brazil and the unhealthful conditions prevailing for the last six months are passing away. While the North Atlantic ships may be in the speel of some hot wave this summer, Admiral Schley's will be in cool weather until late next autumn, when the spring comes around again for Brazil. J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

TO TAKE IN SUPERIOR.

Duluth Street Railway Files Amended Articles of Incorporation.

St. Paul, June 1.—Amended articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state by the Duluth Street Railway company, authorizing the company to extend its lines to Superior, Wis., increasing the debt limit to $2,500,000 and providing for nine directors to be elected in July of this year, the present board to act in the interval.

St. Barnabas hospital, of Minneapolis, filed articles of incorporation, providing that the bishop and bishop coadjutor, if any, of the diocese, and all the pastors of the Episcopal churches of Minneapolis, shall be members of the corporation.

Articles of incorporation were filed by the Church of St. Albert, of Little Falls.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Chicago,—Kansas City, 4; Chicago, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At New York—Pittsburg, 6; New York, 4.
At Boston—Boston, 2; Cincinnati, 1.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	28	20	8	.714
Milwaukee	33	19	14	.576
Cleveland	32	17	15	.531
Kansas City	36	19	17	.528
Chicago	35	17	18	.480
Minneapolis	35	16	19	.457
Buffalo	32	12	20	.375
Detroit	31	11	20	.355

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	31	21	10	.677
Brooklyn	31	17	14	.548
St. Louis	32	18	14	.563
Chicago	34	17	17	.500
Boston	29	11	18	.379
Cincinnati	32	13	19	.406
New York	31	11	20	.355

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

If You are Tired

Take

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

It affords immediate relief in mental and physical exhaustion and insomnia.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

DR. PIERCE

Room I, No. 6 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the Knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat. Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

TAKING THE CENSUS

Salient Points of the Work of the Bureau Discussed By William Rush Merriam, Director of the Census.

A HIGH STANDARD IS SET

The following article by ex-Governor W. R. Merriam, director of the census, appears in this week's issue of Collier's Weekly, and gives a good idea of the vast amount of labor involved in counting the population of the United States, and the elaborate preparations made for taking the twelfth census:

The preliminary work incident to taking the enumeration of the people of the United States is practically finished, and on the first of June, in accordance with the act under which this bureau is organized, an army of enumerators will proceed to count the citizens of the republic and collect a great many other facts pertaining to its agricultural and mechanical and manufacturing industries that will be of profound interest, not only to ourselves but to all the inhabitants of the civilized world.

The census taken in the year of our Lord 1900 means a great deal more, and involves a great deal more, than a similar work in the year 1789. It is not likely that the gentleman who acted as superintendent of the first census had the slightest conception of what a similar operation would mean at the end of the nineteenth century. Originally the census was taken for the purpose of enumerating the inhabitants of the country, with a view of carrying into effect the constitutional enactment requiring the apportionment, every ten years, of the members of the national legislature in proportion to the number of people contained in the Federal Union. As the years have gone on, from a mere count of inhabitants the census has developed into a vast industrial and sociological undertaking, until today the work placed upon this bureau has no counterpart, so far as a statistical enterprise is concerned, in the civilized world.

I think it may be safely said, that no country under the sun compares in thoroughness in the work of census-taking with the United States. For example, Germany takes its census at no set period, and, beyond a complete enumeration, attempts to tabulate but few additional statistics. France reserves to herself a count of the people alone; while Great Britain limits her statistics to the same plan. Italy has taken no census since 1891, owing to the financial straits

EX-GOVERNOR MERRIAM.

of the government. In some of the South American states they do more or less in the way of statistic-gathering, but nothing that compares with our own work. So it may be safely said that the United States is far in advance of all other nations in many things, even that of census-taking.

The plans for taking the census vary in all parts of the world, according to circumstances. For example, in England they take the census in a single night, through the medium of registrars, who appoint enumerators and prepare returns within their own districts. Such a plan would, however, be thoroughly impracticable in a country so sparsely settled in many parts as is the United States. In Sweden the services of the clergy are enlisted in co-operation with the civil authorities; but here, as elsewhere, schedules to be filled out by the householder are used.

During its earlier history the census bureau was in charge of the state department. In 1850 it passed to the secretary of the interior, who organized a Census board, and from that time up to this it has always remained a part of the interior department. Changes have taken place from time to time in its plan of operation, but prior to the year 1880 the census was taken at each decade by a superintendent, who, as a rule, formulated such plans as he thought would best enable him to carry into effect the mandates of congress in connection with this subject. There has been, however, during the last four decades—that is, up to the year 1889—no well-formulated plan for developing the practical administration of the Census Bureau, although some of the men who have had charge of the work during the past three decades have been very eminent in the field known as census work. Gen. Francis A. Walker took charge of the census in 1870-80, and was conspicuously successful, leaving the work, however, when at its height, to become president of a scientific college in Massachusetts. My own immediate predecessor, Mr. Porter, in view of the enormous amount of work put upon him and the lack of a well-defined law which would give him proper opportunity to organize, assumed and, I think it may be well conceded, carried to a successful conclusion one of the most tremendous undertakings in the way of census work ever given to any one man to perform. Those who are acquainted with all the facts incident to Mr. Porter's burden believe him to be entitled to the fullest consideration and the highest commendation from his fellow-citizens.

The act of 1899, under which the bureau is now in operation, is a wide departure from any previous legislation upon the subject of census-taking. Up to the present time the plan was merely to gather a force of statistical experts and clerks together with the greatest rapidity possible, put them to work under the best chiefs obtainable, and finish the undertaking as soon as possible; thus giving a spasmodic atmosphere to the whole affair. There was a lack of a well-defined plan, and as a result the outcome necessarily was not always satisfactory. The law under which the twelfth census is being operated is better than anything heretofore enacted by the national legislature for the purpose of taking a census. The executive and statistical branches of the work are so sharply defined that it is possible to make the individual in charge of each inquiry responsible for lack of method or tardiness in securing results. The director has general privilege of the administration, and under him an assistant director, who is a trained statistician, to whom is assigned the general oversight of the various statisticians employed by the bureau. There are five chief statisticians in all, and a certain line of work is given to each one to prepare and finish. In this way responsibility can be placed, and each statistician held responsible for the proper fulfillment of his duties. The last census required between six and eight years to prepare, tabulate and finish. The law under which we are now organized directs us to complete the four census reports proper—that is, agriculture, population, vital statistics, mechanical and manufacturing inquiries—within two years from the first of the coming July. All of the work of the office, and all of its plans have been laid out with this in view, although it is almost impossible in emergency work of this kind to calculate, with any accuracy, the amount of time that will be required to acquire certain information, and the necessities that will arise before the same can be properly tabulated and printed must be more or less of a conjecture; but no effort will be spared to carry out the law of congress, and so far as we can see we shall be able, at the date named, to give the public the census reports in accordance with the present law.

In order to effect these results, however, it has been necessary to lay out a definite plan of organization, not only for the preliminary work, but to provide a large clerical force, a large building, a large printing office, and enormous quantities of stationery, blanks, etc. For the past fifteen months the officers in charge of the work have been recruiting an army consisting of supervisors named by the president of the United States for work in different parts of the country, appointed nearly a year ago. These supervisors have selected and named, for the purpose of taking the enumeration on June 1 and gathering data, 52,000 enumerators. In addition, there are special agents to the number of nearly 2200, engaged in securing reports on manufacturing and mechanical institutions, as well as other data in connection with the agricultural inquiry. All of these enumerators and special agents have to undergo a test of a certain character, to determine their fitness for the work. Millions of schedules of various kinds have been sent to the supervisors, to be delivered to the enumerators for the purpose of using in their work on June 1. It may be said in passing, that much of the success or failure of the census will be determined by the faithfulness and efficiency shown by the supervisors and enumerators. Supervision and enumeration are the basic factors of all census work, as these are the facts upon which the whole fabric is reared. A great deal of pains has been taken by those in charge of the office work to secure not only capable supervisors but a high class of enumerators. It was found in the last census that thousands and thousands of schedules that were sent to the office were utterly unintelligible and practically of no value. It is hoped under the careful system in vogue in this office at this time to avoid the difficulties of the work of a similar character in the previous decade.

While all the preparation has been going on for the taking of the enumeration and the gathering of other statistics, provision has been made for the acquiring of a large clerical force necessary to do the actual work after the statistics have reached the office. It was found, after securing the best data obtainable, that 3200 people would be required to care for the statistics and put them in presentable shape and prepare them for the printing office within the two-year limit provided by law. One thousand of these clerks, however, will only be employed in using what are known as the Holerith tabulating machines, for about six months from July 1. Your readers will undoubtedly be very much interested to know that the great census of 1900 is to be counted by electricity, thus invoking this great hidden force which has so long baffled all scientists, but has proved so efficacious in carrying into effect man's requirements. It is proposed to employ 1000 clerks in transferring data from the enumerators' sheets to cards about 3 by 6 inches in size. There will be in all 100,000,000 of these cards. This transference is done first by preparing a card for each person enumerated, showing the characteristics of such person. The cards used for this purpose are printed with letters and symbols so arranged that by punching holes in the proper spaces we get the following information regarding the individual: race, sex, color, age, conjugal condition, birthplace of person, of father, mother, years in the United States, occupation, school attendance, etc. These cards, though only seven one-thousandths of an inch in thickness would form a stack nine miles high and would weigh 100 tons.

This transcript from the original returns of the enumerator to the punched card will be done with small machines something like typewriters, called keyboard punchers. About 1000 of these will be used, and the entire work of transcribing the 75,000,000 or more individual records will be done in about 100 working days, or nearly four months. These punched record cards are then counted, or tabulated, in the electrical tabulating machines. These machines are provided with a circuit-closing device, into which the cards are rapidly fed one by one. The holes in the card control the electric circuits through a number of counters, which will, as desired, count the simple facts as to the number of males, females, etc., or the most complicated combination which the statistician may ask for. After the cards for a given district are thus passed through the tabulating machine, we know the number of native-born white males of voting age, the number of white children under 5 years of age born in this country with both parents native-born, or the number of such children with one or both parents foreign-born, or any other information contained in the enumerator's sheet which the statistician desires tabulated. In short, it is only necessary for the statistician to decide upon the information wanted, and for the electrician to make the proper connection from the counters and relays to the circuit controlling device into which the cards are fed. The methods employed for checking the proper workings of the machines are ingenious and interesting. If the card is not completely punched, or not properly fed to the machine, or is placed upside down, or if some item has been overlooked, or, in fact, if everything is not all right, the machine refuses to work and the card is rejected. Neither will the machine work if the circuit-controlling device is operated without a card in place. Such a machine has also the advantage that it will not make mistakes because it is tired or does not feel well, or because the weather is warm, or by reason of the thousand and one causes which will upset the human machine.

At least 800 clerks and messengers will be employed to tabulate properly the results derived from the punching machines. There will be, in addition, about 750 clerks employed in the agricultural department, 400 in the office of the chief statistician for manufactures, sixty in the office of the statistician for vital statistics and about 250 in miscellaneous branches of the work. In order to provide for housing this aggregation, a contract was entered into last year with one of the wealthy citizens of Washington, who has provided a building capable of holding the entire force and admirably adapted for the census work. It is almost entirely on the one floor, with two large rooms holding 900 people each, covering in all about two acres of ground. It is the first time in the history of census work that proper headquarters have been provided, and it is believed that great economy will ensue by reason of having a proper administartion building. The census office, after all, is nothing but a great statistical bureau, and in the employment of so large a force it is necessary to pursue the same general tactics of administration as are usually observed in industrial institutions. The clerical force has been gathered from all parts of the United States, a systematic form of examination for all applicants having been provided for, and it is believed that the individuals selected are as well adapted for the work required of them as any similar body of people could be under the same circumstances. The real test of any clerical force, after all, lies in experience of the persons making it up, but it is not possible under the system heretofore pursued by congress in permitting the experienced people in census work to be scattered to the four winds and a new force gathered each time.

After the four great inquiries are finished, called the census reports proper, the office is instructed under the law to make special inquiry into various other interesting subjects, among which are the following—the insane, feeble-minded, deaf, dumb and blind; crime, pauperism and benevolence; social statistics of cities; public indebtedness, valuation and expenditure; electric light and power, telephone and telegraph business; transportation by water, express business and street railway; mines and mining, etc., etc. These, when published, will be denominated as "Special Census Reports," and the office is forbidden to take any of them up until we have finished the census reports proper. From time to time congress will undoubtedly assign other inquiries to the census office, and, in view of the fact that this data must be gathered as of the date when the inquiry is instituted, practically four or five years will be consumed in gathering the special reports. These results will be of considerable value to students of economics within our colleges.

Legislation is now being had that will involve the consolidation of all the statistical branches of the government in such a way as to bring them into close harmony and to utilize them so as to be of great advantage when the census proper is to be taken. Coming to the end of the century, and at a time when prosperity seems to overspread the land, the two great industries that will attract most attention will be those of agriculture and manufacturing. Agriculture, of course, the basic factor of our national wealth, will be given the fullest consideration, and for the first time, I think, in the history of the country we shall have a much clearer idea of the value of the farming industry, its possibilities and its importane than heretofore. A most thorough plan has been laid out for gathering all of the possible data relating to this most interesting feature of our national wealth. The collection of statistics relating to manufacturing has been intrusted to one of the most successful of statisticians, S. N. D. North, of Boston, secretary of the Wool association, and the carefulness and thoroughness with which he has undertaken the work leads us to believe that the results will not only be extremely satisfactory, but will be astonishing to our own people and to the world at large as well. Nations over the earth are continually fighting for new territory, with a view of enlarging their markets, exploiting new lands, giving opportunities for new citizenship, and of keeping quiet their own people by providing newer markets for the results of their labors. Armaments and navies are being constructed in all parts of the civilized world, with a view of not only defending territory already absorbed, but preparing the way for new lands to conquer. Under such conditions the industrial situation in America must excite the liveliest consideration. It is believed at this time, with high prices so common to all articles of commerce, with activity in almost every field of labor, that the amounts involved will be beyond all doubt far in excess of the wildest flights of the imagination. Activity in every field is noted, and to emphasize this and give a complete picture of our manufacturing industry will be the effort of those in charge of this most interesting undertaking.

Such, in brief, are the salient points in connection with the work of the twelfth census. In effect it is the aim of the census bureau to produce a great photograph spread upon a broad canvas, not only of our material acquisitions, but of our intellectual and moral growth, indicating the standard we have adopted and the plane on which we are content to abide.

A FETCHING COLLARETTE.

Nothing could be prettier and more becoming than this dainty collarette for a decollete corsage. It is made of white mousseline de sole, which is held in soft folds about the throat, and cut in points to form a sort of sailor collar effect over the shoulders and at the chest. The collars are exquisitely finished with points of delicate Cluny appliqued to the mousseline, a scarf of the same having lace points at each end is caught up in a fluffy bow-knot where the collar meets in front.

ENDORSE MILLER.

Milwaukee, June 1.—The biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers completed its business and adjourned sine die last evening. The closing session was mainly devoted to routine business. A resolution was adopted unanimously endorsing J. W. Miller, of Two Harbors, Minn., as a man suited for the position of railroad and warehouse commissioner of Minnesota.

CIVIL BILL PASSED.

Washington, June 1.—The senate yesterday afternoon passed the sundry civil appropriation bill, which has been under consideration for nearly a week. The amendment providing for an appropriation of $5,000,000 for the Louisiana purchase exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903, was continued in the bill.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

HANNA AS SEEN TODAY

He Limps, He Groans and He Swears and He Suffers Much.

HE IS IN BAD HEALTH

The Boss Not So Thick Skinned as Some People Imagine.

Washington, June 1.—He limps; he groans; he swears. He is slightly bald. His remaining hairs are gray. He has a Celtic cast of countenance. That is Mark Hanna.

I saw Mr. Hanna at the capitol the other day as he entered the senate chamber. He was leaning painfully on a cane and the lines in his face were set. Yet he followed the proceedings of the senate carefully. The senate was considering the naval appropriation bill. That may have been the reason he was so interested, because one of the provisions of that bill authorized the purchase of some guns—Gathmann guns—in the manufacture of which one of Mr. Hanna's relatives is deeply interested.

That is probably the reason the provision was in the bill, for the ordnance experts have repeatedly declared the particular type of gun to be worthless. At any rate, Mr. Hanna was interested. Bue even his interest couldn't induce the senate to adopt the Gathmann gun provision.

Three hours later the well-disciplined colored boy, who has brass buttons running up and down his closely fitting jacket and who himself never runs when the front door bell of Mr. Hanna's mansion rings, told me the senator was sick—and in bed.

Now, of course, it couldn't have been the failure of the senate to buy the Gathmann gun that made him sick. No, it wasn't that. Mr. Hanna is in bad health. His friends admit that besides that ever present and most persistent rheumatism, he has trouble with his heart, and they say that at times he is unable to sleep. He can't lie down and has to sit in a chair because, forsooth, he can't walk except on a cane.

And this is the man who, it is generally believed, will again shoulder the immense responsibility of making McKinley president for another term.

People who don't know Mr. Hanna well have an idea that he is impervious to criticism; that he doesn't care a rap—he wouldn't say rap; he would say something else—what the newspapers say or what the people think. They judge this because of the fact that he has survived one of the most continuous attacks, not only in word, but in picture, that any public man of the nation ever had to endure.

But just the same, Mr. Hanna isn't that thick skinned. He's gruff and he's courageous and he goes ahead when he makes up his mind to anything, with a bulldog determination—he's all this, and yet Mr. Hanna does resent criticism. He resents it and he gets angry and—he gets even.

The chairmanship of the Republican party is to Hanna what long hair was to Samson of biblical fame. If he should retire from the political arena and decline to direct the next campaign, Mr. Hanna would cease to be the great political bugaboo that he is at present. He would drop quietly out of the public life.

Mr. Hanna is not influential because he is a statesman in the true sense of the word; he is not influential because he is scholarly; nor is he influential because he is eloquent. He simply holds the whip end of the lash because he is chairman of the G. O. P. and because he claims to have found and made McKinley. And having discovered and elevated McKinley, of course he has the dispensation of patronage.

Patronage is power.

Remove the patronage, and just as Samson lost his strength when the heartless Delilah cut his hair, so will Mark Hanna lose his political strength.

Now he is a power in the United States senate because he stands as the president's next friend, to whom all must look for favors. But remove that and the big boss would sink into insignificance.

But just the same, Mr. Hanna has a lot of resource. He knows that the Philadelphia convention is going to be a cut and dried affair from the moment it convenes until the final adjournment. And he is wise enough to realize that the people know this.

But he wants a crowd there. And so do the Philadelphians, for that matter, because they want to get back their $100,000. So Mr. Hanna has decided to add some dime museum features to the affair by exhibiting to his enthusiastic political serfs a collection of all the original Republicans there are in the land.

He had his scouts out through the country looking for the founders of the party that nominated and elected Lincoln and Grant and Garfield. All such worthy persons who are found will be invited to attend the convention as guests of the party, and their expenses will be paid from the campaign fund, which is said to be already growing to magnificent proportions.

Thus far twelve of the party's founders have been found in the land of the living. But two of these are Democrats. It is therefore clearly out of the question to invite them to Philadelphia. The other ten will be there on exhibition and will be asked to make speeches.

So it is probable that what the convention lacks in excitement over contests will be made up for by the enthusiasm that Mr. Hanna hopes these old-time Republicans will incite.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

St. Paul, June 1.—Seven decisions were handed down by Justice Lewis of the supreme court yesterday afternoon. Five of them are reversals of the district court decisions. The reversals are: Vance King, respondent, vs. the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, appellant, a personal injury case. Christ Treischot, respondent, vs. the Great Northern Railway company, appellant. Suit for damage to crops through overflow; new trial granted. J. R. Watkins Medical company, appellant, vs. Dr. Ward's Medical company, respondent. To enjoin use of a certain trade mark. George Wagen, respondent, vs. Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway company, appellant. Suit for personal injuries, while Wagen was employed as a baggageman. Evidence did not justify verdict. City of Albert Lea, respondent, vs. N. T. Davies, J. P. Nelson and J. R. Burdick, appellants, three cases in which the appellants, former owners of a lake at Albert Lea, had begun action for damage on account of overflow of lands from the mill dam which they had abandoned.

The decisions of the lower court are affirmed in the cases of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, appellant, vs. Silas King et al, respondents, an action in ejectment. Anna Johnson, respondent, vs. H. Bergman, defendant; Great Northern Railway company, appellant, action for garnishment.

A FICHU WRAP AND PICTURE HAT.

The airy summer wrap is by no means an unimportant part of the summer outfit. There is nothing more truly feminine than this artistically designed wrap, consisting of folds and pleatings of White Liberty silk, trimmed generously with black lace insertions and edging. Worn with the large picturesque hat of white crepe de chine faced with black velvet, and its group of nodding black plumes for trimming, no women could fail to look charming and delightful.

A WESTERN NOMINEE

Feeling In Republican Circles For Vice President From the West.

FAIRBANKS IN FAVOR

Indiana Senator Now Seems to Be the Most Available Candidate.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A leading Republican newspaper of Philadelphia is of the opinion that there is a new predominating party feeling favorable to a vice presidential nominee from the West. Doubtless President McKinley desires that the convention shall make its choice from his official household, and Secretary of the Navy Long is believed to be the one of all others who would give him complete satisfaction, but there are other and more important factors to be considered. There are many Republicans who believe that the candidate for vice president must be a man who will share the popularity of Bryan in the states where he has the strongest following. It is foolish, they argue, to belittle Bryan's popularity and strength in some of the Western states which gave to him their electoral votes four years ago. And this is good politics. The tide of opinion in favor of a Western candidate from now on promises to be of such volume that the president and Chairman Hanna will be forced to see the wisdom of such action.

There has never been any serious consideration of the proposed candidacy of Henry C. Payne, of Wisconsin. Doubtless he would be personally satisfactory to President McKinley, and particularly to Chairman Hanna with whom he was associated a few years ago in the receivership of the Union Pacific railroad. A good clean Republican from Bryan's state, even though he may never have figured to any extent in national politics, would strengthen the ticket and might be the means of restraining those Republicans in Nebraska wh ootherwise might vote the Democratic ticket because of state pride.

Iowa, though adjoining Nebraska, is Republican beyond question, and the nomination of a candidate from that state could not, it is believed, have much, if any, influence with the voters of the latter. Dolliver, to be sure, is an able man, an experienced parliamentarian, and an unswerving Republican. He has been much talked of during the past few days because of an endorsement given him by Congressman Grosvenor in an interview. With all of his qualifications and virtues it can not be said of Dolliver that he will be able to draw to any extent from a party or parties—Democrat and Populist—that he has persistently opposed and denounced throughout his congressional career.

Fairbanks is not far from a Western state, but there is greater sense displayed, arguing from an unprejudicial view point, in considering him as an available candidate than considering the candidacy of the others mentioned. Indianas usual position in a presidential campaign is that of a doubtful state, and it has often been like New York, a pivotal state. Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, is one of the ablest corporation lawyers in the country and his nomination would hardly make him strong with the masses.

Narrowed down, Fairbanks just now seems to be the most available of all the Western candidates mentioned. Of course, this speculation does not take into consideration any possible coup of the delegation from New York. Should the Empire state Republicans come to the convention united on a candidate they would naturally be a powerful factor in determining the contest.

* * *

It was only a short time ago that I stated that Gen. David B. Henderson, the present speaker of the house of representatives, was a failure in this position. It appears that he has made more enemies and in doing so has endeavored to assume a far more noticeable dictatorship than did Thomas B. Reed when he wielded the gavel in the lower house for two sessions. It will also be recalled that I stated in a recent letter to this paper that a boom might be worked up for Speaker Henderson for vice president. The attempt of his friends to expand it failed, however, and there is little likelihood now that he will be selected for President McKinley's running mate.

When Speaker Henderson began his canvass for the succession of Mr. Reed he coupled his personal appeals to members of the house with the intimation that he would not follow the arbitrary course of that gentleman in exercising despotic power over the house proceedings. Doubtless Mr. Henderson would now contend that he gave no promises on the subject. Technically and formally he might be justified in such a plea. But the impression, nevertheless, was general and well defined from all his utterances that while the Reed rules might remain in force, there would be no attempt to continue the former severe administration of them.

Henderson has woefully disappointed all expectations in this respect. If possible, so far as legislation is concerned, he has carried things with a higher hand than Mr. Reed ever attempted. Nothing whatever has been permitted to go through the house, or even to be brought up, which did not meet his personal approval. Furthermore, not one member of the house, when asking for recognition, has been able to catch his eye unless he has gone to the speaker's room, applied for and received permission to address the chair. It is absolutely monstrous such a condition of affairs should be permitted to exist, and it is almost incredible how 356 men can sit dumb and powerless as the abject slaves of one.

Recently, in open session, when a member was complaining of his inability to obtain the floor when no one else was asking for it, the speaker calmly and cooly informed that gentleman that he certainly ought to know he would not be allowed to take the floor as he had omitted to ask permission in advance. There used to be a vast deal of grumbling over Mr. Reed's tyranny, but there is much more over that of Mr. Henderson, and it is much more outspoken. Members say it was bad enough in Reed, but it is intolerable in Henderson, as he is not nearly so big a man as his predecessor. There are threats of "having it in for him" when

(Continued on Page 2.)

Sores and Ulcers DRAIN THE SYSTEM, ENDANGER LIFE.

That old sore or ulcer, which has been a source of pain, worry and anxiety to you for five or ten years—maybe longer—doesn't heal because you are not using the proper treatment, but are trying to cure it with salves and washes. While these are soothing and relieve pain to some extent, no real, permanent good can come from their use, because the disease is in the blood and far beyond the reach of external applications.

A sore heals promptly when the blood is in good condition, but **never** if it is diseased. The tendency of these old sores and ulcers is to grow worse, spreading and eating deeper into the flesh. They are a constant drain upon the system, gradually but surely ruin the health and sap the very life. A person's capacity for work or pleasure is soon lost in the great desire and search for something to cure.

S. S. S. makes a rapid and permanent cure of old sores and ulcers, and is the only medicine that does, because no other can reach deep-seated blood troubles. Ordinary Sarsaparilla and potash mixtures are too weak and watery to overcome a deadly poison that has taken possession of the blood. Do not waste valuable time experimenting with them.

A Gunshot Wound. "Some years ago I was shot in the left leg, receiving what I considered only a slight wound. It developed into a running sore and gave me a great deal of pain. I was treated by many doctors, and took a number of blood remedies, but none did me any good. I had heard S. S. S. highly recommended and concluded to give it a trial. The result was truly gratifying. S. S. S. seemed to get right at the trouble, and forced the poison out of my blood; soon afterwards the sore healed up and was cured sound and well. I now have perfect use of the leg, which was swollen and very stiff for a long time. J. H. McBRAYER, Lawrenceburg, Ky."

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known; is made of roots and herbs of wonderful purifying properties, which no poison can resist. S. S. S. quickly and effectually clears the blood of all morbid, unhealthy humors, and the old, troublesome sore heals. At the same time the general health is invigorated and built up. When a little scratch or hurt fails to heal readily, you may be sure your blood is bad. S. S. S. will soon put it in order and keep it so.

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians, who have made blood diseases a life study. If you will write them about your case, they will gladly furnish all information or advice wanted, without any charge whatever. Address SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

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17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 1.—Light to copious showers fell during yesterday or last night over Northern Montana, North Dakota, Eastern South Dakota, Western Minnesota, Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois, Southern Michigan, Eastern Missouri and Tennessee, heavy falls of rain occuring at Detroit and Memphis. The barometer is lowest near St. Paul and highest over Eastern Montana and Assinniboia. Cooler weather prevails in the lake region, the Dakotas and Montana, and it is warmer over Southern Minnesota. Threatening weather is the rule in the lake region this morning, with winds generally easterly, fresh over Western Superior and light elsewhere.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	40	Port Arthur	48
Bismarck	48	Prince Albert	40
Calgary	34	Qu' Appelle	40
Chicago	50	Rapid City	46
Davenport	54	Shreveport	72
Denver	56	St. Louis	70
Dodge City	60	St. Paul	66
Duluth	48	Sault Ste. Marie	42
Edmonton	44	Swift Current	40
Escanaba	54	Williston	42
Green Bay	52	Winnipeg	48
Havre	36	North Platte	56
Helena	46	Oklahoma	68
Huron	52	Omaha	60
Kamloops	46	Miles City	40
Kansas City	68	Milwaukee	50
La Crosse	60	Minnedosa	40
Marquette	50	Moorhead	66
Memphis	68		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers tonight; generally fair Saturday; warmer tonight and Saturday; fresh and possibly brisk northerly winds.

Chicago, June 1.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Showers this afternoon, fair tonight and Saturday; cooler north and west portions tonight. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; cooler southeast portion tonight; Upper lakes—Variable winds shifting to fresh northerly; showers this afternoon; clearing tonight; Saturday fair.

Is Slave Labor Necessary In Colonies?

In an article recently published in the Berlin Tageblatt, the celebrated African explorer, Eugene Wolff, maintains that the success of colonies is problematical without slave labor. White labor, according to his observations, will never be able to accomplish much. The success of the German colonies in Africa, according to his idea, is dependent on the importation of Asiatic labor. The same theory has been advanced by Senator Cullom with regard to the Hawaiian islands, also based on personal observations, and it may be said that similar ideas prevail as to Porto Rico. The products of these colonies, it is claimed, cannot be raised to advantage with white labor. Of course the experiment has never been made and the mere assertion, therefore, goes for nothing. The trial will have to be made as soon as coolie and peon labor are interdicted by law.

The Denver Post recalls the fact that time was when it was asserted that cotton could not be raised to advantage without slave labor. It has been done, however, and more cotton is raised today by free labor than under the old system. The commercialism of today may, and no doubt does, regard coolie labor as necessary for the successful cultivation of the soil in the colonies, and it will continue doing so until that class of labor is abolished under a constitution which does not tolerate involuntary servitude. Asiatic labor in the Hawaiian islands may be continued as the Chinese and Japanese are there in large numbers and cannot possibly be deported; but the system under which they have been working heretofore will have to be changed. The contract system must go. The same may be said of Porto Rico, where labor conditions in course of time will experience a radical change to the advantage of the native population. The negro in the South has not been driven from the cotton fields by white labor. In the same way these laborers now engaged in the colonial plantations will remain at work, but they will receive a just reward for their labor.

Fresh Claims Against the United States.

A claim against the American people for $600,000 for damages to its property has been filed by a British company that owns what was at one time a railroad in the Philippines. The Manilla & Dagupan Railway company claims that the American troops on the island of Luzon entered upon a chase after Aguinaldo and his people along that railroad and that Aguinaldo had the road as well as the rolling stock destroyed, and as the Americans claim possession of the island of Luzon they of course are liable for the damage. On the strength of this claim against the American government the railway company is now trying to raise funds in London with which to reconstruct the road and purchase new rolling stock. The company officials assert that it is entirely the fault of the Americans that the road was destroyed. Had Aguinaldo been left in peace he would never have molested the road or the rolling stock. This is probably true, and as the company cannot collect of Aguinaldo, it naturally attempts to recoup its losses from those who are in possession. It is likely that this claim of the English company will not be the only one the American government will be called upon to liquidate. It is stated that foreigners doing business in the islands have claims amounting in the aggregate to many millions which they will in due time present to our government for settlement. They will not, of course, all be paid at once, and some may never be paid, but the American people may consider themselves fortunate if the damages do not exceed the original purchase price of the islands. As the elephant is ours and our right to it is confirmed by treaty, we must prepare to meet all the expenses of its maintenance. Imperialism is a costly business.

THE SATURDAY HERALD.

The most complete newspaper published at the head of the lakes is the Saturday edition of The Herald. There is none better issued in the Northwest. In addition to all the news of the day, both the news of Duluth and the surrounding towns and of the whole Northwest, as well as the exhaustive domestic and foreign service of the Associated Press, numerous special articles, appropriately illustrated, complete the attractions that make it the most popular newspaper in this section of the country. A glance at some of the special features provided for tomorrow's edition will show what an attractive number it will be.

While roof gardens long have been used as amusement places for the gratification of patrons, only recently has it occured to religious leaders that a roof garden would prove a valuable adjunct to a church. Brooklyn is to have a church thus equipped, where the congregation may gather, far above the roar of city activity and under the stars. The Saturday Herald will tell all about it and present a picture of the structure which is now being built.

The United States has been so busy ever since its birth that it has not had time to do much for its artists. Some patriotic women have taken up the cause of this neglected class, however, and hope to arrange things so that we shall have a national gallery of art and a national salon every year, similar to the great annual French exhibition. Mrs. Henderson, wife of the ex-senator, tells of the plans for the work.

It is claimed the girls are becoming cigarette fiends as well as the boys. Willis Brown, president of the General Federation of Young People's Societies, has discovered this, and has started an active crusade to check the growing evil. He tells some enlightening facts, and gives some surprising statistics regarding the use of cigarettes by both boys and girls.

Has it occurred to you that the modern soldier needs a knowledge of shoveling rather than a knowledge of shooting? Well, he does. The army that wins today is the army that digs the best trenches. An unusually interesting story and an instructive picture will demonstrate to you the truth of this statement.

There is one man who knows the sultan's disposition, and he has no bouquets to throw at that potentate. He rather suggests bombs as the proper missiles. He is the Rev. Cyrus Hamlin, who was a resident of Constantinople for thirty-five years. His story is full of interest for Americans.

Then the fashions! Only a woman can do justice to the dainty, shimmering, summery gowns and wraps shown in the exquisite drawings by Phillips.

THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION.

The Herald is indebted to the Engineering and Mining Journal for the official figures of the production of iron and steel in 1899 for all the leading countries and close estimates of the output of those which have not yet fully reported. The figures are given in the following table, all in metric tons:

	Pig Iron.	Steel.
United States	13,838,634	10,382,755
Great Britain	9,454,294	4,883,010
Germany	8,029,305	6,290,454
Total, three nations	31,322,143	22,056,209
Belgium	1,036,185	729,929
Canada	45,000	
France	2,565,380	1,529,181
Austria Hungary	1,465,000	1,100,000
Italy	13,960	61,500
Russia	2,650,000	1,494,000
Spain	265,340	122,574
Sweden	524,000	258,500
All other countries	655,000	401,500
Totals	40,574,508	27,753,761

The production of pig iron is 4,081,751 tons greater than in 1898, while the production of steel shows an increase of 3,693,264 tons. An increase of 11.2 per cent in the production of pig iron over a year of very large output is a remarkable gain; and the advance of 15.2 per cent in steel is also a remarkable result. The totals of both are greater than would have been thought possible a few years ago, and all the iron-making countries shared in the increase.

The year served to emphasize the predominance of the three chief producing countries—the United States, Great Britain and Germany. In 1899 the United States made 34.1 per cent of the world's supply of pig iron and the three countries named 77.2 per cent; while the proportions of the steel output furnished were 39.0 and 79.5 per cent respectively. The United States showed the highest proportion of increase in both iron and steel, though Germany made also a large gain. In the minor producing countries the advance was more moderate, France and Belgium especially showing only small increases. In both these countries the gain in output was less than that in demand, the make of iron and steel being limited to the supplies of fuel. About iron ores there was no difficulty, but the production of coal and coke seems to have reached nearly the maximum possible, and even very high prices failed to induce an increase in the supplies.

The Journal draws attention to the fact that the year also showed a further growth in the use of steel for constructive purposes in place of wrought and cast iron. In 1899 approximately 75 per cent of the pig iron produced was converted into steel, while the proportion in 1898 was 72 per cent. The proportion of steel to pig iron made is highest in Germany, though the United States is not far behind. Great Britain makes the most wrought iron, the puddling furnace having held its ground there better than in any other producing country. Germany produced 1,357,424 tons more steel than Great Britain last year, though its pig iron output was 1,424,899 tons less.

The pig iron production of 1899 required the mining and handling of approximately 90,000,000 tons of iron ore; a figure which gives some idea of the quantity of labor to produce the metal which the world demands. The question of iron ore supplies is becoming an important one in several European countries, and the mines of Spain, Sweden, Greece and Algeria are being drawn upon heavily to supply the British and German blast furnaces. In Great Britain especially this matter of the iron ore supply is causing much discussion. Germany has still large supplies at home, and the imports are of less importance. In the United States we shall not need outside supplies for many years. The Lake Superior mines have already in sight sufficient ore to insure a large output for a long time to come, and it is believed that there will be many new discoveries of properties containing large deposits of high grade ore. The present generation is not likely to see this country requiring supplies from the outside.

FOOLISH HOSTILITY.

It is certainly very bad policy for the Hanna-McKinley administration to display hostility toward Germany because our German-American citizens as a rule are opposed to militarism and imperialism. Yet that seems to be the cause of the administration's attitude, and it will naturally be resented by the German government and perhaps result in further restricting the entry of American products into the German empire.

Instead of assuming a hostile attitude toward Germany, the United States should maintain very amicable relations with that country. It is well known that Germany has been the steadfast friend of the United States in times when friendship counted for something. It will be remembered that Germany's friendship was very much appreciated by Lincoln and Seward. When our government securities were seeking a foreign market, it was Germany, first of all, that displayed confidence in the perpetuity of the Union by investing in its bonds. Today German money is invested all over the United States in private enterprises to the extent of hundreds of millions. To signify its displeasure at the political attitude of our German-American citizens by more or less covert attacks on Germany does no credit to the leaders of the administration nor to their political sagacity.

The administration is placing this country in a very peculiar position. On the one side we profess anxiety to expand our commercial relations, and on the other side we charge the very nation to which we are trying to sell our agricultural and industrial products with bad faith and in trying to involve us in difficulties, and that without any facts to back up our assertions. There is no sense in such a course, and the administration leaders, if they expect to make political capital by it, will in due time discover their mistake. For commercial and political reasons the American government should maintain the most friendly relations with Germany. In an official statement published the other day it is shown that Germany has invested on the American continent no less than $1,184,000. To insult a nation that can help to develop the resources of this country to such an extent because descendants of that nation do not sympathize with the policy of the administration is a public blunder. But the Hanna-McKinley administration has committed so many serious blunders that little surprise is expressed at this latest exhibition of foolishness.

This is the Chicago Inter Ocean's afterthought: "Since the Kansas professor of paidology made that unfortunate remark at the Des Moines mothers' congress every editor in the Middle West has felt at liberty to address an essay to his readers on 'What is Love?' Some of the efforts exhibit much reflection, but, taken as a whole, they rather strengthen than weaken the Kansas professor's startling documents. If the majority of the writers know what love is they do not prove it."

The United States supreme court decision in the legacy tax case will cost the treasury something. About one-third of the legacy taxes collected in this state since the enactment of the war revenue act (amounting to nearly $1,000,000) will have to be refunded under the decision, and if this proportion holds good throughout the country, the government will be the loser by a considerable amount. But the decision will lighten by so much the problem of the surplus.

If the constitution does not follow the flag, it may be spared a great deal of shame.

Rev. John Jaspar, of Richmond, Va., is now 84 years old, and when the eclipse took place made the declaration that he still believes in the theory that the "sun do move." He said, the sun had never stopped moving but once, and then Joshua told it to stand still. These things were the work of God, and that it was not for him to dispute the word of God, which says the sun moves.

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Mr. Taylor says he will run again for governor of Kentucky. He recently made a run for Indiana.

The sugar trust has boosted prices again in time to make additional profits from the canning season.

The British prisoners at Pretoria are no doubt very glad that their rescuers are at hand.

LIGHT AND LIVELY.

Pittsburg Chronicle: Mr. Snaggs—I think all the delegates to the Mothers' congress should take their children with them.

Mrs. Snaggs—Why?

Mr. Snaggs—To act as credentials.

Chicago Record: "I'm glad to read that the president is going to take a rest."

"Yes; only I wish a lot of these presidential candidates would take a rest."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I am afraid," said the dashing soubrette, "that you have made this bathing suit a trifle too large."

"Hut, madame!" cried the modiste, "it will shrink beautifully."

Baltimore American: Spunge—The sense of touch is highly developed in the blind, isn't it?

Titewadd—I've noticed it to be very strong in people who have good eyesight.

Harlem Life: Brown—That is a beautiful medal Smith has.

Jones—Yes; that's for beating the bicycle record.

Brown—What is his record?

Jones—Ran over seventeen men in a week.

Chicago Tribune: "Tommy," exclaimed Mrs. Tucker, "where have you been all evening?"

"Been at Barney Hogan's wake," answered Tommy.

"Oh, how shocking! You bad boy! When did he die?"

"He didn't die. He was out walking in his sleep."

Boston Transcript: Deacon Jones—This custom of making wagers is becoming lamentably common, besides being absurd. What would you think of me, now, if I should say I'll bet $10 I will get a letter today, instead of simply saying I expect to get one?

Mann—I should say you had a dead open-and-shut.

Philadelphia Press: "See here!" exclaimed the irate victim, "the lot you sold me at Lakemoor is at least three feet under water. How do you expect me to build on that?"

"Really, my dear sir," replied the real estate agent coolly, "you're such a fashionable-looking man I thought you had a notion to build a house boat, they're so recherche, you know."

Lesson From a Violet.

A violet
With dewdrops wet
Peeps out amid the forest green;
With gentle grace
She lifts her face
And charms me by her modest mein.

Oh, lovely flower
In woodland bower,
Come, tell the secret of your charm;
The sweet perfume,
The lovely bloom,
That blushes on your face so warm.

What magic art
Such charms impart
And blend with queenly purple hue?
A lowliness
Which bears impress
Of modesty unfeigned and true?

"I live and grow,
God's love to show—
I have no beauty of my own;
Each lovely hue
Impearled with dew,
Reflects God's glory. His alone."

Thus would I be
From self set free,
And claim no merit of my own;
But sweetly shine
With love divine,
Reflect God's loveliness alone.

—The Household.

War Versus Humanity.

San Francisco Call: A grand bazar opened in London for the purpose of raising money for the relief of British sufferers by the war in South Africa netted £50,000 on the first day; but in the meantime the relief fund for the starving people of India languishes at a mark far below what is needed. Evidently the spirit of war relaxes the purse strings a good deal quicker than humanity can do it.

We Touch the Button.

Indianapolis Journal: Dispatches from London have mentioned the sudden appearance and enormous sales of pictures, buttons and little flags in connection with the recent popular demonstrations, and now British commercial pride is shocked to learn that they were imported from this country. The largest London dealer in them says Birmingham manufacturers could not furnish them at all, and in no other country were they manufactured as neatly and cheaply as in the United States. Thus America leads in small things as in great.

Prefers to Shave Notes.

Philadelphia Times: With regard to the sultan, not only does he maintain the character of the unspeakable Turk, but he doesn't even allow his money to talk.

Talk About Expansion.

Brooklyn Eagle: Cape Nome is to have a hotel with hot and cold rooms, whisky and water, a bell boy, glass windows and a French chef. Talk about expansion! The Philippines are not the only things we are acquiring.

THAT TALKED-OF VACATION.

New York World: If you want to have a delightful time during your vacation there are certain things to remember to forget and some others you must not forget to remember.

First of all, leave worry, anger and criticism of each other and your fellow-creatures in general under lock and key at home.

If you can arrange to have the trio thrown into the river during your absence you will be so much to the good.

Decide in good season where you want to go, and why, and make all your arrangements in advance. Don't jump at a place because you like its name or the way its advertisement reads.

As to money matters, settle what you can spend and go to the place where you are certain you can have a good time within your limit.

Don't go away to save money if you are bent on pleasure.

Home is the place for retrenchment with the least discomfort.

If you cannot spend a great deal do not attempt to go a long distance.

Get all the packing except the handbags attended to the day before the journey.

Have the express call for the luggage in good season, so there will be no possible chance of getting to the station to find "the trunks have not arrived."

Secure seats in a parlor car in advance if you can afford to do so at all.

Get to the station in good humor and in good season, but not an hour ahead of time.

Don't start away with your nerves on edge. There's nothing gained by getting nervous. I've tried it—you may take my word for it.

Don't carry a lot of parcels, boxes and odds and ends which you have forgotten to put in your trunk.

Distribute such luggage so that each person may have one or two articles to look out for and no one individual be overburdened.

THE SERVANTS' SCHEME.

The New York servant has found a way of revenging herself upon an unkind mistress, says the New York World.

The plan is not original, but it works satisfactorily. It explains why some women can only keep a servant for a few days.

The scheme is simple. The departing domestic writes her opinion of her employer in some hidden nook of cranny, either in the kitchen or in her own room. The new domestic finds this communication. She profits by it.

Inquiry at an employment agency on Sixth avenue revealed this scheme was generally practiced.

"It is no more than could be expected," said the manager of the agency, "that a girl who leaves a place in a rage against her mistress, as many of them do, should want to have a word to say to the next servant that comes in. It's an easy matter to leave a line where the newcomer will find it. One woman told me that on the wall at the head of her servant's bed she found a penciled line: 'The mistress here has got such a temper, she'd make your hair curl. My, but she's fussy and mean.'

"A spot often utilized is in the neighborhood of the clock, but perhaps the most unique one of all was written on a slip of paper and pasted in the bottom of the wash bowl.

"Ingoing domestics have learned to look for these communications now. A girl I sent to a place the other day came back in a few hours. When I asked her what was the matter, she said: 'I didn't like the missus' references. They wasn't as good as mine.'

"I knew what she meant, and I've told the housewife in question that she had better rub out the notice that her departing maid left.

"The plan was perhaps suggested by the Chinese servants in San Francisco. Their method was to leave a few hieroglyphics under the kitchen sink. The new Celestial invariably looked there the first thing. If the signs were favorable to the lady of the house he stayed, if not, he left without any explanation. It has only recently, however, come into vogue among New York domestics, but it is already a popular practice."

CONDUCTORS' AILMENT.

A new affliction has come upon the long-suffering trolley car conductors, says the Philadelphia Record. Perhaps you have noticed how many of them are wearing smoked glasses. That's because they claim the incandescent lights hurt their eyes. Headaches arising from strained optic nerves have become so common that several of the afflicted ones some time ago consulted eye specialists, and were told that the ailment was due to the incandescent lights in the cars. Dark glasses were prescribed to insure temporary relief, and now there's a great demand for goggles among the conductors, while caps with long visors are generally worn down over the eyes. Conductors on the new cars, which are of greater length than the old ones, are said to be the greatest sufferers from the "trolley eye."

I have not traced, nor can I trace a vestige of similarity in the substitute. Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is made by the Madison Medicine company, 25 cents. Ask your druggist.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | LARGEST DRY GOODS HOUSE AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES. | Silberstein & Bondy Co.

On Sale Tomorrow Until 10 p. m. One hundred and eighty Tailor-Made Suits from our regular stocks—and sixty-five Model Suits left from the past weeks' heavy selling—Homespuns, Worsteds, Vicunas, Unfinished Worsteds, Zibolines and Cheviots—Divided into two lots—All sizes, styles and colors—

$26, $24, $22 and $20 ...Suits... $16.50 Tomorrow.

$35, $32, $30 and $28 ...Suits... $24.50 Tomorrow.

On Sale Tomorrow--Ninety-Five Tailor-Made Jackets!

The choicest styles of the season, including Boleros, Eton and Black Taffeta.

$15.00 ones—Tomorrow ---------- **$8.50** | **$16.50** ones—Tomorrow ---------- **$10.00**

Children's ....Jackets One-Third Off.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

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Here Are the Questions

Information the Enumerators Will Want.

Have Your Answers Ready For Them When They Call.

1. City of residence.
2. Street and number of house.
3. Surname, Christian name, initial.
4. Relationship of each member to the head of the family.
5. Color or race.
6. Sex.
7. Date of birth, month and year.
8. Age at last birthday.
9. Are you single, married, widow, widower or divorced?
10. Number of years married.
11. Mother of how many children?
12. Number of these children living.
13. Where were you born? If in the United States, give state or territory; if of foreign birth, give name of country.
14. Where was your father born?
15. Where was your mother born?
16. If of foreign birth, when did you come to the United States?
17. How many years have you resided in the United States?
18. Have you been naturalized? If you have only taken out your first papers, write "first papers."
19. What is your occupation, trade or profession? (This question applies to persons 10 years of age or over).
20. How many months during the year have you been out of employment?
21. How many months have you attended school?
22. Can you read?
23. Can you write?
24. Can you speak English?
25. Is you home owned or rented. If only a boarder, lodger or servant in the family, leave this space blank. If the house or apartment is occupied by you alone, or with your family, enter "Owned" or "Rented," according as it is owned or hired by you.
26. If you own the house, is it free or mortgaged? (The same questions apply to farms).

Short Stories

By C. W. Ericson.

While every department in our store shows a triumph in merchandise progression—Our

Boys' and Children's Clothing Section Shines

In two-piece Suits and in Vestee Suits—Some exclusive and clever creations, excellent values, elastic prices, to suit tastes and pocketbooks. From—

$1.00 to $7.00

Novelties in Wash Goods at—

50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

C. W. Ericson

Reliable Clothier.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, JUNE 2,

E. D. Stair presents the Comedians

Ward and Vokes

(40 PEOPLE.)

In their superbly staged production of musical farce—

"THE FLOORWALKERS."

Prices Regular—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

5 NIGHTS ONLY.

COMMENCING TUESDAY ..... JUNE 5th

The management take pleasure in announcing the return engagement of America's Fun-Makers.

THE FLINTS

Presenting a unique program of all the latest novelties in the science of suggestion, introducing the greatest laugh provoker on the stage, Grace Marion Flint, the only lady hypnotist. Prices—Dress Circle 75c, Parquette 50c, Family Circle and Balcony 25c, Gallery 25c.

R. CAPOUL CUTTRISS WARDE

The celebrated Vocal and Dramatic Master of Chicago, and formerly of the first opera houses of Europe and America will be in Duluth June, July, August and September, and will receive pupils in voice culture, singing, elocution and dramatic art in all its branches. Circulars to be found at The Duluth Music Co's Store.

PARLOR THEATER.

Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.

TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.

BOSTON NOVELTY CO.

Fine Vaudeville Show.

MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.

CLEVERLY PRODUCED

"Pied Piper of Hamelin" Delights a Large Matinee Audience at Lyceum.

AWARD OF THE PRIZE

Master Harold G. Cant Gets Five Dollar Gold Piece For Most Words.

It was children's day at the Lyceum yesterday afternoon when the "Pied Piper of Hamelin," which has been in rehearsal for two or three weeks, was given for the first time. There were little children and big children, young children and old children, some of the latter being considerably over the age at which one may vote, but all were children for the afternoon, and forgot the cares of life and the busy world and followed the rats, the children of the village, the town councilmen and the fantastic piper, with the same interest as the youngest in the house.

During the intermission between the first and second scenes an announcement of much interest was made. Some time ago the announcement was made that a prize of $5 in gold would be awarded to the boy or girl under the age of 16 years who would form the greatest number of words, using only the letters to be found in the title of this production, "Pied Piper of Hamelin." Obsolete words were barred. The prize was to be awarded at the matinee performance. Accordingly, at the time mentioned, Professor Denfeld appeared and, after explaining the nature of the competition, said that a large number had competed, and that their work showed much industry and perseverance. One list was submitted, which contained more than 1700 words, but it was irregular in that it did not follow the conditions, and it had to be eliminated. The next highest number was in the list submitted by Harold G. Cant, of the Franklin school, and he had given 1384 words. He was invited, if in the audience, to come on the stage and get the cash. In a few moments a small, neatly dressed boy, with a smile that shone brighter than the shining gold piece, appeared on the stage and received the prize, amid the applause of the crowd, to which he bowed his thanks. The young man is a son of Judge Cant of the district bench.

The next highest number was sent in by Miss Jessica Miller, of Craggencroft. She had 1213. Miss Ethel McDonald, of the Lakeside school, had 1121 words on her list.

The "Pied Piper of Hamelin," as presented at the Lyceum yesterday, and as it will be repeated this evening, is a stage picture of the poem by Robert Browning, which is one of the very familiar poems of the English language. The production is given by the school children of the city, and about 300 of them take part in it. The scene of the play is in the market place of Hamelin town. The festivities are on and the people are dancing and singing and making merry, with no thought of care or things unpleasant. Soon a drove of rats come on the scene, terrifying the women and children. They are driven off and the dancing and merriment begin anew. Then the rats come again and make themselves obnoxious, becoming very bold. After they again depart the mayor and members of the town council make their entry, and are at once upbraided by the people for not getting rid of the rats. They are jeered at and hooted by the women, and when they protest, they are told to get rid of the rats. They are in despair, when suddenly a gay piper appears on the scene. He offers, for 1000 guilders, to rid the town of the rats. The city officials jump at his offer, and he proceeds to charm the rats with his music, leading them to the river, where they are drowned. The scene closes with the people elated and the officials strutting around and proclaiming their own sagacity in ridding the town of the rats.

The next scene is again in the market place. The people are rejoicing over their deliverance, when suddenly the piper appears and demands his 1000 guilders. The mayor and councilmen tell him they have nothing for him, and when he protests, and finally threatens, they laugh at him and tell him that the rats are drowned and they have nothing to fear. The piper is downcast, but he takes a terrible revenge. He brings out his wonderful pipe and begins to charm the children. Soon they are whirling and dancing around him, following wherever he leads, and having ears for nothing but the music of the pipe. The parents and people of the village come on the scene, but the children are under the spell of the piper and heed not their calls. He leads them up to the mountain side, and there a great rock rolls back and when the children enter it closes behind them and they are gone forever, while their grief-stricken parents moan and upbraid the officials for their foolishness and duplicity.

The closing scene is a tableau, representing the children with the piper in the land of love. It is a very beautiful picture, and was received with much applause.

The production was all that could be desired. There were hitches here and there, of course, but there could be nothing else expected with so many children, but the production was even more enjoyable for them, and the audience seemed to have lots of fun when the little tots made breaks and tried to get out of them. The parts were all well taken. Drew Dunn was the piper, and a very clever one, too, dancing and singing very well and carrying himself with ease in the fantastic garb. Rene Hugo made a hit as the mayor, and was easy, clever and graceful. Tommy Beatie was the lame boy, and was excellent. His song was especially good. Tony Godkin as the clown rat was good. Miss Ida Richardson as the leading citizeness sang and danced pleasingly and made the most of her part. Little Patronella Gilman sang a pretty song very nicely. The minor parts were all well taken, and the dancing, singing and every feature were fine.

The production was arranged and directed by Miss Margaret MacL. Eager, of Boston. It was she who presented the Breton Fete here at the Pavilion a few years ago. Flaaten's orchestra furnished the music.

I. O. G. T. GRAND LODGE.

State Meeting to Be Held in Duluth in July.

The state grand lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars will meet in this city on July 3 and 4, and the local lodges are anticipating a very successful meeting with a number of high officials in attendance. Among those who are to come are: E. C. Cotterell, of Seattle, Wash., right worshipful grand councillor; B. F. Parker, of Milwaukee, grand secretary, and W. Martin Jones, of Rochester, N. Y., grand treasurer.

Sloan's hall at the West End will be the meeting place, and one of the features of the entertainment of the guests will be a large banquet on the evening of July 3.

On the evening of June 19 the district lodge to elect delegates to the state lodge will meet at Sloan's hall. Included in the district lodge are the following counties: Lake, Cook, Crow Wing, Itasca, Kanabec, Aitkin, Carlton and St. Louis.

EXCURSION!

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

Howard Transportation Co

Steamer Bon Voyage

Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, June 3, 1900. Good music on board.

Fare 50 cents round trip.

AMUSEMENTS.

WARD AND VOKES.

Tomorrow evening at the Lyceum, Ward and Vokes will present "The Floor Walkers." The production will be superbly staged. The company is larger than ever before, numbering forty people and including as principals, besides the stars, such artists as Lucy Daly, Margaret Daly Vokes, the Chicago Ladies' quartet, Will West, George Sidney and John W. Early. There will be a fine chorus of pretty girls under the able direction of Mr. Herbert Dilieu.

HYPNOTIC PHENOMENA.

If there be people who have a lurking desire to study hypnotism, the best thing such a one can do is to attend the entertainment given by the Flints next week. They are born masters of the art. Herbert L. Flint is recognized as one of the greatest hypnotists on the stage today. His talented assistant, the only lady hypnotist, Grace Marion Flint, is equal in every respect to the doctor. Together they reveal all that one can possibly find out regarding the occult mystery. A full explanation will be given at the Lyceum for five nights, commencing Tuesday next. Ladies free opening nights.

Form a Ball Nine.

The First National bank employes have formed a baseball nine and will meet the Board of Trade ball team before long. The following are the players and positions: Bruin, catcher; McCarthy, pitcher; Benson, first base; Bywater, second base; Mather, third base; Becker, short stop; Britts, right field; Eaton, left field, and McLaren, center field.

TRADE GROWS.

A Gratifying Increase of Imports of American Products Into Turkey.

Washington, June 1.—A gratifying increase in the amount and variety of American products entering Turkish ports has been noted of late, according to a report to the state department from Consul General Dickinson at Constantinople.

> Wire nails and other articles of American manufacture, says the consul, have taken complete possession of the Levantine markets, and when other staple articles of American make are once thoroughly introduced their market in Turkey also can be controlled by our manufactures.

Consul General Dickinson reports an innovation in the shape of orders for American boots and shoes from leading Turkish merchants, their undeniable superiority over the European product assuring extensive sale in Turkey.

The greater part of some 200,000 tons of railway material to be used in constructing the new Nile railway will be furnished, it is said, by American manufacturers.

NO DIVORCE FOR GRANGER.

Des Moines Judge Refuses It---Society All Agog.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 1.—Judge Bishop yesterday decided the famous Granger divorce case, which involved one of the most prominent lawyers in the city, whose wife is also a social leader, refusing to grant Granger a decree, which was asked on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment.

The case has been the most sensational ever tried in this district, and the legal examinations, which have lasted two weeks, have been seconded by hundreds of the best people socially in Des Moines.

In the course of the testimony Mr. Granger admitted being in love with his stenographer, Miss Cora Reilly. It is now expected that Mrs. Granger will apply for a decree and get it.

Buy CHEMICALLY pure colors, made by Detroit White Lead Works, of

H. A. HALL & CO.

DECORATORS,

Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

BOB HAYDEN'S PALM GARDEN.

Music every afternoon and evening. Restaurant open all night. Private dining rooms.

1920 W. Sup. St. 1919 W. Mich. St.

Telephone 140, Zenith. Telephone 415-5, Duluth.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

Everybody knows Chancellor cigars are all right.

INMAN IS DROPPED

Tug Trust Releases Him From Management of the Line Here.

DAVIDSON CAUSES IT

Said to Blame Him For Two Tug Action a Short Time Ago.

Capt. B. B. Inman, manager of the Union Towing and Wrecking company, the local branch of the tug trust, has been discharged from his position, the combine having the alternative of taking such action or losing the towing of the big Davidson fleet. It is said that Capt. Davidson holds Capt. Inman personally responsible for the two-tug rule and its results, and that he has flatly told the trust officers that if they did not release Capt. Inman he would turn his towing over to the opposition. As Capt. Davidson is a power in the trust, being a first vice president, owner of stock to the amount of $90,000, and president of the executive board, there was practically but one issue of the situation.

The local company is in charge of Capt. William H. Hill, of Erie, who is general superintendent of the company. His management of the company is temporary, and a new manager will be selected immediately if the trouble is not patched up and Capt. Inman reinstated. Capt. Inman has been identified with the tug business at the head of the lakes ever since there was any tug business here, and he is very popular among all classes of men with whom he comes in contact in his official capacity, so that there will be general regret because of his removal.

Capt. Inman was seen this morning and asked about the trouble. He said: "The trouble seems to have started back last season, when Capt. Davidson got the idea that he was not being properly treated in this harbor. The line was crippled once or twice last season, and there was some delay, but Capt. Davidson's vessels got the best possible service under the circumstances. At the annual meeting last winter he opposed my appointment, but the other vesselmen were in favor of me and he gave way. Then the two-tug business came up, and though I am no more responsible for that, as everyone knows, than anyone on the outside, he has made it the basis for this action. The two-tug business started several days before the incident of the Davidson boat. When I heard of it I told the men that it would not do; that it would ruin them and us as well, and nothing was heard from it for a while. Then the Matanzas showed up outside at 2 o'clock one morning, and the men applied the two-tug rule to her. I was not notified, and the vessel lay out all night. When I heard of it in the morning I ordered two tugs sent to her with word to the master that only one would be charged for. Still he refused to take two tugs and the local agent of Davidson, when asked about it, said that the matter had been referred to Capt. Davidson, and no action could be taken until he was heard from.

"I had nothing whatever to do with the two-tug rule beyond that, yet it has been made the basis for Capt. Davidson's action. I should have resigned some time ago had it not been for the fight that had been made upon me by Capt. Davidson, and then I thought it would look like laying down. I have always been very friendly with Capt. Davidson, and I cannot imagine what has caused him to take such a stand against me."

Capt. Inman will remain at Duluth, and he will not go out of the lake business. He owns several tugs and vessels, including the tug Carrington, which is busily engaged all of the time in carrying supplies around the lake, and he will have enough business to engage his attention.

G. A. Tomlinson, local representative of the Davidson interests, said this morning that the statement that the discharge of Capt. Inman was due to the trouble over the two-tug rule is absolutely without foundation.

CREWS OF PENNSY.

Given Their Last Shake-Up Before the Regatta.

Philadelphia, June 1.—Coach Ellis Ward has given the university crews their last big shake-up before the Poughkeepsie regatta, June 28. The second crew and two of the 'varsity fours were disbanded and a 'varsity eight and a 'varsity four and a freshman eight were organized. The crews have less than a month to prepare for the intercollegiate races at Poughkeepsie, and Ward proposes to work the men hard from now on. After the shake-up the coach had the men weighed. The rowing order and weight of the three crews are as follows:

'Varsity four—Stroke, J. Gardiner, 155; No. 7, Flickwir, 175; No. 6, Sniver, captain, 175; No. 5, Stehl, 181; No. 4, Allyn, 174; No. 3, Davenport, 164; No. 2, Bodine, 148; bow, Kentsing, 154; coxswain, Smith, 107.

'Varsity four—Stroke, Vrowther, 160; No. 3, Sinkler, 159; No. 2, Snyder, 154; bow, Henderson, 135.

Freshmen eight—Stroke, Hildebrand, 145; No. 7, Eisenbey, 150; No. 6, Kerr, 152; No. 5, W. Gardiner, 166; No. 4, Gillespie, 166; No. 3, Eckfeldt, 152; No. 2, Keller, 152; bow Block, 151; coxswain, Tupper, 114.

The crews will leave for Poughkeepsie about June 15.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

BREWER ENGEL DEAD.

Reputed the First Maker of Lager In America.

Philadelphia, June 1.—A cable message received here announced the death yesterday of Charles Engel, said to be the first brewer of German lager beer in America, at his residence in Kaisers-Lautern, Rheinpfalse. Death was due to paralysis.

Mr. Engel was born in 1816 and came to this country about sixty years ago. He located in this city and established a brewery, which was afterwards incorporated, being the first brewery in Pennsylvania to become a corporation. In 1886 Mr. Engel retired from business and went abroad. He never returned to this country.

A woman is never too old to be handsome, never too old to be young again, if she takes Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

Bargain Counter No. 5.

Parasols

Not a question of what they are worth but what will sell them AT ONCE. 500 Ladies' fancy Parasols at your choice for, each

$2.75

Mail Orders Promptly Filled. Open Till 10 p. m. Saturday.

PANTON & WHITE

DULUTH, MINN.

THE Big Glass Block Store

A June Avalanche!

Past Records Broken! We Are First to CUT Prices and LAST to Advance Them.

Here are a few of the strong and unusual bargains awaiting you Saturday in all parts of the LEADING store at the Head of the Lakes.

Ribbon Dept.

Soft finish Taffeta Ribbon in Black only, correct width, for neckwear—per yard..... 19c

Black Moire Ribbon, 6 inches wide, for sashes and belts, 50c quality—per yard..... 29c

Extra quality double-faced satin Ribbon, in a very large line of colors—per yard..... 29c

50 pieces wide Fancy Ribbons, in light and dark plaids and stripes, worth to 50c a yard—at. 19c

Our superior quality Taffeta Ribbon, in all the leading colors, width for neckwear—a yd. 30c

75 pieces wide Torchon Laces, with insertions to match, up to 4 inches wide—per yard— 5c, 10c, 12½c

6 pieces Shirred Chiffon Trimmed; good colors, 25c quality—per yard..... 15c

French Valenciennes Laces, large assortment of patterns—per doz yards— 15c, 19c, 25c, 35c

Extra fine quality Mous. de Soie and Chiffon, all the leading shades, 44-in wide—a yard. 85c

Millinery News, for Saturday Only.

An important day in Millinery—All our Imported Pattern Hats at ONE-THIRD OFF REGULAR PRICES.

Hats that were $37.50—at one-third off..... $25.00

Hats that were $30.00—at one-third off..... $20.00

Hats that were $25.00—at one-third off..... $16.50

Hats that were $15.00—at one-third off..... $10.00

No need to add another word to this statement.

All other Hats at Popular Prices—Sailors for— 39c, 50c, 75c and $1.25

Don't forget the Rough and Ready Sailors which we offer for..... 75c

Regular 95c value elsewhere.

Child's Mull Hats in various styles, at all prices from..... 15c up

Saturday Offerings in Men's Furnishings.

GENTS' FINE WHITE DRESS SHIRTS—Laundered, open front and back, equal to any Shirt on the market, at $1.50; our price..... $1.00

Gents' best 4-ply 20c Linen Collars, all shapes, have hand made Coat Button holes; Saturday..... 12½c

Gents' Fine Silk Neckwear, strictly handmade, of finest imported Silks—latest novelties, Tecks, Imperials, English squares; 4-in-hands and Club Ties, beautiful 50c Ties—Saturday..... 38c

GENTS' FANCY HALF HOSE—Too large in assortment to describe, but the champion puglists of Duluth, values 35c to 50c—Saturday..... 25c

Gents' Fine Silk Summer Suspenders, handsome assortment, a healthful brace, with no bad after effects; values to $1; Saturday.. 50c

Gents' Fine Summer Underwear, worth buying, Fast Black, fancy knit, with White stripe. Beautiful French Balbriggan Combed Maco Yarn, Pretty shade of Light Tan, in 1x1 rib; choice..... 50c

Gents' Fine Pure Worsted Jersey or Athletic Sweaters, best you have ever seen; plain with striped neck, cuff and skirt in light weight; only..... $1.75

Alternate Stripe, various combinations, in heavy weight, only..... $2.48

Wrapper Sale on all Day Saturday.

Wrappers on sale at..... 25c

Wrappers on sale at..... 98c

Wrappers on sale at..... $1.25

Wrappers on sale at..... $1.49

Crockery Dept.

CHAMBER SETS—Decorated 6-piece Chamber Sets, all large pieces; Saturday—per set..... $1.59

CUSPIDORS—Vienna China Cuspidors; nicely decorated; Saturday—each.. 33c

CUPS AND SAUCERS—300 Fancy Cups and Saucers, children's size, worth up to 35c—Saturday at—each..... 19c

SUGARS AND CREAMS—Decorated German China Sugars and Creams; Saturday—per set..... 29c

At 10c—

25c Crystal Glass Water Bottles.. 10c

25c Crystal Glass Decanters..... 10c

19c China Fruit Plates..... 10c

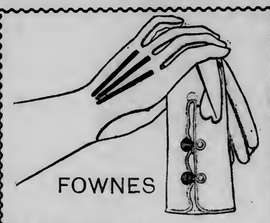
15c Glass Berry Dishes..... 10c

Decorated Oat Meal Bowls, Pin Trays, Cream Pitchers, Pickle Dishes, etc., all at..... 10c

GLASS BERRY DISHES—4-inch Crystal Glass Sauce or Berry Dishes, at—per dozen.... 15c

DINNER SETS—New English Semi-Porcelain decorated Dinner Sets; per set of 100 pieces..... $13.95

SYRACUSE CHINA DINNER SETS—Decorated Syracuse China Dinner Sets of 100 pieces, worth $18; Saturday at—per set..... $14.50



Kid Gloves.

FOWNES' LA TOSCA—In all colors, and correct Paris stitchings, at—a pair..... $2.00

REYNIER'S GLACES—at..... $2.00

FOWNES' DAGMAR—at..... $1.50

LE CLARION FRENCH KID—at..... $1.50

LE CLARION SUEDE PIQUE—at..... $1.50

LA TOUR STREET GLOVES—at..... $1.25

THE FAMOUS MARLBOROUGH—In White and all colors—per pair..... $1.00

LADIES' WASHABLE CHAMOIS GLOVES—value $1.00, at—per pair..... 89c

Parasols.

Children's Parasols, largest assortment ever shown in Duluth at prices ranging from—each— 13c to $2.75

Saturday Offerings in Hosiery and Underwear.

LADIES' FANCY HOSIERY—Don't you know we have the reputation of carrying the finest line of novelty Hosiery to be found anywhere in the Northwest—anything in Fine Cottons, Lisle Thread, Lace Lisles, etc.—Pleased to have you look us over; prices from 50c to $2.50

Ladies' Beautiful Lace Lisle Thread Hose, vertically striped with White silk —A $1.00 novelty; we sell at..... 75c

Ladies' 50-gauge Real Maco Cotton Hose, in Black and Tan, made with that service-giving improvement double-sole high-spliced heel—35c value—Saturday..... 25c

Ladies' Fine White Cotton Union Suits, square neck no sleeves, knee length, taped neck and arms; Saturday..... 25c

Ladies' Fine Thread Union Suits, white and ecru, low neck, sleeveless, knee length, silk taped; 75c values —Saturday..... 50c

Children's Summer Underwear in large assortment, the good quality kind, at poor quality prices— Sizes up to 21..... 19c

Sizes 24 to 34..... 25c

Ruben's Babie's Shirts—That practically constructed mothers' favorite in half wool quality (like cut)—Sizes 1 2 3 4 5

30c 35c 40c 45c 50c

Also better qualities at higher prices.

Shirt Waists.

The kind that small stores cannot get—as we are exclusive agents for some of the best Waists made. Note the style of our Waists, the effect, the finish, the fit and materials; they all have that exclusive appearance not found in cheap Waists.

Fine Shoes for Women.

At all prices from $1.45 to $5.00 for solid wear and comfort, try a pair of our round toe, neat, soft and flexible button or lace Shoes, others charge $1.75; our price..... $1.45

For style and wear, even though they charge $2.50, none can equal our line of fine Kid Shoes, there are plain or fancy cloth tops or neat kid tops, all sizes, all widths; price..... $1.95

At $2.45—

You get your choice of 12 new and comfortable lines of Dongola or Vici Kid Shoes, fancy or plain, heavy or light. These Shoes are strictly up-to-date in every way and like all other Shoes we sell, the wear is guaranteed.

A bargain in Misses' dark Tan and Lace Shoes, with fancy cloth or kid tops, new styles, regular price $1.75, for Saturday..... $1.25

Child's sizes, 8 to 11; same as above; price..... 98c

Pulley Belts.

Made of heavy double-faced satin ribbon, and sold by us until today for 75c each—Saturday's special..... 42c

Empire Combs.

Imitation shell Empire Combs four different patterns, worth 25c each; Saturday's special..... 15c

Toilet Articles.

LATHER BRUSHES—A fine pure bristle brush, full length, our 25c ones, for..... 15c

HAIR BRUSHES—Maple wood back, fine bristle and our regular 25c brush—Saturday..... 15c

SAUNDER'S FACE POWDER—Any tint, 50c box—Saturday..... 27c

SAUNDER'S SATIN SKIN—Standard price 25c a bottle—Saturday..... 12c

CRYSTALIZED ORIENTAL CAMPHOR—A great protection from moths, 25c box Saturday..... 20c

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND—288 bottles—Special Saturday—each..... 67c

Limit 2 bottles to a customer.

Baby Carriages.

Cut prices for Thursday on our entire stock of Baby Carriages—

All Carriages, regular price up to $9.50, at—each.. $6.75

All Carriages, regular price from $9.50 to $12, each $9.45

All Carriages, regular price from $12 to $15, each $11.75

All Carriages, regular price from $15 to $20, each $14.68

All Carriages, regular price from $20 to $25, each $18.95

Music.

The popular Kohler studies, Schirmer Edition, published at 75c; Nos. 1, 2 and 3; also Op. No. 60 and 151; Saturday..... 35c

KULLAK OCTAVE STUDIES—Schirmer's Edition; published at 75c, for..... 85c

KRAUSE TRILL STUDIES—Published at $1.00, for..... 60c

Streabbog easy melodies, studios, (simple); Schirmer's Edition; published at 75c, for..... 45c

HELLER—25 studies Ops. 45, 46 and 47, always sold at $1; for 75c

New Music for Children.

We have just received two new sets of easy studies for beginners—specially selected for beginners—

Pieces published at 40c—for..... 19c

Pieces published at 25c—for..... 12c

Violin Strings.

We now show the finest assortment of fine and medium grade strings in this city; prices— 5c to 50c

Motronomes.

The celebrated Lyon & Healy line is kept by us; prices— $3.25 to $4.75

Hardware Dept.

One-burner Oil Stoves, with 4-inch wick; Saturday, at—each 38c

Two-Burner Oil Stoves—at, each..... 75c

Three-Burner Oil Stoves—at, each..... $1.50

Oil Stove Ovens—at, each..... 95c

HAMMOCKS—We have the right kind at the right price; two big specials for Saturday—A full size Woven Hammock at—each..... 59c

Extra large Hammocks, fancy colored—very strongly woven, two spreaders, and valance, $1.75 value—Saturday at, each..... $1.25

LAWN MOWERS—12, 14 and 16-inch Lawn Mowers; special for Saturday only—choice of any size, each... $2.33

CHERRY PITTERS—We have the latest thing out in Cherry Pitters; Saturday, at—each..... 89c

MATCHES—500 dozen Parlor Matches—Saturday, 1 doz boxes to a customer for..... 12c

GAS STOVES—Three-burner Gas Stoves—Closing them out Saturday at—each..... $2.98

Dress Goods.

75c Moreens—25c.

Plaids, Checks and Changeable Moreens for Underskirts, etc., and 24-inch Black French Hair Cloth, the 49c quality and 75c quality of Moreens; Saturday leaders— per yard..... 25c

50c Wash Fabrics—25c.

50c Poult de Soies—
50c Imported Swisses—
50c Fancy Mousseline de Soie—
50c Ginghams in a large variety of styles; this for Saturday only—price, a yard..... 25c

25c French Percales, 12½c

Our Imported French Percales, in exclusive patterns—Saturday, per yard... 12½c

7c Wash Goods—3½c.

Simpson's Black and White Prints—Simpson's Mourning Prints—Indigo Blue Prints—Garner's Cardinal Prints—Challies, Red and Black Prints; Saturday—a yard..... 3½c (Limit 20 yards.)

85c Wash Silks—50c.

For Saturday we offer our entire stock of Fine Wash Silks—Handsome Corded Wash Silks; our regular 85c quality; Saturday's leader—yd 50c

$1 Black Dress Goods, 59c

On our Black Dress Goods Counter we will display over 2000 yards Rich Handsome Black Dress Fabrics, in Crepons, Pierola Cloths, Pebble Cloths, Diagonal Fancies, Mohair Fancies, regular $1.00 values; Saturday's leader—per yard..... 50c

75c Novelty Dress Fabrics—25c.

Our entire stock of Jamestown Fancy Weaves, sound, serviceable, seasonable and sensible Dress Fabrics; regular 75c values; Saturday's leader—per yard..... 25c

Cloak News—

Jackets—Ladies' and Misses'—half price until all sold.

WOMEN'S SUIT SALE—Suits, worth up to $17.00—on sale at..... $9.98

—All new, all high-tailored garments; they come in all the prevailing colors.

WHITE AND COLORED WASH DRESS SKIRTS—In Blue, Brown and White, at..... 98c

—See these; they are great values.

Dress Skirts—

On sale Saturday, at—

$1.25, $1.49 and $1.98

—See them; then see what other stores ask.

All our Jackets on sale at half price.

1000 Children's Wash Dresses to go on sale at—

39c, 49c, 59c, 65c, 75c 89c, 98c and $1.25

—Sizes 1 to 12 years old.

Great Corset Sale.

100 dozen Corsets—they are a good 50c Corset, in Summer styles only —(See them)—to go on sale at... 19c

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1.

Mark Down Sale of Silk Waists

Ladies' beautiful new Silk Waist, in black and colored, TUCKED, CORDED, and Hemstitched, made up in the newest effect, French back and dainty ruffle on sleeves. The regular values of this waist are $10.00, $9.50, $8.50, $7.50, $6.50 and $5.00. Your pick of this entire lot Saturday at--

$3.75

On sale Saturday only.

Match these Values if you can.

GREAT ANNIVERSARY SALE!!

At prices that will be historic. We aim to greatly reduce our stock during this sale. We are long on goods, having purchased very heavily before the big advance in all kinds of merchandise, as a result you can get here tomorrow and every day of next week, in many instances, ***two dollars for one.*** This sale will be a supreme effort. We invite everyone to see for themselves. People that knew us three years ago wouldn't know us today. We have cast aside our twaddling clothes and have grown to be the livest and most daring price cutters in Duluth, every day challengers of the biggest of them. We backed our faith on low prices to win, they have won. These ***breath-taking*** values will achieve greater victories. ***Consideration of Cost is Cast Aside.***

Free to the Children!
With every purchase of $1 or over during our Anniversary Sale we will present free a child's parasol or a boys' knife.

STACK & CO.

SHIRT WAISTS
Manufacturer's Stock at half what others ask.

White Goods Sale.

India Linons, Long Cloth Nainsooks, Dotted Swiss—Striped and Checked Dimities. Read these items carefully:

30c India Linons ---- 23c
25c India Linons ---- 18c
20c India Linons ---- 15c
15c India Linons ---- 12½c
12½c India Linons ---- 9c
10c India Linons ---- 7c

Dotted Swiss, 22 inches wide, fine sheer quality 11c

40-inch Fine Sheer Lawn, worth 15c a yard—this sale 11½c

Fancy Checked and fine checked Nainsook, full width, worth 10c a yard 6c

Lappet Lawns, 20-inch fine lace-stripe effects, worth 15c 10c

Fine Corded and Checked Dimities, real Irish manufacture, worth 30c a yard 20c

Bed Spreads, Sheets, Etc.

Full size Bed Spreads, Marseilles patterns, hemmed—good heavy quality, worth 89c... 69c

Bed Spreads, made of good quality combed yarn, extra large size, worth $1.29 ..... 98c

Bed Spreads—Genuine Marseilles, handsome patterns, extra large, worth $2.25 ..... $1.75

Marseilles Spreads, satin finish, beautifully raised figures, actually worth $3.98; sale price $2.75

Bed Sheets, size 81x90, made of good quality muslin, torn and hemmed, worth 75c each 59c

Pillow Cases, size 36x42, good quality, worth 15c 11c

Pillow Cases, large size, fine quality, worth 20c each 15c

Table Damasks and Linens

Pure bleached Damask, 65-inch—worth 35c a yard; sale price 27c

German Damask, 72-inch extra heavy loom, assorted patterns, worth 59c 39c

70-inch Half Bleached hotel Damask, large and small checks, worth 75c a yard 48c

Red Table Damask, full width, all new patterns, color absolutely fast, worth 25c a yd 15c

Cardinal Red Damask, in fancy checks and scroll patterns, worth 35c a yard 27c

Pure Oil Red Damask, heavy cloth, plaid effects, worth 50c per yard 37c

Towels, Crashes, Etc.

Bath Towels, heavy thread, full size, worth 15c—each 5c

Bath Towels, double thread, full size, worth 15c 11c

Huck Linen, good quality, hemmed, colored border, worth 10c 7c

Huck Towels, large size, plain or colored border—each 12½c

Fringed Towels, large size, knotted satin finish, worth 30c each—sale price 22c

Toweling, full width, twilled and honey comb weave, worth 6c per yard 4½c

All Linen Glass Toweling, fancy checked, worth 10c—per yard 6c

Heavy Brown all-linen Crash, worth 12½c per yard 8c

Muslins and Sheetings.

Yard wide Brown Sheeting, best standard L.L. brand, worth 7c—per yard 5c

Brown Sheeting, yard wide, fine even thread, worth 9c a yard; this sale; price 7c

Bleached Muslin, yard wide, soft finish standard make, worth 9c a yard; sale price 6c

Bleached Sheeting, yard wide, soft finish, equal to any 9c sheeting in the city 7½c

42-inch Pillow Case Muslin, good heavy quality, worth 15c 10c

45-inch Cascing, very heavy and full, worth 16c 12½c

8-4 Brown Sheeting, warranted 2 yards wide, very heavy, worth 21c 16c

9-4 Bleached Sheeting, good quality standard brand, worth 22c a yard; sale price 14c

9-4 Bleached Sheeting very heavy quality, best standard make, warranted full 81 inches wide, worth 28c a yard 22c

Mosquito Net, in Black, Blue and White; good quality, special 3½ yard—per bolt 25c

Plain White Domet, full width—heavy nap, worth 7c 5c

Cheese Cloth, ward wide, cheap at 4½c a yard; this sale—special price 2¾c

Ticking, 32-inch good heavy quality, worth 10c a yard 7c

Mill Ends, Satin stripe Ticking—very heavy, warranted to hold feathers, worth 25c a yd 14c

Cheviot, Shirting, 27-inch very suitable for working Shirts, worth 10c a yard 5½c

Jeans, for Men's and Boys' Trousers, heavy quality, worth 25c a yard; this sale 15c

Jeans, Medium weight, good quality; special price 12½c

Cotton Batting, hand-rolled—pure, clean cotton rolls 5c

Corsets.

Our No. 1 Corset is made of good quality Jean, well boned, a splendid value at 50c. Anniversary Sale 25c

No. 501 Corset is made of extra good quality of Jean, well boned, perfect fitting—worth 69c; Anniversary Sale 39c

Anniversary Sale of Lace Curtains, Portieres and Fancy Nets.

If you need these goods now or are likely to need them this spring, look these items over; 'twill pay you to do so.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS—Full length, fine quality net, worth 39c; sale price— 65c

LACE CURTAINS—Full 3 yards in length, very handsome patterns, worth $1.10—per pair 85c

LACE CURTAINS—Large size, with heavy border and scroll center, worth $1.50 per pair $1.19

LACE CURTAINS—Heavy Nottingham, very wide, with overlock edge, worth $2.—per pair $1.50

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS—In wide stripe and heavy borders, with plain center, worth $2.50—per pair $1.98

LACE CURTAINS—Three yards long, Rich Brussels effects, with deep floral scroll center, wide borders $2.50

White Frilled Curtains.

Good quality Organdie Muslin, 4-inch ruffle of same material, worth $2.50—per pair $1.75

SWISS CURTAINS—Superior quality net, fine dot, deep ruffle of same—regular price $3.95 per pair; sale price $2.75

SWISS CURTAINS—With large dot, ruffle trimmed, with fine Torchon Lace, worth $4.50 per pair; sale price $3.25

FORTRESS—Full size, heavy knotted fringe, brocaded patterns, worth $2.25 ..... $1.98

CURTAIN SCRIM—40-inch fine net, per yard 4c

CURTAIN NET—2¾-in fine quality, full width, worth 15c a yd 12½c

Skirts and Wrappers.

Anniversary Sale Ladies' Dress Skirts, Underskirts, Wrappers.

One of the most popular departments in this house. Quality and workmanship cannot be equalled in the city at the prices we quote them.

WASH SKIRTS—Made of good-quality Duck, full sweep, worth $1.25 each 98c

LADIES' BLACK DRESS SKIRTS—Of good quality, figured Brilliantine, worth $2.50 ..... $1.89

LADIES' BLACK BROCADED AND PLAIN CHEVIOT SKIRTS—Pleated backs, splendid value for $3.50; sale price $2.48

ELEGANT QUALITY BLACK SICILIAN and Black Cheviot Cloth, latest styles, finished with best linings, worth $4.50; this sale $3.48

BLACK CHEVIOT SKIRTS—We have six lef. in 43 and 44 lengths, appliqued trimmings; your chance to buy one cheap, worth $7; choice $4.75

WALKING SKIRTS—Brown mixed, very heavy cloth, with 4 rows double stitching on skirt $3.89

WALKING SKIRTS—Double faced, plaid back cloth, tailor-stitched, inverted or single pleated backs, others ask $6.00; our price $4.89

Underskirts.

Underskirts in Black ground, fancy stripes, made with ruffle and trimmings, worth 75c each—this sale 48c

Fancy Raised Diagonal stripes, in plain Black, with ruffle on bottom, full sweep, worth 98c... 69c

Fine Quality Black Sateen with ruffle of same and Blue braid trimming, worth $1.75; sale price $1.19

Best quality Imported Sateen, made with deep flounce, double row of ruffles, worth $3.25 ..... $2.39

Dark Calico Wrappers,

Made of best quality Calico—Skirts full, nicely finished, worth $1.10 each—

85c

Made with deep flounce—good quality, worth $1.50—

$1.15

Dress Linings.

A Special Cut in prices on Dress Linings for the Anniversary Sale.

Edwards', Slaters' and Wood's Dress Cambrics, best quality—Anniversary Sale price 4c

12½c Silesias at 10c
15c Silesia at 12½c
18c Silesia at 15c
20c Percaline at 15c
18c Silk finish Taffeta at 13c
25c Nearsilk at 19c
39c Ami Silk at 29c
15c Linen Canvas at 12½c
20c Linen Canvas at 15c
25c Linen Canvas at 20c

Dress Goods.

Fancy Plaid and Checked Cotton Dress Goods, fast colors, worth 12½c; Anniversary Sale price 8½c

Fancy Plaids and Checks, on Twill Grounds, fast colors, worth 20c; Anniversary Sale 12½c

Granite Cloths, Scotch Plaids, Fancy Jacquards, Mohair Diagonals, Stripes, 40 patterns to choose from, all new up-to-date, worth as high as 50c a yard; Anniversary Sale price 25c

German Wool Cashmeres, in Black, Blue, Brown, Red and Brown colors, worth 35c a yard; Anniversary Sale price 22½c

10 pieces Wool Serges, 40 inches wide, 8 patterns to choose from, worth 40c a yard; Anniversary Sale price 25c

500 yards Homespun Suitings, desirable for Skirts and Suits, fast colors, worth 25c; Anniversary Sale price 22c

Priestley's Best Raised figure, wool novelties—the name Priestley's speaks for itself, as to quality and finish—cannot be equalled, 8 patterns to choose from, worth $1.35 and $1.50 a yard; Anniversary Sale price 98c

Silks and Velvets.

10 pieces of China Silk, 10 patterns to choose from, worth 29c—Anniversary Sale price 25c

10 pieces Good quality Taffeta Silk, worth 75c; Anniversary Sale price 48c

Best quality Taffeta Silk, in all colors, regular $1.25 value—Anniversary Sale price 98c

Extra good quality of figured and striped fancy and black, 4 or 5 yards in each pattern, worth from $1.25 to $1.50 a yard; Anniversary Sale price 98c

Silk Velvets, all the prettiest and most popular shades, worth $1.35 a yard; Anniversary Sale price 85c

Parasols.

We have over 300 Parasols in great variety of stylish handles, colors and qualities. Each Parasol is made of the best material for the price. We quote them for this Anniversary Sale. Buy your shady wants at The Fair, and save money.

85c Parasols for 50c
90c Parasols for 60c
$1.29 Parasols for 98c
$1.75 Parasols for $1.25

Our Under-Muslin Dep't

Grows greater every day. Below we offer some choice bargains, and urge you to read them over carefully:

Night Gowns.

Muslin, trimmed with embroidery and tucks 48c

Muslin, square yoke, trimmed with insertion and ruffle 65c

Muslin, V-shaped yoke, double row of insertion, and embroidery trimmed 79c

Muslin, square yoke, with insertion and embroidery trimmings, finished with braid 89c

Muslin, square yoke, all-over embroidery, and fine lace trimming 98c

Corset Covers.

Muslin, square fronts, good quality— 10c

Cambric, square yoke, nicely finished, worth 20c—at 15c

Cambric, square yoke, finished with ruffle of same— 20c

Cambric, square and V-shaped yoke, finished with embroidery, worth 33c 25c

Cambric, V-shaped yoke, nicely finished with embroidery and braid 30c

Cambric, square yoke, trimmed with lace and goods of same, worth 45c each 35c

Women's Drawers.

Good quality Muslin, yoke band, trimmed with hem and tucks 19c

Muslin, yoke band, with tucks, trimmed, worth 29c 22c

Muslin, with Cambric, ruffle and lace trimming, worth 35c 25c

Cambric trimmed with ruffle and lace, worth 45c; sale price 35c

Cambric, with fine deep ruffle, trimmed, with tucks, worth 59c 39c

Cambric, wide umbrella shape, trimmed with embroidery and double rows of tucks, worth 65c. 48c

Muslin Underskirts, with deep Cambric ruffle, two rows of insertion, and lace edge, finished with dust ruffle, worth $1.50 ..... $1.19

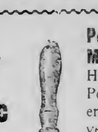
Chemise, square yoke, trimmed with embroidery and ruffles, skirt trimmed with ruffle and tucks, worth 75c 55c

Anniversary Sale of Crockery, Glassware, Go-Carts, Hammocks, Window Screens, Etc.

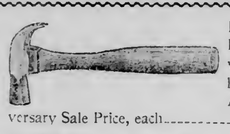
Nickel-plated Oil Stove Tea Kettles Anniversary Sale price—each 29c

Surprise Egg Beaters—Anniversary Sale price 1c

Pot Covers, all sizes—Anniversary Sale price 3c



Potato Mashers—Heavy Wire Potato Mashers—Anniversary Sale price, each— 3c



Full size Hammers, varnished handles. Anniversary Sale Price, each 8c

Acme Steel Fry Pans, large size—Anniversary Sale Price 12c

10-quart Heavy Tin Water Pails—Anniversary Sale price each ..... 9c (One to a customer.)

2-quart Milk Kettles—Anniversary Sale price, each 10c

Wash Boards. Fancy Crimp Wash Boards. Anniversary Sale Price—each 9c

Parlor Brooms—3-sewed Parlor Brooms—Anniversary Sale price— 20c

1 to a customer.

Red Fiber Lunch Boxes—Anniversary Sale price, each 7c

Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs, largest size—Anniversary Sale price— 55c each

Wood frame Wringers—worth $1.75—Anniversary Sale price $1.19

Iron Frame Wringers—Anniversary Sale price 98c

One-quart retinned Dippers—Anniversary Sale Price 3c

Swing Razor Strops, cheap at 15c—Anniversary Sale Price 8c

Genuine Dover Egg Beater. Anniversary Sale Price 5c.

Blue and white enamel steel Tea Pots, 5-pint size. Anniversary Sale Price— 39c

Clothes Baskets, full round willow. Anniversary Sale Price 35c

Graters like cut. Anniversary Sale Price 5c

The New 1896

Patented Aug 18'91 Nov 10'96

EDGAR Nutmeg Grater.

Perfection Cake Tins, round, 8-in. Anniversary Sale Price 7c

Perfection Cake Tins, square, 8-in. Anniversary Sale Price 9c

Granite Dippers with black enamelled handles. Anniversary Sale Price 12c

Wash Boilers with copper bottoms, No. 8. Anniversary Sale Price, only 69c

Triple Coated enamel Steel Tea Kettles, worth $1. Anniversary Sale Price 65c

COBBLER SETS, like cut. Anniversary Sale Price 75c

Lot 2 complete COBBLER OUTFITS. Anniversary Sale Price 39c

White metal Knives and Forks, will wear for years, set of six knives and six forks. Anniversary Sale Price, per set 89c

Iron handle steel blade Knives and Forks. Anniversary Sale Price—each 3c

Best on earth—Sad Irons—sets of three with stand and handle. Anniversary Sale Price—per set 95c

Croquet Sets—4-ball sets, mallets oiled, balls varnished and painted dovetailed box. Anniversary Sale Price 59c

Anniversary Sale Price on Boys' Steel Body Wagons, our line is positively the best made.

No. 1—79c No. 2—89c No. 3—99c
No. 4—$1.09 No. 5—$1.29 No. 6—$1.49

Go-Carts—From our already low prices we will offer an extra 10 per cent discount during our Anniversary Sale.

Wash Bowls and Pitchers, very pretty shapes. Anniversary Sale Price 59c

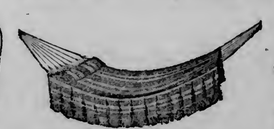
Camp Stools—Extra heavy 14-oz duck seats, hard wood legs. Anniversary Sale Price 15c

Cups and Saucers—White porcelain Cups and Saucers, pretty shapes. Anniversary Sale Price, set 28c

Plates—7-inch White Porcelain Plates, rococo edges. Anniversary Sale Price—each 4½c

Half Gallon Water Pitchers—Anniversary Sale Price 12c

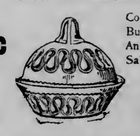
8-inch Cane or Yellow-ware Mixing Bowls—Anniversary Sale price 5c



Our line of Hammocks is priced much under our competitors and we wish to say and say it strongly that our line is direct from the best makers in America.

White China Cups and Saucers with gold band, full size—Anniversary Sale price 9c

Peppers and Salts in clear crystal glass, with white metal tops—Anniversary Sale price 3c



Covered Glass Butter Dishes—Anniversary Sale price— 8c

DECORATED DINNER SETS—In spite of the heavy increase in crockery prices we are able to offer a line that, relative to market values, is absolutely without parallel in good value. For our Anniversary Sale we will offer three very pretty patterns of Decorated Semi-Porcelaine 100-piece Dinner Sets at, per set $6.75

Fancy Decorated China Mush and Milk Sets (like above cut)—Anniversary Sale price, per set 29c

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY, JUNE 2.
Matches—500 in box, from 9 to 11 a. m. Saturday—regular price 5 cents. Anniversary sale price, a box 1½c
Limit 2 to a customer.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR MONDAY, JUNE 4.
Stack's Happy Home Laundry Soap, from 9 to 11 a. m. Monday, per bar 1½c
Limit 6 to a customer.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR TUESDAY, JUNE 5.
Mrs. Pott's Sad Iron Handles. Tuesday from 1 to 2 p. m. at each 3c
Limit 1 to a customer.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6.
One-gallon glass Oil Cans. Wednesday from 9 to 10 a. m. at each 9c
Limit 1 to a customer.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY, JUNE 7.
Hand Scrub Brushes. Thursday from 9 to 11 a. m. each 1 cent
Limit 2 to a customer.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY, JUNE 8.
Table Tumblers, full size, crystal glass. Friday from 11 to 12 a. m. each 1c
Limit 1 dozen to a customer.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY, JUNE 9.
Window Screens, adjustable, will fit any window. Saturday a. m. from 9 to 11, each 20c
Limit 2 to a customer.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SIXTEEN PAGES--SECTION ONE--PAGES 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Wheel the Baby Out.

Plenty of fresh air is what the baby wants this time of year.

It keeps him well now and builds up a good constitution for future years.

We did not intend to give a talk on the hygiene of infants, but just the same our stock of Go-Carts and Carriages has been selected to meet every requirement for getting the little ones out of doors in the most comfortable manner. Every sort of perambulator awaits you here in every conceivable color of upholstering. We carry the very best Carriages and Go-Carts in America, and sell them at reasonable prices.

Go-Carts ... $2.85 to $28.00
Carriages ... $5.00 to $35.00

OUR TERMS:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

Special and Liberal Terms on Larger Amounts.

French & Bassett,
Complete House Furnishers.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

Bargains in houses and lots in all parts of the city.
Also in business property and acres.
We want applications for loans.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

STORE TO RENT! Including heat and water—Between 4th and 5th Ave., West and Superior St. Splendid location—immediate possession.

John A. Stephenson, 104 Providence Building.

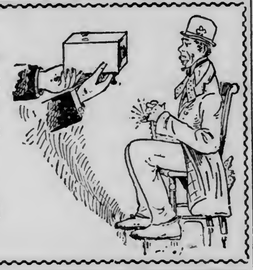
Northern Security Company
DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
HANSEN SMITH, President.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.

OFFICES: Banking Rooms, First Floor Palladio Bldg. West Duluth Bank Building.

See us before negotiating securities.

Perfect Portraits of your friends or children can be taken with our Kodaks by exercising a little care and judgment. We are giving from 10 per cent to 50 per cent discount on all cameras this week.



C. D. Trott, Optician
3 West Superior Street.

What Kind of Printing? Why, all Kinds of JOB PRINTING?

No, We don't mean Rubber Stamp printing, but done on a printing press with all the latest styles of type. PRINTING

CONSOLIDATED STAMP AND PRINTING CO.
7 Phenix Block.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY
Printing That Suits—Prices Right.
Telephone 336. 15 Second Avenue West.

GENTLEMEN—All Hours of Day and Night.
Open All Night. Telephone 287.

TURKISH, RUSSIAN, PLUNGE and ANDROSSIS CELEBRATED COMPOUND VAPOR ---------- BATHS

Treatment by electricity and Massage for Rheumatism.
Best of Attendants Employed.

M. Z. KASSMIR, 311 West Michigan Street.

An improved property on First Avenue East for sale at one-half its value. This investment will net the purchaser 10 per cent.

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Co. Bldg.

$2,500 Will buy an upper corner lot on East Superior street, Endion, 50x140.

MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

FOR SALE! Soldiers' Additional, Forest Reserve—Ready to Lay.

FOR SALE BY ..... PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,
Room B, Trust Company Building.

MOVES ARE A MYSTERY

Uncertainty As to Where the British Are at In Africa.

MAY BE IN TROUBLE

French Possibly In Hot Water and Roberts' Communication Cut.

London, June 2.—Lord Roberts' last report of the movement of the British troops in the Transvaal is somewhat mysterious.

> From the fact that Gen. French's report took two days to reach the commander-in-chief at Johannesburg, it is believed that either French must be many miles north of that city, or that he is having trouble with his communications.

The former is generally accepted as the most probable, and it is surmised that Lord Roberts' vague phrase setting forth that French "is now holding the place which I directed him to do north of Johannesburg," means that his position is quite close to Pretoria.

> The additional fact that Lord Roberts' dispatch published today is dated four hours earlier than the one given out yesterday, and that it takes the proceedings no further than May 31, leads to the conclusion that some important movement is on foot, or that Lord Roberts himself has not been able to keep his lines clear behind him.

Possibly the next place Lord Roberts will be heard from will be Pretoria. It seems that French should certainly be within striking distance of the capital today.

Gen. Rundle appears to have returned to Senekal after fighting eastward, and contemplates an early forward movement. Boer prisoners say that fifty men were killed and many wounded in the recent fight.

The Cologne Gazette publishes a letter from State Secretary Reitz, dated April 26, saying:

"The British government promised the British nation that the cost of the war will be defrayed by the Boers, but as the latter will not be in a position to pay, Great Britain must obtain the money from the gold mines, which will thereby be mulcted of half the net profits, whereas the Transvaal never levied a special tax on gold. The instigators of the war, Rhodes, Wernher, Beit and others will suffer most. In addition, the British will have to maintain a garrison of 50,000 men, the cost of which the mines will also have to pay. As soon as the British troops are withdrawn, wars and rebellions will break out, not for years, but for centuries. For England, this means a constant source of trouble, annoyance and bloodshed."

BRITISH LINES CUT.

Boers Have Cut the Communications Near the Vaal.

New York, June 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: A telegram from Lourenzo Marques says that communications of the main British army have been cut near the Vaal and it is possible that the absence of news is due to interference with the telegraph wire south of Germiston.

Gen. Hunter is making good progress. The Express dispatch says his main body has reached Barberspan, twenty miles ahead of the point of departure, and his advance parties are at Bleicvlei, twenty-three miles further on and just twenty miles from Lichtenburg, where a junction will be effected with Gen. Baden-Powell.

FRENCH DOES HIS WORK.

Succeeds In Holding His Position North of Johannesburg.

London, June 2.—Lord Roberts reports to the secretary of war, the marquis of Lansdowne, as follows:

"Johannesburg, May 31, 9:40 a. m.—French's report of his operations during May 28 and 29 reached me at 3 a. m. today. He was opposed throughout his march but managed to drive off the enemy from the strong positions they successively held with very little loss and is now holding the place which I directed him to do, north of Johannesburg. Two officers were wounded and two men were killed and twenty-seven wounded.

KRUGER AT MACHADODORP.

Located Half Way Between Pretoria and Delagoa Bay.

Loreozn Marques, June 2.—President Kruger yesterday was still at Machadodorp, about halfway between Pretoria and the Portuguese frontier, on the railroad between the Transvaal capital and Delagoa bay.

Boer commands, totalling about 10,000 men, held, Thursday, all the positions and hills around Pretoria. Another large command was at Bronkhurst's Spruit, about forty miles from Pretoria, on the railroad leading to Delagoa bay.

Telegraphic communications with the Transvaal is closed to the public. Feverish excitement prevails here on account of the almost total absence of news from either side.

The object of the trip here of Frichie Eloff, President Kruger's son-in-law, and Dr. Heyman, the president's physician, appears to have been to place a large amount of gold in safety.

BRABANT CORRALS BOERS.

Maseru, Basutoland, May 31.—Gen. Brabant has practically surrounded the Boers five miles outside of Ficksburg. The only side open for the Boers retreat is the Basutoland border, where thousands of Basutos, under Chief Jonathan, are awaiting events.

MINISTRY BLAMED

Cape Colony People's Congress Blames British Ministry For the War.

ASKS FOR FREEDOM

Declares That Only With It Can There Be Lasting Friendship.

Graaf Reinet, Cape Colony, Thursday, May 31.—The people's congress opened here today. Of those present many were Dutch clergymen, commoners and bondites. Mr. DeVilliers, brother of Chief Justice DeVilliers, presided.

> Mr. Prelotrius, a member of the legislative assembly, offered a resolution declaring that in the opinion of a majority of Cape Colonists the chief immediate cause of the war was the unwarranted, intolerable interference of the ministry in London in the internal affairs of the South African republics.

A member, speaking in support of the resolution, said it would be impossible to hold out the hand of friendship after the war, and asked:

"Can we take the English hand that perhaps is stained with the blood of my brother?"

The chairman advised moderation in all the speeches.

> The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Other resolutions presented affirmed that if the republics were annexed, the peace and prosperity of the country would be irretrievably wrecked, and that in order to insure lasting friendship and prosperity the settlement must include the restoration of unqualified freedom and independence to the republics, and the colonists be allowed a voice in the appointment of the governor of Cape Colony, thus obviating the necessity for keeping a standing army, as the republicans would be prepared to assist the colonists to repel any foreign inroads in South Africa, unity would be insured and loyalty to Great Britain cemented.

A delegation was appointed to visit Great Britain, Canada and Australasia to explain the views of those represented at the congress.

COLVILLE AT HEILBRON.

London, June 2, 3:02 p. m.—It is officially announced that Gen. Colville has arrived at Heilbron, (northeast of Kronstad) in the Orange River colony, after meeting with great opposition.

3:34 p. m.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Johannesburg, June 1, 9:25 p. m.—Sir Henry Colville, in reporting the arrival of the Highland brigade at Heilbron, May 29, states that he was opposed more or less the whole way from Ventersburg. Eight men were killed and four officers and thirty-two men were wounded. Colville says the Lancashire battery and field artillery did excellent work. Grant's naval guns were most valuable and the troops behaved in a most soldierly manner throughout the trying march.

"Rundle telegraphs that his casualties were 32 killed and 120 men wounded."

GRENADIERS CAUGHT IT.

Maseru, Basutoland, June 2.—The Grenadier guards were the heaviest sufferers during Gen. Rundle's fighting. They lost 30 men killed and had 88 men wounded.

MORE CAVALRY.

Gen. MacArthur Has Asked For Three More Regiments of Cavalry.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Three regiments of cavalry, possibly more, will be assigned to duty in the Philippines, on recommendation of Gen. MacArthur, who has cabled that the services of the troops are required for operation during the rainy season. Two regiments, one the Eleventh, a volunteer organization, are now with forces there. Secretary Root said today no formal orders for the departure of the cavalry, however, would be issued until after June 16, when Gen. Otis would be here for consultation with the president.

* * *

Swan Nyquist has been appointed postmaster at Malmo, Aitkin county, vice A. C. Kilmer, resigned.

* * *

An increase of pension to $12 per month has been granted to Michael D. Huff, of Little Falls.

* * *

Judge Robert Jamison of Minneapolis has just arrived here. He will remain for several days. Judge Jamison said today that he expected to remain in the East until after the national Republican convention. He will be an interested onlooker at Philadelphia.

* * *

The vice presidential situation is still in the air so far as it concerns both the Republicans and the Democrats. It is said today that the president favors Senator Allison for his running mate, but the latter positively declines to consent to the use of his name at the Philadelphia convention. McKinley's second choice from the West is said to be Representative Dolliver, Iowa. The latter, if nominated, will accept. He could make a brilliant campaign on the stump. This would be of great assistance to the national ticket. Washburn, of Minnesota, is no longer considered in the running. If the West does not secure the second place, Secretary Long, who hails from Massachusetts, will be the Eastern candidate and will win. The Democratic nomination will either go to Towne, of Minnesota; Lewis, of Washington, or Hearst, of New York and California. The latter now seems to be a favorite with some Democratic leaders here.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

KILLED BY BOXERS

Chinese Outlaws Murder Foreigners Escaping From Pao Ting Fu.

SURROUND THE PARTY

Refugees, Including Women and a Child, at the Boxers' Mercy.

Tien Tsin, June 2.—The foreigners who escaped from Pao Ting Fu are ten miles from here. Four of the party have been killed and four were wounded. An expedition is proceeding to their relief.

Tien Tsin, June 2.—The French consulate has received information from priests at Pao Ting Fu that thirty foreigners, including six ladies and a child, who were attempting to escape from Pao Ting Fu to Tien Tsin in boats were attacked by over 700 Boxers, armed with rifles and spears. Many of the foreigners were wounded; four were killed outright, but the fate of the remainder of the party is unknown. Having little ammunition, however, it is considered impossible that they could hold out against their assailants.

HAS A GOOD EFFECT.

Foreign Guard at Pekin Alters the Chinese Attitude.

Pekin, June 1.—American and other foreign guards numbering 349, arrived here in the midst of the dragon festival. The streets were unusually crowded and though the people were greatly interested in the annual spectacle, no manifestation of hostility was made.

The presence of the guards has already had a marked effect upon the bearing of the Chinese toward foreigners. The excitement in the adjacent country has been much allayed, but many Christian refugees are still flocking into the city. The "Boxers" are evidently moving afield.

Unfortunately no leaders of the Boxers have been arrested, though their capture would have been easy. All the government has done was to occupy the districts of the disturbance and no real repressive measures have been taken.

BANK LOOTED.

Nitro-Glycerine Artists Make a Haul at New Lisbon, Wis.

Milwaukee, June 2.—An Evening Wisconsin special from New Lisbon, Wis., says: The Bank of New Lisbon, owned by W. H. Cash, was burglarized at an early hour today and several thousand dollars in cash taken. The whole front of the safe was blown out with nitro-glycerine, and the front of the building was partially wrecked. The explosion was terrific.

There is no clue to the perpetrators, although it is suspected that a couple of strangers who have been hanging around town for two days may have been the guilty parties.

The bank will suspend business pending temporary repairs, when business will be resumed. President Cash says none of the depositors will lose a cent.

Messages were sent in all directions, and it is hoped the robbers will be apprehended.

NOTHING ABOUT MOELLER.

No Official News of His Appointment as Bishop.

Washington, June 2.—It is learned that nothing official concerning the appointment of Rev. Henry Moeller, secretary of the arch diocese of Cincinnati, as bishop of Columbus, has yet reached the papal delegation, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. Both Archbishop Martinelli and Rev. Dr. Rooker, secretary of the legation, are absent from Washington, but the new auditor, Rev. Dr. Francis Magnetti, has received no rescript from Rome regarding this appointment. There are several candidates for the vacant see, and before the selection of an incumbent, his official brief, as usual, will come direct to the papal delegate, who will at once transmit the document to Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati.

A leading pastor here, speaking of these appointments, remarked that the indications are that whenever the next plenary council meets in this country, the method of "nominating bishops" will undergo a revision.

It is said the authorities in Rome have already expressed their astonishment of bishops which prevails in the United States, and which retards episcopal appointments sometimes for months, and even years.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIANS.

The Synod Receives Reports of the Church Boards.

Cedarville, Ohio, June 2.—The Reformed Presbyterian church again gave its attention this morning to the reports of the boards of the church, Dr. George of Allegheny, Pa., chairman of the board of corporators of Geneva college at Beaver Falls, Pa., asked the ministers of the church to urge men of means to increase the endowment of the college. The board of trustees of Geneva college reported an increase of numbers, but lack of finance, and asked for an appropriation of $3000 for the work next year. Dr. H. H. George, of Beaver Falls, Pa., gave the report of the committee on national reform, in which the demand was made that the kingship of Christ be recognized by an amendment to the constitution of the United States. The synod adjourned to meet Monday morning, June 4. This afternoon was devoted to rest and pleasure.

ZALDIVAR ARRIVES.

Washington, June 2.—Rafael Zaldivar, the new minister to this country from San Salvador, has arrived in Washington and has been presented to Secretary Hay at the state department. He was accompanied to the department and introduced to the secretary by Mr. Calvo, the minister from Costa Rica. Mr. Zaldivar will be received by the president Monday morning.

TO OPPOSE STRIKES

New National Labor Body Forming With That End In View.

STARTED IN CHICAGO

Individual Right and Free Labor Will Be Its Watchwords.

Chicago, June 2.—The Times-Herald says: The Industrial Trades' union, the organization of workmen which was formed soon after the labor troubles began by the men who wanted to work, is arranging to branch out into a national organization on lines which eliminate all the objectionable features of the old labor unions. The movement for a national body which shall have local councils in the large cities of the country is being pushed by the officers of the Chicago organization.

> The new national body is to be formed on the basis of individual right. It will be the champion of free labor and will oppose strikes.

The plan is to appoint fifteen or twenty men from different trades to form the national executive council, which will carry on the work of the organization. The headquarters will be in Chicago. Some of the objects of the national body, as announced, are: To secure to all citizens their inalienable rights and secure employment in their particular line wherever obtainable, without interference and without paying unjust and exorbitant tribute therefor.

STRIKE IN ST. LOUIS.

Increased Numbers of Cars Run---A Dynamite Plot.

St. Louis, June 2.—More cars were in operation over the lines of the St. Louis Transit company today than on any day since May 8, when the strike began. All were under police protection.

The work of securing the force of 2500 special deputy sheriffs called for by the police board continues and citizens are being rapidly enrolled.

An attempt was made last night to blow up with dynamite the St. Louis Transit company's barns at Easton and Prairie avenues, in which 150 employes of the company and a number of policemen were asleep, and in which were many cars and much valuable property. This was the second attempt to wreck the buildings with dynamite made in three days. None of the policemen on the Prairie avenue side of the building saw anything, although the explosive was thrown to the roof of the shed from that side. The policemen asleep in the shed were thrown violently from their cots by the force of the concussion. The damage was slight. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

THE GRAVESEND RACE.

Track and Weather Perfect For the Great Match.

New York, June 2.—Unless a sudden shower comes from a sky which presages a fair day, track and weather conditions will be perfect for the match race at Gravesend this afternoon between Perry Belmont's Ethelbert and William C. Whitney's Jean Beraud. The race is at a mile and a quarter, each owner putting up $1000, and the Brooklyn Jockey club adding $500. Both horses have a strong following. Both are said to be in perfect condition and the lovers of sport predict that it would be one of the greatest special match races ever run in the East.

The Belmont colt is slightly the favorite, because of his victory in the Metropolitan handicap at Morris park. He ran that race with 126 pounds on his back, which is the weight for today's race, and his performance was impressive and notable. Jean Beraud's performance as a 2-year-old are even more remarkable than those of Ethelbert. After he had captured the Withers and Belmont stakes last year, lameness compelled his retirement for the rest of the season.

FUNDS FOR INDIA.

Chicago Relief Committee Cables One Thousand Pounds.

Chicago, June 2.—It was announced today that the Chicago-India famine relief committee has cabled £1000 sterling to Lady Curzon, wife of the viceroy, to be used in the famine districts.

In a letter mailed to Lady Curzon, formerly Mary Leiter, of Chicago, it is explained that other cities aided in collecting the amount cabled. Special mention, the letter says, is due Governor Mount, of Indiana, for his assistance.

LIVELY AT NOME.

Thousands of Miners at Work on the Beach.

Seattle, Wash., June 2.—J. C. Kurtz and Norman Smith, who left Cape Nome, March 16, two months later than any other arrivals, reached here tonight. They report that several thousand men are already at work on the partly frozen beach and taking out good pay. Several new pay streaks have been found and a number of rich quartz strikes are reported. The miners have organized and fixed the amount of beach territory each man shall have. Every claim of any value in the entire country has been staked and restaked, and they figure that it will take a year's legal work to establish the ownership.

VARIAG SATISFACTORY.

Philadelphia, June 2.—The Russian cruiser Variag, which left the Cramps' shipyard last Thursday for her builders' trial at sea, returned to this city today, after having been given a satisfactory test. The big warship and her battery were tried out in every conceivable way, and not one weak spot was found in the construction of the vessel or in her engines and boilers. On her speed trial, the cruiser developed twenty-two knots an hour, under natural draft, and with one of her boilers out of use. Her builders are confident that she can cover fully twenty-four knots when put under forced draught. The Variag will have her official trial in July and will be ready to be placed in commission late in August.

NEW TRUST LAUNCHED

National Sugar Refining Company Organized and Officers Elected.

TO MAINTAIN RATES

Tacit Agreement With the Old Trust to Dwell In Unity.

New York, June 2.—The organization of the National Sugar Refining company, of New Jersey, was completed today in Jersey City. The new company is a combination of the National, Mollenhauer and Doscher companies. The stock is divided into $10,000,000 of common and $10,000,000 of preferred shares. The assets comprise all of the plants of the three companies in the combination and several million dollars in cash. The articles of incorporation will be filed immediately in the office of the secretary of state at Trenton.

The following board of directors was elected: James H. Post, F. D. Mollenhauer, Claus Doscher, George Arbuckle, F. H. Holland, Herbert D. Cory and Henry F. Mollenhauer.

The following officers were elected: President, James H. Post; vice president and treasurer, Frederick D. Mollenhauer; secretary, Herbert D. Cory.

It was announced that all the plants owned by the company will start up at once at their full capacity.

It is stated that there is an understanding, although no definite compact, between the new concern and the Sugar Refining company, and that no rate war will result from the organization of the new company.

SUTTON FREE.

Acquitted of Complicity In the Michigan Military Clothing Frauds.

Lansing, Mich., June 2.—Col. Eli R. Sutton, of Detroit, regent of the university of Michigan and a prominent Republican politician of the Pingree following, was acquitted today of complicity in the state military clothing frauds, on account of which various members of the state military board and himself had been indicted. The jury considered the case only an hour and forty minutes. Both Sutton and his wife burst into tears at the announcement. Sutton's counsel also wept and Mrs. Sutton kissed each of the jurors.

Col. Sutton, although not a member of the military board, was closely associated with Quartermaster Gen. White and Inspector General Marsh as a friend and legal adviser, and he admitted having advised the sale of the state's goods, which were afterwards sold back to the state in a fraudulent manner. The trial of Gen. Marsh for fraud and embezzlement resulted in conviction and he has an appeal pending. Gen. White fled to South Africa.

INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETICS.

Many Entries In All Events at the Chicago Meet.

Chicago, June 2.—The sixth annual track and field meet of the Western Intercollegiate Athletic association was held on Ravenswood field today, with the largest entries in all the sixteen events that have ever been announced in similar events. Field and track teams were present from nineteen Western colleges and universities, including the universities of California, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Chicago, Northwestern, Notre Dame, Drake, Illinois, Lake Forest, South Dakota, Purdue, Nebraska university, Knox college, Oberlin college and Carlton college, the number of entries making some of the events almost unwieldy and stretching out the field contests to a rather tiresome degree.

Entries for the track events ranged from eight to twenty-eight in each quarter and half mile, and in the field events from eleven in the hammer-throw to twenty-nine in the broad jump.

Desoite a raw north wind and the lowering clouds that threatened all day to turn the condition of paths into watercourses, several thousand people watched with the closest attention the brawny athletes as they struggled for the honor of their respective colleges, the attendance being the largest that ever gathered at a Western intercollegiate meet.

GUNS ARE RECOVERED.

Rifles Carried Off by the Filipinos Are Recaptured.

Manilla, June 2.—Lieut. Col. Emerson H. Tiscum of the Twenty-fourth infantry, at Tarlac, island of Luzon, reports that the efforts of the local president have resulted in the capture of thirty-one out of the thirty-three Krag-Jorgenson rifles in good condition, stolen from the regiment Dec. 9 last. The search for the rifles has continued unceasingly since they were lost. Some scouts on Tuesday very early discovered the rifles, but the enemy removed them and concealed them in the hills.

A captain and thirty rebels armed with rifles have surrendered at Cuyapo.

Nueva Eoigo, a town in Candaba, has been burned and many poor families are homeless. Gen. Wheaton recommends government succor. It is supposed the fire was accidental.

REQUISITION FOR TAYLOR.

Sheriff Intends to Make Application For One.

Frankfort, Ky., June 2.—Acting Sheriff Ruter said this morning that he had not applied for a requisition on Governor Mount for the extradition of W. S. Taylor, but that he will do so. Governor Beckham has been out of the city.

INTEREST IS WANING

The British Public Regards the African War as Already Over.

BULLER IS IGNORED

Has Fallen Into Complete Oblivion---Last Scandal In High Life.

London, June 2.—(Copyright, 1900, the Associated Press. Popular opinion has proclaimed the advent of victory, and whatever happens henceforth in South Africa the interest of the British public will be but little, unless the event is endorsed by a peculiarly personal element. The nation has made up its mind that the war is over, that the prestige of British arms is restored, that President Kruger is vanquished, that priceless territory has been annexed, that humanity has not been staggered, and that, led by the little Sir Galahad, "Bob," Great Britain's army has fulfilled the most optimistic expectations.

It is scarcely surprising, in view of the bewildering rapidity of Lord Roberts' progress during the past week, that the anxiety attendant on the initial reverses of the war is completely forgotten in the jubilation of today, or that the troubles still ahead of the army in South Africa scarcely receive a passing thought. Nevertheless, among the few more serious minded who have intimate knowledge of the Boers and the plans of the war office there exist grave apprehensions of developments in the near future. In the systematic retreat of the Boers, they see the possibility of long drawn out guerrilla fighting, treks into Rhodesia, internal disorganization in the Transvaal due to bandits and a thousand and one lawless elements that evolve themselves from a heterogeneous army after it ceases to become an organized body.

Some of the acute authorities on South African matters, say Maj. Gen. Frederick Carrington's work in Rhodesia may only begin when Lord Robert's finishes. Such speculation, however, can only be left for time to prove, and this war, so far, has abounded in surprises which have completely upset the surmises of those best fitted to express opinions.

Probably the most reasonable forecast of immediate developments in the Transvaal can be gained by reviewing the events in the Free State Orange River colony. There, though the country is formally annexed and is subjected to a winnowing process by a long line of British troops, virile opposition still exists. The preponderance of numbers is bound to eventually reduce the inhabitants to subjection, and so it will be, probably, with the Transvaal, the occupation of Pretoria and Johannesburg being followed by operations similar to those uninteresting movements now undertaken by Gen. Rundle and Brabant in the Orange River Colony.

The personal status of President Kruger since he left the capital is creating some discussion. A representative of the Associated Press learns that Lord Salisbury will consider him to be president of the South Africa Republic until Lord Roberts is ready to annex that territory. Hence, wherever President Kruger may be, even if he goes into Portuguese territory, and any communications which he might make to the British or other governments looking to a cessation of hostilities would receive official recognition and be answered, though it is safe to say Lord Salisbury would merely refer President Kruger to Lord Roberts. Some such message from "Oom Paul" is now expected at the foreign office. If the indicated line of procedure in answering it is carried out, it can result in persuading the people to lay down their arms. In one thing the British government is determined, i. e. President Kruger cannot stay in the Transvaal. In the event of his capture, he must be transported, not necessarily in durance; but he must be got out of the territory, which Lord Salisbury expects will shortly be part of the British Empire. Every effort will be made to capture President Kruger but the government officials are inclined to believe he will manage to get into Portuguese territory where the British will be unable to touch him.

One of the most curious features of the closing chapters of the great war is the oblivion into which Gen. Buller has fallen. A few months ago, it was Buller who would enter Pretoria on Christmas day, yet now Gen. Buller is scarcely mentioned. Gens. French, Hamilton and others are all more frequently talked of and cheered than the former commander-in-chief, who seems to have become a negligible quantity in the shadow of the Biggarsberg.

Words fail to describe the national gratefulness to Lord Roberts. Wellington never was to England what Roberts is today in the eyes of the general public. A dukedom and the order of the garter at the queen's disposal through the death of the duke of Argyll are the least rewards that could be bestowed on him. Already people are talking of the scenes which will mark his home-coming. Conscientious military critics occasionally try to bring on Lord Kitchener's name, but their efforts have small effect on the popular sentiments.

One evidence of Lord Roberts' canability is the uses to which he has put wireless telegraphy. Buller and other generals failed to develop the plant sent out to them, looked askance at the innovation, relying solely on the old-time heliograph. Lord Roberts always has with him a body of wireless telegraphists, by which he keeps in constant communication with the various units of his enormous army. Several messages have been sent over sixty miles.

The reports of naval experiments with this device are also satisfactory. The British battleship Hannibal, while under way, clearly read the battleship Jupiter's messages at thirty-two miles distance. Other severe tests have resulted favorably to Marconi.

An extraordinary incident in connection with the battering of the coast defense ironclad Belle Isle by the battleship Majestic has just leaked out. It appears that the loader how torpedo of the Belle Isle was discharged by the effect of the shake of the Majestic, and only smart maneuvering on the part of the modern warship saved her from being blown up by the released projectile of the old hulk.

The fact that the duke of Connaught has taken Lord Francis Clinton Bore's Castle Blayney, county Monaghan, for the season, with the option for five years, seems to indicate the establishment of a royal residence in Ireland. But whether the queen will occupy the residence which May Yohe, the American actress, otherwise Lady Hope, has just vacated in order to fulfill theatrical engagements in Australia it is impossible to say. But Castle Blayney is one of the finest properties in Ireland, and it is understood that if the duke and duchess of Connaught are satisfied with it they will take it for a long term.

The duke of Argyll announces that Inveray castle, with its immense demesne, is for rent, and England is wondering what American millionaire is likely to occupy this historic mansion.

One of the most remarkable though posthumous exposures of the looseness of English life in high places came up this week, when Mrs. Brinkworth sued the estate of the late William Beckett, a former member of parliament, for continued support of herself and her alleged children. Mr. Beckett was head of one of the wealthiest private banking firms in England and eminently respected in parliament and in society. It now transpires that Mrs. Brinkworth lived as his mistress for many years, and that the couple amused themselves by buying children which they passed off as their own. Mr. Beckett wished to use the children to "bluff" his own family into consenting to the payment of large sums to his mistress. She accumulated seven children so adeptly that the judge remarked: "You seem to have bought babies as some people buy puppies."

Mrs. Brinkworth was non-suited.

The executor of the estate sued is Ernest Beckett, son of the man who lived such a double life. He is also a member of parliament and owns one of the finest houses in Picadilly, where the prince of Wales is often entertained. He married a few years ago Mrs. Tracey Lee, a niece of the late W. H. Hurlbutt, since dead.

JAPAN'S CABINET CRISIS.

It May Be Asked to Form a Ministry.

Yokohoma, June 2.—The cabinet crisis continues. The Marquis Ito will probably be called upon to form a ministry.

STATEMENT FOR MAY.

Uncle Sam's Receipts and Expenditures For the Month.

Washington, June 2.—The monthly comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows that during May, 1900, the receipts aggregated $45,166,053 and the expenditures $40,351,525, leaving a surplus for the month of $1,814,528. The receipts for the several sources of revenue are given as follows:

Customs, $17,396,573, decrease as compared with May, 1899, $1,093,937; internal revenue, $27,801,328, increase $140,000; miscellaneous, $3,968,153, increase $1,260,000.

The expenditures are given as follows: Civil and miscellaneous, $5,143,472. Increase, $1,100,000. War, $8,636,636, decrease $1,020,000; navy, $5,149,021, increase $260,000; Indians, $882,885, decrease $25,000; pensions, $12,259,578, increase $800,000; interest, $5,568,225, decrease $711,000. During the last eleven months of the fiscal year the receipts exceeded the expenditures by $82,375,000. One year ago there was a deficit for the eleven months of the fiscal year of $191,620,000.

McCOY BESTS BONNER.

New York, June 2.—Kid McCoy added another to his long list of victories at the Broadway Athletic club last night by defeating Jack Bonner of Summit, Pa., in the thirteenth round of what was to have been a 25-round bout at 158 pounds. It took all of McCoy's cleverness and hard hitting capabilities to bring the big miner down. It was a fast and clever boxing exhibition in which both men did some good work. Both pugilists were in good condition for the fight. The betting odds were 2 to 1 in McCoy's favor.

In the East childlessness is considered a curse from the gods. It is a pathetic sight to see some childless Hindoo mother prostrate before an idol, imploring that the curse of childlessness may be taken away.

Are we much wiser than the heathen? Thousands of childless women are not as they suppose under Nature's ban, but are suffering from a diseased condition of the delicate feminine organs. It may be debilitating drains or female weakness, and perhaps an ulcerated and inflamed condition of the parts. In any case the diseased condition must be removed and a healthy condition established before the maternal function can be fulfilled.

Many a mother acknowledges her debt to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and to its inventor Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., who invites the sick to write and consult him without charge. "Favorite Prescription" promptly allays irritation, heals ulceration, checks the debilitating drains, cures female weakness and the accompanying bearing down pains. It gives vitality and elasticity to the organs peculiary feminine, and establishes the natural conditions which make for the easy birth of healthy children.

There is nothing just as good *for you* as "Favorite Prescription." Don't be put off with a substitute.

"I have never written you how grateful I am to you for your help in securing good health and one of the sweetest, dearest thirteen pound girls that ever came into a home," writes Mrs. M. Yastine, of 647 South Liberty St., Galesburg, Ill. "When I wrote you about my ailments I was living in Richland, Iowa. I took six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, four of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Before I had taken four bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' I was a new woman. I cannot make pen describe my heartfelt gratitude."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the stomach, liver and bowels.

PLENTY OF FIGHTING

The Filipinos Have Been Keeping the American Troops Stirred Up.

BUSY DAY AND NIGHT

Filipinos Industriously Attack Towns and Are Given Heavy Punishment.

Manilla, June 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The last few weeks have seen a general spread of rebel activity throughout Luzon and even into the other islands, which has been offset by immediate retaliation. The rebels have attacked by day and by night several of the 267 towns we garrisoned. Over 300 Filipinos were killed by troops of Gen. Young's command in North Ilicos province during three days hard fighting last week. Over 100 were killed down in Camarines province, under Gen. Bell, and at least fifty were killed in their attack upon Cagayan de Misamis in Northern Mindanao. Five hundred dead Filipinos would be a conservative estimate of their losses during the past fifteen days and a number of smaller engagements that have passed unnoticed would bring the total up to at least 600. A remarkable feature is that during the fighting which resulted in this heavy loss to the rebels, the American forces have had not more than six men killed and fifteen wounded.

Perhaps the best example of the rebels' activity and the way the Americans deal with them is given in the recent report from Lieut. Col. Howse, of the Thirty-fourth infantry, in which he describes the recent fighting in the province of North Ilocos. On April 16, Lieut. Col. Howse, of the Thirty-fourth, with eight men, met 300 insurgents, and after a short fight returned to Batac and reported to Col. Howse. The colonel withdrew his troops from the town and when the insurgents entered, he surrounded the place. A fight ensued in which 105 Filipinos were killed.

The same day, Capt. Perkins, with 120 men, met the enemy near Vintor and killed twenty-three.

On April 17, 200 natives, twenty of whom were armed with rifles and the balance with bolos and clubs, entered the town of Lonag to attempt an uprising. We killed forty and captured eighty and drove off the balance. The total number of the enemy killed in North Ilocos province in three days is given at 355. This does not include the wounded who crawled away into the brush.

A party of miners that left Manilla early in January for the Southern Islands has been captured by rebels. About April 3, the Filipino garrison at Mausim on Leyte Island heard that a small party of Americans were approaching in a rowboat. The Filipinos at once scattered. A squad came to look over the strangers, and when they found them ordered them to halt. The summons was disregarded and the two boatloads of armed men quickly decided to abandon their shore. All but one of the Americans was wounded. The Americans then surrendered, after throwing overboard their guns and ammunition, which were six men in the party. They were placed under strong guard in the interior of Leyte, where they are still prisoners.

Reliable news comes from Northern Luzon that two prospectors have been murdered by the Igorrote tribesmen. The native mayor of the village Santa Rosa is said to have instigated the crime and to have become possessed of the men's money and arms.

More or less organized parties of prospectors are leaving Manilla every month and upon their return tales of hardship they suffered, but there is little evidence of any of them having found gold in paying quantities.

Poison In Potatoes.

The public is becoming excited over the statement recently made that potatoes contain a poison called solanin. It is announced that new potatoes contain much more than old ones, but those which have commenced to sprout are quite dangerous. This may be true, but it seems odd that people have lived and thrived for centuries upon them and that their danger has just been discovered. It is safe to assert that anyone with whom potatoes do not agree has stomach trouble, and any one who has indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, or liver and kidney weakness needs Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at once. This medicine does more than promise. It cures. Avoid substitutes and insist upon having the genuine. Try it.

JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

Coming Via Canada---Pacific Coast Aroused Against It.

Washington, June 2.—Robert Watchern, supervising special immigrant inspector at Tacoma, Wash., in a telegram to Commissioner General Powderly, received yesterday, states that two steamers have arrived at Victoria, B. C., within the last two days with 350 Japanese immigrants designed for the United States, presumably to avoid possible deportation. The inspection of the arrivals by the steamship Glenogle had been completed with the result that fifty Japanese immigrants were ordered deported. In the course of a letter received by Mr. Powderly, Mr. Watchorn says that public sentiment in Tacoma is strongly against the so-called Japanese invasion, and by public meetings, newspaper criticisms and discussions in the meetings of workingmen's unions anti-Japanese sentiment is being cultivated very thoroughly and all political conventions (without regard to party) recently held on this coast and in adjacent states have vigorously declared in favor of restricting or prohibiting Japanese immigration.

In discussing the matter in a subsequent letter Mr. Watchorn says:

"Despite the great outcry against this so-called invasion of the Japanese I am quite unable to identify myself with the publicly expressed belief that it is an unmixed evil. The cleanliness of the average Japanese immigrant, the abundance and condition of wearing apparel, the amount of cash he possesses, the diversified industries they represent, their numerous and widely separated destinations, their health and youthfulness, all tend, in my opinion, to deprive the so-called influx of much that is considered dangerous to the peace and welfare of society. Nevertheless, it is quite apparent that there is some unlawful immigration being conducted as a purely commercial enterprise."

REPORT FOR KIRKMAN.

House Committee Recommends Restoring the Dismissed Captain.

Washington, June 2.—The house committee on military affairs yesterday reported in favor of authorizing the president to restore Geo. W. Kirkman to his rank as captain in the army, thus overcoming the effect of a court martial and dismissal at Manilla, which has attracted considerable attention. The secretary stated to the court that the sentence was too severe, and the gallantry of the officer was also cited. The committee then recommended he be restored.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

HIS ATTITUDE.

Lord Roseberry Writes a Letter Setting Forth His Principles.

London, June 2.—In connection with the rumors current of Lord Rosebery's willingness to resume the leadership of the Liberal party if the majority of the party desires it, he is regarded as having embodied his principles in the following letter sent last night to the Plymouth Mercury, a Liberal organ, on the occasion of its fortieth anniversary. After formally congratulating the paper, Lord Rosebery proceeds:

"This anniversary comes at a remarkable moment. It finds factions annihilated by the war, in which the great mass of the nation desires to stand shoulder to shoulder for the war. With all its curses it may ultimately bring a blessing. It may brace up the nation. It may mould a nation. It may unite a nation. It must make a nation take stock of itself and examine its deficiencies. Under these circumstances the function of the press, always important, has supreme value at such a juncture. It must be sincere. It must divest itself of the mere catchwords and impulses of the party and educate the people without fear and without partiality. It must be prepared to discard the obsolete shibboleths, to search out abuse, to disregard persons, to be insistent in pressing for necessary reforms, social, educational and administrative, and, if need be, constitutional.

"Moreover, with regard to sane appreciation of the destinies and responsibilities of the empire, we stand at the parting of the ways. Will Britain flinch or falter in her worldwide task? How is she best to pursue it? What new forces and inspiration will it need? What changes does it involve? These are questions requiring clear sight, cool courage and the absence of formula. It is because I believe the Mercury is facing this crisis in our fortunes in a bold, liberal spirit that I send it a message of party good will."

IS DEFEATED.

House Votes Down Amendment Empowering Congress to Regulate Trusts.

Washington, June 2—The house of representatives yesterday defeated the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment empowering congress to regulate trusts. It requires a two-thirds vote under the constitution to adopt an amendment to the constitution. The vote stood—ayes 154, nays 131. The affirmative vote, therefore, was 28 short of the requisite two-thirds, 192.

Five Democrats, Messrs. Campbell (Montana), Nippen (Massachusetts), Scudder (New York), Sibley (Pennsylvania) and Thayer (Massachusetts), and one silverite, Mr. Newlands (Nevada), voted with the Republicans for the resolution, and two Republicans, Messrs. Loud (California) and McCall (Massachusetts), with the Democrats. These were the only breaks from party lines. The Populists voted solidly against the resolution.

BILL WILL GO OVER.

Spooner on the Prospects of the Philippines Measure.

Madison, Wis., June 2.—Senator Spooner does not expect the Philippine bill to pass the senate at this session. The senator is home from Washington, called by the illness of his wife, who is now better. Asked as to the prospects for the passage of the bill, he said:

"It is hardly probable that the bill will pass at this session. Under the provisions of the bill, the law would not take effect until the insurrection in the islands is completely subdued, and this I do not anticipate until after election. It appeared to be settled when I left Washington that the bill would not be allowed to pass at this session, and I have just received a telegram from a leading member of the senate saying congress will probably adjourn June 6."

On the subject of the next national ticket, Senator Spooner said:

"President McKinley will, of course, be renominated by acclamation. There is a strong feeling that the vice president should be a man whom the people would be willing to see elected president. The most prominent Eastern candidate now appears to be Secretary Long of Massachusetts. There is considerable talk in Washington of Congressman Dolliver of Iowa, and also of Senator Fairbanks of Indiana. From the present outlook several candidates will be presented to the national convention."

PYTHIANS HELD ON POLICY.

The Clause on Intoxicants Is Not Retroactive.

Chicago, June 2.—The second trial of the case of Jane Wiley Lloyd against the supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias, involving the intoxicant clause in the insurance policies of that order, resulted yesterday in a verdict of $3475 for the plaintiff. Judge Kohlsaat in the United States circuit court rendering the decision. A policy for $300 was issued to Walter Lloyd in 1889. He died in March, 1897, and the supreme lodge refused to pay because his death was said to have resulted from intoxicants. It was claimed that this provision was not in Mr. Lloyd's policy, and that it was inserted two years later. The court of appeals reversed the first judgment on the ground that the clause was retroactive.

HUMPHREYS'

Telephone No. 247.

LISBON.

When in Lisbon call up Ribeiro da Costa & Ca., droguistas, 150, Rua do Arsenal. 152, they will send to your hotel or tell you the nearest pharmacy that keeps Humphreys' Specifics. "77" for Grip and Colds. Specific "4" for Diarrhea, very important when travelling.

Specific "1" for Fevers, Congestion.
Specific "10" for Dyspepsia, Indigestion.
Specific "15" for Rheumatism.
Specific "26" for Sea-Sickness. A preventive and cure: take before sailing.
Specific "27" for Kidney and Bladder.
Manual of all maladies, especially children diseases, sent free.

For sale by all druggists, or sent on receipt of price, 25c each. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

32 Rue Etienne-Marcel, 32, Paris.

Famous Generals Recommend Peruna.

Of the great Generals of the Confederate army in the United States few remain. The most conspicuous figure among these is General James Longstreet, of Gainesville, Ga. His loyalty and courage in defending the lost cause, won the admiration of the world. As a survivor of that splendid chivalry peculiar to our Southern States two generations ago, General Longstreet is one of the most unique men of this age.

He is a man of few words, but when he does speak, his opinions are accepted by his fellow-countrymen with profound respect, if not reverence. In commenting upon Peruna, the old General made use of the following language:

General James Longstreet.

"I join with my comrade, Gen. Wheeler, in testifying to the merits of Peruna, both as a tonic and a catarrh remedy. Peruna enjoys the greatest reputation as a catarrh remedy of any medicine yet devised." James Longstreet.

General Longstreet's reference to General Wheeler in commenting upon Peruna was occasioned by a public statement of General Wheeler some time prior, in which he had praised Peruna as a catarrh remedy and tonic. General Wheeler's signed statement was as follows:

"I join with Senators Sullivan, Roach and McEnery in their good opinion of Peruna. It is recommended to me by those who have used it as an excellent tonic and peculiarly effective as a cure for catarrh."

JOE WHEELER.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain, and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question.

Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is not better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

The spring is the best time to treat exhausted nerves Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring will cure old, stubborn cases of nervousness that have resisted treatment for years.

General Marcus Wright, 1721 Corcoran street, Washington, D. C., a prominent Confederate General, who is in charge of getting up the records of the War of the Rebellion, has the following to say in regard to Peruna:

"I take pleasure in commending Peruna. It is a remarkable medicine and should be used by persons who are in need of a good tonic and sufferers from catarrh."

General W. W. Duffield, General in the Mexican war and General of the Union Army in the late Civil War, in a letter written from "The Cairo," Washington, D. C., says the following of Peruna:

"I have used Peruna in my family and have found it a valuable medicine, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who suffer from catarrh of the stomach or who require a tonic of efficiency."

General S. S. Yoder, ex-Member of Congress, from Lima, O., in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, speaks of Peruna as follows:

"I desire to say that I have found Peruna to be a wonderful remedy. I only used it for a short time and am thoroughly satisfied as to its merits. I cannot find words to express my gratitude for the results obtained. As a catarrh cure I shall gladly recommend it to all sufferers."

Those desiring a book on spring catarrh should address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

FIGURES ON BONDS

Official Statement For the Holders of Bonds Subject to Exchange.

WORTH AT PRESENT

The Returns on Exchange and the Investment Values Are Given.

Washington, June 2.—Assistant Secretary Vanderlip has issued the following statement, compiled by the government actuary, for the information of the holders of either 3 per cent bonds of 1908, the 4s of 1907, or the 5s of 1907, or the 5s of 1904, now subject to exchange under the provisions of section 11 of the act of March 14, 1900.

The present worth of a $100 3 per cent bond of 1908, upon a 2½ per cent basis, May 31, 1900, was $105.5820; that is to say, a bond of this kind bought at $105.58 will result in a realization of an investment and interest thereon at the rate of 2½ per cent. Similarly the worth of a $100 4 per cent bond of 1907, upon a 2½ per cent basis May 31, 1900, was $11.4316. The present worth of a $100 5 per cent bond of 1904, upon a 2½ per cent basis, May 31, 1900, was $109.-6372.

In part exchange for bonds of the above named classes, the government gives a 3s-year 2 per cent gold bond at par. The difference between the par of such new 2s per cent bonds and the present worth of the old bonds, as above indicated, is paid in cast to the holders of the old bonds offering them in exchange for the new 2s.

If, at the date of maturity of the old bonds, the 2 per cents which have been exchanged for them are worth: In the case of the 3 per cents of 1908, $102.2231; in the case of the 4 per cents of 1907, $101.9444; in the case of the 5 per cents, of 1904, $11.-9532—then there would be neither profit nor loss in the transaction of exchange.

If, at the maturity of the old bonds, the new 2s are worth more than this, there will be a profit to the person making the exchange, in addition to the advantage of obtaining a gold bond for a long period.

The new 2s were quoted in the New York market March 30, 1900, at $101½ and $105¼ and on May 29, 1900, at $101@101⅝.

The investment value of old bonds at the present market price, May 31, 1900, is as follows:

Bond 3s 1908, flat price $100@110; average, $105; investment value, 1.748 per cent. Bond 4s 1907, flat price, $115@116¾; average, $116; investment value, $1.697 per cent. Bonds 1904, flat price, $113@114¼; average, $111; investment value, $1.207 per cent.

The investment value of the new 2s at $101 is 1.836 per cent.

The refunding operations to and including May 31, 1900, have resulted as follows:

Exchange 3s of 1908, by individuals, $3,894,500; by banks, $8,305,000; total, $12,-199,500. Exchanged is of 1907, by individuals, $23,421,750; by banks, $133,630,750; total, $156,-052,500. Exchange 5s of 1904, by individuals, $5,124,100; by banks, $250,450; total, $5,374,550. Grand total exchanged, $284,228,050.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Justice Gaynor, of the New York supreme court, yesterday denied the application of a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of William F. Miller, convicted of grand larceny in the first degree and sentenced on April 20 to ten years at hard labor in Sing Sing prison.

The following are among those authorized to appear for examination for appointments as second lieutenants of the marine corps: Edward B. Mainwaring, Wis.; Raymond W. Dikeman, Michigan; Nathaniel L. Hurd, Wisconsin, and Rupert P. Dewey, Minnesota.

The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business May 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,122,098,811, a decrease for the month of $2,153,174, which is accounted for by the redemption of bonds.

S. H. H. Clark, director of the Missouri Pacific Railroad company, and former vice president and general manager of the Texas Pacific and the International & Great Northern, and formerly general manager of the Union Pacific, died yesterday at Asheville, N. C. Mr. Clark had been ailing for several years.

Traveling incognito and accompanied only by a lady in waiting, Princess Albert of Anhalt, eldest daughter of her royal highness, the Princess Christian, and granddaughter of Queen Victoria, arrived in New York on the Majestic, Wednesday evening. She is making a tour for pleasure.

Capt. D. A. Miner, aged 68 years, an old river pilot, is dead at his home in Mexico, Mo. He had been on the Mississippi and Ohio rivers for fifty years. He piloted the steamer that took Grant to the battle of Shiloh.

Rev. J. M. Thoburn, Methodist bishop of India, is a patient at Christ hospital in Cincinnati, where Mrs. Thoburn is also ill. Bishop Thoburn is afflicted with exhaustion of the brain, brought on by his long work and strenuous labors in India.

The American Steel and Wire company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable July 2. The 1¾ on the common stock previously declared will be payable on that date.

CONFEDERATES ADJOURN.

Select Memphis For Next Meeting and Cancel Parade.

Louisville, Ky., June 2.—The tenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans adjourned sine die at 5 o'clock last night. The meeting of 1901 will be held in Memphis.

The last session of the convention was confined entirely to the vote on the place for the next convention and was practically devoid of incident, but the latter part of the morning session was full of excitement which arose at the conclusion of the presentation of the report of the committee on resolutions. A resolution had been incorporated in the report to the effect that the convention of Confederates recognized with appreciation the language of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, the orator at the annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac at Fredericksburg, in which Gen. Sickles had mentioned most kindly the men of the Confederacy, and the resolution said the Confederates reciprocated the feeling shown toward them by the men of the Army of the Potomac.

Gen. J. L. Sheppard, of Richmond, Va., objected to "competing with the Yankees," and an uproar followed. Gen. Gordon favored the resolution in a ringing speech, and it was carried with a rush.

It was decided not to have the parade.

LOAN REPAID.

How Senator McCarthy Repaid One Who Was a Friend In Need.

A Washington special says: State Senator C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, Minn., a few days ago was one of the leading characters in a most interesting and touching incident. He came to Washington on business before the interior department, and wandering up to the Capitol one day, went to lunch in the house restaurant with Congressman Morris, whose constituent he is.

Passing through the restaurant, I stopped at the table for a chat with the two gentlemen, and during the conversation, Senator McCarthy said that there was one man whom he must see before returning to Minnesota.

"I'm in a hurry," he added, "my trip to Washington would be a failure were I to miss seeing him."

"Who is it?" queried Judge Morris and I in concert.

"A man named Crumpacker," was the reply; and then we knew that he meant the popular congressman from the Valparaiso district, in Indiana.

"I'm on duty on the floor when the Indiana members go to lunch," suggested Judge Morris, "and perhaps if we look around the restaurant we may see the man you want."

And so all began to look. Judge Crumpacker was discovered at a table across the room; and Senator McCarthy knew him at a glance, notwithstanding the two had not met for twenty-five years. Acting as go-between, I crossed the room and escorted the Indianian to the table where the two gentlemen from Minnesota were sitting. After a few words of introduction, which did not reveal to Judge Crumpacker that he ever had seen the Grand Rapids attorney, the latter, without a word of explanation dived down into an inside coat pocket and, pulling out a well-filled pocketbook began to take from it bills of various denominations until he had piled before him on the table $45, when he picked up the collection and placing it in Judge Crumpacker's hand said:

"I owe you this, and it affords me more pleasure than I have known for many a day to repay it."

Judge Crumpacker was so astonished that he did not know what to say. Finally, however, he said that so far as he knew, Mr. McCarthy owed him nothing.

"Oh, yes, you do know," said McCarthy. "Don't you recall one of your boys in the Valparaiso normal university some twenty-five years ago; a boy of whom you thought a good deal at that time; and whom you helped in more ways than one? A boy who was poor and was struggling to get an education, and to whom, in one of his darkest days a loan of $25 came as a godsend?"

Judge Crumpacker remembered. During his early years he was a professor at the Valparaiso normal, and McCarthy was one of his pupils—a bright boy, but very poor, and working his way through to an education in spite of hard knocks and discouragements which would have been an effectual damper upon the ambition of a boy unless made of the sternest stuff.

"But why this money?" asked Judge Crumpacker, when an opportunity came for him to get in the question. "The loan was only $25, and here you have handed me $45."

McCarthy replied that the extra $20 was for interest on the loan, and that he was only sorry he could not pay even a higher rate.

Of course, no interest was accepted, and of course, too, the judge was averse to taking the money at all; but finally it was agreed that the only way to settle the account was for the judge to accept the principal, which he did.

SLOAN REPROVED.

London, June 2.—Having caused confusion at Tattenham Corner during Derby by which J. R. Keane's Disguise II is alleged to have hampered the Prince of Wales' Diamond Jubilee and Mr. Musker's Chenening by crossing, the Epsom Stewards on the evidence of the other jockeys, yesterday severely reprimanded Tod Sloan, the American jockey, who rode Disguise II.

IS TENDER OF THE BOXERS.

The Chinese Government Wants Them Gently Handled.

London, June 2.—The Standard publishes the following from Tien Tsin, dated April 29:

"As a sample of the Chinese government's treatment of the Boxers, I give the text of a secret order sent to Governor Yuan in Shan Tung:

"'In reply to the governor of Shan Tung, who reports that he has found it necessary to supress the newspaper society with a strong and heavy hand, we remark that it cannot be expected that simple people can know that they have done anything amiss. If a strong hand is manifested, there will be a perpetual grudge against the governor. We assure the governor that if future trouble arises he himself must bear the consequences. Let the people be dealt with in a merciful and generous way to the benefit of all.'"

TOOTHBRUSH CAUSED CANCER.

"Cancer of the lip," a physician stated yesterday, says the Philadelphia Record, "is caused more frequently than one would think by the toothbrush. Let me illustrate this by a typical case which I am treating now. John Blank smoked a good deal, and to keep his teeth white he cleaned them hard three times a day with a brush whose bristles were like wire. He brushed a little patch of skin from his lower lip. Afterward he was careful, and the sore spot healed. But then he forgot, and the spot became sore again. This went on a year or so. Two days out of the seven this one place in Blank's lip was sore. Finally it began to pain him; it hurt all the time; it spread even when apparently healed. He would awake in the night with the sharp pinching pain there, and the pain was like the clutch of a crab's claw, for he had cancer now—cancer due to the irritation which he had applied thrice daily for a year to that one spot with his stiff-bristled brush. No wonder he had cancer, and no wonder there are many such cases. People won't learn that tooth-cleaning may do harm. They are proud of it, as of bathing, and they can't believe that any little pain or irritation due to it be other than of benefit."

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but now her health is excellent." Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist. Guaranteed.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 52 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): 'As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations.' For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

EYES ACHE?

Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

F. D. DAY & CO.,
315 W. Superior St.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED and REPOLISHED
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EVERY BRAND OF....
BLATZ BEER
—The Star Milwaukee represents a successful and uniform brew.

Bottle Brands:
Export, Wiener, Private Stock, Muenchener.

Blatz Malt-Vivine, TONIC. (Non-Intoxicant.)
ALL DRUGGISTS.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.
Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

A SLIGHT DECLINE

Wheat Started Out Dull and Ruled Easy During the Session.

NO CABLE REPORTS

Good Rains In the Northwest Were the Chief Bearish Influence.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 2.—The wheat market was dull and rather weak this morning. There were no cable reports from Liverpool, and the influence of that market on prices here was lacking. The heavy rains in the Northwest were regarded as excellent for the crops, removing all fear of damage by drouth and this had a bearish effect.

The market ruled dull and easy to the close, which was ⅛c lower than yesterday, both here and at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 67⅝c bid, declined to 67¼c at 9:35, sold at 67¼@67⅜c at 9:50, eased off to 67¼c at 11, reacted to 67⅜@⅝c at 11:30, and closed at 67⅜c, being ⅛c lower than yesterday. September started unchanged at 67⅝c, declined to 63½c at 10:20 and closed at 67⅝c, a net decline of ⅛c. Cash sales were 20,000 bus at ⅛c under July. Corn advanced ⅛c. Oats, barley and rye were unchanged. Cash and September flax were unchanged, October flax declined ⅛c, and flax to arrive fell off 5c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68¾c; to arrive, 68¾c; July, 67c; September, 69¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66¾c; to arrive, 66¾c; July, 67¼c; September, 67⅝c. No. 2 northern, 6c. No. 3 spring, 63¼c. Oats, 23½@23¾c. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 36@38c. Flax, cash, $1.80; to arrive, $1.78; September, $1.75½; October, $1.71¾. Corn, 30½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 168; corn, 13; oats, 1; flax, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 217,324 bus; corn, 28,721 bus; oats, 27,294 bus; rye, 4026 bus; barley, 864 bus; flax, 5548 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 164,589 bus; corn, 95,726 bus; oats, 469 bus.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars $0.67
No. 1 northern, 5 cars 67
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 67⅛
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 67¼
No. 1 northern, 4,000 bus 67⅜
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 67
Flax, 500 bus 1.80
Flax, 225 bus 1.80
Flax, 1 car 1.80
Flax, 1,000 bus September 1.76½
Flax, 1,000 bus October 1.72¾
Flax, 4,000 bus October 1.72
Flax, 6,000 bus October 1.72
Flax, 5,000 bus October 1.71¾

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Easier, and Corn, Oats and Provisions Steady.

Chicago, June 2.—The grain and provision markets were dull the first part of today's session of the board of trade. There were no cables from Liverpool. July wheat opened unchanged at 67@67⅛c, touched 67¼c, and then eased to 66⅞c on selling by traders because of the relative weakness of northwest markets. Local receipts were 50 cars, one of contract grade.

Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 596 cars, against 505 last week and 632 a year ago. The trade continued dull to the end. The market closed heavy, July ¼c under yesterday, at 66⅝@66¾c.

Trade in the corn pit was light, but the market was steady on light country offerings. Bulls did but little. July opened unchanged at 35¼@35¾c and sold to 37⅝@⅞c. Receipts here were 282 cars.

The close was firm, July, at a shade over yesterday, at 37⅜c.

The oats market was dull and featureless, but steady in sympathy with corn. July opened unchanged at 21¼c and sold to 21⅜@⅝c. Local receipts were 242 cars.

Provisions were dull but steady. July pork opened unchanged to 5c lower, at $11.05@11.05, and sold to $11.12½@11.15. July lard began the session unchanged, at $6.42½, and July ribs unchanged, at $6.42½. Close: Wheat—June, 65¾@65c; July, 66¾c. Corn—June, 37⅜; July, 37⅝c; August, 37½c. Oats—June, 21c; July, 21¼@21⅜c; August, 20⅝c. Pork—June, $11.05; July, $11.05; September, $11.10. Lard—June, $6.62½; July, $6.62½@6.65; September, $6.60. Ribs—June, $6.45; July, $6.45@6.47½; September, $6.45. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 59@71c; No. 3, 67@69c; No. 2 hard, 67@68c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 66@67½c; No. 2 northern spring, 65@66½c; No. 3 spring, 62@65c. Corn—No. 2, 37½c; No. 3, 37@37½c. Oats—No. 2, 21@22c; No. 3, 21@21½c. Flax—Northwestern and Southwestern, $1.80; September, $1.76@1.77; October, $1.70½. Rye—July, 52@53½c. Barley, 36@42c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, June 2.—Wheat prices lost ground this afternoon under the influence of very restricted trade, rather bearish in the absence of foreign support. The weekly crop report was considered bearish, declaring that no damage to the spring wheat crop had been done, although it is near the danger point. There were no cables, it being a holiday in Great Britain until Wednesday. Paris was off a trifle. Showers are predicted for the Dakotas tomorrow. This encouraged some selling by professionals. Wheat during the week which has just closed has experienced a very sensitive market with weather the dominating influence, and a trade decidedly restricted owing to the absence of definite and reliable news. Crop reports have been varied. Some sections in the winter wheat belt being most optimistic, while a general deterioration is reported in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. All this talk of a bumper crop in wheat is decidedly premature at this writing, while in some districts harvest is not far off. In others there is considerable to fight against before being safely harvested. There is not very much in the way of news from now on that can be more bearish than that already received and acted upon, and it would seem more reasonable to look for bullish influences than bearish, from this date. Present prices are low, compared with last year; decidedly so. Speculation will sooner or later be attracted to our market as usual on the buying side. It is true that we have a large visible and invisible, and a strong competitor in Argentine, but it is well to remember that over half of the Argentine crop is already, according to official statistics, marketed. Lower prices may be brought about through speculative influences, but we fail to see very much encouragement to the short seller of wheat around these prices and under present ruling conditions, and feel more inclined to advise clients to buy wheat on weak days, believing that there is money in it.

The corn market was steady early, but in sympathy with wheat, showed some yielding later, although the range was narrow and trade very light. There was some local selling by professionals, but prominent features were entirely lacking. Corn has shown a good strong undertone throughout the week, and the outlook for the coming crop is excellent. Receipts have been well taken care of by an excellent cash demand. Country offerings do not show any material increase, although a good deal of selling was done, banking on that prospect. As long as this demand, both local and foreign, continues, it will readily offset crop prospects, and with small reserves and continued disinclination on the part of farmers to let go their holdings, we do not see much encouragement to the short seller. While prices for the present may not show a broad fluctuation any bullish talk will reflect on values very readily.

The oats market has been steady without particular interest. We do not see much prospect of higher prices for oats and in view of the excellent crop conditions and New England pasturage prospects, we are inclined to think that oats will see a considerably lower range of prices.

The provision market has been steady with the exception of lard. Provisions have been rather weak during the week, some light liquidation on the part of common houses and moderate packing selling being responsible. Stocks generally are all smaller than last year, but speculative trade is small. The trade is attracted by what are really bullish features in the provision market. Prices may go lower. On all fair breaks the market looks to us like a fair purchase.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅝@⅞	64¾	67-66⅞	72⅜
High	67⅝	64⅝	67⅝	72⅝-¾
Low	67⅛	64⅝-⅝	66⅜	72-71⅞
Close	67¼@⅜	64⅝	66⅝-⅞A	72⅛B
September—				
Open	67⅝@⅞	62⅝	....	73¼
High	67⅝@⅞	63⅝	....	73⅝
Low	67⅝@⅞	62	....	73
Close	67⅜@⅝	63½	....	73¼@⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21¾	37¼@⅜	$11.00@11.05
High	21¾-⅞	37⅜-½	11.12
Low	21¾-½	37⅛	11.00
Close	21⅜-¼	37⅜A	11.05

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	20,000	349,093
Philadelphia	12,867	24,709
Baltimore	34,549	....
Toledo	9,000	1,000
Detroit	1,000	2,000
St. Louis	16,000	6,000
Boston	62,759	42,875
Chicago	45,429	62,083
Milwaukee	700	700
Minneapolis	247,490	36,960
Kansas City	66,850	27,500
Duluth	217,324	164,589

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 2.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, June, 64¾c; July, 64¾c; September, 65¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66¾c; No. 1 northern, 64¾c; No. 2 northern, 63⅝c.

MARKETS CLOSED.

Liverpool, June 2.—Today is a holiday in the cotton and grain markets.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Offerings on the market today comprised a large number and the average quality was about common. Good chunks weighing from 1200 to 1500 pounds sold actively at $100 to $150. Drivers and delivery horses of the medium grade had a fair outlet at $80 to $100. Choice drivers brought up to $125 and upon these classes of horses did not come up to the expected demand and sold in many instances at losing figures. The market as a whole had an active tone and showed improvement over the past few days. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$125@160
Drafters, common to good	90@120
Farm mares, choice	100@130
Farm mares, common to good	60@100
Mules, choice	100@125

Large consignments of Western horses were on the market and sold from $13 to $95.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 2.—Cattle receipts, 100; steady. Hogs receipts today, 1900; tomorrow, 38,000; left over, 5000; steady at decline; mixed and butchers, $4.95@5.12½; good to choice heavy, $5.05@5.15; rough heavy, $4.90@5.00; light, $4.90@5.10; bulk of sales, $5.05@5.15. Sheep receipts, 2000; steady; sheep, $4.25@5.50; lambs, $5.00@7.50. Official receipts and shipments yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 1855; hogs, 25,583; sheep, 6744. Shipments—Cattle, 3711; hogs, 6546; sheep, 1845.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	16	@	17½
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
Packing stock	12	@	13
EGGS.			
Country, strictly fresh	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
CHEESE.			
Twins, flat, full cream, new	10	@	10½
Full cream, Young America	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15	@	11
Brick cheese, No. 1	11	@	12
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	15		
Primos	6	@	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	14	@	15
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Valencias	4 75	@	5 00
Seedlings, California oranges	3 50	@	3 75
California navels	3 00	@	3 25
California lemons	3 50	@	4 00
Mediterranean sweets	3 50	@	4 00
Messina lemons, per box	5 00	@	5 50
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 25
Strawberries	2 50	@	2 75
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	5½	@	6
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
VEGETABLES.			
Hot house cucumbers	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	40	@	45
Lettuce, per bus	50	@	60
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse Radish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	25	@	30
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75	@	75
Mint, per doz	50	@	50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb	3	@	3½
Parsnips, per bus	50	@	1 00
MEATS.			
Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	7	@	7½
Hogs	8		

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lb, sacks inc..... 14 25
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc..... 13 75
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc.... 14 25
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc.... 13 75
Oats, car lots, sacked..... 27½
Corn, car lots, sacked..... 40
Hay, Minn. upland..... 20 00
Hay, timothy 11 00

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IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 2.—Butter, receipts, 4145 packages. Steady. Western creamery, 15½@20c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese, receipts, 2531 packages. Firm. Large white, 9⅝@9¾c; grass tinge, 9@9¼c; large colored, 9¼c; small white, 9¾@9¾c; small colored, 9¾@9⅞c. Eggs, receipts, 8221 packages. Quiet. Western at mark, 12½@13c; Western, loss off, 10½@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 2.—Butter, steady. Creameries, 15@18½c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 11c. Dressed poultry, steady. Turkeys, 8@9c; chickens, 8@9c.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

There is one sure way of removing superfluous hair and that is by the electric needle. Another way, however, is by the constant use of tweezers. As a young girl I was deeply mortified by a heavy black mustache and eyebrows to match, which met over my eyes, and even grew downward. Today I am over 40, but I have a pair of eyebrows worthy of "Petrach's Laura," and no mustache, says a writer in the Philadelphia Press.

I seldom use the tweezers now, but at the first sign of a straggling hair out it comes as soon as it is long enough to be taken hold of. I keep a close "lookout" by a strong light, but consider that simply as part of my toilet, just as I do combing my hair or brushing my teeth.

Now for directions: Get a good pair of tweezers, the edge meeting exactly, which is not often the case in cheap ones. Take hold of each hair firmly and separately, close to the skin, and pull quickly. At first this is a little painful, and leaves a slight redness, which, however, soon passes away, and is relieved by bathing with spirits of camphor. Pull out a few hairs each day until all are removed. Keep a constant watch for their reappearance and remove again as directed above.

In the course of time (a long time, I admit, but still in the meantime there is the relief from disfigurement the growth will be eradicated, without the slightest disfigurement to the skin.

I commenced when I was 29, and can never be sufficiently grateful to the elderly lady who advised me to do so, and assured me that it was the only remedy that I could hope for. I had first consulted two physicians, both of whom advised me to avoid the use of tweezers, but their prescriptions were failures. Coarse hairs are more manageable than the finer ones, but all can be permanently removed as I have described.

I often feel like speaking to the many middle-aged women I see who have a coarse growth of hair scattered thick on their chins. They are so disfiguring and so easily removed if they only knew it.

WOMEN WARRIORS.

According to a report which has just come through from one of the imprisoned officers at Pretoria, there are over 500 Boer women in the artillery service of the forts of that town. In addition to this nearly every woman between the ages of 18 and 40 is armed.

JAPANESE BREAKFAST CAKES.

A pint and a half of flour must be used with one pint of cold water, one egg and salt. Bake in gem pans. The secret of success is to have a hot oven.

PROFITS OF NEW YORK DOCKS.

Up to 1895 the dock department had spent the sum of $6,508,292.50 in acquiring and improving private property from which the rentals received amounted to $863,226.05, or 1-10 per cent per annum on the total outlay, says Municipal Affairs. As the average rate of interest on the bonds issued to pay for these improvements has been about 3¼ per cent per annum, these rentals represent a profit over such interest charge of more than $250,000,000 per annum, or sufficient to redeem the principal of the bonds in less than twenty years.

POCKET KNIVES.

Of the millions of pocket knives annually sold in this country probably 75 per cent of the jackknives and other heavy varieties are now made here, and this proportion is increasing while taking the total sales, more than 50 per cent of the knives in value are now made here, and this proportion also increasing. The pocketknives are imported from England and Germany; the cheapest jackknives, cheaper and poorer than any made here, come from Germany, says the New York Sun.

Pocketknives have been made in this country for many years and there are now here some scores of factories for their production. The newest branch of the manufacture here is that of fine penknives, which have been made in this country only about forty years, and have come into their present large and extended use only within about twenty years. There are penknives of English make that have been made continuously under the same names for more than a hundred years; so that the making of such knives in this country is something comparatively modern. The American penknife if not now actually the best in the world, is at least the equal, in quality, style and finish of any product anywhere.

Pocketknives are made in almost endless variety. One American concern makes 700 different sorts, which vary in kind, shape, size, number of blades, kind of handle, style and size of bolster, and so on. The best pocketknives have handforged blades. Great is the variety of pocketknives made here, a still greater variety is made in Europe, where the industry has been longer established and containing cork-screws, and various other implements, still come from there.

A fine penknife of the best quality and handsomely mounted, is still more or less of a luxury; it might cost at retail anywhere from $1 to $5 or $6. One-bladed jackknives can be bought at wholesale for 75 cents a dozen; fine penknives run up to $30 a dozen.

THE ENGLISH WAY.

Fights are recognized art of the school education among the boys. In America, when boys fight, it is because they are angry with each other; in England they fight because they are anxious to find out which is the better man physically, says self culture. They may have no quarrels or illfeeling, but if their friends cannot agree as to their respective prowess the ultimate result is pretty apt to be a "mill."

De Candale, the distinguished French savant, says that the sons of ministers have contributed to science more eminent men than has any other class, says the Saturday Evening Post. He might have added, too, that they have also swelled the ranks of the poets, theologians, and not a few of the military heroes of the past."

Granite monuments at manufacturer's prices, room 701, Palladio, until June 5.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Trading Was Quite Active at the Opening But Turned Stagnant.

CLOSING WAS HEAVY

And Unsettled With Large Net Declines Shown In Many Cases.

New York, June 2.—Trading was quite active at the opening of the stock market, but changes were narrow and mixed. London showed no enthusiasm over American securities and no support was forth coming from that source. Baltimore & Ohio rose 1⅜ and the Pacifics and Southwesterns were up a fraction. Otherwise, losses were the rule. Support was lacking in the steel stocks and the most active ones lost a point and over on reports of additional mills closed down. Declines elsewhere were very moderate outside of Sugar and Baltimore & Ohio, which reacted 1⅜ and ⅞ respectively. As prices reached a gradual lower level, offerings diminished and trading became almost stagnant. Lackawanna moved to 1¼ and Colorado Southern, first preferred, a point. Baltimore & Ohio rose to 85 and there were good advances in Sugar, Southern Pacific and a few minor railroad stocks. Louisville declined over a point and some of the steel stocks more than that. Prices sold off after appearance of the bank statement, partly on profit-taking and partly on disappointment over the heavy return of currency, which was discussed. Net declines in some cases reached between 1 and 2 points and the closing was heavy and unsettled.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 2.—Money on call easy at 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.84 for demand, and at $4.84½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½. Commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84; silver certificates, 60@61c; bar silver, 60c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. State bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular; government bonds weak; refunding 2s, when issued, $1.02¾; coupon, $1.03¾; 2s, registered, 99⅝c; 3s, registered, $1.06¾; coupon, $1.06¾; new 4s, registered, $1.34½; coupon, $1.34½; old 4s, registered, $1.14½; coupon, $1.15¾; 5s, registered, $1.13⅜; coupon, $1.13⅝.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 2.—Close: Wheat, July, 72½c; September, 73¼c. Corn, July, 42⅝c; September, 42¾c.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, June 2.—Consols for money, 102⅝; for the account, 102⅝.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 2.—The market for cotton futures opened steady in line with yesterday's points higher to 2 points lower, and ruled inactive most of the short session. The English markets were closed in observance of Whitsuntide holiday. Following the call there was a decline of 7 points under scattering liquidation and scarcity of buyers, but the course of the market as a whole was of the "seesaw" nature, with neither side claiming special advantage.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 9c; middling gulf, 9⅜c; sales, none. Futures closed steady: June, $8.30; July, $8.33; August, $8.11; September, $7.84; October, $7.84; November, $7.51; December, $7.53; January, $7.50; February, $7.51; March, $7.50; April, $7.62.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, June 2.—The bank statement for the five business days of this week shows the following changes:

Surplus reserves, increased	$1,310,950
Loans, increase	7,347,600
Specie, increase	3,518,900
Legar tenders, increase	11,344,200
Circulation, increase	499,800

The banks now hold $20,125,275 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 2.—Clearings, $23,197,506; balances, $2,651,633; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.85¾; New York exchange, 5c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, June 2.—Close: Adventure, 3¼@4; Allouez, 1½; Anaconda, 42½@42¾; Atlantic, 23¾@25; Amalgamated, 88½@90; Atlantic, 23½@25; Baltic, 17½@18; Bingham, 10½@15; Bonanza, 1⅛@1¼; Boston & Montana, 300@305; Boston Consolidated, 10¾@11; Butte & Boston, 19@72; Calumet & Hecla, 717@722; Centennial, 18½@19; Cochita, 10¼@12½; Copper Range, 70 asked; Dominion Coal, 42½@43; Elm River, 25@26; Franklin, 12@13; Humboldt, 25 asked; Isabella, 19@19½; Isle Royale, 26 asked; Mass, 6½@7; Michigan, 46½; Mohawk, 13½@14; Old Colony, 3 bid; Old Dominion, 18@19; Osceola, 62@63; Oil, 15½@16; Parrott, 43½@44; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 135@137; Rhode Island, 1½@5; Santa Fe, 5@5½; Tamarack, 150@195; Tecumseh, 29@6; Tri-Mountain, 7 bid; Trimountain, 24@3; Utah, 20@25; Victoria, 2½@3; Winona, 30@35; Wolverine, 38@39½; Wyandotte, 1½2; Zinc, 10⅜@12.

STEEL WOOL.

Steel wool, introduced five or six years ago, is a machine-produced material that is used as a substitute for sandpaper. It is composed of sharp-edged threads of steel, which curl up together like wool or somewhat as the wool fibers of the familiar material known as excelsior curl up together, though the steel wool is very much finer, the finest of it being not much coarser than the coarsest of natural wools, says the New York Sun. The steel wool is put up in packages containing one pound each. These are something like rolls of cotton batting, but smaller, a pound of steel wool, loosely packed, making, rolled in paper and open at the ends, a package perhaps fifteen inches long and two or three inches in diameter.

Made in various degrees of coarseness, steel wool is put to a variety of uses, the fined wools for polishing wood and metal, and the coarser for rubbing down paint and varnish. It is often used on special parts of work, while, for example, on the flat surfaces of a door a man would use sandpaper with a block back of it; for the mouldings he would use steel wool, which fits into the crevices and conforms itself to irregular shapes. Such work can be done with steel wool far more readily and quickly than with sandpaper; and it is used with like advantage on irregular and small surfaces and on carved work.

Besides the steel wool there is a coarser material of the same kind called steel shavings, which is put to various uses; as in taking off old paint or varnish, and in polishing wood before painting, and it is used on bowling alleys and on floors for smoothing and cleaning them.

Sandpaper clogs in use, steel wool breaks down. The wool is commonly used with gloves to keep the ends from sticking into the fingers.

EMPEROR'S LITERARY TASTES.

The German emperor is conservative in his literary tastes. He likes Shakespeare best of all authors, and has several editions of the poet's works in his library, both in English and German, says the Washington Times. These he has read and reread again until he knows most of the notable passages by heart, from which he constantly quotes at considerable length. His favorite play is "Hamlet."

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

R. C. Goodmanson and Louis Levy, Business university graduates, have accepted the following positions. Mr. Goodmanson as bookkeeper for the Great Northern Railroad company. Mr. Levy as assistant bookkeeper for the Kelley Hardware company.

The Pantonrium open all night. Phone 153.

Mrs. L. Crum has taken charge of the Phillips hotel at West Duluth after having it entirely refurnished.

Evangelist Hoffman and wife, who have been engaged in mission work for the past year, in Ashland, Wis., have arrived in the city, and will conduct a series of special meetings at the Bethel, Lake avenue. Mrs. Hoffman is a solo singer and will have charge of the music.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Sidney Childs and Sabina E. Croft, of St. Louis county; Robert R. Lacey, of Wayne county, Mich., and Susie Miller, of Wyandotte county, Mich., and to Lewis Larson, Jr., and Martha Larson.

Fire this afternoon came very near destroying the barn of Abner C. Pearson, at 1215 East Fourth street. Some children playing in the neighborhood set fire to a pile of papers and the fire quickly spread to the barn, burning a whole in the roof. The blaze was extinguished before the fire department got there.

Dr. Mary McCoy has removed her office from the Burrows block to 13 West Superior street, over Max Wirth's drug store.

FREE BAND CONCERT . . .

By Flaaten's City Band, at

O-AT-KA BEACH AUDITORIUM,

Sunday Afternoon.

Free Ferry and Good Street Car Service on Park Point Electric Line.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. John Segog will occupy one of the Bostwick flats after June 1.

Flaaten Benefit Concert.

The benefit concert which will be given for Gustav Flaaten at the Armory on June 10 by the Duluth City band is being taken up by the musical people of the city with much zest. Mr. Flaaten was always one of the popular musicians of the city, more than the time when he first made his appearance in the Lyceum orchestra up to the time of his departure. He has been very unlucky over there, working so hard that the muscles of his left arm have refused to be driven longer, but he dislikes to come home and is anxious to remain there and receive the benefit of European culture. That his friends will add him in this is certain.

Bon Voyage Excursion.

Tomorrow the Toward Transportation company's popular steamer Bon Voyage will give an excursion to Two Harbors, leaving the Fifth avenue dock at 10:30 o'clock and reaching Two Harbors on the return at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. That a large number will go is certain if the weather is nice, for the Bon Voyages excursions are always well patronized and promise to be more so than ever this summer.

Want Property Partitioned.

The late firm of Allison & Addison, of Richmond, Va., this morning began suit in district court against the estate of James W. Allison and others for the partition of certain property in this county, owned by the firm which was dissolved by the death of James W. Allison. Owing to the varying claims of the members of the firm and the heirs of the deceased member, it has become necessary to bring the matter before the court for settlement. The complaint asks for a partition of the property, and if the court finds that this cannot be done without injury to the interests of the property; the court is asked to order a sale and divide the proceeds. The property is mostly in Harrison's division, Greene & Wood are the attorneys.

Court at Two Harbors.

The first general term of district court in Lake county under the new law passed by which was detached from Lake county for judicial purposes. The Cook county terms are to be held when the judges of the Eleventh district decide that they are needed. Forty days' notice by publication is required.

"Shantytown" at Pavilion.

Tomorrow afternoon Frank Murphy and a strong company of comedians will appear at the Pavilion on the hill in a comedy called "Shantytown." It will play there all of next week, and this marks the opening of that popular resort for Duluth people, and this season ought to be one of its most prosperous ones. Phaneuis Mullin is the manager of the company. The play will be interspersed with specialties.

Haskins New Wall Paper Store.

Henry Haskins has removed his wall paper and painting establishment to 23 Fifth avenue west, near postoffice. McMartin's former stand, where, with increased facilities and a new stock of wall paper and decorations he will be able to fill any and all orders with promptness.

Two More Incendiary Fires.

There were two incendiary fires last night. The first was shortly after 7 o'clock, when a barn in the rear of 324 Lake avenue south was burned and one horse was nearly killed. The owner of the barn is unknown, but Mendenhall & Hoopes had the agency. The loss was not large. At 9:30 a small fire was discovered on the outside of a stable on First avenue east and Michigan street. The fire department got it under control very quickly after rescuing a number of horses that were in the stable. Both fires were of an incendiary origin, according to the fire department officials.

MRS. LUDINGTON BEATEN.

Decision Against Wisconsin Governor's Widow In Will Contest.

Milwaukee, June 2.—Judge Ludwig, in the superior court today, in the Ludington will case decided against the complainant, Mrs. Emeline Ludington, widow of the late Governor Harrison Ludington. Mrs. Ludington brought suit against the executors of the will to secure the legal share of her husband's estate, after having settled for a consideration alleged to be below her legal rights. The estate was worth $1,000,000. Mrs. Ludington lost the suit by failure to file her election to take under the provisions of the legal period.

Sunday Band Concert.

The second free band concert of the season will be given tomorrow afternoon at O-at-ka beach, Park Point, commencing at 3:30. Director Flaaten of the City band has prepared a special program and one that is sure to please. The free ferry is in operation, and with the splendid electric car service a trip to O-at-ka beach tomorrow will be an enjoyable feature.

CROWDS TO COME

City Will Be Flooded With Visitors on June 14, 15 and 16.

TWO BIG EXCURSIONS

And Commercial Travelers Will Be Here---The People Must Aid.

June 14, 15 and 16 will be great days in Duluth, for they will probably see more visitors here from outside than there has been in many a day. Secretary Hill of the Duluth Improvement association, who is looking after the entertainment of the guests while here, is in despair at the outlook for obtaining lodging for all who will be here. The co-operation of the citizens is absolutely necessary if the people who are coming in are to be properly cared for and the good name of the city for hospitality to guests within its confines maintained.

To begin with, the United Commercial Travelers of the state will meet here on the three days named, and the local members are preparing to have 1500 men in the city at that time. Traveling men always aim to attend these annual gathrings, and there is always a great attendance at them. There is an affinity between the knights of the grip which brings them together on such occasions, and it is a matter of regret to every man misses it. The assurances which the local committee has already received make it certain that the number present will not run far short of their expectations, and it may run over.

Some time ago the Northern Pacific railroad announced an excursion to come to this city on the same dates. This is to leave Morris, Gelenwood, Sauk Center and Little Falls and intermediate points on June 15, arriving here at 1 p. m., and remaining until 4:30 o'clock on Sunday afternoon. Rates have been made low enough to attract great crowds.

The coming of the commercial travelers was enough to make Mr. Hill apprehensive as to the city's accommodations to properly care for them, and when this Northern Pacific excursion was announced, he was very nervous indeed over the outlook, but he buckled down to the work, and was begining to believe that all would come out right, when today he was thrown into a frantic state by the announcement that the Great Northern railway would also run an excursion into this city, arriving here on June 15 also, and remaining until Sunday afternoon. It will come from Wilmar, through St. Cloud, covering all intermediate points and the rate will be very low.

Mr. Hill makes an earnest request to all persons who can or are anxious to give lodging to people coming on these excursions to send their names to him at once. He is anxious that all shall leave with a good impression of the city and its people, and realizes that an extraordinary effort will have to be made to secure accommodations for all.

The Great Northern railway has also announced another excursion to come in here on June 21, and remain until June 24. This will come from Sioux Falls, S. D., and Sioux City, Iowa. A very low rate has been made for the trip, and the number of visitors will undoubtedly be very large.

The Northern Pacific has already announced an excursion for the same days. It will come from Walpeton, Breckenridge, Fergus Falls, Wadena, Brainerd, etc.

Altogether there will be a great many strangers in the city in the month of June, and business men and people of Duluth generally will be greatly benefited. These excursions in the past have always brought a fine class of people, with money to spend, and they spent it. They always bring large crowds, and it can easily be expected that 2000 will come in on the two excursions of the 15th.

All Feel Well Toward Duluth.

John D. Stryker and family have returned from a visit of several weeks in Towanda, Pa. Their trip was a very pleasant one and they returned much improved in health. Mr. Stryker visited a number of cities in the East and says that he found everywhere among financial men a fine feeling for Duluth. Even men whose investments in the past have not resulted very well thus far because of the hard times are very friendly toward the city and told Mr. Stryker they understood the situation very exact

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 2.—Cooler weather prevails over the middle Lake Region, the Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys and Kansas, and it is warmer over the Western Dakotas, Montana, Assiniboia and Alberta. The barometer is highest in the Red River valley region, and lowest over Lakes Huron and Erie and in districts north from and including Montana. Light to copious showers fell during yesterday or last night in the lake region, Western Minnesota, Louisiana, Western Montana and to the northward of Alberta. Clear weather prevails at Port Arthur, Duluth and Chicago, but elsewhere in the lake region the weather is either cloudy or rainy, fresh northerly winds being the rule.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	50	Memphis	72
Bismarck	48	Miles City	58
Calgary	40	Milwaukee	50
Chicago	56	Minnedosa	38
Davenport	54	Moorhead	48
Denver	48	North Platte	54
Detroit	64	Oklahoma	66
Dodge City	58	Omaha	52
Duluth	46	Port Arthur	44
Edmonton	46	Prince Albert	46
Escanaba	48	Qu'Appelle	48
Green Bay	50	Rapid City	48
Havre	54	Shreveport	72
Helena	50	St. Louis	66
Huron	54	St. Paul	48
Kamloops	48	Sault Ste. Marie	50
Kansas City	58	Swift Current	50
La Crosse	50	Williston	56
Lander	58	Winnipeg	44
Marquette	42		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with probably showers during Sunday. Cooler tonight and Sunday. Fresh and possibly brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 2.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Sunday. Warmer in western portion tonight and southern portion Sunday.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer Sunday.

Upper lakes—Northwest winds, becoming variable Sunday and shifting to easterly over Western Superior and probably Michigan. Generally fair.

Lending Support to Law-Breakers.

Some very pertinent remarks have been submitted to the United States court in Georgia by the federal grand jury, in reference to the case of the Savannah contracts, Green and Gaynors, who participated in the frauds committed on the government by Capt. Carter, who was recently taken to Fort Leavenworth military prison to serve his five years' sentence. Since the conviction of Capt. Carter, evidence has accumulated tending to prove that these contractors shared in the proceeds of the embezzlement committed by Carter, and the federal grand jury found indictments against them based on that complicity. Before they could be apprehended, however, they escaped to New York. They are wealthy men and prominent in the councils of the Republican party, and the federal court in New York, where they now reside, would not permit of their arrest and return under the indictments found in the federal court of Georgia. On that action the Georgia grand jury comments: "It seems commendable to extradite those accused of postal crimes in Cuba for trial in that country, but while the greatest haste is made in expediting the removal of American citizens for trial before a Spanish court, it seems impossible in view of the absence of the necessary legislation to remove men for trial charged with crimes of the highest magnitude from one United States district to another." This is severe but fully justified. Carter embezzled over $2,000,000 of government funds. Evidence is available to prove that these contractors, Green and Gaynors, received one-half of the money. Carter has been tried and convicted, but the contractors and participants in the crime, although indicted many months ago, are protected by political interference, it is charged, from the consequences of their crime, and the government is deprived of a chance of recovering a part of the vast amount embezzled. Such partisanship the federal grand jury of Georgia condemns, and so will every right-minded citizen.

An Explanation That Does Not Explain.

Hon John Charlton, a member of the Canadian parliament and who has been regarded as friendly to the United States, as distinguished from the Tory denunciators of the American people, has an article in the June Forum on American and Canadian trade relations, in which he takes the position that the American fiscal policy toward Canada is illiberal as compared with the Canadian fiscal policy toward the United States. Mr. Charlton says: "The export trade between Canada and the United States in articles the produce of Canada has practically stood still since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty in 1866, and in 1899 was actually a fraction less than in the former year. The admission to the American market of Canadian farm products would have little, if any, influence upon prices received by American agriculturists ,as Canadian importations would be so small, compared with the great volume of American production, as to produce little influence upon market prices. The fear of Canadian competition, on the part of the American farmer is ill-founded; for both meet in the common market of England for the sale of farm products, and the interchange of such products between the two countries would not produce the slightest effect." This being true, what benefit would Canada derive from reciprocity with this country in farm products? Mr. Charlton does not answer this question but passes it by without a word. But he goes on to say: "Had free trade in natural products been permitted since 1866, or even for a period of ten or fifteen years past, the volume of trade between the two countries would have been beyond all reasonable doubt two or three times greater than it is at present. The two peoples would have been brought into more intimate relations, both socially and commercially; the tone of public sentiment in the two countries would have been more healthy; and each country would have known more about the other, which is all that is necessary to assure mutual respect. Unquestionably, by fostering such intimate trade relations, the interests of each country, and of the entire English-speaking race, would have been promoted, with the natral concomitant of more friendly feeling." Much of this argument may be conceded as true, but why should free trade be limited to natural products? If what Mr. Charlton says about the effect of such "jug-handled reciprocity" is correct, does it not follow that the beneficial effect would be greater if absolute free trade between the two countries prevailed—reciprocity in manufactured products as well as natural products? Mr. Charlton must admit that there have been frequent occasions when such a reciprocity treaty could have been negotiated, and that Canada is responsible for nothing being done to remove the customs houses along the international boundary.

THE WOMEN'S FEDERATION.

The coming week will witness the fifth biennial meeting of the United Federation of Women's Clubs at Milwaukee—an event which is now being looked forward to with much interest by club women all over the country. Duluth will be well represented on this occasion, and those who have the good fortune to attend will undoubtedly have a delightful time. The people of Milwaukee are very hospitable and they have made extensive preparations to entertain the members of the federation, while the programs of the federation itself are filled to overflowing with interesting subjects touching various aspects of education, philanthropy, civics and art—so much, indeed, that there will hardly be time enough for all that has been planned. It is safe to predict that the meeting will be notable for its combination of brilliant programs and generous hospitality.

There is a particular reason that will make next week's convention of more than usual interest. It is expected that at this convention the vexed question of reorganization, which has steadily loomed larger and larger since its first introduction at the second meeting of the federation, held at Philadelphia, in 1894, will come up. At that meeting the State federation first became prominent. This prominence was still more in evidence at the third, the Louisville meeting. At the fourth meeting, held in Denver, it was found that thirty State federations existed, as against five at the Philadelphia meeting. Much time at the Denver meeting was spent in discussing the ascendancy of these federations, which, many feared, threatened the life of the general federation. The feeling grew that the latter should be reorganized into a simple national council, with an executive board. In this way, the individual clubs would be connected with the national organization only through the State federations. It was agreed that such an organization would be more useful, and would accomplish more than the present one.

Six months after the Denver meeting, the proposition to reorganize was actually made by the Women's Club of Worcester, Mass., and at the subsequent meeting in June of the federation council at Philadelphia, this was committed to fifteen representative clubwomen for consideration. At the coming convention the report of this committee will be read, or rather, there will be two reports, a majority and a minority report, the committee having strongly divided on the subject.

The minority holds that many clubs in the general federation have expressed themselves unwilling to give up their direct connection with it. It is not improbable, therefore, that the matter may go over, to come up again two years hence. It is a question that clubwomen must settle for themselves. They have had ten years of experience in the present organization, and should know pretty well whether or not they wish a change. It would seem desirable, however, to dispose of the matter one way or another, as soon as possible, since friction increases with delay, and the prospect of a settlement that will satisfy all is probably as near now as it will be two years hence.

The last revision made by Robert P. Porter of the Cuban tariff in the interest of the big railroad syndicate, which has been approved by President McKinley, is justified by the war department on the ground that the Cuban tariff of about 40 per cent on railroad materials had been too high. It has been made 10 per cent in the last Porter revision. The New York Tribune's Washington correspondent thinks this is an explanation which does not explain. He regards it as somewhat remarkable that the revision should reduce the rates on railway material 75 per cent, while the reductions in the food schedule were confined to two articles—wheat flour, on which the tariff is reduced 22 per cent, and salt fish, on which there is a reduction of 50 per cent. If the tariff of 40 per cent on railway material was too high, and that of 10 per cent is about right, the Tribune's correspondent asks why the duties on cotton goods were left untouched at about 23 per cent, why the linen goods rates were advanced to above 29 per cent, and why the rates on silk goods were left as high as 45 per cent. The Springfield Republican also asks a pertinent question, as follows: Why, in view of the administration's professed purpose to administer the affairs of Cuba for the island's benefit exclusively, is the Cuban tariff thus adjusted to make importations easier? According to the president's tariff ideas, we are hurting Cuba for our own benefit by refusing to apply high customs duties to foster Cuban industry. But in any view, this Porter-railway syndicate scandal stands in need of a better explanation than the war department has so far been able to give. It is simply another illustration of the fact that the administration is running the government of Cuba for the benefit of the political spoilsmen and the rich friends of Hanna and other Republican bosses.

ANOTHER SCANDAL.

A resolution introduced in the senate requesting information regarding the expenditures made by the director general of the American exhibit at the Paris exposition is a move towards throwing light on what is said to be a scandal almost as bad as that recently unearthed in connection with the conduct of the postal affairs in Cuba. It is not charged that anyone connected with the Paris commission imitated Neely to the extent of converting $100,000 to his own use, but it is claimed, on what appears to be strong evidence, that there has been gross extravagance in the expenditure of the funds voted by congress, and it is further alleged that attempts have been made to blackmail American exhibitors. If half of what is charged be true, the resignation of Director General Peck should be demanded at once by the president, and there should be a thorough cleaning out of the officials with whom he has surrounded himself. While the charges of dishonesty and extortion do not concern Mr. Peck directly, his position as director general of the American exhibits makes him responsible, and it is undeniable that he has spent the fund at his disposal in a very extravagant manner and has failed to furnish sufficient vouchers and details.

A Washington dispatch says that a delegate to congress from a territory has filed with Secretary Hay the following relation of the experiences of a Chicago firm which applied for space at the exposition: "I applied for a small space for a Chicago firm to place a show case occupying a floor space of seven feet square. I could have secured the space at once if I had agreed to being held up by the third party. The first proposition was that I should pay a bonus of $825, but this was dropped to $200, which was stated to be the ultimatum. I refused to accept the space and removed the goods to London, writing to the official that I objected to being held up by my own people. He never replied, and I do not think the letter will appear in the file of official correspondence. In another section a space 6 by 6 feet was held at $600 as late as May 14, a month after the exposition opened.

"The French government gives the space free of cost to foreign exhibitors, but some of the representatives of our government, having supervision of United States sections, make the exhibitor pay whatever can be extorted from him ($150 and upward) before he is allowed to exhibit. As there are 7000 exhibitors and over, the field for operation is enormous. Some of the exhibitors refuse to be held up, while others submit for fear of being compelled to remove their exhibits. The work of extortion is largely done through a third person. An acquaintance of mine who secured his space nearly two years ago and has his exhibit installed, and for which the government of the United States has not expended one cent in the way of decorating either space or section, is threatened daily with removal unless he pays this third party $150. This third party is the spokesman of the official in charge of the section."

A cable dispatch from Paris to the Washington Post says that Peck is so self-assertive, so determined to have his own way, so indifferent to the opinions of others that he is in almost constant conflict either with his own subordinates or with the French officials of the exposition. According to the dispatch, "there are so many scandals in the air that Americans who have gone to Paris with the intention of spending the summer are heartily sick of the whole thing." No two bureaus of the director general's force are working in harmony. American visitors are complaining bitterly about the treatment they are accorded. They complain that no courtesy is shown them. In addition to all this, according to the dispatch, rumors are current that the stability of the American pavilion, which cost several hundred thousand dollars, is a matter of doubt. There should be prompt investigation by congress of these charges.

Some notion of the coming deluge of books on the South African war may be had from the fact that an American publisher now in London was within a week of his arrival offered the American rights in twenty-five war books. There are already symptoms that the supply is outrunning the demand, as was the case after the Cuban war, and the publishers will no longer look at what they call "made" books. It would be interesting to compare the number of kodak rounds fired during the campaign with the expenditure of cartridges.

The London Speaker, which is strongly opposed to imperialism, British or American, is cynical enough to look upon the agitation of our claims on Turkey as "the Yankee red herring," which is "once more being trailed across the scent by that curiously non-national group who are here called imperialists, but in the United States expansionists." Without going so far as this, it may be said that the red herring has made a large mileage since war with Spain was declared, and has led the people off on all sorts of false trails.

The Washington Post says: "At the final round-up there will be six tickets in the field in opposition to the one to be nominated at Philadelphia. The opposition to the administration doesn't seem to take much stock in the notion that there is strength in union." The Post overlooks the fact that three of the tickets to which it refers will be as much opposed to the ticket nominated at Kansas City as the one nominated at Philadelphia.

The Colorado Springs Gazette says that to the late ex-Senator Nathaniel P. Hill "is due the credit of revolutionizing mining in the West. He was the first to successfully treat refractory ores, and he stands alone in the work he has done to put mining on a sure and sound basis and enable the miner to obtain the largest returns for his labor."

The town of Owensboro, Ky., has an ordinance imposing a fine of $5 for tying a tin can to a dog's tail and chasing the dog "down the street." About the only way to avoid the consequences in a case of that sort would be to chase the dog up the street.

The university of Michigan pays a notable tribute to the late Judge Thomas M. Cooely in specifying a day in the university calendar to be known as Cooley day, and observed in an appropriate manner. This is a well-deserved tribute.

An Illinois hog disappeared mysteriously eight months ago. Its former owner found the porker a few days ago imprisoned under a straw stack badly disfigured, but still alive. The proverbial nine-lived cat must now take a back seat.

The Topeka State Journal asks: "What is there in the Cuban air that develops heretofore honest American citizens into postal kleptomaniacs?" What is there to show that they were "heretofore honest" and that the Cuban air has had an effect on them?

Men quite well accustomed to watching the political barometer say the presidential contest this year is going to be most bitterly fought, and that the man doesn't live wise enough to foresee its results.

In a recent argument before the supreme court Senator Foraker took occasion to warmly champion the trusts. On this point he is in thorough accord with Senator Hanna.

The Des Moines News thinks that the Methodist conference having dodged the amusement question the members are also likely to dodge it.

The library in Manilla is said to be in need of aid, and already several newspapers ar asking: "What's the matter with Mr. Carnegie?"

Hetty Green has left Wall Street for Vermont on her summer vacation, but she has probably taken her coupon clipper with her.

San Francisco is said to have more suicides than any other city in America. Perhaps it is due to the climate.

There will be no "enemy's country" for Mr. Bryan this year.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Indianapolis Journal: He I believe I'll go to church with you this morning, Clara.

She—Indeed you won't; you've got your new suit, and mine hasn't come home yet.

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Peck—Gracious! I dread diphtheria more than any disease I ever heard of.

Henry Peck—Really? Didn't you ever hear of lockjaw?

Detroit Free Press: Clara—If you don't love him why should you accept his attentions?

Maud—Well you know some other girl might.

Chicago Record: Sympathizing Friend—When she married the other man did you turn her picture to the wall?

Artist—Not much; I painted a prettier girl's head on the canvas and sent it to her as a bridal gift.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "And you love me just as well as you did the first time you saw me?"

"Well, I should rather think so! I didn't love you the first time I saw you. Why, is was three years before I found out how rich your father was!"

Chicago Post: "And why did you marry?" they asked.

"Well," the fact is," she replied, "after I had joined the Girls' Bachelor club and taken the oath of eternal spinsterhood I just simply couldn't help it."

Indianapolis Press: Tess—I told him he might take a kiss if he wouldn't tell, but I suppose it was too good to keep.

Jess—So he told?

Tess—Oh, no! He gave it back to me.

Philadelphia Press: "Did you propose to her? What was the result?"

"Well, she took me for a walk."

"Ah! To give you a chance to tell her, eh?"

"Not at all. I say she took me for a walk, because she used me as if I was one. She got onto me with both feet."

Detroit Free Press: "Young Bainbridge gave his fiancee an odd engagement present," said Larkin to Gilroy.

"What was it?"

"A bicycle."

"A bell went with the wheel, I suppose?"

"Certainly."

"Then he intended that to provide the engagement ring?"

Facts and Figures Dealing With the Anglo-Boer War.

Duration of war	231 days
British soldiers engaged	240,000
Boer forces, probably	50,000
British losses in killed, wounded, missing and invalided home	30,000
Boer losses	Unknown

Great Battles.

Dundee, Oct. 20, British losses	182
Elandslaagte, Oct. 21, British losses	150
Ladysmith, Oct. 30, British losses	1,270
Belmont, Nov. 23, British losses	231
Gras Pan, Nov. 25, British losses	198
Modder River, Nov. 28, British losses	475
Magersfontein, Dec. 12, British losses	832
Stormburg, Dec. 10, British captured	600
Tugela River, Dec. 15, British losses	1,100
Spion Kop, Jan. 20 to 25, British losses	1,500

Stages of the Victorious Advance of the British.

Kimberley relieved Feb. 15.
Cronje captured Feb. 27.
Ladysmith relieved March 1.
Bloemfontein entered March 12.
Mafeking relieved May 18.
Johannesburg entered May 31.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness and flavor noticed in the finest food, and which expert pastry cooks declare is unobtainable by the use of any other raising agent.

Whenever a baking powder or soda and cream of tartar are called for in any receipt for cooking, better results will be obtained by using the Royal Baking Powder. The food will be lighter, sweeter, more palatable and wholesome.

Food raised by the Royal Baking Powder may be eaten hot even by dyspeptics, with impunity.

Care must be used to avoid alum baking powders. In appearance they resemble pure powders, and they will raise the dough, but alum in food is poisonous, and even in small quantities will, if continuously taken, seriously injure the health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

ANTICIPATION.

Now the balmy wind is blowing,
And the daffodils are showing.
Every fisherman looks forward with delight;
For the honey bees are humming
That the warmer days are coming,
And the gamey bass will soon begin to bite.

In the blush of dawning tender,
In the corruscating splendor
Of the myriad liquid opals on the grass,
There is thrilling inspiration,
As in glad anticipation
The angler goes a fishing for the bass.

As the noontide rays are beaming,
Shi-She-Bogo-Mah is gleaming
Like the heaving, jeweled bosom of a queen;
When from out the water flashing
Leaps a cavalier so dashing,
And the lordly bass appears upon the scene.

When the sun is fast declining,
All his golden glories shining
From the portals of his palace in the west;
And the daylight slowly dying,
Brings the swallows homeward flying,
Cast the fly; the hungry bass will do the rest.

As above the lilies fragrant
Darts a swift, erratic vagrant,
'Tis the night hawk, with his sharp, incessant cry;
Like a swerving arrow glancing
Thro' the clouds of midges dancing,
Then the eager bass is watching for your fly.

When the breeze the pool is wrinkling,
While the bobolink is tinkling,
As he warbles in the meadow half asleep;
When you hear the robin calling,
As the shades of night are falling,
Then the bass will take the fly upon the leap.

Earthly honors, wealth and glory,
Crystallized in song or story,
Are but triumphs which the angler can surpass;
When the happy man is luring,
Hooking, playing and securing,
With scientific skill a gamey bass.

—Forest and Stream.

Sangrael.

The day is done.
Save for one cloud whereon the westering sun,
In dazzling disavowal of the night,
Has left his seal of light:
Viceregent of the evening sky,
It gleams on high.

So bravely shone
On many a faithful, wounded knight, fordone
By grief and pain and weariness supreme—
The Sangrael of his dream,
Ere, in its radiant presence blest,
His soul found rest.

Sin had no lure
For him whose heart so valorous hope made sure,
Safe from all lesser loves, he strove to gain
Strength in his mortal pain,
To reach with reverent hands death-shriven
The pledge of heaven.

—HOWARD CHANDLER ROBBINS in Harper's Magazine for June.

Time to Know Then.

Wadena Tribune: When a corrupt and dominating political machine becomes so brazen as to admit its existence, it is time for the people to step in and kick it to pieces and the people generally do it. The handful of men composing the Sixth district Republican political ring, that has carried things with such a high hand for several years, have now reached that point where they laugh at their own corruption and boldly declare "the people be damned." It is only a question of time when such machines are knocked out of the box by the voters and we think the people will do some knocking next November.

CANADA'S MINERAL PRODUCTION.

According to a report issued by the geological survey, the mineral output of Canada for the year 1899 is placed at $47,000,000. Of this sum, gold is the largest factor, the total being $21,049,000, and of which the Yukon contributed $16,000,000. Coal is the next item of importance, the production for the year 1899 being $9,040,000, says Commercial Agent Beutelspacher. Since 1896 the mineral production of Canada has well-night doubled in value.

THE "BOXERS."

This Outlaw Chinese Society Said to Have Eleven Million Members.

Eleven millions of men are said to belong to the great Chinese Society of Boxers, against which Uncle Sam, in connection with the great European powers, may soon direct armed force. This estimate was made by a Chinaman a year ago in conversation with an American who was then in China, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. The Society of Boxers, which now stands for lawlessness, robbery and murder, was once respectable. It is a good influence gone wrong. Originally it was organized as a protest and a means of defense against the bandits with which the province of Shantung was infested. It was in fact a Law and Order league.

At that time the life and property of no honest man was safe. The bandits were not wild ruffians, such as those of Italy or the American West, but on the contrary seemed to be men of peace. By day they toiled as shoemakers, carpenters, farmers and what not, but at night they repaired to their strongholds in the mountains and from them made descents upon villages in which any man was reported to possess a store of money worth the having.

It was such attacks as this, repeated over and over again in villages throughout the province, that resulted in the organization of the Boxers. But they were not called Boxers then. Their name was Ta Tao Hwei, which means "The Society of the Great Sword." More recent is the name Universal Society of Boxers, but the change signifies little; in fact, change of name among secret societies is frequent. One name is kept until an edict of suppression is issued against it, and then a new name is adopted, and the society goes on as if nothing had happened.

The present outbreak, which has smoldered for months only to start again with redoubled fury, was raised in 1890. The missions had enjoyed peace for some time and regarded the future as full of hope, but on May 10, 1891, two nuns, who were going home from a visit to some sick people, were maltreated by a mob, who charged them with bewitching children. The mission houses were plundered, and this was the signal for the renewal of the disturbances all through China. These became worse and worse, exciting more and more resentment in Europe, until, at last, some German priests were murdered and the mission looted at Shantung. This was followed by the seizure by the Germans of the port of Tsin Tau.

The Shantung Chinese connected these two events and swore vengeance on the Germans, and incidentally upon all foreigners and Christians. It was at this time that the Great Sword society began to make itself obnoxious.

They had previously been proscribed by the government for local reasons and temporarily suppressed, but now they became bolder than ever, and inaugurated a reign of terror throughout Shantung. Native Christians were robbed, beaten and murdered, and their houses destroyed. Many of them were forced to recant, and some of the chapels were looted, but no missionaries were killed. So bold was the action of the society, and so flagrant their outrages, that Yu Hsien, the governor of Shantung, was ordered to proceed against them. As has been said, he is in secret league with them, and refuses to yield to their tyrannical demands. He is not so far from the coast as to be beyond reach, however, and a combined force of British and American marines may teach him a lesson.

CRACKERS FOR SOLDIERS.

On March 9 the First battalion of the One Hundred and Seventy-fourth regiment commenced an eight days' march for the purpose of determining the nutritive value of egg crackers and of preserved meat and vegetables, recently manufactured by a firm in Mainz, writes Consul General Guenther from Frankfort. The crackers are distributed in place of bread; the preserves contain meat and vegetables boiled together, and can be made ready for consumption in from tea to fifteen minutes. The marching exercises cover at first thirty kilometers (eighteen and three-quarter miles) per day, and are gradually increased. Officers as well as men are not allowed to partake of anything except the rations furnished. The barracks in which they will pass the night are closely watched to prevent the smuggling in of other food.

AMUSEMENTS.

ARMORY. SUNDAY, JUNE 10.

Grand Testimonial Concert, for the Benefit of

GUSTAV FLAATEN,

Duluth's Talented Violinist,

—BY THE—

DULUTH CITY BAND.

Short Stories

By C. W. Ericson.

A Clothing Paradox.

Low prices and high qualities are on intimate terms here: "Hand-in-glove" all over the store.

Look in Our Window and see the latest New York Novelty.

It is an Oxford Vicuna Prince Albert Coat—Silk lined and elegantly tailored. Decidedly chic, and should be a favorite with dressy young men.

C. W. Ericson

Reliable Clothier.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

DICK'S BELLE.

She could not ride a bicycle,
Nor curl her auburn hair;
At golf she didn't stand a show,
But she could cat a square.
She hated all society
And yet our city boy,
Considered this fair nature's freak
His greatest light and joy.

To him her slightest whim was law
Her awkward faults he'd view,
Through love's rose colored glasses fair
Which often change their hue.
She loved the country fresh and green,
She loved to sit and dream;
In some sweet, shady, pleasant nook
With Dicky for her theme.

And yet she never prayed for him
Like lover maidens true;
In fact she never prayed at all,
As you'd expect she'd do.
And yet when Dick was tired of life
And longed for peace and rest;
He found it with his darling's head,
A-pillowed at his breast.

For in her large and lovely eyes,
He read true friendship rare,
And in his pure and simple heart
Was love that doomed his care.
And now I've fooled you long enough,
And surely will allow,
That Belle, the pet of all the farm,
Was Dicky's brindle cow.

* * *

This week has been one of eventful occurences, those of Memorial day. June, the "fairest month of all the year," has been ushered in with beautiful weather this season, and a very promising, fair summer is anticipated. The majority of the ladies who last spring kept the social doings in quite a busy hum, have lately deserted their faithful rounds of dinners, parties, etc., for the more healthful amusements, such as golf. Several bicycle parties, composed of prominent ladies, decided, not long ago, that instead of the regular meeting of their card club, they would have some engagements differing from the regular routine. Accordingly they decided that a trip to Lester on their wheels would probably be the most advantageous to everyone concerned, so very early they set out. It promised to be a fine day, but before they had gone far a cold wind blew from the lake, and a dog sprang unexpectedly from the unknown and, making the sort of a row peculiar to his race, succeeded in scaring some of the ladies into hysterics. But that was not the worst. Mrs. C—— carried a bag of eggs, which the servant girl had declared "biled hard as a stun, mum." The dog made a bound at her, and presently down into the lap of her new bicycle skirt came a quantity of reticent liquid chicken, with a scent far from pleasant. Needless to say, the party turned homeward with "sad but wise hearts," and they have decided to let nothing in the future come between them and their club. On returning home they informed their husbands that they had a "very delightful ride to Lester."

Early in the morning of Sunday a large crowd began to journey to Park Point. This kept up until the evening. The steam ferry Estelle was crowded all during the day. The crowd enjoyed the concert given by the City band very much.

Next week the school exercises will begin. The High School class day will be June 6. The regular graduating exercises will be given June 8, while the grade performances will occur the evening of June 7, all in the Assembly hall of the high school. As usual those five wh Have received the highest marks during the four years of high school life will receive the five honors. The class prophesy will be delivered by Miss Florence Jaques. The essays on this occasion will be especially well rendered and composed. The institute exercises to take place in the Association hall will also hold many interesting features. The first of June will be a lively one for the young people.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Edna Upham and Harrie E. Stewart, of this city, will take place Wednesday evening, at the bride's residence, 1427 East First street. The Episcopalian service will be used, and it will be a very private affair, although a large number of invitations have been sent out for the reception which will follow, and which will be from 8:30 until 10 o'clock. The bride's sister, Mrs. Spear, of Galesburg, has already arrived in the city to be present at the event, as has also Miss Alta Concannon, of Montana, who is at present the guest of Mrs. J. G. Howard, of West Fifth street. Miss Concannon will attend the bride. Mrs. J. G. Howard has given a dinner for the bride, and several other social entertainments are in store for her.

The linen and tin shower which was to have been given by Mrs. D. D. Murray, Monday, at her residence, 1530 East First street, has been given up, the invitations being recalled because of the death of a near relative of Mrs. Murray.

The future home of the young couple is located on East First street. They will leave the city June 7 for a tour in the East, but will be at home after a few weeks.

* * *

The announcement was made the latter part of this week by Mr. and Mrs. George Spencer of the coming marriage of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth, to Hebert Lynden Hartley on Thursday evening, June 14, at 8:30 p. m. The wedding and reception will be a quiet home affair, the only guests being the relatives and a few family friends.

* * *

Mrs. M. Shaw, Jr., entertained the Young Ladies' Card club Monday afternoon at the Spalding. The tables were placed in the sun parlor, on the roof of the hotel, and this was a delightful feature. Mrs. J. B. Cotton won the club head prize and Miss McLaren the guests prize, Mrs. H. F. Williamson took the consolation prize. The club will be entertained at its next meeting by Miss MacDougall. Those present were:

Mesdames—

Ed Mendenhall,	J. B. Cotton,
H. F. Williamson, Jr.,	G. A. Tomlinson,
C. F. Macdonald,	R. B. Knox,
W. B. Silvey,	H. T. Abbott,
F. B. Clark,	W. F. Quayle,
R. H. Draper,	W. R. Spencer,
J. C. Geggie,	Mark Baldwin.

Misses—

Chapin,	Dickinson,
Macdougall,	Brearly,
Simonds,	Sellwood,
Tipple,	Larue Sellwood,
Belle Simonds,	Peyton.
McLaren,	

* * *

The Ladies' Parlor Baseball club will hold its next meeting at the home of Mrs. Budden, of West Third street. The club has a unique style of conducting its meetings. It congregates every month. The dues are light, and each month the entertaining hostess is presented with a beautiful gift bought with that session's dues from the whole company. As the club meets in regular rotation at the home of each of the members, all have an opportunity of securing, aside from the enjoyment realized, a beautiful gift.

Miss Anna Dickenson and Mrs. S. W. Ketchuman, accompanied by Judge Dickinson's little grandson, have returned to Duluth.

* * *

Rev. B. R. Patrick of the First Baptist church and T. F. Upham enjoyed a fishing tour of several days this week. They went to Stewart river, near Two Harbors, and were successful as to results. Rev. Mr. Patrick will leave the city in the near future for a vacation of three weeks. He will visit in Missouri and will attend the exercises in Kansas City of the college from which he graduated. He will also perform a prominent marriage ceremony while absent.

* * *

Henri Appy, the noted violinist, and his wife, formerly Miss Florence Bassett, of Duluth, both eminent musical instructors in the Baptist university at Raleigh, N. C., will arrive in Duluth soon and will visit with the bride's mother, Mrs. Abbott, of Second avenue east. Mr. Appy, as before announced, expected to go to Germany to secure talented teachers for the college, but his foreign tour has been postponed until next year. Mr. Appy's appearance in Duluth will give an opportunity to hear one who comes from a long line of eminent musicians, and who has performed before the royal family with great success. Mrs. Appy's voice since her last visit in Duluth has increased in volume to a wonderful degree, and she has received compliments without number from prominent musicians of the day.

* * *

Archdeacon Webber, who has been giving a series of evangelistic sermons at St. Luke's mission of the West End, left the city Sunday for his home in Boston. At his last meeting especially many persons availed themselves of the opportunity to hear this man, who is gifted with wonderful magnetism and intelligence.

* * *

The grand opening of the Lester Park pavilion took place Wednesday evening. Good music was given and appreciated by a very large crowd.

* * *

A number of members of Duluth council No. 447 of the Knights of Columbus left the city Wednesday at 9 a. m. on the St. Paul & Duluth to attend an initiation of seventy-five members into the council at Minneapolis.

* * *

At Sloan's hall this evening the ladies of the S. H. and E. F. of A. T. will give a basket social. An excellent program will be rendered, followed by dancing.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Desmond have returned from their wedding tour and are registered at the Spalding, where they contemplate remaining some time.

* * *

L. Fisher, Master Bert Grower and Cyril Richardson have returned from their extended trip in the old world and the Alaska territory.

* * *

Horace Magie of 125 East Fourth street left Friday for Pittsburg, Kansas. He will return to the city accompanied by his mother in a few weeks. Mrs. Magie will remain in Duluth some time.

* * *

Saturday afternoon Master Clifford W. Kohagen of 201 East Seventh street, entertained a number of his little friends at a birthday party, in honor of his fifth year. Games were played after which a dainty wholesome lunch was served among those in attendance were:

Misses—

Nellie Feetham,	Rogma Tegmander,
Mabel Harker,	Hattie Schwartz,
Alice Soneson,	Esther Tischer,
Clara Beier,	Gertrude Ottinger.
Ethel Kohagen,	

Masters—

Harold Feetham,	Hharold Soneson,
Orlo Tischer,	Edward Bromson,
Elmer Kohagen,	Carl Broman.
Joseph Schwartz,	

* * *

Mrs. R. C. Brewes has returned from St. Paul where she has made a lengthy visit.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs Charles S. Parsons have returned from their visit to Mt. Clemens, Mich.

* * *

Mrs. Seward T. Allen of 1610 East First street entertains this afternoon from 3 to 5 for Miss Laura Jones of Maynard school.

* * *

The Danish Sisterhood has arranged a public entertainment for June 5, to celebrate the birthday of the Danish constitution. The affair will take place at Kalamazoo hall at 8 p. m.

* * *

Mr. Mustard and family who have been spending the winter in China are in the city. Mrs. L. W. Mustard is visiting her sister, Mrs. Roger S. Powell of Duluth.

* * *

The excursion to Virginia Saturday, given by the ladies of Circle No. 4, of St. Paul's church was a genuine success in every way, over $185 being cleared. Those who went considered it a very rare treat to gain enjoyment and information. The day was delightful the weather being thoroughly suited to the occasion, neither too hot or cold. The party visited the Norman, Oliver, Franklyn, Bessemer and Auburn mines. The ladies, encouraged by success beyond their most hopeful expectations, are contemplating giving a trolley ride to Lakeside in the near future, and are at present making the necessary negotiations with the Street Car company. Music will be furnished on the cars and refreshments will be served at the journey's termination.

* * *

Thursday evening the ladies of the First Presbyterian church gave a very pleasant Memorial day entertainment and social combined. A delightful supper was given and a large number were present.

* * *

Mrs. McKinzie will leave the city soon for Perham and Madora to be gone some time.

* * *

A very pretty wedding was solemnized Thursday evening in the Swedish Mission church, corner Twenty-first avenue and Second street, by Rev. L. Sundeen, when Miss Mary Hammerstrom and Oscar Strom were united in marriage. The affair was very largely attended, about 800 people being present. The bride was very becomingly gowned in white. She carried white roses, and was attended by Misses Selma Johnson, Freda Linburg and B. Johnson. The groom was accompanied by Messrs. Hammerstrom, George Johnson and Alfred Swedberg. The church decorations consisted of beautiful arches of green, cut flowers and potted plants. The music was rendered by the regular church choir and an additional children's choir, and was exceptionally fine.

A wedding reception and supper was served at the conclusion of the ceremony, and the happy couple received congratulations from a large number of friends.

* * *

Saturday Rev. L. Sundeen, at his parsonage, united in marriage Edward Wise and Miss Helena Saaf. The wedding was very quiet and simple.

* * *

The Golden Rod Cinch club was entertained Monday evening at the home of Mrs. Huot, of West Fifth street. Refreshments were served and a good time was enjoyed by all. Those present were:

Peterson, Nevens, Lilwitz, Henning, Stephen, Weaver, Campbell and Huot and Miss Williams. Miss Williams won the head prize, which was a beautifully decorated china plate. The gentleman's prize, a handsome ash tray, was awarded to Mr. Lilwitz. The decorations were in pink.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Stewart, of the West End, leaves the city Monday for Portland, Peterson, Nevens, Lilwitz, Henning, Ore., where she will visit about two months.

* * *

Mrs. Norman Smith, of Concordan, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. McRae.

* * *

Miss Murray, of 119 Seventh avenue west, has gone to Dakota for two weeks.

* * *

Miss Maggie Dee and William Chesney went to St. Paul Wednesday and were married there. They returned yesterday.

* * *

C. S. Fulton and wife will leave soon for a trip to the coast.

* * *

The Sons of Hermann will give a dance this evening in Odd Fellows hall. The committee is composed of Mesdames Green, Teske and Ladzke.

* * *

Miss Lilly Fluter has returned from her St. Paul visit.

* * *

Miss Alice Dillon will leave the city in the near future to visit friends in Minneapolis.

* * *

The pupils of the Sacred Heart institute will give a picnic at Lester Park instead of the reception before announced to take place in the school. The graduating exercises will be held in the Association hall the evening of June 5.

* * *

R. Purser and little son have returned from a two months' visit in Oshkosh, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. C. Rixon, Miss Gertrude R. Sharp and Miss Lizzie Fritzelion, formerly of Duluth, are visiting in the city at present. They are from Montreal.

* * *

The dance given by the members of Zenith council, No. 40, Y. C. T., at Lester Park last evening, was a success. About fifty couples attended. The committee consisted of Henry Gujer, Isaac Black and Fred Koors.

* * *

Mrs. A. C. Manson, wife of the pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, left town this week for an extended Eastern tour. Mr. Manson has been in St. Louis attending the general assembly. He returned Thursday.

* * *

The Zenda club will begin its summer series of dances at Lester Park next Tuesday evening.

* * *

Mrs. H. H. Martindale returned today from a visit of several weeks in Michigan.

* * *

The West End auxiliary of the First Presbyterian church had a delightful measuring party Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Strayer, of 217 Second avenue west. Musical numbers were furnished by Misses McLaren and Le Richeaux. Little Miss Virginia Bean played an excellent violin solo, accompanied by her mother on the piano. The house was beautifully decorated with carnations and peonies. Refreshments were served. The party lasted from 2 till 5, and a nice little collection was taken up.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Miller, Misses Emma Currie, Dollie Simpson, May Hamilton, Clara Melning, Nellie Lundberg and Messrs. Horace Chapman, A. G. Proctor, Willie Currie and Harry Huot spent a delightful day picnicking at Pike lake Wednesday.

* * *

Miss Lydia Poirier will leave this evening for a month's visit with friends in Montreal.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Baker, of Lester Park, have gone to Mankato for a short visit.

* * *

Mrs. A. M. Miller left the city Monday morning en route for Europe. She will sail from New York Thursday, June 7, in company with Mrs. J. D. Ray and Miss Marion Ray. They will return the last of October.

* * *

Miss Bernice Crowly is expected home about the latter part of next week. She is in Chicago at present.

* * *

The Children's home board will hold its regular meeting next Friday at 10 a. m.

* * *

The Misses Peyton will sail for home from Northampton July 4.

* * *

Mrs. T. H. Cleland and daughter have left the city for a visit in Danville, Ky.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Baycer, of the West End, have returned from their extended Eastern tour. They were gone four months. Miss Mayme Shaw, of New York, returned with them, and is expecting her sister also to arrive in the near future from the same place. They will stay in Duluth until fall, when they will go from here on a lengthy European tour.

* * *

R. Capoul-Cuttriss Warde, the celebrated vocal and dramatic master, of Chicago, and formerly of the first companies and opera houses of America and Europe, will be in Duluth June, July, August and September, and will receive pupils in voice culture, singing, elocution and dramatic art in all branches. Circulars will be found at the Duluth Music company's store.

* * *

Friday next the pupils of Maynard school will give a dancing party at the school. It is expected that a large number will be present, and the most careful preparations for a good time are in progress.

* * *

R. Towner has returned from the South.

* * *

The King's Daughters of the Bethel Baptist church will give a social Thursday evening of the coming week for the benefit of the famine-stricken sufferers in India.

* * *

Mrs. Alexander D. McRae will be at home Wednesdays in June, at 1421 East Superior street. Next Wednesday will be her first receiving day. No cards have been issued.

* * *

Mrs. A. D. Davidson and Miss Davidson left this week for New York, and will sail for a European trip. Mr. Davidson will join them later. A. W. Hepworth left later in the week and will join Mrs. Davidson and Miss Davidson on their trip across.

* * *

Mrs. Todd, of Hendrum, who has been visiting here, has returned to her home in Hendrum. She is the mother of Mrs. G. Fred Stevens and J. A. Todd.

* * *

Miss Lillian Toyl and Miss Lura Scott, of Highland Park, left Wednesday for a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Two Harbors.

* * *

Mrs. O. C. Dalrymple, of 115 Tenth avenue east, returned Wednesday from Des Mones.

* * *

Last evening a dancing party was given by the Misses Grace and Rachel St. Clair, of 1105 London road. The grounds and verandas were handsomely and artistically decorated with flowers, Chinese lanterns and wreaths. Dainty refreshments were served after the the round of dances was over. Those on the invitation list were:

Misses—

mont,	Edith Cook,
Carrie Barrett,	Alice Lautenschlager,
Helen Marble,	Rachel McLaren,
Florence Harrison,	Margaret Ryan,
Lulu Smallwood,	Grace Richards,
La Rue Smallwood,	Grace Duncan,
Elsie Brown,	Alice Hallson,
Lillian Brown,	Effie Smith,
Clara Frederick,	Manor Swift,
Antoinette d'Autremont,	Jamie McLaren,
Esther Searle,	Edith Searle,
Lanford,	Jessie Hartley,
Julia Duncan,	Edna Pennock,
Frances Woodbridge,	Grace Gillette,
Ruth Markell,	Gertrude Satterlee,
Pauline Smith,	Glee Jameson.

Messrs.—

Earl Richards,	Ed Ingles,
Byron Howard,	Geggie,
Len Bradley,	Tom Bagley,
Wilson Bradley,	Clinton Markell,
Paul Hale,	Sterling Smith,
Seth Marshall,	Douglas Ryan,
Fred Draper,	Ray Hoichkiss,
Rene Hugo,	Kent Dickinson,
Carson Agnew,	Russel Richardson,
Charles Claypool,	Charles Skuse,
Clyde Farmer,	Willie Bagley,
Elmer White,	Joe Cook,
Melvin Messenger,	Charles Brown,
Ernest Johnson,	Thomas,
Stewart Dairymple,	Lee Farmer,
Harper Skuse,	Harland Wentworth,
Powell Grady,	Fred Johnson,

* * *

The ladies of the Relief Corps wish to thank all those who so generously contributed flowers on Memorial Day, the school children, etc. Special thanks are extended to Panton & White for their abundantly generous floral gifts.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. McComber gave a delightful party to a number of their friends last Friday, the occasion being their tenth wedding anniversary. All present enjoyed themselves at dancing and whist.

* * *

The Lester Park Social club will give its next regular party at Harmonie hall tonight.

* * *

The Alumni society of the Fairmount school held its annual reception for the eighth graduating class last evening and it was largely attended by the teachers and alumni. After the business meeting, at which the new members were received into the society, games were played and light refreshments served.

Thin Hair

Lots of people have thin hair. Perhaps their parents had thin hair; perhaps their children have thin hair. But this does not make it necessary for them to have thin hair.

One thing you may rely upon—

Ayer's Hair Vigor

makes the hair healthy and vigorous; makes it grow thick and long. It cures dandruff also.

It always restores color to gray hair,—all the dark, rich color of early life. There is no longer need of your looking old before your time. If your hair is falling out and you are threatened with baldness, our Hair Vigor will check the falling at once.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"As a remedy for restoring color to the hair I believe Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal. It has always given me perfect satisfaction in every way."
Mrs. A. M. STRELL.
Aug. 18, 1898. Hammoudsport, N. Y.

Write the Doctor.

He will send you a book on The Hair and Scalp free, upon request. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

"Durability is Better Than Show."

The wealth of the multi-millionaires is not equal to good health. Riches without health are a curse, and yet the rich, the middle classes and the poor alike have, in Hood's Sarsaparilla, a valuable assistant in getting and maintaining perfect health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Our Specialty.....
Fine Hardwood Floor Finishing.....

H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS.
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co. | *Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.*

Enjoy life while you may.

It's easy to do it in a Morris Reclining Chair. There is no excuse for the lack of comfort in any Duluth home when you are able to secure our regular $10.00 Morris Chairs at only---------- **$7.63**

If you have not visited our Parlor Goods floor lately, you will be surprised at the large display of all styles and kinds of Easy Chairs and Rockers and our trade in them has been a wonderful one—far in excess of all previous years.

Our Display of Chiffoniers, Ladies' Dressing Tables and Large Dressers

on our fourth floor will certainly be conceded the finest ever shown in Duluth. The large increase in the sale of Iron Beds has caused the demand for these odd pieces and our nominal spring business on these goods must be caused by our very large and complete stock.

Our No. 89 Solid Oak Chiffonier, 34 inches wide, 5 drawers, 5 feet high. Special this week—(reduced from $9), at **$6.85**

If you want it with a French oval mirror, ask for No. 95, our regular $12.00 style, now only---------- **$8.35**

Special Notice—15% Discount From Cash Prices.

1900 Columbia Chainless----------	$75.00	1900 Columbia Chain Wheels----------	$50.00
1899 Columbia Chainless----------	$65.00	1899 Columbia Chain Wheels----------	$40.00

We can now save you more money on fine high grade wheels than ever before.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Company,
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

THE DAKOTAS.

Turtle Mountain Reserve Opening---Great Gold Excitement at Sisseton.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devil's Lake—The register and receiver of the local land office have issued the following notice:

"Notice is hereby given that on the third day of July, 1900, the following plats of lands, located in the Turtle mountain forest reserve, will be filed in this office: Township 163, range 71 and 72, 73 and 74; township 164, range 71, 72, 73 and 74.

"On the day above designated applications to enter said lands will be received in the order presented, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m."

This will throw open to settlement about 185,000 acres of timber land in the celebrated Turtle mountain district. It is expected that there will be a great rush to this city on Jul 3 to file on this land. This land is valuable as timber land and besides is very fertile.

Grand Forks—The image of the church and other altar furnishings, valued at several hundred dollars, stolen from St. Michael's church Wednesday, were recovered today, when the thief was attempting to pawn some of the property. After his arrest the church desecrator, Ed Champine, a stranger here, conducted the officers to a wheat field in the outskirts of the city, where he had buried his booty. Champine was turned over to the district court, which convenes next Monday.

The rain of last night was general throughtout this section and though not so heavy as desired, is sufficient for the present. Cool weather adds to the benefit.

Fargo—The $15,000 necessary to secure the right-of-way for the new Fargo, Duluth & Northwestern road into the city is being raised by a committee. More than half the amount was pledged in a few hours.

The divorce case of Mrs. Elena Mariana Delgado Fay has been revived by her securing a second divorce in Galveston, Texas. Mrs. Fay was the daughter of a wealthy Cuban planter. Her mother was an American. At an early age she married Edward Henry Fay, of Boston, whom she alleged deserted her four days afterwards. Later she married a man named Greene, learning she had committed bigamy by that marriage, she came to Fargo and in October, 1896, was granted a decree, and a few days later was remarried to her second husband. Recently, at Galveston, she secured a divorce from Greene and has just fallen heir to $60,000 from her father's estate and sailed for the Paris exposition to have a good time.

While here she was supposed to have been an authoress, and it was generally understood she wrote a divorce novel while establishing her residence, which was published by an Eastern house. She was accompanied by a gentleman whom she introduced as her "brother," but who was generally supposed to be Greene.

Grandin—M. W. Porter, a prominent grain and stock farmer, has received word from West Chicago that his son, D. E. Porter, had had both feet cut off while railroading.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sisseton—Excitement is running high over the discovery of gold fifteen miles northwest of Sisseton in a deep ravine in the Dakota hills. One hundred claims have already been staked out. Gold had not previously been found in this section.

Yankton—The local committees are pushing the arrangements for taking care of the two state conventions, Populist and Democratic, that come here July 11. The bonus required by the central committee has been raised and the committee informed that the money is on deposit. A tent large enough to hold 1500 people has been secured for the Populist convention, and the Democrats will hold their sessions in the Opera house.

IMPOSING FIGURE.

A Knight of the Garter dressed in the regalia is an imposing sight. He wears a blue velvet mantle, with a star embroidered on the left breast. His trunk-hose, stockings and shoes are white, his hood and surcoat crimson. The garter, of dark blue velvet edged with gold, and bearing the motto, "Honi soit qui mal pyense," also in gold, is buckled about the left leg, below the knee. The heavy golden collar consists of twenty-six pieces, each in the form of a garter, bearing the motto, and from it hangs the "eGorge," a badge which represents St. George on horseback, encountering the dragon. The "lesser George" is a smaller badge attached to a blue ribbon, worn over the left shoulder. The star of the order consists of eight points within which is the cross of St. George encircled by the garter.

We have a right to the claim of having the best Soda Water in the city. If you don't believe it, come and try it. Our guarantee is back of this statement.
KUGLER'S DRUG STORE,
127 East Superior Street.

FUN WITH AN ECHO.

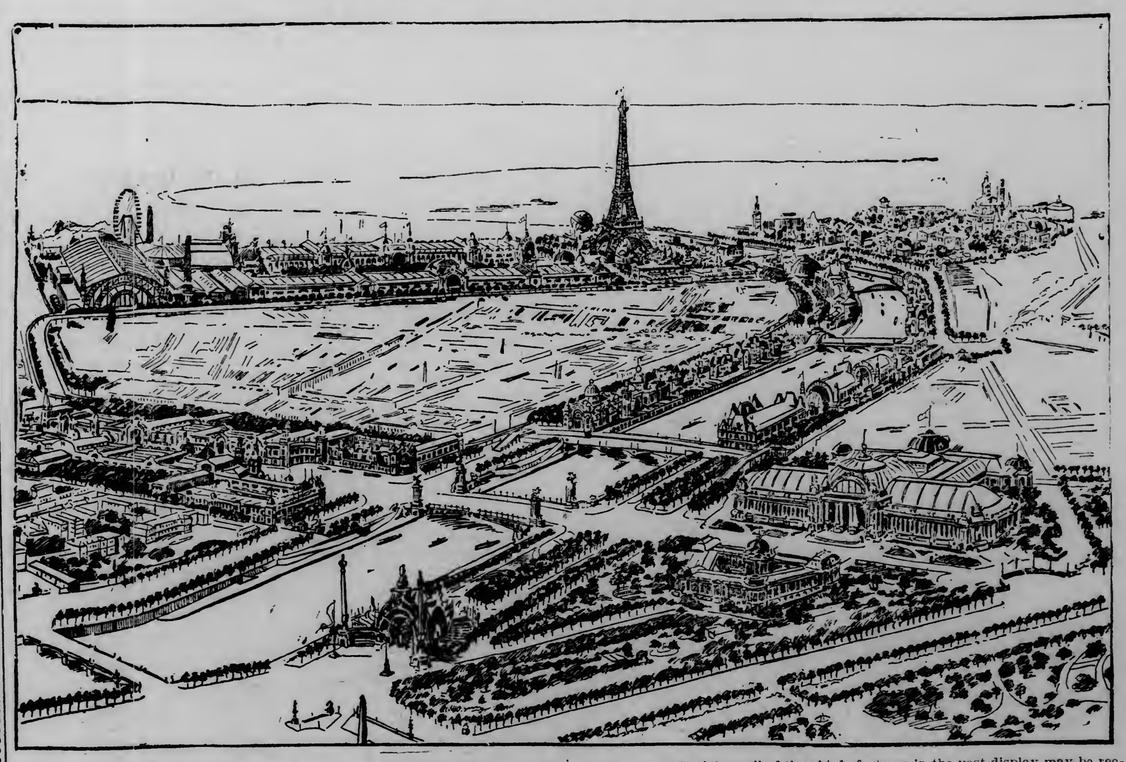
The mischievous pages of the house have discovered a new trick of the echoes in statuary hall, says the Washington Post. They play it upon the tourists by the score and upon pretentious statesmen occasionally, when they can do so without discovery.

There is a certain spot, near the beaten path of travel from the central door way of the house toward the senate, where this peculiar echo is effective. If any coin or metal object is dropped on the marble step between the telegraph office and the reception room it sounds to one passing the particular spot in question as though the object were dropping immediately at his feet. A boy with a dime or a nickel is able to have all sorts of fun by waiting till some one passes the point. Even the senate pages skip away from their work to visit the boys on the other side and play with the echo.

LITERATURE OF THE BOERS.

For literature, the Boer has, first and mainly, his Bible, and next a lot of patent medicine almanacs, obtained, like his pictures, free, at the nearest winkel or store, says Truth. If he is very progressive he may take a Dutch newspaper.

HERE ALL THE BIG EXPOSITION IS BEFORE YOU.



This is the first comprehensive birds eye view of the entire Paris exposition grounds. In this picture all of the chief features in the vast display may be recognized by those who know them. Through the middle of the grounds the placid Seine peacefully rolls to the sea.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Painless Dentistry

We guarantee to fill or extract your teeth without pain and furnish teeth with or without plates, at lowest prices for first-class work.

Examination Free.

F. H. Burnett, D. D. S.

Top Floor Burrows Block.

TAKE ELEVATOR.

Fine... Stationery.

Hurd's Linen Bond and Crane's Underglaze

is perfection in fine stationery. Sold in Duluth at

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore.

C. VOLLAND'S Hat Factory!

Has removed to 14 FIRST AVENUE EAST. Hats sold at factory prices. Also Hats remodeled to latest styles. Straw Hats bleached and pressed.

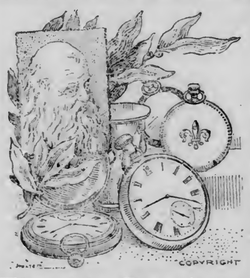
Scalp and Complexion Treatment

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

KNAUF SISTERS, 101 West Superior St.

EYES TESTED FREE and Glasses Fitted.

GEIST & ERD, Opticians, 121 W. Superior Street.



Time is Precious

with most people. To make the most of it you must keep track of it by the aid of an accurate watch. My timekeepers are known and praised by everybody in this section of the country. We select watches on the principle that our customers are entitled to the best things obtainable. My guarantee goes with all goods sold.

J. Gruesen,

31 W. Superior St., Hunter Block.

To Administer Confirmation.

Tomorrow being the feast of Pentecost, there will be very solemn services in the cathedral. There will be solemn high mass at 10:30 p. m., at which Rev. J. J. O'Mahony will be celebrant, assisted by Rev. Frances Hufnagel, as deacon, and Rev. Timothy Corbett as subdeacon. Francis Dacey will be master of ceremonies. During the mass Bishop McGolrick will deliver the sermon, and after mass the rite of confirmation will be administered to a large number of children. The full choir of forty voices will be assisted by Fluaten's orchestra. At 7:30 p. m. there will be solemn vespers and benediction of the blessed sacrament.

Too Much Politics.

Alderman Cullum has resigned as a member of the ship canal aerial ferry bridge commission. He was chairman of the original committee appointed several weeks ago to devise ways and means for building the bridge. The committee started negotiations, in conjunction with the city attorney and city engineer, but last Monday night, on the mayor's suggestion, the council created a commission, consisting of the mayor, city attorney and city engineer, with the original council committee tacked on as a sort of trailer. It is said that Alderman Cullum, as chairman of the original committee, felt that too much politics was involved in the readjustment commission, and his resignation quickly followed.

Result of Ice Tests.

At a meeting of the board of health this morning, the analysis of ice taken from Duluth ice houses and examined by the state board of health, was made public. All ice cut from the reservoir and from Lake Superior, east of Twenty-first avenue east, was pronounced strictly high class and pure. Storage cut west of Twenty-first avenue contained considerable ammonia. The board passed the regular monthly bills of the department.

AMUSEMENTS.

HILL TOP PAVILION!

OPENING!

Sunday Matinee and Week, June 3rd.

Specially Engaged

Frank Murphy

And company in the roaring farce comedy

"SHANTY TOWN"

Interspersed with high class specialties.

Popular Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

AT WEST DULUTH

Dr. Robert Forbes Tells Something of the Work Done at Conference.

A GREAT AUCTIONEER

Makes a Record Selling a Table--Fourth of July Celebration Certain.

Rev. Dr. Forbes has been working full time at resting since he returned from the Methodist conference, and he says that it will take a week to finish the job. Dr. Forbes, with Leonidas Merritt, was on the committee on episcopacy, and also on the committee on missions, two of the most important ones, and the labor on both was arduous. The real work of the conference was done in committee, and it was presented in a finished shape to the conference for action, which, in the majority of cases, was taken without revision or change. Besides his work in the convention, Dr. Forbes preached twice every Sunday while he was in Chicago, speaking in Presbyterian, Congregational and Baptist churches as well as Methodist.

Speaking of the work of the conference, Dr. Forbes said that the most notable feature is the abolition of the time limit on pastorates, which was carried by an overwhelming majority.

"I predict," said he, "that only in rare cases will it result in a longer term for the stronger men, and it means a shorter term for the weaker ones. The term will rarely be over five years, and provision is thus made for a free itinerancy."

The term of the presiding elders was not changed, because, Dr. Forbes said, of the fear, mainly on the part of the East, that the elders, whose power and influence is tremendous while they are in office, would become a hierarchy of bosses. It is the sentiment, too, on the part of the younger men that six years is long enough to be away from study and out of touch with pastoral work.

"The amusement question," said Dr. Forbes, "was left just where it was, with a stronger sentiment in the church against special legislation.

"The defeat of the amendment removing the prohibition may be attributed to the indiscreet parliamentary tactics of its leading advocates in the conference. There was a strong sentiment in favor of its removal, and while the opposition was able by reason of the feeling stirred up by the blunders in tactics to muster the small majority of forty-five when it was first submitted, yet we were able the next day to put it on the table by a majority of three, which is better than a defeat.

"It should be understood that the removal of the prohibition is not in the nature of a backward step. The ground on which it is advocated is that the church should not undertake to decide what amusements should be indulged in.

"Another important matter is the action of the conference in favor of admitting women to the conference as full delegates. This involving an amendment to the constitution, it must be passed by three-fourths of the members of all the annual conferences, of which there are 122.

"Important legislation, too, is that providing for the election of trustees by popular vote of the adult membership of the church, instead of by the quarterly conference.

"As to the admission of the lay delegates, there is a mistaken idea which should be corrected. That is, that there was a fight against it on the part of the ministry, and the result has been hailed by many papers as a great victory for the laity. On the contrary, the ministry favored it from the beginning and they welcomed the lay delegates with open arms.

"For the first time in the history of the church it has two general superintendents, or bishops, in the foreign field, as the result of this conference, one at Zurich and one at Shanghai.

"There was a warm discussion over the practice of bishops charging for dedications, and it was forbidden. The custom of their lecturing for a consideration was also debated at length. No action was taken on that. I defended it on the floor on the ground that it was a credit to us to have bishops who were able to command a place in the lecture field."

Another thing accomplished at the conference, said Dr. Forbes, is that the absolute supremacy of the conference over the bishops is now more clearly defined than ever before.

An interesting feature of the close of the conference was the auctioning of the speaker's table, made at the Methodist manual training school in Venice, the proceeds of the sale going to the school; and to Duluth people additional interest is given the incident by the fact that Dr. Forbes officiated as auctioneer. The auctioneer's remarks and the bidding are given in the Daily Christian Advocate as follows:

Robert Forbes—Mr. President and brethern, I am glad that at last I have the floor. I have the platform. I promise you now that I will not consume much of your time. Come to order. I would like very much to make a few remarks on the time limit. I would like to discuss the amusement question, but I am limited and I am permitted only to sell this table. This table was made by the boys in the Industrial school in Venice. It has, therefore, a value of its own because of that fact. It is the table that has been pounded by the bishops for the last month here in the city of Chicago. That gives it a value all its own. Then it is of great importance that it should be sold and sold well for our school in Venice. Now, I don't want any poor man to bid on it who has scarcely the amount of money to get home. We have two classes in our church, one that has not enough and the other so much money that they can't sleep nights. I don't sympathize with that latter part because I know that I could relieve them of some of the money they have above the sleeping point. But now, we want a lot of money for the school in Venice. The man who buys this table will have a beautiful ornament in his home that he will appreciate and his children's children. How much do you appreciate it? How much do I hear offered?

A voice—Sixty dollars.

A voice—One hundred.

R. Forbes—Will somebody offer $125 for the table? One hundred and fifty dollars is offered over here. Dr. Buttz offers $150. I am not particular for the name of the man or the conference. One hundred and fifty is all I have so far.

Delegate Cunningham—Do all the amendments that have been laid on that table go with the table.

R. Forbes—The time limit slipped from the table, but the amusement question stuck to it on the middle of the edge.

Wm. Burt—This table is a much handsomer one than was sold four years ago for $500. It would bring in the market $275.

R. Forbes—From its historic value and its material and workmanship it would be worth more in the market or in the furniture stores. I have $175 offered from Mr. Woodcock. Who makes it $200? $225 is bid, much obliged to you. Now make it $250. Do I hear that sum?

A. B. Leonard—Mr. Chairman, whoever gets the table and pays the money will have put the money into one of our most important institutions in all our missionary work and in a place where it is greatly needed.

F. A. Arter—Were the galleries included and allowed to bid?

The Bishop—Yes, and I have a $250 bid right here.

R. Forbes—Brother Woodcock offers $275 or $25 additional. This bidding on this platform is in good faith. Give me $300, not for the table so much, but for the struggling school in the far off land and it will encourage the boys who made the table.

R. Forbes—$325 is bid, offered two places. Somebody will have to give $350. This is about as good time as you can make. It's a question of privilege if you will give me another bid. Who will give me $350. $350 is bid in two places. This is about as good time as you can $400 from Mr. Woodcock. $425 is bid and $450. Much obliged. You are doing well. Who gives $475? $475 is bod here. You are all sleeping here. $500 by H. L. Jacobs for W. L. Woodcock and it is sold to him.

WILL CERTAINLY HAVE IT.

That West Duluth is to have a Fourth of July celebration on a more elaborate scale than ever before, was decided at the meeting called to consider plans for at Alderman Barnes' office yesterday afternoon. It will be an all day celebration.

Interest will not be allowed to lag from 8 a. m. to the close of the fireworks display in the evening. At 8 the program will be opened with music by the Minnesota K. of P. band, the parade will be held in the morning. Prizes will be offered for the finest float, the best comic float, the best character display and for the secret societies and in the evening a grand fireworks display and an Indian war dance at which a paleface will be burned at the stake.

Alderman Barnes was chairman of the committee yesterday and H. W. Lanners secretary.

BROUGHT NO CHARGE.

The conference last evening between the board of fire commissioners and the West Duluth on the question of a fire engine for West Duluth resulted in no apparent change in the situation. The delegation presented an imposing array of arguments with figures to back them up and appeals from the business interests of West Duluth, but the attitude of the commissioners underwent the change that was visibly to the naked eye. They asked for more time to think it over and the meeting was adjourned to Wednesday to that end, but as nearly as can be ascertained the board is no more inclined to grant West Duluth's request than it was before the meeting, which is to say that it is not inclined a little bit.

West Duluth was represented by Alderman Barnes and Cochrane, Schaffer and Swenson.

MAY GET DELIVERY.

It looks as if West Duluth would get a free mail delivery. It is understood that the inspectors that looked the ground over Friday are of the opinion that a free delivery is warranted, and that they will so report. In the ordinary course, their report will be acted on before July 1.

The inspection was made on the recommendation of Senator Davis, to whom the petition for a free delivery was sent.

WEST DULUTH IN BRIEF.

The funeral of Mrs James Widger one of West Duluth's oldest residents took place yesterday afternoon from the Methodist church at Proctorknott. A large assemblage was present. Interment was at Forest hill.

The wedding of Miss Josephine Briggs and Charles J. Kilby, both of West Duluth, will take place at St James church, June 5.

At Westminister Presbyterian church, service will be held Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Services will be held at Highland at 3 p. m. Rev. Allen Lang the new pastor will begin his work on Sunday.

There will be service at No. 5514 Grand avenue west Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Adolph Salverson.

A. J. Filiatrault, undertaker. Telephone No. 3070. Office, Patterson's livery barn.

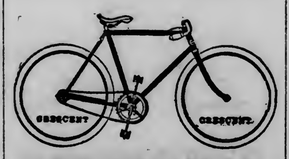
Wanted—An experienced marker and assorter. Duluth Steam Laundry.

WEST DULUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

sell RICHELIEU Java and Mocha Coffee because it is the BEST.

Sutton & McCabe, 5 West Superior Street.

Brown, Mallough & Son, West Duluth, Minn.



CRESCENT CRESCENT

CRESCENTS

Are selling right along—every day a Crescent day. We do not let our stock run down and can fit you out with any size you want. Crescents are staples with us. Our terms of payment are easy—you can buy one and never miss the money.

Wieland & Wade,

Reliable Dealers in Hardware and Bicycles.

Summer Term

Begins at the Business University on Monday, June 4.

Note the Place and the Prices....

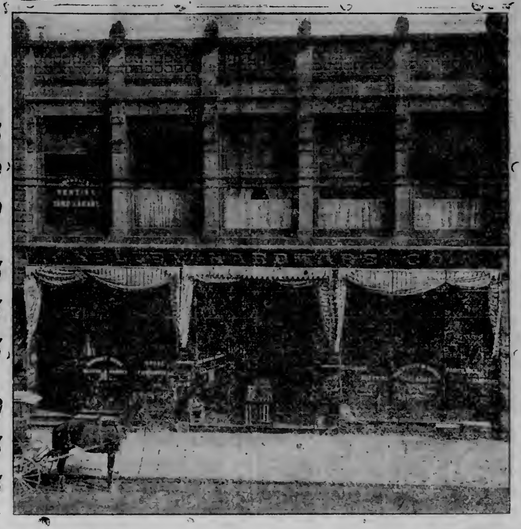
Silverware.

Rogers Bros.' 1847.

1847 Table Spoons—
Plain pattern, regular price $3.00, now $2.25
Shell pattern, regular price $3.50, now $2.70
Beaded pattern, regular price $3.50, now $2.70

1847 Dessert Spoons—
Plain pattern, regular price $2.50, now $2.15
Shell pattern, regular price $3.50, now $2.75
Beaded pattern, regular price $3.50, now $2.75

1847 Tea Spoons—
Plain pattern, regular price $1.50, now $1.30
Shell pattern, regular price $1.75, now $1.45
Beaded pattern, regular price $1.75, now $1.45



Silverware.

Rogers Bros.' 1847.

1847 Knives and Forks—
$3.65 set
Regular price $4.50.

1847 Berry Spoons—
Gold Bowl, regular price $2.75, now $1.85
Silver Bowl, regular price $2.00, now $1.30

1847 Gold Meat Forks—
Gold prongs, regular price $1.75, now $1.15
Silver prongs, regular price $1.25, now 90c

1847 Fruit Knives—
Per set of six, regular price $2.00, now $1.40

Good for Monday and Tuesday.

Kelley Hardware Co.

118-120 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE FERRY CASE.

Motion to Dismiss Order to Show Cause is Denied.

All three judges took part in this morning's special term of district court. The most important case to come up was the injunction suit of J. L. Hopkins against the city of Duluth, to restrain that burg from establishing a steam ferry service across the ship canal. The new city attorney and his predecessor are pitted against each other in this case, J. B. Richards appearing for Mr. Hopkins and City Attorney Mitchell representing the city. On behalf of the city Mr. Mitchell moved to discharge the order to show cause, but the motion was denied. The case then went over one week.

With it went the dispute between the two People's party county committees, which has been postponed from Saturday to Saturday for some time. It had been expected that it would come up today, but at the request of Judge Moer, who represents the reorganized committee, it was put over for another week.

Judge Ensign denied a motion for a new trial in the case of Charles Warren against the Duluth Street Railway company, in which a jury recently returned a verdict, giving Warren $1000. The case will be appealed to the supreme court. At noon Judge Cant was hearing the case of Ellen S. B. Allen against George Hawksworth and others. The following action was taken in other cases that came up: J. D. Howard and others against N. Slonin and others, case settled for appeal and motions taken under advisement; John Smith against J. B. Kehl & Co., submitted; John Jenswold, Jr., against R. A. Taussig and others, judgment for the plaintiff.

The following new call of court cases has been made for next week, including all of the remaining court cases for trial:

Monday—69, 154, 156, 158, 29, 50, 20, 152, 17, 8, 70, 67, 71, 82.

Tuesday—83, 66, 102, 120, 160, 151, 161, 162, 155.

RAKES WANTED IN CHINA.

Farming is not carried on in a large way here in China, says a Chinkiang correspondent of the New York Journal. Farms ranging from half an acre to five acres constitute the large and small holdings; they do not require reapers, mowers, threshing machines or steam plows. The Chinese dead seem to have pre-emption rights over all the hills and hillsides, leaving only the plains and valleys to the living—even these are encroached upon by the coffins of past generations.

The people build dikes of mud, inclosing, say, half an acre each, often making them from 3 to 6 feet high, to receive and retain the spring rains. Into the water they go—men, women and children—and work until their little farm is planted in rice. Most of their time after the spring rains are over is spent in treading the carrier pumps or bringing water and pouring it on the rice plants until the harvest time comes. I have no doubt hoes, rakes, shovels and cheap hand rice hullers would find a market here, for the American implements are as far ahead of what they use as a diamond is superior to sandstone.

The localities where wheat or barley is raised have farms about the same size. The plow is a light affair made of a crooked stick, with a steel point fastened to it, and is pulled by a water buffalo, a kind of halfbreed between Texas cattle and the Western buffalo. Because he loves to wallow in the water, with his nose and ears above that element, he is called water buffalo. When he is used for plowing they attach a rope to the machine and slip a loop around his neck, being powerful and the plowing being shallow, he pulls with the rope on only one side. They plant wheat just as we would plant corn; they do not sow it.

When harvest time comes men and women take a blade inserted in a short handle at an angle of about 45 degrees, and proceed to cut the grain, bind it carefully, and carry it to the threshing floor near their buildings. This floor is a hard, beaten spot of ground about 20 feet in diameter. The water buffalo, muzzled and attached to a stone roller, tramps and rolls the grain out of the ear. After the threshing is done they throw wheat and chaff in the air and allow the wind to blow the chaff away. When the wheat is thus winnowed they gather it up, put it into bags and pound what they need for use in a stone mortar. I think scythes, small hand threshers, fanning mills and some cheap apparatus for grinding would find a large market here in time.

REPROVING CHILDREN.

Do not reprimand your children in the presence of company, is a suggestion in Trained Motherhood. Spare your guests the mortification. Do not imagine that it shows that you are a painstaking mother, trying your very best to train and bring your children up perfectly.

Do all the teaching before the company arrives, or after. If your child is so very misbehaving keep him out while you are entertaining a caller or a friend at dinner. There is nothing that will so mar the pleasure of a crowd at a table than to witness a child get a scolding, and sometimes even a slap in the face or a jerk by the ear, or sent out from the room.

You will notice that it puts a kind of damper on the good nature of the company. All will wear a gushy look, and feel that the performance took place in their honor, and the child, too, in his own little mind, will conclude that it was through the influence of the company that he was thus treated.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Steamer Pioneer and Consort Are Aground at Bar Point.

STRUCK IN THE FOG

Vesselmen Are In Better Spirits Than For a Month Past.

Amherstburg, Ont., June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Pioneer and consort Chattanooga, bound down with ore, grounded at Bar Point in the fog this forenoon. Tugs are now working to release them.

VESSELMEN FEEL BETTER.

Cleveland, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—As there is plenty of business, cargoes of both ore and coal are being offered by all shippers, vesselmen are in better spirits than they have been for a month past. Some of them say they do not look for lower rates at any time this season than now prevail.

Chicago, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Not less than 500,000 bushels of grain was on the market for shipment today at 1⅞ cents to Lake Erie.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 2.—Specials to The Herald:—Up: Iron Duke, Ashland, midnight; Reed, 3:40 a. m.; Fromence, 7; Reynolds, 8:20; Republic, 10; Marina, 10:40; N. H. Ketchum, Waldo, 12:20. Down: Myles, Mateer, 12:20 a. m.; Bartlett and whalebacks, 2; Berlin, 3; Russia, Nyanza, Oliver Ribinner, 5:30; King, Tecumseh, Gawn, Orinoco, Benton, Bissell, Thadilla, Cadillac, Alberta, Lastwood, Lyons, Italia, Amazon, Harlem, 9:40; Mahoning, Choctaw, Curry, Merrimac, 12:40. Up yesterday: Lindsay, Wall, 12:40 p. m.; Athabasca, Sale Bonia, Polynesia, 12:25; Waverly, 2; Lockwood, 2:20; Mariska, Magna, Whitney, 3:20; Cuba, 4; Viking, Vinland, Keith, 7:40; Senator, 9:20; 10:5; Duke, Ashland, 11:50, Down: Nipigon, Fillmore, Melbourne, noon; Collingwood, Dominion, Mystic Star, 1:30 p. m.; Empire City, 3:30; Spry, Johnson, 4; Rids, 6:20; Presque Isle, Mesaba, 9.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Marimba, Manilla, 10 last night; McWilliams, Glades, 10:20; Westford and barges, 10:30; Queen of the West, Sage, 11; Outhwaite, Barr, midnight; Centurion, 12:50 a. m.; Nesbitt, 1; Edward Gobden Age, 1:15; Gratwick, Moravia, 1:45; Sacramento, 2:30; Forest City, Saveland, 2:50; Fayette Brown, 6:10; Iron Chief and consort, Madagascar and consorts, 7:2 Eureka, 8:15; Mariposa, Manda, 9:50; Troy, Kaliyuga, Fontana, 10.

Up yesterday: Hudson, noon; Juniata, 1 p. m.; Baldwin and barges, 1:30; Roby, Tom Adams, 2; Parks Foster, Aztec, Mazee, 5; Morley, 6:20.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Stribling point (N) red spar buoy No. 2, St. Mary's river, on the extreme northwest end of a shoal off Stribling point, and which marks the turning from Little Mud lake cut into the old channel through Lake George to St. Mary's Falls canal, has been marked by a red diamond shaped frame secured near the top of the buoy.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Light—Centurion, Roby, Marquette.

Buffalo—Cleared: Madden, Duluth; Case, Superior.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Eureka, Duluth; Emily, Portage. Light—Sacramento, Gilbert, Iron Chief, Wade, A. Parker, John Hutchinson, Duluth; Ionia, Amazonas, Marquette.

Conneaut—Cleared: Coal—John Mitchell, Duluth. Light—Roebling, Queen City, Black, Duluth; Castalia, Marquette.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Fontana, Kaliyuga, Presque Isle, Huron, Duluth. Coal—Iron Age, Superior.

Fairport—Cleared: Light—Manilla, Two Harbors.

Marquette—Arrived: Nicaragua, Cleared—Panola, Orinoco, LaSalle, Conneaut; Lyon, Cherokee, Chippewa, Craig, Merrimay, Ashtabula; Toltec, Zapotec, Cadillac, School craft, Cleveland; Macy, Wilson, Toledo; Choctaw, Erie; Bourke, Lorain; Nester, Huron.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Charles Eddy, Duluth; Holland, Friant, Ashland; Selkirk, Detroit.

Ashland—Arrived: Alta, Maggie Duncan, Favorite, Constitution, Tempest, Coyne, Wilhelm, Yuma. Cleared: Ore—Mecosta, Alva, Cleveland; Superior City, Conneaut; Celtic, Toledo.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Hanna, Morse, Smeaton, Coralia, Ericsson, Cort, 105, 116; Iron King, Iron Queen, Lake Erie, light for ore; Fairbairn, John Owen, Poe, Corliss, Naples, Lake Erie, coal; 86, South Chicago, oil; Nicol, Stevens, Buffalo, mdse; Ben Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Rhodes, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Colonial, Two Harbors, light; Majestic, Collingwood, pass and flour; Northern Queen, Buffalo, flour; Spokane, Fryer, Hoyt, 20, 126; Morse, Hanna, Smeaton, Lake Erie, ore; George Gouir, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: St. Paul, from Southampton; Pretoria, from Vanburg; Bovic, from Liverpool.

Liverpool—Arrived: Georgic, New York.

Hamburg—Arrived: Victoria, from New York.

Excursions —TO— Two Harbors SUNDAY, JUNE 3,

On Steamers H. R. Dixon and Hunter.

Leave BOOTH'S DOCK at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Returning, leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

Fare, 50c for Round Trip.

Park Point Concert.

There will be another concert by the City band on Park Point tomorrow. The program for the concert is as follows:

March—"Peace Forever" ..... Lacalle
Medley overture—"The Right Kind" ..... Smith
Introducing "Whistling Rufus" (Mills), "Just a Little Spray of Heather Bells" (Hamilton, "The Sultan" (Loraine), "I'm Living Easy" (Jones), "You're Just the Same as Ever to Me" (Graham), "If I Only had a Job" (Mullen), "Tell Her to Come to Me" (Graham), "Colinette" (Krouse).
Cornet solo—"Remembrance of Lib-erati" ..... Casey
Charles Hilmar.
Waltz de concert—"Spring and Love" ..... Bion
March—"Kenius on Broadway" ..... Clark
Two step—"Col. Moultan" ..... Brooks
Terzetto and Finale—"Attila" ..... Verdi
Medley—"Popular Sunny Tennessee" ..... Boettger
by request.
March—"Institute" ..... Schultz

BASE ....BALL

SUPERIOR VS. DULUTH.

At Fair Grounds Saturday and Sunday.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

Washington, June 2.—Soon after the senate convened today a concurrent resolution was adopted providing for the printing of 16,000 sets of Messages and Papers of the Presidents, 10,000 sets to be sold at the actual cost of printing and 6000 sets to be placed at the disposal of the senate and house.

Mr. Morgan, chairman of the committee on inter-oceanic canals, made a request that the so-called Hepburn Nicaragua canal bill be made the special order for consideration at 2 p. m. on Monday, Dec. 10, the second Monday of the next session. Mr. Morgan said he realized the impossibility of obtaining consideration of the bill at this session. His request was agreed to.

When the morning business was concluded the senate resumed consideration of the general deficiency bill. An amendment was offered by Mr. Morgan and agreed to appropriating $13,568 to reimburse the Maritime Canal company, of Nicaragua, for expenditures in aid of the commission authorized by act of congress known as the Ludlow commission for inspection and supervision of the Nicaragua canal.

An amendment was offered and after some discussion agreed to, to pay an extra month's salary to the employes of the senate and house of representatives.

After several minor amendments had ben made to the bill, it was reported to the senate, the amendments agreed to and the bill passed. This is the last of the general appropriation bills.

Mr. Allison called up a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury, the secretary of the interior and the attorney general of the United States to make settlement and adjustment with the Sioux City & Pacific Railway company of its indebtedness to the United States.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 2.—Before proceeding to consideration of the anti-trust bill, on special order, the house today disposed of some routine business. Mr. Watson was appointed one of the board of visitors to the naval academy in place of Mr. Grout, resigned.

The senate amendments to the sundry civil bill were disagreed to, and the bill was sent to conference.

Mr. Bartholdt asked it opportunity would be afforded to test the sense of the house on a motion to concur in the St. Louis exposition appropriation. Mr. Cannon replied in the affirmative.

CULTIVATE A SWEET VOICE.

Kind hearts are more plentiful than persistently kind and gentle voices, and yet love loses much of its power when the voice is sharp and hard. Try, therefore, most earnestly to acquire the right tone in speaking, and guard yourself carefully from falling into careless and bad habits of voice.

Often a sharp voice shows far more ill-will than the heart feels, but people do not know that the speaker's "bark is worse that her bite," and they believe her to be ill-tempered and disagreeable, says the New York Telegram.

It is so easy to pick up a sharp and snappish manner of speaking. Very often it is acquired in mirth, and in the give and take battles of words in which boys and girls delight. There is no malice in their sallies, and a great deal of fun, but meanwhile the voice is often acquiring a sharp and shrewdish tone which sticks through life, making it stir up strife and ill-will among its listeners.

So watch the tone in which you speak and take care that it is gentle and sweet. A kind voice is like music in the home and is to the heart what light and beauty are to the eye.

Sunday Band Concert.

The second free band concert of the season will be given tomorrow afternoon at O-at-ka beach, Park Point, commencing at 2:30. Director Flaaten of the City band has prepared a special program and one that is sure to please. The free ferry is in operation, and with the splendid electric car service, a trip to O-at-ka beach tomorrow will be an enjoyable feature.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY. CO.

$13.20

TO MILWAUKEE, WIS., AND RETURN.

Tickets on sale June 2, 3, 4, and 5th, 1900, good returning from Milwaukee up to June 11th, 1900, or, by depositing ticket with joint agent and payment of fifty cents, tickets will be extended up to and including June 30th, 1900. Account meeting Federated Women's Clubs.

For further information apply city and depot ticket offices, or

W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent.

No. 430 West Superior Street.

Free Treatment

From June 1 to June 18.

Dr. Doran will give Free Treatment, except small charge for medicines, to all who apply at his new offices, 206 West Superior Street.

Acute and chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Liver, Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Rheumatism, Chronic Female Diseases, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Dizziness, Nervousness, Slow Growth in Children and all wasting diseases in adults, Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Diseases of the Brain, Diabetes, Paralysis, Bright's Disease, Heart Disease, Eczema, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Cancers, Tumors, Wens, Birthmarks, Red Nose and Superfluous Hair on the Neck and Face removed without pain or aftermarks. Epilepsy, or fits cured. Young, middle-aged or old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Passing Urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life. Piles, Fistula, Fissure and Rupture cured.

DR. J. E. DORAN, Duluth, Minn.

Zenith 'Phone 490. 206 West Superior St.

WALLACE WELLS. 'PHONE 67. R. D. ANNIS.

—AT THE—

Northern Hardware Co.,

222 West Superior Street.

Mrs. Rorer's Cooking Dishes now on sale!

Lawn Mowers cleaned, oiled and sharpened.

Hammocks, Wire Fence, Lawn Mowers....

Refrigerators, Fishing Tackle, Bicycles....

THAT FIRE ENGINE.

Aldermen and Commissioners Have a Session Over It.

There were no fluttering white-winged messengers of peace at last night's meeting of the board of fire commissioners. The program was very largely ragtime, and participated in by four determined aldermen who were there for the purpose of securing the new fire engine for West Duluth. The board of fire commissioners were threatened with pretty much everything from an injunction suit down to a criminal action, for obtaining a fire engine under false pretenses. Shortly after 10 o'clock the oratorical contest was declared a draw. However, it will probably be taken up again and fought to a finish next Wednesday evening.

For West Duluth, Aldermen Cochrane, Barnes, Swenson and Schaffer made a most vigorous kind of a fight and were supported largely by Mayor Hugo, who up till recently has not been inclined to favor the new engine's going to West Duluth.

This fight for the engine from now on will be watched with a great deal of interest. Politics is mixed up in it to a large extent and the entire matter hinges on one fire commissioner. Commissioner Bagley, of West Duluth, is in favor of having the engine go out there as soon as possible, but Commissioners McDowell and Abrahamson oppose it. In case either one of these give in, the decision will be awarded to West Duluth aldermen and the engine will go to No. 8 hall.

At last night's meeting Chief Black reported that the department had been out to forty-two fires during the month of May, and that the aggregate damage was $2170, against an insurance value of $134,300.

Took His Shoes.

Henry Snow and George McKenna went to sleep together in a Lake avenue lodging house last night, and this morning McKenna woke up hungry and penniless. Snow was still sleeping beautifully, and McKenna took his new tan shoes and stole quietly out on the street. He out in about half an hour trying to dispose of the shoes for the price of a meal, and it is supposed that he finally succeeded, for the shoes have not been found and McKenna is locked up. His hearing will take place in police court late this afternoon. This morning Luke Flannigan, Robert Harington, Charles McDonald and Frank Lansing were sent up for ten days for drunkenness.

MARVELOUS WORK OF A MOST

MARVELOUS MAGNETIC HEALER.

Gift to a Sufferer of a Key to Health.

She Went to Dr. Mitchell and Was Cured.

Many Lives Saved Through His Mysterious Force.

A reporter who called Friday at the office of Dr. Mitchell, at 17 East Superior street, found the waiting room crowded with ladies and gentlemen waiting to see the magnetic healer. The news of the astounding success of his treatment of diseases brings daily to his office gatherings truly remarkable in size and character.

The number of visitors does not lessen, showing that the cures made by Dr. Mitchell have created a great impression. The reporter sat beside an elderly lady in the reception room, who remarked to him: "There are as many people here today as when I was here a week ago." "He seems to be busy all the time," replied the reporter. "Yes," continued the lady. "Although I have a great deal of shopping to do I feel that I ought to come here, even if I must wait half an hour before seeing Dr. Mitchell. My grandchildren is paralytic, and for three years had not been able to walk, even on crutches. I brought him over about a month ago in a carriage. After the third treatment the boy had improved so much that he was walking on crutches and now he is around the house, more happy and cheerful than he has ever been in his life. We are pleased beyond the power of words to express, at what has been accomplished, and look forward to the time when the boy will be as well and strong as other children."

"A friend of mine was treated by him," said the reporter, for a cancer on her face and cured."

"What the power is, I do not know," replied the lady, but it is something which one can feel; and not only from my experience, but also that of others with whom I have talked, I know it really cures people. A family of our friends, living on a street near us had a daughter afflicted with epilepsy. She had read in the newspapers of the cures by Dr. Mitchell, of cases similar to her's and as the sick and hopeless do, eagerly seized upon the idea that he could help her. She was anxious that he should try his power upon her, but her relatives discouraged her saying there was probably nothing in it. She was disappointed and cried a great deal. Her uncle called one day, and after hearing her story went to Dr. Mitchell's office and bought a card giving the bearer the right to a month's treatments, much the same as a man would go to a dry goods store and buy an order for a pair of gloves for his wife or sweetheart. He mailed the card to the girl, and without saying a word to her people in the house she went to Dr. Mitchell's office. She received a few treatments and picked up in health right away. Although her last visit was over two months ago, she has not had a return of the fits, and believes she is cured, for, previous to seeing the healer she was having at least three fits a week.

The reporter went away convinced that there are some things which the doctors do not yet understand. From the large amount of testimony, it is useless to say there is nothing in it. There seems to be a wide spread and a constantly growing belief that drugs are not everything in this wonderful age people are tiring of the old drugging and medication system, and are looking up to higher powers—the magnetic power—for help. When the most eminent physician fails, Magnetic Healer Mitchell succeeds, because he is gifted with the greatest of power—magnetic power.

Dr. Mitchell's office hours are from 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 m.

PEARL HIVE NO. 4,

LADIES OF THE MACCABEES

Will give their sixth annual ball in Great Eastern hall, West Duluth, on Monday, June 4. Music by La Brosse's orchestra. Ed Fisher, prompter. Chartered car for Duluth at 5 a. m.

Large List of Births.

Thirty births have been reported to the health department since the census enumerators began work yesterday morning. Children have been born to the following persons: Sons to Mr. and Mrs. Nels Neander, 508 West Third street; to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mork, 126 Mesaba avenue; to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Wilson, 1922 West Michigan street; to Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Ingalls, 323 Mesaba avenue; twin boys to Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Breenholm, 2114 West Fourth street; Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Gratta, 2524 West Second street; Mr. and Mrs. M. Tiggren, 1601 West First street; Mr. and Mrs. I. Tharalson, West Duluth; Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Bisley, Fifty-fourth avenue west; Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Alford, 2415 West Third street; Mr. and Mrs. F. Archambault, 2525 Huron street; Mr. and Mrs. David Ridgewell, 2821 Railroad street; Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Nunan, 2209 West Third street.

Daughters to Mr. and Mrs. George Harkenson, 712½ East First street; to Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Klippen, 27 East Seventh street; to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Gray, 32 Tenth avenue east; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Clark, 1325 London road; Mr. and Mrs. C. Ribenack, 3009 Helm street; Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Osterberg, Forty-fifth avenue west; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Mathews, 315 Twenty-fourth avenue west; Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Stubler, 108 East Second street; Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson, 1933 Piedmont avenue; Mr. and Mrs. John Rundahl, 123 Twenty-eighth avenue west; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chosie, 427½ West First street; Mr. and Mrs. W. Rieve, 611 East Tenth street; Mr. and Mrs. I. Gronlund, 2105 West Fourth street; Mr. and Mrs. J. Lindberg, Hermantown; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Campbell, 613 Second avenue east; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. McMartin, 5456 Oneida street.

MEETING POSTPONED.

Historical Society Will Meet Week After Next.

The June meeting of the Duluth Historical and Scientific association would have been held next Tuesday, but as next week is commencement week at the high school, and as several of the members of the society are to be busy, the meeting will be postponed until the following Tuesday, June 12. At that time a very interesting program will be given, and a large attendance is expected. A number of people who have expressed an intention of joining the association will probably carry out their intention at the meeting. The program will include a paper by H. W. Pearson on "The Oscillations of the Sea in Historic Times." Judge Ensign will read a paper by Miss Henrietta C. Smith, dealing with the career of her father, James Smith, Jr., of St. Paul. Mr. Smith was closely connected with the early history of the city, particularly through his associations with the building of the Lake Superior & Mississippi railroad, now the St. Paul & Duluth, and soon to become a branch of the Northern Pacific.

Goodhue Bound Over.

Albert J. Goodhue was yesterday bound over to the grand jury on two separate charges of forgery. His unique and rather sensational defense that if he forged the checks which were cashed by the California Wine house and J. B. Butchart several days ago, he did it while in a state of irresponsibility and periodical drunkenness, created considerable sympathy for him, but the court failed to see that it mitigated the offense. He was bound over and the matter of bail left at the disposal of the district court. Two of the cases against him were not prosecuted, and the two on which he was bound over were prosecuted much against the wishes of the complaining witnesses.

Progress Lodge.

D. of H. will give a dime social Tuesday evening June 5 at Sloans' hall corner Twentieth avenue west and Superior street.

W. R. C.

All members of J. B. Culver, W. R. C. are requested to meet in their rooms, Monday June 4th at 2 p. m., by order. Rebecca Van Baaten fwyp

REBECCA VAN BAALEN, Pres.
J. E. POWER, Sec.

RECORD IS SMASHED

Dryest Month of May Ever Seen at the Head of the Lakes.

TEMPERATURE HIGH

It Touched the High Notch But Did Not Pass It.

"Never saw such weather as long as I've been in Duluth."

"That's right; it beats the band."

Little dialogues like that have been frequent all during the month of May, just closed. So frequent were they that it was easy to manage to hear them several times a day. And for once the people who talked that way were right, for within the history of the weather station here, at least, and that includes thirty years, back to 1871, there never has been such weather.

Usually when people talk about the "warmest day of the season," the "coldest day of the season," the "longest cold spell on record," the "longest hot spell on record," and other alleged abnormalities of atmospheric conditions, they are as far off as are the people that say the winters are not so severe as they were in the older days.

For once they are right, however. People living in Duluth have seen Mays as warm, but none warmer. And they have never seen one so dry, or anywhere near so dry. The record for dryness is smashed all to the littlest bits of bits that ever was, for the total precipitation for the month was .62 of an inch, whereas the average is 3.58 inches. The nearest month to it for dryness was the May of 1871, when the precipitation was 1.49 inches, and the month runs as far up as 7.24 inches, though not often, of course.

When months fall behind on precipitation this way, the difference between the month's figures and the normal represent the "deficiency," and the deficiency of last month was 2.96 inches. For the year so far it was 6.43 inches.

The temperature for the month does not vary a great deal from year to year, but last May was one of the three Mays when the average reached 55 degrees. The others were the Mays of 1871 and 1896. It has dropped as low as 43, so the difference between the highest and lowest averages is 10 degrees. The mean for thirty years is 48 degrees. The highest temperature was 81 degrees May 14, the lowest was 31, May 3, and the greatest daily range of temperature was 31 degrees, May 1, and the least was 5 degrees, May 16. The excess of temperature for the month was 5 degrees, and the excess of daily mean temperature since Jan. 1 was 293 degrees, and the excess of daily mean temperature since Jan. 1 was 295 degrees, making an average daily excess of 2 degrees since the first of the year.

Another remarkable feature of the month was the number of cloudy days, which was only five. There were no more than the ordinary number of clear days, there being only eleven, but there were fifteen partly cloudy days to fill out the month.

The prevailing winds were from the northeast, as they are in most of the spring, fall and summer months.

EXCURSION!

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

Howard Transportation Co

Steamer Bon Voyage

Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, June 3, 1900. Good music on board.

Fare 50 cents round trip.

THE ORE SHIPMENTS.

Totals For the Season Up to June 1.

The shipments of iron ore from Duluth, Two Harbors and Superior up to June 1 were 1,604,537 tons, as compared with 960,851 tons for the same period last year. The figures are as follows:

	June 1, 1900.	June 1, 1899.
	G. Tons.	G. Tons.
Duluth, D. M. & N.	669,984	344,822
Two Harbors, D. & I. R.	707,060	470,060
Superior, E. M.	227,889	85,956
Total	1,604,375	900,837

The Missabe road shipped 644,218 tons of its total of 669,984 tons during May, making next to the biggest month in its history, which is remarkable for this season. The biggest month was last August. These figures are interesting in view of the outlook for greatly increased shipments this year.

The Missionary Society.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary union will occur Tuesday, June 5, in the Methodist church parlors. The meeting will be an all-day one, beginning at 10 a. m. A basket lunch will be the feature of the noon hour. An interesting program is prepared as order follows:

10 a. m.—
Devotional exercese .....
Led by the president, Miss Eddy.
Minutes of last meeting .....
Report from churches .....
Nominating committee .....
Annual report of secretary and treasurer .....
Mrs. Chapman.
Address .....
Mrs. Wells, of Chicago.
Roll call .....
Luncheon .....
1:30 p. m.—
Report of nominating committee and election of officers .....
"Economical Conference" .....
Mrs. Morrison.
"The Freedman" .....
Mrs. Pellham.
"Minute Lesson" .....
Mrs. Milne.
"Pundita Roma Bai, of India, and Her Work" .....
Mrs. Sherwin.
Address .....
Mrs. Wells.
Collection .....
Amusements .....
Closing prayer .....

A Noted Missionary.

Mrs. D. B. Wells, the field secretary of the Woman's Board of Missions of the Northwest, whose visit has been anticipated with so much interest by the Presbyterian ladies, will arrive Monday next. She will be entertained by Mrs. William White, of 402 East Second street. Mrs. Wells is well known by a number of Duluth people. A great treat is said to be in store for all who are so fortunate as to hear her interesting and entertaining manner of presenting the great cause of missions. She will remain in this vicinity a week or more. On Friday, June 8, a reception will be tendered her at the First Presbyterian church.

Duffy's Pure Malt

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

No Fusel Oil.

The World's Famous Medicinal Whiskey

(A distillation of pure malt)

has no equal. Prescribed and endorsed by leading doctors for nearly half a century as the only pure, invigorating stimulant and tonic. All druggists and grocers, $1.00 a bottle. See that the trade mark is on the bottle. Book sent free.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

Everyone Owns a Share.

Manager L. N. Case of the water and light department usually has something good to offer for the monthly issue of the Gas Jet, the mission of which is to set forth the advantages of patronizing the city in its capacity of purveyor of water and gas light. This month he has issued a certificate of stock showing that the holder is the owner of one share of stock in the gas plant of the city of Duluth. The certificate is gotten up in good legal form, and it bears the duties of shareholders as follows:

First. It is expected, but not obligatory, that holders of stock will use gas at their places of business and at their homes.

Second. It is expected, but not obligatory, that holders of stock will assist the directors in making a success of the business.

Third. It is expected, but not obligatory, that holders of stock should refrain from making untruthful remarks concerning the operation and condition of the plant.

Fourth. It is expected, and is obligatory, that holders of stock shall be citizens of Duluth, and every citizen is a stockholder whether he wishes to be or not.

MUST BE SOLD QUICK!

6-room house near Fifty-Second avenue east $1000

6-room house, strictly modern, near Fifty-ninth avenue east $2000

Lot in Helm's addition $450

Lot 50x140 in East End $1750

Lot on Superior street, between 3rd and 4th aves. east, 50x140 feet on Central Avenue, near car works, lays fine..... $650

FOR SALE BY

Crosby & Martindale,

106 Providence Bldg. Loans and Insurance.

George C. Howe Returns.

George C. Howe, who has been out on the Pacific coast the past ten days, returned yesterday. He reports the coast cities very lively especially Seattle and Spokane Falls. Crops are looking well throughout the state of Washington, but along the line of railroad through North Dakota the prospects are not flattering owing to the drouth and cold weather.

Invited to Receive Envoys.

A number of Duluth people have been invited to attend the reception to the envoys of the South African republic, which will be held in St. Paul June 7. Several Duluth men have been selected as members of the reception committee, and they have been sent buttons bearing the likeness of Paul Kruger, which indicate their position as members of such committee. There will be an immense mass meeting of the citizens of the state at the Auditorium in the evening.

School Board Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the board of education will be held in the High School tonight. The principal business to come up will be the opening of bids for the new Monroe school at Twenty-sixth avenue west, on the site of the old school. The construction of this new school was authorized recently, and if the bids that are to be opened tonight are satisfactory it will soon be under way. Its cost is to be in the neighborhood of $27,000, which was the appropriation. The board will also pass the last pay rolls of the school year, and other minor matters will come up.

Mining Lease Given.

O. D. Kinney and George C. Howe have taken a mining lease from Patrick H. Rahilly, of Lake City, Minn., on the e½ of the se¼ of section 22, the nw¼ of the sw¼ of section 23, and the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 27, all in 58-20. The lease provides for a royalty of 20 cents per ton, and it provides also that $5000 that was paid for the option for the lease is to be considered as advance payments of royalties. It is required that the lessees shall produce or pay for 25,000 tons during this year, 50,000 tons per year during 1901 and 1902, 75,000 tons during 1903 and 100,000 tons per annum thereafter.

Attention.

For a beautiful drive and nice outing take a trip to Pike lake Sunday. Dinner from 12 to 3. Supper from 5 to 8.

F. E. FLEISCHMAN, Prop.,
Park Hotel.

HE KNEW.

The American youngster is the pride and joy of his parents and his country, says Margaret B. Downing in the May Success. A typical specimen is Jack Richards, aged 8, son of the soldier general of the United States and Mrs. John K. Richards. While his parents and he were being shown through the beautiful seat of Hampton court, in England, in company with a high English nobleman, little Jack was playing about and learning a great many lessons. The custodian was telling historical tales, and in the vinery he pointed out a vine planted by George III. He explained that the grapes from that particular specimen were reserved for the queen herself, and that no lesser personage tasted them. Turning with a patronizing air to Young America, who was gazing at the vine, he said:

"I suppose you do not know who George III was?"

"O, yes, I do: he was the George that fought our George; but our George licked him, and licked him good."

TOO HONEST.

A lawyer took in a new boy the other day and, as he had suffered to some extent from the depredations of the former one, he determined to try the new boy's honesty at once, says the Chicago News. He therefore placed a $5 note under a weight on his desk and walked out without a word. Upon his return, half an hour later, the note was gone and half a dollar in silver had taken its place.

"Boy, when I went out I left $5 under this weight."

"Yes, sir; but you hadn't been gone five minutes when a man came in with a bill against you for $4.50. I guess the change is correct?"

"You paid the bill?"

"Yes, sir; there it is all receipted. The man said it had slipped your mind for the past four years, and so——"

He did not get any further before he made a rush for the door. That boy is not in the law business any more.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

THEY LACK INTEREST

Census Committee Finds Strange Indifference Among Many of Duluth's People.

HARD TO UNDERSTAND

Appeal Made to Ministers to Keep at Their Congregations---Few Reports.

The work of taking the census of the city is now under way and is progressing fairly well although there are some respects in which there might be improvements. The citizens committee and Special Agent William Getty are watching the work very closely and will continue to do so until the last day.

The citizens' committee has found a most surprising sentiment among some of the business men and people of the city. Some of them, in fact many of them, are absolutely indifferent in the matter of the census and when personally solicited by the citizens' committee to give their aid in some manner involving little expense and very little labor decline to do so or go at it with such indifference that it is apparent from the start that it will not be well done. How any one who has any loyalty for the city in which he lives can be indifferent in a matter which involves so much to the city at large and everyone in it, is something that the members of the citizens' committee find it hard to explain.

The ministers are requested to again bring the matter before their congregations and urge upon them the necessity of getting themselves enrolled with as little trouble to the enumerators as possible. Especially should this be done with the foreign born people whose knowledge of English is limited. The questions should be taken and presented to them so that they will know what the enumerators want.

Another matter which deserves attention is that all people who are leaving the city should send their names to the citizens' committee at the Chamber of Commerce building or to William eGtty, 514 same building. This is not being done as it should. Yesterday the trains going out of the city were checked up by the committee and about thirty persons were found who were leaving the city temporarily and who in all probability would not have been enrolled if they had not been taken then.

Few people have any idea of the amount of work that can be done by the citizens committee and how essential it is that it shall be done. The aid of every person in the city is needed and if it is given there will undoubtedly be the right kind of a showing made.

OREGON'S BOILING SPRINGS.

G. Grimes, the owner of the hot springs, two miles south of Lakeview, has decided to put in a laundry plant there and convert the millions of gallons of hot water that are going to waste to laundry purposes, says the Morning Oregonian. There is only a small amount of it now being used for bathing purposes. The water boils out of these springs and runs to waste in a volume two feet wide and six inches deep, and at a distance of 100 yards, in ordinary weather, is at the boiling point. During winter or summer ranchers scald their hogs in the stream, near the spring, and do it as quickly as it is done in the vats prepared for that purpose by the butchers.

Within a radius of three miles of Lakeview there are three of these springs, and all are very large. It is claimed that a move is on foot to convert the hot water from some of these springs to use in a woolwashing plant. The wool is shipped from here in its natural state, and the expense of washing is said to be enormous, but the washing would cost but a nominal sum here, with such natural facilities.

While the water has great medicinal qualities, and various diseases have been permanently cured by bathing in the streams, yet it bleaches well when used for laundry purposes, and will not injure the texture of the goods, either woolen or cotton.

Two of the largest springs are going to waste, only the one owned by Mr. Grimes having heretofore been utilized at all. He has a couple of small swimming vats enclosed in board shacks, and people go out and pay 25 cents occasionally for a swim.

A BUTTERFLY COLLECTION.

Entomologists went to Covent Garden from all parts of the country on Tuesday and yesterday, when the celebrated collection of butterflies and moths made by the late Samuel Stevens, F. L. S., F. E. S., was sold by his nephew, the well-known auctioneer, says the London Globe. Mr. Stevens had confined his work of collecting, breeding and buying for sixty years, and many specimens were already historic, having come from other noted collections. The prices established a record. The "large copper" butterfly, long since become extinct, always attracts bidders, but £8, given for an exceptionally fine male, creates a record, and even for one of the females £6 5s was bid. A specimen of the common "painted lady" also fetched £8, while another of the same species cost its buyer £6 10s. A handsome "red admiral," which is perhaps nearly as often seen as the "small tortoiseshell," was sold for £5 10, while a "peacock," with twenty "eyes" on its wings, went for £5.

A QUAINT OBSERVANCE.

A quaint observance was followed on Good Friday when the sixty-second bun was added to the many which have been year by year suspended from the ceiling of the Widow's Son tavern, Bromley-by-Bow, says the London Telegraph. The new bun, the khaki color of which formed a striking contrast to its smoke-begrimmed predecessors, was stamped with the year "1900."

The story on which this singular observance is founded is to the effect that many years ago the house was kept by a widow whose only son perished in going to sea against her wishes, and had also the temerity to sail on a Good Friday. Despite the omen, his voyage was a prosperous one, and his return was expected on the anniversary of his departure. Good Friday arrived, and the anxious mother placed a bun on one side for the wanderer, but he failed to return, and was never heard of again. Year by year the mother added a bun to the wire basket, which was hung from the tavern ceiling as a memorial of the lost one.

Excursionists from all parts of the country bring their friends to see the singular spectacle of "hot" cross buns hanging from a tavern ceiling.

COWS WITH EARRINGS.

In Belgium, by a recent regulation, all bulls and cows are to wear earrings as soon as they have athtained the age of three months.

CHEESE CRUSTS.

Cheese crusts may be substituted for cheese wafers if preferred. Thin slices of bread are cut into finger-lengths, buttered and toasted over a clear fire; each piece is then thinly sprinkled with grated cheese dusted with a very little paprika or cayenne pepper, and put on a tin plate in a hot oven for a minute or two to melt the cheese. They are then piled lightly on a folded napkin, laid on a plate and sent around hot with the salad course.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,

Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

It's Easy.....

to buy, but how often do you get full equivalent for your expenditure? The concern that gains your confidence and keeps it by giving honest values—dollar for dollar—is bound to hold your patronage. We invite you to look back and count the money you've paid us for plumbing and repair work, then consider whether you haven't received 100 cents' worth of value for every dollar you've paid us. What we have done we will do again, and guarantee work and materials at pocket-fitting prices.

FARRELL & TURNBULL

'Phone 322. 125 East Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—216 W. Superior St.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. 7 E. Superior St.

NINE TONS IN A BLAST.

A Column of Water Thrown One Thousand Feet.

Shag rock, a menace for years to bay navigation, was blown out of the harbor and off the chart at 3:03 o'clock yesterday afternoon, says the San Francisco Chronicle. Nine tons of nitro-gelatine loaded into thirty-four holes, each nine inches in diameter and extending straight down into the little islet some thirty-three feet below the surface, was the tremendous power that rent the mass asunder and directed a mighty column of water 1000 feet in the air.

The sight was on to impress even the most stolid of witnesses. Warned of the hidden force about to be let loose, all manner of craft kept a mile and a half away from the innocent 50-foot spar that stuck up at an angle as though it were the dismantled mast of some sunken ship. Even the barge from which the current was to flash the spark into the hidden rock drew back and back until she had paid out more than a mile of the small electric cable. Then the tug slipped away from her and swung round into position with bows pointed in the direction whence they had been led to expect the onrushing wave following a gigantic upheaval of waters.

Without warning, almost without sound, there rose from the unruffled surface of the bay a towering, feathery-edged, whitish mass. Majestically it mounted still higher and higher, while two great literal filaments like drooping ostrich plumes broke away and fell gracefully out from the rising column that then for an instant resembled a fleecy fleur de lis. Still the huge jet kept rising. Then there surged up from beneath through the whole lower part for several hundreds of feet a yellowish cloudy tint that blended into silvery whiteness above. For a very small part of a second the tower stood as if crystalized, and then it dropped as swiftly as it had ascended and as noiselessly. Fifty feet from the sea is finally spread out umbrellawise in a dirty coffee-colored fountain that splashed up the surrounding muddiness and created for just a second or so a dusty haze over the spot where Shag rock had been. The whole spectacle lasted not more than a dozen seconds.

As there had been only a strange ominous "whoof" when the water leaped aloft, so there was scarcely a commotion as it returned to the bay almost in time to refill the vortex that it had created. There were no outrushing billowy wave, no threatening concentric series of waves. As soon as the thing was done the boats that watched the explosion from safe distances bore down on the scene—a small fleet of rowboats, fishing boats with sails hastily set, four steam tugs, a smart sailing yacht, a dingy schooner and three gasoline launches—all converging upon the half acre of wreckage and yellowish scum where it was expected there would be myriads of dead fish upon the surface. Except for a porpoise or two and a few rock cod, no dead fish were to be seen, but here and there great bolted timbers the size of telegraph poles floated in pieces, torn and twisted and violently rent asunder ag by lightning.

Contractor Axmann believes that the explosion was a success, and congratulates himself upon the favorable conditions of the weather and the tide. At the outset there was some delay at the rock while William Brawley, an electrical expert, tested the wires connecting the caps. This was a hazardous undertaking and made cold chills run up and down the backs of the half dozen men comprising the crew of the barge. It was a light current, however—just sufficient to show that all was intact. When the test was completed the barge, in tow of the tugs Transit and Lottie, moved slowly away toward Angel Island. It took nearly an hour to run to the end of the cable, 6000 feet, the distance at which the authorities placed the danger line. Another five minutes was consumed in anchoring the barge. Then the Lottie sounded the signal of three blasts on her siren. Five minutes later the current was turned on.

Shag rock is estimated to have contained about 3800 cubic feet of sandstone, slightly metamorphic. At high tide only about ten feet of its crest showed. Contractor Axmann, who was awarded the contract last December for its destruction, immediately set to work. The first two months was spent in getting drills and machinery in place, then the actual work of drilling began. In all thirty-four holes were cut, varying in depth from a few feet to fifty feet. Into these holes the gelatine was firmly rammed with heavy steel bars. At the mouth of each hole four specially prepared caps were placed. These caps contained about half a pound of fulminate of mercury, in which was imbedded a small platinum rod containing the positive and negative wires. The electrical current heated the platinum to a red heat, which in turn ignited the fulminate of mercury. As the gelatine used is difficult to ignite, Contractor Axmann took the precaution of surrounding each cap with dynamite, thus insuring the success of his venture.

The exact effect of the explosion cannot be learned until the soundings are made. According to the terms of the contract the rock must be levelled to a depth of thirty-four feet at low water. It is quite possible that the depth will be found greater than necessary. The effect of the gelatine was visible toward the center and in the direction of the greatest resistance. If the force expended is as great as the experts estimate, it will be found that there is nothing of Shag rock left.

From Alcatraz island the height of the column was ascertained by angular measurement. According to Engineer Demerritt the column reached over 1000 feet.

BEGAME A WIT BY STUDY.

A Western woman who has gained a reputation as a wit and an entertaining talker is said to have made a study of being witty and amusing and to have developed from a very shy girl with limited amount of small talk at her command into a fascinating woman and brilliant talker, says an Exchange. This was her system: She carried a tiny notebook always around with her and jotted down all the good stories she heard, the clever bits of repartee. The amusing incidents were also recorded and the whole entered every evening into the large blank book. The material was classified and when about to start for a dinner or other entertainment she brushes up her wits by consulting the blank book and selecting appropriate stories. She has studied with a dramatic teacher and acquired perfectly the art of telling stories and she is expert at opening and closing conversations with witty remarks. Her success is due to her system and it is such a simple system that it would not be astonishing if this Western society woman, now that the secret of her wit and entertaining powers has been disclosed, had some imitators.

THE NEW HANDSHAKE.

The new way of shaking hands in Paris is to raise the elbow as high as the ear, and then to take the hand of your friend in yours, very lightly increasing the pressure as the hand decends to its original position, says an Exchange. Some people may thing that this is an ugly way of handshaking, but, on the contrary it is rather graceful than otherwise and any return to more ceremonious ways of greeting may well be encouraged among us. Even hand kissing is being revived among a certain set, but how differently is it carried out to the way in which it was done in the good old days of our grandfathers.

WHITE INDIGESTIBLE.

Very few persons can eat the white of a hard-boiled egg with any degree of comfort, says the Ladies' Home Journal. Eggs are highly nutritious and easy of digestion when lightly or undercooked. The albumen, the white of the egg, coagulates as soon as it is dropped into hot water. The long boiling renders the yolk soft and mealy, but the white becomes tough and indigestible, and should be discarded.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

REALTY MARKET

Considerable Movement In Residence Property Is Reported the Present Week.

SOME LARGE DEALS

Sale of Half of Howard Block Recorded---East Third Street Sale.

Business was fairly brisk in real estate this week. Several important transactions were recorded, but only one was in down town property. There was quite a movement in Lakeside and Lester Park residence property.

Robert F. Fitzgerald closed a deal for half of the Howard block on Michigan street, for use of the Duluth Shoe company. Details of this sale were made public several days ago and the consideration is said to have been $20,000.

Crosby & Martindale caused quite a flurry in the East End residence property market. This firm sold to Dr. H. E. Webster the J. R. Quinn property which overlooks the government fish hatchery grounds at Lester Park. The lot is 159 by 140 occupied by a modern 8-room dwelling. The consideration was $2500.

The same firm sold to W. E. Magner residence property of Jennie Viola Burger, at the corner of London road and Fifty-sixth avenue east. The lot is 140 by 300 feet and has a 9-room house. The consideration was $4000. John A. Pinkerton, through Crosby & Martindale, purchased the 8-room house and 150 by 140 lot at 13 Fifty-seventh avenue east, from Clark S. Fulton, the consideration being $2900. The last of the sales made by this firm was that of the property of E. C. Warner, of Minneapolis, to J. A. Bergstrom. A consideration of $2000 was for a 25 by 140 foot lot ann 8-roomed house at 1524 East Jefferson street.

Mr. Crosby says that the past week has witnessed several sales in vacant property which will probably be recorded during the coming week.

* * *

During the month of May building operations were of a slim nature. Only forty permits aggregating $47,785 were issued by Inspector Robinson. However, the outlook for the coming month is good, especially since the labor difficulties between the Contractors' association and the Carpenters' union is practically settled.

* * *

A. C. Hubbell, of this city, purchased the large double house and 116 by 114 foot lot on East Third street for $7500. The lot is designated as 25 East Third street, Duluth proper, First division. The purchase was made from R. B. Knox and Charles Mitmine.

* * *

The transfers are as follows:

Minnie Stuart to James Hock, se¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ section 17 and lot 10, section 18-61-14.....$ 500
Charles B. Olson et ux to John Thorpe, lot 16, block 146, West Duluth, Fifth division..... 500
John M. Longycar et al to Loren S. Bullard, lots 18 and 19, block 8, Hibbing..... 130
Mathias Kobetick et ux to John Vertin, w½ of ne¼ of sw¼ section 26-50-15..... 500
David Graham to Jacob P. Seibel, lot 11, block 7, Hibbing..... 650
Nellie Montgomery et mar to Marian Scarborough, lot 9, block 2, Industrial division of Duluth..... 10,500
Albert C. Carpenter to George N. Holland, nw¼ of sw¼, s½ of sw¼ section 11, and nw¼ of nw section 14-60-19..... 800
Eleanor H. Pillsbury to M. Sandburg, et ux, ne¼ of ne¼ section 31-50-15..... 600
Sampson Dower et ux to John Dower, sw¼ of ne¼ section 12-50-15... 500
Lucien A. Barnes et ux to Duncan M. Bethune, lot 11, block 2, Proctorknott..... 150
Anton Carlson et ux to Sarah J. Fay, lot 21, block 21, Virginia.... 180
John Gustafson et ux to Sarah J. Fay, lot 20, block 21, Virginia.... 180
Louis A. Brekki to A. D. Stephens, trustee, e½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ ne¼, sw¼ section 22-99-20..... 1,100
Virginia Improvement company to John A. Kennedel, lot 27, block 23, Virginia..... 275
Mesaba Improvement company to Louis Shurman, lot 19, block 9, Sparta..... 225
W. W. Walker et ux to C. H. Maginnis, north 25 feet of south 70 feet of lot 14, block 62, Portland.. 70
Josie Neuman et mar to C. P. Maginnis, lots 9 and 10, block 56, Portland..... 1,550
N. D. D. Wise et al to Fall Lake Land company, lot 4, block 39, Harrison's division..... 75
Charles L. Sheridan to Pike River Land company, s½ of sw¼ section 5, se¼ of se¼ section 6 and ne¼ of now¼ section 8-60-15, 66 2-3 shares of stock in said company.
Ella Eckstein et al to Ella V. Keyes, part of lots 14, 15 and 16, block 166, West Duluth, Fifth division..... 25
Wallace K. Wait et ux to Peter N. Berg, lot 7, block 22, Floodwood..
Simon Sangpied et ux to Wilhelm Jager, part of lot 14, block 8, Duluth proper, First division.... 350
Albert J. Lammers to A. D. Stevens, sw¼ of se¼ section 5 and nw¼ of ne¼ section 8 and se¼ of se¼ section 6 and ne¼ of ne¼ section 19 and ne¼ of nw¼ section 18-62-20..... 850
Andrew P. Peterson et ux to George Hanson, part of lot 13, block 127, Duluth proper, Second division..... 1,200
A. S. Cook to Hilda Oberg, metes and bounds description in Virginia
Harry Butler et ux to L. A. Jordan, part of fractional section 30-51-15..... 125
A. S. Chase to Christian Vogen, lots 5 and 6, block 2, Grassy Point addition..... 100
A. P. Lundberg et ux to J. P. Person, s½ of sw¼ section 4 and n½ of nw¼ section 9-62-17..... 1,100
John Drew et ux to Isaac M. Thomas, w½ lot 29, East Superior street, Duluth proper, First division..... 7,000
Western Land association to John Larson, lots 324 and 326, block 157, Duluth proper, Second division.. 637
Firmine Belarger et mar to K. A. McDonald, w½ ne¼, se¼ nw¼ 28-60-19..... 400
Thrine Larson to Franklin Lumber company, se¼ se¼ section 32, and sw¼ sw¼ section 33-64-16..... 125
Florentina Blazejeski to Anton Blazejeski, lot 13, block 128, Portland division..... 200
W. P. Mosher et ux to Spring Garden company, s½ of nw¼ sw¼ section 31-51-13..... 1,500
Homestead Building and Loan association to Benjamin Taussig, lot 13, block 231, Duluth proper, Third division..... 515
John M. Williams et ux to Knox Lumber company, lands in sections 8, 10, 11, 14 and 15, all in 62-13..... 14,500
R. V. Massey et ux to S. S. Altschul, lots 81 and 83, block 27, Rice's Point..... 6,700
Louisa Kammann to H. H. Phelps, lot 16, block 202, Third division, West Duluth..... 300
Duluth Mining Investment company to William Murray, lot 1, block 12, Eveleth..... 150
C. H. Clark to Angeline Brown, lot 317 Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth..... 100
L. L. Small et ux to Carrie Lykstad, w½ of lot 12, block 26, Endion..... 600
W. G. Purdy, trustee, to Norman Iron company, ne¼ se¼ section 5-57-20..... 180
Same to same, nw¼ se¼ section 5-57-20..... 180
J. V. Beviger et mar to William E. Magner, lots 13 and 14, block 2, Lester Park, First division..... 4,000
Edgar A. Coffin to Dan Hailey et al, sw¼ se¼ and se¼ sw¼ section 9, sw¼ sw¼ section 22, se¼ sw¼ section 23, se¼ sw¼ section 30, ne¼ se ¼ section 31, and ne¼ sw¼ section 32-63-19..... 1,155
D. M. Turner et al to Walter Scott, lots 11 and 13, block 21, Bay Front division of Duluth..... 5,000
A. L. Ordean et ux to St. Luke's Hospital association, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 35, Portland..... 4,600
Carrie Lystad et mar to E. H. Clark, w½ lot 12, block 26, Endion..... 650
Harvey A. Wing, administrator, to H. N. MacHarg, se¼ se¼ section 23, and n½ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼ section 26-60-18..... 2,250
Robert Whiteside et ux to S. G. Knox, lands in sections 14, 22, 21, 22, 26, 27, 35, 34 and 28, all in 65-12, also sections 11, 23, 26, 25, 24-65-12..... 19,062
Walter Alexander et ux to Hiram C. Stewart, n½ of sw¼ section 32-67-16 1,440
Ovidia Polson et mar to H. A. Wing & Co., part of lot 296, block 94, Duluth proper, Second division..... 500
H. H. Phelps et al to H. A. Wing & Co., part of lot 6, block 106, Duluth proper, Second division..... 100
Frank Hicks et al to Henry Levine, northerly 28 feet of lots 2 and 4, East Sixth street, Duluth proper, First division..... 2,450
E. V. Sidell et ux to J. B. Cade, lot 5, block 95, Portland..... 1,200
Midland company to Peter Tillman, s½ sw¼ of sw¼ sw¼ section 23-51-14..... 300
Lumbermans' Insurance company to Charles Delitsch, part of lots 7 and 8, Scovell's rearrangement of block 25, Duluth proper, Third division..... 18,000
William McGaih to Otis Staples, trustee, e½ of sw¼ and lots 3 and 4, section 30-63-14..... 2,200
George W. Power to Bertha Wilson, lot 2, block 37, Endion..... 422
Byron C. Walters to Hiram F. Burgess, e½ of sw¼ section 5-49-15... 25
Andrew J. Balger to Marcus F. Fay, lots 19, 20 and 21, block 20, Virginia
Patrick Kavanaugh to John Kavanaugh, lot 11, block 8, Sharp's addition..... 50
C. T. Frank et al to M. L. Newcomb, e½ lot 3, and w½ lot 4, block 145, London addition..... 50

IN MICHIGAN.

Fatality at the Quincy---Outlook at the Calumet and Hecla.

Hancock—An accident occurred at the fortieth level No. 4 shaft of the Quincy mine, by which John Korpi was killed and John Huovinen and another Finn, whose name could not be learned, were injured. The story as related by one of the injured men is that the trio, who were employed as timbermen, were on their way down the shaft, riding on the bail of the skip, and as they neared the fortieth level they saw that the trammers working there had left their gate in. There was no chance to signal to stop the skip so all three men jumped, preferring to take that chance than to wait until the skip struck the gate. Korpi fell away a distance of 220 feet and was instantly killed. Huovinen and the other man fell only a short distance and neither was very badly injured.

Houghton—Officials of the Calumet and Hecla state that the outlook at the mine fire is very favorable. A decrease in the temperature of the bruing shaft is noted and it is now hoped the flames may be extinguished in a few days without resorting to the use of carbonic acid gas to drown the fire.

John Hendrickson, a miner employed in No. 1 shaft at the Isle Royale mine, accidentally walked into the shaft and fell away a distance of 125 feet. His injuries were right arm and left ankle broken and back bruised, but otherwise he seems to have escaped damage.

The excavation work at the stamp mill at Keweenaw bay has been begun and it is proposed to push matters as rapidly as possible. Reports from the mine state that there is a good showing of copper at the 710-foot level on the Butler lode while the Evergreen lode at the old Ridge shaft shows up well. Operations will soon be commenced in the old Butler mine as the first and second levels are free from water.

Laurium—The downfall of J. R. Murphy, ex-secretary of the water board and ex-clerk of the village, who left leaving a shortage of $2439.27 in his accounts as water board secretary is another story of too much drink on the part of a man in public office and the result was, as it always is, that the public trust reposed in him was thrown to the winds.

The discrepancies in the financial affairs of Laurium were first noted a few months ago, when the common council was preparing to get out the annual report of the standing of the village.

The investigation revealed a startling condition of affairs. Peter Charrier, the new village clerk and secretary of the board, spent a couple of weeks trying to locate cash that couldn't be found. Then the council engaged Accountant Ed Bast, of the State Savings bank, and he, with the clerk went through the work. Things were worse than anyone supposed. There was not an entry in the water board books since October 1898 and prior to that time there was a shortage evident to the extent of $160.50 on Calumet bond water taxes. The only thing to show what money had been paid was the receipt book stubs and in some cases many of these did not exist. Besides being behind the sum of $2439.27 in actual cash that should be in the village treasury he was negligent in his duties as water board secretary and behind several thousand dollars in his collections.

When the new water board secretary sent a man around to look up the water collections many people produced receipts for money they had paid Murphy and for which he had not accounted and more of them keep bobbing up continually.

Marquette—D. Monett, Liberal member of the Canadian parliament, has been secured by the Society of St. Jean Baptiste to make the principal address here June 25. The occasion is in celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization. This is the pioneer French society of the Northwest and societies will attend from all over the upper country.

Negaunee—The general suspension of work at the Negaunee mine, consequent on the partial wrecking of the underground workings caused by the settling and caving of the earth, has already affected business here injuriously, and is counted on to make the summer's trade less profitable for the merchants than they had anticipated it would be.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

The Inn at Deerwood

Has been thoroughly renovated, and new people have charge of it. Parties going out there to fish will find first-class accommodations at moderate rates.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

122 Summit avenue, four flats; a bargain.

75x49 feet on corner of First street and First avenue east; must be sold.

Money on Hand to Loan at Low Rates

If you want to buy or sell real estate, call on us.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

The Finest Corner

in the East End for sale at **$6,500.** 100x140 feet. South-East Corner, 14th Avenue East and Superior Street.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

HARRIS BROS.,

Real Estate,

712 PALLADIO.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms and ten acres of land on Cariboo Lake. Fine fishing and boating.

Fine lot East Second St. Good until June 1..... **$1200**
8-room house—East End, modern improvem'ts **$2750**
2 houses East 4th St. Rented for $54 per mo.. **$4500**

C. A. AND E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Bldg.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power. 35-feet fall.

Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:

TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—WORK BY DAY OR WEEK by a first-class dressmaker. Address Dressmaker, 1704 West Third street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO SECOND work or for general housework in family of two or three. Call Monday at 1704 West Third street.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like a position as stenographer. Has had experience. B 67, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY. BEST references. If the people that call cannot see the lady who has advertised, please leave your address at the store and the lady will call on you. 413 East Fourth street.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WASHING OR cleaning by the day. Inquire at Bethel.

WANTED—BY A MAN WITH OVER eight years' experience; a situation as fireman; first-class reference. Address T 47, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TUTOR IN private family; terms reasonable; good recommendations. Address B. H., Flat N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WANTS A POsition as companion to gentleman. No objection to traveling. Best references. Address "Burt," room 2, 16 East Superior street."

GOOD OFFICE MAN WANTS POSition. Must have work at once. Will work cheap at first. Evarts, Flat N, Buffalo flats.

SITUATION WANTED BY COMPEtent bookkeeper; good writer, steady, reliable man. First-class references. Furnish bond if desired. B 32, Herald.

A LADY WOULD LIKE WORK BY THE day or laundry work. Address N 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSition as clerk in store, has had experience. L 61, Herald.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house; central location; modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

PERSONAL.

A GENTLEMAN, AGED 44, OF GOOD character wants to meet a lady of good character and means. Socially or matrimony. S 72, Herald.

VICTORY OF SCIENCE OVER DISEASE. Cancer baffling general practitioner's skill yields readily to our scientific methods. No knife, plaster or pain. Mason Medical Co., 121 W. 42nd, St., New York. Book and advice free.

LADIES—FREE. HARMLESS MONTHly regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 100, Milwaukee, Wis.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

LOST.

LOST—MILEAGE CREDENTIAL WESTern Passenger association No. 19294. Return to Spalding hotel and claim $1 reward.

LOST — BLACK UNDRESSED KID glove near High School. Return to room 100, Trust company building.

LOST—MAY 30, RED COW WITH white spots on forehead, and small crooked horns. Finder notifi Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm. Reward.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Myers, Duluth**; Nygren's, West Duluth; Ligneli & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior, Two Harbors Drug Co.; Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Howe A. S. Janes, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburne; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's. 214 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. Midwife. 'Phone 575.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS NO EQUAL!
DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON,

The world's greatest Medium, Clairvoyant, Palmist and Occult Scientist, now located at the St. James Hotel, Duluth, Minn., Room 37. Hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—PINE LANDS IN St. Louis, Itasca and Lake counties, John Maginnis, 310 Palladio.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

LAUNDRY.

THE COON LAUNDRY — 426 EAST Fourth street. H. B. Coon, proprietor. Shirts, 10c; collars and cuffs, 2c. Best hand work guaranteed.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works 1522 W. Michigan St. Phone 533.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A SIX OR SEVEN-ROOM house, centrally located; modern; will take at once or during month of June. A 14, Herald.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., June 2, 1900. Notice of public hearing. In pursuance of section 1, act of congress approved March 9, 1900, authorizing construction of bridge across Rainy river, in the state of Minnesota, by the Minnesota and Ontario Bridge company, a board of engineer officers appointed by authority of the secretary of war will give a public hearing at 129 Guaranty building, Minneapolis, Minn., on June 13, 1900, at 11 a. m. All persons interested are invited to be present. Clinton B. Sears, major engineers, Senior member of the board.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, OF THE dissolution of the partnership heretofore existing between M. J. Durkan and William Dunlap, under the name of M. J. Durkan & Company; all debts of said firm will be paid, and all accounts collected, by Durkan & Crawford, a partnership this day formed between M. J. Durkan and James L. Crawford, under said name, which succeeds to said business of M. J. Durkan & Company.
Dated June 1st, 1900.
M. J. DURKAN.
WM. DUNLAP.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED — HOUSEKEEPER; ONE willing to go out of city. For particulars call at George H. Crosby's office, Providence building.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE girl for a baby. Apply at 419 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL TO RECORD LISTS at Lutes' laundry.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework, in family of two. Mrs. Daniel Waite, 1427 East Superior street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO TAKE CARE of rooms. Room 4, 206 West Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT 222 West Second street.

LADIES — SELL LATEST PATENT skirt supporter and waist holder. Can be carried in pocket. Practical, useful, cheap. Sample free. Cass Manufacturing depot, 4710 Wabash, Chicago.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. 315 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 1111 EAST First street.

WANTED—GIRL WAITER AT SCANdia hotel.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady for crockery department. Good position. French & Bassett.

WANTED—AT 13 WEST NINTH street, a competent girl for small family. Must be tidy. Good wages.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 326 East Second street.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE JUNE 15, competent girl for general housework. Three in family; no washing or ironing, good wages. Send address and particulars to Mrs. Z, Herald.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

SALESMAN WANTED AT ONCE FOR high grade, staple line of dry goods and general trade. Give references and record in application. American Standard Jewelry company, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — GOOD SOLICITOR AND salesman. Good salary. The Singer Manufacturing company, 611 West Superior street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT BOOKkeeper. One having a knowledge of shorthand preferred. Apply in own writing. A. A. R., Herald.

WANTED — FIRST CLASS WHITE washer. 203 West Third street.

WANTED—SHORT ORDER COOK, MAN or woman, night shift. J. S. Sutherland, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS JANITOR for Munger terrace. Apply R. M. Newport & Son, 202 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—ENGINEER FOR SMALL tug. Address Lock Box 313, Bayfield, Wis.

WANTED!

First-class janitor for Munger Terrace. Apply

NEWPORT & SON,
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

WANTED—A RELIABLE AND COMpetent collector, 25 to 35 years old. French & Bassett.

WANTED — TWO GOOD DRIVERS, boys preferred. Duluth Ice Cream company, 28 East Superior street.

WANTED—MACHINISTS AT VIRGINIA Iron Works, Virginia, Minn

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SHOEMAKer. Only good workman need apply. Great Eastern. M. S. Burrows.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU HAVE $10 TO INVEST, WILL guarantee good returns. Call at 1107 West First street, Duluth.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

All goods left with John Mueller, the clothes cleaner, and not called for in thirty days will be sold for charges. Will go to Europe after that date and will not be responsible for goods left with my employes for repairs from the time I leave until my return.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — DURING SUMMER months, furnished house, eight rooms, centrally located. Address W., Herald.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE CENtrally located, modern; 4-room basement flat, $12 per month; 3-room flat, $10 per month. 205 Lyceum building.

TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES IN WOODLAND for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 103 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

SIX NEAT, LARGE ROOMS, ALSO large yard and barn for rent, together or separate, very cheap. Nice place. Also boat for sale. 4544 London Road.

FURNISHED ROOM, GENTLEMEN only. 131 East Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM SUITAble for one or two gentlemen in house with all modern conveniences. Very central location. Apply 619 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FRONT room with a small alcove fit for two or three gentlemen. All conveniences. 731 West First street.

FOR RENT—A VERY PLEASANT furnished front room for rent, on ground floor. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished or unfurnished. 125 West Second street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 330 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

TWO CARLOADS WESTERN HORSES, Norman, Clyde and Shire bred, weighing from 1000 to 1500 pounds, will arrive at Downie's stock yards, about June 10. No broncos.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS FOR Sale for next three days, at less than cost in country. Want to close out before going West after horses, at Downie's stock yards.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

J. H. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIable sale stable, will remove to their new location, the old Union rink, about June 10, where they will have the largest sale stable at the head of the lakes, and in addition will carry a full line of buggies, wagons, harnesses, carriages.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, GOOD BED ROOM furniture. 2009 West Huron street.

FOR SALE — EVENING HERALD route of 125 customers. P. F. Hample, Herald office, 4:30 p. m.

Mules For Sale

200 head of young mules in prime condition, are for sale at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul, Minn. Consigners will close out at once at low prices.

A DOZEN B. PLYMOTH ROCK CHICKens for sale. Setting hens and eggs, cheap. 113 Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE — PARROTS, MOCKING birds, red birds and canaries of all kinds, gold fish, Southern fox squirrels. Out of town trade solicited. Corner Fifty-third avenue west and Ramsey street, West Duluth. Zenith City Bird company.

FOR SALE—GOOD MILCH COW. Inquire at 617 West First street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive June 2. On sale by J. H. Markeson, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Raleigh street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—$80 BUYS A $150 "JULES Jurgenson hunting case watch. Address A, Herald.

FOR SALE—FOUR-HORSEPOWER gasoline engine; 1500-pound horse, 6 years old. 516 John avenue, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—A 16-FOOT COUNTER. Grand Union Tea company, 7-9 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

FOR SALE—TWO-SEATED CARRIAGE, leather top, in good condition, cheap. Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior street.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of broad mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 3000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 667. Prompt service.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands given away in Western Canada. Also a cheap rate for settlers. For information and settlers' rates apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 11, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 13, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall. Work in third rank. 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, June 5, 8 p. m. Work, Initiatory degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DULUTH REAL estate. Pulford, How & Co., room 100 Trust company building.

MONEY ON HAND TO LOAN ON REAL estate at lowest rates. Chan Smith, No. 2 First avenue west.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..	Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:33 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am
*Daily.	†Daily except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points.	*6 43 pm

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Every Mother Knows

That the only time a boy isn't hard on his clothing is when he is in bed. Let 'em romp, play marbles, climb fences, play horse and turn somersaults as all boys enjoy doing.

Buy Clothes that will resist the hard wear that every healthy boy gives them. Buy all-wool clothes of unfadeable colors and lasting good shape, strongly sewed with seams of trousers all taped, good strong pockets—and plenty of them. Our Boys' Clothing is made by the best makers in this country. The clothes are specially selected for beauty and durability. The prices are lowest in this city for good reliable clothing.

Double-breasted Suits for Graduation—

$3.95 and $4.95—for boys of 7 to 17 years. Almost as large an assortment as we show at any two prices in Men's Suits. Neat stripes Flannels, Blue Serges, fancy Cassimeres in stripes, checks, checks and plaids, Cheviots and black Serges.

Graduation Suits for Young Men—

Fashionable Coats and Trousers in all the new shades of blue, brown and gray, with lighter or darker hair-line stripes. Double or single-breasted coats. Prices are $10, $12, $15.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The Big Duluth 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

We represent only the strongest and most reputable Stock Companies. When you get insurance, get the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley, Agency.

Torrey Building, First Floor.

Headquarters for fire, liability, plate glass and accident insurance. Fidelity and Surety Bonds.

Telephone { Day—165. Night—200, 2 rings.

$6750 for a double house on E. Third St. near 5th Ave. E. lot 50x140—houses in best of repair and have all modern conveniences. Rents received pay 7 per cent net.

$800 for a nice corner on Michigan St. 40x140, near Clark and Jackson's new mill. Terms easy.

$5000 will buy 80x140 foot on Lake Ave. a short distance south of Marshall-Wells new building.

$500 purchases a lot 50x140 in the E. End only two blocks from two lines of street cars and West of 13th Avenue East.

We have Money to Loan at lowest rates of interest.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & Co.,

201 First National Bank Bldg.

$2,500 Will buy an upper corner lot on East Superior street, Endion, 50x140.

MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

FOR SALE! Soldiers' Additional, Forest Reserve—Ready to Lay.

FOR SALE BY---- **PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,** Room B, Trust Company Building.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES— 215 W. Superior St.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. **7 E. Superior St.**

SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

Reports on the Movement Received at the Convention.

New York, June 4.—The tenth annual convention of the Socialist Labor party was continued today in the Grand Central palace. Robert McKeown, of Pittsfield, Mass., was made permanent chairman of the day and Timothy Boland, of New York, vice chairman.

The chief business of the morning was the reading of reports from various committees on the standing of the socialist movement in different parts of the country and the progress of the party. It was expected the committee reports will take up nearly the whole day.

J. P. MARQUAND DEAD.

New York, June 4.—John P. Marquand, senior member of the banking firm of Blake Brothers & Co., of New York and Boston, died at his residence in this city today.

WOOD'S CASUALTY LIST.

The Death Roll In the Army In Cuba.

Washington, June 4.—Governor General Wood's latest casualty list in Cuba is as follows: Death report May 20 to 31—Columbia barracks, Quemados, First Class Sergt. Charles E. Sherwood, signal corps, died 31st, yellow fever; Private Frank Elick, E, First infantry, drowned at Pinar Del Rio, 28th. Santiago, Packmaster James J. Perrin, died at El Caney, 8th, pernicious malaria. Santa Clara, Post Commissary Sergt. Edward Murphy, died 25th, yellow fever.

HOLIDAY MAKING

Londoners Are Disporting Undisturbed By Stories of Battles In Africa.

THEY ARE CONFIDENT

Fully Expect Roberts to Be In Pretoria Before Many Hours.

London, June 4.—London is today enjoying Whit-Monday, a bank holiday, undisturbed by descriptions of engagements of the British and Boers in South Africa, and the public here is full of confidence of Lord Roberts entering Pretoria before many hours have elapsed. The latest theory of the day is that Lord Roberts is moving his flanking columns so as to envelope such of the Boer forces as may be in the neighborhood of Pretoria.

In the Orange River Colony the burghers are reported to be keeping a close watch on President Steyn to prevent him from leaving the commandoes in the lurch.

BRABANT'S HORSE UNLUCKY.

The Boers Have Captured Several Parties of Them.

Maseru, Basutoland, Friday, June 1—Gen. Brabant's horse have been the subjects of several small captures at the hands of the Boers.

Lieut. Bundle, with twenty men, while searching a farm house in the Ficksburg district, were captured. Two of the men were wounded. Lieut. Lee and two men were captured while commandering. Another patrol of the Border horse, numbering twenty men, while pursuing a small party of Boers were surrounded and captured.

Count Gleichen sent thirteen men of the Provincial Horse under Lieut. Bowker with a flag of truce of Senekal to demand the surrender of that place. The Boers captured the entire party and after robbing the men of all but their clothing, sent them to Urede, whence some of them managed to escape. Most of those who succeeded in eluding their guards were recaptured.

PRETORIA IN CONFUSION.

General Exodus, Including Members of the Fighting Legion.

Cape Town, Sunday, June 3.—The telegraph of Pretoria is still open but the town is in great confusion. There has been a general exodus among those taking part in it being the Fighting Legion. Six special trains left on Wednesday last and one of them is reported to have been derailed. No British refugees have arrived.

WEST VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.

A Big Attendance at the State Convention Is Expected.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 4.—The Democratic state convention to be held Wednesday is expected to be the most largely attended and the most important gathering of the kind ever known in this state. Delegates to the Kansas City convention and a full state ticket will be named.

For the first time the Democrats are the minority party in the state. For the past four years the West Virginia delegation to congress has been Republican, as well as all the state officers and institutions and the last two legislatures.

Owing to the fact that the state is considered one of the most doubtful, so far as its vote for president is concerned, efforts are being made to get as formidable a state ticket in the field as possible.

The state committee will meet here tomorrow afternoon to select the temporary officers of the convention and close up its old business.

CAPT. GODFREY KILLED.

Officer In Funston's Command Is Killed By Filipinos.

Manila, June 4.—Yesterday Gen. Funston, with twenty-five men engaged fifty of the enemy 25 miles east of San Miguel De Mayumo. Capt. George J. Godfrey, of the Twenty-second regiment, and one private were killed. The enemy's loss is not reported.

Omaha, Neb., June 4.—Capt. George Godfrey, killed in the Philippines, was stationed at Fort Crook, with the Twenty-second regiment, and was one of the most popular officers in the regiment. He entered West Point from New York and graduated in 1881. He was wounded in the head in the Cuban campaign, being by the side of Gen. Ludlow when shot. He recovered and joined his regiment shortly before it sailed for the Philippines.

REQUISITION FOR NEELY.

Roosevelt Signs Papers---Habeas Corpus Proceedings Expected.

New York, June 4.—Requisition papers have been signed by Governor Roosevelt for the return to Cuba of Charles F. W. Neely. It is expected that habeas corpus proceedings will be brought in Neely's behalf, and Assistant United States District Attorney Baldwin says that under the original charge, framed under sections 1 and 2 of the act of March 3, 1875, he can be tried in this district. United States Marshal Henckel, in anticipation of receiving orders to take charge of Neely under Governor Roosevelt's requisition, today wrote to Attorney General Griggs for instructions. Until an answer is received, Neely, now an inmate of Ludlow street jail on Judge Lacombe's order in a civil action, will not be disturbed. Mr. Baldwin, discussing the matter, said that it was possible the civil case against Neely may be abandoned and if such action is taken the government will send Neely to Cuba for trial.

OTIS STILL DETAINED.

San Francisco, June 4.—Gen. E. S. Otis is still detained in quarantine on board the transport Meade, but may debark today.

PLAGUE IN CHINATOWN

Another Death In 'Frisco and Quarantine Lines Are Drawn Closer.

STREET CARS STOP

Running Through That Portion of the City---No New Cases.

San Francisco, June 4.—Health Officer O'Brien and Bacteriologist Kellogg have reported that the case of a Chinese who died on Saturday, after one day's illness, was undoubtedly one of bubonic plague. At the time of the autopsy, the body was already beginning to turn black. Certain glands having been removed from the body, it is said, by physicians engaged by the Chinese, the health officer has been instructed to quarantine the persons and laboratories of these doctors.

The passage of street cars through Chinatown is to be stopped and all permits to pass through the quarantine lines are to be revoked.

Dr. Kinyoun, the federal health officer, reports that three guinea pigs inoculated with plague virus are all dead.

No new case of plague has been reported.

FOR BRYAN.

Conceded That New York's Delegates Will Be Instructed For Him.

New York, June 4.—The Democratic state committee will meet in the Hoffman house at 8 o'clock tonight to agree upon the program for the state convention, which will assemble in the Academy of Music tomorrow morning to chose delegates to Kansas City. Former Senator D. B. Hill, it is expected, will be chairman of the committee on resolutions.

It seemed to be conceded last night that the convention will instruct the national delegates for Bryan. Mr. Hill's views are said to dispose of the money issue by advocating bimetallism at a ratio that will not disturb the parity of all forms of money.

John Morton, of Rennssalear, will be temporary chairman, and Elliott Danforth will be permanent chairman. Augustus Van Wyck, it is understood, will be Brooklyn's delegate-at-large, with Croker, Hill and Murray.

Mr. Campbell said that he would like to be re-elected chairman of the state committee, but that he would not continue in the national committee. He suggested Mr. Murphy for the latter place.

FOOL ROBBERS.

Train Crew Gives Highwaymen a Throw-Down Near Longview, Texas.

Longview, Texas, June 4.—The northbound "cannonball" train on the International & Great Northern was held up last night, near Price's Switch, sixty miles south of this city, and but for the plucky fight of Express Messenger Charles Rutherford and Baggagemaster Strong, and the strategy of Engineer Charles Rich, another robbery would have taken place. Three masked men forced the engineer and fireman to uncouple the mail, baggage and express cars, and pull about two miles from the remainder of the train. The express messenger refusing to open the door of his car, they compelled Fireman Love to break a hole in the end with a coal pick.

The messenger, who was well protected by a barricade, said he would kill the first man to enter the hole. Love was forced in, and the messenger shouted, "get aside, Love," as he fired through the hole. His shot just missed the robbers, who undertook to kill the messenger by shooting through the side of the car. In the confusion, Engineer Rich crawled down a ditch behind the cars and up the side of a cut to his engine. He pulled the throttle wide open and left the robbers behind. A quick run was made to Jacksonville, fifteen miles north. At daybreak the penitentiary bloodhounds were brought from Rusk and immediately put on the trail of the robbers.

MASON TO THE FRONT.

He Presents Another Resolution on the Boer War.

Washington, June 4.—Senator Mason today introduced the following resolution: "That the United States senate hereby expresses the hope that the war in South Africa may cease at an early day upon terms satisfactory to those engaged therein, including independence for the South African states.

INVINCIBLES APEAL.

Washington, June 4.—The appeals from the decision of the immigration officials at New York ordering the deportation of Fitzharris and Mullet, known as the "Invincibles," reached Commissioner General Powderly today. A hearing has been granted to counsel for these men, to take place tomorrow, after which it is probable that the law questions involved will be sent to the attorney general for an opinion.

GIVEN AN AUDIENCE.

Pottsdam, June 4.—Emperor William this morning granted an audience to the delegation of the New York Deutsche Kreigerbund.

ABROGATE TREATY

Senate Canal Committee's Verdict on the Clayton-Bulwer Convention.

FOR THE HOUSE BILL

Report Is a Plea For the House Nicaragua Canal Measure.

Washington, June 4.—Senator Morgan from the committee on interoceanic canals, today favorably reported the resolution for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. As reported, the resolution reads:

"That the treaty known as the Clayton-Bulwer treaty between Great Britain and the United States, which was concluded on the 19th day of April, 1850, is abrogated."

In presenting the resolution, Mr. Morgan made a written report traversing the grounds for the abrogation of the treaty in considerable detail.

The report is practically a plea for the house Nicaragua canal bill. In it, Senator Morgan says that:

"If the Clayton-Bulwer treaty stands in the way of the purposes of our government, it must give way to the paramount law if the house bill is enacted into a statue of the United States."

He admits, however, that it is a question whether it is an obstruction. The effect of the Hay-Pauncefote negotiation is discussed in detail and the conclusion is drawn that "as to all that relates to the canal, the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, if it is ratified, terminates and abrogates the Clayton-Bulwer treaty." But, he says, if the senate should reject the Hay-Pauncefote treaty the startling question will be raised whether the senate in the exercise of its treaty-making power can abdicate or paralyize its treaty-making power.

"Can one-third of the senate by defeating the Hay-Pauncefote negotiation," he asked, "compel a majority of the senate to abstain from enacting the house bill because the Clayton-Bulwer treaty would be thereby put into full effect as a bar to such action."

In conclusion, the report says: "If the Clayton -Bulwer treaty is in force, and if Great Britain so insists, it is the clear duty of congress to declare that it is abrogated."

If the treaty is abrogated, the conclusion is that the way is cleared for proposing to Nicaragua and Costa Rica such terms as may be appropriate for acquiring in those states whatever rights and powers they are at liberty to concede to enable the United States to construct and control the canal, and also to open the way for such a general declaration as to the neutrality of the canal as shall meet the approbation of the civilized powers.

It is thus resolution is rejected and the Hay-Pauncefote treaty is not ratified, we will be left, says the report, "To the alternative we shold not accept of declaring that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty cannot stand as a perpetual barrier if such is the pleasure of Great Britain, against the right of the United States to construct and own a ship canal in connection with Costa Rica and Nicaragua to connect the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

"The passage of the house bill now pending in the senate should be the first step in this indispensable movement and the senate should not permit the conclusion it may reach on the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, which is a minor consideration, to obstruct the will of the majority of this body in its action on the house bill.

LANGEVIN APPROVES IT.

Archbishop Endorses Winnipeg Catholics' Action Regarding Schools.

St. Paul, June 4.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Archbishop Langevin read a pastoral letter on the Catholics of Winnipeg yesterday regarding the school question. In his letter, the archbishop commended the Catholics of Winnipeg for their endeavors in the matter and endorsed their recent action in appointing a committee to interview the public school board. The committee, he said, had acted in a wise manner and had discharged its duties efficiently and well. His grace also said that the report that the school question has been settled is untrue and that he wished to deny it in his official capacity and also to state that the Catholic minority in Manitoba was not satisfied with the so-called concessions granted by the government having their grievances redressed and advised them to pray for the desired end and to have patience.

REFUGEES AT TIEN TSIN.

Some of the Pao Ting Fu Party Arrive.

Tein Tsin, June 4.—Two more of the party of foreigners who fled from Pao Ting Fu have arrived here. One of them was badly injured. The relief expedition has returned. The body of mounted Cossacks, who started in search of the refugees, returned this evening. They report that they had a fight with the Boxers at Tuli, killing sixteen and wounding many. Lieut. Bleuskey, Dr. Hamilton and a civilian were wounded.

It is reported from Pao Ting Fu that eight Americans and three members of the China inland mission are missing. The missionaries are in great danger.

No further news has been received regarding the missing refugees.

It is reported from Pekin that Mr. Stevenson, of the Church of England mission at Yem Ching, has been murdered, and that Mr. Norman, of the same mission is missing.

OREGON'S ELECTION.

Portland, Ore., June 4.—Perfect weather today ushered in Oregon's first election under the registration law. Great interest centers in the election of the legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator McBride. There are practically but two tickets—straight Republican and fusion of Democratic, Populists and Silver Republicans.

LESSONS OF THE WAR

Root Will Publish the Boer War Reports For the Army.

CHANGES IN TACTICS

Important Conclusions Are Reached That May Modify Fighting Methods.

New York, June 4.—A special to The Herald from Washington says: So important are the lessons taught by the Boer war that Secretary Root has given instructions that the reports of the American officers who have been sharply watching the South African military operations be published in pamphlet form for the benefit of the service.

Officers of the army who have been closely following the war say that while the lessons taught cannot be regarded as especially new, the operations have substantiated these important conclusions: The avoidance of frontal attacks upon an enemy's position, especially in close order formation; the necessity of having the latest small arms and artillery; the undesirability of risking artillery, as Gen. Buller did at Colenso; the value of effective scouting; the presence of ample cavalry and artillery.

GOING FISHING.

Bryan, Towne, Jones, Wetmore and Hogan to Fish at Minocqua.

Kansas City, June 4.—The Star today will say: While the Republican national convention is in session at Philadelphia, William J. Bryan, Charles A. Towne, Populist nominee for vice president; Hon. James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee; Col. M. C. Wetmore, of St. Louis, the tobacco merchant, and J. J. Hogan, a Democratic politician of La Crosse, Wis., will enjoy an outing at Minocqua, Wis., a fishing resort on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. National Committeeman W. J. Stone has been invited to join the party, but has declined owing to the fact that the St. Louis street car strike will engage his attention at that time as counsel.

The party will be the guests of Col. Wetmore at his summer cottage at Minocqua. Col. Wetmore says that the Wisconsin gathering will be simply an outing and have no political significance. He will meet Messrs. Bryan and Jones in Chicago on June 12, and Mr. Towne is expected to join them at Minocqua.

In a letter to Col. Wetmore, Mr. Bryan wanted to know about the train service to Minocqua via St. Paul and Chicago. "The reason I am so particular about this," concludes Mr. Bryan, "is because I hope to have Mr. Towne with me."

IN ST. LOUIS.

The Sheriffs' Posse is Assigned to Guard the Power Houses.

St. Louis, June 4.—The citizen members of the posse comitatus had their first experience with active service today, when several companies were assigned for guard duty at several power houses of the Transit company. Arms were given out to about 900 of the deputies yesterday and the day was spent in drilling them.

While on guard duty the members of the sheriff's posse will be subject to strict military discipline. Those not on guard will be held in reserve at the different police stations. Barracks have been provided for those already sworn, where the men will eat and sleep when off duty. None of the deputies will be sent out to guard the cars, the police being retained for that service. The work of summoning and swearing in additional deputies continues.

All but two or three of the divisions of the Transit system are operating cars today. The interference with passengers in some sections of the city is becoming serious. Men, women and children join in the assault on anyone caught riding on the cars, sticks, stones and fists being used on all alike. Several have been beaten and had their clothes torn from their backs, and but for the appearance of the police in each instance the victims might have fared worse.

As a car on the Tower Grove line of the St. Louis Transit company was passing the corner of Twelfth and Calhoun streets, a crowd of strike sympathizers began throwing stones at it. An unknown man leaned from a window of the car and fired a revolver shot toward the crowd. The bullet sped over the heads of the mob and lodged in the breast of Peter Frank, aged 16, who was sitting in the doorway of his father's house, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

Late yesterday afternoon an explosion of dynamite shattered the cable conduit and switches on the Olive street line at the intersection of Maryland and Boyle avenues. No one was injured, but traffic on that end of the line had to be suspended.

REV. DR. CLEVELAND DEAD.

Chicago, June 4.—Rev. F. P. Cleveland, one of the oldest members of the Methodist ministry, died today at his home in Rogers' Park, aged 83 years. He was born in Delaware county, New York, and was ordained a minister fifty-nine years ago. Dr. Cleveland performed valuable services during the civil war as a secret office under Gen. Grant.

DRAW FOR CONTEST.

London, June 4.—The draw for the open golf championship occurred this morning at St. Aadrew's. The first day's play, June 6, should furnish a unique exposition of golf, as Harry Vardon, the open champion, and Harold Hilton, the amateur champion, have been drawn together. Eighty-four competitors have entered.

ATTEND THE FEST

Kriegerbund Members Invited to the Schrippen Fest By Emperor William.

IS MUM ON POLITICS

He Carefully Avoids the Subject In Talking With the Visitors.

Berlin, June 4.—The president and officers of the New York Kriegerbund have returned here from Munich to participate in the traditional Schrippen fest at Pottsdam, by special invitation from the emperor. His majesty addressed the members, carefully avoiding everything of political import. Afterwards the emperor informally inquired about the personal condition of each delegate, wishing them finally a pleasant journey here and a happy return to the United States, "a country which I esteem most highly on many accounts."

Emperor William spent Penticost in the usual way and today visited the traditional festival commemorating the foundation of the infantry instruction battalion, which occurred mainly on the Menke, the large square before the new palace of Pottsdam, the New York Kriegerbund participating.

The crown prince recently wrote in the album of a friend:

"Man must do much more than his mere duty."

The annual meeting of the German society for the preservation of Germandom in foreign parts began today at Darmstadt.

Professor Otto Harnack will tomorrow deliver a speech on "Germandom in the Russian Baltic Provinces." A discussion will also take place about the Germans in the United States.

The discovery has been made that a large and flourishing trade has been carried on from Eissenberg with a sausage termed "Gothaer Corvelatwirst," which is really only horse meat sausage. The authorities now have interfered.

A large and interesting correspondence by Baron Von Humboldt, the German naturalist and traveler, to Dr. Soliker, during the decade of 1830 is now offered for sale. The authenticity of the documents is attested by Humboldt himself in a fly-leaf of the bound volume containing 200 letters.

An international lawn tennis tournament is now being held here. The contestants are mostly Austrians, Germans and Swiss.

STILL WILLING.

Dewey Says If People Want Him For President He Is Ready.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Junt 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Admiral Dewey will start on his Western trip tomorrow, still willing to accept the presidency if the people want him for that office. To a correspondent he made this statement:

"It has always been my ambition to serve the country in whatever way it desired, and I say again if the people want me for president I am willing to comply with their wishes."

* * *

Exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Hawaiian, Philippine and Samoan islands will reach $45,000,000 in the fiscal year which ends with the present month, and will be more than three times as much as in 1896 and more than twice as much as in any year of our commerce with those islands except in the years 1892, 1893 and 1894, when reciprocity greatly increased our exports to Cuba and Porto Rico. To Cuba the total for the fiscal year seems likely to be fully $25,000,000, against $7,530,000 in the fiscal year 1896 and $24,157,000 in 1893, when exports to that island were more than double those of five years earlier. To Porto Rico the exports of the year will be in round terms $2,600,000, against an average of $2,750,000 in 1892, 1893 and 1894. To the Hawaiian islands the total for the year will be about $15,000,000, or five times as much as in 1893, nearly four times as much as in 1896 and more than double the total for 1898. To the Philippines the total for 1900 will be about $2,500,000, or more than in the entire fifteen years since 1885, the date at which the first record of our exports to the Philippines was made by the treasury bureau of statistics. Much of this is due to the supplies incident to the war. To the Samoan islands the exports of the year will be about $125,000. On the import side Cuba begins to show something of her old-time strength as an exporting island, as the total imports into the United States from Cuba for the full year will show a total of $31,000,000, against $15,000,000 in 1898 and $10,500,000 in 1897, though they are still less than half the average for 1892, 1893 and 1894, when our imports from that island averaged over $75,000,000 per annum. From Porto Rico the imports of the year will be $1,350,000, which is less than the total for any preceding year since 1880. From the Hawaiian islands the imports for the full fiscal year will be $21,000,000, or double the average annual importation for the period prior to 1896, and 20 per cent higher than in any preceding year, while from the Philippines the imports will be $5,800,000, or larger than in any year since 1894.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIANS.

Cedarville, Ohio, June 4.—The Reformed Presbyterian synod today decided to meet next year on May 29, in the Eighth street Reformed Presbyterian church, Pittsburg, Pa. The synod adopted a resolution recommending the congregation of the church to aid the starving millions of India.

PLANT CLOSED.

Middleboro, Ky., June 4.—The steel plant here closed down today on orders from the headquarters of the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke company, at Bristol. Two hundred men are thrown out of employment. No reasons are known for the shutdown.

HONORS ARE EVEN

Duluth and Superior Each Take a Game Saturday and Sunday.

WIGGS FLOATS AWAY

Folded His Tent and Skipped By the Light of the Moon.

With callous brevity comes the sad news from Superior, that Jim Wiggs, the peerless paragon of aeronauts, will pitch no more. In the second inning of Saturday's game at Oneota park, the tall, blonde twirler took one of the wildest flights known to the fans of aerial navigation. In his own languid, enervating way he gave six bases on balls and hit one man, this coupled with poor fielding let in six tallies and Duluth won the game. Wiggs was taken out and Glendon put in. He pitched a snappy game, allowing but three hits, all of which came in his first inning before he warmed up. After that only seventeen men faced him in five innings. Wiggs didn't show up after the game until 11 o'clock at night when he called on Manager Patterson and told him he was going to Chicago in less than ten minutes. It is understood that he is either going to take the veil or found a home for indigent but accomplished and versatile knockers, to whom he attributes the failure of his checkered pitching career.

Elliott pitched his first game for Duluth and handled himself nicely. Ten hits were made off him, but four were very scratchy and closely resembled errors by the infielders. However, all four were but partially stopped by the fielder in motion, and the players were unable to recover in time to handle the ball, which according to scoring rules exempts the fielder and credits the batter with a hit.

The following was the score:

Duluth.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lambert, mf	1	0	4	1	0
Shephard, ss	0	0	1	1	2
Kline, 1b	0	0	12	1	0
McCarthy, 2b	1	0	2	3	0
Hartman, c	0	1	6	0	0
Warner, 3b	2	1	1	3	2
Hurley, rf	2	1	0	0	0
Featherstone, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Elliott, p	1	1	0	2	0
Superior.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Superior.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Thiery, lf	1	2	1	0	1
Lippert, 1b	2	3	12	1	0
Pease, 2b	1	1	2	1	1
Porter, 2b	0	0	1	6	0
Lee, c	0	0	7	2	1
Glendon, rf & p	0	0	1	2	0
Mullaney, mf	0	0	3	0	0
Cline, ss	0	0	3	1	0
Wiggs, p & rf	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	5	10	24	11	2

Superior ..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0—5
Duluth ..... 0 6 2 0 0 0 0 0 x—8

Summary: Stolen bases, Hurley (2), Lippert, McCarthy; two base hits, Warner, Thiery; left on bases, Duluth, 5; Superior, 7. Innings pitched by Elliott, 9; by Wiggs, 2; Glendon, 1. Hits off Elliott, 10; off Glendon, 3; off Wiggs, 0. Struck out, by Elliott, 1; by Wiggs, 2; by Glendon, 0. Bases on balls, off Wiggs, 6; hit by Wiggs, 1; by Glendon, 1. Time of game, 1:50. Umpire, Hake.

In yesterday's game Duluth had a chance to win with a driving finish but couldn't connect with the opportunity. It was a game replete with sensationally sharp base-running on the part of the locals, and speedy exhibitions of brilliant individual playing on both sides. In the third Shephard's unclassified stop of Glendon's terrific drive past second brought every fan in the stands to his feet with a yell of delight. It was an exceptionally pretty play. Mullaney made a sensational catch of Kline's drive in the fourth. He was playing deep center, when the big first baseman made connections for what appeared to be a screeching single over short. Mullaney came in on a dead run and caught the ball about a foot from the ground.

Cox pitched his usually good game for Duluth and in the fifth he drove in two runs with a neatly placed single, and scored the third by clever base-running. Hanley, the "kid wonder" went in to do the twirling for Superior, and in the first inning he had about as good control as Jim Wiggs did the day before, giving two bases on balls and hitting three men. After that he settled down and in the next four innings only three safe hits were made off him. Mullaney went in in the sixth and finished the game.

Superior scored in the first on Lippert's long drive to left for three bases and Porter's sacrifice. Duluth tied the score on Kline's base on balls, Lambert ran for him, and stole second. McCarthy drew four wide ones and Hartman was hit on the head with a pitched ball. Warner was hit, forcing in Lambert with Kline's run.

In the second inning Superior cut loose like a cyclone. Glendon singled to right, and Mullaney made a scratch single on an infield hit. Cline reached first on a hit to Cox that forced Glendon out at third, and Hanley placed a single to right scoring two runs. Thiery was hit by a pitched ball and Lippert smashed out another triple to right, scoring two more. Lippert scored on Pease's long fly to right which was captured by Lambert after a long, hard run from center. This gave Superior five runs.

Wade's maroons scored again in the third on McCarthy's base on balls and Hartman's double to left. In the fifth inning the locals came within one of tying the score. Warner and Hurley were given bases on balls. Cox singled to right bringing in two runs. Lambert reached first on an error by Porter that put Cox on third, and the little twirler made a successful dash for home on Hanley's throw to second to catch Lambert.

Duluth had a fair chance to win at the beginning of the sixth, but went in the air completely. With two men out Thiery was given a base on balls, Warner failed to handle Lippert's drive to third, and Pease got free transportation. With two strikes on him, Porter connected with the third ball pitched, scoring Thiery and Lippert. Lee hammered out a double to left scoring Pease and Porter. That ended the game so far as scoring was concerned. The score:

Duluth—	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lambert, mf.	0	1	0	0	0
Shephard, ss.	0	1	4	3	0
Kline, 1b.	1	0	13	0	1
McCarthy, 2b.	2	0	1	7	0
Hartman, c.	1	2	5	1	0
Warner, 3b.	1	1	1	1	1
Hurley, rf.	1	1	1	0	1
Featherstone, lf.	0	0	0	0	0
Cox, p.	1	1	2	4	0
Totals	7	7	27	14	3

Superior—	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Thiery, lf.	2	0	1	0	0
Lippert, 1b.	3	2	7	0	1
Pease, 3b.	1	0	1	1	1
Porter, 2b.	0	1	6	3	2
Lee, c.	0	1	4	6	0
Glendon, rf, and mf.	0	1	0	0	0
Mullaney, mf. and p.	1	1	4	3	0
Cline, ss.	0	0	2	1	1
Hanley, p. and rf.	1	1	2	0	0
Totals	10	7	27	14	5

Duluth ..... 1 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 2—7
Superior ..... 1 5 0 0 0 4 0 0 0—10

Summary: Stolen bases—Shephard, Kline, McCarthy, Hurley, Thiery, Lippert, Pease (2), Tauley. Two-base hits—Hartman (2), Lee. Three-base hits—Lippert (2). Left on bases—Duluth, 4, Superior, 6. Double plays—Pease to Porter to Lippert. Innings pitched—By Cox, 9; by Hanley, 5; by Mullaney, 4. Hits—Off Cox, 7; off Hanley, 3; off Mullaney, 4. Struck out—By Cox, 6; by Hanley, 1; by Mullaney, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cox, 5; off Hanley, 9; off Mullaney, 2. Wild pitches—Cox, 2; Hanley. Mullaney. Hit by pitched ball—By Cox, 1; by Hanley, 3. Time of game, 2:31. Umpire Hake.

LANDSCAPE ARTISTS.

Annual Park and Outdoor Art Convention in Chicago.

Chicago, June 4.—The fourth annual convention of the American Park and Outdoor Art association will open at Fullerton hall in the Art Institute building tomorrow and continue through Thursday. The program includes the reading of papers and illustrated lectures bearing on the objects of the association, excursions through the various park systems and a banquet on Wednesday night at the Auditorium hotel.

Warren H. Manning, of Boston, the secretary of the association, arrived in the city yesterday and is registered at the Auditorium annex, which will be the official headquarters. From 75 to 100 delegates from different parts of this country and Canada are expected to reach here today.

The convention will be opened by an address of welcome by Mayor Harrison and a representation of the local Park society, followed by the response of the president, Charles M. Loring, of Minneapolis, after which will come the annual reports of officers.

A feature of the opening session will be the paper by Frederick Law Olmstead, of Brookiyne, Mass., on "Advertising Bill Boards," and the discussion which will follow.

The association has begun a crusade against the bill board nuisance.

MISSOURI CONVENTION.

Democrats to Nominate State Officers at Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 4.—Tomorrow, the state Democratic convention will meet here to name a full state ticket. There will be over 1200 delegates, one of the largest state gatherings of the party ever held. Most of the leaders are already in the city and spent today holding conferences.

Ex-Congressman A. M. Dockery will, in all probability, be named for governor. He has no competitor for that office. Sam B. Cook, for secretary of state; F. C. Row, for attorney general, and James B. Gantt, for justice of the supreme court, are also sure of election.

The convention will be held in a large tent situated in front of the county court house. Congressman William S. Cowherd, of Kansas City, will preside as temporary chairman. National Chairman William J. Stone will, it is expected, attend the gathering and exert an influence in shaping the platform. The convention will be called to order at 11 o'clock. There will be thirteen contests, three from Kansas City and ten from St. Louis.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 12; Detroit, 9.

At Chicago—Chicago, 6; Buffalo, 5.

At Kansas City—Indianapolis, 5; Kansas City, 2.

Milwaukee—Cleveland, 9; Milwaukee, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	31	23	8	.742
Milwaukee	36	20	16	.556
Cleveland	35	18	16	.543
Chicago	38	20	18	.526
Minneapolis	38	19	19	.500
Kansas City	39	19	20	.462
Buffalo	35	12	23	.343
Detroit	34	11	23	.324

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	33	21	11	.656
Brooklyn	32	18	14	.562
St. Louis	34	18	16	.529
Pittsburg	38	20	18	.526
Chicago	33	18	17	.514
Boston	31	13	18	.419
Cincinnati	33	13	20	.394
New York	32	12	20	.375

REPUBLICANS ARE ANXIOUS.

Fear of Losing New York State Worries Them.

Chicago, June 4.—According to a report brought to Illinois Republicans by Dr. T. N. Jamieson, national committeeman from this state, Eastern Republican managers, including perhaps Senator Hanna, Chairman Dick, and President McKinley, are greatly worried over the situation in the East.

There is a great fear prevalent, Dr. Jamieson says, that the Republicans will lose the state of New York in November.

Dr. Jamieson went to New York, Washington, and Philadelphia a week ago to secure quarters for the Illinois delegation to the Republican national convention. He engaged rooms for the Illinoisans at the Continental hotel. He said to a Journal reporter:

"The most interesting thing politically that I found on my trip was the feeling Eastern Republicans have that there is great fight ahead of the party in the East and particularly in New York. There is little else under consideration there just now. The reasons for it I do not know, but the feeling is so strong that New York is in danger of going Democratic that the leaders have decided to give New York the vice presidential nomination, whether the New York leaders want it or not. I have no official information, but from what I heard while in Washington and New York. I am of the opinion that the man now agreed upon is Cornelius N. Bliss, former secretary of the interior in McKinley's cabinet and treasurer of the national committee in 1892 and 1896. He has been mentioned frequently, of course, and it is understood he has declined it, but I presume he would be willing to make a sacrifice of personal affairs for the sake of the party."

NEW INN BURNED.

Baltimore, June 4.—Mount Holly Inn, a new hotel which was rapidly approaching completion at Walbrook, a suburb of Baltimore, was completely destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of $85,600. Insurance, $60,000.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

IT MAY BE AGUINALDO

Filipino Officer, Supposed to Be Aguinaldo Shot Near Manilla.

WAS CARRIED AWAY

The Wounded Officer's Party Succeeds In Getting Away With Him.

Vigan, Luzon, June 2.—Via Manilla June 4.—Maj. Marsh with his detachment of the Thirty-third regiment, overtook what is believed to have been Aguinaldo and his party on May 19, at Lagat, 100 miles north of Manilla The Americans killed or wounded an officer supposed to be Aguinaldo, whose body was removed by his followers. Aguinaldo has 100 men, Maj. March 150. The American command reached Labuso, where Aguinaldo has made his headquarters since March 6, on May 7. Aguinaldo had fled seven hours before, leaving all the beaten trails and traveling through the forests along the banks of streams. Toward evening May 19, Maj. March struck Aguinaldo's outpost about a mile outside of Lagat, killing four Filipinos and capturing two. From the latter he learned that Aguinaldo had been camped there for the night. Although exhausted and half starved Maj. Marsh's men entered Lagat on the run. They saw the insurgents scattering into the bushes or over the plateau. Along the mountain side near the town twenth-five Filipinos dressed in white with their leader on a gray horse, were seen. The Americans fired a volley and shot the officer from his horse. His followers fled, carrying the body. The Americans, on reaching the spot, caught the horse, which was richly saddled. Blood from a badly wounded man was on the animal and on the ground. The saddle bags contained Aguinaldo's diary and some private papers and letters. One of these was addressed to "the Civilized Nations." It protested against the American occupation of the Philippines. There was also found copies of Senator Beveridge's speech translated into Spanish and entitled, "The Death Knell of the Filipino People." Maj. Marsh, believing that the Filipinos had taken to a river, which is a tributary to the Chicago, followed it for two days reaching Alao, where he learned the Filipinos had descended the river on a raft, with the body of a dead or wounded officer covered with palm leaves. There Maj. Marsh reviewed his tired and bruised officers and men, picked out twenty-four of the freshest, with whom he scoured the country for two days longer, but without finding any trace of the fugitives. The Americans pushed on and arrived at Aparri, May 29. The officer shot was either Aguinaldo or his adjutant and as the horse was richly caparisoned it is a fair presumption that it was Aguinaldo.

The soldiers of Gen. Young, Military governor of northwest Luzon, captured early last month, an insurgent officer with papers revealing Aguinaldo's whereabouts. Gen. Young, in order to continue the persuit, gave Maj. Marsh an opportunity to finish the work began in November. Maj. Marsh left Candon May 1, hurrying north with Col. Dare, with a battalion divided into two parties started from Rangued, covering the trails westward. The garrisons in the Cagayan Valley were disposed in such a way as to guard avenues of escape eastward.

Spies heralded the approach of Maj. Marsh with signal fires. On reaching Labuban he found a letter from Gen. Aguinaldo, the ink of which had hardly dried, addressed to an officer of the Filipino army, and saying: "There has arrived this morning at Labogan a hostile column from Goki. I have set out with my column. I have no fixed route." The letter was singed "Colonel David," sobriquet. Aguinaldo called at the Presidion where a banquet was held and speeches made eulogizing Gregorio Del Pilar. That night Maj. Marsh's men slept in the bamboo, resuming the advance in the morning, reached Lagat, 40 miles distant, in two days, although it was raining in the mountains at the time. Aguinaldo's papers are important. They show he took refuge in Isabela province, where he remained until he established himself at Lagogan, province of Abra, where he resolved to direct the rainy season's operations. Until recently he was ignored of outside events, making no pretense of directing the insurrection. happy if indeed he were able to keep alive among the hostile Igarrotes, who killed several of his followers.

KANSAS' BIG CROP.

Estimated Wheat Yield There the Largest Ever Known.

Topeka, Kas., June 4.—The farmers of Kansas will begin this week to harvest the largest wheat crop in the history of the state. Secretary Coburn, of the state board of agriculture, says:

"The crop this year will be the heaviest ever known. In 1892, Kansas had 3,800,000 acres of wheat and raised 70,000,000 bushels, an average of eighteen bushels to the acre. This year, the winter wheat acreage is 4,055,89, as estimated by the growers, and the average yield will be larger than that of 1892. If the yield per acre is the same as in 1892, the aggregate yield will be 85,000,00 bushels. The crop in general was never in better condition.

COMMISSIONERS AT MANILLA.

Philippines Commission Reaches the Scene of Its Labors.

Manila, June 4.—The United States transport Hancock, from San Francisco April 17, arrived here yesterday morning with the members of the Philippine commission. The members of General MacArthur's staff welcomed the commissioners on board the Hancock. At noon the commissioners landed and drove to the palace, escorted by General MacArthur's staff, a band and two companies of the Twenty-sixth infantry, with artillery. At the palace the commissioners were welcomed by en. MacArthur in a short and forceful address. After Judge William H. Taft, president of the commission, had replied the commissioners returned to the Hancock, where they will remain until they have selected suitable dwellings on land.

During the morning the members of the Filipino supreme court, the local editors and many of the leading merchants repaired to the transport, where they conversed with the commissioners Rear Admiral Remey, in command of the United States naval forces on the Asiatic station, called officially during the afternoon.

FEDERATION COUNCIL.

The Advisory Council of the National Civic Federation.

Chicago, June 4.—The organization of the advisory council for the National Civic Federation was completed and announced yesterday.

The prospectus of the organization states its object to be: "To provide for study and discussion of questions of national import affecting either the foreign or domestic policy of the United States, to aid in the crystallization of the most enlightened public sentiment of the country in respect thereto, and when desirable to promote necessary legislation in accordnace therewith."

The date of the first meeting and the subjects for discussion will be provided by the executive committee and announced later.

Among those who have excepted membership on the advisory council are men prominent in all walks of life, including: Abram S. Hewitt, New York; E. H. Gray, president Federal Steel company; J. Sterling Morton, ex-secretary department of agriculture; W. D. Hoard, president National Dairymens' association; John C. Hanley, executive agent Farmers' Alliance Industrial union, St. Paul, Minn.; Arthur Twining Hadley, president of Yale university; Jacob G. Schurman, president Cornell university; Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president University of California; Thomas J. Conaty, rector Catholic university, Washington, D. C.; James B. Angless, president University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; William R. Harper, president University of Chicago; Samuel Gompers, president American Feredation of Labor, Samuel B. Donnelly, president International Typographical union; Archbishop John Ireland, St. Paul, Minn.; Henry C. Potter, Episcopal bishop, New York; Charles S. Fairchild, ex-secretary of the treasury; Frank H. Peavey, Minneapolis, Minn.; A. J. Earling, president C. M. & St. P. railway; Walker Hill, president American Bankers' association; Charles F. Manderson, president American Bar association; Albert D. Shaw, commander G. A. R.; Albert Shaw, editor Review of Reviews; Hoke Smith, ex-secretary of the interior.

A TALE OF HORROR.

Conditions In the Famine Stricken Districts of India.

Bombay, June 4.—Louis Klopsch, of New York, publisher of the Christian Herald, who arrived here May 14, and started at once on a tour of the famine-stricken districts, has returned after traveling through the most sorely-stricken portions of the Bombay presidency, including Gujerat and Baroida. He makes the following statement regarding his observations:

"Everywhere I met the most shocking and revolting scenes. The famine camps have been swept by cholera and smallpox. Fugitives scattering in all directions and stricken in flight were found dying in the fields and roadside ditches. The numbers at one road station were increasing at the rate of 10,000 per day. At Godhera there were 3000 deaths from cholera within five days, and at Dorbad 300 in the same period. The hospital death rate at Godhera and Dorbad was 90 per cent.

"The condition of the stricken simply beggars description. Everywhere water was impregnated with an intolerable stench of corpses. At Ahmedabad the death rate in the poorhouse was 10 per cent. Every day I saw new patients placed face to face with corpses. In every fourth cot there was a corpse.

"The thermometer read 115 in the shade. Millions of flies hovered over the uncleansed and distressed patients.

"I visited the smallpox and cholera wards at Visgarama. All patients were lying on the ground, there being no cots. Otherwise, their condition was fair.

"I can fully verify the reports that vultures, dogs and jackals are devouring the dead. Dogs have been seen running about with children's limbs in their jaws.

"The government is doing its best, but the native officials are hopelessly and heartlessly inefficient. Between the famine, the plague and the cholera, the condition of Bombay presidency is now worse than it has been at any previous period in the nineteenth century. Whole districts have been blotted out, the spirit of the people is broken, and there may be something still worse to come when the monsoon breaks."

FIRE AND DEATH.

Foxboro, Mass., Schools Burned and a Life Lost.

Foxboro, Mass., June 4.—The town hall, which, besides the town offices, contains the high school, grammar school and three intermediate schools of the town, was burned early today. One man was killed and three others were injured, one so badly that it is feared he will die.

The dead: George H. Josselyn.

Injured: Arthur Josselyn, dangerously hurt; Samuel Johnson, Joseph Hopkins.

The financial loss is estimated at $50,000.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH.

The Government to Establish Stations at Several Points.

New York, June 4.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Brig. Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, said last night that he had directed the establishment of wireless telegraphy stations in the harbor of San Francisco and in Porto Rico and the Philippines.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Secretary Long has accepted the recommendation to clemency of the courtmartial in the case of Capt. John McGowan and has reduced the sentence of suspension on half pay from two years to six months.

Of the $18,000,000,000 worth of commerce done by all the nations of the world, England's share is 18.3 per cent; Germany's, 15.8 per cent, and 9.7 per cent falls to the lot of the United States, so states United States Consul Winter at Annaberg, in a report to the state department camparing the relative positions of the three leading countries in the trade markets of the globe.

The exact number of census enumerators now at work is 52,631. Pennsylvania leads the list with 4676; New York comes next, with 4462, Minnesota has 1975, and Wisconsin, 1579.

CABLE FLASHES.

Dr. Reitz, the Transvaal state secretary, says in the Cologne Gazette that England will require a permanent garrison of 50,000 soldiers in the Transvaal, and that "rebellion may be expected for centuries." He believes that many Boers will trek to German South Africa.

Advices received at Kingston, Jamaica, yesterday, state that on May 21 the rebels were within six miles of Panama. The government troops had prepared for action; the British consul and others had left with their families for Tobago for safety.

The earl of Radnor is dead in London. He was born June 19, 1841.

CLUB GOES EAST.

Cincinnati, June 4.—The members of the Commercial club of Cincinnati left today on a Big Four special train for the reunion of commercial clubs in Boston this week. The Big Four special bearing the St. Louis commercial clubs met the Cincinnati train at Galion, Ohio, and the two were consolidated for the trip along the Lake Shore, New York Central and Boston & Albany.

BOILS AND CARBUNCLES

These unwelcome visitors usually appear in the spring or summer, when the blood is making an extra effort to free itself from the many impurities that have accumulated during the winter months.

Carbuncles, which are more painful and dangerous, come most frequently on the back of the neck, eating great holes in the flesh, exhaust the strength and often prove fatal. Boils are regarded by some people as blessings, and they patiently and uncomplainingly endure the pain and inconvenience under the mistaken idea that their health is being benefitted, that their blood is too thick anyway, and this is Nature's plan of thinning it. The blood is not too rich or too thick, but is diseased—is full of poison—and unless relieved the entire system will suffer. The boil or carbuncle gives warning of serious internal troubles, which are only waiting for a favorable opportunity to develop. Many an old sore, running ulcer, even cancer, is the result of a neglected boil.

Baneful Boils

Keep the blood pure, and it will keep the skin clear of all the irritating impurities that cause these painful, disfiguring diseases.

S. S. S. cures boils and carbuncles easily and permanently by reinforcing, purifying and building up the blood and ridding the system of all accumulated waste matter.

Dangerous Carbuncles

Mr. P. M. Pratt, Cave, S. C., writes: "For twenty years I was sorely afflicted with boils and carbuncles caused by impure blood. It is impossible to describe my suffering; part of the time being unable to work or sleep. Several doctors treated me, and I tried all the so-called blood remedies, but nothing seemed to do me any good. During the summer of 1899 I was persuaded to try S. S. S., and after taking several bottles was entirely cured, and have had no return of these painful pests up to the present time."

S. S. S. is made of roots and herbs which act directly on the blood, and all poisons, no matter how deep-seated, are soon overcome and driven out by this powerful purely vegetable medicine.

S. S. S. is not a new, untried remedy, but for fifty years has been curing all kinds of blood and skin diseases. It has cured thousands, and will cure you. It is a pleasant tonic as well as blood purifier—improves the appetite and digestion, builds up your general health and keeps your blood in order.

SSS

Our physicians have made blood and skin diseases a life study—write them fully about your case, and any information or advice wanted will be cheerfully given. We make no charge whatever for this service. Send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases—free. Address, The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

THE DUTCH WILL RULE

Boer Republics Will Be Self-Governing Colonies of Great Britain.

WILL VOTE AS ONE

Not Regarded Probable That the British Will Outnumber Them.

New York, June 4.—The Tribune's London correspondent writes: The immediate sequel to the war will be the annexation of the Dutch commonwealths to the British empire. There will be temporary arrangements for military government, but ultimately they will be converted into self-governing dependencies of the crown, like other colonial possessions. As time goes on the same tendencies which have brought about confederation in Canada and Australia will operate with irresistible force in South Africa. There will be a new commonwealth bill, under which the united colonies and dependencies of the crown will have as large a measure of local independence and legislative autonomy as either Canada or Australia. That this confederation will be essentially Dutch is evident from the following exhibit of population at the outbreak of the war: Cape Colony, 147,000 British, 229,000 Dutch; Natal, 51,000 British, 10,000 Dutch; Transvaal, 129,000 British, 125,000 Dutch; Orange Free State, 7000 British, 71,000 Dutch; Bechuanaland and Rhodesia, 20,000 British, 12,900 Dutch; totals, 345,000 British, 447,000 Dutch.

What is unmistakable is the preponderance of the Dutch over the British in numerical strength. Natal is the only member of the group in which British supremacy is based upon population. In Bechuanaland and Rhodesia there is also a British majority, but it is not large. In Cape Colony and the Orange Free State the Dutch preponderance is overwhelming, while in the Transvaal, when the refugees return to Johannesburg, the two races will be on terms of equality in numerical strength.

In South Africa as a whole there are at least 100,000 Dutch in excess of the British population. If a confederation be formed with a scheme of representative government similar to that of the Dominion of Canada, or to that which will be brought into existence by the Australian commonwealth bill, there will be, unless all signs fail, a Dutch South Africa with a British viceroy. The Dutch will continue to rule Cape Colony and the Orange Free State, and in the Transvaal they will dominate every district except the mining camps of the rand.

South Africans predict that there will be an immense immigration of British settlers as soon as the war comes to an end and the paramount influence of the imperial government is established. This forecast naturally includes the development of the mining industry of the rand on an unprecedented scale, when Johannesburg ceases to pay tribute to Pretoria and native labor is obtained at the low prices.

There will be, without doubt, a large increase of British population in the mining district when the Transvaal is converted into a dependency of the crown; but it is by no means certain that immigration will reverse the present conditions of Dutch preponderance in the other colonies. The British in South Africa have always been townsmen, and the Dutch have been farmers and cattle breeders. The agricultural industries are likely to remain in undisputed possession of the Dutch burghers, who dislike the occupations of town life and prefer to remain in the country. The Dutch have married in their youth and have large families. The Dutch population has increased more rapidly than the British population during the last fifty years. Probably there will be no change in the relative rate of growth during the next fifty years outside the mining districts, and South Africa will remain essentially Dutch in blood.

The British government will have at the end of the war a Dutch empire in South Africa, and it will be under moral obligations to allow these communities of an alien race to order their own local administration and to direct their political progress. The lines of racial cleavage will be sharply defined and the Dutch will stand together and vote solidly whenever they are allowed to exercise their political rights. It may be a decade before a Dutch government can be supplanted in Cape Colony, and nothing short of the discovery of a fresh series of gold-powdered reefs between the Orange and the Vaal will convert the Free State into a British commonwealth.

The Transvaal, with the richest gold-producing district in the world, may be transformed speedily into a colony with more English immigrants than Dutch burghers; but there will be disaffection throughout the commonwealth if the rand be armed with political supremacy. No large manufacturing industries are likely to arise in South Africa, and apart from the gold and diamond fields, agriculture and stock raising seem destined to remain the chief resources of the colonists, the vast majority of whom will be of Dutch descent and deeply prejudiced against mining camp adventurers and millionaire reef owners.

Confederation will only serve to unite the interests of the Dutch in South Africa and to arm them with complete control over the local administration and material resources of the country, and the wisest British statesman knows in his heart that whatever dangers there may be in reserve for the empire after the war, the union of the colonies cannot be opposed nor the subjects of the crown deprived of the rights of self-government.

THE DAKOTAS.

Bismarck Abolishes "Soft Drink" Licenses---Lead's Remedy for Junk Stealing.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—The system of licensing supposed soft drink resorts, at which it has been generally admitted harder liquors were sold, has been stopped in Bismarck. For several years the city has been deriving a revenue amounting to $500 annually from these places, and city officials have winked at alleged violations of law. Recently injunction papers were served, and although nothing was found, it is understood officials have been piled since charging sellers of liquor with contempt of court in selling after being enjoined. The city officials realize that they can't stay the tidal wave of prohibition that is moving westward, and as they can afford the resorts no further protection, they have refunded the license money and warned proprietors to close. All the places in the city are closed and there will be no further resumption of licensed dealing in liquors. Mandan is also dry and it is said Dickinson and Rhondesia there is also a British majority, but it is not large. In Cape Colony and the Orange Free State the Dutch preponderance is overwhelming, while in the Transvaal, when the refugees return to Johannesburg, the two races will be on terms of equality in numerical strength.

Fargo—Maj. Fleming has been feeding malted grain for some months with such success that he has given the result of his experience to the farmers of the state, and many are trying it. There are many advantages evident in the condition of his stock. He claims better results from only half the amount of the grain formerly used. He says the work on his farm has been harder this spring than in some other years, but despite that fact his horses look unusually well

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—The city council has passed an ordinance which makes it a misdemeanor for any one to buy things from children under age. For several months past junk dealers have been buying old copper, iron and other stuff from small boys, and it has caused a great deal of thieving. Several arrests have been made of young boys who sold things to sell at these places. A fine of $5 to $100 will be levied against the junk man for violating the ordinance.

Aberdeen—Sheep shearing is well under way in this section. The clip will be better than the average and prices considerably above last year. Medium grades will bring 9 to 11 cents per pound. Lambs have done well in nearly all cases, the increase running from 80 to 100 per cent.

Brookings—A rate of 1 cent per mile has been given by the railroads from points in South Dakota to the Sheep Breeders' association, which meets here this month. A large attendance is assured.

VIM, VIGOR, VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Power, Consumption, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, every function Dark get dependent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail; A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS

Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or pain.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, turbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Proposals For Plumbing and Heating Apparatus For the State Normal School Building at Duluth.

Sealed proposals will be received until noon, June 11, 1900, for the plumbing and heating apparatus in the state normal school at Duluth, according to the plans and specifications prepared by Palmer, Hall & Hunt, architects, the same being now on file at their office, No. 305 Lonsdale building.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for one hundred dollars for the heating and plumbing separately.

June 1st, 1900.

A. T. ANKENY,
WM. F. PHELPS,
J. C. NORBY,
Building Committee.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-1-4-6-8-1900

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Frank S. Colvin and James A. Robb, Plaintiffs.

vs.

Charles F. Bay and Annie G. Bay, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 26th day of May, 1900, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Thursday, the 12th day of July, 1900, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out Lower, Sold Down Slightly and Became Steady.

TRADING WAS DULL

More Rains In the Northwest and But Little Speculative Interest.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 4.—The wheat market started lower this morning and sold off further, but soon turned steady, with dull trading. There was said to be a better export inquiry, but the rains on Sunday in the Northwest and the lack of speculative interest caused lower prices. Trading was restricted by the absence of quotations from Liverpool, that market still being closed. The close was unchanged from Saturday here and ½@¾c lower at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ½c off at 67c, sold at 67¼c at 9:30, reacted to 67c at 9:50 and closed at 67½c, the same as on Saturday. September started ½c lower at 67¼c, advanced to 67⅝c at 10:50 and was quoted at 67⅝c at the close, being ¼c higher than on Saturday. Cash sales were 60,000 bus at ¼c under July. Corn advanced ½c, oats and barley were unchanged and rye declined 1c. Cash flax fell off 3c, September flax declined ½c, while October flax was unchanged. Cash flax was closed in this market at $1.75 bid today, but this does not represent the price at which cash flax really is. It is the price that will be paid for small lots. For car lots the price is $1.80. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68⅜c; to arrive, 68¾c; July, 67½c; September, 67½@67¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66¾c; to arrive, 66¾c; July, 67¼c; September, 67⅝c. No. 2 northern, 65c. No. 3 spring, 63½c. Oats, 29½@29¾c. Rye, 52½c. Barley, 36@38c. Flax, cash, $1.75; September, $1.26; October, $1.21¾. Corn, 37⅜.

Car inspections—Wheat, 156; corn, 28; oats, 1; rye, 1; barley, 2; flax, 6. Receipts—Wheat, 205,781; corn, 45,712; oats, 46,383; barley, 732; flax, 1133. Shipments—Wheat, 158,539; corn, 1221; oats, 39,000; flax, 226.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 4 cars	$0.68½
No. 1 hard, 1 car	68⅜
No. 1 northern, 6000 bus	66¾
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus	66¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66⅝
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus	66⅝
No. 1 northern, 5000 cars	66⅝
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	66¾
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	65
No. 2 northern, 17 cars	65
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	65¼
Rejected, 1 car	62¾
Flax, 5000 bus September	1.21
Flax, 5000 bus October	1.21¼
Flax, 2000 bus October	1.21¼
Flax, 8000 bus October	1.21
Flax, 5000 bus October	1.20½

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth on Saturday, June 2, 1900:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	1,666,640
No. 1 northern	7,293,520
No. 2 northern	1,045,577
No. 3 spring	91,320
No grade	236,651
Rejected	41,331
Special bin	879,473
Total	11,521,925
Decrease during week	159,888
Stocks year ago	6,980,250
Corn in store	1,256,589
Oats in store	343,272
Rye in store	92,387
Barley in store	47,054
Flax in store	119,716

CHICAGO BOARD.

Cereals Dull But Steady and Provisions Were Strong.

Chicago, June 4.—The wheat market early today was dull and steady. Liverpool was still closed, removing much incentive for trade. July opened ⅛c under Saturday, at 66⅝@66¾c, touched 66⅝@⅔c but eased from that to 66¼c, where the market steadied. Cash people reported a better export inquiry. The opening reduction was on the rains in the Northwest over Sunday and the lack of speculative interest. Local receipts were 45 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 925 cars, against 757 last week and 884 a year ago.

Numerous complaints of crop conditions in the Northwest together with sympathy with corn were a help to the market later. July advanced to 66, closing strong at that figure, ⅜@⅝c over Saturday.

Corn was firm but dull. Offerings were light and the demand good while cash people said the export inquiry had improved. Receipts here were 506 cars. July opened a shade lower, at 37¼@⅜c, and sold to 37⅝c.

Light country offerings and a good cash business sustained the market to the end. July closed strong, 1@1⅛c higher at 37⅝@⅞c.

Oats were again very quiet, but steady. July opened unchanged, at 21¼@¾c. Receipts were 225 cars.

Provisions were strong on buying by packers and through commission houses, although hog receipts were large and the market at the yards weaker. July pork opened unchanged, at $11.65, and sold to $11.67½. July lard a shade lower, at $6.62½, advancing to $6.70, and July ribs 2½@5c improved, at $6.50, selling up to $6.55.

Close, wheat, June, 66c; July, 66⅞c. Corn, June, 37¼c; July, 37⅝@38c. Oats, June, 21¼c; July, 21¼@¾c; August, 20⅝c. Pork, June, $11.27½; July, $11.27½; September, $11.32½. Lard, June, $6.72½; July, $6.72½@6.75; September, $6.70. Ribs, June, $6.55, July, $6.55; September, $6.60@6.62½. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 70@70c; No. 3 red, 67@69c; No. 2 hard winter, 65½@66¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 64@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 66½@67⅝c; No. 2 northern spring, 65½@66½c; No. 3 spring, 62@65¾c. Corn, No. 2, 38c; No. 3, 37¾@38c. Oats, No. 2, 21¾@22c; No. 3, 21½c. Flax, Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; September, $1.26; October, $1.20¾@1.21¼. Rye, July, 52½c. Barley, 36½@42c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 4.—Wheat during the early part of the session ruled weak on selling by local bears, owing to absence of foreign news on account of the holiday abroad, but around 66¾c there was very good buying by commission houses, which absorbed the offerings, and later when shorts tried to cover they found little for sale, and the market advanced quickly, closing firm ⅛c higher than Saturday night. Cash demand was rather better, but the seaboard reported very little doing there, undoubtedly due to the holidays abroad. The weather was generally favorable throughout the winter wheat belt, but more rain is needed in the Northwest. Trade was fairly large all day, but mostly all of a local professional character. We still believe the long side is the safest to work on. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 75 cars.

The corn market after opening lower in sympathy with wheat, later became strong, owing to light offerings and good cash demand, closing ⅝c higher than Saturday. Trade was very large all day and the undertone to the market strong. The seaboard reported good demand there for export. Country offerings are very light and likely to be so for some time. In fact, all advices indicate falling off in the movement. The weather was generally favorable for the growing crop. We regard the situation as strong and look for still higher prices. Estimated receipts tomorrow, covering two days, 700 cars.

Oats ruled firm all day, although trade was not large, closing ⅛c higher than Saturday in sympathy with corn. Country offerings were moderate and our advices indicate that the movement is pretty near over. Cash demand was good and there was a brisk inquiry for export with some sales made. Estimated receipts for tomorrow covering two days, 410 cars.

Provisions opened steady in sympathy with large receipts of hogs, but was given unexpected support from brokers and advanced sharply bringing in a good outside demand, but this was mostly for pork, while ribs and lard trade was purely local. The strength in corn helps, in fact dominates this market, and probably will until outsiders try to sell something. We are getting more hogs in the West than for years at this season and cash demand is not all adequate to the supply. Estimated hogs tomorrow, 27,000.

Puts, July wheat, 64¼@64⅝c.

Calls, July wheat, 64⅝@64¾c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, June 4.—Trade wheat market continues to be a slow, narrow and practically featureless affair. Traders are of the most limited character, and the ranges are only ¾c. The absence of cables is having something to do with it. In the meantime the market is in a rut, which the class of news we are now getting does not appear to relieve. Some of the foreign news was quite bullish. A decrease on passage of 3,696,000 bus; clearances from the seaboard, 647,000 bus. The world's shipments, 7,021,000 bus. On the other hand the reports from Kansas have been most bearish. The state board estimating the yield there at 85,000,000 bus or 15,000,000 over the record of 1892. Samples were weak. Shipping sales only 25,000 bus. New York only reporting 17 loads taken for export. The visible showed a decrease of 91,000 bus. The weather news was conflicting. While the Dakotas had scattered showers Sunday, the complaints from the Northwest are pretty general of insufficient relief; these reports coming principally from the Red River valley. We can see but very little encouragement for the short sellers on wheat with the class of news we are receiving regarding crop prospects. It looks to us at this writing as though there will be a serious decline in wheat, which will in a measure offset the alleged large crop spoken of in the Southwest; while the failure conceded in Illinois, Ohio and other states is a bull item which should not be overlooked. We continue to feel very friendly indeed to the buying side of wheat, believing on all breaks it is a purchase that will net the investor very fair profits in the near future.

The corn market has been the most active, showing considerable range and had more outside interest. Small offerings and continued shipping demand in spite of the holiday abroad, and the advance in lake rates of 1½c have been the feature. The continued smallness of country offerings is quite remarkable at this season of the year when the movement should be quite general and should convert many of the skeptical to the belief that the smallness of the reserve is a feature which is strengthening the farmer in his expectation of higher prices, and which is backed up, as it is quite possible, it will be later on by unsatisfactory crop prospects, corn prices will advance considerably above these prevailing at present. While not looking for anything radical in the immediate present, we do believe that corn on all weakness should be purchased and a holder with patience will get very satisfactory returns from his purchases later.

The oat market has been quiet and featureless. There were 328 cars received here, which is slightly more than expected, and no cancellation for the cars. The shipping situation is restricted considerably by the holiday abroad.

The provision market has been quite strong with larger outside trade and considerable support coming from the interest already largely back of the provision market. There has been an excellent advance in all lines. Pork, lard and ribs all sharing in the general demand. Stocks are small. Provisions have felt the influence of outside trade which as we have stated before in these columns is of that is necessary to produce a very fair advance in provisions, owing to the bullish position that stocks generally are in. We do not feel like advocating the buying side on radical bulges, but on all breaks the provision market looks like a pretty safe proposition.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	.67	64⅝	66⅝–⅝	72–⅞
High	.67⅜	64⅝	66⅝	72¾–¾
Low	.67	64½–⅝	66½	71⅝–¾
Close	.67⅛B	64⅜	66⅝A	72⅛B
September—				
Open	.67⅝B	65–⅛	.....	73⅜
High	.67⅝B	65⅛B	.....	73⅝
Low	.67⅜	64⅞	.....	73⅛
Close	.67⅝B	65⅜	.....	73⅝B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	.21¼–¼@21¾	37⅛@37⅜	$11.65
High	.21⅜	37⅜–⅜	$11.70
Low	.21⅛	37⅛	$11.65
Close	.21¼–⅜B	37⅜–⅜	$11.67

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	154,000	360,000
Philadelphia	.....	.....
Baltimore	2,828	.....
Toledo	16,300	1,800
Detroit	2,000	7,000
St. Louis	1,000	1,000
Boston	316,325	118,170
Chicago	22,000	21,525
Milwaukee	14,300	25,600
Minneapolis	622,068	21,920
Kansas City	104,000	51,350
Duluth	205,781	138,550

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 4.—Wheat in store—No 1 northern, June, 64½c; July, 65⅝c; September, 65¼@65⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 68c; No. 1 northern, 64⅝c; No. 2 northern, 63⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 4.—Close, wheat, July, 72¼c; September, 73¾c. Corn, July, 45@45⅛c; September, 43¾c.

HOLIDAY ABROAD.

London, June 4.—Today is a holiday throughout Europe. No markets.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: A fairly large volume of all classes of horses was on the market the past week, and while demand in general was fair, the inferior and common grade of horses sold slow and at very low prices. The better grades sold active and up to the highest quotations the past two weeks. Choice harness horses, drivers and saddle horses met a satisfactory disposal. Some heavy and extra quality drafters brought the highest prices of the season. The medium grades sold unsteady and at fluctuating prices. Mules were well represented, and trade ruled active in all kinds, but the smallest and common grade. Good desirable mules brought $115 to $150, the medium size $100 to $125, common, 70 to 90.

Drafters, choice	$125@160
Drafters, common to good	100@125
Farm horses, choice	110@130
Farm horses, common	70@100
Western horses well represented and sold at a head	15@ 40

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 4.—Cattle, receipts, 1500. 10@25c higher for good heavy steers; others generally 10@15c higher. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.75; poor to medium, $4.50@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.00; cows and heifers, $3.00@5.75; Texas fed steers, $4.50@5.25. Hogs, receipts today, 29,000; tomorrow, 23,000; left over, 2700. Opened 5c lower, closed strong, decline nearly regained. Mixed and butchers, $4.90@5.10; good to choice heavy, $5.00@5.10; rough heavy, $4.80@4.95; light, $4.85@5.07½; bulk of sales, $5.00@5.07½. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Steady and strong to 10c higher. Sheep, $4.40@5.50; lambs, $5.00@6.75. Official receipts and shipments Saturday: Receipts—Cattle, 97; hogs, 18,541; sheep, 2183. Shipments—Cattle, 2139; hogs, 3025; sheep, 1851.

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H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh	11	@	11½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	10	@	10½
Full cream, Young America	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	11	@	12
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	6	@	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars	12½	@	13
Strained, per lb	14	@	15
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	14
Buckwheat	12	@	13

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 00
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Valencias	4 75	@	5 00
Seedlings, California oranges	3 50	@	3 75
California navels	5 00	@	5 25
California lemons	3 50	@	4 00
Mediterranean sweets	5 50	@	6 00
Messina lemons, per box	5 00	@	5 50
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	05	@	07
Figs, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Strawberries	2 50	@	2 75

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	5½	@	6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

VEGETABLES.

Hot house cucumbers	50	@	60
Potatoes, per bus	40	@	45
Lettuce, per bus	50	@	60
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Cabbage, new, per lb	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse Radish, per lb	10		
Parsnips, per bus	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	50	@	75
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new, crates, per lb	2	@	3½
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	6	@	7½

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lb, sacks inc	14	25	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14	75	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14	25	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	13	75	
Oats, car lots, sacked	27½		
Corn, car lots, sacked	30		
Hay, Minn. timothy	20	00	
Hay, timothy	11	00	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 4.—Butter, steady. Creameries, 15@19¼c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs, steady, Fresh, 11c. Dressed poultry, steady. Turkeys, 6@7c; chickens, 8@9½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 4.—Butter, receipts, 14,017 packages. Steady. Creamery extras, 16½@17c; factory, 14½@16c. Cheese, receipts, 11,511 packages. Steady. Large white, 5⅞@6⅛c; grass tinge, 6@6¼c; large colored, 6¼@6⅜c; small colored, 6⅜@6¾c; small white, 6@6⅛c. Eggs, receipts, 16,014 packages. Steady. Western loss off 12½@13c; Western at mark, 10½@12½c.

TO START AGAIN SOON.

Federal Steel Shut Down Is Not for Long.

New York, June 4.—President Elbert H. Gary, of the Federal Steel company, which controls the Illinois Steel company's mills at South Chicago, made the following statement today:

"The Illinois Steel company has closed its plant and stabbing mills partly because it was found necessary to make repairs and partly because orders were rather slow in coming along just now. We are not likely to shut down for more than a brief period.

"Conditions generally are quite up to expectations and we expect to reopen our Joliet mills by the middle of the month."

President Gary leaves town today for a tour of inspection of the constituent companies of the Federal Steel company.

The Chancellor cigar is so well known that we can say nothing new about it. We simply wish to remind smokers that they are still on sale.

Private Rooms That Are Public.

While the private rooms on compartment sleeping cars running over Pennsylvania Short Lines between Chicago and Louisville and Cincinnati afford complete privacy to occupants, they are at the disposal of the public, and may be arranged for in advance upon application to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $13.20.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 5 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Net Losses of Over a Point In the Most Active Stocks.

CLOSING WAS WEAK

At the Lowest Figures---Steel Group Resisted But Finally Dropped.

New York, June 4.—Prices of stocks opened lower, the leading specialties showing the wildest declines. Losses were from 1 to 2 points in the case of Sugar, a number of the steel industrials and Baltimore & Ohio. Otherwise the declines were restricted to small fractions and the volume of business was moderate. Preferred stock of some of the iron and steel industrials made some notable declines. Tin Plate losing 2½ points and Steel and Wire 2 points. General weakness prevailed in railroad division, but there was a special pressure against St. Paul, Burlington, Union Pacific, Southern Railway preferred, Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio. A sharp rally in Sugar stheadied the market temporarily and at 11 o'clock prices were again sagging. Baltimore & Ohio, Pennsylvania and Southern preferred losing about 2 points or over. Laclede Gas advanced 5 points over the previous transaction some time ago. Some resistance was encountered in the selling movement. Sugar and Southwestern preferred recovering. Sugar rallied 2½ from the lowest. As a rule, recoveries were limited to small fractions and the trading become intensely dull on the up grade. The bond market was quiet and irregular.

Sugar, after rising to 115¾ dropped back to 117¾, and the local traction stocks weakened sharply dragging the general list downwards again. Brooklyn Transit fell back to 70. The steel group resisted and improved slightly in spots, but finally yielded with the rest of the market. Laclede Gas extended its gain to 8 points. The closing was quite active and weak at the lowest of the day. The most active stocks showed net losses of over a point.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	117¼	119⅜	117	117⅜
Am. Steel Wire com	35½	35⅞	34⅝	35
Tobacco	93½	93¾	92½	93⅜
Atchison com	27	27¼	26¾	26⅞
Atchison pfd	73¼	73¾	72¾	72¾
Brooklyn Transit	72¾	72¾	69⅝	69⅝
C., M. & St. P.	118¾	118¾	117½	117⅝
C., B. & Q.	130⅜	130⅝	129¼	129⅜
Federal Steel com	35⅜	35⅝	33⅝	33¾
Federal Steel pfd	67⅝	67⅝	66¾	67⅛
Great Western	124½	126⅜	124½	125⅜
L. & N.	80	80¼	78⅞	79⅜
Manhattan	90⅞	90⅞	90	90
Missouri Pacific	56⅜	56¼	55⅜	55⅜
N. P. common	61¼	61	60⅜	60¼
N. P. preferred	75⅜	75⅜	75⅜	75⅜
People's Gas	100¼	110¾	99½	99½
Rock Island	108½	108¾	107⅛	107⅛
Southern Pacific	35½	35⅞	34⅝	34⅝
T. C. I.	74	74	73	73¼
Leather preferred	69¾	70	69¾	69¾
Union Pacific pfd	73¼	73¼	72⅝	72⅝
Union Pacific com	56½	56⅞	55	55
Great Northern	158	158	158	158
Leather common	11	11	10¾	10¾
Money	2	2	1¾	2

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 4.—Money on call firm at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86⅞@4.87⅛ for demand and at $4.83½@4.84⅜ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@4.85½; commercial bills, $4.82½@4.82¾. Silver certificates, 59@61c; bar silver, 60c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds firm; refunding 2s when issued, 103⅝; 4s registered and coupon, $1.03⅝; 2s registered, $1.00; 3s registered and coupon, $1.09½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.34⅜; old 4s registered, $1.14⅝; coupon, $1.15⅝; 5s registered and coupon, $1.13⅝.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 4.—The market for cotton opened steady in tone, with July 1 point lower and other months unchanged at 5 points higher on moderately active covering for local interests and purchases for European account. The absence of Liverpool cables, that market being closed, also has its influence.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9c; middling gulf, 9¼c; sales, 200 bales. Cotton futures closed very steady. June, $8.39; July, $8.43; August, $8.21; September, $7.94; October, $7.77; November, 07.75; December, $7.62; January, $7.62; February, $7.65; March, $7.68; April, $7.71; May, $7.73.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 4.—Clearings, $27,038,798; balances, $2,823,128. Posted exchange, $4.85½@4.88½; New York exchange, 5c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, June 4.—Close: Adventure, 4; Allouez, 1½; Anaconda, 2½@2⅝; Arcadian, 2½; Arnold, 50@75; Amalgamated, 88¼@90; Atlantic, 23@25; Baltic, 15½@¾; Bingham, 10@12; Bonanza, 1¼@1½; Boston & Montana, 300; Boston Consolidated, 10¼@11; Butte & Boston, 83¾; Calumet & Hecla, 715; Centennial, 18½; Cochita, 9¾@10½; Copper Range, 19; Dominion Coal, 12¼@13; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 13½; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 16@18; Isle Royale, 29 asked; Mass, 6¼@7; Michigan, 40@42; Mohawk, 13¼@14; Old Colony, 3 bid. Old Dominion, 17⅜; Osceola, 62; Oil, 15½@16; Parrott, 42; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 155@157; Rhode Island, 1½@⅝; Santa Fe, 4¾@5; Tamarack, 192; Tecumseh, 2½@3½; Tri-Mountain, 7@12; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 27; Victoria, 2½@3; Winona, 39½; Wolverine, 38@39¼c; Wyandotte, 19½; Zinc, 10⅜@12.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Fewings Case Apparently Good for Balance of the Week.

In district court today the case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company is still on trial, and it is good for most of this week at least. The other courts are busy on court cases. In the matter of the appeal of M. W. Bates from the appointment of S. F. Snively as administrator of the estate of Johann Mueller, Judge Dibell held that the case was appealable, and it proceeded to trial. The testimony was all in this morning and the case will be argued later. The case of the same company against J. A. Mannheim and others and the case of the same company against E. R. Nesbitt and others were both submitted. At noon Judge Dibell took up the case of John M. Underwood against the Robinson Lake Iron company. Part of the case has already been decided by a jury, that as to the good faith of the directors of the company is making the case under dispute, and the court is to decide the rest of the case. In Judge Ensign's court the case of John M. Underwood against H. V. Goetchius and others was ordered submitted on briefs, and the case of Isabella J. Carlton against the estate of Nehemiah Hulett was taken up this morning and was on trial at noon.

To Set Aside Foreclosure.

Amalia Cutting has begun suit against Peter Patterson to set aside a mortgage foreclosure on lots 161 and 163, block 24, Duluth Proper, Third division. The property was mortgaged by the plaintiff's father, John Larcher, who is now dead, and the foreclosure is claimed to be void because he occupied the property up to the time of his death and no notice of the foreclosure was served upon him. Frank Cutting is the attorney.

ARE NAMED.

President Names Porto Rico Judges, Executive Council and Other Officials.

Washington, June 4.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Jose Severero Quinons, of Porto Rico, to be chief justice of the supreme ocurt of Porto Rico; Louis Picqueras, of Porto Rico, and Rafael Noeto y Abeille, of Porto Rico, to be associate justices of the supreme court of Porto Rico; William H. Holt, of Kentucky, to be United States district judge for the district of Porto Rico; Edward S. Wilson, of Ohio, to be United States Marshal for the district of Porto Rico; Noah B. K. Pettingill, of Porto Rico, to be United States district attorney for Porto Rico; oseph F. Daly, of New York; Leo S. Rowe, of Pennsylvania and Juon Hernandez Lopez, of San Juan, Porto Rico, to be members of the commission to compile and revise the laws of Porto Rico.

Joseph E. C. Barbosa, of San Juan; Rosendo Martienzo Cintron, of Ponce; Jos De Diego, of Mayaguez; Manuel Camus, of Fajardo and Andraeas Crosas, of San Juan, to be members of the executive council of Porto Rico; Martin Grove Brumbaugh, of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner of education of Porto Rico.

CIVIL BILL.

Senate and House Conferees Agree on the Majority of Items.

Washington, June 4.—The house and senate conferees have agreed on about two-thirds of the items of the sundry civil bill on which there was a disagreement. Among the many items agreed to are those for a quarantine station near Key West, omitting the proviso that it shall not be within five miles of Key West island; $60,000 for Porto Rican lighthouse establishment; Denver mint, limit of cost, $150,000, and $25,000 appropriated; Hawaiian quarantine, $75,000; appropriating salaries for Hawaii; classification of Montana and Idaho mines, $25,000; placing Yellowstone park improvements under chief engineer of the army; appropriating $50,000 to defend suits brought by owners of the Ads., Mississippi jetties; calaries for new United States district judges in New York and Hawaii.

The disagreements besides those first given include the provision giving the secretary of the treasury control of the Chinese exclusion and immigration laws; plans for the enlargement of the White House; the Spanish war claims for property taken by military; branch soldiers home in Idaho; woman representative to the unveiling of Lafayette statue at Paris; statue of Rochambeau.

SCHOOL BOARD

Election on July 21---Directors Harrison and Salter Will Not Run.

The school election this year will fall on July 21, the latest date in the month upon which it could possibly fall for the third Saturday of the month is the day when it must be held. Three directors are to be elected at that time and they will serve for three years each. The directors whose terms will expire are S. T. Harrison, W. H. Salter and J. O. Milne.

S. T. Harrison stated, when asked this morning if he would be a candidate for re-election, that he would not under any consideration. He says that he has served one term and his civic conscience is relieved and ready to let someone else serve this town to the best of his capacity. He has been asked to run again but has declined absolutely.

Dr. Salter has also said no to those who have asked him if he will run again, but his no is not so decided as that of Mr. Harrison. His present mind is not to be a candidate and he will be entirely willing to retire gracefully.

Mr. Milne's intentions are not known, but he has been a member of the board for a number of years and will probably be found averse to taking a directorship again.

The position of director of the school board is purely an honorary one and they do not get a cent of salary, not even $25 a month as the aldermen do. Consequently there is very little competition for the places unless something arises to give it unusual interest such as the fight of a few years ago. No names have been heard publicly mentioned for place although a few have been talking quietly about eligible candidates. One of the men mentioned for puace is Dr. Codding. Should Dr. Salter's determination not to run be final, it is very likely that Dr. Codding may be entered for the honor of serving the city of Duluth at considerable labor to himself and no remuneration.

VOICE AND MANNER OF CHILDREN.

The tone of the voice and manner of speaking are almost entirely habit, and yet very little attention is paid in schools or homes to the child's speaking voice, says an exchange. There is no reason why a child should not be taught to speak in an agreeable, cultivated tone, instead of high, coarse, nasal, guttural, peevish or drawling tones. Parents and teachers can teach a pleasant, refined tone of voice better by example than in any other way. A teacher of little children should speak to them in clear, distinct, but gentle tones, and never in a harsh, scolding voice. No person with unpleasant habits of voice should ever teach little children. It should be one of the requirements of the primary teacher especially that she should have a clear enunciation, with a mild, agreeable tone of voice.

SERVANT GIRL PROBLEM.

The absolute chaotic state of the servant girl question is due to generations of women who have left things slide. The sooner they return to first principles the better, says an exchange. What are these principles? Go and see how your father, your brother, or your husband manages his business. You will find that it is on precisely same principles that men have managed their business for generations. Why is domestic service the only profession or trade in the world which is overstocked and detested? Simply because it is the only one over which women preside, and the only one which is villainously managed, to the disadvantage of the mistress and the servant alike. The cause for this is not far to seek. Domestic service is the only labor in the world where the duties and obligations of the employe and employer are not definitely defined. The result is constant friction.

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Tickets on sale June 2, 3, 4, and 5th, 1900, good returning from Milwaukee up to June 11th, 1900, or, by depositing ticket with joint agent and payment of fifty cents, tickets will be extended up to and including June 30th, 1900. Account meeting Federated Women's Clubs.

For further information apply city and depot ticket offices, or

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NEWS OF THE LAKES

Rockefeller Boats Tied Up In Order to Increase the Ore Rate.

LUMBER RATE FIGHT

Attempt to Get Longshoremen's Union to Cut Lumber Shoving Wages.

A growing fleet of whalebacks is being tied up in the harbor of Duluth waiting for orders, and thereby hangs a tale. It is understood that they are under orders to be chartered for ore at $1.25 per ton, or to tie up, and as it is impossible at the present time to make wild charters at that rate, they are being tied up. The going rate is about $1 per ton, and the contract rate is $1.25.

The story back of it is that John D. Rockefeller is engaged in a heroic struggle to force the going rate up to the contract rate. During last winter, it will be remembered, Rockefeller bought a large quantity of tonnage, paying $1.25 for that which he chartered. Among the boats that he bought were the entire fleet of whalebacks, which were added to the Bessemer fleet. During the proceedings a deal was made with Carnegie by which Rockefeller contracted to carry 1,500,000 tons of ore at the "going rate." It was provided that that rate was not to be more than the contract rate, but there has

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 4.—Light showers have fallen over Western Lake Superior, Eastern Minnesota, Western South Dakota, Western Nebraska, Colorado and Tennessee, and a heavy rain at Shreveport, Louisiana. The barometer is highest in the lake region, and lowest in districts north of Alberta. Warm weather is the rule. Generally fair weather prevails in the lake region, with light southerly winds over the greater portion of Lake Superior.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	—	Medicine Hat	—
Bismarck	52	Memphis	68
Calgary	42	Miles City	58
Chicago	50	Milwaukee	50
Davenport	52	Minnedosa	46
Denver	52	Moorhead	58
Detroit	52	North Platte	58
Dodge City	60	Oklahoma	64
Duluth	48	Omaha	52
Edmonton	30	Port Arthur	42
Escanaba	50	Prince Albert	40
Green Bay	48	Qu'Appelle	50
Havre	48	Rapid City	58
Helena	52	Shreveport	70
Huron	60	St. Louis	58
Kamloops	50	St. Paul	60
Kansas City	68	Sault Ste. Marie	46
La Crosse	54	Swift Current	50
Lander	42	Williston	56
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	—

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy with probably showers tonight. Light and fresh southerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 4.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Tuesday: Minnesota—Threatening with probably schowers Tuesday and in west portion tonight.

Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday.

Lakes Michigan and Huron—Light to fresh variable winds, mostly easterly. Generally fair.

Lake Superior—Variable winds. Threatening tonight, possibly showers Tuesday.

Lack of Interest In the Census.

It is surprising to learn that a large number of citizens who should take a deep interest in securing an accurate census of Duluth are exhibiting indifference and are either declining to aid the citizens' committee or are doing so n a manner that shows they take little interest in the imperfect work, and therefore cannot be depended upon to perform what they have promised to do. In view of the great importance to the city of making a good showing in the census, it is unexplainable that any man who has any loyalty for the city in which he lives should be indifferent and decline to do his share in securing a complete and accurate enrollment of the people residing here. It is manifestly impossible for the census enumerators and the citizens committee combined to get all the names that should go on the lists unless they receive loyal and prompt assistance from the people themselves. No one should go out of the city during the next two weeks without first seeing that his name has been given to the enumerators, and those who know of Duluthians absent from the city should notify the citizens' committee at 618 Chamber of Commerce, without delay. With the loyal assistance that the committee has a right to expect, but which it is not getting at present, a good showing can be made by Duluth in the census returns.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts has again been "explaining" why he is an expansionist, and

Growth of Trust Commerce With Hawaii.

makes a shining example of the "province" of Hawaii, which had a commerce of $33,500,000 with the United States last year, an increase of 66 per cent in five years. To show the importance of this trade Mr. Lodge states that it is much larger than our entire trade with either Russia, Norway and Sweden, Denmark, Austro-Hungary, all Central America or the British West Indies. It is four times greater than our trade with Chile, double that with Argentina, 60 per cent of the amount of our trade with Italy, 30 per cent of that with Canada, and within $6,000,000 of the volume of trade with China. The Detroit News suggests that before Mr. Lodge felicitates himself too much upon the acquisition he should examine the trade and see where the bulk of the profits go. Every time there is a general depression in the country there is much talk about the "balance of trade." In the case of Hawaii, her imports from all the world amount to about $10,000,000 a year. Nearly all her exports, 96 per cent of which is sugar, come to the United States, because Hawaii sugar is admitted free. That sugar is bought by a trust which controls absolutely the retail price to the consumer. Therefore Mr. Lodge might have some difficulty in making up a favorable balance sheet, since Hawaii is getting three good American dollars in return for each one she spends for American products, and nearly every dollar's worth of export is absorbed by a trust, which up to date appears to be more powerful than the government of the United States. The Hawaiian sugar is admitted free into this country through the influence of the trust, but the products of Porto Rico must pay duties because the people of that island did not have as much influence at Washington as the sugar trust.

PROMPT ACTION NEEDED.

In another column will be found a letter from Senator Hill of the Improvement association in which he discusses a subject of the very highest importance to Duluth at the present time—and that is, how we are going to take care of the large number of excursionists that will be in the city at an early date from various parts of Minnesota. This is a subject that must receive immediate attention, and The Herald trusts that the citizens will promptly take hold of the matter and devise means for providing the visitors with proper accommodations. The business men should be particularly interested in this matter, because the excursionists will undoubtedly be liberal purchasers at our stores.

It is well known that our hotels are now full to overflowing with the ordinary run of trade, and they will not be able to accommodate but a small fraction of the excursionists. The lodging houses and boarding houses are well filled, and therefore it becomes necessary to appeal to the people to provide room in private houses for the excursionists. There are no doubt several thousand private houses where the visitors could secure lodgings, and that is all that is needed, because the hotels and restaurants have facilities to feed all the people that will come. Mr. Hill estimates that in this way Duluth can take care of 5000 strangers, but the trouble is that no one knows now where lodgings can be obtained. It therefore becomes necessary for some public spirited citizens to take hold of the matter and make arrangements for finding beds for the strangers when they arrive here. Perhaps the reception committee that was appointed by the mayor some time ago is the proper body to take up this matter. It would seem to be in the line of that committee's duties. But whoever takes hold of the matter should do so at once, as prompt action is necessary. In the meantime The Herald would urge all people who have any accommodations to spare to send their names and addresses to the Improvement association's office in the Chamber of Commerce building.

ANTI-TRUST BUNCOMBE.

By a practically unanimous vote, only one Republican voting against it, the house of representatives on Saturday afternoon passed the anti-trust bill. It amends the Sherman anti-trust law, so as to declare every contract or combination in the form of trust or conspiracy in restraint of commerce among the states or betwee n foreign nations illegal, and every party to such contract or combination guilty of a crime, purishable by a fine of not less than $500 nor more than $5000, and by imprisonment not less than six months nor more than two years. It provides that any person injured by a violation of the provisions of the law may recover threefold damages. The definition of "person" and "persons" in the present law is enlarged so as to include the agents, officers or attorneys of corporations. For purposes of commerce, it declares illegal all corporations or associations formed or carrying on business for purposes declared illegal by the common laws; provides that they may be perpetually enjoined from carrying on interstate commerce, and forbids them the use of the United States mail. It provides for the production of persons and papers, and confers jurisdiction upon United States circuit and district courts for the trial of causes under it, and authorizes any person, firm, corporation or association to begin and prosecute proceedings under it.

It is doubtful whether the bill will get through the senate, where the representatives of the trusts are present in force. It probably was not the intention of the Republican leaders that it should become a law. It was introduced in the house and rushed through that body in order, if possible, to make political campaign for the Republican ticket in the coming campaign, the leaders having become alarmed over the widespread discontent among the people caused by the extortions practiced by the trusts, and hoping in this way to lead the people to believe that the Republican party is opposed to trusts. It is hardly likely, however, that the people can be hoodwinked by this election dodge. If the Republicans were opposed to the trusts, and were anxious to enact legislation that would curb their power, why did they not pass the bill through the house months ago in time to give it a chance to get through the senate?

The bill may be designed to strengthen the Sherman law, but even if it were passed, what probability would there be of Attorney General Griggs, the friend of the trusts, enforcing it? And if the Republican leaders are in earnest in trying to throttle the trusts, why did they vote down the amendment offered by the Democrats, authorizing the president to place on the free list articles in which he is satisfied there is a combination in restraint of trade? That would be an effective remedy for the trust evils. It would pave the way for the destruction of the obnoxious trusts by removing their monopoly and opening the door to competition that would reduce prices. But the amendment giving power to the president to take this effective action against the trusts was voted down by the Republicans, proving that they were so seriously attempting to injure the trusts. The proposed constitutional amendment that was defeated in the house on Friday was another Republican trick to make political capital. There is an anti-trust section in the Minnesota state constitution, but the Republican legislators have never done anything to prevent the combinations that it declares criminal.

Mr. Bryan is giving a rare exhibition of good taste these days down on the farm. When questioned as to who would be chosen as his running mate he replied: "I am not interfering and have nothing to say."

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, of New York, whose attention is specially engaged with the ideal and moral forces of society and who consequently views political affairs from a standpoint radically different from that assumed by the politicians, declares that Mr. Bryan will this year give Mr. McKinley the severest struggle of his career.

Three Republican newspapers, the Chicago Times-Herald, the Hartford Courant and the New York Sun, having exposed the Republican anti-trust constitutional amendment bill, just defeated in the house, as a mere piece of campaign trickery bereft of the faintest semblance of sincerity, the people generally must take that view if it.

The Detroit Free Press says it will not support Mr. Bryan if the silver plank be retained in the Democratic platform. The Free Press supported Mr. McKinley in 1896, so that its decision involves no loss of strength for Mr. Bryan. It is also worth remembering that the Free Press is chiefly noted as a humorous paper.

Delegate Fischer of the Boers says Great Britain will have the same troubles in South Africa we are having in the Philippines. He says the Boers will disperse through the mountains and continue a guerrilla warfare until the last man is killed.

The gold Democrats of Indiana who say they cannot vote for Bryan and who abhor McKinley, may be reminded that Wharton Baker stands with outstretched arms announcing that he is a model candidate. Or they might vote the Prohibition ticket.

The consolidation of the First and Union National banks, of Chicago, is being talked over by the controling element in each. They have deposits, together, of over $60,000,000, and united would make the fifth largest bank in the country.

The sultan of Sulu has sized up the American nation with perspicuity. "You must not kill Americans," he says in a proclamation, "because they are like a bunch of matches and if you touch one the whole bunch will go off."

The Des Moines News observes that the backbone of the rebellion in the Philippines may be broken but it takes a lot of soldiers to keep it broken.

The New York Journal did splendid work in downing the ice trust. It may be "yellow" in some respects, but it does a lot of good for the people.

Speaker Henderson is said to be opposed to the bill for an increase in the army. The speaker represents public sentiment on this question.

It is evident from Lord Salisbury's remarks that the Boers must prepare for "benevolent assimilation" or trek farther north.

Mr. Rathbone purchased $6000 worth of safes to hold the Cuban postal funds. But he neglected to have somebody hold Negly.

The Chicago Tribune wants pure milk and peace. It will soon be clamoring for the earth.

Be sure your name is on the census rolls. It counts one.

And now there may be a war in China.

LINES TO A SMILE.

Chicago Post: "Young man," said her father, "I deem it my duty to ask if it isn't about time that you were saying something."

"Cert!" replied the youth. "What are you going to have?"

Indianapolis Journal: "That man you sent up to clean house is awfully stylish, Harry."

"Does he wear a silk hat?"

"No; but he beats the carpets with a golf stick."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Did you tell your father that I had proposed to you, Nancy?"

"Yes; but he said he couldn't consider any hearsay evidence; we must come in and let him hear you do it."

Chicago Record: "Mrs. Snibbs is such a clever woman; she has been president of nine different clubs."

"Well, Mrs. Dubbs is cleverer; she has been in clubs fifteen years and has always evaded getting into office."

Detroit Free Press: Higgins—Why don't you go to Cape Nome and get rich this summer?

Wiggins—I don't have to; I've got all the rooms in my summer hotel taken till October.

Washington Star: "I suppose that in order to get on in public life a man ought to study political economy."

"No, my boy. Don't try to skimp your legislature. What you want to study is political liberality."

Chicago Post: "You have no conception of the duties of your position," they said to the congressman who was "stumping" his district for the sixth time.

"What!" he cried indignantly. "No conception of the duties! Did you ever know any one to work more earnestly for re-election? And what higher duty is there than that?"

FOR HONOR'S SAKE.

A blush spread over her pretty face
That seemed to heighten her girlish grace;

She pursed her lips in a rosy bunch
That would tempt a god to a labial lunch!

He placed a hand underneath her chin
And raised it a trifle, with blushy grin!

Then stooped and exploded a rousing kiss
That seemed a burst of combustive bliss!

Her heart by the smacking was scarcely warmed—
'Twas an act of honor she had performed.

She had paid a bet she had lost—that's all—
On the Omaha-Denver game of ball!
—Colorado Springs Gazette.

Unknown Heroes.

Let me sing a song for the hero
Who fell unnamed, unknown—
Thet common soldier, lying
Beneath no costly stone—
Who fought where the foe was strongest
And, after the day was done,
Was merely among "the missing
Nine hundred and sixty-one."

Let me sing a song for the hero
Who knelt at the rail to pray
While the boats with the weeping women
And children were rowed away—
Who, being a man and gifted
With the strength God gives to men,
Was one of the "hundred sailors"
Who will ne'er tread decks again.

Let me sing a song for the hero
Who weary, wasted, wan—
With disease and the world against him—
Toiled hopefully, bravely on—
Who, robbed of earth's choicest pleasures—
Could smile as he wrought away,
And lies with the unnamed millions
Awaiting the judgment day.

Let me sing the song of the heroes
Who died unknown, unnamed,
And my song shall be of the bravest
That death and the grave e'er claimed!
And my song shall live the longest
Of all the songs e'er sung,
And still be the song of heroes
When the last sad knell is rung!
—S. E. KISER, in the Times-Herald.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Babies would seem a lot more human if they weren't so cute.

It's a funny thing that whenever there is any scandal going on, it is always the married women who know all about it first.

St. Paul believed the women ought to be made to keep quiet. If Paul had been a married man the Bible would have been smaller.

The average man generally has from nine to fourteen letters in his pockets that he hates to burn up and doesn't care to leave around.

If a woman is pretty enough she can have nine out of any ten men she meets, and if she isn't pretty enough she always wants the tenth.

Probably a woman is most ideally beautiful at the moment when she is holding up her skirt to keep it out of the mud with one hand and waving a parcel at a cable car with the other.

A Lost Opportunity.

Delano, Minn., Gazette: Why didn't someone think to put Bede on the delegation to Philadelphia? What fun he would have had making a nominating speech for McKinley. And then in case it became doubtful about Minnesota securing the vice presidency, J. Adam could have orated, winding up with an appeal to the convention to nominate a man from the Zenith City, at the head of the unsalted sea, or, somewhere about, and have suggested that the purest gold and shiniest bede was J. Adam.

Was Not Their Choice.

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: Take a Republican to one side and ask him: "Do you honestly expect to elect Page Morris this year?" and the chances are nine out of ten that he will languidly answer: "Oh, yes; I suppose we will have to now that he was given the nomination." Many a delegate went to Duluth hoping that some other man would be the candidate, but seeing how the machine had things fixed, thought it would be poor policy not to be in accord with it.

Least Forcible Objection.

Delano, Minn., Gazette: In casting about for a proper candidate for vice president as a running mate for W. J. Bryan several names have been offered. But to all some objection is at once brought out. The least forcible objection seems to be brought against Towne, that is locality. Of what account can such objection be? What weight can it cut with anybody if Towne was born in Michigan, moved to Chicago then to Duluth, and has been to Washington, and all over this country and part of Europe. So long as he is an American and suits the people?

Should Endorse Miller.

Two Harbors Iron News: It has always been the practice of Lake county delegates to Republican conventions, to heartily support St. Louis county candidates, or join that county in the support of any candidate whose nomination would benefit Duluth. It has become a recognized condition in state politics, that the three counties in Northeastern Minnesota could be counted as one. Now that Lake county has a candidate for nomination for a state office, there is considerable speculation as to how close the neighborly relations will be maintained. Lake county certainly has reason to expect a hearty endorsement of Mr. Miller by St. Louis county, and our neighbor will doubtless avail itself of this opportunity to return past favors.

IN MICHIGAN.

Bondsmen of Laurium's Absconding Water Board Secretary Will Fight.

Laurium—The bondsmen of Joseph R. Murphy, the departed secretary of the water board of Laurium, are going to fight the attempt of the village authorities to collect the amount of his deficit from them. They claim that they can not be held for the sum of his shortage, $2439.27.

Ishpeming—At the conference of upper peninsula city officials here to discuss tax matters, a resolution was passed instructing Chairman Harnett to appoint a committee on general legislation, to be composed of one member from each legislative district, which should be ready to act in the best interests of the upper peninsula and its industries whenever the occasion should demand.

Marquette—The Manilla Iron company has thrown up its option on section 6, near Iron Mountain, and suspended exploratory work. A couple of diamond drills were operated on the property for several months, but the results were not such as would warrant retaining the property. Section 6 has always been considered one of the likeliest propositions on the range, and that no marketable ore has been found is considered surprising. Large sums of money have been expended in exploring the property.

According to an order lately issued by Col. Robert K. Bates, the upper peninsula companies in the Third regiment, N. G., will be distributed in the battallons as follows: Company M, of Sault Ste. Marie in the First; Companies E, of Calumet, G, of Houghton; I, of Ironwood, and L, of Iron Mountain, in the Third. The latter battalion is commanded by Maj. P. D. MacNaughton of Iron Mountain.

The school board has chosen a new superintendent in place of Miss Anna M. Chandler, who is just finishing her thirteenth year here, the choice falling upon E. C. Thompson, now superintendent of the schools of Saginaw, West Side.

Ontonagon—At the Adventure mine, No. 1 shaft is fifteen feet below the third level, No. 2 is down to the second level and No. 3 has reached the third level. At No. 1 they are driving east and west on the first level. In this adit or drift there is much mass copper. The prospect in No. 2 shaft is in about 400 feet drifting on Butler lode. Here also can be seen much mass copper as well as good stamp rock. At No. 3 on third level they are driving towards Butler lode, and there is plenty good stamp rock as well as barrel work in sight. They have now proved the Butler lode for 2000 feet, the Knowlton lode for 1500 feet and the Merchant lode for 600 feet.

Houghton—The test of the Michigan rock at the Atlantic mill is near at hand. The mill is not quite ready for it, but the shipment of rock will begin at once over the Copper Range and Atlantic & Superior railroads. Fully 1000 tons will be included in the shipments, and the test will fully demonstrate the value, good or bad, of the Michigan rock. Shafts A and B of the new Michigan are now in splendid rock. Shaft A has been in good ground for some time, but shaft B had not entered the rich copper-bearing part of the vein until the last few days, and is now surprising everyone by the richness of the rock brought to the surface.

SAYS IT IS REASONABLE.

Democratic Convention Sergeant-at-Arms on Hotel Rate.

Kansas City, June 4.—Col. John I. Martin, sergeant-at-arms of the Democratic national committee, has arrived here and will establish permanent headquarters. Speaking of the charge that local hotelkeepers are making exorbitant charges, Col. Martin said: "Five dollars a day at the leading hotels is a reasonable rate. Kansas City's hotels are entitled to charge that rate."

The sub-committee of the national committee will meet here on Thursday, June 14, to consider, among other matters, the question of hotel rates.

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

Washington, June 4.—The conferees of the two houses of congress have agreed upon about two-thirds of the 155 items of disagreement on the sundry civil appropriation bill and have decided to reach an agreement of those items. The items of disagreement include those making an appropriation for the St. Louis exposition and for the memorial bridge across the Potomac, at Washington, and also those relating to rivers and harbors and lighthouses and public buildings.

Nelly—If you'll follow the direction faithfully, I'll wager my sweetest smile you'll gain 16 pounds by taking 3 packages of Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

HANNA TO BE RETIRED

Will Not Be Chairman Again of the Republican National Committee.

TO BE PAYNE OR DICK

But Hanna Will Probably Pull the Strings From the Background.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The rumor is frequently circulated in Washington and elsewhere that Senator Hanna will not have the active management of President McKinley's campaign for re-election this year. Just as often as this rumor is started, it is emphatically denied by the Ohio senator. The reason why he makes this denial so often and so emphatially is not given, but his most intimate friends know, at least they say they do, that Senator Hanna does not expect to be re-elected chairman of the Republican national campaign committee at Philadelphia.

As is well known, the chairman of the committee is elected by the members of the committee representing, as they do, all the states of the Union. The chairman, however, is usually dictated by the candidate. This will be the case this year, and it is pretty well known here that Mr. Hanna is not Maj. McKinley's choice for the chairmanship for the coming four years. It is understood that the president, in view of the fact that Mr. Hanna is a corporation man, and a so-called trust advocate, does not think it wise to have him put forward as his manager in the campaign which will begin after the Philadelphia convention is held. President McKinley realizes, however, that it will be wise for him to have Senator Hanna in some way connected with the Republican campaign this year, but if he is it will be in an advisory capacity. The man who will be chairman, in name at least, has not been determined upon, but it will be either Henry C. Pane, of Wisconsin, or Charles F. Dick, of Ohio. The latter has been more closely associated with Mr. Hanna in politics and business than has Mr. Payne. Therefore seems probable that the president will decide that, for this reason, he will have Col. Dick at the head of the national Republican committee rather than Mr. Payne.

Without doubt Mr. Hanna will pull the strings from behind the throne, so to speak, during the presidential canvass. In other words, while not the head of the committee, he will have nominal charge of the Republican campaign. By this, it is meant that while he will not direct affairs from the public viewpoint will, from behind the scenes, dictate to the regular chairman the plan of campaign and the different policies to be pursued in order to bring about Republican success if possible.

Republican politicans in Washington who have a desire for the re-election of Maj. McKinley are opposed to having Mr. Hanna re-elected to the chairmanship, and no one is better aware of this fact than President McKinley. This is one reason why the President will not request Senator Hanna to accept a re-election at Philadelphia, and will advise the national committee men from the different states, about the time the convention assembles, whether he prefers Col. Dick or Mr. Payne, placed at the head of the campaign committee.

That president McKinley will not find it convenient to get along without the services of Mr. Hanna, in some capacity, is known to be a fact. The president is of the opinion still that were it not for the fact that the Democrats and Populists can charge that Mr. Hanna is associated with trusts, he would again prefer to have him made national chairman. As the situation is at present, he will have some other man placed at the head of the committee, and will request Mr. Hanna to direct the caucus, practically as he did in 1896, without appearing to have much to do in managing the campaign work this year.

* * *

The situation respecting the election of a campaign manager for the Bryan ticket is still in an unsettled condition, though it is generally rumored by Democratic leaders that Senator James K. Jones will not be selected to manage the Democratic national campaign for 1900. It is still maintained that National Committeeman Johnson of Kansas will be Bryan's choice for the national chairman. While no friction exists between Mr. Bryan and Senator Jones, the former, it is believed, thinks that the campaign would be much more successful in the hands of a younger and more active man than Senator Jones. Johnson, of Kansas, has proved that he is a capable politican, that he is a tireless worker, and that as chairman of the committee he would be able to give more time and better judgment to the work under him than would the present Democratic national chairman. It is stated that, as Mr. Jones is not anxious to assume a leading part in the management of the Democratic national campaign this year, he will therefore retire gracefully, willing to serve and do all he can in a minor position to bring about the success of the Democratic national ticket in November.

Col. Bryan's actual decision regarding the management of his campaign will not be known until the Kansas City convention has nominated him for president and selected an associate for him on the national ticket. It goes without saying that if it would not appear undignified, Col. Bryan would assume the management of his own campaign, caring little whether he had the committee to work with him or not. In view of the fact, however, that it would not be proper, and further, that he must take the stump when the campaign opens, he will leave the details to Mr. Johnson, who will probably be the chairman, and as often as possible will take charge of affairs, believing himself to be a better politician than the majority of the men who will direct certain phases of the fight from the headquarters in Chicago.

The Democratic cause this year, some think, will be greatly assisted by the National Association of Democratic Clubs, of which William R. Hearst, publisher of the New York Journal and the San Francisco Examiner, has recently been elected president. It is admitted that a young man like Mr. Hearst will be able to put a tremendous amount of viger into the fight, and that, with the assistance of the two great papers which he controls on the two coasts, his part in the campaign will be forceable and, partially successful, to say the least.

* * *

Ex-Senator Washburn of Minnesota is more than a passive candidate for the Republican vice presidential nomination at Philadelphia. Within the past week the former senator has not only had personal representatives in this city looking after his interests, but they have also visited Philadelphia to further his chances there, if possible. It is not considered by wise politicans in the East that, if the vice presidential nomination goes to the West, Mr. Washburn will secure the honor. Gen. Washburn is probably looking for something to turn up in his favor, for the reason that the two wings of the Populist party have selected vice presidential candidates from the North Star state. Charles A. Towne was chosen as Col. Bryan's running mate, by the regular Populist convention, at Sioux Falls, S. D., early in May. Ignatius Donnelly, the famous Shakespearean scholar, was nominated for vice president at the national convention of the so-called middle-of-the-road Populists at Cincinnati, last May. If it is certain that Mr. Towne's nomination is affirmed by the Democrats, at Kansas City, in July, the Duluth statesman will cut a very extensive figure in the national campaign this year. It might be further stated that, if Mr. Towne's nomination for second place on the ticket with Mr. Bryan could be known in advance of the action of the Kansas City convention, Mr. Washburn might be selected at Philadelphia, two weeks in advance for Maj. McKinley's running mate. As it is impossible to foreshadow what the Kansas City delegates may do with Mr. Towne, the candidacy of Washburn at Philadelphia is not apt to disturb the quietness of the Quaker City.

While it is conceded that Washburn would be fully as capable of presiding over the more or less dignified United States senate, it is not conceded that he is the strongest vote-getter that could be put upon the ticket with Maj. McKinley. If the nomination must go to the West, say politicians of prominence in Washington, some other man than the would-be aristocratic Washburn, of Minnesota, can be found for this honor. The men mentioned are Representative Dolliver of Iowa, Speaker Henderson of the same state, Representative Mercer of Nebraska, former Senator Manderson, also of the same state, and Senator Wolcott of Colorado.

It can be seen from the foregoing, all the information having been obtained from prominent Republican politicans, that if the Republican vice presidential nomination for 1900 goes to the East, which is unlikely, the choice of the delegates to Philadelphia will not be Gen. Washburn. There are two men considered possible winners from the West. The man most talked of is Mr. Wolcott, and the free-to-all choice is Mr. Dolliver. Either one would add strength to the ticket because of his oratorical ability. Either could take the stump and be able to advance the interests of the presidential ticket. It is doubtful which would be found to be the best campaigner. It is a toss-up between the two. All this is mere gossip, however, for the reason that the delegates to the Philadelphia convention may decide to put in nomination some "Mossback" Republican from the East. If this decision is made, Secretary Long of the navy department will, at least, have the distinguished honor of running on the ticket with Maj. McKinley, and go down to defeat with him at the polls next November.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

BEDS WANTED.

How Will the Excursionists to Duluth Be Taken Care of?

To the Editor of The Herald:

Speaking of excursions coming please understand that, in addition to other crowds to be here next week, two railroad excursions have their dates set to be here at the same time, coming early on Friday afternoon to remain until Sunday evening.

One of these comes over the Northern Pacific, from Morris, Glenwood, Sauk Center, Little Falls, Brainerd and other cities. The other, over the Great Northern, comes from Willmar, St. Cloud, Sauk Rapids, Brook Park, Sandstone and other towns in that region.

Just one week later two other excursions come, one over the Northern Pacific, from Millnor, Breckenridge, Fergus Falls, Wadena, Staples, etc., and the other over the Great Northern, from Sioux City, Sioux Falls, Pipestone, Marshall and other towns on that line.

These excursionists are a most desirable people to have visit our city. They will remain here two days and a half and they come to spend money. They are willing to pay at least 50 cents each for lodging, and will take meals at the restaurants when not supplied by our own people otherwise.

They do not expect our merchants to contribute funds to carry them around the bay nor over the boulevard. On the contrary many of them, knowing the metropolitan character of our stores, come here to pay money to our merchants, and nearly all of them will patronize our places of amusement, our hotels, our pleasure boats, our transportation lines, our livery men and our restaurants.

The Duluth improvement association is sending out posters and circulars, descriptive of Duluth to the newspapers in the region whence these excursions come, with a view of increasing attendance, well knowing that such excursion is worth several thousand dollars to our city.

In all this I have taken great pleasure and would now, were it not for concern that in consequence of several excursions being bunched together on the same day, the strangers coming would not have a chance to get sleeping accommodations while they are here.

I have tried to get two of these excursions put off to another date, but without avail. The railroad authorities seem to think that Duluth can take care of all the excursionists they can bring here, and we ought to, but it so happens that every hotel and boarding house is filled with guests at the present time, and I have no knowledge at this writing, where 500 strangers, coming to town, can find a place to sleep.

And yet I believe there are vacant beds enough in this city to accommodate 5000 strangers if we knew where they are. Accompanied by an assistant the other day, in two hours, I found sleeping places for 250 persons. We found a bed here and two beds there. We canvassed enough to discover that a house to house canvass would find hundreds of beds in private houses not in use at the present time. But the difficulty is to ferret them out.

I have not the time myself, and the Improvement association does not have the money in its treasury, to employ any persons to make the canvass. Under the circumstances we are right up against the hard fact that several thousand people are coming here and there is no place for them to sleep during the two nights they are here.

What shall be done about it? What do the business people of Duluth purpose?

The facts are that every vacant bed in the city, from Lester Park to West Duluth, should be registered at the office of the Improvement association, so that we could assign these guests who come to patronize our people, to a place to sleep when night comes. As it is we are powerless.

Are there not some public spirited people here who will take this matter up and cause a canvass to be made for sleeping accommodations? We can entertain 5000 strangers in this city if that is done. If it is not done we have but one recourse left and that is to appeal to Superior to receive and care for these excursionists.

I would not write about this if I did not feel myself considerably responsible for our conditions. For some weeks I have been corresponding with the general passenger agents of railways to induce them each to bring excursions here this summer. In this I fully stated that we could take care of one excursion per week and that was the way I planned for them to come, but it so happens that three large excursions are to be here at the same time.

I do not want to write to the railroad officers that we cannot entertain their passengers. I am afraid if we do that that they will declare the whole excursion business off for this season. We want the excursions to come. We want them to see our city and understand our prospects. Many of these people will come again, we hope, and become permanent residents. These excursions are a grand means of advertising our city if we entertain these strangers rightly and it should be plain to everyone that they will be a source of large revenue to our city.

At th elowest calculations the two railroad excursions next week will bring 3000 people. Figure the amount of money they leave in this city during a two-days' stay.

And not only is it next week but the week after, and so on throughout the season.

Though we may invite people to send in locations having accommodations, the number who will respond is so small as to make that means entirely unreliable. There is no method other than a house to house canvass finding 2000 beds in order to absolutely know what we can do when strangers pour into our city and fill our streets next week.

My acquaintance with the business men of Duluth has taught me to have very high respect for their sagacity and enterprise. Duluth would not be what it is were it not for their energy and ability. And now that their attention is directed to this emergency let us hope that they will so take this matter in hand as to maintain the reputation of this city as a splendid place for excursionists to come and be entertained.

We will have to make this canvass this week. We must know by next Monday what we can do. If we are compelled to land our passengers on the other side of the bay we must let the railroad authorities and the Superior people know that fact in time so that they may arrange accordingly. THOMAS E. HILL,
Room 621 Chamber of Commerce building.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

NO SUNDAY PERFORMANCES.

Police Refuse to Allow Pavilion Show to Be Given.

The order of the police department against theatrical performances on Sunday caused the presentation of "Shanty Town" billed for the Pavilion yesterday, to be postponed. This was in line with the closing of the Parlor theater on Sundays soon after the new administration went in. A large number of people went to the Pavilion yesterday to see the performance and were turned away about as much disappointed as the management was when the police insisted that the curtain should not ring up. Permission to give a moving picture exhibit on Park Point last evening, was also denied by the police.

This evening Frank Murphy's farce comedy combination will present "Shanty Town" at the Pavilion and the performance will be given each evening this week with a matinee on Saturday afternoon.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props.,
Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE BEST RESULTS

are obtained in

The Oldest and Largest Company.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company

of New York,

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

This Company Paid to Policy-holders in 1899,

$26,369,036.

It holds in trust for them

$301,844,537.

In The Mutual Life Insurance Company the profits go to the insured, and these profits, from 1843 to 1899, amount to

$99,982,032.

No other Company in the world has attained such results.

Prospective Policy-holders who desire information regarding forms of insurance; **Prospective Agents, men and women** who desire profitable contracts with the **Greatest Insurance Company** in the world, will please address

W. H. SQUIER,
District Manager,
Burrows Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

E. W. PEET & SON, Managers,
Manhattan Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
5 NIGHTS ONLY.
COMMENCING TUESDAY ..... JUNE 5th
The management take pleasure in announcing the return engagement of America's Fun-Makers.
THE FLINTS
Presenting a unique program of all the latest novelties in the science of suggestion, introducing the greatest laugh provoker on the stage, Grace Marion Flint, the only lady hypnotist.
Prices—Dress Circle 75c, Parquette 50c, Family Circle and Balcony 45c, Gallery 25c.

R. CAPOUL CUTTRISS WARDE

The celebrated Vocal and Dramatic Master of Chicago, and formerly of the first opera houses of Europe and America will be in Duluth June, July, August and September, and will receive pupils in voice culture, singing, elocution and dramatic art in all its branches. Circulars to be fouad at The Duluth Music Co's Store.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.
VAUDEVILLE'S BRIGHT LIGHTS.
Fine Vaudeville Show.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.

SPEAKS TO THE CLASS

Dr. Forbes Delivers Baccalaureate Sermon to High School Graduates.

TEXT IS BEATITUDES

Presents the Lessons and Beauty of the Sermon on the Mount.

The Baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of 1900 of the Duluth high school was delivered last evening in the First M. E. church by Rev. Dr. Forbes. Professor Smith, in introducing him to the audience, said: "Previous to the last ten or fifteen years the Baccalaureate address was confined to colleges and universities, but thank God that now the pupils of this, our school of the people, can have the privilege of hearing words which, uttered at a time when many of them enter upon the hard world to toil for their daily bread, may contain some thought to be ever kept in their memories. Dr. Long had been invited to preach to you this evening, but in his absence we all feel thankful to secure for this evening Dr. Forbes."

Dr. Forbes took for his text the fifth chapter of Matthew, giving the beatitudes one by one and explaining their meaning. He spoke in part as follows:

"Before me this evening are assembled a number of young people of the class of 1900. I do not know what your religious training may have been—orthodox or liberal, heretical or skeptical—but in whatever atmosphere of belief you have been raised, the glorious fifth chapter of Matthew should appeal to you. We read every day of great changes which are taking place in this world about us, in education, etc. Even the constitution of the United States is changing, but we never think of suspending one beatitude of the glorious old Bible. We feel instinctively that when the beatitudes are fully accepted, all our hard problems will be solved and the world will be a beautiful haven of righteousness. I may turn over to a chapter in Proverbs, where I will find thoughts unconnected thrown together like a casket of precious jewels of different sizes and materials. I may turn over again and find a chapter where one by one in systematic order the expressions are written. The beatitudes are like this last, and everyone that comprehends their meaning and lives up to their theories will be blessed. In the thirteenth verse it says, 'Ye are the salt of the earth.' This earth needs salt. The power of salt is in its power of preventing putrefaction. 'Ye are the salt of the earth,' then prevent its putrefaction not in the future but in the everlasting present, for in spite of the fact that I am a thorough optimist, I must say that this world is bad. The general conference of our church and the national congress of our country meet for the same purpose, to aid fallen humanity. The preacher in the pulpit and the policeman in the street hold their position for the same purpose, to aid fallen humanity, for human nature is bad. People sing and write of its dignity, when the most rigid laws cannot prevent the crimes committed every day. Before, however, you young people can reach out and aid it you must know the experience of the beatitudes. They teach lessons never to be forgotten.

"'Blessed are the poor in heart, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven.' When each one comes to a full realization of the poorness of his own composition and profits by it, then to each one shall the kingdom of man be given. Then shall everyone be anxious for the welfare of his neighbor; shall have a touch of Christ's unselfishness, for the Son of Man had not where to lay His head. Some of you here could die for some special friend of yours, but He died for His enemies and prayed for them, so when every man is poor in spirit then will naturally follow, 'Blessed are they that mourn,' for everyone that sins and repents mourns over that sin. When I sit in prayer meeting and hear a man who has repented of great wrongdoing get up and recite with apparent satisfaction some of his wrongdoing, I always think that there is some of it still left in him, for at repentence God removes our sins from us as far as the east is from the west, and we should strive to forget them. No Christian experience can be labelled; it does not always begin in repentence, but is rather a mixture of faith and repentence blended. If anyone should ask Moses in heaven about his faults, I am quite sure he would say, 'I am sorry they ever existed.'

"'Blessed are the meek' comes next. If one is meek he can learn the greatest lessons from the lowest. I have been in prayer meeting and have learned some lesson which has helped me more than any great lesson I ever studied. I have heard some suggestion fall from the lips of one who was meek, and being meek myself, it has helped me. It has been in my memory all through life. If we are meek it will naturally follow that 'Blessed are they that hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled.' Think of the power we may have but for the asking.

"'Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy.' When I see a man in the street who is kind to his dog or horse, I think that, no matter how he may have sinned, there is hope for him, something good in him. When I see a drunkard reeling homeward, and see his little child run out to meet him, all unconscious of his guilt, and see the spark of love and mercy left so far in him that he takes the little one up and kisses her, then I say, 'Even shall the Father do likewise unto thee.'

"'Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God.' God's people are all pure in heart. There may be a few who put on the cloak of Christianity to hide their base selves. These are impure in heart; but God's true children are always pure.

"'Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God.' From every parish in which I have been

"Evil Dispositions Are Early Shown."

Just so evil in the blood comes out in shape of scrofula, pimples, etc., in children and young people. Taken in time it can be eradicated by using Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Medicine. It vitalizes and enriches the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

THE "GUARANTY COUPON" Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER is Guaranteed to the dealer and user against imperfections. Look for the Name on every loop. SEE THIS COUPON—on Yellow Paper—is on every pair

NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS

The Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER

No Stitching in the Elastic.

NO TORN AND DANGLING STOCKINGS.

Of Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.

GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

LOOK For the NAME ON EVERY LOOP.

rises up the face of someone, man, woman or child, whose peacemaking spirit drew the love of all after it, whose influence shall live forever.

"'Blessed are they which are persecuted for righteousness sake.' When I was a boy an old bishop prayed these words: 'We thank thee, Lord, for thine afflictions visited upon us, for there is joy in them.' It touched me then, although I had not sounded the depths of those wonderful words then. But since I have caught glimpses of their meaning, although their full weight has never borne in upon me. Truly there is a sweet secret joy in the sufferings we endure for the Master's sake. I stood at the grave of Martin Luther and of John Wesley with uncovered head, and thought of how truly those words had come home to them. The world is no friend to grace. There are hundreds of men in every land, Protestant and Catholic, who have found a secret joy in sorrow, who have given their lives for their God.

"Young graduates, I wish that heaven's brightest sun shall shine ever upon your pathway, but I fear it will not be so, and when your young heads for the first time are bowed with some great grief, remember that an old preacher told you in 1900 that there is a sweet joy in sorrow. According to your opportunity see that the world gets a moral and spiritual lift at your hands, and that the world is better for your having lived in it."

AMUSEMENTS.

WARD AND VOKES.

Ward and Vokes presented a performance called "The Floor Wlakers,, at the Lyceum Saturday evening and pleased a large audience. It is doubtful if there was a person in the house who could tell why it was called "The Floor Walkers" for there was nothing in it to indicate why, but then the name was neither here nor there, for it could be called most anything. It was merely a complication of clever dancing, singing, comedy and farce. It opened with a rush and it ended with a rush and it was rush all through. Parts of it can be criticised of course, but it was what it pretended to be and everybody was satisfied or ought to be. Ward and Vokes are clever comedians of the style which they follow and they have a fine company with them. George Sidney in a Hebrew character was quite as good as the principles and was responsible for a large part of the fun. Lucy Daly, always good, was at her best and seems to grow more active and vivacious every day. Margaret Daly Vokes was very clever also. The singing was a great feature of the performance and was among the best ever heard here in a similar performance. The Chicago Ladies quartet made a great hit and deserved all the favors shown it. The four ladies are fine singers and their voices blend beautifully.

THE FLINTS.

Tomorrow evening the Flints will open at the Lyceum and remain for the balance of the week. The entertainment which they give not only astonishes but creates great laughter. The laughter is genuine, and there is no trace of anything course or low in it. The experiments are chaste and delicate, and the work of Grace Marion Flint, in particular, is a marvel of good taste. She is the very perfection of a hypnotist.

CONTRACT IS AWARDED.

Pearson & Fawcett Will Build the Monroe School.

At the regular monthly meeting of the board of education Saturday night the contract for the new Monroe school was awarded to Pearson & Fawcett. The figure is not definitely fixed, owing to some changes that will be made in the original specifications, but it will be in the neighborhood of $27,000. There were seven bids tendered, and most of the contractors were there when they were opened by President Salter. As turned in, based on the old specifications, the bids were as follows: G. H. Lounsberry, $27,430; Watterworth & Fee, $27,500; Pearson & Fawcett, $27,275; C. E. Evans, $28,420; McLeod & Smith, $28,000; L. D. Campbell, $28,355, and James Sampson, $28,607.

All of the bidders provided for changes in their bids in case certain changes should be made in the specifications, as the building committee had intimated might be the case. These included changing the wood steps to cement, changing the character of the material used for sound-deadening purposes, differences in the sort of stone and roofings to be used, and also the quality of brick. It was decided last night that cement steps should be used and a slate roof put on, but the other questions will come up at the next meeting, which will be held a week from Wednesday.

As the bid of Pearson & Fawcett appeared to be the lowest, the contract was awarded to them, with the provision that it must be finished by Oct. 1.

It was reported to the board that there is a saloon between Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenues west on Superior street, within 350 feet of the Adams school, whereas the statutes prescribe that they cannot be located within 400 feet of a school building. The city council was asked to have the saloon removed.

The building committee reported that it had received one bid for the old Monroe school building, from Watterworth & Fee at $375. The bid was accepted. Because coal is cheaper in the summer than it is in the winter the board decided to advertise for bids for a supply of coal to be presented at the July meeting. This is done instead of waiting until fall.

Will Get the Best.

L. N. Scott the Twin City theatrical man came through from New York Saturday with Col. Dick Ball of the Forepaugh-Sells Bros. Circus which is to be here early next month. Mr. Scott is very enthusiastic over the prospects of theatricals next season saying the phenominal business done in all companies in the northwest this year makes it very easy to book the very best now. Mr. Scott saw the circus in Boston and in his opinion it is one of the best ever sent out on the road. It will go West from here for a trip of the Pacific coast.

WILL BE IMPROVED

Street Railway Consolidation to Be Followed By Large Expenditure.

BOTH SIDES OF BAY

Reorganization Plan Provides Half Million Dollars to Make Improvements.

Some time ago The Herald made the announcement that the Duluth and Superior street railway systems would be under one management and ownership after July 1 if the negotiations which were under way should terminate without a hitch. That one should develop seemed at the time extremely unlikely, and the people concerned in the deal are proceeding as if there was no possibility of one coming up.

A few days ago amended articles of incorporation were filed by the Duluth Street Railway company, authorizing the company to extend its lines to Superior, Wis., increasing the debt limit to $2,500,000; providing for nine directors to be selected in July of this year, the present board to act in the interval. This is one of the steps in the matter of the consolidation of the systems, and indicates still more clearly that there is little doubt that it is going through.

Those interested in the company as it will be when the reorganization goes through will be practically the same people who are in the Duluth Street Railway company now. This means G. G. Hartley and L. Mendenhall of Duluth, and Thomas Lowry, of Minneapolis, and possibly some other Duluth people. There will also be in the new company a number of Philadelphia and other Eastern people who have been interested in Duluth for some time. Among these are Messrs. Snyder and Wright, two Philadelphia men who have large interests in real estate in Duluth.

The plan for the reorganization of the companies under one management provides for the expenditure of a large amount of money in the improvement of the systems and the equipment. It is the intention to provide $500,000 to be spent in rebuilding and equipping the two roads. Of this amount about $350,000 will be spent on the Duluth lines and $150,000 on the Superior system. Both lines have need of much improvement, and this sum of money will be sufficient to put them in first class shape.

One of the principal improvements which the new company is to make is the putting into the service between Duluth and Superior of double truck cars of large size and rapid speed. This is something the need for which has long been felt, and which it has always been the intention of the Duluth company to put into effect. It is probable, too, that double truck cars may be put on other lines in the city where there is considerable travel, for they are less expensive in the matter of repairs than the other style of cars, not suffering the same jolting and straining.

The tracks in Duluth in places are in very bad condition, and it is enough to make one sea sick to ride when the cars are running rapidly. The officials of the company know this just as well as the patrons, and will remedy it as soon as possible. It is not probable, however, that the Superior street track will be repaired very much until the street is paved. Then the company will put down a very fine track, with very heavy welded rails, in all probability.

The Superior system is likely to be made standard gauge throughout as soon as it can be done. At present almost the entire line is narrow gauge.

NOT SCIENTIFIC BUT A STAYER.

Napoloan Filian, the Lumber Shover, Scores Another Victory.

In one of the fastest fights seen by the local fraternity in recent years, Napoleon Filian, the West Duluth lumber shover won from Charley Williams, who was billed as a "mysterious unknown," yesterday afternoon. The mill lasted eight rounds and was fierce from the tap of the gong. It was fought on a scow out on Lake Superior about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. As a result West Duluth sports have enough money to buy a new fire engine.

Williams would undoubtedly have won the decision on points. He is clever, blocks neatly and has the game down in good shape, but he lacks the ability to stay with a heavy mixer like Filian. The Frenchman entered the ring tipping the scales at 146 and Williams was about eleven pounds lighter. Williams put up a game fight throughout, but in the eighth round the lumber shover swung a terrific left to the jaw and Williams took the count.

Williams wants another go with the Frenchman, but to the sports that saw yesterday's mill it was clearly demonstrated that though more clever and shiftier than his opponent, his chances would be light in another bout.

THE GRADUATING CLASS.

List of Those Who Will Leave Duluth High School.

When the graduating exercises of the class of 1900 from the Duluth high school takes place Friday evening, fifty-four young men and women will pass out from their four years in that school with diplomas testifying that their work has been done well. The members of the class are as follows:

Arthur Becklinger, Melvin Becklinger, Emma Black, Charles Claypool, Alice Cooley, Agatha Cotter, Francis Daley, Willietta Daley, Drew Dunn, Sturia Einarson, Minnie Fedi, Maude French, Tillie Goodwin, Louis Glassner, George Gregory, Walter Harris, Louise Hopkins, Lizie Hoyt, Byron Howard, Bertha Jones, Florence Jacques, Mary Jamieson, Mertie Jeffrey, Louis Kinder, Kathryn Kennedy, Alice Lautenschlager, Harold LeTourneau, Jeannie Mann, Rosa Meinhardt, Elof Nelson, Baillie Pearson, Will Pryor, Carrie Peterson, Halvarda Standahl, Edith Strum, Marie Starkson, Edith Stjerberg, Gertrude Seery, Ed. O'Brien, Leif Stenson, Henry Talbeys, Walter Totman, Robert Haig, Minnie Yager, Philip Smith, Lizzie Merritt, Stella Burg; Irma Richards, Sadie Mondschine, Louise Lowe, Lillian Scott, Alice Shannon, Corah Colbrath, Edna Riley.

Don't Fool with a Fan

It's a useless exertion. There's more concentrated coolness and refreshing comfort in one glass of

HIRES Rootbeer

than a family of fans can furnish.

Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

Charles E. Hires Co. Malvern, Pa.

FOR YEARS THE WIENER BRAND OF BLATZ THE STAR MILWAUKEE BEER

has been held in highest regard by beer drinkers everywhere.

The finest components unite in one delightful result, beer perfection.

...Order a Case sent to the house...

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.
DULUTH BRANCH 'PHONE 62

SACRED HEART INSTITUTE.

Graduating Exercises at Association Hall Tuesday Evening.

Tomorrow evening the graduating exercises of the Institute of the Sacred Heart will be held in Catholic Association hall. Those to be graduated are Miss Teresa Beatrice Fogarty, of Duluth, and Miss Catherine Hilaria Heinen, of Hastings, Minn. An elaborate program has been prepared. Gold medals will be conferred as follows: For good conduct, Miss Katherine Ethen; medal of honor in scientific course, Miss Teresa Fogarty; medal of honor in literary course, Miss Katherine Heinen; medal for domestic economy, Miss Olive Reeves; order and neatness, Miss Gertrude Wright; Christian doctrine, Miss Estelle Miller; good conduct, Miss Martha Stone. Diplomas of graduation from the eighth grade to the high school will be conferred on the following: Elizabeth O'Keefe, Lillian Koop, Alice Lambert, Mary Hines, Pelagzit Beyeska, Mary Pratchiener, Susan Raetz, Katherine Ethen, Rose Fiebiger, Emma Brown, Gertrude Wright, Ida Magie.

The program will be as follows:

Chorus—"Merry Birds" ..... Franz Abt

Recitation—"Jakle's Recipe for Watermelon Pickles" ..... Anonymous
Lucile Bradley.

Piano trio—"Der Freischuetz" .....
..... M. von Weber
Emma Brown, Minnie Digle, Susan Raetz.

Motion song—"Winkity Wee" .....
..... L. Bristow
Juniors.

Recitation—"Frau Hitt" ..... Egan Ebert
Catherine Heinen.

Chorus, trio—"Laudate Puerl Dominum" ..... Mendoelssohn-Bartholdy
Class.

Banjo selection—"The Darkie's Dream" .....
..... C. Lansing
Misses C. Ferris, B. Jacques, M. Anderson, L. Bradley, M. Bartlett, S. Raetz.

Essay—"Progress of American Catholic Literature" .....
Teresa Fogarty.

"Mary, Queen of Scots." .....
A tragedy in Pantomime.

NOT ANXIOUS TO GO.

Supt. Denfeld Prefers Duluth to St. Paul.

The St. Paul Dispatch of Saturday contains the statement that R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the Duluth schools, is a candidate for a similar position in St. Paul, and that he stood some chance of getting in, as he had some support among the members of the board. Mr. Denfeld returned Saturday evening from St. Paul, and he denied this story. He was in St. Paul in reference to the position, he said, but so far from being a candidate, he had declined to become one. He was invited by several members of the St. Paul board of education to go there and become a candidate, but after looking the field over he positively declined to be a candidate. The salary there is $5000 per year, and as the position offered him nothing better than he has here he declined to make the change. He was recently re-elected superintendent of the Duluth schools for a term of two years.

Great Day's Business.

The stores of Duluth enjoyed an immense trade Saturday. It was one of the finest days they have had this year, and all day long were crowded with shoppers. The fine business extended to all lines, dry goods, clothing, shoes, flowers and in fact every line. Business in Duluth has been excellent the entire year, and the merchants of the city are in excellent humor over the prospect for the summer. They anticipate great trade all the year.

Printers Elect Officers.

Duluth Typographical union, No. 153, held its annual election of officers yesterday afternoon, and the following were chosen: President, H. Dworschak; vice president, R. Rutherford; secretary-treasurer, G. A. Bergstrom; recording secretary, Miss Van Auken; board of trustees, C. Carlson, R. Percy Coburn and Otto Gross; sergeant-at-arms, J. F. Dwyer; auditing committee, C. E. Brown, C. Carlson and William Ferguson. Delegates to Trades and Labor assembly, Otto Gross, W. J. Moran and H. Dworschak.

Lady Foresters Grand Ball

At Odd Fellows hall, Wednesday evening, June 6. Tickets, 50 cents.

Novel Uniforms For Baltimore & Ohio Employes.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad management has introduced an innovation in uniforming its entire corps of train and station employes.

The Conductors' suits are made of navy-blue serge, three-button cutaway coats, embellished with gold B. & O. buttons and monogram "B. & O." in shield device on coat collar, with appropriate cap.

Baggagemen and Brakemen, sack suit of dark blue "Slater" cloth and gold B. & O. buttons, with shield device on coat collar and cap to match.

Train Porters, sack coat of same material as trainmen, with silver buttons and trimmings and cap of khaki.

Station Masters, "Slater" cloth suits, Prince Albert coats with two rows of five gold buttons on breast and gold metal badge on cap.

Stationmen, dark blue "Slater" cloth suits, with square-crown black silk caps; and Station Porters with brown corduroy trousers, dark blue flannel shirts with initials "B. & O." in white across the breast, and khaki cap.

These attractive uniforms will enable the traveler to readily distinguish Train and Station employes, who at all times will be prepared to courteously render any service and furnish all information possible to patrons of the road.

"South Shore Limited No. 8"

Now leaves Duluth at 7 p. m. This train carries dining car serving meals "a la carte."

Daylight express leaves Duluth at 8:15 a. m.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN.

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

FACTS, NOT FALLACIES

Are what our advertising columns represent. Sales that give satisfaction are the kind we are making. Those **confidence-creating** values, and **eye-pleasing** novelties in Dress Goods are now attracting buyers economically disposed, and of good taste from every part of the surrounding country.

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

50 dozen 5-8 Napkins, full bleached, pure Irish Linen, cheap at $2. Tuesday, dozen **$1.50**

25 dozen 3-4 Napkins, satin finish, full bleached all linen, worth $2.25. Tuesday, dozen **$1.90**

100 dozen Towels, Huck Towels and Damask Towels, hem stitched, and double open work ends, 22x45 in. Sell at 38c. Your choice Tuesday, each **25c**

72-inch Bleached Damask, Irish manufacture, all pure linen, cheap at 69c. Tuesday, yard **55c**

72-inch Cream Damasks, heavy Irish manufacture, all pure linen, worth 90c. Tuesday, yd. **62½c**

72-inch Bleached Damasks, fine satin finish, new designs, cheap at $1.35, at **$1.12½c**

White Goods Department.

Fancy White Embroidered Swisses—the newest creations in White Goods—per yard **35c**

Fancy White Dimities, lace stripes, fancy stripes, figures, etc.—per yard, only **25c**

Fancy White Piques, in cords and figures, worth up to 40c—per yard, at **25c**

Fancy White Piques, in plain cords and figures—per yard, at **50c**

Flannel Department.

36-inch White Embroidered Flannels, all pure wool - per yard, at **75c**

1 case Outing Flannels, light and dark colors, 10c quality—per yard, at **8c**

Silkoline Comforts, large size, well made, all colors—each at **$1.50**

Silkoline Comforts, large size, flounced—each, at only **$1.75**

Cotton Blankets, full 10-4 size, cheap at 75c—per pair, only **59c**

Wool Blankets, large size, in plaids and plain colors, worth $3.50—Tuesday, per pair **$2.98**

SHEETINGS.

25-pieces 9-4 Boston Sheetings, bleached, sold all over at 28c. Tuesday at **22½c**

42x36-inch Pillow Cases worth 15c; 46x36-inch Pillow Cases, worth 17c; 48x36-inch Pillow Cases, worth 19c; 50x36-inch Pillow Cases, worth 21c—Your choice Tuesday at **12½c**

100 Colored Bed Spreads, full size, fringe all round, sold at other stores at $2.25. Our price **$1.50**

Art Needle Work Department.

A most exquisite showing of the season's newest and prettiest novelties in Battenberg, Honiton, Mexican Drawn Work, Stamp Linens, Pillow Cords, Pillow Tops and Table Covers.

Battenberg Instruction Books—"How to make Battenberg and Point Lace" is a new publication of high authority on this popular work. Every lady interested should have one—it is actually worth 50c—our price **25c**

Mexican Drawn Work—Our stock is new and fresh, with the latest designs at astonishing prices.

Doilies—at from ..... ***35c to $2.75***

Pillow Tops—Many are the lavish and genuine compliments we receive daily on our exquisite line of pillow tops. We have them stamped, started and finished, in all popular fabrics. Prices ..... **25c to $1.75**

Pillow Cords—An almost endless variety of Mercerized Cotton and Silk Pillow Cords. We can match any combination of color; prices ..... **12½c to 30c**

Battenberg Braid Special—As a leader we will sell it by the piece—at, per yard **1c**

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Smith's Velvet and Axminster Carpets; good line of patterns without borders—yard **89c**

Tapestry Brussels, regular 65c quality—per yard **50c**

Straw Mattings—50 rolls, all colors, regular 15c and 18c quality. Monday, per yard **10c**

Ingrain Remnants in lengths of 1½ to 5 yards—sell regularly at 75c to 85c. Monday—yard **40c**

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

Lace Curtains—An odd lot of one, two and three pairs of a kind in Brussels, Irish Point, Nottinghams and Scotch Nets to be closed out Monday at about one-half regular prices.

Curtain Swiss, 36 inches wide, advertised as a big bargain at 12½c. Our price Monday—yard **10c**

Silkolines—Best quality 36-inch figured Silkoline. Monday—per yard **10c**

50 pieces plain Denims for floor covering, fillings, etc. Monday—yard **16c**

GREAT SILK SALE.

Silk bargains—great reductions—remarkable values—cut prices do not need a preface—silk values at this sale are more convincing than any word we may print—

Printed Foulards—All our $1.25 and $1.50 Imported French Foulards in Parisians, Oriental and Dresden designs—sale price **98c**

Swiss Taffeta Silks—1000 yards handsome Silk Taffetas and printed and India Silks—$1.00 values—sale price **50c**

Black Silks—Satin Duchesne—Regence—Peau de Soie—Satin de Lyon—Gros Grain—Taffetas—$1.50 to $2.50 values **98c**

Wash Silks—85c Corded Wash Silks—sale price **50c**

WASH GOODS REDUCED.

$1.00 Silk Zephyrs, 85c Silk Ginghams, 75c Wash Fabrics, 75c Poie de Satin, 65c Poult de Soie, foreign Piques—sale price **48c**

A splendid assortment of fine Wash Fabrics in foreign Dimities, Foulox Cloths, Imported Swisses, Silk Ginghams, 40c, 45c and 50c fabrics—sale price **25c**

At 12½c—The quantity is large. Cotton fabrics of the highest rank. A great surprise awaits here. Values up to 40c—sale price **12½c**

BLACK DRESS GOODS SALE.

$1.00 Black Goods, such as Crepons, Mohairs, Brocades, values up to $1.00—sale price **50c**

$4.00 and $2.75 Black Crepons, all Mohair—all silk, at ..... **$2.00 and $1.25**

Colored Moreens—At our lining counter—Moreens in checks, plaids and fancies—75c price, per yard **25c**

COLORED DRESS GOODS SACRIFICED.

A sacrifice, Money will be lost by us on every yard sold. We loose it wisely, you may gain it gratefully

$1.50—56-inch Bannockburn Tweeds in popular grays, oxfords, tans, sold in this city at $1.50 and $1.25—sale price **69c**

$1.25—50-inch all wool Homespuns in navies, grays, oxfords, browns, tans, etc., $1.25 values—sale price **69c**

75c—Jamestown Fancy Mixtures, the time for these goods to depart is here, they will go quickly at **25c**

$2.50 Black Plaid Suitings at **$1.49**

$1.85 Plaid Black Suitings at **$1.18**

Lace Department.

New patterns of Venise all-overs in ecru and white, with bands and galloons to match, per yard—

85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.98, $2.50

Fine French Valenciennes Laces and Insertions—new bow knot and Honiton patterns, per yard—

10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c

Real Valenciennes Laces and Insertions, per yard—

45c, 55c, 75c

New patterns in cream and white Oriental Laces—wide tops—heavy edges, per yard— **45c, 65c, 75c**

Nottingham all-overs—for wash dresses, per yard—

75c, 85c, $1.25, $1.35

Lawn Puffing with Valenciennes Insertions—for wash dresses, per yard— **$1.25, $1.50, $1.75**

Blouse Waist Fronts, trimmed with Valenciennes Lace and embroidery, per yard— **$2.25 to $3.50**

Lace stripe all-overs—an elegant assortment—beautiful patterns, per yard— **$1.25 to $4.25**

Bargain Counter No. 4.

100 pieces wide and narrow laces—worth up to 25c a yard. Pick, per yard **5c**

Parasols—On Bargain Counter No. 5.

500 Parasols, handsomely assorted colors, many of them worth $7.50—your choice at **$2.75**

Millinery Specialties. White Hats for Graduates.

Trimmed in all conceivable styles, and at prices such as will surprise even the most economically inclined.

SAILORS. ALL STYLES, ALL STRAWS, ALL PRICES.

Boys' Straw Hats at ***50c***

Boys' and Girl's Sun Hats ..... ***15c to $1.25***

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

We have everything except old stock.

100 dozen new Washable Waists in fine colored Percale, the kind other stores advertise worth $1.50; our price never was any more **98c**

100 dozen new White Lawn Waists, daintily tucked, newest effect; would be cheap at $1.25— our price **98c**

100 dozen new colored Waists in all the new Wash Fabrics,

$1.25, $1.49, $1.75 and $1.98

Small stores would ask you twice as much for same kind.

25 dozen White Lawn Geisha Waists, all exclusive styles and effect; some imported, others American makes: price—

$2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $2.98, $3.50, $4.50 to $8

Colored Wash Underskirts in fancy stripes, deep flounce, and several rufiles on sale at— **69c, 89c and 98c**

GLOVES.

We have the most complete line of Ladies' and Misses' White and Kid Silk Gloves.

Ladies' 3-clasp White Kid Gloves, with black or self stitchings—per pair, at **$1.00**

Ladies' Alexandria White Kid Gloves, pair } **$1.50**
Ladies' Fownes' Dagmar Kid Gloves, pair }

Fownes' La Tosca with stitched backs, raised effects, 2 pearl fasteners—per pair **$2.00**

Ladies' White Silk Gloves, double tipped fingers—a pair

75c and $1.00

Ladies' White Taffeta Gloves as low as **25c**

WASHABLE SKIRTS.

Good White Duck Skirts, with deep hem, well made, on sale at **98c**

Blue Duck Dress Skirts, made with the new plaited back, on sale at **98c**

Brown and blue Denim Skirts, just the thing for camping parties, on sale at **98c**

Crash Skirts, deep hem, new spring styles—price

98c, $1.49 and $1.98

Children's white and colored Pique Reefer Jackets, daintily trimmed with embroidery—price

98c, $1.25, $1.49 and $2.49

100 dozen Children's Dresses, made of colored Percales, Ginghams and Lawn; size 1 to 12 years old—on sale at

38c, 49c, 59c, 65c, 89c, 98c and $1.25

Rainy day Skirts on sale all this week at astonishing prices, in gray, light and dark, all made with the new inverted pleat in back—price

$3.98 and $4.98

Huntington & Tallant.

The New Store

117-119 West Superior Street, Metropolitan Block.

We started a great June Introductory Sale of Muslin Underwear

this morning. Over one thousand dozen of the best made and finest grade Muslin Wear arrived within the past few days and will be placed on sale. Please don't confound this offering with the usual trashy lots of "Cheap"(?) so-called Muslin Wear that are from time to time offered to the public. Every one of these garments was made up especially to our own order, and our intention is to cater to the people who want only the best. But to quickly introduce this line to the ladies of hereabouts we have decided to place our first purchase on special sale and at special prices. This means a saving therefore of 25 to 33⅓ per cent to buyers of these offerings. That's why we call it "an introductory sale."

You can buy Corset Covers at 25c, 39c, 42c, 50c, 69c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75. Chemise, $1.00, $1.39 $1.50 and up to $2.50.

Night Gowns—59c, 69c, 75c, $1, $1.19, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $3.

Ladies' Drawers—25c, 39c, 48c, 50c. 59c, 69c, 75c, $1, and up to $1.75.

Ladies' Skirts—50c, 69c, 75c, $1, $1.39, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $3.00, $4.50, $6.50.

THE ROYAL UNDERGARMENTS

THE ROYAL UMBRELLA DRAWERS

But the above list of prices will be meaningless to you unless you come and see the superior qualities of both materials and workmanship to be found in this new line of Muslin Wear. Look to your interests and attend our **great June Introductory Sale of Muslin Underwear.**

A Great Housekeepers' Sale.....

Of Linens, Muslins, Sheetings and Bed Spreads started here this morning. We made a large purchase of very fine Linens at prices fully 20 to 30 per cent less than present quotations. We are going to retail these at prices so low as to make it highly advantageous for users of Linens whether in large or small quantities to buy these Linens here during this Housekeepers' Sale.

From among the very many different lines we name these twenty pieces 54-inch half bleached Damask Table Linen, (real value 75c).. **43c**

¾ Napkins to match the above —per dozen..... **98c**

16 pieces 72-inch half bleached Damask Table Linen, real valu 75c..... **59c**

⅝ Napkins to match the above —per dozen..... **$1.18**

12 pieces 72-inch bleached Damask Table Linen (real value $1.20)..... **89c**

10 pieces 72-inch Bleached Damask Table Linen (real value $1.65)..... **$1.18**

¾ Napkins to match above —per dozen..... **$3.19**

8 pieces 72-inch Bleached Damask Table Linen— real value $2.00..... **$1.48**

⅝ Napkins to match above —per dozen..... **$4.19**

MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS—
We include in this sale a lot of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins and Sheetings at special prices, way under the usual. Prices named especially for this GREAT HOUSEKEEPERS' SALE. Among the many are

5 bales (200 pieces), yard wide, 6c quality, unbleached Muslin—per yard..... **4c**

120 pieces yard wide Bleached Muslin, an 8c grade for—per yard..... **6c**

UNBLEACHED SHEETING—
25 pieces 9-4 Unbleached Sheeting, regular price 15c; our price..... **12c**

20 pieces 9-4 Unbleached sheeting, real value 20c; our price..... **15c**

16 pieces 8-4 Bleached Sheeting, real value 20c; our price..... **15c**

12 pieces 9-4 Bleached Sheeting, real value 25c our price..... **19c**

BED SPREADS—
200 extra large size White Spreads, regular $1.25 value; our price..... **89c**

120 extra size and extra weight White Spreads, regular $1.50 value —our price..... **98c**

DOG LICENSES NECESSARY.

Two Duluth Citizens Pay Fines For Not Having Them.

Excitement over dogs ran high in the little room of police court this morning. To the innocent bystanders and others down the corridor it seemed that an executive committee of some bench show was trying to pick out prize beauties. Sounds, like outward appearances, are often deceptive, however, for it was only two men kicking on paying $10 fines for keeping female dogs without licenses. They were Louis Oreckowsky and James D. Reekie. Mr. Oreckowsky protested against paying the fine, saying that his dog was now a resident of West Superior. Mr. Reekie explained that his dog had just been fixed out with a single trip ticket to Canada, but the court refused to be touched by these sad stories and imposed the fines. Mr. Reekie attributed his downfall to the testimony of a neighbor, named John Derlson, and he promptly swore out a warrant for his neighbor's arrest, charging him with keeping a dog without a tag.

As a result of the recent arrests and the efforts of the police to collect licences, quite a number are being taken out every day. At noon nearly 500 had been issued from the city clerk's office, and the patrolmen are bringing in bunches of applications for licenses, sometimes running as high as forty to the string.

The Police Court.

In the municipal court this morning Andrew Hall was bound over to the grand jury for the stabbing of Adam Helske, which occurred on Michigan street near Twelfth avenue west, a week ago Sunday night. Helske accidentally bumped into Hall and the latter being intoxicated, used his knife rather freely, penetrating Helske's left breast near the heart. The assault was unprovoked, according to the testimony sumbitted this morning but the defense did not introduce any evidence.

Angeline Carrier and Lizzie Buckley, old-timers in police court, were each given ten days for drunkenness. Jim Ryan got fifteen days for disorderly conduct and John Johnson was sent up for ten days for drunkenness. John Lyons was fined $2.50 for obstructing sidewalks.

Henry Truelsen Will Go.

Former Mayor Truelsen has been appointed a member of the committee to assist in receiving the Boer envoys at Minneapolis on Thursday, and he has been asked by the Twin City people to organize a Duluth contingent to go down and help out with the pro-Boer demonstration. The ex-mayor is anxious that as many as possible accompany him.

Wineeke & Doerr's Corona is a nickel cigar of the Chancellor stock.

IT WILL GO IN.

Petition For Asphalt Pavement on Superior Street to Be Submitted.

At tonight's council meeting the long-delayed petition of large Superior street property owners to have the street paved with asphalt will be submitted to the council. This petition is signed by the owners or agents acting for the owners of over half the property to be assessed for the improvement In all from Second avenue east to Sixth avenue west 6400 feet of paving would have to be laid, and the petition covers abutting property to the extent of 3221 feet.

It is expected that the mayor will have a veto of the ordinance passed last week allowing merchants to occupy sidewalks with signs to the extent of eighteen inches from the lot line. However, at a late hour this afternoon the veto was not made public.

The ordinance committee is expected to report favorably on the ordinance to issue $110,000 bonds for the building of an electric light plant. And the city attorney may send in an important communication relating to the method of procedure in selling property on which the period of redemption has expired.

There will be an ordinance introduced providing for the renumbering of all houses on streets and avenues of West Duluth. This is made necessary by the proposed inauguration of a free delivery mail system in that part of the city.

The monthly payrolls of the several city departments have been audited and will be passed by the council tonight, so that the regular monthly salaries can be drawn tomorrow.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body: Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

For Dyspepsia.

Strengthens the stomach, assists digestion, relieves distress and the feeling of exhaustion and dizziness.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

ROBBER CAUGHT

William McDougall, Supposed to Be Hibbing and Virginia Safe Robber, Nabbed.

CASH IN HIS SLEEVES

Detective Benson and a Hibbing Man Traced Him to Minneapolis.

"Red" William McDougall, one of the men suspected of blowing open the Duluth & Iron Range safe at Virginia on May 25, and robbing the safe in the Hotel Hibbing a few days later, was arrested yesterday in Minneapolis through the efforts of Detective Robert Benson, of this city, and J. J. Stuart, of Hibbing. Deputy Sheriff Bates went down for the prisoner last night and it is expected that he will be back tonight.

Detective Benson and Proprietor J. J. Stuart of the Hibbing Hotel traced McDougall to Minneapolis several days ago. He was stopping at the St. James' hotel there, and was placed under arrest by Officer M. F. Johnson. It was more a chance discovery than anything else that led to the arrest. Mr. Stuart was walking through a park near the Golden West hotel when he saw McDougall walking down Washington avenue. He followed him back to the St. James and then called the officer. When arrested McDougall had $105 in cash and a revolver. The money was concealed in his shirt sleeves.

On the night of May 25 the safe of the Duluth & Iron Range road at Virginia was literally wrecked, and the men that did the job got $240 in cash for their trouble. A few days afterward McDougall and another man turned up at Hibbing with lots of money. They stayed at the Hibbing hotel till Sunday night a week ago. The night clerk went upstairs about midnight and left the safe doors open, but the cash drawer was locked. When the clerk returned to the office the cash drawer was open and about $2000 worth of collateral was scattered about the floor. "Red" McDougall, his companion and $350 were missing.

McDougall is a man between 35 and 40 years old; he is 5 feet 6 inches tall and weighs 180 pounds; he has curly red hair and a full red face, and according to the detectives he has a peculiar shuffling walk, wears his hat down over his eyes, spends money freely in saloons and carries a fine blue steel gun.

McDougall says that he is innocent of the burglary. The last year and a half, he says, he spent in Alaska. Friday, he says, he came to Minneapolis, and he denies having been in Hibbing the night of the robbery.

HOMINATION GOES OVER.

Senate Declines Immediate Action on Otis' Promotion.

Washington, June 4.—The senate committee on military affairs today reported favorably on the nomination of Gen. Otis to be a Maj. General. When reported to the senate in executive session there was a request for immediate action but objection was made and the nomination went over.

STEAMER A WRECK.

Key West, Fla., June 4.—The Copenhagen, a British steamer, ran ashore on a reef near Fort Lauderdale, seventy miles north of Cape Florida, May 26, at 8 a. m. She was from Philadelphia, bound for Havanna. The tug Childs went to her assistance as soon as reported and almost succeeded in floating the steamer, when heavy weather again drove the Copenhagen ashore. The water covering her decks and boilers. The steamer is a total wreck.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Hearing of Contests.

In all probability the Truelsen and city charter contest cases will be heard by the state supreme court on June 19. That is the date when the attorneys in the two cases expect them to be taken up. They will in all probability be argued at the same time, and that has been the desire of the attorneys, for there was little likelihood that the court would decide one before the other.

Ben Voyage Will Handle Business.

The Howard Transportation company has taken the City of Marquette off the South Shore line and will hereafter only run the Ben Voyage same as heretofore, leaving every Sunday and Wednesday evening at 9 p. m.

Well Worth Seeing.

The Frank E. Long repertoire company, considered one of the best on the road, opens at the Grand Opera house West Superior, tomorrow night for a short season at popular prices. They present only well known plays. Street cars leave for Duluth at the close of the performance.

TOBACCO IN IRELAND.

Whether tobacco growing is still a felony in Great Britain seems to be a matter of doubt; but, if it is, the government connives at the crime and collects an import duty, says the London Daily Mail. As a matter of fact, what is known as "English tobacco" has been grown in these islands for centuries. Not that it is any good for snuff, or pipes, or cigarettes, as the virtue dies out very soon from homesteaded tobacco.

"English" or "green" tobacco grows from three feet to five feet, but the valuable kinds are from five feet to six feet high, and they all grow well in the southern parts of both England and Ireland.

The industry has never had a chance, for when tobacco was first grown as a crop in Ireland the tobacco planters in our colonies in Virginia and the Carolinas protested against Irish competition, and the British government, always trying to endear itself to the Irish, made the growing of home tobacco a penal crime.

The government was not alone in welldoing. Two popes, Urban VIII and Innocent XI, fulminated against the use of tobacco. The Latin text freely translated reads that "he who smokes today shall smoke tomorrow." Sultan Amurct IV decreed that the pipe of the smoker be thrust through his nose; and in Russia the noses of smokers were cut off.

English-grown tobacco needs no expensive machinery; can be grown by yeoman or cottager, and brings a high price. The profits claimed for the recent big experiments in Ireland verge on the fabulous.

THE CAR WORKS

Furnace Being Renewed and Rolling Plant Will Be Twenty Per Cent Larger.

Work at the West Duluth car works is progressing, even though people are hearing very little about it. The work of fixing up the rolling mill is continuing as rapidly as possible, but it will probably take all of this month to complete it. It is much more than repair work—more like the repair work which was done at the blast furnace after John M. Thomas took hold of it. When the rolling plant repairs are completed it will be practically new, with a capacity about 20 per cent larger than before.

To bring about this change much labor and expense has been necessary. One of the furnaces had to be torn out entirely and replaced with a new one, and the other has had to be partially taken also. This work is not completed at the present time, and not all of the brick is here.

The enlargement of the rolling mill has made some other improvements necessary. One pair of shears was all that was needed formerly, but a new pair has been added, making two. The cooling bed on which the iron is placed after it is rolled has been lengthened, too. This was made necessary by the fact that when the plant is operated again it will use larger billets and consequently the iron will be rolled out to a greater length.

Nothing is being done on the balance of the plant as yet, and it is probable that the rolling mill will start up first, independent of the other part. The rolling mill was in a poorer condition than the balance of the works, for it has been worked harder and was running at times when the other part was idle. The balance of the plant is in fine condition, and can be placed in running shape at comparatively little cost.

It will not be long before a start has been made at the plant, and it will be giving employment to a considerable number of men.

GRAND OPENING TONIGHT!

O-at-ka Beach Auditorium.

Special attraction—Edsonian Exhibit Co. in a wonderful animated or moving picture entertainment and dance commencing Monday, June 4. Admission including dance 25 cents.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

At the Parlo theater this evening the patrons will find a well balanced program arranged for their amusement. It will embrace a new list of talented performers. Among them will be found Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hawley, sketch duo; Morris Krause, the great balancer and juggler; Marion sisters, sweet singers; the two Flowers, in new act; Prince Paul, Sadie Manning, May Dawson, Ada Mortimer, Hazel Forrest, Mabel Woods and others.

Professor William G. Smith of the United States department of agriculture is here from Washington for a few days, visiting friends and relatives.

A social party by the Danish Sisterhood to commemorate June 5, the day of proclamation of the Danish constitution, will be given at Kalamazoo hall tomorrow evening.

William Wesley Pierce, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Pierce, of 502 Lake avenue south died yesterday. The funeral will be tomorrow afternoon from the house at 2:30 o'clock.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Chauncey W. Todd and Bertha Hunt and to John Peterson and Tillie Landswerk, of St. Louis county and to Dominick Wiesgarber and Mary Hudalek, of Douglas county, Wis.

Ed Downie left this afternoon for Montana to purchase several cars of horses.

Important to Advertisers.

Advertising copy for The Wednesday Herald must be ready Tuesday afternoons to insure insertion in all Iron range editions Wednesday.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Roberts, of Menominee, Mich., are at the St. Louis.

M. H. Coolidge, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

Francis G. Burke, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

C. B. Walroth, of Eau Claire, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Hon. C. B. Buckman, of Little Falls, was at the St. Louis last evening.

John McCarthy, of Stillwater, was in the city yesterday.

James Cardle, of Cass Lake, was at the St. Louis last evening.

W. H. Yawkey, of Detroit, was at the Spalding today.

W. E. Purcell, of Wahpeton, N. D., is at the Spalding.

W. T. McInres, of Ottawa, Can., is in the city.

G. M. Phillips, of Northfield, is a guest at the Spalding.

J. L. Sherrin, of Riverside, Cal., was at the Spalding last evening.

F. B. Johnson, of Brainerd, was in the city last evening.

Mrs. and Miss Faskally, of London, England, were guests at the Spalding last evening.

E. Day, of Cleveland, is in the city.

Mayor Hugo will leave this evening for a week's visit with his son, Victor Hugo, in St. Louis Mo. During his absence Lucien A. Barnes, of West Duluth, president of the council, will be acting mayor of the city.

Whiddon Howard, of London, England, is at the Spalding.

A FINE HOME.

7 rooms, water, furnace, electric light, sewer, stone foundation, fine view; only **$2,500.** Terms easy.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

Max and Julia Heinrich.

The announcement of the coming of Max Heinrich, the famous baritone, and his daughter, Miss Julia Heinrich, a very fine contralto, has delighted all the musical people of the city. They are artists well known to every musician or lover of music. Max Heinrich's visit to Duluth is still fresh in the minds of all who heard him and it was one of the most thoroughly satisfying musical events ever offered to the people of Duluth. In the concert which they will give at Pilgrim church Thursday evening, June 14, a program that will commend itself to everyone will be given.

Miss Heinrich is a young singer who is making a great name for herself. The Herald of the critical town of Boston had this to say of her: Miss Heinrich has grown in her art considerably since she was last heard here. She has now a full, warm, smooth and sympathetic contralto voice of marked evenness throughout its whole compass."

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

TROUBLE GROWING

Minister Conger Cables That Chinese Boxer Outrages Are Increasing.

OFFICIALS INACTIVE

The Government Unable or Unwilling to Suppress the Outlaws.

Washington, June 4.—The following cablegram has been received at the state department from United States minister Conger at Pekin:

> "Pekin, June 4.—Outside of Pekin the murders and persecutions by the Boxers seem to be on the increase. The Pao Ting Fu railway is temporarily abandoned. Work on the Pekin and Hang Kow line is stopped. All foreigners have fled. The Chinese government seems either unwilling or unable to suppress the trouble. The troops show no energy in attacking the Boxers.
> "CONGER."

Grave as these advices are, they have not induced the state department to vary the line of action it has laid down. The naval force of the United States, near Pekin, now represented by one vessel, the Newark, has not been strengthened, but if occasion should arise Admiral Kempff might be reinforced to almost any extent likely to be acceded in the course of three or four days from the numerous American fleet still at Manilla and vicinity.

Owing to the peculiar character of the Chinese coast, naval vessels of formidable type are unable to approach the populous provinces in China, and especially are these Boxer afflicted communities inaccessible to naval vessels.

The state department does not contemplate the use of United States troops and it would be difficult to spare any from the force now operating in the Philippines, even if it were found expedient to employ the military arm. So, for the time being, at least, the small marine contingent at Pekin and Tien Tsin must represent the defensive power of the United States for it is distinctly stated that these marines are employed simply for the protection of the United States legation and consulates and for the assistance of such American citizens as may be in jeopardy.

It is possible that the state department, in assuming this conservative attitude, is influenced by a desire to set an example to some of the other powers, whose actions are not believed to be entirely disinterested.

MILLS START.

Chicago, June 4.—A special from Joliet, Ill., says: The merchant mills of the Illinois Steel company opened today, giving employment to 500 men. The company officials say the mills will run during the summer. It is rumored the rod mills and converter will also resume operations soon. At the American Tin Plate works, the "hot mills" also started up today and the entire plant is once more in operation furnishing work for 350 men.

FEUD SIZZLES.

Galveston, Texas, June 4.—A special from Nacogdoches, Texas, says: A report has been received here from San Augustine of a triple tragedy which occurred in the court house there at 10 o'clock today, in which Felix Roberts, Sid Roberts and Sheriff Noel Roberts were killed. The tragedy is a sequel to an old feud between th Wall and Roberts factions on one side and the Brooks and Borders' faction on the other.

A few weeks ago, Sheriff George Wall was shot dead by Curd Borders. Last Saturday, Eugene Wall, son of the dead sheriff, shot and killed Ben Brooks. Today at the court house the two factions met and a battle ensued, resulting as above stated. When Sheriff Wall was killed his nephew was appointee sheriff.

More trouble is feared. Armed men from here, Partisans of both sides have started for San Augustine.

VIRTUES OF RHUBARB.

These are many and varied, and, moreover, are not as well known as they ought to be, says an English exchange. It is very wholesome, and even those who do not like it should take it medicinally in the spring, for it purifies the blood, keeping it cool and healthy, says an exchange. One great virtue rhubarb possesses, and which is not generally known, is that, mixed with other things, it takes all flavors, while giving none in return, and is, therefore of the greatest use in adding to a tart or pudding when the fruit used has run short or is expensive. For instance, if thin slices, the crust removed, and then not enough of the fruit to fill the dish, take some rhubarb, wash it well, mince it up, then stir in sugar, and bake till it is quite soft; when cold mix the raspberries in with it, make the tart and place it in the oven just long enough to cook the paste; the presence of rhubarb will never be discovered, and the tart will cost only half the price it would have done if made solely of fruit.

SALMON CROQUETTES.

Make a dressing of a pint of milk, the yolk of two eggs, a large teaspoonful of butter, two tablespoonfuls of flour, and half a teaspoonful of salt. Cook in a double kettle until it thickens. After removing the skin, bones and oil from a can of salmon, pick it fine and add enough of the above dressing with a few bread crumbs, to allow it to be formed into cone-shaped croquettes; dip these in egg and cracker crumbs and fry in hot fat a golden brown. Serve with Hollandaise or other sauce. Garnish with parsley.

MUST PLAY GOLF.

Many times during the last twelve months advertisements for men servant in London papers have set forth that applicants must be good golf players, the advertisers in such case being gentlemen living in lonely places, where they found it hard to get regularly any neighbor who could enjoy a game with them, says London Tit-Bits.

Such advertisements excite surprise in the mind of the general public, but in connection with minor yachting, and in cases where the owners of small yachts are enthusiasts of limited means, the same rule has been observed for years. A man servant who could not only perform his domestic duties efficiently, but "hand, reef and steer" as well being regarded as something of a treasure. And for years—as all professional cricketers know—a certain noble man, whose principal residence and estate are in the south of England, has engaged no indoor male servant who was not an able all-round cricketer, his very valet being a once celebrated county bowler. It is only a very few years ago that a match took place on this nobleman's grounds, in which all the eleven on one side were personal servants—four of them indoor ones—of the gentleman in question.

GERMAN WORKMEN.

Consul John E. Kehl sends the following from Stettin to the state department, says the Brooklyn Eagle:

Fifteen years ago the number of working people in the German empire, according to the bureau of statistics, was placed at 7,340,789; today it is estimated at 10,300,000, of whom 2,100,000 are females. With the increased cost of living, as compared with seven years ago, and the disproportionate advance in wages, the outlook for the toilers is anything but favorable.

In this district (Pomerania) the daily expenses of food for a man, wife and two children can be estimated as follows: One large loaf rye bread, 40 pfennings (9.42 cents); coffee, 1 5pfennings (3.57 cents); sausage, meat or cheese, 50 pfennings (11.9 cents); potatoes, 15 pfennings (3.57 cents); sundries, 30 pfennings (7.14 cents); total per day, 1.50 marks (35.7 cents).

Two rooms usually constitute their living apartments and average about 10 marks ($2.38) per month. Ready made clothing is cheap. Shoes are expensive, and as a substitute "pantoffels" are used, which consists of a sort of half shoe, with either heavy felt or wood soles, and a covering from toe to instep only. Children's sizes, with wood soles, sell for 10 cents a pair; adults' sizes, 15 to 20 cents a pair. The average price of coal in Stettin is 95 pfennings per 100 pounds German, or 19 marks ($4.52) per 2204 pounds American weight. Petroleum costs 30 per cent more than at home. Household furnishings are very expensive.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

A LIST OF "THATS" TO REMEMBER

That we sell Clothing, Furniture and House-Furnishings.

That you wear the Clothing while paying for it.

That we handle "good goods."

That our prices are very low, "quality" considered.

That our stock is always fresh, new and up-to-date.

That we can please you.

That we are always glad to see you.

That we sell for cash or credit.

That we are open Monday and Saturday evenings.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.

8 East Superior St.

Three doors east of Lake avenue.

That Silverware Sale!

On Saturday and Sunday morning we advertised special low prices on Rogers Bros.' 1847 Silverware. Messrs. Panton & White have seen fit to copy our advertisement and name prices from 5 to 10 cents lower on each article. While the prices named in our first advertisement were really lower than the goods should be sold for, we wish to say that we cannot allow any firm to copy our advertisements, naming lower prices, without meeting them. We will therefore name prices for the balance of this week, or as long as our stock of 1847 goods last,

AT FIVE PER CENT LESS THAN PANTON & WHITE'S ADVERTISEMENT OF SUNDAY MORNING.

This will make our price on—

1847 Knives and Forks, per set 6 knives and 6 forks..... **$3.33**

1847 Table Spoons, per set of 6..... **$2.14**

1847 Dessert Spoons, per set of 6..... **$2.04**

1847 Tea Spoons, per set of 6..... **$1.14**

And we also wish to state that we will meet any further reduction in this line of goods.

Kelley Hardware Co.

Why not have the best? Chancellor cigars are on sale everywhere.

$13.30 Milwaukee and Return

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

June 2, 4 and 5, Milwaukee and return, $13.30. Account biennial meet General Federation Women's Clubs. Choice of routes. Most frequent service. Full particulars, Union depot and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Fishing Excursion Rates.

Where fishing is the best, on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad—at Sturgeon lake. Round trip rate Saturdays and Sundays only $1.50, and Lake Pokegama, Pine City, round trip rate Saturdays and Sundays only $2. Excellent hotels and accommodations and three trains via St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Secure tickets at Union depot or city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EYES TESTED FREE and Glasses Fitted.

GEIST & ERD, Opticians, 121 W. Superior Street.

SHORT STORIES

By C. W. Ericson.

We are offering anunparalleled price proposition in

ODD PANTS!

Unequalled in this city for variety, quantity and quality.

Guaranteed all-wool—

$2, $2.50 and $3

Choice Worsteds, shades and figures to taste at—

$4, $5, $6, $7

Cut in latest mode.

C. W. ERICSON.

Reliable Clothier.

EXPERIENCE IS THE BEST TEACHER

Many People Have Learned by Experience That the "Want" Columns of The Evening Herald Produce Most Gratifying Results.

15 Words **15 Cents!**

TERRIFIC PLUNGE

Team of Horses Runs Away on Bridge While It Is Open.

DASHED OFF THE END

Drowned In the Water Twenty Feet Below---Driver Narrowly Escapes.

Frightened by passing vessels, a team of horses dashed off the southwest end of the open draw of the Duluth-Superior bridge at 11:30 this morning and were drowned. The driver, William Kirkpatrick, was dragged quite a distance in his efforts to stop the team, but was thrown from the wagon just about ten feet from the edge of the draw where the horses plunged over.

The team belonged to the Duluth Street Railway company, and at the time was standing near the center of the 200-foot draw, waiting for a load of empty oil barrels. The draw was swung open to pass the steamers McWilliams and City of Collingwood. The horses reared and plunged as the draw swung round, and their fright became unmanageable when the McWilliams steamed through the draw.

Kirkpatrick had them well in hand when several of the oil barrels upset, nearly throwing him off. The horses started on a wild dash down the "draw." Kirkpatrick fell off almost under the wagon, when near the end, but held on a few minutes till he was dragged close to the edge. One of the horses tried to step just before taking the leap, but it was too late, and the headway the team had gained in a little over 215 feet was sufficient to carry it clear of the piling abutments below the open draw, and fully fifteen feet further down into the water of St. Louis bay. One of the animals succeeded in getting its head above water after the plunge, and then went down, taking with it the wheels and body of the wagon. The tug Fish hurried out from the Alger-Smith mill and towed the bed of the wagon ashore.

Kirkpatrick was picked up badly bruised and stunned, but he was soon able to take care of himself and, boarding a car, came up town without assistance. He was at his lodging house, 514 West Superior street, this afternoon, and does not feel much the worse for his experience.

The accident was witnessed by a number of passengers on the interstate cars, which were lined up for the vessels to pass through, and a woman fainted on one of the Superior cars when she saw Kirkpatrick fall off the wagon.

The accident is singular in that such a thing could scarcely happen to a private team passing over the bridge. It is a strict rule of the company that no person but employes of the bridge company are allowed on the draw while it is open. When the company's watchman would go aboard all barrels, about the only time that could be used for that purpose without blocking traffic was while the swing was being made for the Collingwood and McWilliams. On the bridge proper, heavy iron gates that work automatically would prevent even a runaway street car from going off the end of the bridge.

At the point where the horses went over the distance from the driveway to the water is twenty-two feet.

EIGHTH GRADE EXERCISES.

Program to Be Given at High School Thursday Evening.

The graduating exercises of the eighth grades of all the schools in the city will be held Thursday evening, June 7, at the High School assembly hall. The members of this class will be the freshmen of the high school next year. The program is as follows:

Chorus—"America" .....
Invocation .....
Rev. R. A. Montgomery.
Recitation—"Bair the Regular" .....
Myrtle Sydney Cox.
(Adams school.)
Recitation—"The Women of Marblehead" .....Scott
Henry Gowap.
(Jefferson school.)
Club Swinging .....
Franklin school.
Recitation—"Keeping His Word" .....
Annie M. Delson.
(Fairmount school.)
Solo—"The Better Land" .....
Shirley Alexander.
(Jackson school.)
Recitation—"Uncle Ben and His Morgan Mare" .....
Herbert Lee Spencer.
(Lakeside and Lester Park schools.)
"Tennyson's Bugle Song" .....
Nine Girls.
(Irving school.)
Chorus—"Song of Spring" ..... Schubert
Long Wand exercises .....
Bryant school.
Recitation—"The Face Against the Pane" .....
Helen Baker Rudolph.
(Glen Avon school.)
Recitation—"The Big Four and the Little Man" .....
Edie Smith.
(Endion school.)
Chorus—"In Armour Bright" .....Bonheur
Recitation—"The Boat Race" .....Holmes
Ellen Skyland.
(Lincoln school.)
Recitation—"The Song of the Banjo" .....Kipling
Ada Burnside.
(Longfellow school.)
Club swinging .....
Jefferson school.
Violin solo—"Scene de Ballet" .....De Beriot
Dexter Ostegren.
(Washington school.)
Recitation—"Everett" .....
Eva Wright.
(Emerson school.)
Presentation of diplomas .....
Chorus—"Star Spangled Banner" .....

$10.00 Detroit, Mich., and Return.

Tomorrow (Tuesday), via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway to St. Ignace, and Detroit and Cleveland steamer City of Alpena. Excursion train will leave Duluth 7:00 p. m. Tickets good to leave Detroit on return on any steamer until June 18th.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

West Duluth

West Duluth people will have to see to it that their houses are numbered hereafter, under the provisions of an ordinance to be introduced in the council this evening, in view of the practical certainty that West Duluth is to have a free mail delivery. The ordinance amends the one applying to those parts of the city now having free delivery, extending its provisions to West Duluth. It provides that Main street shall be the point of beginning for numbering houses on the avenues. No general change will be necessary, as that has already been adopted as such. The numbering on the streets is in continuation from the starting points uptown.

WILL BE MAYOR.

Alderman Barnes will be "Oom Paul" for a week, wearing the mayor's toga during Mayor Hugo's absence in St. Louis.

It is understood that there is some trepidation among the fire commissioners lest Alderman Barnes should order them to be led out and burned at the stake as soon as Mayor Hugo got outside of the city limits, and that they were considering the expediency of taking to the bush. Alderman Barnes will, however, be satisfied with suspending them for ninety years without pay, or something of that kind short of depriving them of their lives.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Julia Ralph and Paniell Ralph left for Minneapolis today.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Shipley have returned to West Duluth.

Mrs. William McMuster, of Proctorknott, is visiting in Canada.

MRS. SHERMAN VERY ILL.

Ex-Secretary's Wife Has Another Stroke of Paralysis.

Mansfield, Ohio, June 4.—Mrs. John Sherman, wife of ex-Secretary Sherman, suffered another stroke of paralysis Sunday afternoon and the attending physicians express little hope of her recovery.

GOMEZ IN HAVANA.

He Shows Marked Respect to Governor General Wood.

Havana, June 4.—Gen. Maximo Gomez arrived here this morning. He was met by representatives of various political societies and an enthusiastic crowd, and was escorted to his house. On passing the palace, Gen. Gomez stood up in his carriage and saluted Governor Gen. Wood, who was on the balcony.

IN HAZEL'S FAVOR.

Washington, June 4.—The judiciary committee of the senate has favorably reported the nomination of John R. Hazel, of New York, to be judge of the Western district of New York. Only one vote was cast against him.

SUGAR UP AGAIN.

New York, June 4.—Another advance of 1-16 cent a pound in the price of raw sugar was made today.

Mothers lose their dread of "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for Lowell complaint of every sort.

BENEFIT OF RAILWAYS.

The construction of the great Siberian railway has even now begun to produce a marked effect on Siberian trade, which formerly was carried on entirely by monopolists. In each district or town there was a local capitalist who laid in a stock of goods at the fairs of Nijni-Novgorod or elsewhere, and then fixed his own prices according to the means of his customers, and competition was nonexistent. An enterprising man, who had neither capital nor credit, could not compete with these monopolists, because of the absence of good means of communication.

This abnormal state of affairs is already improving, says the North American Review. The railway which has connected Siberia with centers of production has rendered traveling cheaper and quicker and made capital circulate more freely. People of small means are now enabled to make long journeys for the purchase of stock, and they can enter into direct communication with the producers and wholesale merchants in large centers. The trade of Siberia has become more democratic, and increasing competition has effected a change in its character.

SAMOAN WOMEN.

The women, says the Scientific American, are the most virtuous savages in the world, though their marriage customs seem to more civilized nations somewhat lax. The marriage relation endures only so long as mutually agreeable, when a separation is at once granted. Several of the workmen who are constructing the wharves have formed alliances with the natives, who make good wives and are extremely proud of their white husbands. They are industrious and make good housekeepers. There are many chiefs among the natives, and they are accorded certain privileges and great deference, but the paramount chief over all is Mounga, a magnificent specimen of physical strength, who stands 6 feet 2 inches in his bare feet. His wife is considered a fair type of an island beauty.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Beautiful eyes and a handsome face are eloquent commendations, bright eyes are windows to a woman's heart. Rocky Mountain Tea makes bright eyes. Ask your druggist.

Night Train to Chicago Via "The Milwaukee."

Effective Sunday, May 27, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will start a train from Minneapolis every night at 10:50 and St. Paul at 11:25, arriving Portage at 6:45 a. m., Milwaukeee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1 p. m.

Through sleeping car and coach service from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Milwaukee and Chicago.

Connections made at Chicago with all trains for the East and South.

This train also furnishes direct service for Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Janesville and Rockford.

Lowest rates to all points.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

Mr. Dooley On the Boer Mission

Chicago Journal: "Well, sir," said Mr. Dooley, "'tis a fine rayciption th' Boer dillygates is havin' in this counthry."

"They'll be out here nex' week," said Mr. Hennessy.

"They will that," Mr. Dooley replied. "an' we'll show thim that our inthrest in small raypublics fightin' f'r their liberty ain't disappeared since we become an imperyal nation. No, sir. We have as much inthrest as iver, but we have more inthrests elsewhere.

"Oom Paul, he says, to th' la-ads: 'Go,' he says, 'to me good an' great frind Mack, th' Wansy, an' lay th' case before him,' he says. 'Tell him,' he says, 'that th' situation is like this,' says he, 'the same as Washinton's time,' he says, 'only Wash'nton won an' we're rapidly losin' kopjes till we soon won't have wan to strhike a match on,' he says. An' off goes the good man. Whin they started th' Boers was doin' pretty well, Hinnissy. They were fightin' Englishmen, an' that's lawn thimbs to raise fightin' men. But after awhile th' wurrld heerin' English government put in a few recreent but gallant la-ads fr'm th' ol' dart —we ought to be proud iv thim, curse thim—Pat O'Roberts, an' Mike McKitchener, an' Terrence O'Fer-rinch—an' they give th' view-halloo an' wint through th' Dutch like a party iv la-ads comin' home fr'm a fifteenth iv August picnic might go through a gingerbrid. So be th' time th' dillygates got to Europe it was: 'James, if thim, br-rave but misguided Dutch appears, squirt th' garden hose on thim, I'll see th' British embassadure this afthernoon.' Ye see, Hinnissy, 'twas ol' Kruger's play to keep on winnin' battles till th' dillygates had their say. Th' amount iv sympathy that goes out f'r a strugglin' people is reg-lated, Hinnissy, be th' amount iv strugglin' th' people can do. Th' wurruld, me la-ad, is with th' undher dog on'y as long as it has a good hold an' a chanst to tur-rn over.

"Well, sir, whin th' dillygates see they couldn't do business in Europe, says they to thimselves: 'We'll pike across th' rapid sea,' they says, 'an' in th' home iv Washington, Lincoln an' William J. Bryan, ye bet we'll have a hearin', an' they got wan. Ivrybody's invited to thim, all in wan reploy. 'If they'd come here three months ago, before Crownjoy was suffocated out iv his hole in th' groun,' they'd be snukin their pipes in rockin' chairs on th' verandy in th' White House an' passin' th' bucket between thim an' Mack. But 'tis diff'rent now. 'Tis diff'rent now. Says Will am J. Bryan: 'I can't see thim an' I'm not sure it may not be long before I'll have to dale with these inthricate problems, I hope an' pray, but Congressman Squirtwather, do ye disguise ye'rself as a private citizen an' go down th' hotel an' tell these la-ads that I'm with thim quietly if public opinyon justifies it an' Mack takes th' other side. Tell thim I'm not sure I'm in mesilf that they're all r-right, but I wud deem want it to go further. Perhaps they cud be injooced to speak at a Dimmycratic meetin' unbeknown to me,' he says.

"Sicrety Hay meets thim in a coal cellar, wearin' a mask. 'Gintlemen,' says he, 'I can assure ye that th' prittiest an' mesilf feels mos' deeply f'r ye. I needn't tell ye about mesilf,' he says. 'Haven't I sint me own son into ye-er accursed but libertylovin' counthry,' he says. 'As for Mack, I assure ye he's hear-rt broken over th' turn affairs have taken,' he says. 'Early in th' war he wrote to Lord Salisberry, sayin' he hoped 'twud not be continyued to illetion day, an' Salisberry give him a gruff response. Bar-rred him down,' he says. 'Both ar're Anglo-Saxons,' he says. 'Las' night his sobs fairly shook th' White House as he thought iv you an' ye're struggle. He wants to tell ye how much he thinks iv ye an's he'll meet ye in the carredge house if ye'll shave off ye're whiskers an' go as clam peddlers. Ye'll recognize him in a green livery. He'll wear a pink carnation in his buttonhole. Give th' names iv Dorsey an' Flanagan an' if th' English ambassadure goes by get down on ye'er han's an' knees an' don't make a sign till he's out iv sight,' he says. 'Th' stout party in blue near by'll be Mark Hanna. He may be able to arrange a Raypublican meetin' f'r ye to address,' he says. 'Th' gr-reat hear-rt iv th' Raypublican party throbs f'r ye. So does Mack's,' he says. 'So does mine,' he says.

"Well, th' dillygates met Mack an' they had a pleasant chat. 'Will ye,' says they, 'inthrvene an' whistle off th' dogs iv war?' they says. 'Whisper,' says Mack, th' tears owin' down his cheeks. 'Ever since this war started me eyes have been fixed on th' gallant or otherwise, nation or depindency, fightin' its brave battle f'r freedom or rebellin again th' sov'reign power as th' case may be,' he says. 'Unofficially, me sympathy has gone out to ye unofficially an' bur-rin' wurruds iv unofficial cheer has been communicated unofficially be me unofficial family, not, mind ye, as an official iv this magnif'cent an' liberty lovin' raypublic, but as a private citizen, that so long,' he says, 'as th' br-right star iv liberty shines resplendent over our common counthries, with th' example of Wash'n'ton in ye'er eyes, an' th' illetion comin' on that ye must go forward an' conker or die,' he says. 'An,' he says, 'William McKinley is not th' man to put annything in ye'er way,' he says. 'Go back to me gr'reat an' good frind an' tell him that th' gr-reat hear-rt iv th' Raypublican party throbs f'r him,' he says. 'An' Sicrety Hay's,' he says, 'an' mine,' he says, 'unofficially,' he says. 'Me official hear-rt,' he says, 'is not permitted be th' constitution to throb druin' wurrukin' hours,' he says.

"An' so it goes. Ivrywhere th' dillygates tur-rne they see th' sign: 'This is me busy day.' An' whin they get back home they can tell th' people they found th' United States exudin' sympathy at ivry pore—"marked private."

"It was," said Mr. Dooley. "But it in th' las' few weeks it's had so manny things to think iv. Th' enthusyasm iv this counthry, Hinnissy, always makes me think iv a bonfire on an ice-sloe. It burns brisht so long as ye feed it, an' it looks good, but it don't take hold, somehow, on th' ice."

$10.00 Detroit, Mich., and Return.

Tomorrow (Tuesday), via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway to St. Ignace, and Detroit and Cleveland steamer City of Alpena. Excursion train will leave Duluth 7:00 p. m. Tickets good to leave Detroit on return on any steamer until June 18th.

Ask your dealer for Chancellor. He has them. They are in all first-class cigar stores.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power, 35-feet fall.

Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:

TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, 5122 West First street. Terms easy; good location.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—FREE. HARMLESS MONTHly regulator. Cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, R 100, Milwaukee, Wis.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

LOST.

STRAYED—2-YEAR-OLD BAY COLT, with long rope on and a sore on the shoulder. Return to W. C. Gregg, 231 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

LOST—MAY 30, RED COW WITH white spots on forehead, and small crooked horns. Finder notify Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm. Reward.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS NO EQUAL!
DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON,

The world's greatest Medium, Clairvoyant, Palmist and Occult Scientist, now located at the St. James Hotel, Duluth, Minn., Room 37. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

MEDICAL.

WEAK MEN, YOUNG AND OLD, SUFfering from seminal weakness, premature old age, loss of manhood, vigor and vitality, heart and kidney trouble, etc., should apply at once to Dr. LaCroix Clinic, 189 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $5 or 3 for $10. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. Fy BOYCE and MAX WIATH, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignel & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. Midwife. 'Phone 956.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 23 West First street.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved. Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—LADIES' SECOND-HAND bicycle; state kind and price. Address S 59, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works 1522 W. Michigan St. Phone 355.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant, 704 East Second.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL WAITER AT THE SARATOGA restaurant. 529 West Michigan street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR LIGHT housework; family of two. Thirteenth avenue east south.

WANTED—GIRLS TO WORK ON SHIRT waists; must be competent. 220 East Superior street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED — HOUSEKEEPER; ONE willing to go out of city. For particulars call at George H. Crosby's office, Providence building.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE girl for a baby. Apply at 419 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL TO RECORD LISTS at Lutes' laundry.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT 222 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 1111 EAST First street.

WANTED—AT 13 WEST NINTH street, a competent girl for small family. Must be tidy. Good wages.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 326 East Second street.

WANTED—ON OR BEFORE JUNE 15, competent girl for general housework. Three in family; no washing or ironing. Good wages. Send address and particulars to Mrs. Z. Herald.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED! 500 MEN for Foley Bros.' big railroad contract in North Dakota—$2.00 per day. Ship Monday or Tuesday night.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.,
431 West Michigan St.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAN COOK to go out of the city. Call Mrs. DeGruchy, 17 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DRIVE baggage wagon. 212 West Superior street.

WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN OR WOman to qualify for permanent position of trust in home county, $900 yearly. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to O. L. N., general manager, Herald.

FOR SALE — EVENING HERALD route of 125 customers. P. F. Hample, Herald office, 4:30 p. m.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED — GOOD SOLICITOR AND salesman. Good salary. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED — FIRST CLASS WHITE washer. 209 West Third street.

WANTED—SHORT ORDER COOK, MAN or woman, night shift. J. S. Sutherland, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS JANITOR for Munger terrace. Apply R. M. Newport & Son, 302 Lonsdale building.

WANTED—ENGINEER FOR SMALL tug. Address Lock Box 232, Bayfield, Wis.

WANTED—MACHINISTS AT VIRGINIA Iron Works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS wants situation as manager of general store; ten years' experience; open for engagement June 15. Address B 42, Herald office.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WASHING, ironing or cleaning, by the day, or any other work. S 70, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—POSITION IN PRIVATE family, by competent young lady, to do plain sewing and embroidery. Call or address Miss M. J. F., 521 East Third street.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like a position as stenographer. Has had experience. B 67, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY. BEST references. If the people that call cannot see the lady who has advertised, please leave your address at the store and the lady will call on you. 413 East Fourth street.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WASHING OR cleaning by the day. Inquire at Bethel.

WANTED—BY A MAN WITH OVER eight years' experience; a situation as fireman; first-class reference. Address T 46, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS TUTOR IN private family; terms reasonable; good recommendations. Address B. H., Flat N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WANTS A POsition as companion to gentleman. No objection to traveling. Best references. Address "Burt," room 2, 16 East Superior street."

GOOD OFFICE MAN WANTS POSItion. Must have work at once. Will work cheap at first. Evarts, Flat N, Buffalo flats.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

MAGINNIS & SON,
Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE, GOOD REpair, 724 East Fifth street; $14 per month. Apply Pulford, How & Co., Room 100, Trust Company building.

FOR RENT — DURING SUMMER months, furnished house, eight rooms, centrally located. Address W., Herald.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE CENtrally located, modern; 4-room basement flat, $12 per month; 3-room flat, $10 per month. 205 Lyceum building.

TWO 8-ROOM HOUSES IN WOODLAND for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 203 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOM, WITH or without board. 809 East First street.

THREE ROOMS, CITY WATER, TENTH avenue east, $5.00 per month. Apply 129 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; FURnished or unfurnished, modern. 931 East Fifth street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM SUITAble for one or two gentlemen in house with all modern conveniences. Very central location. Apply 619 West Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnished or unfurnished. 125 West Second street.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 211 Second avenue west.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

BOARD AND ROOM FOR GENTLEmen. 118 East Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO GENtlemen, in private family. 130 Fourth avenue west.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE BOARDING house; central location; modern conveniences. 318 West Second street.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—1899 MODEL GENTS' BICYcle. Rode three weeks. 15 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—LADIES' BICYCLE, CHEAP 15 Second avenue west.

TWO CARLOADS WESTERN HORSES, Norman, Clyde and Shire bred, weighing from 1400 to 1500 pounds, will arrive at Downie's stock yards, about June 10. No broncos.

CARLOAD FRESH MILCH COWS FOR Sale for next three days, at less than cost in country. Want to close out before going West after horses, at Downie's stock yards.

J. H. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIable sale stable, will remove to their new location, the old Union rink, about June 10, where they will have the largest sale stable at the head of the lakes, and in addition will carry a full line of buggies, wagons, harnesses, carriages.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, GOOD BED ROOM furniture. 209 West Huron street.

Mules For Sale

200 head of young mules in prime condition, are for sale at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horsemarket, St. Paul, Minn. Consigners will close out at once at low prices.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive June 2. On sale by J. H. Markeson, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Raleigh street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—A 16-FOOT COUNTER. Grand Union Tea company, 7-9 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 3000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

U. S ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., June 2, 1900. Notice of public hearing. In pursuance of section 1, act of congress approved March 3, 1899, authorizing construction of bridge across Rainy river, in the state of Minnesota, by the Minnesota and Ontario Bridge company, a board of engineer officers, appointed by authority of the secretary of war will give a public hearing at 120 Guaranty building, Minneapolis, Minn., on June 13, 1900, at 11 a. m. All persons interested are invited to be present. Clinton B. Sears, major engineers, Senior member of the board.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 677. Prompt service.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU HAVE $10 TO INVEST, WILL guarantee good returns. Call at 3107 West First street, Duluth.

FREE FARMS.

160 acres of the choicest farming lands given away in Western Canada. Also a cheap rate for settlers. For information and settlers' rates apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 11, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 13, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Teabrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Bunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday evening, June 5, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, June 5, 8 p. m. Work, Initiatory degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DULUTH REAL estate. Pulford, How & Co., room 100 Trust company building.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv		1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive Duluth
†2 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
**11 15 pm	AND MINNEAPOLIS	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 45 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:45 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:50 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	.....FAST MAIL.....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

| | | | |
|---

Free to Children! With every purchase of $1 or over during our Anniversary Sale we will present free a child's parasol or a boy's knife.

Stack & Co.

Extra Special in Baby Ribbon. Between 9 and 11 o'clock—Silk Ribbon—yd.. **3½c**

A Multitude of People....

took bundles of goods away from here Saturday. The crowds were big—it was no wonder—merchandise of merit was marked low. It will be the same way tomorrow and every day this week. We are determined to make our—

Great Anniversary Sale

a memorable event. We have the goods and we have the nerve—or if you please, business sagacity—to undersell anything in the way of a Duluth merchant. Pin your faith on this store—it is the bargain leader of Duluth and will always remain so. Besides the regular advertised list of unmatchable bargains, we offer the following for tomorrow—

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Seamless Hose, worth 10c a pair. (Limit, 3 pairs to a customer.) Per pair..... **5c**

Wrappers, perfect fitting, well made, a lovely costume, would please you at $1; tomorrow, each... **50c**

2000 yards of Calico, worth 6½c per yard. (Limit, 10 yards to a customer.) For Tuesday, per yard..... **3c**

Fancy Striped Petticoats—the kind that others ask 75c for; our Tuesday sale price..... **37½c**

50 dozen Shirt Waists, worth 50c and 65c each, all sizes from 32 to 44, for tomorrow..... **33c**

20 pieces dimities, worth 12½ per yard, a bargain you don't always find at, per yard..... **5c**

Trade in the Morning and Avoid the Afternoon Crowds.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | Largest Dry Goods House at the Head of the Lakes. | Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We are Preparing for Our Half Yearly White Sale—Particulars in a few days.

TO SERVE YOU WELL satisfies us; to be well served satisfies you. Our mutual satisfaction creates that bond of good feeling between us that can only be severed when we cease to satisfy you. Our high position in Dry Goods selling has been obtained through your satisfaction and we mean to hold it. Today's Store news tells of many important reductions throughout the store.

Cotton Dress Stuffs—White and Colored.

But two other stores in this state (one in St. Paul and one in Minneapolis) carry so complete an assortment as does this one—we are speaking now of really choice Wash Fabrics,—goods that are pretty and stylish—and desirable—any store can offer Fabrics at 15c which THEY claim to be worth 25c to 30c but what are they? Usually a lot of undesirable patterns—which wholesale houses have put on their job lot tables—and cleaned up by stores here and there who make a specialty of that sort of wares—but you look to this store for choice stuffs—patterns that are select, that do not need "Bargain Tables" to pass them on to you. We are selling more Wash Goods by three times than we ever sold—you'll find the list below an index to the stock—most of the patterns here are exclusive.

Imported Oxfords, 40c, 50c, 65c.
Linen Ginghams, 50c
Scotch Ginghams, 25c.
French Dimity, 25c.
Empress Cords, 18c.
Cable Cords, 15c.
Corded Cannele Cloth, 15c.
Japanese Crinkle Cloth, 18c
Cotton Foulards, 40c and 55c.
Aberfoyle Oxfords, 25c.
Belvoir Cords, 20c.
Cotton Coverts, 20c.
Foulardines, 15c.
Galatea Cloth, 15c.
Domestic Dimity, 12c, 15cand 18c.
French Imported Berge, 75c.
French Corded Mousseline, 85c.
Silk Tissue, 60c.
Silk Stripe Crepe, 45c.

WHITE GOODS.

WHITE GOODS for June Brides and Maids—a collection of Fine Fabrics—not shown by any other house at the head of the lakes.

WHITE PERSIAN LAWNS—Sheer and pretty with a silky finish, 25c to 65c yard.
WASH CHIFFONS—Very transparent materials, 59c to $1.00 a yard.
FRENCH BATISTE—A very pretty and fine texture—48 inches wide elegant Wash Dress material, 50c, to $1.00 yard.
INDIA LINONS—In all the different qualities and widths, 10c to 50c yard.
PLAIN WHITE SWISS—A very complete assortment, 15c to 50c yard.
DOTTED SWISS—In the different qualities and dots, 15c to 65c yard.
WHITE INDIA MULLS—Very soft and silky finish, 30 to 36 inches wide, 25c to 45c yard.
TISSUE DE SOIE BRODEE—Rich and handsome Dress Stuff—Price 75c yard.
SATIN STRIPE DIMITIES—Neat and delicate stripes, 40c yard.
MULLE DE SOIE—Fine imported goods—very transparent—48 inches wide—$1.25 yard.

SHIRT WAISTS.

SHIRT WAISTS—the days of Shirt waists are at hand, and it rests with you as to how stylish you will appear in them. Safe choosing is at this store—for "Snap" and style must be in the garments here—or else some other store must sell them.—"Marquise," "Geisha," and Fisk, Clark & Flagg Waists set the styles—these are Favorites with correct dressers; we carry full lines in these makes in the New Materials, New Styles, New Colors, at smallest possible prices.

Fine Lawn Waists, trimmed with four rows of embroidered insertion, others with tucks in front and back, $1.00 each.
A very stylish waist of fine white lawn, front two rows of shirred insertion, with new French back—$1.25 each.
Percales, with laundered collar and cuffs, bias tucked front, six narrow tucks in back—69c a piece.
Striped Percale in pretty shades of lavender, pink and blue, full front—fine tucked back, stiff cuffs and new cut collar—$1.00 apiece.
Second floor.

June Reductions IN WOOL DRESS STUFFS....

All new fresh goods from our regular stock—at clean up prices. These on sale tomorrow—

Novelty Dress Patterns at greatly reduced prices

$25.00 Colored Crepon Stripes in blue brown and gray—$16.00
$20.00 Colored Grenadine effects in Pastel shades—$12.50.
$16.00 Fancy Silk and Wool Fancies—$9.00.
$12.00 Silk and Wool Corded effects $6.00.

Black Dress Goods at reduced prices.

BLACK CREPONS—$1.00 quality, in wool and mohair—69c.
BLACK CREPONS—$1.75 quality, extra heavy wool and mohair—$1.25.
BLACK CREPONS—$2.75 quality, mohair and silk stripes—$1.75.
BLACK FANCIES— 50c and 60c quality, wool and mohair figured fancies—39c.
BLACK CHEVIOTS—All wool, 44 inches wide, splendid value—50c.

Popular Priced Dress Goods at reduced prices.

50 pieces foreign and Domestic, plain and fancy Dress Goods, in a variety of styles; goods that sold at $1.25, $1.00 and 75c, will all be placed on one table, at, the yard—50c.
Stylish Suitings—Homespuns, Zibolines, Cheviots and Etamines, in the stylish grays and Khakis, sold for $1.25, at, the yard—$1.00.
Black Brilliantine—What makes a nicer skirt for hot, dusty summer weather than a Brilliantine or Mohair Sicilian? We show a full line of both the fine and coarse weaves, at prices ranging from, the yard—$2.00 to 35c.
Silk Striped French Challies—In the all wool imported kind—some 20 styles to choose from; former price $1.00 a yard; on sale next week at—the yard—75c.

Sale of Tailor-Made Suits and Jackets Continued.

Who's to blame if you fail to take advantage of this present opportunity in tailor-made Suit and Jacket buying? The best tailor-made garments that ever graced any cloak parlors at the Head of the Lakes are ready for you at these prices now. One hundred and eighty from our regular stock, and sixty-five model suits—two hundred and forty-five suits in all—were placed on sale Saturday—divided into two lots.

Children's Jackets at ⅓ off.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

$26, $24, $22, $20 Suits on sale at..... **$16.50**

$35, $32, $30 $28 Suits on sale at..... **$24.50**

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

Store Open Tonight Till 9:30.

Burrows' Furnishing Goods Dept.

Is the place to buy your furnishing goods. There only, the best class of goods are handled, understand, we dont't mean only the highest priced articles, for we carry a line which in completeness cannot be duplicated west of Chicago. For instance, we show underwear at 25c, also at $18.00 a garment, and all the grades between. Shirts at 25c and $6.00, with all the intermediate grades. This is not a store which caters for any particular class of trade, we provide for all. Wives and mothers when buying goods for your husbands and sons, keep in mind, that the place to buy Men's goods is from people who devote their entire time and energy in studying the wants of Men and providing for same with selections made with thorough knowledge of the practicability of each garment. This week we offer as leaders the following:—

Two Snaps in Underwear.

Snap 1—Natural colored Merino undershirts or drawers. About 60 per cent wool, medium weight, something that will not shrink. A good wearer, made in substantial manner and would appear cheap at 98c or some such odd figure. Our price only..... **75c**

Snap 2—Mercerized cotton undershirts or drawers—looks and feels like silk and wears better, lace stripe, bluish shade, a very desirable summer garment, same is marked $1.50 in the window of one of the overgrown country stores. All sizes, Our price tomorrow, only..... **$1.00**

200 dozen of the famous **Shaw Knit Hose**—conceded to be the best wearing sock made, seamless with double heels and toes, black, gray, brown and array of fancy colors. This is the sock you read so much about in the magazines. Price, a pair..... **25c**

This week we offer about 22 dozen colored stiff bosom shirts at 50c each. They are odd lots, some originally sold for $1.00, others at $1.50, sizes 14 to 17½. To clean up the lines we will sell them while they last at, each..... **50c**

125 Carola Silk Umbrellas, extra heavy steel rods, strong frames, Congo, Weichsal and Furze handles, case and tassels, 26 and 28 inch. Regular $2.00 value, this week only..... **$1.50**

New Styles in Ladies' Neckwear and Collars.

M. S. BURROWS.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

Senators Spar Over Pension Bills and a Few Are Passed.

ADDRESS BY TELLER

Talks on the Philippines Question and Is Generous With Criticism.

Washington, June 4.—The senate convened at 10 o'clock with no special order of business in view. Mr. Morgan reported from the committee on interoceanic canals a resolution declaring the Clayton-Bulwer treaty abrogated. He gave notice that he would call up the resolution tomorrow.

Mr. Allen asked that an hour be set aside today for the consideration of pension bills.

Mr. Pettigrew objected. He said there were many bills on the calendar which were more meritorious than the pension bills. The pension laws, he thought, were defective and unjust, and that special favors were being granted for political effect. Further, he declared, that more pension bills had been passed at this session than at any session for years.

Mr Gallinger, chairman of the committee on pensions, challenged Mr. Pettigrew's statement as to the number of pension bills passed.

It was then on motion of Mr Allen agreed that a recess should be taken this evening from 6 o'clock until 8.

Mr. Aldrich reported from the committee on finance, a bill to provide better facilities for the safe keeping of public money in the Philippines and in Cuba and Porto Rico. The bill provides for the deposit of money by the government in such banks as will deposit with the government as security United States bonds for the full amount of deposits. The bill was passed.

Several private measures were passed, including one to refund to Mathiass Pederson $300 which he had paid for a substitute in the army during the civil war. Pederson being an alien and not liable to military duty.

After many efforts had been made by senators to obtain consideration for various bills, all of which were blocked by objection, Mr. Teller addressed the senate on the Philippine question.

He referred to the speeches on the same subject, delivered by Mr. Beveridge, Mr. Lodge and Mr. Spooner, declaring they contained a strong political bias and an evident desire to banish the policy of the administration rather than to arrive at a just and righteous solution of the problem presented. He declared that the speeches of the senators referred to each had contained eulogistic references to the president of the United States, references which, he said, were sycophesantic in character. Some of the speeches of the representatives had been marred, in his opinion, by "attacks" upon the late "Democratic candidate for the presidency (Mr. Bryan)." It would be his effort not to make a political speech, "although," he added, "my remarks may be tinged with my opposition to the Republican party." He was one of those who believed that American sovereignty attached in the Philippines to the island of Luzon at least.

"By the laws of war," said he, "we occupied those islands. When we become masters of the island of Luzon we become practically masters of all the islands."

Further along, Mr. Teller said:

"I believe a Republic may have and may hold colonies, but those colonies must be founded on a participation in the government by the people of the colonies. I see no way to surrender the Philippine islands."

Nobody, so far as he knew, had advocated the abandonment of the Philippines.

As to the question relating to the Philippines, as it will be presented in the approaching campaign, Mr. Teller said:

"I don't know whether imperialism is to be an issue in the coming campaign or not. It will not be unless the Republican party shall make it an issue."

He referred to the speech of Mr. Hoar as showing infinitely more concern as to the fate of the Republican party at the elections next November than that justice and right should be meted out to the Filipinos. So it was, he declared, with Republicans everywhere. It was the most striking part of the senator's speech, he said, that he should have presented so strong an appeal to his party not to face defeat in the campaign by refusing to change its policy.

Entering upon a sharp and extended criticism of the government provided by congress for the people of Porto Rico Mr. Teller said it was a part of the imperialistic policy of the Republican party.

In conclusion, Mr. Teller said he would not support the Republican party in the approaching campaign.

"I did not support its financial policy, and I do not support the Philippine policy, as foreshadowed in the pending measure (the Spooner bill), and I do not want to give up the islands either. They should be a source of great advantage to us. They stand in the great pathway of the commerce of the world, and they can be made of immense value to this country."

At the conclusion of Mr. Teller's speech, Mr. Wolcott, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post roads, moved to recommit to the committee a bill for the classification of clerks in first and second class postoffices.

Mr. Wolcott said it had been stated that the first and second class postoffice clerks of the country had contributed an immense fund to be devoted to lobbying this bill through congress. They had been assessed $10 or more each to be deposit with the government as security United States bonds for the full amount of deposits. The bill was passed.

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moved the adoption of a resolution of inquiry offered last week, but which has not been reported back from the committee on invalid pensions. The resolution called upon the secretary of the interior for all reports relating to the dropping from the pension rolls of certain widows, and the reports and correspondence from Special Examiners W. M. Goodlove, W. S. Harris, A. W. Room and Gen. J. H. Stibbs, and each of them relative to said widows; also all letters and correspondence by said Stibbs and commissioner of pensions to and with said Stibbs, Harris, Room, Goodlove and each of them.

After a short but interesting debate, the chair held that the pending question was to discharge the committee from the consideration of the resolution and not the adoption of the resolution, and that the pending question was not debatable. This decision cut off debate and the question was put. The motion was lost 114 to 31. This left the resolution still in possession of the committee.

RENOVATING THE WARDROBE.

At this season of the year the wardrobe must be taken into account and the requirements for the fall, the winter and even the coming spring considered. If everything must be got new the expense is either very considerable, or one is limited to a couple of dresses. Fortunately, this is not often the case, and by careful management, with the prevailing modes of the day, the possibilities within the reach of a careful renovator are immense, says Ethel Mathews in the American Queen.

Most of us are prone to belief that the best that can be done with half-worn-out garments or with odd or left-over pieces of materials is to combine them for a house dress. This idea is altogether wrong. Morning gowns they may make, it is true, if a morning gown is the one most required, but good materials do not easily wear out, and may be used again and again with every appearance of newness. Cheap materially are practically useless from the beginning. If these things are worth saving at all they are worth being put to the best possible use; and if they can be utilized for a street dress, or even the small accessories that add so much to the simple gown, considerably more of a saving will have been gained, and the money thus saved may go to purchase things which it is quite out of the question to make.

Woolen garments wash quite as good as new when they are ripped apart. Chiffons, ribbons and laces, by careful treatment, may also be nicely renovated, and, indeed, before any of the set things are laid aside they should be fresh and clean.

When agarment requires a thorough overhauling it also requires to be made new as regards style. Skirt which fit or hang badly may be cut over and pieced out, either with the same material, if there is sufficient of it, and the piecing covered with graduated rows of soutache braid, or a pretty-braided design; or entirely different material may be used to lengthen the original skirt, and the same material used in the bodice for sleeves and trimming, or for the body alone, using sleeves of the original skirt material.

Thus, at a small outlay and with careful management, a number of good and desirable costumes may be acquired that will carry one nicely through the coming seasons.

The bright woman of today who is not indifferent to her appearance—and no bright woman ever is—especially she who is not blessed with a large income, selects from the array of fashion presented to her a style which suits her type; and to this style she clings and makes it her own. It is thus comparatively easy for her to appear well dressed on all occasions, for she purchases, or her own deft fingers turn out, only such accessories as will suit not one, but all her gowns alike.

GOLDEN TEMPER.

The art of being companionable is a secret worth finding out, even if it takes time and patience to learn it, says an exchange. Some people are born with the happy knack. There is a spontaneous gayety that you expect women to have, just as you expect the birds to sing and the sun to shine. Many a very bad quarter of an hour has been averted in the domestic circle by a bright laugh or a gay rejoinder. The laugh may be saucy and the rejoinder a bit of verbal buffet, but if it is only done good-naturedly it will be all the more effective.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 4.—All the scenes about the house today presaged the near approach of final adjournment. The leaders in charge of the appropriation bills were all conspicuously in evidence, the galleries and corridors were thronged with advocates of belated bills, the engrossing clerks were hustling about and the speaker was constantly besieged by members with private bills which they desired to get through.

Mr. Miers, as a matter of privilege,

VISITORS POUR IN

Delegates to the Women's Clubs Federation Flocking Into Milwaukee.

HUBBIES ARE ALONG

Their Numbers Foreshadow Clubs of Mixed Memberships.

Milwaukee, June 4.—Since early morning every incoming train has deposited hundreds of blue-bebadged club women from the four points of the compass. It is estimated that by noon there will be 2000 visitors in the city, while the other big delegations will continue to come up to Tuesday noon.

The Milwaukee men have put up in front of the city hall this electric greeting:

"G. F. W. C. 1900. Welcome."

The presence of so many federation husbands is prophetic of clubs with mixed memberships.

Club women continue to come by the hundred on every train. They are escorted directly to credential headquarters where they are decorated with their badges of delegates, alternates or speakers.

The New York delegation, after a caucus on the train, decided to support Mrs. Lowe for president, and in the event of positive declination they are solid for Mrs. Wm. Tod Helmuth, of New York. This delegation was somewhat perturbed that their trunks did not arrive in time for the first business meeting of the morning.

Several hundred Illinois women came in with no particular bee in their bonnet, but many announced they were opposed to reorganization, which is also the attitude of the New York women.

Delegations from Iowa, Colorado, Massachutts, California, Kentucky and many other states are here, and the convention promises to make a new record in numbers and enthusiasm.

As expected, the Indiana contingent presented their controversy to the board. They say out of the thirteen clubs in Indiana in the general federation only five are in the state federation. The other eight insist on recognition. The matter has not been decided.

Following the board meeting in Mrs. Lowes' apartments otherwise devoted to routine business, there was a meeting of the council in the Athenaeum. Two topics for discussion were "Cooperation between Club Women and Wage Earning Women" and "Reorganization."

As to reorganization, no action was taken, but the discussion covered the many diametric views on the all important issue.

In the afternoon there was a meeting at the Athenaeum, presided over by Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker, of Denver. The reports from state presidents and state chairman of correspondence showed a total membership of individual clubs in the general federation as 658, with a membership of 59,445, while the number of clubs in the state federations of 2734, with membership of 165,839. The reports were also devoted to the work in which these states are devoted, as art, education and domestic science.

This meeting was followed by a reception tendered by the Wisconsin federation to the visitors.

BLUE ROOMS.

A blue and green room looks best with green stained furniture, and is more appropriate for a library or bedroom, but as this furniture is found sometimes in dining rooms and halls it may be used there also. For a hall blue "Delamere" paper lends itself well to a blue and green scheme, but the green must be carefully chosen, as far as curtains are concerned, says an exchange.

An artistic though inexpensive dining room for a small house can be well carried out in blue and green, as there will be but little space, the walls may be painted in pale blue, and the woodwork should be in a deeper shade. A square of blue carpet should cover the floor, and the window curtains should be a bright shade of green. A nice suit of green-stained and rush-seated furniture, consisting of sideboard, table, two armchairs and four small chairs, can be bought at a moderate price, and these, with some blue and white ornaments, will look effective.

EASY TO FLOAT.

Anatomical experiments have shown that the weight of the body is about equal to the same bulk of seawater, so that persons falling overboard who cannot swim, if they do not attempt to keep more than their mouth out of water, can sustain themselves for a considerable length of time. Most persons who fall into the water lose their presence of mind, and either draw their hands up or wildly dash them through the air and water. Of course, the instant the weight of the arms is added to the weight of the head above the water the body sinks, and a few repetitions of this ends in "another accidental drowning." The same struggles with the hands and feet under the water would have preserved life. What all persons should impress upon their minds is this: That in case they should fall overboard they must retain control of their sengs, the hands and arms must be kept under water, and the feet and hands kept in motion to sustain the head out of water. So long as the mouth and nostrils do not get submerged there is no danger.

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